



About Science Prof Online PowerPoint Resources

- Science Prof Online (SPO) is a free science education website that provides fully-developed Virtual Science Classrooms, science-related PowerPoints, articles and images. The site is designed to be a helpful resource for students, educators, and anyone interested in learning about science.
- The SPO Virtual Classrooms offer many educational resources, including practice test questions, review questions, lecture PowerPoints, video tutorials, sample assignments and course syllabi. New materials are continually being developed, so check back frequently, or follow us on Facebook (Science Prof Online) or Twitter (ScienceProfSPO) for updates.
- Many SPO PowerPoints are available in a variety of formats, such as fully editable PowerPoint files, as well as uneditable versions in smaller file sizes, such as PowerPoint Shows and Portable Document Format (.pdf), for ease of printing.
- Images used on this resource, and on the SPO website are, wherever possible, credited and linked to their source. Any words underlined and appearing in blue are links that can be clicked on for more information. PowerPoints must be viewed in *slide show mode* to use the hyperlinks directly.
- Several helpful links to fun and interactive learning tools are included throughout the PPT and on the Smart Links slide, near the end of each presentation. You must be in *slide show mode* to utilize hyperlinks and animations.
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Scientific Method



What is science



Science is a **tool** for answering questions.

What is Science?

True or *False*

**Here are a few statements
to test your current
understanding of science!**

(You are thinking ... Wow! This instructor is HARSH! A test the first time we meet.)



Science can prove anything, solve any problem or answer any question.

True or **False**?

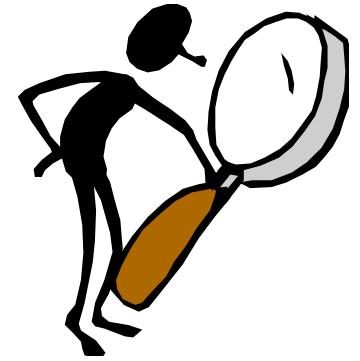
False

Science actually attempts to **disprove** ideas (hypotheses).

Science is limited strictly to solving problems about the physical and natural world.

Explanations based on supernatural forces, values or ethics can never be disproved and thus do not fall under the realm of science.

Any study done carefully and based on observation is scientific.



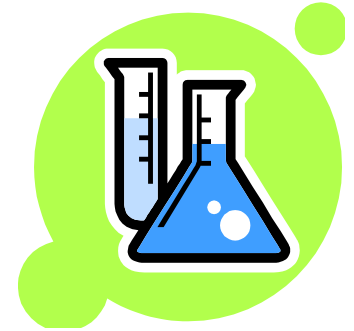
False

- Science must follow certain rules.
- The rules of science make the scientific process as objective as is possible.

Objective = Not influenced by feelings, interests and prejudices; UNBIASED

vs.

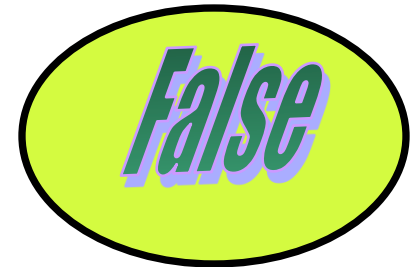
Subjective = Influenced by feelings, interests and prejudices; BIASED



Science can be done poorly.

True

Different scientists may get different solutions to the same problem.



True

The Controversy Over Spontaneous Generation

John Needham & Lazzaro Spallanzani

The Question:

What causes tiny living things to appear in decaying broth?

Needham's Hypothesis: Spontaneous generation.

Spallanzani's Hypothesis: Microbes come from the air. Boiling will kill them.



French chemist Louis Pasteur's design of

this experiment settled the argument.

[Click here](#) for an animation and quiz.

Needham >



Spallanzani >



What is good science?

