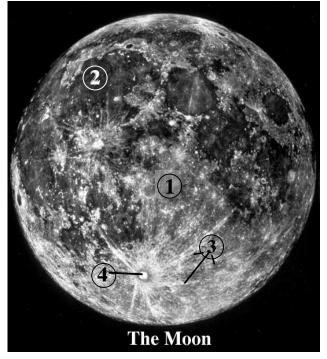
Name	Date	Period

Chapter 1 Practice Quiz: Earth, Sun, and Seasons – Part 3

Corrected Moon Picture for Practice Quiz Part 1 – The picture on Part 1 had the numbers and descriptions mismatched for 1 and 2. They are properly matched below.

III. Moon Features. Look at the features numbered on the moon image. The numbers label the following features: a <u>mare</u> (singular for maria), a <u>highland</u> region, a <u>crater</u>, and <u>rays</u>. Identify each number then define each feature in the space provided.



1. (Light area)		
2. (Dark area)	 	
3. (Streaks)	 	
4. (Circular feature)		

Scale – Use the following number bank to choose numbers that best fill in the blanks for the ratios of diameters, volumes, distances of the Moon, Earth, and Sun. Use the closest number from the choices. None of the choices is perfect. If you know a more exact number, use that.

Number Bank:	1	2	4	5	10	20	30	50	100	1000	
1. Diameter of the Earth to the diameter of Moon = to 1											
2. Volume of the Earth to the volume of Moon = to 1											
3. Distance from Earth to Moon in number Earth diameters =											
4. Diameter of the Sun to the diameter of Earth = to 1											
5. Distance from Earth to Sun in number Sun diameters =											

Seasons – Be able to describe what causes seasons and what causes summer to be warmer than winter. Sketches would also help. Include the following in your description:

Shape of EarthTilt (of what?)Revolution (of what?)

Angle (of what?)Intensity (of what?)Hours (of what?)

Include how each is important and how they relate to each other. Be specific.

The spherical shape of Earth, the tilt of Earth's axis, and Earth's revolution around the Sun all cause the angle and intensity of light and the hours of daylight to be lower in winter than summer.