



Northwest Justice Project

Parenting Plans, Residential Schedules and Child Support for Parentage Cases and Modifications of Parentage Cases

**Instructions and Forms
July 2011**

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Section 1: Introduction and Important Information

A. Should I use this packet?

This packet will help you fill out the forms and papers for parenting plans, residential schedules, and child support in parentage cases. Parentage cases are family law cases for parents of a child who are not married or in a domestic partnership.

Do not use this packet by itself. Combine it with the other packet(s) you are using, for example [*Filing a Petition for a Parenting Plan When Parentage Has Already Been Established*](#).

Use this packet only if you are a parent involved in a Petition for a Residential Schedule/Parenting Plan or Child Support, a Petition to Establish Parentage, or another type of parentage case, or if you are a parent involved in a case to modify a custody decree, residential schedule, or parenting plan in a parentage case.

◆ **Note on reading this packet:** You will see footnotes in this packet. Footnotes will tell you the law or court case that supports the statement that comes before the footnote, or will give you special tips, links to relevant websites, or other additional information. Use the legal references in the footnotes to look up the law at your local law library, or to tell the court when you are trying to make a legal argument. CR is the Civil Rules of Washington. GR stands for General Rules. RCW stands for Revised Code of Washington, which is the law of Washington State. Court cases have names, such as *In re Custody of Child*. The references to the law are up to date as of the date this packet is published. The law sometimes changes before the packet can be updated.

Before using this packet, read our publications called [*Understanding the Washington State Child Support Schedule and How Child Support is Set in Washington*](#) and [*Parentage and Parenting Plans for Unmarried Parents in Washington*](#).

Also get the other do-it-yourself family law packets that you need in your case. See the section below titled “What Other Forms or Documents Will I Need That Are Not in This Packet?”

◆ **IMPORTANT NOTE:** This packet often refers to “the other parent” to mean the other party or person involved in your court case. However, the other party could be someone other than a parent (example: a grandparent or other party petitioning for custody of a child). Where your case involves parties other than parents, anything required for “the other parent” is also required for every other party.

B. What if I have questions that this packet does not answer?

You should talk to an attorney familiar with family law before you file anything with the court. Many counties have family law facilitators who can help you fill out forms, or have free legal clinics where you may get specific legal advice about your case. If you are low-income and live outside in King County, call CLEAR at 1-888-201-1014. If you live in King County, call the King County Bar Association's Neighborhood Legal Clinics at (206) 267-7070 between 9:00 a.m. and noon, Monday – Thursday, to schedule a free half-hour of legal advice (ask for a family law clinic). Or go to the website (www.washingtonlawhelp.org) to read our legal information publications about your particular family law case and information about legal aid programs in your area.

Section 2: What Forms Are In This Packet?

This packet contains the following blank forms, and instructions for each form:

Form Title	Form Number
Parenting Plan	WPF PS 01.0400 or WPF PS 15.0600
Residential Schedule	WPF PS 01.0450 or WPF PS 15.0650
Declaration in Support of Proposed Temporary Parenting Plan/Residential Schedule	WPF PS 04.0120
Washington State Child Support Schedule & Worksheets	CS Schedule; CS Worksheet
Financial Declaration	WPF DRPSCU 01.1550
Sealed Financial Source Documents (Cover Sheet)	WPF DRPSCU 09.0220
Order of Child Support	WPF PS 01.0500 or WPF 15.0700

Section 3: What Other Forms or Documents Will I Need That Are not In This Packet?

A. What other forms will I need?

Our do-it-yourself packets are designed to provide you with only the forms you need at the stage you need them. You will need more than one packet to file and finish your case. How many other packets you need will depend on the facts of your case. Do not use this packet unless you are a parent involved in a Parentage case.

Most people will also need a packet for filing their case, or for responding to a case filed by another party. You may also need a packet on filing or responding to a motion for temporary or emergency orders. Depending on your circumstances, you may also need other forms or papers that are not in our packets.

Read the information below carefully. Check the boxes by the other packets and papers you think you will need. Then get the other packets you need from our website or by calling CLEAR at 1-888-201-1014.

◆ State law¹ says the the court must:

*check the judicial information system and databases to identify any information relevant to placing the child before entering a permanent or modified parenting plan and

*in cases where a limiting factor such as domestic violence or child abuse is claimed, have both parties screened to determine whether a comprehensive assessment is appropriate to determine the effect of the limiting factor on the child and the parties.

Ask your local court clerk or family law facilitator about procedures your court is using under this law. You may need to use local forms and procedures not described in this packet.

B. Other packets you may need besides this packet:

- [Filing a Petition to Establish Parentage](#) –get this packet if there is there is no paternity affidavit for your child, or you have an affidavit that was signed before July 1, 1997, and you want to start a Parentage case.
- [Responding to a Petition to Establish Parentage](#) –get this packet if you have been served with a Petition to Establish Parentage.

¹[Ch 496, Laws of 2007](#)

- ❑ **[Filing a Petition for a Parenting Plan \(Custody\) or Child Support When Paternity Has Already Been Established](#)** – if parentage of your child has been established by court order or paternity affidavit signed after July 1, 1997 within the State of Washington, may use this packet to ask the court for a parenting plan or residential schedule or child support.
- ❑ **[Responding to a Petition for a Parenting Plan \(Custody\) or Child Support When Paternity Has Already Been Established](#)** – if you have been served with a Petition for a Parenting Plan/Residential Schedule and Child Support, get this packet.
- ❑ **[Finishing a Parenting Plan \(Custody\) and Child Support Case When Paternity Has Already Been Established](#)** – if you have already filed or responded to a Petition for a Parenting Plan/Residential Schedule and Child Support, but you haven't finished your case yet, get this packet.
- ❑ **[Filing a Petition to Modify/Adjust a Custody Decree, Parenting Plan or Residential Schedule in a Parentage Case](#)** –get this packet if you already have a custody decree, residential schedule, or parenting plan and you want to change it.
- ❑ **[Responding to a Petition to Modify/Adjust a Custody Decree, Parenting Plan or Residential Schedule in a Parentage Case](#)** –get this packet if you have been served with a petition to modify your custody decree, residential schedule, or parenting plan.
- ❑ **[Finishing Your Modification of a Custody Decree, Parenting Plan or Residential Schedule in a Parentage Case](#)** – get this packet if you have already filed or been served with a petition to modify a custody decree, residential schedule, or parenting plan and you need to finish your case.
- ❑ **[Filing a Motion for Temporary Orders or Filing a Motion for Emergency Orders in a Parentage Case](#)** – get one of these packets if you want the court to enter an order covering the time period between the time your case is filed and the final orders are signed or you want to appoint a Guardian Ad Litem (GAL) and your children are under age two. (For more information about GALs, please see the main parentage packet you are using and the “[How to Request a GAL for Dissolution Cases](#)” publication. The title of the publication refers to dissolution cases, but the general information about GALs may also apply to your case.) These packets also contain the Sealed Personal Health Care Records Cover Sheet and the Sealed Confidential Reports Cover Sheet that you will need if filing this kind of confidential information.
- ❑ **[Responding to a Motion for Temporary or Emergency Orders in a Parentage Case](#)** - if the other party has served you with an Ex Parte Restraining Order/Order to Show Cause or a Motion for Temporary Orders, use this packet to respond to the motion.
- ❑ **Other: Local Do-it-Yourself packets:** Some counties may require other forms or packets for your case. Contact your court clerk's office, or Family Law Facilitator (if your county has one), to find out if your county requires more information. The Legal Voice (206-621-7691 or www.nwwlc.org) has a do-it-yourself packet about following the case management schedule for cases filed in King County, and has informational publications on other issues.

Section 4: Instructions for Filling Out Each Form

A. First, follow the General Instructions in your main packet

The main Filing or Responding packet you are using has a section called “Follow These General Instructions.” The General Instructions have important information that applies to all of your forms, including how to fill out the caption of your forms. Follow those general instructions for all of the parenting plan and child support forms that you will use. Then go on to the instructions for individual forms below.

B. Parenting Plan – WPF PS 01.0400 or WPF PS 15.0600

1. Should I Fill Out This Form?

You may ask for either a Parenting Plan (instructions in this section) or a Residential Schedule (instructions in the next section). Do not use both forms. Either form, if signed by a judge, will state who the child will live with, and how much time the child will spend with each parent.

A parenting plan has a section about who will make major and minor decisions about the child (examples: decisions about non-emergency medical care, where the child goes to school, etc.), and a section about how the parents will resolve disagreements they have about what the parenting plan means. However, a Residential Schedule form does not have sections about decision-making or future dispute resolution. For help deciding which form to use, talk to an attorney, or read our publication [*Parentage and Parenting Plans for Unmarried Parents in Washington*](#).

If you use a parenting plan, make sure you use the one for your type of case:

- **WPF PS 01.0400** for cases where parentage hasn’t been established (usually cases where the original petition is on form WPF PS 01.0100), or where the case asks for a parenting plan/residential schedule modification of this kind of order.
- **WPF PS 15.0600** for cases where parentage has been established, but you need a parenting plan and/or child support (usually cases where petitioner has filed the case on form WPF PS 15.0100), or where the case asks for a parenting plan/residential schedule modification of this kind of order.

Before you begin, make at least one extra copy of the blank parenting plan. Keep it. You may need three or more versions of your parenting plan: one that you will file with your petition or your Response, one that you will file if you have a motion for temporary or emergency orders, and one that you will file when you want to finish your case.

◆ If you will be asking for the same parenting plan with your petition (or Response), your motion for temporary or emergency orders, or your final parenting plan, save yourself some work by making copies of the form after completing most of it. Fill out the entire Parenting Plan except do not check the boxes under the title of the form in the caption and in the first section of the form (above the words IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUGED AND DECREED). Make several copies. Then check the appropriate boxes under the title and caption.

Read the instructions carefully. Take your time.

If you need hands-on help, your county may have a courthouse facilitator who can offer limited assistance in completing necessary paperwork. Contact your local superior court clerk to find out if there is one in your county.

Caption

Fill in the caption. The caption is the same one that is used for the parentage case.

****Title/This Parenting Plan Is***

If you are filing this Parenting Plan with your Petition or your Response in a parentage or parenting plan modification, check the box next to “Proposed (PPP)” in the title. Check the fourth box under the sentence “*This parenting plan is.*” Write your name in the blank. If you and the other parent agree on the parenting plan, write both of your names in the blank.

If you are filing this parenting plan with your Motion for Temporary Orders or Motion for Emergency Orders, or with your response to one of these motions, check the box next to “Proposed (PPP)” and next to “Temporary (PPT)” in the title. Check the fourth box under the sentence “*This parenting plan is.*” Write your name in the blank.

If you are filing this parenting plan as a final order, with a Judgment and Order Determining Parentage and Granting Additional Relief or a Judgment and Order Establishing Residential Schedule/Parenting Plan/Child Support, check the box next to “Final Order (PP)” under the title. Check the first box under the sentence “*This parenting plan is.*” Then fill in the date the judge will sign the final order, if different from the date the judge signs the Parenting Plan.

If you are filing this parenting plan as a final order in a modification of a parenting plan, check the box next to “Final Order (PP)” under the title. Then check the second box under the sentence “*This parenting plan is.*” Fill in the date the judge will sign the final order, if different from the date the judge signs the Parenting Plan.

- ◆ If you are filling in this form as a proposed parenting plan (with your petition, or as part of a motion for emergency or temporary orders), complete it to show the decisions you would like the court to make.
- ◆ If you are filling in this form after the judge has made a decision (at a temporary orders/show cause hearing or after a trial), complete it to show

the decision actually made by the judge, even if it is different than what you asked for.

- ◆ If you and the other party have reached an agreement, fill it in to show the agreement you have made.
- ◆ After the judge signs a temporary or permanent parenting plan, get a conformed copy from the court clerk. (The main packets you are using have more information about orders the judge has signed.)

I. General Information

List the names and ages of the minor children for whom you want a parenting plan, or whose parentage is being established in this case. This means biological children, under age 18, that you and the other parent had together when you weren't married to each other.

II. Basis for Restrictions

Paragraph 2.1. Parental Conduct.

This Paragraph and Paragraph 2.2 are where you inform the Court about whether the other parent's time with the child(ren) ought to be restricted, and if so, why. You should complete this section if you believe that the behavior of the other parent is harmful to the child(ren) and want the Court to restrict contact between the other parent and the child(ren), or if, at your hearing or trial, the court found there was harmful behavior and ordered restrictions.

If the other parent or a person living with the other parent has not done any of the things listed in paragraph 2.1, check the first box for "Does not apply".

If the other parent or person who lives with the other parent has done any of the behavior listed in the three sections and you believe the behavior is harmful to the child(ren) (or the court found it was) you should check the second box. Then, check "mother" or "father" for the other parent. If it was/is the other parent who engaged in the bad conduct, check the box before "this parent." If the person who engaged in the bad conduct is someone who lives with the other parent, check the box before "a person residing with this parent."

Then check any of the three boxes that apply.

- ◆ If the Court agrees that the behavior exists (that is, if the other parent never responds or you prove the allegations after the other parent responds) then it is likely that restrictions will be ordered. For example, the court may decide to require that the other parent's time be supervised, or may order that the other parent cannot make all major decisions about the children.²

Paragraph 2.2. Other Factors.

If the other parent has not done any of the things listed in paragraph 2.2, check the first box for "Does not apply".

² To read the Washington law that is related to paragraphs 2.1 and 2.2 of the parenting plan, see [RCW 26.09.191](#).

If there are any factors present and you believe that these are harmful to the child(ren) (or the court found that they are harmful) check the second box, and then check the box next to mother or father. Then check the box(es) that apply. If a harmful factor exists, but is not listed, you will need to check the box “other” and write it in.

III. Residential Schedule

You may find this section confusing. Talk with an attorney or your Family Law Facilitator for help. Or read our publication called [*Parentage and Parenting Plans for Unmarried Parents in Washington*](#).

The purpose of the residential schedule is to state in writing which parent the child(ren) will be with and when. This section is purposefully very specific. If you don't want to be that specific, it is not required. You may write your parenting plan in the blank section at 3.13 “Other.” However, the specific paragraphs are very useful for many parents who want a detailed schedule for reasons of stability and planning.

The most important thing to remember is to make sure the schedule you write is best for your children.

◆ What if I think the other parent should not spend any time with the children?

In some situations, you may want to ask the court to order that the other parent should not have any time with the children -- on a temporary or a permanent basis. Or, the court may already have restricted the other parent's contact with the children in a separate order, such as in an Order of Protection. If you want to ask the court to restrict the other parent from having any contact with the child, (or if the court orders this) you may do so as follows:

Under paragraph 3.1 or 3.2 (only 3.2 if the children have all reached school age), check the box to show which parent the children should reside with. Then, for time with the other parent, check the “other” box and write, “[Other parent's name] shall have no contact with the children until the parent has provided [your name or “the court”] with proof that he/she has successfully completed the requirements set forth in paragraph 3.10 of this parenting plan. Once these requirements have been completed the [] mother [] father [mark the restricted parent] may file a petition for modification to seek visitation.”

Under paragraphs 3.3 – 3.9, write “see paragraphs 3.1/3.2 and 3.10.”

Go to the instructions for paragraph 3.10

Paragraph 3.1. Schedule for Children Under School Age

If all your children are in school already, check the first box and move on to School Schedule.

If you and the other parent have any children who aren't yet in school (usually age birth through five years), check the second box and fill out this section. Check the box to show which parent the children will live with (mother or father). Write out the specific days of the week and times the children will spend with the other parent. Check whether the child will spend those days with the other parent every week, every other week, etc. Note that “every other week” is not the same as the “first and third week” because there are sometimes five weeks in a month.

Paragraph 3.2. School Schedule

You should complete this section even if none of your children are yet in school. Check the box to show which parent the children will live with most of the time (mother or father). Fill in the days of the week and the specific times the children will spend with the other parent.

Check whether the child will spend those days with the other parent every week, every other week, etc. Note that “every other week” is not the same as the “first and third week” because there are sometimes five weeks in a month.

Check the boxes that indicate whether the school schedule will start when the child is in kindergarten or first grade.

Paragraph 3.3. Schedule for Winter Vacation

Check the box for mother or father. In the blank, write in any time the children will spend with the other parent. Common ways of splitting school vacations include: splitting the vacation each year (1/2 of the vacation with each parent); alternating years (even years with dad, odd years with mom); or, where parents live far away from each other, designating that all of the vacation time will be spent completely with the parent who doesn't have primary custody of the child(ren) to make up for not being able to have more regular time during the school year. Be sure the vacation schedule is consistent with paragraphs 3.7 and 3.8, regarding holidays and special occasions.

Paragraph 3.4. Schedule for Other School Breaks.

Check the box for mother or father. In the blank, write in any time that the children will spend with the other parent. As with winter break, common ways of dividing other school breaks include splitting them in half between parents each year, alternating the years, or designating that the time be spent just with the non-custodial parent.

Paragraph 3.5. Summer Schedule

Paragraph 3.5 generally is for children who have started school; if you wish it to apply to younger children you should write in at what age the summer schedule will apply.

Check the box to show which parent the children will live with during the summer.

If the same schedule will be followed in the summer as during the school year, check the box for “Same as school year schedule.”

If the summer schedule will be a different (which is common), check the “Other” box and write in the blank the dates and times the children will spend with the other parent during the summer. You may set specific dates, or you may write that one or both parents notify each other by a certain date of the time they would like for that summer, such as “The children will reside with the father during the summer except for four weeks with the mother. The mother shall inform the father by May 15th of which weeks she would like.” You may also specify whether the time will be all together or split up, for example “four weeks, taken in two, two-week sessions.” Another option is to provide for

time or phone contact with the primary parent during long times with the other parent. For example, if the children usually live with the mother and will be with the father for two, three-week periods in the summer, you could propose that the mother have the middle weekend of each session with the children, as well as phone contact as often as the children want.

Paragraph 3.6. Vacation with Parents

If neither parent will have vacation time with the child, check “Does not apply.”

If either parent will have vacation time, check “The schedule for vacation with parents is as follows” and write in the blank any vacation time the children will have with each parent. (This refers to vacations a parent takes from work). For example, you could write “Each parent shall have two weeks of vacation with the child each summer.”

Paragraph 3.7. Schedule for Holidays

You do not need to give specific time on the holidays. If you will follow the school schedule, check the last box next to “other” and write “same as school schedule.”

