

DRAFT ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes 2011 Inspection Checklists

To gualify as ENERGY STAR, a home must meet the requirements of the six attached checklists:

- Thermal Bypass Inspection Checklist
- Quality Framing Checklist
- HVAC Quality Installation Contractor Checklist
- HVAC Quality Installation Rater Checklist
- Indoor Air Quality Checklist
- Water-Managed Construction Checklist

A home must also meet the other requirements of either the performance or the prescriptive path, meet the mandatory requirements for all qualified homes, be verified and field-tested in accordance with HERS Standards by a Rater¹, and meet all applicable codes. State, local, and regional code requirements that are more rigorous than those specified should always take precedence. In addition, state, local, and regional code requirements; engineering calculations; manufacturers' installation instructions; and regional ENERGY STAR program requirements that conflict with the scopes of work specified supersede the items in these checklists.

Raters are expected to use their experience and discretion in verifying that each checklist item is installed per the inspection guidelines (i.e., identifying minor defects that the Rater deems acceptable versus identifying major defects that undermine the intent of the checklist item).

Alternative methods of meeting the checklist requirements may be used if the Provider deems them to be equivalent to or more stringent than the checklist guidelines. The column titled "N/A," which denotes items that are "not applicable," should be used when the checklist item is not present in the home or when code, engineering, manufacturer, or regional program requirements take precedence.

In the event that an item on the checklist cannot be inspected by the Rater, the home cannot be qualified as ENERGY STAR. The only exceptions to this rule are in the Thermal Bypass Inspection and Water-Managed Construction Checklists, where the builder may assume responsibility for verifying that a small subset of items have met the requirements of those checklists. This option is only at the discretion of the Rater, and may not be used to verify more than the permissible number of items specified in each checklist (i.e., four for the Thermal Bypass Inspection Checklist and three for the Water-Managed Construction Checklist). When exercised, the builder's responsibility will be formally acknowledged by the builder signing off on the checklist for the item(s) that they verified.

The checklists may be completed for a batch of homes using a RESNET-approved sampling protocol to qualify homes as ENERGY STAR. For example, if the approved sampling protocol requires rating one in seven homes, then all of the checklists must be completed for the one required rating.

In the event that a Rater finds an item that is inconsistent with the checklist guidelines, the home cannot be qualified as ENERGY STAR until the item is corrected. If correction of the item is not possible, the home cannot earn the ENERGY STAR.

The Rater is required to keep hard copies of the completed and signed checklists. The builder's signature is also required if the builder verified compliance with any item on the two applicable checklists. The signature of the HVAC technician is required if any of the HVAC equipment specified on the HVAC Quality Installation Contractor Checklist is installed in the home.

Rater Name:	
Rater Company Name:	
Builder Company Name:	
HVAC Company Name:	



ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes 2011 Inspection Checklist Notes

1. The term "Rater" refers to the person completing the third-party inspections required for qualification. Depending on the compliance path selected, this party may be a certified Home Energy Rater, BOP Inspector, or an equivalent designation as determined by a Verification Oversight Organization such as RESNET.





ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes 2011 Thermal Bypass Inspection Checklist