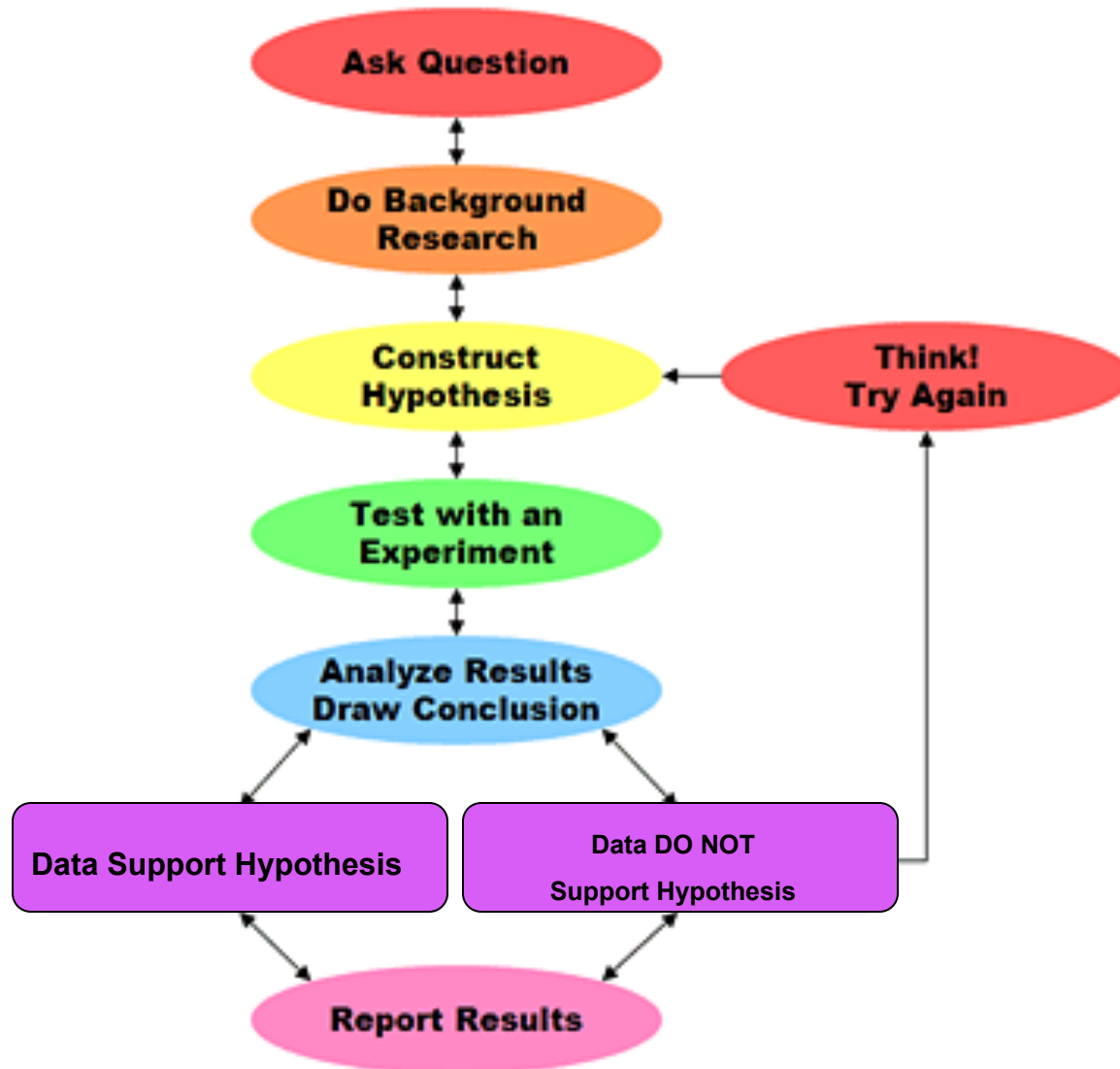
Objectivity is the key to good science.

To be objective, experiments must be designed and conducted in a way that does not introduce bias into the study.

Scientists use the
Scientific Method



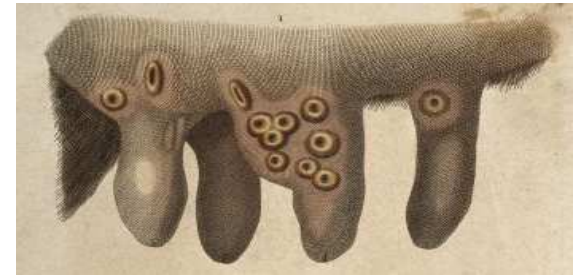
Scientific Method



The Beginnings of Immunology

Edward Jenner and the first vaccine

cowpox: Infectious disease that causes mild discomfort, aching, a few pustules, some swelling... symptoms that disappeared in a few days. No biggie.



smallpox: Infectious disease that causes massive disfigurement, sometimes blindness, and often death.

- ❖ Caused two airborne virus variants, *Variola major* and *Variola minor*.
- ❖ Approx 500 million deaths worldwide in the 20th century. And millions more throughout previous history.
- ❖ Eradicated in 1979 though widespread vaccination.