If you will make a special schedule for holidays, fill in the space in the same row as each holiday to show which parent the children will spend each holiday with. If you will alternate holidays by year, specify “odd” and “even” years. If you will split a holiday each year (for example, Christmas morning with mom, Christmas afternoon and evening with dad), write “Every” in the blank for both parents and fill out the split times for that holiday in the section below in the “other “ section.

You may write additional holidays in the blank spaces if you have special religious or cultural holidays to include. It may be that some of the listed holidays are not important in your family while other important holidays are not listed, particularly if you are not Christian. You may mark out or change the listed holidays so that they show what is important to your family.

Check the box next to “For the purposes of this parenting plan, a holiday shall begin and end as follows” and write in the times for holiday visits to begin and end. Keep in mind that you might write special times for holidays like Christmas Day, which often begin early in the morning, or the 4th of July, when you might want to watch the fireworks late at night.

If Friday and Monday holidays will include the weekend, check the second box. Checking this box will usually give the parent with whom the child does not live most of the time extra weekends that s/he would not have had under the school schedule.

Paragraph 3.8. Schedule for Special Occasions

List who the child will be with on Mother’s Day and Father’s Day. You may write “even/odd” as explained under the holiday schedule instructions, or “every” depending on your situation.

List any special occasions you did not list under holidays that will be listed in the parenting plan. For example, some people include the child’s birthday, the parent’s birthdays, an annual family reunion, etc. You may write “even/odd” as under the holiday schedule, or “every” if that is what you want.

You may also want to check the “other” box and write in “the special occasion time with the parent the child does not live with most of the time shall begin and end as follows” and write in the times for special occasion visits to begin and end.

Paragraph 3.9. Priorities Under the Residential Schedule

This section tells what happens when parts of the residential schedule of your parenting plan conflict, such as when mom’s Christmas Day falls on dad’s weekend. You should check the second box. Then, you may choose:

- to number the lines showing which types of time with the children have priority in what order (and check any box appearing in front of the paragraph containing this list of priorities). For example, if holidays will be more important than the school schedule, you would write #1 in the blank next to holidays, and #2 next to school schedule, etc. or
- for a simpler rule, you may check the box (Other) and write your own priorities.

Paragraph 3.10. Restrictions

This is the place to write any limitations on the other parent’s time necessary for your children to spend time safely with the other parent. If limiting factors exist in Paragraphs 2.1 and/or 2.2 and you are at risk of harm if you have contact with the other parent, the limitations may also help protect your safety.³ If you checked the “does not apply” boxes in Paragraphs 2.1 and 2.2, you will check the first box.

If you checked boxes in 2.2, but you do not think there should be any restrictions on the other parent’s time with the children (or the court has decided this at your hearing), check the third box and the “mother” or “father” box, and then write in the blank why no restrictions are needed. If you are preparing a proposed parenting plan, your explanation will need to convince the court that even though there are factors present, your children will be safe when they are with the other parent. If you do not explain to the court why your children would be safe even though factors exist, the Court might not approve your parenting plan.

If you check boxes in Paragraph 2.1 or 2.2 and you want the court to order restrictions on the other parent’s time (or the court did order restrictions at your hearing), check the second box and either “mother” or “father.” Then, write in the blank any restrictions put on the other parent.

The following paragraphs contain some suggestions for restrictions. You may ask for these or other restrictions in appropriate cases when you write a proposed parenting plan, and/or the judge might order these types of restrictions at your hearing:

- **Following Requirements of Other Court Orders:** You may ask the court to require that the other parent successfully complete requirements that have already been ordered in another court order (such as a dependency order or an Order for Protection) before the other parent is able to exercise residential time with the children (or, in some cases to have unsupervised residential time with the children). You may also ask the court to require the other parent to provide written proof of the successful completion of the requirements. For example, if you have a Protection Order requiring the other parent to complete domestic violence treatment, you may write “[Other parent] shall successfully complete all domestic violence treatment required under the Order of Protection entered on [date] under case number [protection order case number], and provide written proof

³ [RCW 26.09.191\(2\)\(m\)\(i\)](#)

of such successful completion to the court and all parties, before he/she may request residential time with the children.”

- **Drug and Alcohol Abuse:** You may ask the court to require the other parent to complete a drug and alcohol treatment program approved and certified by the State of Washington before unsupervised visits are allowed (or in severe cases, before any visits are allowed). You may also ask the court to require the other parent to have random urinalyses (urine tests) or other appropriate tests for drugs or alcohol. You may ask the court to place further restrictions on the other parent’s residential time with the children if s/he fails to pass a random urine test. You may ask the court to require other restrictions such as prohibiting the other parent from driving with the children.
- **Neglect:** You may ask that visitation be supervised until the other parent has successfully completed a parenting skills program and provides the court and you with written proof of having done so.
- **Domestic Violence:** You may ask the court to require the other parent’s residential time with the children be supervised (or otherwise restricted or denied) unless the other parent takes steps to get treatment for domestic violence from a certified provider and shows that he/she is not going to commit domestic violence again. For example, you may ask that the other parent have supervised visits while s/he is evaluated for domestic violence by a state-certified agency and, if recommended by the evaluator, participates and successfully completes a state-certified batterer’s treatment program. You may ask the court to immediately suspend the other parent’s visits if the other parent commits further acts of domestic violence or if s/he discontinues treatment.
- **Abusive Use of Conflict:** If the other parent has made derogatory comments to the children about you or is making untrue accusation to others (for example, makes repeated calls to CPS on you with no reason to do so), you may ask that the other parent be restrained from doing these things. You may also ask that visits be suspended if the other parent engages in this behavior and that no visits start up again until the other parent has completed a parenting skills class.
- **Supervised Visits:** If you are asking that visits with the children be supervised you need to specify who will supervise, when and where the supervised visits will take place, and who will pay for the costs of supervision, if applicable. The supervisor can be any adult you trust or a professional visitation supervisor, but it must be someone who can and will protect the children from harm. If you choose a family or household member to supervise visits, the plan must include conditions to be followed during residential time.

The court will not appoint a supervisor who does not want to be a supervisor. If you have supervised visits, make sure that the visitation times in paragraphs 3.1 through 3.9 are consistent with the supervision in this paragraph. For example, if visitation lasts all weekend, can it realistically be supervised?

The supervisor may be required to follow any standard “supervised visitation order” used in your court and/or the court can set conditions during the visitation such as the supervisor being continuously present and being required to intervene to stop any conduct potentially harmful to the children.

Here is an example of how to write up the supervision:

“Visitation will be supervised by _____ (identify relationship to the parties and qualifications of supervisor or name of professional visitation center) and will take place on the first and third Saturdays of the month from 10:00 a.m. until 3:00 p.m. The visits will be at _____ (write in the location of the visits)_____. The supervisor shall be provided and shall agree to follow _____ (insert the title of any supervised visitation order used in your county or other written visitation rules that apply) when supervising visitation under this plan/schedule.” Then specify if the mother or father shall pay all costs of supervision.

- **Conditions to Lift Restrictions:** You should specify the conditions under which the restrictions may be lifted, for example, if your plan denies all visitation at the present and requires the other parent to complete a state-certified batterer’s treatment program, you could add, “Once this treatment requirement has been completed the [] mother [] father [mark the restricted parent] may file a petition for modification to seek visitation.”
- **Removal of Children from the State:** You may write in that the other parent may not remove the child(ren) from the State of Washington without written consent from you. If you already know that the other parent will be taking the child to another state for an annual family reunion, for example, you may state that as an exception.
- **Neutral Exchange Site:** You may also choose and write a neutral place to drop the children off and pick them up. This is usually a public place, like a local McDonald’s or park. You may want to do this if you know that you and the other parent will fight in front of the children or if you have reason to be scared the other parent will hurt you. You may write in additional safeguards to protect your safety if you are at risk during exchanges.

Paragraph 3.11. Transportation

Write down who will drive the children back and forth for visits and/or where you will meet the other parent to exchange the children. Arrangements for the cost of transportation should be written in the Order of Child Support.

Paragraph 3.12. Designation of Custodian

Check the box for the parent the children will be living with most of the time (more than half of the time). That parent is considered the children's custodian for purposes of other state and federal laws.⁴ If you and the other parent have agreed on joint custody, in which you will each have the child(ren) one half of the time, you may alternate the designation by odd/even year. If you want to do this, you should obtain legal advice specific to your situation to determine whether this would be a good idea for you.

⁴ [RCW 26.09.285](#).

Paragraph 3.13. Other

If there are other rules you would like to write in your parenting plan, such as giving or denying access to school or medical records, being able to go to or get notice of school or extra-curricular events (sports, church events, music recitals, etc.), or phone contact, you may include those rules in this space. You could also choose to put those rules in Section VI, explained below.

Paragraph 3.14. Relocation

This section gives you information about the laws that apply when a parent wants to relocate (move) with the children. You do not have to write anything here, but you need to read it. You may not delete or change the information in paragraph 3.14.

IV. Decision Making

Paragraph 4.1. Day-to-Day Decisions.

You do not need to write anything in this paragraph, and you may not change it. Either parent may make emergency decisions and day-to-day decisions about the child.⁵

Paragraph 4.2. Major Decisions.

Education decisions. If one parent should make the decisions about the child's education (where the child attends school, for example), check the appropriate box for mother or father. If both parents should make the decision, check "joint." Now, do the same thing for non-emergency health care, which will deal with the child's regular check-ups and trips to the doctor, dentist, etc, and religious upbringing. If there are major issues that you are aware of that have not been listed, you may list those in the blank lines provided. Some other examples of issues include getting a driver's license or getting married before age 18, or enlisting in the military before age 18. If your parenting plan provides that both parents will make major decisions, then you must discuss major problems regarding your children with the other parent before a decision is made.

Paragraph 4.3. Restrictions in Decision Making

If there were no factors that you checked in paragraphs 2.1 or 2.2, check the "does not apply" box.

You should check the second box if you think only one parent should have decision-making authority and check the box beside the appropriate parent. Then check the appropriate box showing the reason. (Note: If you checked any of the factors in paragraph 2.1 you must restrict decision-making.) If you checked a limiting factor in paragraph 2.2 but are not restricting mutual decision-making, check the last item in paragraph 4.3 and explain why restrictions are not necessary.

Look back at paragraph 4.2 and make sure what you have written does not conflict with paragraph 4.3, (for example, if you checked the "sole decision-making" box in paragraph 4.3, you usually should not have any joint decision-making boxes checked in paragraph 4.2).

V. Dispute Resolution

The parenting plan has three alternative dispute resolution processes. If one of the options is marked, you must use it every time you and the other parent have a major difference regarding the children that you cannot work out by yourselves. The process may be expensive, though sometimes it is easier and cheaper than going back to court.

Counseling is when you and the other parent meet with a counselor to try to reach agreement.

⁵ [RCW 26.09.184\(4\)](#).

Mediation, which is more commonly used, is when you and the other parent meet with a “mediator” (a neutral person who could be a lawyer, professional mediator, or a mental health professional) to try to work out the problems by agreement.

Arbitration is when you and the other parent meet with an arbitrator (a neutral person who is usually a lawyer or retired judge), who will listen to both of you and make a decision that you both must follow if an agreement cannot be reached.

If you mark one of these processes, check the first box at the start of the paragraph and the appropriate box indented under it, write in the name of the person or organization you will use for the counselor, mediator or arbitrator. You must also check the box for how to divide the cost of dispute resolution between you. You may choose to divide the cost 50-50 or some other percentage, to divide it based on your incomes as shown on the child support worksheet, or to let the mediator, counselor or arbitrator help you decide.

If you mark one of these processes, you must also check the box showing how to start the “dispute resolution” process – by letter, by certified mail, or some other way.

In some cases, such as when one parent has committed domestic violence against the other, alternative dispute resolution may not be good to use because one parent may fear the other parent. The Parenting Plan should not require mediation or some other alternative to court if any of the restrictions in Paragraph 2.1 of the parenting plan are present.⁶ You should check the last box: “No dispute resolution process, except court action is ordered.” However, if a victim of domestic violence requests mediation, the court may allow it if the court finds mediation is appropriate in the circumstances and the victim is allowed to have a supporting person present during mediation. Another reason that dispute resolution may not be a good idea is if you cannot afford it. If you do not want dispute resolution, or the court orders that there will not be alternative dispute resolution, check the last box: “No dispute resolution process, except court action . . .”

VI. Other Provisions

If there are other rules to write in your parenting plan, and you did not write them in paragraph 3.13, you may write them in this section. The following is some sample language that you may use for rules that you might want to include or that the court might order:

- Telephone Calls Each parent shall be allowed to call the children at reasonable times when the child is with the other parent;
- Activities Outside of School Neither parent shall sign the child(ren) up for activities which will interfere with the other parent's time without the agreement of the other parent.
- Address and Telephone of Parents Both parents shall keep the other advised of their current residential address and telephone number.
- School and Activities Both parents shall have the right to attend school, sports, and other activities of the children.

VII. Declaration for Proposed Parenting Plan

If you are writing this parenting plan as a court order, check the first box.

⁶ [RCW 26.09.191](#).

If you are using this parenting plan as your proposal, check the second box. Sign and fill in the date and place in the space depending upon whether you are the mother or father. If the other parent agrees with the parenting plan you are proposing, s/he should also sign and date in these spaces.

VIII. Order By the Court

If you are using this parenting plan for a final order or a temporary parenting plan, sign your name on the line under “Presented by” and print your name in the blank below that. If the other parent agrees with the order, ask that parent to sign under “Approved for entry” and print that parent’s name on the line below his or her signature.

◆ When you have finished filling out your Parenting Plan, read through your parenting plan **several times** to make sure you understand it and have filled everything in that you want.

C. Residential Schedule Form - WPF PS 01.0450 or WPF PS 15.0650

1. Should I Fill Out This Form?

Use this form only if you are not using the parenting plan form. If you are using the parenting plan form, skip this one.

If you use a Residential Schedule, choose the right form for your type of case:

- **WPF PS 01.0450** for cases where parentage is being decided as part of the case (the Petition form is usually PS 01.0100) (and modifications in this type case), or
- **WPF PS 15.0650**, where the case is filed to establish a parenting plan/residential schedule and/or child support (the Petition form is usually PS 015.0100), or where the case is a modification in this type case.

◆ If you are filling in this form as a proposed schedule (with your petition, or as part of a motion for emergency or temporary orders), fill it out to show the decisions you would like the court to make.

◆ If you are filling in this form after the judge has made a decision (at a temporary orders/show cause hearing or after a trial), fill it out to show the decision actually made by the judge, even if different than what you asked for.

◆ If you and the other party have reached an agreement, fill it in to show the agreement you have made.

◆ After the judge signs a temporary or permanent parenting plan, get a conformed copy from the court clerk. (The main packets you are using have more information about orders the judge has signed.)

The Residential Schedule form is the same as the first part of the parenting plan form. Many of the directions for the parenting plan form will help complete your Residential Schedule.

Go to the directions for the Parenting Plan form. Read the directions that say “Before you begin.” Follow the directions from **Caption** through **Paragraph 3.14** of the parenting plan. Use those directions to fill out your Residential Schedule form.

In 2.1 of the Residential Schedule form, if a factor or condition exists in your case but isn’t listed, check “other.” Write it in.

Skip the directions for completing Parts IV and V of the parenting plan (Decision-making and Dispute Resolution).

For part IV (**Other Provisions**) of the Residential Schedule, follow the directions for completing Part VI of the parenting plan. Write here any additional provisions not covered elsewhere.

For Parts V (**Declaration for Proposed Residential Schedule**) and VI (**Order by the Court**) of the Residential Schedule, follow the directions for Parts VII and VIII of the parenting plan.

D. Declaration in Support of Proposed Temporary Parenting Plan/Residential Schedule - WPF PS 04.0120

Use this form only if you are filing a motion for temporary or emergency orders, or if you are responding to a motion for temporary or emergency orders. If you are not, skip this section.

If you need this form, fill out a separate form for each child in the case.

In addition to the instructions in this section, read the instructions in the temporary and emergency orders packets for the Declaration form, for general information about writing declarations.

Caption. Complete the caption. Check the box under the title to show whether you are requesting a parenting plan or a residential schedule.

This declaration is made by

Write in your name.

Paragraph 1.

Write the name of the child in the first blank. Then, in the space below, list the name(s) of each person the child lives and has lived with, the dates and length of time that the child lived with that person. If you do not know or cannot remember all the information, fill in as much as you know.

Paragraph 2.

In this paragraph and the paragraphs that follow, write in the current information about the child. You may also write in past information that relates to the proposed temporary parenting plan/residential schedule, and/or that shows details of child's relationship with each party.

(a) Write in the blank what things that you do and have done to take care of the child's daily needs. Explain when and for how long you have done these things. "Daily needs" include things like making their meals, dressing them, changing diapers, taking them to school/appointments, and other things that the children need daily.

(b) Write in your work schedule. (Example: Monday – Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.)

Paragraph 3.

(a) Write in the blank what things that the other party does and has done to take care of the children's daily needs. Explain when and for how long s/he has done these things. Examples of "Daily needs" include making their meals, dressing them, changing diapers, taking them to school/appointments, and other things that the children need daily.

(b) Write the other party's work schedule. (Example: Monday – Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.)

Paragraph 4.

Write the child's schedule, including school, child-care schedule (daycare, or the time that the child was in the care of a regular babysitter or nanny), and other activities.

Paragraph 5.

Write in any limiting factors that may place the child at risk and that may require restrictions on the time and contact a parent has with the child. Examples include problems such as domestic violence,

drug/alcohol abuse, neglect, or other limiting factors identified in your proposed parenting plan/residential schedule.

Paragraph 6.

Write in here any other information that you think is important for the court to know regarding the child. Examples include who takes care of the child, the child's special needs, his/her relationship with each parent, and his/her activities and interests.

Signature.

Write the city, state, and date. Sign and print your name in the spaces provided.

E. Washington State Child Support Worksheets

1. Should I Fill Out This Form?

Use this form if you, or the other parent, wants the court to set child support or if the court orders support.

When child support is an issue, each party fills out a set of child support worksheets, using the instructions and schedule that come with the worksheets. You may have to file and serve worksheets more than once during the course of your case:

- First with the Petition and Response, and
- New worksheets when there are motions and hearings involving child support (to update information in your 1st set of worksheets).

The judge will sign a set of worksheets s/he approves when entering an order which sets child support. The judge may sign worksheets previously prepared by one party. Or the judge may ask a party to prepare a new set of worksheets with the specific income, expense, and child support amounts the judge announced.