Home Address: City:		Stat	ie:					
Th	ermal Bypass	Inspection Guidelines ¹	Must Correct	Builder Approved ²	Rater Approved	N/A		
1.	Overall Air Barrier and	Insulation installed in full contact with sealed interior and exterior air barrier except for alternate to interior air barrier under item 2, Walls Adjoining Exterior Walls or Unconditioned Spaces						
	Thermal Barrier	All Climate Zones						
	Alignment	1.1 Overall alignment of insulation throughout home						
	J	1.2 Grade I insulation installation						
		1.3 Garage band joist air barrier in place ³						
		1.4 Attic eave baffles in place where vents/leakage exist ⁴						
		Climate Zones 4 and Higher						
		1.4 Slab edge insulation properly installed						
		Best Practices Encouraged, but Not Required						
		1.5 Air barrier in place at all band joists ⁵						
2.	Walls Adjoining Exterior Walls or Unconditioned	 Fully insulated wall aligned with air barrier at both interior and execution. Alternate for Climate Zones 1 through 3, sealed exterior air barrier Grade I insulation. Continuous top and bottom plates in place or sealed blocking us 2.1 Walls insulated behind showers and tubs. 	ier aligned v	with fully supp	orted RESNE	Т		
	Spaces	2.2 Walls insulated behind fireplaces						
		2.3 Attic slopes and walls insulated						
		2.4 Attic knee walls insulated						
		2.5 Skylight shaft walls insulated						
		2.6 Wall adjoining porch roof insulated						
		2.7 Staircase walls insulated						
		2.8 Double walls insulated						
3.	Floors Between Conditioned and Exterior Spaces	 Air barrier installed at any exposed fibrous insulation edges Insulation installed to maintain permanent contact with sub-floor Blanket insulation verified to have no gaps, voids, or compressic Blown-in insulation verified to have proper density with firm pack 3.1 Floor insulated above garage 	on	uding necess	ary supports ⁶			
		3.2 Cantilevered floors insulated						
4.	Shafts	Openings to unconditioned space fully sealed with solid blocking o with caulk or foam (fire-rated collars and caulking installed where re-	r flashing ar					
		4.1 Duct shafts sealed						
		4.2 Piping shafts and penetrations sealed						
		4.3 Flue shafts sealed						
5.	Attic / Ceiling Interface	 All surfaces and dropped ceilings include a full interior-side air b All penetrations and gaps fully sealed with caulk, foam, or tape a 			red			
		5.1 Sheetrock to top plate at all attic/wall interfaces fully sealed						
		5.2 Attic access panels and drop down stairs sealed ⁷						
		5.3 Dropped ceilings and soffits sealed						
		5.4 Airtight recessed lighting fixtures installed ⁸						
		5.5 Whole-house fans have insulated cover gasketed to opening						
6. Common Walls		Gap between drywall shaft wall (i.e., common wall) and the structu exterior boundary conditions	ral framing	between units	s fully sealed a	at all		
	Between Dwelling Units	6.1 Common wall between dwelling units sealed						
Rat	er Name:	Rater Inspection Date			Initials:			
Buil	lder Employee: _	Builder Inspection Dat	Builder Inspection Date: Builder Initials:					



ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes 2011 Thermal Bypass Inspection Notes

- For purposes of this checklist, an air barrier is defined as any solid material that blocks air flow between conditioned space and unconditioned space, including necessary sealing to block excessive air flow at edges and seams.
 Additional information on proper air sealing of thermal bypasses can be found on the Building America Web site (www.eere.energy.gov/buildings/building america) and in the EEBA Builder's Guides (www.eeba.org). These references include guidance on identifying and sealing air barriers as well as details on many of the items included in the checklist.
- 2. At the discretion of the Rater, the builder may verify no more than four items specified in this checklist. When exercised, the builder's responsibility will be formally acknowledged by the builder signing off on the checklist for the item(s) that they verified.
- 3. Air barriers shall be installed at bays adjoining conditioned space.
- 4. Wind baffles shall be installed in every bay at eaves for attics with ceiling insulation.
- 5. An air barrier at all band joists is recommended but not required in Climate Zones 4 and higher.
- 6. Examples of necessary supports include staves for batt insulation or netting for blown-in insulation.
- 7. Attic access panels and attic drop-down stairs must be fully gasketed and insulated.
- 8. Recessed lighting fixtures must be ICAT labeled and sealed to the drywall.





ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes 2011 Quality Framing Checklist & Notes

Home Address: City:		State:			
	Inspection Guidelines	Must Correct	Rater Approved	N/A	
1. Attic	1.1 Raised-heel truss installed in the attic ¹				
Framing	1.2 Raised platform installed for HVAC air handler ²				
2. Exterior	2.1 Optimum Value Engineered (OVE) framing including all of the below:				
Above-	2.1.1 All corners insulated to edge ³ , AND ;				
Grade Walls	2.1.2 All headers above windows & doors insulated ⁴ , AND ;				
vvalio	2.1.3 Framing limited at all windows & doors ⁵ , AND ;				
	2.1.4 All interior / exterior wall intersections insulated ⁶ , AND ;				
	2.1.5 Unnecessary studs have been eliminated ⁷ , OR ;				
	2.2 Continuous insulated sheathing, OR;				
	2.3 Structural Insulated Panels (SIPs), OR ;				
	2.4 Insulated Concrete Forms (ICFs), OR ;				
	2.5 Double wall framing ⁸				
Rater Name:	Rater Name:Rater Inspection Date:Rater Initials:				