The Beginnings of Immunology

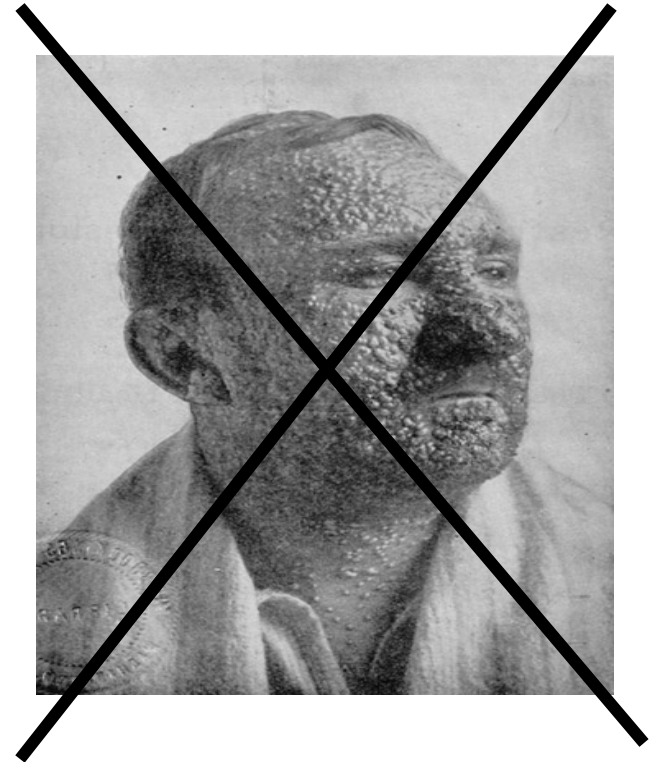
Edward Jenner and the first vaccine



Dr. Edward Jenner was aware that farm workers believed that if they ever contracted **cowpox**, they then wouldn't get **smallpox**.



=



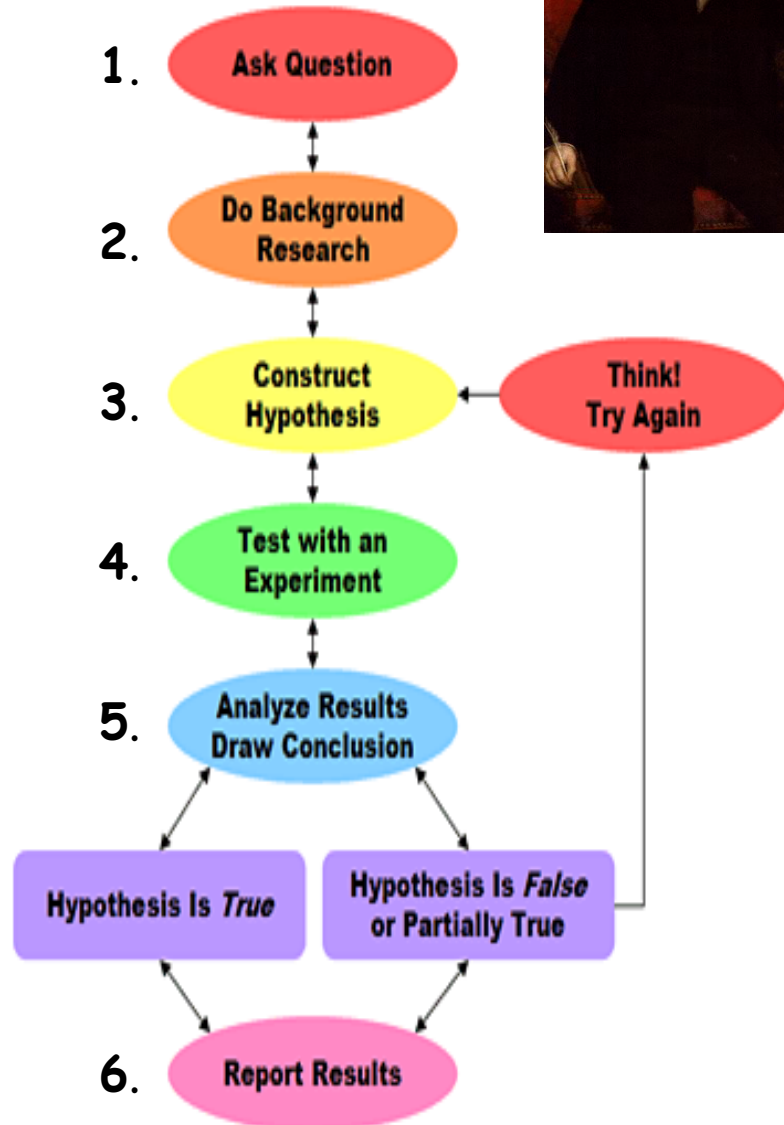
Images: [Dr. Edward Jenner](#) by James Northcote [Cowpox on Udder](#) Wiki; [Man with smallpox](#), 1912, Illinois Department of Health

The Beginnings of Immunology

Edward Jenner and the first vaccine

Match each statement with its corresponding step number in the Scientific Method.