The instructions and worksheets included in this packet are current as of June 2010. Use this set of instructions along with the Washington State Child Support Schedule published by the Administrative Office of the Courts. Download it from their website at <http://www.courts.wa.gov/forms/>, or call (360) 705-5328. You should also read our publication called *[Understanding the Washington State Child Support Schedule and How Child Support is Set in Washington.](#)*

The instructions below are for preparing the worksheets based on the income, child support amounts, and expense figures you propose at the start of the case or before a hearing or trial.

If, however, you are filling in these worksheets after the judge has announced a decision, use the income, child support amounts, expenses, and other information announced by the judge, even if you disagree with them and even if they are different from what you proposed.

If you want to use the Child Support Calculator to estimate the amount of support that might be ordered in your case and/or for help in preparing proposed child support worksheets, it's on the DCS (Division of Child Support) website, at: <http://www.courts.wa.gov/ssgen/default.aspx>.

The calculator has a printable help section and offers step by step instructions. The estimate will be more useful if the information you put into the calculator is correct.

The calculator may not work if you are asking for a deviation from the standard child support calculation. (Deviations are often requested, for example, in situations where the parents share joint custody of the children, when there are children from other relationships, and where each parent has custody of one of the children.)

1. **Caption your worksheets:** At the top of worksheet page 1, fill in, where indicated, the name of the mother and father, the name of your county, and the case number.
2. **Above the caption,** check the box to show whether these worksheets are proposed or an order signed by the judge. If they are proposed, check the box showing who's proposing them.
3. **Child Support Order Summary Report.** Fill out this section only if you are also preparing a child support order to be signed by the judge. If so, come back to it after you've filled out the rest of the form.
4. **List the names and ages** of the children you have with the other parent in the very first box under the heading, *Worksheets*.
5. **To fill out the worksheets, follow the instructions in the Washington State Child Support Schedule.** The instructions explain the meaning of gross and net income and also explain how to list your income. They also tell you how to fill in the rest of the financial information.
6. **Fill in the columns of the Worksheet that apply to you (Father or Mother).**
7. **Fill in the information for the other parent, if you know or can estimate his/her income and expenses.** If you've used estimates, write that on the form. If you have any income information for the other parent, even if it's an estimate, use that information. Explain in the "Other Factors for Consideration" at Line 26 any income information you listed which isn't based on wage stubs or tax returns. The other parent will have the chance to correct any information that's wrong.

If you can't get accurate income information about the other parent and can't estimate his/her income based on what you know, follow the instructions for *imputing* income to the other parent in page 2 of the Instructions.

8. **Low-income limitations.** If you are very low-income, there are 3 different ways to adjust your child support payment using the worksheets. See the "Limitation Standards" section of the Schedule, page 3, paragraphs 2 – 4. (Paragraph 1 of that section describes a method you can use to adjust your income when you are filling out the Order of Child Support.)
9. **Health Care Expenses.** If you pay uninsured medical expenses for the children that you want to include in the transfer payment, write the expenses in section 10 of the worksheets. **Only include regular expenses (such as a monthly health insurance premium) in this section.** Don't include doctor bills that may change over time.

On line 10a, fill in any payments that either parent makes for the children's health insurance premiums. Only that part of the premium that the parent actually pays for the

child or children in the order of child support should be included. **DON'T INCLUDE** the part paid by the employer, or parts for the parent or other family members. **On line 10b**, fill in any other monthly uninsured medical expenses.

Child Support adjustment and modification cases only: If your existing order includes uninsured medical expenses in the transfer payment, and the expense has changed, fill in the new expense in section 10 of the worksheets.

10. **Daycare, Education & Travel Expenses May Be Included.** In section 11, fill in your daycare, tuition or other special child care expense if you want to have that amount included in the transfer payment. If you do this, you should mark the first box in paragraph 3.15 of the Order of Child Support. However, in most cases, you shouldn't list your daycare, education and travel expenses in the worksheets at all. Instead, include them under paragraph 3.15 of the Order of Child Support.

Child Support adjustment and modification cases only: If your existing order includes day care education and travel expenses in the transfer payment, and the expense has changed, fill in the new expense in section 11 of the worksheets.

Think carefully about whether to include your daycare amounts in your worksheets. Daycare expenses tend to change over time, and may decrease as your children get older and no longer need to be in daycare. If you include daycare in the transfer payment, but your daycare expenses later aren't as large as the amount in your worksheets, the other parent may file an administrative or a court action to try to make you repay the overpaid daycare. The court may order you to repay the daycare if you were overpaid by 20% or more.⁷ This could result in your owing a large debt to the other parent.

You may want to have DCS compute and collect daycare. See the instructions for paragraph 3.15 of the Order of Child Support.⁸

11. If there are other adults contributing money to you or to the other parent's household, or if you or the other parent has other children to support, or has many debts to pay, or if there is other income, or if there are other special circumstances, list such information on the worksheet. See the "Limitation Standards and the "Deviation Standards" on pages 3-4 of the Definitions and Standards section of the Washington State Child Support Schedule to decide what information to fill in.
12. **On the last page of the worksheet**, you can write in additional information. You can also explain how you calculated the amount of support. State how you calculated each parent's income. If the income you put for either parent is imputed or estimated, write how you figured out the income amount. If you believe support should be less than the standard calculation, state how much it should be and why.

Make Sure You Fill in the Worksheet Completely. There are many lines on the worksheets. It takes time and patience to fill them out completely. Complete the worksheet as accurately and completely as you can.

⁷ [RCW 26.19.080\(3\)](#).

The child support payment or “transfer payment” is decided based upon the information on this worksheet.

Child Support Order Summary Report.

If you are completing a temporary or permanent order of child support to be signed by the judge, return to page 1 of the worksheets and complete this section. If not, skip this paragraph. Go to Signature.

Item A. If this is the first child support order, check “does not.” If you had an earlier court or administrative child support order and this order changes it, check “does.”

Item B. Fill in the amount on item 17 of the worksheets signed by the judge.

Item C. Look at paragraph 3.5 of the Order of Child Support (transfer payment). Write the amount from paragraph 3.5 *total monthly transfer amount* into paragraph C of the summary report. Check whether it will be paid by mother or father.

Item D. Look at paragraph 3.7 of the Order of Child Support.

- If the first box (*no deviation*) is checked in the Order, check the first box in the Summary Report, “*Does not apply.*”
- If the second box in Paragraph 3.7 of the Order of Child Support is checked, check the box in the Summary Report that best summarizes the reason the judge gave for allowing a deviation. If none of the items applies, check the “other” box and explain. (Example: if the Order allows a deviation because of special medical needs of the children, then check the *other* box in the Summary. Write in “special medical needs of the children.”)

Item E. Look at paragraphs 3.2 and 3.3 of the Order of Child Support. If the Order uses the actual income of the paying and receiving parent, check the “actual income” boxes for each parent. If the Order shows that income is imputed, check the imputed income box for that parent.

Item F. If all health care, day care, and special child rearing expenses are listed in Part II of the worksheets, check this box.

Signature: Sign where indicated. Show the date and place (city) you signed.

F. Financial Declaration – WPF DRPSCU 01.1550

1. Should I Fill Out This Form?

Use one of these forms if you, or the other parent, wants the court to set child support or to order financial relief (something that costs a party money, such as paying the other party’s attorney’s fees, paying for counseling, etc.).

◆ If there is more than one other party for whom you need to give the court financial information, make at least one more copy of pages 2 and 3 (paragraphs 3.1 & 3.2) of the blank Financial Declaration form.

Caption. Fill in the caption, your name, and your date of birth.

I. Summary of Basic Information.

Skip this section and come back to it after you have completed the rest of the form.

II. Personal Information.

Paragraph 2.1. Under “occupation,” write your current job. For example, you might be a teacher, software engineer, farm worker, unemployed, etc.

Paragraph 2.2. Fill in the highest year of education you completed.

Paragraph 2.3. Check yes or no. If you are working now, fill in only 2.3a. If you are not working now, fill in only 2.3 b.

III. Income Information.

This section asks for information about the parties’ incomes. If you do not know how much another party’s income is, you should give your best estimate, or use the support schedule’s instructions for imputing income. You do not have to fill in sections 3.1 and 3.2 if you are a parent and complete the child support worksheets.

Nonparents using this form need to complete sections 3.1 and 3.2 about their own financial situation. In addition, if the nonparents have not completed child support worksheets detailing the parents’ finances, they should put the parents’ income information here.

Write your name above one column and the other party’s name above the other column. If there are more parties, make another copy of page 2 and 3 of the Financial Declaration, and write on it your case number, and the other party’s name as well as their financial information. If you need to attach this separate page, write on this financial declaration form that the other party’s information is attached, and make sure you write the name of the party you are describing in each column of the form and your attachment. For example: if the other parties are the children’s mother and father, you could write your name and financial information in the first column of this financial declaration, write the father’s information in the second column, and attach a separate copy of page 2 and 3 with one of the columns filled out with the mother’s name and financial information.

- **Fill in the income information and income deduction information requested,** making sure that you use the correct column for each party named at the top of the column.
- **Income From Benefits.** Do not include income from needs-based public assistance (TANF, SSI, GA-U, VA benefits, food stamps) under section 3.1.⁹ If a parent receives Social Security Disability (SSDI) or workers’ compensation (L&I, or other disability benefits from an employer), fill that amount in under 3.1.e “Other Income.”

⁹ [RCW 26.19.071\(4\)](#).

- **Work-Related Disability Benefits:** If the child/ren receive dependent benefits as a result of a parent's disability (as may happen when the parent gets SSDI, L&I and some employer-paid disability benefits) or Social Security retirement, the payments that they receive directly count as income to that parent even if the money is actually paid to the other parent or custodian. Make sure to add those amounts to income of the parent who gets SSDI, L & I) under 3.1.e. **Those benefits should also be credited as child support paid by the parent** (in other words, the obligated parent's support should be reduced dollar for dollar by the amount of the dependent benefits his/her children receive directly for current child support). See RCW 26.18.190; In re Marriage of Maples, 78 Wash. App. 696 (1995).
- **Deductions From Income.** If you include deductions from income other than income tax, FICA, and L&I payments, provide documents that prove each deduction.¹⁰ Pay stubs may show union and pension plan deductions; however, you will need to provide additional documents (such as some pages from a collective bargaining agreement or employee handbook, or a letter from the employer) showing that these deductions are required. If pension deductions are voluntary, show documents to prove that the deduction has been taken for at least two years or it may not be allowed. If you are claiming business expenses, be prepared to present business records and receipts showing how much your expenses are if the other party disputes your claims. Follow the instructions at the end of the Financial Declaration Form and attach private financial information to the Financial Source Documents Cover Sheet.

Paragraph 3.3

Follow the instructions to fill in monthly net income.

Paragraph 3.4. Miscellaneous Income.

Under miscellaneous income, fill in any money received regularly, and describe it in the blanks. This is the place to fill in the amounts a party receives in TANF, GA-U, SSI, and food stamps.

Paragraph 3.5. Income of Other Adults in the Household.

Fill in the gross monthly income of the other adults in the household. That income will not be included in calculating the basic child support obligation, but might be considered by the court if someone asks for a deviation from the standard child support amount.

Paragraph 3.6. Disputed income.

If you think the income of any party will be disputed, state what you believe the correct amount of income is for that party and explain why you believe that is the true amount.

IV. Available Assets.

Fill in your assets. Liquid assets are cash, things that you own that could easily be sold for cash (e.g., stocks, bonds, etc.)

V. Monthly Expense Information.

¹⁰ [RCW 26.19.071\(5\)](#).

Fill in your monthly household expenses. In the first sentence, fill in the number of dependents who actually live with you (e.g., number of children in your household). This does not include children who do not live with you most of the time. Fill in your best estimate of each expense. Many expenses are not paid every month. For those expenses, take the actual amount you pay and calculate the monthly average. For example, if you pay your car insurance every six months, take the amount you pay, divide it by 6, and put that amount in the blank under 5.5.

Your total monthly expenses may end up being larger than your net monthly household income. That is common, particularly for people who have a low income. In reality, when you do not have enough money to meet all of your expenses, you may put off paying a certain bill, or you might make other cutbacks in your expenses. You do not need to make sure that your monthly expenses are equal to or less than your income. On the other hand, if your expenses are far greater than your income, the court might ask questions about how you are meeting your expenses. You should be prepared to show the court how you are doing it.

Paragraphs 5.10. Installment Debts & 5.11 Other Debts. Section 5.10 is for giving more details about expenses that are already listed as expenses in 5.1 through 5.8. For example, you would fill in your mortgage and your car loan here, even though you probably already included your mortgage as an expense under 5.1. If you have other debts, such as credit card debts that you have not already included as expenses in sections 5.1 – 5.8, you should fill them in under 5.11.

Paragraph 5.12. Total Expenses. Add paragraphs 5.9 and 5.11.

VI. Attorney Fees.

If you hire an attorney for this case, you should fill in those expenses, as well as any costs (for serving the other party, mailing, filing fees, etc.) here. If you owe debts to an attorney for another case, you should put that in section 5.11.

Signature:

Do not forget to sign at “Signature of declarant”) and date the form and fill in the city and state where you sign it.

Financial Records List:

Do not attach your financial records to this form. Check the boxes for the records you will give the court and the other parties and write descriptions of those records in the space provided. Attach the financial records to the sealed financial source documents cover sheet form (also in this packet).

G. Declaration Regarding Public Assistance - WPF DRPSCU 01.0600

We do not include this form in our packets. It is optional. Our instructions tell you to serve the State in any case where TANF, Medicaid, or foster care are involved, and we instruct you to get the state's signature on all default and agreed orders where the state might have an interest in the child support obligation in your case. However, some people may need the form if required in your county, or if you need to verify that no public assistance has been paid or that the children are not in foster care or out of home placement. You can get the form at the Administrator of the Courts website <http://www.courts.wa.gov/forms/index.cfm?fa=forms.static&staticID=14>.

H. Sealed Financial Source Documents (Cover Sheet) – WPF DRPSCU 09.0220

Petitioners and respondents must use this form whenever they file private financial documents with the court. Keep a blank copy of this form in case you need to file more financial documents later. You may attach one form to a stack of documents.

1. **Caption.** Fill in the caption.
2. **Check the boxes next to each type of paper that you are filing.** The instructions to the child support worksheets tell you which documents you need to file if you are submitting child support worksheets.
3. If you are afraid for your safety or the safety of the children, you may block out information that identifies location on the copies that you file with the court and deliver to the other parties.
4. The person submitting the form should sign under “submitted by.”
5. At the top of the first page of each set of financial papers, about one inch from the top of the paper, write “Sealed.”

I. Order of Child Support - WPF PS 01.0500 or WPF PS 15.0700

1. Should I Fill Out This Form?

You will need this form

- if you are filing or responding to a motion that asks for child support to be set, or
- if you are completing your Establishment of Parentage or Petition for Parenting Plan case and the court is setting child support, or
- if child support is being changed as part of a parenting plan modification case.

If you are filing a Petition to Establish Parentage, or a Petition for a Parenting Plan, fill out this form at the start of the case only if **temporary** child support is requested in a motion.

If using this form, make sure to choose the right one for your type of case:

- **WPF PS 01.0500** where parentage is being established as part of the case (or modifications in this type of case) or
- **WPF PS 15.0700** where parentage has already been established (usually where the parents signed a paternity affidavit after July 1, 1997), or modifications in this type case.

◆ Our instructions for the Order of Child Support are written to cover several different types of family law cases. For some paragraphs you'll need to find and follow the instructions for your type of case or for the exact stage of your case.

- If you are writing the order as a **proposed order**, fill it in to show the decision you are asking the court to make.
- If you are preparing it because you've reached **agreement**, fill it in to show your agreement.
- If you are preparing it after the judge has announced his/her decision, fill it in to show the **decision the judge made**, even if you don't agree with it.

After the judge signs a temporary or permanent Order of Child Support, get a conformed copy from the court clerk. (The main packets you are using have more information about orders the judge has signed.)

Caption.

Fill in the caption. On the right side, under your case number, check the box to show whether this is a temporary order (entered before your case is over) or a final order (entered with other final orders at the end of the case).

I. Judgment Summary.

◆ Note: There are now two separate judgment summaries. 1.1 is for non-medical support only. 1.2 is for medical support. The instructions below work for both 1.1 and 1.2.

Check the second box and fill in the judgment summary if you'll use this Order of Child Support as a final order with your Findings and Judgment or Decree, or with your Order on Modification of Parenting Plan or Child Support, and the other parent owes back child support or attorney's fees. Otherwise, check the first box, *Does Not Apply*.

If you are modifying a previous support order, in most cases, the court may not change the child support amount any earlier than the date that the petition for modification was served on the other party. However, if you asked for a judgment for back child support in your Petition, or your Response, or if the Periodic Adjustment paragraph (3.16) of your current Order of Child Support allows you to adjust support to a date that's effective before the date that you served the petition, you may be able to ask the court to enter a judgment for back child support. In that case, fill out the judgment summary section.

- A. Judgment creditor:** Fill in the name of the person to whom the support is owed.
- B. Judgment debtor:** Fill in the name of the parent who owes the support.
- C. Principal judgment amount:** Fill in the total back non-medical or medical support owed, and the dates for which it's owed.
- D. Interest to the date of judgment:** Write the total amount of interest due for the back (medical or non-medical) support.

◆ By Washington law, child support earns simple interest of 12% per year, whether or not your Order of Child Support says that your support amount earns interest. If you want to collect interest, you must figure it out yourself. Generally, you apply any payments made toward back support to the oldest unpaid support payments. You'd multiply the outstanding principal from each month by 1% per month.

- E. Attorney's Fees:** If you are asking for attorney's fees or the court awards them at your hearing/trial¹¹, write the amounts in here.
- F. Costs:** Fill in any costs of your legal case (filing fee, service fees, etc.)
- G. Interest:** Interest should be no higher than 12%.
- H. Attorneys fees.** See G, above.
- I & J. Attorneys:** Fill in the attorney for each party, or "pro se" if the party didn't have an attorney.
- K. Other:** If needed, use this space to explain the judgment in more detail.

II. Basis.

Paragraph 2.1 This paragraph identifies the type of case and the stage of the case. Check the box that shows your type of order. If you are not sure, look at the other order(s) the judge is signing now as part of your case.

III. Findings and Order.

Paragraph 3.1. Children for Whom Support is Required.

Write in the names and ages of the children covered by this order.

Paragraphs 3.2 Person Paying Support and 3.3 Person Receiving Support.

Fill out as much of the information as you can for the person who'll be paying the support and the person who'll receive it.

¹¹ This packet doesn't tell you how to request attorney's fees or when the court might allow them.

