

Agency

CANADIAN FILM OR VIDEO PRODUCTION TAX CREDIT (2010 and later tax years)

Name of corporation	Business number		١	- 'ear	Tax y	ear-end Month	1	Day
		L						

 Use this form to claim a tax credit for qualified labour expenditures of a qualified corporation. The corporation must have incurred the expenditures for a production that the Minister of Canadian Heritage certified as a Canadian film or video production.

Do not use this	area
Code number	047

- To claim this credit, include the following with your T2 Corporation Income Tax Return for the tax year:
- Canadian film or video production certificate "A" (or a copy) issued by the Canadian Audio-Visual Certification Office (CAVCO);
- if applicable, the certificate of completion "B" (or a copy) issued by CAVCO and a copy of the audited statement of production costs and accompanying _ notes provided to CAVCO; and
- a completed copy of this form for each film or video production. We consider each episode in a series to be a production. However, we will accept one form for episodes in a series that are certified Canadian film or video productions.
- For information on claiming this tax credit, go to www.cra.gc.ca/filmservices or refer to Guide RC4164, Claiming a Canadian Film or Video Production Tax Credit – Guide to Form T1131.

Part 1 – Contact Information (please print) – Name of person to contact for more information 153 Telephone number including area code 151

Part 2 – Identifying the Canadian film or video production

	, ,		
301	Title of production	302	Date principal photography began Year Month Day
303	CAVCO reference number	304	CAVCO certificate number
	(for a certificate issued before April 1, 2010)		
	For a series of episodes, enter range of CAVCO certificate numbers	305	306
	(that start with A or B) that were issued before April 1, 2010		
	Is the production a Canadian co-production involving only qualified cor		
3.	Is the production co-owned by a prescribed person?		313 1 Yes 2 No

Part 3 – Eligibility –

1.	Were the activities of the corporation primarily the carrying on of a Canadian film or video production business through a permanent establishment in Canada?	1 Yes		2 No		
2.	Was all or part of the corporation's taxable income exempt from Part I tax at any time in the tax year?	1 Yes		2 No		
3.	Was the corporation at any time in the tax year controlled directly or indirectly in any way by one or more persons, all or part of whose taxable income was exempt from Part I tax?	1 Yes		2 No		
4.	Was the corporation at any time in the tax year a prescribed labour-sponsored venture capital corporation?	1 Yes		2 No		
5.	Is the production, or an interest in a person or partnership that directly or indirectly has an interest in the production, a tax shelter investment for purposes of section 143.2?	1 Yes		2 No		
If you answered no to question 1 or ves to any other question, you are not eligible for the Canadian film or video production tax, credit						

Code 1001

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Part 4 – Production commencement time

The production commencement time, as defined in subsection 125.4(1) of the Income Tax Act, is the earliest of these days and the section 125.4(1) of t	ates:						
[Year	Month	Day				
a) the date principal photography began; and							
b) the latest of:	Year	Month	Day				
i) the date the first script labour expenses were incurred;							
	Year	Month	Day				
ii) the date the production rights were acquired; and							
	Year	Month	Day				
iii) two years before the date principal photography began							
— Part 5 – Production cost limit							
Over the two events of the sector of the two events	401		А				
Cumulative production cost as at the end of the tax year	421						
Deduct:							
Deduct:							
	423		В				
Deduct: Government or non-government assistance that the corporation has not repaid	423		В				
Deduct: Government or non-government assistance that the corporation has not repaid	423		В С				
Deduct: Government or non-government assistance that the corporation has not repaid Subtotal (amount A minus and Amount C	423		В С				

— Part 6 – Qualified labour expenditure —		_		
Labour expenditure for the tax year is the total of:				
Salary or wages paid that are directly attributable to the production	a			
Remuneration directly attributable to the production paid to:				
 individuals	b c d e			
Labour expenditure transferred under a reimbursement agreement by the corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary, to the parent corporation that is a taxable Canadian corporation 609	f			
Labour expenditure for the tax year (total of amounts a to f)	• G			
Labour expenditures for all previous tax years	<mark>611</mark> H			
Total labour expenditures (amount G plus amount H)				
Deduct:				
Labour expenditure transferred under a reimbursement agreement by the	g			
wholly owned subsidiary	h			
Subtotal (amount g plus amount h)	Þ			
Labour expenditure for the tax year (amount I minus amount J)	618 К			
Qualified labour expenditure (the lesser of amount F in Part 5 and amount K)				

Part 7 – Canadian film or video production tax credit

Enter amount M on line 796 of your *T2 Corporation Income Tax Return*. If you are filing more than one Form T1131, add amount M from all the forms and enter the total on line 796 of your *T2 Corporation Income Tax Return*.