- _____ Jenner made small incisions or punctures with cowpox material in arms of human subjects in order to prevent smallpox.
- _____ If I infect someone with cowpox, they will then be immune to smallpox.
- _____ At first his peers doubted the safety and efficacy of his treatment, but eventually the value of the cowpox inoculum was recognized.
- _____ He saw that the people that he infected with cow pox, when later exposed to smallpox, would get a little bit sick, but never come down with a full-blown case of smallpox.
- _____ Dr. Jenner was aware that farm workers believed that if you had ever contracted cowpox, you wouldn't get smallpox.
- _____ Does having cowpox make a person immune to smallpox?



Everyday Science

To test a hypothesis, scientists do **Controlled Studies**.

Important terms:

- experimental group
- control group
- dependent variable
- independent variable
- double blind



Miracle-Gro[®] Potting Mix claims to make plants grow twice as big. How could I design an experiment to test this?

Verification is another quality control measure to eliminate bias.

Results are verified by independent duplication and publication in a peer-reviewed journal.

Independent duplication = Two or more scientists from different institutions investigate the same question separately and get similar results.

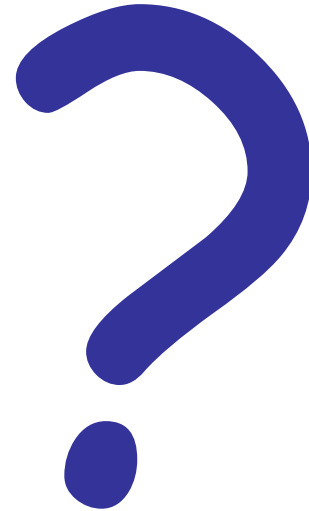
Peer-reviewed Journal = A journal that publishes articles only after they have been checked for quality by several expert, objective scientists from different institutions.



So that's Science...

Now, what's the difference
between:

1. Science
2. Non-science
3. Pseudoscience



Non-science = Outside the Domain of Science

Non-science is important in human thinking and experience.

- Values
- Religious beliefs
- Art
- Creativity & Intuition



Subjects of non-science are usually easily separated from science.

Pseudoscience

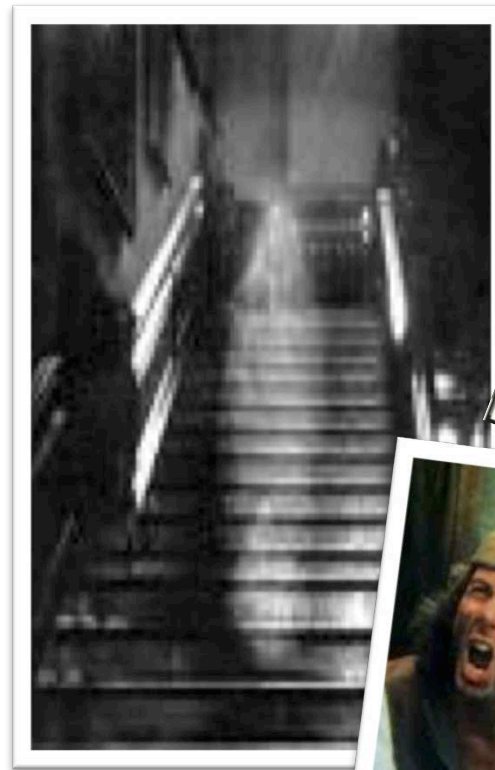
*When Non-science
Claims to Be Science*

- Claims that can be tested scientifically, but are not.
- Try to pose as science.

Religious "science": constantly upholds hypotheses instead of trying to falsify them.

Unidentified flying objects: none of the UFO "sightings" stand to careful scrutiny

Hauntings: none of the ghost "sightings" stand to careful scrutiny



Watch This!
Monty Python film clip
"[She's a Witch!](#)"
from the movie
The Holy Grail.

Q: Does this video depict science, non-science or pseudoscience?

In today's class you will ...

- sign in to mark your attendance today.
- complete the "What Is Science?" worksheet.
- review the metric system (PowerPoint and tutorial handouts Part 1 & Part 2).
- complete Lab Exercise #2 on Measuring Devices and the Metric System.
- Turn in completed Lab Exercise #2 and "What Is Science" worksheet.

Confused?

Here are some links to fun resources that further explain the Scientific Method:

- [Scientific Method Main Page](#) from the Virtual Cell Biology Classroom at [Science Prof Online](#).
- ["Science Is Real"](#) music video by They Might Be Giants.
- [Scientific Method Cartoon & Quizzes](#) from BrainPop.
- ["Put It To The Test"](#) music video by They Might Be Giants.
- [Scene from Monty Python's Holy Grail](#) used to explain Scientific Method.
- [Pasteur's Experiment](#) interactive science tutorial.
- ["She Blinded Me With Science"](#) music video Thomas Dolby.

(You must be in PPT slideshow view to click on links.)

Smart Links