Don't fill in your home address if you are concerned about your address being in a public record. But do list an address where you can get your legal mail on a regular basis even after the case is finished. If you change your address for legal mail, you must give your new address to DCS, the other party and to the court very soon by filing an updated Confidential Information Form. If you don't update your address information with the court, the other party, and with DCS, you could be served with legal papers at the address you filled in on this form, and orders could be entered without notice to you.

◆ If you write your home address on this form, it will be available to the other parties in your case, and will be in the public court record. If you are afraid to give out your home address, don't write your home address on this form. Use a P.O. Box or an address of a friend or relative who is stable in his/her residence and will get mail to you quickly. You may be able to get a safe address from your local domestic violence program or shelter.

If you are preparing a proposed order:

The net income listed in paragraphs 3.2 and 3.3 should be the same net income information that you used in line 3 of the child support worksheets. If the income in the worksheets is based on actual numbers, then you should check the box next to "*Actual Monthly Net Income.*" Then write in the same net income information that you used in line 3 of the child support worksheets.

Under a new law passed in 2009, you can now in some circumstances exempt some overtime pay or pay from a 2nd job. If you believe these circumstances apply to the paying parent in your case, check the box next to "The court excludes." Then check the appropriate box or boxes underneath. You should also exclude that amount of income from the wages and salaries listed in the worksheets on line 1a, and disclose the excluded income in the worksheets on line 22c.

If a parent has no income, or you don't know what it is, you must *impute* income to that parent in the worksheets on line 1f. For more information about imputing income, see pages 2 and 5 of the Washington State Child Support Schedule Definitions and Standards, and RCW 26.19.071(6).

If you impute income, check the box next to "*the net income of the obligor/obligee is imputed at.*" Then write the same net income information that you used in line 3 of the child support worksheets. Then, check one of the three boxes below, based on whether you are imputing income because that parent's income is unknown, the parent is voluntarily unemployed, or the parent is voluntarily under-employed.

The amount of imputed income must be based on one of the methods listed in the child support order after the part that begins "*The amount of imputed income is based on...*" You must use the first option for which you have information, beginning with current rate of pay information, and ending with the Median Net Monthly Income Table. Check the appropriate box(es) showing how you imputed income.

If you are preparing an order based upon the judge’s decision at your trial or hearing, fill in the income information the judge announced for each parent. State whether the judge found that the income is net or imputed. If it’s imputed, check the appropriate box to show the reason for imputing. Then check what information the judge based his/her imputation on, as appropriate.

Paragraph 3.5. Transfer Payment.

Paragraph 3.5 shows the obligated parent’s basic share of the monthly child support obligation for the children. Write in the children’s names. If support will be the standard calculation child support amount (and not a deviation), write the amount listed at line 17 of the child support worksheets for the parent covered by this order in the blank next to “Total Monthly Transfer Amount.”

On the other hand, if you are requesting or if the court ordered a deviation from the standard calculation, write in the blank the amount this parent will be ordered to pay. For a detailed explanation of the meaning of “standard calculation,” “deviations” and “limitations,” see pages 2-4 of the Washington State Child Support Schedule Definitions and Standards.

Don’t fill in the blanks above the “Total Monthly Transfer Amount” line unless you need to write in how much of the total child support payment is for each child. You can do this where one child is going to turn 18, graduate from high school very soon and will no longer need support (see instructions for paragraph 3.13), or if one of the children is going to turn 12 soon. If you specify the child support amount for each child, write in the blanks next to each child’s name the amount of support that will be paid by this parent for each child. To figure out the child support for each child, multiply the basic support obligation for that child (in the left-hand box at line 5 on the child support worksheets) by this parent’s proportional share of income (line 6 of the worksheets). Make sure the amounts you write in for each child all add up to the “Total Monthly Transfer Amount” you’ve written on the last line.

After you’ve filled out the “Total Monthly Transfer Amount” section, read items #1 to #4 below to see if you also need to check any of the boxes in Paragraph 3.5.

1. Check the box (“The parents combined monthly ...”) if the parents’ combined monthly net income is over \$12,000 and the paying parent will pay more than the presumptive child support amount for combined monthly incomes of \$12,000. Then explain why the transfer payment should be higher than the presumptive amount.

◆ Special rules apply to set child support when both parents’ combined monthly net income is over \$12,000. A parent in this situation is likely to be able to afford an attorney. Therefore this packet won’t give details about the special rules that apply to wealthier households. See the Washington State Child Support Schedule at pages 3 for more information. RCW 26.09.020 & .065.

2. Check the next box (“The court finds that the ... exceeds 45% of his or her net income...”) if the total child support owed by the paying parent for **all** of his/her children would be more than 45% of his/her net income if s/he were ordered to pay the amount at line 17 (called the standard calculation).

◆ 45% of each parents' net income is calculated on line 18 of the worksheets. Child support owed for children from other relationships is listed on line 24 of the worksheets.

The court decides whether to reduce the transfer payment to avoid exceeding 45% of the paying parent's net income based upon the best interest of the children and the circumstances of each parent. The court must consider the the paying parent's child support obligations to all of his/her children, but can only reduce the obligation owed to the children involved in this court case.

If you are preparing a proposed order, check the appropriate boxes for whether you believe it would be "just" or "unjust" to apply the 45% limitation. Then give your reasons for why it would be "just" or "unjust" to apply the limitation in the space after the words "based upon the best interests of the child(ren)..." If you are saying it's "just" to apply the limitation, then you should reduce the transfer payment amount you've listed above in paragraph 3.5, to reflect the 45% limitation. If you are saying that it's "unjust" to apply the limitation, then the transfer payment should be the same as the standard calculation.

3. Check the next box ("If one of the children ...") if child support will change.
Examples: one of the children no longer needs child support or turns 12. Then fill in the information about the future obligation.
 - To find out how much the child support should increase after the child turns 12, look at the Economic Table at page 10 of the Washington State Child Support Schedule, column B, for the number of children that are in the support order.
 - To find out how much child support should be paid for a child after that child's sibling graduates and no longer needs support, look at the basic child support obligation in the Economic Table for the family size that's one child smaller than the number of children in your support order.
4. Check the third box (downward modification) or the fourth box (upward modification) if this order modifies an earlier support order and there's now an overpayment or underpayment. IF you check one of these boxes, fill in the amount of the over/underpayment and how it shall be paid.
5. Check "other" if the paying parent's getting credit for benefits that the children are receiving directly because of that parent's disability. Write in the blank that the paying parent's receiving credit for disability payments to the children. Then write how much those benefits are per month.

◆ **If a child gets Social Security or Labor and Industries benefits or other disability benefits on behalf of a disabled parent**, that parent should ask the court to credit the amount paid to the child as part of the parent's child support payment. Make it clear that credit should only be given if the

benefits are actually paid, as parents sometimes become able to work and stop getting benefits. Also, be sure the SSA or L&I income for both the disabled parent and the children is listed on the child support worksheets as income to the disabled parent.

Paragraph 3.6. Standard Calculation.

Write the amount listed at line 17 of the worksheets you proposed, even if that's not the amount you are asking the court to set. If you are writing this order after the judge made a decision, write in the figure on line 17 of the worksheets the judge approved.

Paragraph 3.7. Reasons for Deviation.

Check the first box "*the child support amount does not deviate...*" unless you are asking for (or agreeing to) deviation or the court ordered a deviation at your hearing.

If a deviation will be made, check the second box "*the child support amount ...deviates.*" Then check each box thereafter that applies to your situation. There are several reasons for deviation given in the Washington State Child Support Schedule at pages 3 - 4. Another reason for deviation may be a parent's temporary unemployment to receive schooling or training. You could write that in. Under "factual basis," write a short reason why each deviation applies. (Example: "Mother supports two other children from a previous marriage.")

Paragraph 3.8. Reasons Why Request for Deviation Was Denied.

If no one asked for a deviation, check "*A deviation was not requested.*"

If you are writing a proposed order, the other parent requested a deviation and you agree with it (or if you are the parent asking for the deviation), check the box for "*Does not apply. A deviation was ordered.*"

If you are writing a proposed order and if a parent asked for a deviation but you don't agree with it, mark the last box showing that "*deviation is denied.*" Show who requested that deviation. Then mark the box next to "no good reason exists for the deviation."

If the judge has already made a decision, check the first box if a deviation was given. Check the second box if no one requested a deviation. Check the third box if someone requested a deviation but the court denied it. Then show who requested the deviation and the reason it was denied.

Paragraph 3.9. Starting Date and Date to be Paid.

Write the date when child support due under this order will start, and the day of each month it will be due. (In most cases, the earliest that a new Order of Child Support can become effective is the date the petition was filed and served.) If the judge has set a date at your hearing or trial, write that in. If the parent will be paying other than once a month, note that here.

◆ **Caution:** Be careful how you word this section if your support is collected by DCS. If you want to have half of the support paid by one date and half by another, be specific. Don't write "1st and 15th." This may confuse DCS about whether the paying parent must pay the transfer payment twice per month. Instead, use language like this: "Day(s) of the month support is due:

½ of the transfer payment is due on the first and ½ is due on the 15th of each month.

Paragraph 3.10. Incremental Payments.

In most cases, you'll check "Does not apply."

However, if this order modifies an earlier support order, and the child support payment is going to increase by more than 30% over the previous amount, then consider allowing the paying parent to increase the payments gradually (or the court may order this). In you want to do this or if the court orders it, check the second box. Then fill in a date that's six months from the start date of the order (paragraph 3.9).

Paragraph 3.11. How Support Payments Shall be Made.

Check the first box (and the appropriate boxes in that paragraph's text) if the child has ever received public assistance or you'd like (or the court orders) the Division of Child Support (DCS) to help you collect your child support. It's usually good to have DCS collect your support. If DCS collects your support, DCS must help if the parent paying support becomes overdue or stops paying, and there will be documented proof of the dates and amounts of all payments.

If you want DCS to keep records of child support payments, but not try to collect, check the second box. If you want the paying parent to pay child support to the receiving parent directly, check the third box.

For more information about the differences between enforcement and payment processing services, contact your local DCS office.

Paragraph 3.12. Wage Withholding Action.

Usually, child support is deducted from the paying parent's wages and sent to the support registry. Therefore, most people won't check anything in this paragraph. However, if you want (or the court orders) a special exception made to the usual rule, check the first box, and the boxes thereafter that apply to your case. The court should order immediate wage withholding in most cases. The court must find good cause not to order wage withholding.

◆ You shouldn't be fired because your paycheck is being garnished for child support.¹² If your employer threatens to fire you if you are garnished, contact DCS, an attorney, your local legal services office, or CLEAR at 1-888-201-1014.

Paragraph 3.13. Termination of Support.

Our instructions for this form cover several types of support cases, so, in completing this paragraph, you need to identify the correct stage of your case. There are three types:

¹² [RCW 26.18.110\(8\)](#).

Temporary orders. If you are filing this form with a motion for temporary or emergency orders (or a response to a motion) (or after the court makes a temporary support decision at a hearing), check the first box.

Modification of final support orders. If you asked the court to change the date support terminates in your petition for Modification or Response, check the box showing when you want support to end. Or, if you are writing this order after trial, write in the date the judge ordered support to terminate. Most parents check the second box. Otherwise, check the same boxes that are checked on your current Order of Child Support. (Note: the order of boxes in the form has been changed. Read the text. Don't just count the box number if you are copying from your current order.)

Final orders in dissolution and parentage cases. If your children aren't yet in high school and aren't disabled, check the second box (ordering support through high school or age 18, whichever is later), unless the court has ordered otherwise. If one of your children is disabled and will need your support even after age 18, check the fourth box. Then write in the child's name. If your children are high school age and you want the parent to be ordered to pay for college or vocational school (or the court has ordered this), check the fifth box. If you want child support to end at some other time (or the court has ordered this), check the sixth box and write in when support will end. It's usual for child support to end when the child turns 18 years old **or** completes secondary (high school) education, whichever is later.

Paragraph 3.14. Post-Secondary Educational Support.

This paragraph is about support for college or vocational education after high school.

Identify the correct stage of your case in completing this paragraph. Then follow the instructions for that stage.

Child support Modification cases. If you asked the court to set post secondary support, or to change this part of your current Order of Child Support, check the box showing whether you want post secondary support to be ordered, and when. Or, if you prepare this form after trial, show the judge's decision. Most parents of children younger than high school age check the first box. If you didn't ask the court to change this provision, check the same boxes that are checked on your current Order of Child Support. (Note: the order of boxes in the form has been changed. Read the text. Don't just count the box number if you are copying from your current order.)

Final Orders in dissolution or parentage cases. If you know that you never want either parent to be required to help pay for your child's college (or if the court has ordered this), check the third box "*no post-secondary educational support.*" If needs for support to attend school after high school are unknown because the child is too young or plans not yet certain, but you want to have the chance to return to court before the child's 18th birthday to request support (or the court has said you could return later), check the first box "*the right to petition ...is reserved.*" If you know that both parents should be required to pay for college, but the child isn't going to college soon, check the second box, "*the parents shall pay.*" If you want to write in a requirement that post-secondary support be paid, and how it should be paid (or if the court has ordered this), check the last box. Then write that information in the blank.

Paragraph 3.15. Payment for Expenses Not Included in the Transfer Payment.

Fill out this section based on whether there are daycare and educational expenses for the children that the paying (noncustodial) parent should be ordered to help pay, or that the court ordered this parent to pay when you had your trial or hearing.

If daycare or other expenses were included in Sections 8 and 9 of the worksheets, or you don't want the paying parent to pay for daycare, educational or long distance transportation expenses (or the court denied this), check the first box "*does not apply.*" Skip the rest of the paragraph.

If you have daycare, educational, or long distance transportation expenses (such as when the parents live in different states), and you'd like each parent to contribute to those expenses based on a percentage amount (or if the court ordered this at trial) check the second box and the appropriate indented box(es). Fill in the income proportions from line 6 of the child support worksheets (example: .60 on line 6 would be filled in as 60% of the daycare expense). You must check either the box requiring payment to be made to the daycare (or other service) provider, or to the receiving parent.

If daycare or other expenses weren't included in Sections 8 and 9 of the worksheets, but the paying parent should be ordered pay a fixed amount towards these expenses (or the court ordered this), check the third box and each indented box that applies. Fill in the information in any box you checked.

◆ If you want DCS to collect daycare for you, check the box requiring that payments be made to the parent receiving support. Also check "other." Then write in: *The receiving parent shall provide receipts for daycare to DCS, which shall calculate and collect the paying parent's proportionate share of daycare from her/him at least once every six months. The paying parent's proportionate share of daycare is _____ (fill in proportion from line 6 of child support worksheets).*

Paragraph 3.16. Periodic Adjustment.

In most cases, you'll check "Does not apply." If this paragraph says "Does not apply," then you may adjust or modify this order according to Washington law.

If you'd like the child support amount adjusted periodically, such as every year due to small changes in income (or if the court ordered this), check the second box. Then specify when adjustments should occur. (Note: you'll still have to go back to court to get the adjustment. It won't automatically happen.)

Paragraph 3.17. Income Tax Exemptions.

Read the instructions for the proper stage of your case.

Proposed orders in Modification cases: If you asked the court to change the income tax exemption in the Petition for Modification or Response, check the box that you'd like to apply (or that the court orders at your modification trial). If you didn't ask the court to change the income tax exemption, check the same box as the one that's checked in your current Order of Child Support.

Proposed Orders in dissolution and parentage cases: If you want the custodial parent to claim the children as dependents on their federal income taxes, check the first box. If you want to divide the dependent exemptions for the children, check the second box. Then write in which parent should claim the exemptions. You may split the exemptions between the parents, or alternate even/odd years. If the paying (noncustodial) parent is going to claim the exemptions part of the time, you should check the third box that requires the parents to sign a form with the IRS that tells who gets the tax exemptions. If you are the parent receiving support, you should check the fourth box. Then write in that “the obligor may claim the exemption only if the obligor has fully paid all child support, daycare, and uninsured medical expenses that are owed as of December 31st of the relevant tax year.” That way, if the other parent doesn’t pay support payments on time, that parent won’t be allowed to take the exemption.

Orders entered after hearing or trial. If the court has made a decision about income tax exemptions, fill in this paragraph to show the judge’s decision.

Paragraph 3.18. Medical Support.

If you are filling this out as a proposed order:

In general, show what you are asking the judge to order.

If you don’t have enough information, or if you don’t want the court to make a ruling about medical support, check A.(1): “There is insufficient evidence...” Next, go down to C. and check the first box. Then skip to Paragraph 3.19. Be aware: the provisions of Paragraph 3.18.2. will apply even when the court doesn’t make a specific ruling about medical support.

If you have information about whether or not health insurance coverage is available:

First, check A.(2): “There is sufficient evidence...”

Next, check the second box under B.

There’s a chart right below the first two check boxes for B. Fill in the name of each parent in the first two top boxes of the chart. The column below each name is the column for that parent. Check the boxes as they apply to each parent.

Next, check the second box for C. Then fill out the chart and columns the same as you did for B.

Where you are given room to explain why a box is checked, after “*because,*” try to do so briefly.

If you are filling this out after a hearing:

Show what the judge ordered, even if different from what you asked for. Use the support worksheets approved by the judge.

Paragraph 3.19. Uninsured Medical Expenses.

Most people should write in the father’s proportional share of income from the worksheets at line 6 in the first blank and the mother’s proportional share of income from the worksheets at line 6 in the second blank. If the court orders a different amount in your case, write in what the court orders.

Paragraph 3.20. Back Child Support.

In most cases, you'll check the second box: "Back child support that may be owed is not affected by this order" and the fifth box: "Back interest that may be owed is not affected by this order."

If you want the court to set back support (or if the court set back support at your hearing or trial), check the third box. Then write in the dates for which back support should be paid and the amount. For more information on computing back support, look at the section above on the Judgment Summary.

◆ **Caution:** Don't check the first box unless you know that the paying parent owes no back child support or unless the court ordered this. If you check the first box, the paying parent could be excused from paying any back support owed.

If you want the court to set back interest (or the court set back support at your hearing or trial), check the third box. Then write in the dates and the amount of back interest that should be paid. For more information on computing back interest, look at the section above on the Judgment Summary.

◆ **Caution:** Don't check the fourth box unless you know that the paying parent owes no interest on back child support at all or unless the court ordered this. If you check the fourth box, the paying parent could be excused from paying any of the interest owed.

Paragraph 3.21. Past Due Unpaid Medical Support.

If you are filling out a proposed order, check the boxes to show what you want the judge to order.