- 1. Raised-heel trusses shall elevate the roof adequately for full-depth attic insulation at the attic perimeter. Alternatively, construct a conditioned attic.
- 2. HVAC air handler platform in unconditioned attics shall be framed to allow full-depth insulation below.
- All exterior corners shall have insulation extend to exterior wall sheathing using either "California Corners" (i.e., two studs in 'L' configuration with furring or drywall clips as needed to support drywall) or equivalent alternative framing technique.
- 4. Minimum R-5 insulated headers shall be provided with prefabricated insulated headers, two-ply headers with insulation between, single-ply headers insulated on one side, or equivalent assembly.
- 5. Framing at windows shall be limited to a maximum of two king/jack studs to support the header and window sill and the use of additional jack studs only as needed for structural support.
- 6. Insulation shall run continuously behind interior/exterior wall intersections using ladder blocking, full length 2"x6" or 1"x6" furring behind the first partition stud, drywall clips, or other equivalent alternative.
- 7. Continuous vertical framing member extending from the bottom plate to the top plate shall *not* be adjacent to any other such framing member unless specified in <u>structural engineered framing layout</u>. In addition, spacing of framing shall conform to specifications on construction documents except for variations needed to accommodate apertures and plan dimensions.
- 8. Double walls shall include two independently framed walls with all framing offset and continuous insulation except at windows, doors and other penetrations.



ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes 2011 Inspection Checklists

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ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes 2011 HVAC Quality Installation Contractor Checklist^{1,2}

Home Address:	City:			State:
Equipment Specific	cation, Design, and Documentation			
1. Equipment	1.1 Condenser mfr., model, & serial #:			
	1.2 Evaporator mfr., model, & serial #:			
	1.3 ARI reference number:			
2. Design	2.1 Heat gain calculation method compliant with Manual J or equivalent, using the following assumptions? ¹			Yes / No
	2.1.1 Outdoor design temperature: a) 99.0% design as published in ASHRAE Handbook of Fulb) Based on prevailing local practice reflecting documented	Yes / No Yes / No		
	2.1.2 Indoor setpoint set at 75°F	Yes / No		
	2.1.3 Infiltration rate set at 'Tight'			Yes / No
	2.2 Duct design method compliant with Manual D or equivalent? ³			Yes / No
	2.3 Equipment specification method compliant with Manual S or ed			Yes / No
	2.4 Terminal design method compliant with Manual T or equivalen	t? ³		Yes / No
	2.5 In warm, humid counties in Climate Zones 1 - 3, equipment's s <a> 0.70 or stand-alone ENERGY STAR qualified dehumidifier i		it ratio	Yes / No / N/A
	2.6 Corrosion-resistant drain pan, properly sloped to drainage sys	stem ⁵		Yes / No
3. Documentation	3.1 ARI certificate attached?			Yes / No
Field Verification		Design Value	Field Value	Variance In Values
4. Equipment	4.1 Latent heat gain (Btu/h): ⁶			
Capacity	4.2 Sensible heat gain (Btu/h): ⁶			
	4.3 Total heat gain (Btu/h): ⁶			
5. Air Flow	5.1 Airflow at evaporator (CFM): ^{6,7}			
	5.2 Duct static pressure – supply (WC): ⁶			
	5.3 Duct static pressure – return (WC): ⁶			
	5.4 Fan motor type (fixed speed, variable speed):			N/A
	5.5 Fan speed setting (CFM): ⁶			
6. Refrigerant	6.1 Refrigerant type (R-22, R-410a):			N/A
Charge 8	6.2 Metering device (TXV, fixed orifice):			N/A
	6.3 Return air temp. (°F dry bulb / °F wet bulb):9	N/A		N/A
	6.4 Supply air temp. (°F dry bulb / °F wet bulb):9	N/A		N/A
	6.5 Outdoor ambient air temp. at condenser (°F dry bulb):	N/A		N/A
	6.6 Liquid line temperature & pressure (°F / psi):	N/A		N/A
	6.7 Suction line temperature & pressure (°F / psi):	N/A		N/A
	6.8 Condensing temperature (°F): ¹⁰	N/A		N/A
	6.9 Evaporating temperature (°F): ¹¹	N/A		N/A
	6.10 For non-Lennox TXV devices:			
	Subcooling temp. (condensing temp – liquid line temp.) ¹² 6.11 For Lennox TXV devices:			
	Approach temp. (liquid line temp.– outdoor ambient temp.) ¹³			
	6.12 For fixed orifice devices: Superheat temp. (suction line temp. – evaporating temp.) 14			
Technician Name:	Equipment Installa	ation Date:		
	e:Company Name:			_



ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes 2011 HVAC Quality Installation Contractor Notes

- 1. This checklist applies to split air conditioners, unitary air conditioners, and air-source/water-source heat pumps up to 65,000 Btu/h. All other equipment is exempt.
- 2. This checklist shall be provided by the Rater to the HVAC contractor who shall complete one checklist for each system. Upon completion, the HVAC contractor shall return the checklist(s) to the Rater for review.
- 3. Cooling loads shall be calculated, equipment capacity shall be selected, and duct systems shall be sized according to the latest editions of ACCA Manuals J, S, D, & T, respectively, ASHRAE 2005 Handbook of Fundamentals, or an equivalent procedure. Maximum oversizing limit for air conditioners and air-source and ground-source heat pumps is 15% with the exceptions that single-speed air-source and ground-source heat pumps in buildings with heating loads that exceed cooling loads have a limit of 25%; and multi-stage heat pumps do not have a strict limit, but should be sized to allow adequate humidity control in the cooling mode. The following operating conditions must be used in the sizing calculations:

<u>Outdoor temperatures</u> must be the 99.0% design temperatures as published in the ASHRAE Handbook of Fundamentals for the home's location or most representative city for which design temperature data are available. Note that a higher outdoor air design temperature may be used if it represents prevailing local practice by the HVAC industry and reflects extreme climate conditions that can be documented with recorded weather data;

Indoor temperatures must be 75°F for cooling, and;

Infiltration rate must be selected as "tight", or the equivalent term.

In specifying equipment, the next available size may be used. In addition, indoor and outdoor coils must be matched in accordance with ARI standards.

- 4. Equipment shall have a sensible heat ratio ≤ 0.70 or an ENERGY STAR qualified stand-alone dehumidifier must be installed in home. This requirement applies only to homes that are located in both Climate Zones 1, 2 or 3 and in Warm, Humid counties as identified by Tables N1101.2 and N1101.2.1 of the 2004 Supplement to the IRC, respectively.
- 5. Corrosion-resistant materials include stainless steel and plastic. Drain pan shall drain condensate line to drainage system, rather than just depositing underneath foundation.
- 6. Measured field value shall be within 5% of design value.
- 7. Measured air volume shall be determined using a "true flow" anemometer or pressure matching (i.e., duct blaster).
- 8. Climate conditions, such as cold weather, may make it impossible to verify proper refrigerant charge. In such cases, a TXV must be installed.
- 9. Air temperatures shall be measured in ducts near evaporator and not in conditioned building space.
- 10. Calculated using liquid line pressure measured value.
- 11. Calculated using suction line pressure measured value.
- 12. Field value must be within 3°F of design value.
- 13. Field value must be within 1°F of design value.
- 14. Field value must be within 5°F of design value.

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ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes 2011 HVAC Quality Installation Rater Checklist

For Raters Only: The HVAC Quality Installation Contractor Checklist must be completed by the HVAC contractor. Please review the checklist using the form below to help ensure that the equipment was installed to design specifications.

Home Address: City:		State:			
Inspection Guidelines	Must Correct	Rater Approved	N/A		
1. Review of HVAC Quality Installation Contractor Checklist					
1.1. Checklist completed in its entirety					
1.2 Compliance with Manual J, S, D, and T or equivalents indicated					
1.3 Compliance with SHR or dehumidifier requirement indicated					
Required outdoor / indoor temperature and infiltration rate assumptions used to complete Manual J calculations					
1.5 ARI certificate attached					
1.6 Reported equipment capacity field values within 5% of design values					
1.7 Reported air flow field values within 5% of design values					
1.8 Reported duct static pressure field values within 5% of design values					
1.9 Reported design fan motor type same as field fan motor type					
1.10 Reported fan speed field values within 5% of design values					
1.11 Reported refrigerant charge and metering device field types same as design types					
1.12 For Non-Lennox TXV devices, reported sub-cooling temperature deviation within +/- 3°F of goal					
1.13 For Lennox TXV devices, reported approach temperature deviation +/- 1°F of goal					
1.14 For Fixed Orifice devices, reported superheat temperature deviation +/- 5°F of goal					
2. Duct Quality Installation					
2.1 Connections and routing of ductwork completed without kinks or bends > 90° 1					
2.2 No excess coiled or looped flexible ductwork ¹					
2.3 No compression of flexible ductwork ¹					
2.4 Flexible ducts supported at intervals as recommended by manufacturer but at a distance not > 5 ft. and with maximum sag of 0.5 in. per ft. of spacing between supports ¹					
2.5 All connections to trunk ducts in unconditioned space insulated					
2.6 Building cavities not used as return ducts					
2.7 Ducts in unconditioned attics have insulation ≥ R-8; All other ducts in unconditioned space have insulation ≥ R-6.²					
2.8 Total duct leakage ≤ 6 CFM per 100 sq. ft. of conditioned floor area					
2.9 Duct leakage to outdoors ≤ 4 CFM per 100 sq. ft. of conditioned floor area ^{2,3,4}					
2.10 Bedrooms pressure-balanced such that 1 sq. in. of opening is provided per 1 CFM of supply air. Dedicated return ducts, transfer grills, and/or jump ducts may be used to meet this requirement.					
Rater Name: Date Checklist Inspected:					
Rater Signature: Rater Company Name: _					



ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes 2011 HVAC Quality Installation Rater Notes

- 1. Scope of work applies to all HVAC and ventilation ductwork.
- 2. EPA recommends, but does not require, locating ducts within conditioned space (i.e., inside the air and thermal barriers), and using a minimum of R-4 insulation for ducts inside conditioned space to prevent condensation.
- Duct leakage shall be determined and documented by a Rater using a RESNET-approved or equivalent ASTMapproved testing protocol.
- 4. If total duct leakage is less than the required value, then leakage to outdoors does not need to be tested. Duct leakage testing can be waived if all ducts and air handling equipment are located in conditioned space (i.e., within the home's air and thermal barriers) AND the envelope leakage has been tested to be ≤ 3 ACH50 OR ≤ 0.25 CFM 50 per sq. ft. of the building envelope.





ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes 2011 Indoor Air Quality Checklist

Home Address:							
System	Inspection Guide	elines		Must Correct	Rater Approved	N/A	
Ventilation ¹				T	T		
Whole- Building	1.1 Ventilation rat	te meets requirements of ASHRAE Std. 6	52.2 2007, Section 4.4				
Delivered	1.2 In hot-humid climates, net exhaust flow ≤ 7.5 CFM per 100 sq. ft.						
Ventilation ²	1.3 In very cold c	limates, net supply flow ≤ 7.5 CFM per 10	00 sq. ft.				
2. Local	System installed in each kitchen and bathroom and meets one of the following airflow standards:						
Mechanical Exhaust	Location	Continuous Rate:	Intermittent Rate:3				
	2.1 Kitchen	≥ 5 ACH, based on kitchen volume⁴	≥ 100 CFM				
	2.2 Bathroom	≥ 20 CFM	≥ 50 CFM				
	2.3 If fans share of	common exhaust duct, back-draft dampe	rs installed				
	2.4 Common exh	aust duct not shared by fans in separate	dwellings				
		aust flow of two largest exhaust fans (exc 1 / 100 sq. ft. of occupiable space when a					
	2.6 Clothes dryer	s exhaust vented directly to outdoors ⁶					
3. Fan Sound	3.1 Continuous fa	ans rated at \leq 1 sone at minimum rated flo	ow rate				
Ratings ⁷		ins rated at \leq 3 sone, unless maximum ra					
4. Controls	designed to o	operating ventilation system and mechar perate without occupant intervention duri	ng all occupiable hours				
	operating ven	ssible override controls provided to occup tilation system and mechanical exhaust f	ans				
	operate at lea	ermittently-operating ventilation system d st one hour out of every twelve					
_	4.4 Controls labeled, unless function is obvious (e.g., bathroom exhaust fan)						
5. Air Inlets & Ventilation	5.1 Air inlets located ≥ 10 ft. from stack, vent, exhaust hood, or vehicle exhaust and ≥ 3 ft. from dryer exhaust						
Source	5.2 Air inlets unal	ole to be obstructed by snow, plantings, c	or other material				
	5.3 Air inlets provided with mesh rodent / insect screen with openings ≤ 0.5 in.						
	5.4 Ventilation air comes directly from outdoors and not from adjacent dwelling units, garages, unconditioned crawlspaces, or attics						
Combustion Po	llutants			T	ı		
6. Garage Isolation	6.1 Air-handler ar	nd return ducts <u>not</u> located within the gara	age				
		adjacent to occupiable spaces gasketed					
7. Appliances and	devices	ombustion appliances installed, except fo	-				
Detectors		nonoxide detector, certified by CSA 6.19- ution near sleeping areas for homes with o arage ⁸					
Filtration	1			T	ı		
8. HVAC Filter	8.1 <u>></u> MERV 8 filte	er installed in ducted mechanical systems	39				
	8.2 Filter located	so that return and <mark>ventilation air</mark> pass thro	ough prior to conditioning				
		ole for maintenance by owner					
	downstream	ed with flexible, air-tight gasketing on the side of the filter, or equivalent method					
		nly in place by friction-fit spring clips in the side of the filter, or equivalent method	e filter rack, installed on				
Rater Name:		Rater Insp	pection Date:	Rate	r Initials:		



ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes 2011 Indoor Air Quality Notes

- 1. For proper procedures, exceptions, selection methods, and alternate methods to the Indoor Air Quality Checklist, see the ASHRAE Standard 62.2 2007. All components shall be designed and installed per manufacturers' requirements and local codes.
- 2. The system shall have at least one supply or exhaust fan with associated ducts and controls. Local exhaust fans are allowed to be part of an exhaust ventilation system. Outdoor air ducts connected to the return side of an air handler are allowed to be part of a supply ventilation system if manufacturers' requirements for return air temperature are met. The airflow required by this standard refers to the delivered airflow of the system as installed and tested using a flow hood, flow grid, or other airflow measuring device.
- 3. An intermittent mechanical exhaust system where provided shall be designed to operate as needed by the occupant. Control devices shall not impede occupant control in intermittent systems.
- 4. A vented range hood, or appliance-range hood combination, is required if exhaust fan flow rate is < 5 kitchen ACH.
- 5. If net exhaust flow exceeds allowable limit, net exhaust flow shall be reduced or compensating outdoor airflow provided. Net exhaust flow requirement is exempted if no atmospherically vented combustion or solid-fuel burning appliances are located inside the pressure boundary.
- 6. Electric condensing dryers equipped with condensate drain need not be vented.
- 7. Fans exempted from this requirement include HVAC air handlers and remote-mounted fans (i.e., fans outside habitable spaces and with ≥ 4 ft. ductwork between fan and intake grills.)
- 8. Carbon monoxide detectors shall be placed according to NFPA 720 and be hard-wired with a battery back-up function.
- 9. Manufacturer filter media boxes designed to accomplish these purposes meet these requirements.





ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes 2011 Water-Managed Construction Checklist

Home Address: City:			State	:	
Assembly	Inspection Guidelines	Must Correct	Builder Approved ¹	Rater Approved	N/A
1. Water- Managed	1.1 Patio slabs, walks, and driveways sloped ≥ 0.25 in. per ft. away from home				
Foundation	1.2 Final grade sloped ≥ 0.5 in. per ft. away from home for ≥ 10 ft. and back-fill tamped to prevent settling ²				
	 1.3 Capillary break beneath all concrete slabs using either:³ 4 in. bed of ≥ 0.5 in. clean aggregate covered with sheeting in direct contact with the concrete slab above, OR; 4 in. uniform layer of sand overlaid with geotextile drainage matting and covered with sheeting 				
	 1.4 Capillary break for all crawlspace floors using either:⁴ Concrete slab over lapped polyethylene sheeting, OR; 6 mil polyethylene sheeting, lapped 6-12 in. and sealed at seams, attached to walls and piers with adhesive and furring strips 				
	Exterior surface of below-grade walls finished as follows: For poured concrete, concrete masonry, and insulated concrete forms, finish with damp-proofing coating For wood framed walls, finish with trowel-on mastic and polyethylene or other equivalent waterproofing				
	1.6 Interior surface of below-grade walls <u>not</u> finished with continuous vapor barrier				
	1.7 Sump pump covers shall be air-sealed (i.e., mechanically attached with full gasket seal or equivalent)				
	1.8 Protected drain tile surrounded with clean gravel and fabric filter ⁵				
2. Water- Managed	2.1 Flashing at bottom of exterior walls with weep holes included for masonry veneer and weep screed for stucco cladding systems ⁶				
Wall Assembly	2.2 Fully sealed continuous drainage plane behind exterior cladding that laps over flashing in Section 2.1 ⁷				
	2.3 Window and door openings fully flashed ⁸				
3. Water- Managed Roof	3.1 Step and kick-out flashing at all roof-wall intersections, extending 4" on wall surface above roof deck and integrated with drainage plane above9				
Assembly	3.2 Guttering and downspouts empty to lateral piping that deposits water on sloping finish grade ≥ 5 ft. from foundation or to underground catchment system ≥ 10 ft. from foundation 10,11				
	3.3 Self-sealing bituminous membrane or equivalent at all valleys and roof decking penetrations				
	3.4 In IECC 2006 Climate Zones 5 and higher, self-sealing bituminous membrane or equivalent over sheathing at eaves, extending ≥ 2 ft. up roof deck				
4. Building Materials	4.1 Wall-to-wall carpet <u>not</u> installed adjacent to toilets and bathing fixtures (e.g., tubs and showers)				
	4.2 Cement board or equivalent moisture-resistant backing material installed behind tub and shower enclosures ¹²				
	4.3 Piping in exterior walls installed with insulation				
	4.4 In Humid-Hot and Humid-Mixed climates, permeability rating of finishes used on interior side of exterior walls is > 1				
	4.5 Building materials with visible signs of water damage or mold <u>not</u> installed				
	4.6 Interior walls <u>not</u> enclosed (e.g., with drywall) if either the framing members or insulation products have high moisture content ¹³				
Rater Name:	Rater Inspection Date:		Rate	r Initials:	
Builder Employee	e: Builder Inspection Date	e:	Builde	er Initials:	



ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes 2011 Water-Managed Construction Notes

- 1. In the event that an item cannot be inspected by the Rater, the builder may assume responsibility for verifying that the item has met the requirements of the checklist. This option is available at the discretion of the Rater but may not be used to verify more than three (3) items on the checklist. This responsibility will be formally acknowledged by the builder signing off on the checklist for the item(s) that they verified.
- 2. Where setbacks limit space to less than 10 ft., provide swales or drains designed to carry water from foundation. Backfill tamping is not required if proper drainage can be achieved using non-settling compact soils, as determined by a certified hydrologist, soil scientist, or engineer.
- 3. Sheeting shall be ≥ 6 mil polyethylene sheeting overlapped 6-12 in. at joints. Polyethylene sheeting is not required in Dry (B) climates as defined by IECC 2004 Figure 301.1, except in U.S. EPA Zone 1 Radon areas. In areas with free-draining soils, identified as Group 1 in the IRC by a certified hydrologist, soil scientist, or engineer through a site visit, a gravel layer or geotextile matting is not required.
- 4. It is recommended, but not required, that sheeting be ≥ 10 mil polyethylene. Polyethylene sheeting is not required for raised-pier foundation with no walls, in Dry (B) climates as defined by IECC 2004 Figure 301.1, or in Marine climates as defined by IECC 2004 Figure 301.1 and Table 301.1 if no air handler or return ducts are installed in the crawlspace.
- 5. Protected drain tile shall be installed at the footings of basement and crawlspace walls, level or sloped to discharge to outside grade (daylight) or to a sump pump. The top of each drain tile pipe shall always be below the bottom of the concrete slab or crawlspace floor. Each pipe shall be surrounded with at least 6 inches of ½ to ¾ inc. washed or clean gravel. The gravel layer shall be fully wrapped with fabric cloth to prevent fouling of the drain tile.
- 6. Drainage systems equivalent to flashing are also allowed.
- Any of the following systems may be used: a monolithic weather-resistant barrier (i.e., house wrap) sealed or taped at all joints; weather resistant sheathings (e.g., faced rigid insulation) fully taped at all "butt" joints; or lapped shingle-style building paper or felts.
- 8. Include pan flashing at sills, side flashing that extends over pan flashing, and top flashing that extends over side flashing.
- 9. Intersecting wall siding shall terminate 1 in. above the roof, or higher per manufacturer's recommendations. Continuous flashing shall be installed in place of step flashing for metal and rubber membrane roofs.
- 10. Not required in dry climates as shown in IECC 2004 Figure 301.1 and Table 301.1.
- 11. Roof design without gutters is also acceptable if it deposits rainwater to a grade-level rock bed with a waterproof liner and a drain pipe that deposits water on a sloping finish grade ≥ 5 ft. from foundation. Rainwater harvesting systems may also be used to meet this requirement when designed to properly drain overflow, meeting the discharge-distance requirements above.
- 12. Paper-faced wall board does not meet this requirement.
- 13. For wet-applied insulation products, follow manufacturer's drying recommendations. As guidance, note that lumber should not exceed 18% moisture content.