If you are filling this out after a hearing, check the boxes to show what the judge ordered, even if different than what you asked for. You should also include a declaration and supporting documents to prove the debt.

Paragraph 3.22. Other Unpaid Obligations.

If you are filling out a proposed order, check the boxes to show what you want the judge to order.

If you are filling this out after a hearing, check the boxes to show what the judge ordered, even if different than what you asked for. You should also include a declaration and supporting documents to prove the debt.

Paragraph 3.23. Other.

Read the instructions for your type of case.

Modifications of Child Support. Unless one party requested a modification of this paragraph or the court ordered it, look at your current Order of Child Support and fill in any information written under "Other." If this paragraph is being modified from your existing order, write in the

changes being requested, if you agree with them, or if you've had your hearing or trial, write in the judge's decision.

Dissolution and parentage cases. Write in any additional rules you'd like to include or that the judge ordered.

Signature. **DON'T fill in the date or Judge's signature.** The Judge will do that when s/he approves the final order.

Sign and print your name on the lines below "Presented by." Check the box about full support enforcement services. Sign if you would like the Division of Child Support to help you collect your child support. (Read the item about when DCS may charge an annual \$25 fee.)

If the other parent agrees with the Order of Child Support, he or she should sign and print his or her name on the lines below "*Approved for entry, Notice of presentation waived.*"

If the State of Washington is a party in your case, the Deputy Prosecuting Attorney must sign your order before you present it to the judge.

Section 5: Blank Forms

The rest of this packet contains blank forms for you to complete. Make a copy of each form so that you have an extra in case your first draft needs lots of changes. You may need forms from other packets, and you may not need all the forms in this packet.

II. Basis for Restrictions

Under certain circumstances, as outlined below, the court may limit or prohibit a parent's contact with the child(ren) and the right to make decisions for the child(ren).

2.1 Parental Conduct (RCW 26.09.191(1), (2))

- Does not apply.
- The mother's father's residential time with the children shall be limited or restrained completely, and mutual decision-making and designation of a dispute resolution process other than court action shall not be required because this parent a person residing with this parent has engaged in the conduct which follows:
 - Willful abandonment that continues for an extended period of time or substantial refusal to perform parenting functions (this applies only to parents, not to a person who resides with a parent).
 - Physical, sexual or a pattern of emotional abuse of a child.
 - A history of acts of domestic violence as defined in RCW 26.50.010(1) or an assault or sexual assault which causes grievous bodily harm or the fear of such harm.

2.2 Other Factors (RCW 26.09.191(3))

- Does not apply.
- The mother's father's involvement or conduct may have an adverse effect on the child's best interests because of the existence of the factors which follow:
 - Neglect or substantial nonperformance of parenting functions.
 - A long-term emotional or physical impairment which interferes with the performance of parenting functions as defined in RCW 26.09.004.
 - A long-term impairment resulting from drug, alcohol, or other substance abuse that interferes with the performance of parenting functions.
 - The absence or substantial impairment of emotional ties between the parent and child.
 - The abusive use of conflict by the parent which creates the danger of serious damage to the child's psychological development.
 - A parent has withheld from the other parent access to the child for a protracted period without good cause.
 - Other:

III. Residential Schedule

The residential schedule must set forth where the child(ren) shall reside each day of the year, including provisions for holidays, birthdays of family members, vacations, and other special occasions, and what contact the child(ren) shall have with each parent. Parents are encouraged to create a residential schedule that meets the developmental needs of the child(ren) and individual needs of their family. Paragraphs 3.1 through 3.9 are one way to write your residential schedule. If you do not use these paragraphs, write in your own schedule in Paragraph 3.13.

3.1 Schedule for Children Under School Age

- There are no children under school age.
- Prior to enrollment in school, the child(ren) shall reside with the mother father, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

from (day and time) _____ to (day and time) _____
 every week every other week the first and third week of the month
 the second and fourth week of the month other:

from (day and time) _____ to (day and time) _____
 every week every other week the first and third week of the month
 the second and fourth week of the month other:

3.2 School Schedule

Upon enrollment in school, the child(ren) shall reside with the mother father, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

from (day and time) _____ to (day and time) _____
 every week every other week the first and third week of the month
 the second and fourth week of the month other:

from (day and time) _____ to (day and time) _____
 every week every other week the first and third week of the month
 the second and fourth week of the month other:

- The school schedule will start when each child begins kindergarten first grade
 other:

3.3 Schedule for Winter Vacation

The child(ren) shall reside with the mother father during winter vacation, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

3.4 Schedule for Other School Breaks

The child(ren) shall reside with the mother father during other school breaks, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

3.5 Summer Schedule

Upon completion of the school year, the child(ren) shall reside with the mother father, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

- Same as school year schedule.
- Other:

3.6 Vacation With Parents

- Does not apply.
- The schedule for vacation with parents is as follows:

3.7 Schedule for Holidays

The residential schedule for the child(ren) for the holidays listed below is as follows:

	With Mother (Specify Year <u>Odd/Even/Every</u>)	With Father (Specify Year <u>Odd/Even/Every</u>)
New Year’s Day	_____	_____
Martin Luther King Day	_____	_____
Presidents’ Day	_____	_____
Memorial Day	_____	_____
July 4th	_____	_____
Labor Day	_____	_____

Veterans' Day	_____	_____
Thanksgiving Day	_____	_____
Christmas Eve	_____	_____
Christmas Day	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

For purposes of this parenting plan, a holiday shall begin and end as follows (set forth times):

Holidays which fall on a Friday or a Monday shall include Saturday and Sunday.

Other:

3.8 Schedule for Special Occasions

The residential schedule for the child(ren) for the following special occasions (for example, birthdays) is as follows:

	With Mother (Specify Year <u>Odd/Even/Every</u>)	With Father (Specify Year <u>Odd/Even/Every</u>)
<u>Mother's Day</u>	_____	_____
<u>Father's Day</u>	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Other:

3.9 Priorities Under the Residential Schedule

Does not apply because one parent has no visitation or restricted visitation.

Paragraphs 3.3 - 3.8 have priority over paragraphs 3.1 and 3.2 in the following order:

Rank the order of priority, with 1 being given the highest priority:

____ winter vacation (3.3)	____ holidays (3.7)
____ school breaks (3.4)	____ special occasions (3.8)
____ summer schedule (3.5)	____ vacation with parents (3.6)

Other:

3.10 Restrictions

- Does not apply because there are no limiting factors in paragraphs 2.1 or 2.2.
- The mother's father's residential time with the children shall be limited because there are limiting factors in paragraphs 2.1 and 2.2. The following restrictions shall apply when the children spend time with this parent:

- There are limiting factors in paragraph 2.2, but there are no restrictions on the mother's father's residential time with the children for the following reasons:

3.11 Transportation Arrangements

Transportation costs are included in the Child Support Worksheets and/or the Order for Child Support and should not be included here.

Transportation arrangements for the child(ren) between parents shall be as follows:

3.12 Designation of Custodian

The children named in this parenting plan are scheduled to reside the majority of the time with the mother father. This parent is designated the custodian of the child(ren) solely for purposes of all other state and federal statutes which require a designation or determination of custody. This designation shall not affect either parent's rights and responsibilities under this parenting plan.

3.13 Other

3.14 Summary of RCW 26.09.430 - .480, Regarding Relocation of a Child

This is a summary only. For the full text, please see RCW 26.09.430 through 26.09.480.
Parenting Plan (PPP, PPT, PP) - Page 6 of 10
WPF PS 01.0400 Mandatory (6/2008) - RCW 26.26.130, 26.09.016, .181; .187; .194

If the person with whom the child resides a majority of the time plans to move, that person shall give notice to every person entitled to court ordered time with the child.

If the move is outside the child's school district, the relocating person must give notice by personal service or by mail requiring a return receipt. This notice must be at least 60 days before the intended move. If the relocating person could not have known about the move in time to give 60 days' notice, that person must give notice within five days after learning of the move. The notice must contain the information required in RCW 26.09.440. See also form DRPSCU 07.0500, (Notice of Intended Relocation of a Child).

If the move is within the same school district, the relocating person must provide actual notice by any reasonable means. A person entitled to time with the child may not object to the move but may ask for modification under RCW 26.09.260.

Notice may be delayed for 21 days if the relocating person is entering a domestic violence shelter or is moving to avoid a clear, immediate and unreasonable risk to health and safety.

If information is protected under a court order or the address confidentiality program, it may be withheld from the notice.

A relocating person may ask the court to waive any notice requirements that may put the health and safety of a person or a child at risk.

Failure to give the required notice may be grounds for sanctions, including contempt.

If no objection is filed within 30 days after service of the notice of intended relocation, the relocation will be permitted and the proposed revised residential schedule may be confirmed.

A person entitled to time with a child under a court order can file an objection to the child's relocation whether or not he or she received proper notice.

An objection may be filed by using the mandatory pattern form WPF DRPSCU 07.0700, (Objection to Relocation/Petition for Modification of Custody Decree/Parenting Plan/Residential Schedule). The objection must be served on all persons entitled to time with the child.

The relocating person shall not move the child during the time for objection unless: (a) the delayed notice provisions apply; or (b) a court order allows the move.

If the objecting person schedules a hearing for a date within 15 days of timely service of the objection, the relocating person shall not move the child before the hearing unless there is a clear, immediate and unreasonable risk to the health or safety of a person or a child.

IV. Decision Making

4.1 Day to Day Decisions

Each parent shall make decisions regarding the day-to-day care and control of each child while the child is residing with that parent. Regardless of the allocation of decision making in this parenting plan, either parent may make emergency decisions affecting the health or safety of the children.

4.2 Major Decisions

Major decisions regarding each child shall be made as follows:

Education decisions	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint
Non-emergency health care	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint
Religious upbringing	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint
_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint
_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint
_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint
_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint
_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint
_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint

4.3 Restrictions in Decision Making

Does not apply because there are no limiting factors in paragraphs 2.1 and 2.2 above.

Sole decision making shall be ordered to the mother father for the following reasons:

A limitation on the other parent’s decision making authority is mandated by RCW 26.09.191 (See paragraph 2.1).

Both parents are opposed to mutual decision making.

One parent is opposed to mutual decision making, and such opposition is reasonably based on the following criteria:

- (a) The existence of a limitation under RCW 26.09.191;
- (b) The history of participation of each parent in decision making in each of the areas in RCW 26.09.184(4)(a);
- (c) Whether the parents have demonstrated ability and desire to cooperate with one another in decision making in each of the areas in RCW 26.09.184(4)(a); and
- (d) The parents’ geographic proximity to one another, to the extent that it affects their ability to make timely mutual decisions.

There are limiting factors in paragraph 2.2, but there are no restrictions on mutual decision making for the following reasons:

V. Dispute Resolution

The purpose of this dispute resolution process is to resolve disagreements about carrying out this parenting plan. This dispute resolution process may, and under some local court rules or the provisions of this plan must, be used before filing a petition to modify the plan or a motion for contempt for failing to follow the plan.

Disputes between the parties, other than child support disputes, shall be submitted to (list person or agency):

- counseling by _____, or
- mediation by _____, if this box is checked and issues of domestic violence or child abuse are present, then the court finds that the victim requested mediation, that mediation is appropriate and that the victim is permitted to have a supporting person present during the mediation proceedings, or
- arbitration by _____.

The cost of this process shall be allocated between the parties as follows:

- _____% mother _____% father.
- based on each party's proportional share of income from line 6 of the child support worksheets.
- as determined in the dispute resolution process.

The dispute resolution process shall be commenced by notifying the other party by written request certified mail other:

In the dispute resolution process:

- (a) Preference shall be given to carrying out this Parenting Plan.
 - (b) Unless an emergency exists, the parents shall use the designated process to resolve disputes relating to implementation of the plan, except those related to financial support.
 - (c) A written record shall be prepared of any agreement reached in counseling or mediation and of each arbitration award and shall be provided to each party.
 - (d) If the court finds that a parent has used or frustrated the dispute resolution process without good reason, the court shall award attorney's fees and financial sanctions to the other parent.
 - (e) The parties have the right of review from the dispute resolution process to the superior court.
- No dispute resolution process, except court action is ordered.

VI. Other Provisions

- There are no other provisions.
- There are the following other provisions:

VII. Declaration for Proposed Parenting Plan

- Does not apply.
 (Only sign if this is a proposed parenting plan.) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington that this plan has been proposed in good faith and that the statements in Part II of this Plan are true and correct.

Mother

Date and Place (City and State) of Signature

Father

Date and Place (City and State) of Signature

VIII. Order by the Court

It is ordered, adjudged and decreed that the parenting plan set forth above is adopted and approved as an order of this court.

Warning: Violation of residential provisions of this order with actual knowledge of its terms is punishable by contempt of court and may be a criminal offense under RCW 9A.40.060(2) or RCW 9A.40.070(2). Violation of this order may subject a violator to arrest.

When mutual decision making is designated but cannot be achieved, the parties shall make a good faith effort to resolve the issue through the dispute resolution process.

If a parent fails to comply with a provision of this plan, the other parent's obligations under the plan are not affected.

Dated: _____

Judge/Commissioner

Presented by:

Approved for entry:

Signature of Party or Lawyer/WSBA No.

Signature of Party or Lawyer/WSBA No.

Print Name

Print Name

**Superior Court of Washington
County of**

In re the Parenting and Support of:

Child(ren)

Petitioner

and

Respondent.

No.

Parenting Plan

Proposed (PPP)

Temporary (PPT)

Final Order (PP)

This parenting plan is:

- the final parenting plan signed by the court pursuant to a judgment and order establishing Residential Schedule/Parenting Plan/Child Support signed by the court on this date or dated _____.
- the final parenting plan signed by the court pursuant to an order signed by the court on this date or dated _____, which modifies a previous parenting plan or custody decree.
- a temporary parenting plan signed by the court.
- proposed by (name) _____.

It is Ordered, Adjudged and Decreed:

I. General Information

This parenting plan applies to the following children:

Name

Age

II. Bases for Restrictions

Under certain circumstances, as outlined below, the court may limit or prohibit a parent's contact with the child(ren) and the right to make decisions for the child(ren).

2.1 Parental Conduct (RCW 26.09.191(1), (2))

- Does not apply.
- The mother's father's residential time with the child(ren) shall be limited or restrained completely, and mutual decision-making and designation of a dispute resolution process other than court action shall not be required because this parent a person residing with this parent has engaged in the conduct which follows:
 - Willful abandonment that continues for an extended period of time or substantial refusal to perform parenting functions (this applies only to parents, not to a person who resides with a parent).
 - Physical, sexual or a pattern of emotional abuse of a child.
 - A history of acts of domestic violence as defined in RCW 26.50.010(1) or an assault or sexual assault which causes grievous bodily harm or the fear of such harm.

2.2 Other Factors (RCW 26.09.191(3))

- Does not apply.
- The mother's father's involvement or conduct may have an adverse effect on the child's best interests because of the existence of the factors which follow:
 - Neglect or substantial nonperformance of parenting functions.
 - A long-term emotional or physical impairment which interferes with the performance of parenting functions as defined in RCW 26.09.004.
 - A long-term impairment resulting from drug, alcohol, or other substance abuse that interferes with the performance of parenting functions.
 - The absence or substantial impairment of emotional ties between the parent and child.
 - The abusive use of conflict by the parent which creates the danger of serious damage to the child's psychological development.
 - A parent has withheld from the other parent access to the child for a protracted period without good cause.
 - Other:

III. Residential Schedule

The residential schedule must set forth where the child(ren) shall reside each day of the year, including provisions for holidays, birthdays of family members, vacations, and other special occasions, and what contact the child(ren) shall have with each parent. Parents are encouraged to create a residential schedule that meets the developmental needs of the child(ren) and individual needs of their family. Paragraphs 3.1 through 3.9 are one way to write your residential schedule. If you do not use these paragraphs, write in your own schedule in Paragraph 3.13.

3.1 Schedule for Children Under School age.

- There are no children under school age.
- Prior to enrollment in school, the child(ren) shall reside with the mother father, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

from (day and time) _____ to (day and time) _____
 every week every other week the first and third week of the month the second and fourth week of the month other:

from (day and time) _____ to (day and time) _____
 every week every other week the first and third week of the month the second and fourth week of the month other:

3.2 School Schedule

Upon enrollment in school, the child(ren) shall reside with the mother father, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

from (day and time) _____ to (day and time) _____
 every week every other week the first and third week of the month the second and fourth week of the month other:

from (day and time) _____ to (day and time) _____
 every week every other week the first and third week of the month
 the second and fourth week of the month other:

- The school schedule will start when each child begins kindergarten first grade other:

3.3 Schedule for Winter Vacation

The child(ren) shall reside with the mother father during winter vacation, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

3.4 Schedule for Other School Breaks

The child(ren) shall reside with the mother father during other school breaks, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

3.5 Summer Schedule

Upon completion of the school year, the child(ren) shall reside with the mother father, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

- Same as school year schedule.
- Other:

3.6 Vacation With Parents

- Does not apply.
- The schedule for vacation with parents is as follows:

3.7 Schedule for Holidays

The residential schedule for the child(ren) for the holidays listed below is as follows:

	With Mother (Specify Year <u>Odd/Even/Every</u>)	With Father (Specify Year <u>Odd/Even/Every</u>)
New Year’s Day	_____	_____
Martin Luther King Day	_____	_____
Presidents’ Day	_____	_____
Memorial Day	_____	_____
July 4th	_____	_____

Labor Day	_____	_____
Veterans' Day	_____	_____
Thanksgiving Day	_____	_____
Christmas Eve	_____	_____
Christmas Day	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

For purposes of this parenting plan, a holiday shall begin and end as follows (set forth times):

Holidays which fall on a Friday or a Monday shall include Saturday and Sunday.

Other:

3.8 Schedule for Special Occasions

The residential schedule for the child(ren) for the following special occasions (for example, birthdays) is as follows:

	With Mother (Specify Year <u>Odd/Even/Every</u>)	With Father (Specify Year <u>Odd/Even/Every</u>)
<u>Mother's Day</u>	_____	_____
<u>Father's Day</u>	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Other:

3.9 Priorities Under the Residential Schedule

Does not apply because one parent has no visitation or restricted visitation.

Paragraphs 3.3 - 3.8 have priority over paragraphs 3.1 and 3.2 in the following order:

Rank the order of priority, with 1 being given the highest priority:

____ winter vacation (3.3)	____ holidays (3.7)
____ school breaks (3.4)	____ special occasions (3.8)
____ summer schedule (3.5)	____ vacation with parents (3.6)

Other:

3.10 Restrictions

Does not apply because there are no limiting factors in paragraphs 2.1 or 2.2.

The mother's father's residential time with the children shall be limited because there are limiting factors in paragraphs 2.1 and 2.2. The following restrictions shall apply when the children spend time with this parent:

There are limiting factors in paragraph 2.2, but there are no restrictions on the mother's father's residential time with the children for the following reasons:

3.11 Transportation Arrangements

Transportation costs are included in the Child Support Worksheets and/or the Order for Child Support and should not be included here.

Transportation arrangements for the child(ren) between parents shall be as follows:

3.12 Designation of Custodian

The children named in this parenting plan are scheduled to reside the majority of the time with the mother father. This parent is designated the custodian of the child(ren) solely for purposes of all other state and federal statutes which require a designation or determination of custody. This designation shall not affect either parent's rights and responsibilities under this parenting plan.

3.13 Other

3.14 Summary of RCW 26.09.430 - 480, Regarding Relocation of a Child

This is a summary only. For the full text, please see RCW 26.09.430 through 26.09.480.

If the person with whom the child resides a majority of the time plans to move, that person shall give notice to every person entitled to court ordered time with the child.

If the move is outside the child's school district, the relocating person must give notice by personal service or by mail requiring a return receipt. This notice must be at least 60 days before the intended move. If the relocating person could not have known about the move in time to give 60 days' notice, that person must give notice within 5 days after learning of the move. The notice must contain the information required in RCW 26.09.440. See also form DRPSCU 07.0500, (Notice of Intended Relocation of a Child).

If the move is within the same school district, the relocating person must provide actual notice by any reasonable means. A person entitled to time with the child may not object to the move but may ask for modification under RCW 26.09.260.

Notice may be delayed for 21 days if the relocating person is entering a domestic violence shelter or is moving to avoid a clear, immediate and unreasonable risk to health and safety.

If information is protected under a court order or the address confidentiality program, it may be withheld from the notice.

A relocating person may ask the court to waive any notice requirements that may put the health and safety of a person or a child at risk.

Failure to give the required notice may be grounds for sanctions, including contempt.

If no objection is filed within 30 days after service of the notice of intended relocation, the relocation will be permitted and the proposed revised residential schedule may be confirmed.

A person entitled to time with a child under a court order can file an objection to the child's relocation whether or not he or she received proper notice.

An objection may be filed by using the mandatory pattern form WPF DRPSCU 07.0700, (Objection to Relocation/Petition for Modification of Custody Decree/Parenting Plan/Residential Schedule). The objection must be served on all persons entitled to time with the child.

The relocating person shall not move the child during the time for objection unless: (a) the delayed notice provisions apply; or (b) a court order allows the move.

If the objecting person schedules a hearing for a date within 15 days of timely service of the objection, the relocating person shall not move the child before the hearing unless there is a clear, immediate and unreasonable risk to the health or safety of a person or a child.

IV. Decision Making

4.1 Day to Day Decisions

Each parent shall make decisions regarding the day-to-day care and control of each child while the child is residing with that parent. Regardless of the allocation of decision making in this parenting plan, either parent may make emergency decisions affecting the health or safety of the children.

4.2 Major Decisions

Major decisions regarding each child shall be made as follows:

Education decisions	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint
Non-emergency health care	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint
Religious upbringing	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint
_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint
_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint
_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint
_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint
_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint
_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	mother	<input type="checkbox"/>	father	<input type="checkbox"/>	joint

4.3 Restrictions in Decision Making

Does not apply because there are no limiting factors in paragraphs 2.1 and 2.2 above.

Sole decision making shall be ordered to the mother father for the following reasons:

A limitation on the other parent's decision making authority is mandated by RCW 26.09.191 (See paragraph 2.1).

Both parents are opposed to mutual decision making.

One parent is opposed to mutual decision making, and such opposition is reasonably based on the following criteria:

- (a) The existence of a limitation under RCW 26.09.191;
- (b) The history of participation of each parent in decision making in each of the areas in RCW 26.09.184(4)(a);
- (c) Whether the parents have demonstrated ability and desire to cooperate with one another in decision making in each of the areas in RCW 26.09.184(4)(a); and
- (d) The parents' geographic proximity to one another, to the extent that it affects their ability to make timely mutual decisions.

There are limiting factors in paragraph 2.2, but there are no restrictions on mutual decision making for the following reasons:

V. Dispute Resolution

The purpose of this dispute resolution process is to resolve disagreements about carrying out this parenting plan. This dispute resolution process may, and under some local court rules or the provisions of this plan must, be used before filing a petition to modify the plan or a motion for contempt for failing to follow the plan.

Disputes between the parties, other than child support disputes, shall be submitted to (list person or agency):

counseling by _____, or

mediation by _____, if this box is checked and issues of domestic violence or child abuse are present, then the court finds that the victim requested mediation, that mediation is appropriate and that the victim is permitted to have a supporting person present during the mediation proceedings, or

arbitration by _____.

The cost of this process shall be allocated between the parties as follows:

_____% mother _____% father.

based on each party's proportional share of income from line 6 of the child support worksheets.

as determined in the dispute resolution process.

The dispute resolution process shall be commenced by notifying the other party by written request certified mail other:

In the dispute resolution process:

- (a) Preference shall be given to carrying out this Parenting Plan.
- (b) Unless an emergency exists, the parents shall use the designated process to resolve disputes relating to implementation of the plan, except those related to financial support.
- (c) A written record shall be prepared of any agreement reached in counseling or mediation and of each arbitration award and shall be provided to each party.
- (d) If the court finds that a parent has used or frustrated the dispute resolution process without good reason, the court shall award attorney's fees and financial sanctions to the other parent.
- (e) The parties have the right of review from the dispute resolution process to the superior court.

No dispute resolution process, except court action is ordered.

VI. Other Provisions

There are no other provisions.

There are the following other provisions:

VII. Declaration for Proposed Parenting Plan

- Does not apply.
- (Only sign if this is a proposed parenting plan.) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington that this plan has been proposed in good faith and that the statements in Part II of this Plan are true and correct.

Mother

Date and Place (City and State) of Signature

Father

Date and Place (City and State) of Signature

VIII. Order by the Court

It is ordered, adjudged and decreed that the parenting plan set forth above is adopted and approved as an order of this court.

Warning: Violation of residential provisions of this order with actual knowledge of its terms is punishable by contempt of court and may be a criminal offense under RCW 9A.40.060(2) or RCW 9A.40.070(2). Violation of this order may subject a violator to arrest.

When mutual decision making is designated but cannot be achieved, the parties shall make a good faith effort to resolve the issue through the dispute resolution process.

If a parent fails to comply with a provision of this plan, the other parent’s obligations under the plan are not affected.

Dated: _____

Judge/Commissioner

Presented by:

Approved for entry:

Signature of Party or Lawyer/WSBA No.

Signature of Party or Lawyer/WSBA No.

Print Name

Print Name

II. Basis for Restrictions

Under certain circumstances, as outlined below, the court may limit or prohibit a parent's contact with the child(ren) and the right to make decisions for the child(ren).

2.1 Parental Conduct (RCW 26.09.191(1), (2))

- Does not apply.
- The mother's father's residential time with the children shall be limited or restrained completely because this parent a person residing with this parent has engaged in the conduct which follows:
 - Willful abandonment that continues for an extended period of time or substantial refusal to perform parenting functions (this applies only to parents, not to a person who resides with a parent).
 - Physical, sexual or a pattern of emotional abuse of a child.
 - A history of acts of domestic violence as defined in RCW 26.50.010(1) or an assault or sexual assault which causes grievous bodily harm or the fear of such harm.
 - Other:

2.2 Other Factors (RCW 26.09.191(3))

- Does not apply
- The mother's father's involvement or conduct may have an adverse effect on the child's best interests because of the existence of the factors which follow:
 - Neglect or substantial nonperformance of parenting functions.
 - A long-term emotional or physical impairment which interferes with the performance of parenting functions as defined in RCW 26.09.004.
 - A long-term impairment resulting from drug, alcohol, or other substance abuse that interferes with the performance of parenting functions.
 - The absence or substantial impairment of emotional ties between the parent and the child.
 - The abusive use of conflict by the parent which creates the danger of serious damage to the child's psychological development.
 - A parent has withheld from the other parent access to the child for a protracted period without good cause.
 - Other:

III. Residential Schedule

The residential schedule must set forth where the child(ren) shall reside each day of the year, including provisions for holidays, birthdays of family members, vacations, and other special occasions, and what contact the child(ren) shall have with each parent. Parents are encouraged to create a residential schedule that meets the developmental needs of the child(ren) and individual needs of their family. Paragraphs 3.1 through 3.9 are one way to write your residential schedule. If you do not use these paragraphs, write in your own schedule in Paragraph 3.13.

3.1 Schedule for Children Under School Age

- There are no children under school age.
- Prior to enrollment in school, the child(ren) shall reside with the mother father, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

from: (day and time) _____ to (day and time) _____
 every week every other week the first and third week of the month the second and fourth week of the month other:

from: (day and time) _____ to (day and time) _____
 every week every other week the first and third week of the month the second and fourth week of the month other:

3.2 School Schedule

Upon enrollment in school, the child(ren) shall reside with the mother father, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

from (day and time) _____ to (day and time) _____
 every week every other week the first and third week of the month the second and fourth week of the month other:

from (day and time) _____ to (day and time) _____
 every week every other week the first and third week of the month the second and fourth week of the month other:

- The school schedule will start when each child begins kindergarten first grade other:

3.3 Schedule for Winter Vacation

The child(ren) shall reside with the [] mother [] father during winter vacation, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

3.4 Schedule for Other School Breaks

The child(ren) shall reside with the [] mother [] father during other school breaks, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

3.5 Summer Schedule

Upon completion of the school year, the child(ren) shall reside with the [] mother [] father, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

- Same as school year schedule.
- Other:

3.6 Vacation With Parents

- Does not apply.
- The schedule for vacation with parents is as follows:

3.7 Schedule for Holidays

The residential schedule for the child(ren) for the holidays listed below is as follows:

	With Mother (Specify Year <u>Odd/Even/Every</u>)	With Father (Specify Year <u>Odd/Even/Every</u>)
New Year's Day	_____	_____
Martin Luther King Day	_____	_____
Presidents' Day	_____	_____
Memorial Day	_____	_____
July 4th	_____	_____
Labor Day	_____	_____

Veterans' Day	_____	_____
Thanksgiving Day	_____	_____
Christmas Eve	_____	_____
Christmas Day	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

- For purposes of this parenting plan, a holiday shall begin and end as follows (set forth times):
- Holidays which fall on a Friday or a Monday shall include Saturday and Sunday.
- Other:

3.8 Schedule for Special Occasions

The residential schedule for the child(ren) for the following special occasions (for example, birthdays) is as follows:

	With Mother (Specify Year <u>Odd/Even/Every</u>)	With Father (Specify Year <u>Odd/Even/Every</u>)
<u>Mother's Day</u>	_____	_____
<u>Father's Day</u>	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> Other:		

3.9 Priorities Under the Residential Schedule

- Does not apply because one parent has no visitation or restricted visitation.
- Paragraphs 3.3 - 3.8 have priority over paragraphs 3.1 and 3.2 in the following order:
 - Rank the order of priority, with 1 being given the highest priority:

_____ winter vacation (3.3)	_____ holidays (3.7)
_____ school breaks (3.4)	_____ special occasions (3.8)
_____ summer schedule (3.5)	_____ vacation with parents (3.6)
 - Other:

3.10 Restrictions

- Does not apply because there are no limiting factors in paragraphs 2.1 or 2.2.
- The mother's father's residential time with the children shall be limited because there are limiting factors in paragraphs 2.1 and 2.2. The following restrictions shall apply when the children spend time with this parent:

- There are limiting factors in paragraph 2.2, but there are no restrictions on the mother's father's residential time with the children for the following reasons:

3.11 Transportation Arrangements

Transportation costs are included in the Child Support Worksheets and/or the Order of Child Support and should not be included here.

Transportation arrangements for the child(ren) between parents shall be as follows:

3.12 Designation of Custodian

The child(ren) named in this residential schedule is/are scheduled to reside the majority of the time with the mother father. This parent is designated the custodian of the child(ren) solely for purposes of all other state and federal statutes which require a designation or determination of custody. This designation shall not affect either parent's rights and responsibilities under this residential schedule.

3.13 Other

3.14 Summary of RCW 26.09.430 - .480, Regarding Relocation of a Child

This is a summary only. For the full text, please see RCW 26.09.430 through 26.09.480.

If the person with whom the child resides a majority of the time plans to move, that person shall give notice to every person entitled to court ordered time with the child.

If the move is outside the child's school district, the relocating person must give notice by personal service or by mail requiring a return receipt. This notice must be at least 60 days before the intended move. If the relocating person could not have known about the move in time to give 60 days' notice, that person must give notice within 5 days after learning of the move. The notice must contain the information required in RCW 26.09.440. See also form DRPSCU 07.0500, (Notice of Intended Relocation of a Child).

If the move is within the same school district, the relocating person must provide actual notice by any reasonable means. A person entitled to time with the child may not object to the move but may ask for modification under RCW 26.09.260.

Notice may be delayed for 21 days if the relocating person is entering a domestic violence shelter or is moving to avoid a clear, immediate and unreasonable risk to health and safety.

If information is protected under a court order or the address confidentiality program, it may be withheld from the notice.

A relocating person may ask the court to waive any notice requirements that may put the health and safety of a person or a child at risk.

Failure to give the required notice may be grounds for sanctions, including contempt.

If no objection is filed within 30 days after service of the notice of intended relocation, the relocation will be permitted and the proposed revised residential schedule may be confirmed.

A person entitled to time with a child under a court order can file an objection to the child's relocation whether or not he or she received proper notice.

An objection may be filed by using the mandatory pattern form WPF DRPSCU 07.0700, (Objection to Relocation/Petition for Modification of Custody Decree/Parenting Plan/Residential Schedule). The objection must be served on all persons entitled to time with the child.

The relocating person shall not move the child during the time for objection unless: (a) the delayed notice provisions apply; or (b) a court order allows the move.

If the objecting person schedules a hearing for a date within 15 days of timely service of the objection, the relocating person shall not move the child before the hearing unless there is a clear, immediate and unreasonable risk to the health or safety of a person or a child.

IV. Other Provisions

- There are no other provisions.
- There are the following other provisions:

V. Declaration for Proposed Residential Schedule

- Does not apply.
- (Only sign if this is a proposed residential schedule.) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington that this residential schedule has been proposed in good faith and that the statements in Part II of this Schedule are true and correct.

Mother

Date and Place (City and State) of Signature

Father

Date and Place (City and State) of Signature

VI. Ordered by the Court

It is ordered, adjudged and decreed that the parenting plan set forth above is adopted and approved as an order of this court.

Warning: Violation of residential provisions of this order with actual knowledge of its terms is punishable by contempt of court and may be a criminal offense under RCW 9A.40.060(2) or RCW 9A.40.070(2). Violation of this order may subject a violator to arrest.

If a parent fails to comply with a provision of this plan, the other parent’s obligations under the plan are not affected.

Dated: _____

Judge/Commissioner

Presented by:

Approved for entry:

Signature of Party or Lawyer/WSBA No.

Signature of Party or Lawyer/WSBA No.

Print Name

Print Name

**Superior Court of Washington
County of**

In re the Parenting and Support of:

Child(ren)

Petitioner

and

Respondent.

No.

Residential Schedule

Proposed (PRS)

Temporary (TRS)

Final Order (RS)

This residential schedule is:

- the final residential schedule signed by the court pursuant to a judgment and order establishing Residential Schedule/Parenting Plan/Child Support signed by the court on this date or dated _____.
- the final residential schedule signed by the court pursuant to an order signed by the court on this date or dated _____ which modifies a previous residential schedule.
- a temporary residential schedule signed by the court.
- proposed by (name) _____.

It is Ordered, Adjudged and Decreed:

I. General Information

This residential schedule applies to the following children:

Name

Age

II. Bases for Restrictions

Under certain circumstances, as outlined below, the court may limit or prohibit a parent's contact with the child(ren) and the right to make decisions for the child(ren).

2.1 Parental Conduct (RCW 26.09.191(1), (2))

- Does not apply.
- The mother's father's residential time with the children shall be limited or restrained completely because this parent a person residing with this parent has engaged in the conduct which follows:
 - willful abandonment that continues for an extended period of time or substantial refusal to perform parenting functions (this applies only to parents, not to a person who resides with a parent).
 - physical, sexual or a pattern of emotional abuse of a child.
 - a history of acts of domestic violence as defined in RCW 26.50.010(1) or an assault or sexual assault which causes grievous bodily harm or the fear of such harm.
 - Other:

2.2 Other Factors (RCW 26.09.191(3))

- Does not apply
- The mother's father's involvement or conduct may have an adverse effect on the child's best interests because of the existence of the factors which follow:
 - neglect or substantial nonperformance of parenting functions.
 - a long-term emotional or physical impairment which interferes with the performance of parenting functions as defined in RCW 26.09.004.
 - a long-term impairment resulting from drug, alcohol, or other substance abuse that interferes with the performance of parenting functions.
 - the absence or substantial impairment of emotional ties between the parent and the child.
 - the abusive use of conflict by the parent which creates the danger of serious damage to the child's psychological development.
 - a parent has withheld from the other parent access to the child for a protracted period without good cause.
 - Other:

III. Residential Schedule

The residential schedule must set forth where the child(ren) shall reside each day of the year, including provisions for holidays, birthdays of family members, vacations, and other special occasions, and what contact the child(ren) shall have with each parent. Parents are encouraged to create a residential schedule that meets the developmental needs of the child(ren) and individual needs of their family. Paragraphs 3.1 through 3.9 are one way to write your residential schedule. If you do not use these paragraphs, write in your own schedule in Paragraph 3.13.

3.1 Schedule for Children Under School Age

- There are no children under school age.
- Prior to enrollment in school, the child(ren) shall reside with the mother father, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

from: (day and time) _____ to (day and time) _____
 every week every other week the first and third week of the month the second and fourth week of the month other:

from: (day and time) _____ to (day and time) _____
 every week every other week the first and third week of the month the second and fourth week of the month other:

3.2 School Schedule

Upon enrollment in school, the child(ren) shall reside with the mother father, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

from (day and time) _____ to (day and time) _____
 every week every other week the first and third week of the month the second and fourth week of the month other:

from (day and time) _____ to (day and time) _____
 every week every other week the first and third week of the month the second and fourth week of the month other:

- The school schedule will start when each child begins kindergarten first grade other:

3.3 Schedule for Winter Vacation

The child(ren) shall reside with the [] mother [] father during winter vacation, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

3.4 Schedule for Other School Breaks

The child(ren) shall reside with the [] mother [] father during other school breaks, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

3.5 Summer Schedule

Upon completion of the school year, the child(ren) shall reside with the [] mother [] father, except for the following days and times when the child(ren) will reside with or be with the other parent:

- Same as school year schedule.
- Other:

3.6 Vacation With Parents

- Does not apply.
- The schedule for vacation with parents is as follows:

3.7 Schedule for Holidays

The residential schedule for the child(ren) for the holidays listed below is as follows:

	With Mother (Specify Year <u>Odd/Even/Every</u>)	With Father (Specify Year <u>Odd/Even/Every</u>)
New Year's Day	_____	_____
Martin Luther King Day	_____	_____
Presidents' Day	_____	_____
Memorial Day	_____	_____
July 4th	_____	_____
Labor Day	_____	_____
Veterans' Day	_____	_____

Thanksgiving Day	_____	_____
Christmas Eve	_____	_____
Christmas Day	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

For purposes of this parenting plan, a holiday shall begin and end as follows (set forth times):

Holidays which fall on a Friday or a Monday shall include Saturday and Sunday.

Other:

3.8 Schedule for Special Occasions

The residential schedule for the child(ren) for the following special occasions (for example, birthdays) is as follows:

	With Mother (Specify Year <u>Odd/Even/Every</u>)	With Father (Specify Year <u>Odd/Even/Every</u>)
<u>Mother's Day</u>	_____	_____
<u>Father's Day</u>	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Other:

3.9 Priorities Under the Residential Schedule

Does not apply because one parent has no visitation or restricted visitation.

Paragraphs 3.3 - 3.8 have priority over paragraphs 3.1 and 3.2 in the following order:

Rank the order of priority, with 1 being given the highest priority:

_____ winter vacation (3.3)	_____ holidays (3.7)
_____ school breaks (3.4)	_____ special occasions (3.8)
_____ summer schedule (3.5)	_____ vacation with parents (3.6)

Other:

If the move is outside the child's school district, the relocating person must give notice by personal service or by mail requiring a return receipt. This notice must be at least 60 days before the intended move. If the relocating person could not have known about the move in time to give 60 days' notice, that person must give notice within five days after learning of the move. The notice must contain the information required in RCW 26.09.440. See also form DRPSCU 07.0500 (Notice of Intended Relocation of a Child).

If the move is within the same school district, the relocating person must provide actual notice by any reasonable means. A person entitled to time with the child may not object to the move but may ask for modification under RCW 26.09.260.

Notice may be delayed for 21 days if the relocating person is entering a domestic violence shelter or is moving to avoid a clear, immediate and unreasonable risk to health and safety.

If information is protected under a court order or the address confidentiality program, it may be withheld from the notice.

A relocating person may ask the court to waive any notice requirements that may put the health and safety of a person or a child at risk.

Failure to give the required notice may be grounds for sanctions, including contempt.

If no objection is filed within 30 days after service of the notice of intended relocation, the relocation will be permitted and the proposed revised residential schedule may be confirmed.

A person entitled to time with a child under a court order can file an objection to the child's relocation whether or not he or she received proper notice.

An objection may be filed by using the mandatory pattern form WPF DRPSCU 07.0700 (Objection to Relocation/Petition for Modification of Custody Decree/Parenting Plan/Residential Schedule). The objection must be served on all persons entitled to time with the child.

The relocating person shall not move the child during the time for objection unless: (a) the delayed notice provisions apply; or (b) a court order allows the move.

If the objecting person schedules a hearing for a date within 15 days of timely service of the objection, the relocating person shall not move the child before the hearing unless there is a clear, immediate and unreasonable risk to the health or safety of a person or a child.

IV. Other Provisions

There are no other provisions.

There are the following other provisions:

V. Declaration for Proposed Residential Schedule

- Does not apply.
- (Only sign if this is a proposed residential schedule.) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington that this residential schedule has been proposed in good faith and that the statements in Part II of this Schedule are true and correct.

Mother

Date and Place (City and State) of Signature

Father

Date and Place (City and State) of Signature

VI. Order by the Court

It is ordered, adjudged and decreed that the parenting plan set forth above is adopted and approved as an order of this court.

Warning: Violation of residential provisions of this order with actual knowledge of its terms is punishable by contempt of court and may be a criminal offense under RCW 9A.40.060(2) or RCW 9A.40.070(2). Violation of this order may subject a violator to arrest.

If a parent fails to comply with a provision of this plan, the other parent’s obligations under the plan are not affected.

Dated: _____

Judge/Commissioner

Presented by:

Approved for entry:

Signature of Party or Lawyer/WSBA No.

Signature of Party Lawyer/WSBA No.

Print Name

Print Name

- (b) My work schedule is:

- 3. (a) The other party has performed parenting functions relating to the daily needs of the child(ren) (RCW 26.09.004(2)) by:

(b) Work schedule of the other party:

- 4. The child's schedule including child care, school, and other activities:

- 5. Information regarding circumstances under RCW 26.09.191 that are likely to pose a serious risk to the child(ren) and that warrant limitation on the award to a parent of temporary residence or time with the child(ren) pending entry of a permanent residential schedule:

- 6. Other information for the court to consider:

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington that the foregoing is true and correct.

Signed at (city) _____, (state) _____ on (date) _____.

Signature

Print Name

WASHINGTON STATE CHILD SUPPORT SCHEDULE

Including:

- Definitions and Standards
- Instructions
- Economic Table
- Worksheets

Effective Dates:

Definitions & Standards	June 10, 2010
Instructions	July 22, 2011
Economic Table	October 1, 2009
Worksheets	July 22, 2011
Worksheets – RDP	July 22, 2011



WASHINGTON
COURTS

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS

Order forms--voice mail telephone number **(360) 705-5328**
Internet--download forms: <http://www.courts.wa.gov/>
Questions about the Instructions or Worksheets? Contact: Merrie Gough
Tel. (360) 357-2128 Fax (360) 956-5794
E-mail merrie.gough@courts.wa.gov or webmaster@courts.wa.gov

Child Support Hotline, State DSHS, 1 (800) 442-KIDS

WASHINGTON STATE CHILD SUPPORT SCHEDULE DEFINITIONS AND STANDARDS

Definitions

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, these definitions apply to the standards following this section. RCW 26.19.011.

Basic child support obligation: means the monthly child support obligation determined from the economic table based on the parties' combined monthly net income and the number of children for whom support is owed.

Child support schedule: means the standards, economic table, worksheets and instructions, as defined in chapter 26.19 RCW.

Court: means a superior court judge, court commissioner, and presiding and reviewing officers who administratively determine or enforce child support orders.

Deviation: means a child support amount that differs from the standard calculation.

Economic table: means the child support table for the basic support obligation provided in RCW 26.19.020.

Instructions: means the instructions developed by the Administrative Office of the Courts pursuant to RCW 26.19.050 for use in completing the worksheets.

Standards: means the standards for determination of child support as provided in chapter 26.19 RCW.

Standard calculation: means the presumptive amount of child support owed as determined from the child support schedule before the court considers any reasons for deviation.

Support transfer payment: means the amount of money the court orders one parent to pay to another parent or custodian for child support after determination of the standard calculation and deviations. If certain expenses or credits are expected to fluctuate and the order states a formula or percentage to determine the additional amount or credit on an ongoing basis, the term "support transfer payment" does not mean the additional amount or credit.

Worksheets: means the forms developed by the Administrative Office of the Courts pursuant to RCW 26.19.050 for use in determining the amount of child support.

Application Standards

1. Application of the support schedule: The child support schedule shall be applied:
 - a. in each county of the state;
 - b. in judicial and administrative proceedings under titles 13, 26 and 74 RCW;
 - c. in all proceedings in which child support is determined or modified;
 - d. in setting temporary and permanent support;
 - e. in automatic modification provisions or decrees entered pursuant to RCW 26.09.100; and
 - f. in addition to proceedings in which child support is

determined for minors, to adult children who are dependent on their parents and for whom support is ordered pursuant to RCW 26.09.100.

The provisions of RCW 26.19 for determining child support and reasons for deviation from the standard calculation shall be applied in the same manner by the court, presiding officers and reviewing officers. RCW 26.19.035(1).

2. Written findings of fact supported by the evidence: An order for child support shall be supported by written findings of fact upon which the support determination is based and shall include reasons for any deviation from the standard calculation and reasons for denial of a party's request for deviation from the standard calculation. RCW 26.19.035(2).
3. Completion of worksheets: Worksheets in the form developed by the Administrative Office of the Courts shall be completed under penalty of perjury and filed in every proceeding in which child support is determined. The court shall not accept incomplete worksheets or worksheets that vary from the worksheets developed by the Administrative Office of the Courts. RCW 26.19.035(3).
4. Court review of the worksheets and order: The court shall review the worksheets and the order setting child support for the adequacy of the reasons set forth for any deviation or denial of any request for deviation and for the adequacy of the amount of support ordered. Each order shall state the amount of child support calculated using the standard calculation and the amount of child support actually ordered. Worksheets shall be attached to the decree or order or if filed separately, shall be initialed or signed by the judge and filed with the order. RCW 26.19.035(4).

Income Standards

1. Consideration of all income: All income and resources of each parent's household shall be disclosed and considered by the court when the court determines the child support obligation of each parent. Only the income of the parents of the children whose support is at issue shall be calculated for purposes of calculating the basic support obligation. Income and resources of any other person shall not be included in calculating the basic support obligation. RCW 26.19.071(1).
2. Verification of income: Tax returns for the preceding two years and current paystubs shall be provided to verify income and deductions. Other sufficient verification shall be required for income and deductions which do not appear on tax returns or paystubs. RCW 26.19.071(2).
3. Income sources included in gross monthly income: Monthly gross income shall include income from any source, including: salaries; wages; commissions; deferred compensation; overtime, except as excluded from income in RCW 26.19.071(4)(h); contract-related benefits; income from second jobs except as excluded from income in RCW 26.19.071(4)(h); dividends; interest; trust income; severance pay; annuities; capital gains; pension retirement benefits; workers' compensation; unemployment benefits; maintenance actually received; bonuses; social security benefits; disability insurance benefits;

and income from self-employment, rent, royalties, contracts, proprietorship of a business, or joint ownership of a partnership or closely held corporation. RCW 26.19.071(3).

Veterans' disability pensions: Veterans' disability pensions or regular compensation for disability incurred in or aggravated by service in the United States armed forces paid by the Veterans' Administration shall be disclosed to the court. The court may consider either type of compensation as disposable income for purposes of calculating the child support obligation. See RCW 26.19.045.

4. Income sources excluded from gross monthly income: The following income and resources shall be disclosed but shall not be included in gross income: income of a new spouse or domestic partner or income of other adults in the household; child support received from other relationships; gifts and prizes; temporary assistance for needy families; Supplemental Security Income; general assistance; food stamps; and overtime or income from second jobs beyond forty hours per week averaged over a twelve-month period worked to provide for a current family's needs, to retire past relationship debts, or to retire child support debt, when the court finds the income will cease when the party has paid off his or her debts. Receipt of income and resources from temporary assistance for needy families, Supplemental Security Income, general assistance and food stamps shall not be a reason to deviate from the standard calculation. RCW 26.19.071(4).

VA aid and attendant care: Aid and attendant care payments to prevent hospitalization paid by the Veterans Administration solely to provide physical home care for a disabled veteran, and special compensation paid under 38 U.S.C. Sec. 314(k) through (r) to provide either special care or special aids, or both to assist with routine daily functions shall be disclosed. The court may not include either aid or attendant care or special medical compensation payments in gross income for purposes of calculating the child support obligation or for purposes of deviating from the standard calculation. See RCW 26.19.045.

Other aid and attendant care: Payments from any source, other than veterans' aid and attendance allowance or special medical compensation paid under 38 U.S.C. Sec. 314(k) through (r) for services provided by an attendant in case of a disability when the disability necessitates the hiring of the services or an attendant shall be disclosed but shall not be included in gross income and shall not be a reason to deviate from the standard calculation. RCW 26.19.055.

5. Determination of net income: The following expenses shall be disclosed and deducted from gross monthly income to calculate net monthly income: federal and state income taxes (see the following paragraph); federal insurance contributions act deductions (FICA); mandatory pension plan payments; mandatory union or professional dues; state industrial insurance premiums; court-ordered maintenance to the extent actually paid; up to five thousand dollars per year in voluntary retirement contributions actually made if the contributions show a pattern of contributions during the one-year period preceding the action establishing the child support order unless there is a determination that the contributions were made for the purpose of reducing child support; and normal business expenses and self-employment taxes for self-employed persons. Justification shall be required for any business expense deduction about

which there is a disagreement. Items deducted from gross income shall not be a reason to deviate from the standard calculation. RCW 26.19.071(5).

Allocation of tax exemptions: The parties may agree which parent is entitled to claim the child or children as dependents for federal income tax exemptions. The court may award the exemption or exemptions and order a party to sign the federal income tax dependency exemption waiver. The court may divide the exemptions between the parties, alternate the exemptions between the parties or both. RCW 26.19.100.

6. Imputation of income: The court shall impute income to a parent when the parent is voluntarily unemployed or voluntarily underemployed. The court shall determine whether the parent is voluntarily underemployed or voluntarily unemployed based upon that parent's work history, education, health and age or any other relevant factors. A court shall not impute income to a parent who is gainfully employed on a full-time basis, unless the court finds that the parent is voluntarily underemployed and finds that the parent is purposely underemployed to reduce the parent's child support obligation. Income shall not be imputed for an unemployable parent. Income shall not be imputed to a parent to the extent the parent is unemployed or significantly underemployed due to the parent's efforts to comply with court-ordered reunification efforts under chapter 13.34 RCW or under a voluntary placement agreement with an agency supervising the child. In the absence of records of a parent's actual earnings, the court shall impute a parent's income in the following order of priority:
- (a) Full-time earnings at the current rate of pay;
 - (b) Full-time earnings at the historical rate of pay based on reliable information, such as employment security department data;
 - (c) Full-time earnings at a past rate of pay where information is incomplete or sporadic;
 - (d) Full-time earnings at minimum wage in the jurisdiction where the parent resides if the parent has a recent history of minimum wage earnings, is recently coming off public assistance, general assistance-unemployable, supplemental security income, or disability, has recently been released from incarceration, or is a high school student;
 - (e) Median net monthly income of year-round full-time workers as derived from the United States bureau of census, current population reports, or such replacement report as published by the bureau of census. (See "Approximate Median Net Monthly Income" table on page 6.)
- RCW 26.19.071(6).

Allocation Standards

1. Basic child support: The basic child support obligation derived from the economic table shall be allocated between the parents based on each parent's share of the combined monthly net income. RCW 26.19.080(1).
2. Health care expenses: Health care costs are not included in the economic table. Monthly health care costs shall be shared by the parents in the same proportion as the basic support obligation. Health care costs shall include, but not be limited to, medical,

dental, orthodontia, vision, chiropractic, mental health treatment, prescription medications, and other similar costs for care and treatment. RCW 26.19.080(2).

3. Day care and special child rearing expenses: Day care and special child rearing expenses, such as tuition and long distance transportation costs to and from the parents for visitation purposes, are not included in the economic table. These expenses shall be shared by the parents in the same proportion as the basic child support obligation. RCW 26.19.080(3).
4. The court may exercise its discretion to determine the necessity for and the reasonableness of all amounts ordered in excess of the basic child support obligation. RCW 26.19.080(4).

Limitations Standards

1. Limit at 45 percent of a parent's net income: Neither parent's child support obligation owed for all his or her biological or legal children may exceed 45 percent of net income except for good cause shown.
 - a. Each child is entitled to a pro rata share of the income available for support, but the court only applies the pro rata share to the children in the case before the court.
 - b. Before determining whether to apply the 45 percent limitation, the court must consider the best interests of the child(ren) and the circumstances of each parent. Such circumstances include, but are not limited to, leaving insufficient funds in the custodial parent's household to meet the basic needs of the child(ren), comparative hardship to the affected households, assets or liabilities, and any involuntary limits on either parent's earning capacity including incarceration, disabilities, or incapacity.
 - c. Good cause includes, but is not limited to, possession of substantial wealth, child(ren) with day care expenses, special medical need, educational need, psychological need, and larger families. RCW 26.19.065(1).
2. Presumptive minimum support obligation: When a parent's monthly net income is below 125% of the federal poverty guideline, a support order of not less than fifty dollars per child per month shall be entered unless the obligor parent establishes that it would be unjust to do so in that particular case. The decision whether there is a sufficient basis to go below the presumptive minimum payment must take into consideration the best interests of the child(ren) and circumstances of each parent. Such circumstances can include leaving insufficient funds in the custodial parent's household to meet the basic needs of the child(ren), comparative hardship to the affected households, assets or liabilities, and earning capacity. RCW 26.19.065(2)(a).
3. Self-support reserve: The basic support obligation of the parent making the transfer payment, excluding health care, day care, and special child-rearing expenses, shall not reduce his or her net income below the self-support reserve of 125% of the federal poverty level, except for the presumptive minimum payment of fifty dollars per child per month or when it would be unjust to apply the self-support reserve limitation after considering the best interests of the child(ren) and the circumstances of each parent. Such circumstances include, but are not limited to,

leaving insufficient funds in the custodial parent's household to meet the basic needs of the child(ren), comparative hardship to the affected households, assets or liabilities, and earning capacity. This section shall not be construed to require monthly substantiation of income. (See the Self-Support Reserve memorandum on the courts' website www.courts.wa.gov/forms and at www.WashingtonLawHelp.org.) RCW 26.19.065(2)(b).

4. Income above twelve thousand dollars: The economic table is presumptive for combined monthly net incomes up to and including twelve thousand dollars. When combined monthly net income exceeds twelve thousand dollars, the court may exceed the maximum presumptive amount of support upon written findings of fact. RCW 26.19.065(3).

Deviation Standards

1. Reasons for deviation from the standard calculation include but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Sources of income and tax planning: The court may deviate from the standard calculation after consideration of the following:
 - i. Income of a new spouse or new domestic partner if the parent who is married to the new spouse or the parent who is in a domestic partnership with the new domestic partner is asking for a deviation based on any other reason. Income of a new spouse or domestic partner is not, by itself, a sufficient reason for deviation;
 - ii. Income of other adults in the household if the parent who is living with the other adult is asking for a deviation based on any other reason. Income of the other adults in the household is not, by itself, a sufficient reason for deviation;
 - iii. Child support actually received from other relationships;
 - iv. Gifts;
 - v. Prizes;
 - vi. Possession of wealth, including but not limited to savings, investments, real estate holdings and business interests, vehicles, boats, pensions, bank accounts, insurance plans or other assets;
 - vii. Extraordinary income of a child; or
 - viii. Tax planning considerations. A deviation for tax planning may be granted only if child(ren) would not receive a lesser economic benefit due to the tax planning;
 - ix. Income that has been excluded under RCW 26.19.071(4)(h) if the person earning that income asks for a deviation for any other reason. RCW 26.19.075(1)(a)
 - b. Nonrecurring income: The court may deviate from the standard calculation based on a finding that a particular source of income included in the calculation of the basic support obligation is not a recurring source of income. Depending on the circumstances, nonrecurring income may include overtime, contract-related benefits, bonuses or income from second jobs. Deviations for nonrecurring income shall be based on a review of the nonrecurring income received in the previous two calendar years. RCW 26.19.075(1)(b).

- c. Debt and high expenses: The court may deviate from the standard calculation after consideration of the following expenses:
 - i. Extraordinary debt not voluntarily incurred;
 - ii. A significant disparity in the living costs of the parents due to conditions beyond their control;
 - iii. Special needs of disabled child(ren); or
 - iv. Special medical, educational or psychological needs of the child(ren).
 - v. Costs anticipated to be incurred by the parents in compliance with court-ordered reunification efforts under chapter 13.34 RCW or under a voluntary placement agreement with an agency supervising the child. RCW 26.19.075(1)(c).
- d. Residential schedule: The court may deviate from the standard calculation if the child(ren) spend(s) a significant amount of time with the parent who is obligated to make a support transfer payment. The court may not deviate on that basis if the deviation will result in insufficient funds in the household receiving the support to meet the basic needs of the child or if the child is receiving temporary assistance for needy families. When determining the amount of the deviation, the court shall consider evidence concerning the increased expenses to a parent making support transfer payments resulting from the significant amount of time spent with that parent and shall consider the decreased expenses, if any, to the party receiving the support resulting from the significant amount of time the child spends with the parent making the support transfer payment. RCW 26.19.075(1)(d).
- e. Children from other relationships: The court may deviate from the standard calculation when either or both of the parents before the court have children from other relationships to whom the parent owes a duty of support.
 - i. The child support schedule shall be applied to the parents and children of the family before the court to determine the presumptive amount of support.
 - ii. Children from other relationships shall not be counted in the number of children for purposes of determining the basic support obligation and the standard calculation.
 - iii. When considering a deviation from the standard calculation for children from other relationships, the court may consider only other children to whom the parent owes a duty of support. The court may consider court-ordered payments of child support for children from other relationships only to the extent that the support is actually paid.
 - iv. When the court has determined that either or both parents have children from other relationships, deviations under this section shall be based on consideration of the total circumstances of both households. All child support obligations paid, received, and owed for all children shall be disclosed and considered. RCW 26.19.075(1)(e).

- 2. All income and resources of the parties before the court, new spouses or domestic partners, and other adults in the household shall be disclosed and considered as provided. The presumptive amount of support shall be determined according to the child support schedule. Unless specific reasons for deviation are set forth in the written findings of fact and are supported by the evidence, the court shall order each parent to pay the amount of support determined by using the standard calculation. RCW 26.19.075(2).

- 3. The court shall enter findings that specify reasons for any deviation or any denial of a party's request for any deviation from the standard calculation made by the court. The court shall not consider reasons for deviation until the court determines the standard calculation for each parent. RCW 26.19.075(3).
- 4. When reasons exist for deviation, the court shall exercise discretion in considering the extent to which the factors would affect the support obligation. RCW 26.19.075(4).
- 5. Agreement of the parties is not by itself adequate reason for any deviations from the standard calculations. RCW 26.19.075(5).

Post-Secondary Education Standards

- 1. The child support schedule shall be advisory and not mandatory for post-secondary educational support. RCW 26.19.090(1)
- 2. When considering whether to order support for post-secondary educational expenses, the court shall determine whether the child is in fact dependent and is relying upon the parents for the reasonable necessities of life. The court shall exercise its discretion when determining whether and for how long to award post-secondary educational support based upon consideration of factors that include but are not limited to the following: age of the child; the child's needs; the expectations of the parties for their child(ren) when the parents were together; the child(ren)'s prospects, desires, aptitudes, abilities or disabilities; the nature of the post-secondary education sought and the parent's level of education, standard of living and current and future resources. Also to be considered are the amount and type of support that the child would have been afforded if the parents had stayed together. RCW 26.19.090(2).
- 3. The child must enroll in an accredited academic or vocational school, must be actively pursuing a course of study commensurate with the child's vocational goals and must be in good academic standing as defined by the institution. The court-ordered post-secondary educational support shall be automatically suspended during the period or periods the child fails to comply with these conditions. RCW 26.19.090(3).
- 4. The child shall also make available all academic records and grades to both parents as a condition of receiving post-secondary educational support. Each parent shall have full and equal access to the post-secondary education records as provided by statute (RCW 26.09.225). RCW 26.19.090(4).
- 5. The court shall not order the payment of post-secondary educational expenses beyond the child's twenty-third birthday, except for exceptional circumstances, such as mental, physical or emotional disabilities. RCW 26.19.090(5).
- 6. The court shall direct that either or both parents' payments for post-secondary educational expenses are made directly to the educational institution if feasible. If direct payments are not feasible, then the court in its discretion may order that either or both parents' payments are made directly to the child if the child does not reside with either parent. If the child resides with one of the parents, the court may direct that the parent making the support transfer payments make the payments to the child or to the parent who has been receiving the support transfer payments. RCW 26.19.090(6).

WASHINGTON STATE CHILD SUPPORT SCHEDULE INSTRUCTIONS FOR WORKSHEETS

Worksheets:

Fill in the names and ages of only those children whose support is at issue.

Part I: Income

Pursuant to INCOME STANDARD #1: Consideration of all income, “only the income of the parents of the child(ren) whose support is at issue shall be calculated for purposes of calculating the basic support obligation.” (See page 1.)

Pursuant to INCOME STANDARD #2: Verification of income, “tax returns for the preceding two years and current paystubs are required for income verification purposes. Other sufficient verification shall be required for income and deductions which do not appear on tax returns or paystubs.” (See page 1.)

Gross Monthly Income

Gross monthly income is defined under INCOME STANDARD #3: Income sources included in gross monthly income. (See page 1.)

Income exclusions are defined under INCOME STANDARD #4: Income sources excluded from gross monthly income. (See page 2.) Excluded income must be disclosed and listed in Part VIII of the worksheets.

Monthly Average of Income:

- If income varies during the year, divide the annual total of the income by 12.
- If paid weekly, multiply the weekly income by 52 and divide by 12.
- If paid every other week, multiply the two-week income by 26 and divide by 12.
- If paid twice a month (bi-monthly), multiply the bi-monthly income by 24 and divide by 12.

LINE 1a, Wages and Salaries: Enter the average monthly total of all salaries, wages, contract-related benefits, bonuses, and income from overtime and second jobs that is not excluded from income by RCW 26.19.071(4)(h).

LINE 1b, Interest and Dividend Income: Enter the average monthly total of dividends and interest income.

LINE 1c, Business Income: Enter the average monthly income from self-employment, rent, royalties, contracts, proprietorship of a business, or joint ownership of a partnership or closely held corporation.

LINE 1d, Maintenance Received: Enter the monthly amount of maintenance actually received.

LINE 1e, Other Income: Enter the average monthly total of other income. (Other income includes, but is not limited to: trust income, severance pay, annuities, capital gains, pension retirement benefits, workers compensation, unemployment benefits, social security benefits and disability insurance benefits.)

LINE 1f, Imputed Income: Enter the imputed gross monthly income for a parent who is voluntarily unemployed, underemployed or if you do not have records of a parent’s actual earnings. Refer to “INCOME STANDARD #6: Imputation of income.” (See page 2.) Impute income using the first method possible based on the information you have in the following order:

Calculate full-time earnings using either:

1. Current rate of pay;
2. Historical rate of pay based on reliable information;
3. Past rate of pay, if current information is incomplete or sporadic; or
4. Minimum wage where the parent lives when the parent has a history of minimum wage or government assistance is recently released from incarceration or is a high school student.

Historical rate of pay information may be available from the Division of Child Support. Use form 18-701: “Request for Income Information for Purposes of Entering a Child Support Order”, available online at:

<http://www.dshs.wa.gov/dcs/Resources/Forms.asp>

If you impute income using one of the four methods, above, enter the amount in line 1f. Also, in line 26 of the Worksheets, explain which method you used to impute income and how you calculated the amount of imputed income.

If you cannot use any of the above methods, impute the parent’s net monthly income using the table below, and enter the appropriate amount for the parent’s age and gender **on line 1f and on line 3**. The table, below, shows net income, after deductions. So if you impute using this table, you will not enter any deductions on the worksheet under line 2.

Leave lines 2a through 2i blank. For this parent, go to line 4.

Also, in line 26 of the Worksheets, explain that net income was imputed using the Approximate Median Net Monthly Income Table.

Approximate Median Net Monthly Income

MALE	age	FEMALE
\$1,832	15-24	\$1,632
\$2,804	25-34	\$2,446
\$3,448	35-44	\$2,693
\$3,569	45-54	\$2,714
\$3,735	55-64	\$2,814
\$4,084	65 +	\$2,960

U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2009 Annual Social and Economic Supplement, Table PINC-01. Selected Characteristics of People 15 Years Old and Over by Total Money Income in 2008, Work Experience in 2008, Race, Hispanic Origin, and Sex, Worked Full Time, Year Round.

[Net income has been determined by subtracting FICA (7.65 percent) and the tax liability for a single person (one withholding allowance).]

LINE 1g, Total Gross Monthly Income: Add the monthly income amounts for each parent (lines 1a through 1f) and enter the totals on line 1g.

Monthly Deductions from Gross Income

Allowable monthly deductions from gross income are defined under INCOME STANDARD #5: Determination of net income. (See page 2.)

Monthly Average of Deductions: If a deduction is annual or varies during the year, divide the annual total of the deduction by 12 to determine a monthly amount.

LINE 2a, Income Taxes: Enter the monthly amount actually owed for state and federal income taxes. (The amount of income tax withheld on a paycheck may not be the actual amount of income tax owed due to tax refund, etc. It is appropriate to consider tax returns from prior years as indicating the actual amount of income tax owed if income has not changed.)

LINE 2b, FICA/Self Employment Taxes: Enter the total monthly amount of FICA, Social Security, Medicare and Self-employment taxes owed.

LINE 2c, State Industrial Insurance Deductions: Enter the monthly amount of state industrial insurance deductions.

LINE 2d, Mandatory Union/Professional Dues: Enter the monthly cost of mandatory union or professional dues.

LINE 2e, Mandatory Pension Plan Payments: Enter the monthly cost of mandatory pension plan payments amount.

LINE 2f, Voluntary Retirement Contributions: Enter the monthly cost of voluntary Retirement Contributions. Divide the amount of the voluntary retirement contribution, up to \$5,000 per year, by 12 to calculate the monthly cost. (For more information regarding limitations on the allowable deduction of voluntary retirement contributions, refer to INCOME STANDARD #5: Determination of net income. See page 2.)

LINE 2g, Maintenance Paid: Enter the monthly amount of maintenance actually paid pursuant to a court order.

LINE 2h, Normal Business Expenses: If self-employed, enter the amount of normal business expenses. (Pursuant to INCOME STANDARD #5: Determination of net income, “justification shall be required for any business expense deduction about which there is a disagreement.” See page 2.)

LINE 2i, Total Deductions From Gross Income: Add the monthly deductions for each parent (lines 2a through 2h) and enter the totals on line 2i.

LINE 3, Monthly Net Income: For each parent, subtract total deductions (line 2i) from total gross monthly income (line 1g) and enter these amounts on line 3.

LINE 4, Combined Monthly Net Income: Add the parents’ monthly net incomes (line 3) and enter the total on line 4.

LINE 5, Basic Child Support Obligation: In the work area provided on line 5, enter the basic support obligation amount determined for each child. Add these amounts together and enter the total in the box on line 5. (To determine a per child basic support obligation, see the following economic table instructions.)

Economic Table Instructions

To use the Economic Table to determine an individual support amount for each child:

- **Locate in the left-hand column the combined monthly net income amount closest to the amount entered on line 4 of Worksheet** (round up when the combined monthly net income falls halfway between the two amounts in the left-hand column);
- **Locate on the top row the family size for the number of children for whom child support is being determined** (when determining family size for the required worksheets, do not include child(ren) from other relationships); and
- **circle the two numbers in the columns listed below the family size that are across from the net income.** The amount in the “A” column is the basic support amount for a child up to age 11. The amount in the “B” column is the basic support amount for a child 12 years of age or older.

LINE 6, Proportional Share of Income: Divide the monthly net income for each parent (line 3) by the combined monthly net income (line 4) and enter these amounts on line 6. (The entries on line 6 when added together should equal 1.00.)

Part II: Basic Child Support Obligation

LINE 7, Each Parent's Basic Child Support Obligation without consideration of low income limitations: Multiply the total basic child support obligation (amount in box on line 5) by the income share proportion for each parent (line 6) and enter these amounts on line 7. (The amounts entered on line 7 added together should equal the amount entered on line 5.)

LINE 8, Calculating low income limitations: Fill in only those that apply:

To calculate the low-income limitation standards in lines 8b and 8c, you will need to know the self-support reserve amount, which is 125 % of the current federal poverty guideline. As of January 20, 2011, self-support reserve is \$1,134. The guideline and self-support reserve change roughly annually. To check the current self-support reserve amount go to the courts' web site at: www.courts.wa.gov, or go to www.WashingtonLawHelp.org. Enter the self-support reserve amount in the space provided in line 8. (For more information, see Limitation Standard #2 on page 3 of the Definitions and Standards.)

8a. Is combined net income less than \$1,000? If combined net monthly income on line 4 is less than \$1,000, enter each parent's presumptive support obligation of \$50 per child. **Do not enter an amount on line 8a if combined income on line 4 is more than \$1,000.**

8b. Is monthly net income less than self-support reserve? For each parent whose monthly net income on line 3 is less than the self support reserve, enter the parent's presumptive support obligation of \$50 per child. **Do not use this box for a parent whose net income on line 3 is greater than the self-support reserve.**

8c. Is monthly net income greater than self-support reserve? Subtract the self-support reserve from line 3 and enter this amount or enter \$50 per child whichever is greater. **Do not use this box if the amount is greater than the amount in line 7.**

LINE 9, Each parent's basic child support obligation after calculating applicable limitations: For each parent, enter the lowest amount from line 7, 8a – 8c, but not less than the

Part III: Health Care, Day Care, and Special Child Rearing Expenses

Pursuant to ALLOCATION STANDARD #4: "the court may exercise its discretion to determine the necessity for and the reasonableness of all amounts ordered in excess of the basic child support obligation." (See page 2.)

Pursuant to ALLOCATION STANDARD #2: Health care expenses and #3: Day care and special child rearing expenses, health care, day care, and special child rearing expenses shall be shared by the parents in the same proportion as the basic support obligation. (See page 2.) NOTE: The court order should reflect that health care, day care and special child rearing expenses not listed should be apportioned by the same percentage as the basic child support obligation.

Monthly Average of Expenses: If a health care, day care, or special child rearing expense is annual or varies during the year, divide the annual total of the expense by 12 to determine a monthly amount.

Health Care Expenses

LINE 10a, Monthly Health Insurance Premiums Paid For Child(ren): List the monthly amount paid by each parent for health care insurance for the child(ren) of the relationship. (When determining an insurance premium amount, do not include the portion of the premium paid by an employer or other third party and/or the portion of the premium that covers the parent or other household members.)

LINE 10b, Uninsured Monthly Health Care Expenses Paid For Child(ren): List the monthly amount paid by each parent for the child(ren)'s health care expenses not reimbursed by insurance.

LINE 10c, Total Monthly Health Care Expenses: For each parent add the health insurance premium payments (line 10a) to the uninsured health care payments (line 10b) and enter these amounts on line 10c.

LINE 10d, Combined Monthly Health Care Expenses: Add the parents' total health care payments (line 10c) and enter this amount on line 10d.

Day Care and Special Expenses

LINE 11a, Day Care Expenses: Enter average monthly day care costs.

LINE 11b, Education Expenses: Enter the average monthly costs of tuition and other related educational expenses.

LINE 11c, Long Distance Transportation Expenses: Enter the average monthly costs of long distance travel incurred pursuant to the residential or visitation schedule.

presumptive \$50 per child.

LINE 11d, Other Special Expenses: Identify any other special expenses and enter the average monthly cost of each.

LINE 11e, Total Day Care and Special Expenses: Add the monthly expenses for each parent (lines 11a through 11d) and enter these totals on line 11e.

LINE 12, Combined Monthly Total of Day Care and Special Expenses: Add the parents' total expenses (line 11e) and enter this total on line 12.

LINE 13, Total Health Care, Day Care and Special Expenses: Add the health care expenses (line 10d) to the combined monthly total of day care and special expenses (line 12) and enter this amount on line 13.

LINE 14, Each Parent's Obligation For Health Care, Day Care And Special Expenses: Multiply the total health care, day care, and special expense amount (line 13) by the income proportion for each parent (line 6) and enter these amounts on line 14.

LINE 15, Gross Child Support Obligation: For each parent, add the basic child support obligation (line 9) to the obligation for extraordinary health care, day care and special expenses (line 14). Enter these amounts on line 15.

Part V: Child Support Credits

Child support credits are provided in cases where parents make direct payments to third parties for the cost of goods and services which are included in the standard calculation support obligation (e.g., payments to an insurance company or a day care provider).

LINE 16a, Monthly Health Care Expenses Credit: Enter the total monthly health care expenses amounts from line 10c for each parent.

LINE 16b, Day Care And Special Expenses Credit: Enter the total day care and special expenses amounts from line 11e for each parent.

LINE 16c, Other Ordinary Expense Credit: If approval of another ordinary expense credit is being requested, in the space provided, specify the expense and enter the average monthly cost in the column of the parent to receive the credit. (It is generally assumed that ordinary expenses are paid in accordance with the child(ren)'s residence. If payment of a specific ordinary expense does not follow this assumption, the parent paying for this expense may request approval of an ordinary expense credit. This credit is discretionary with the court.)

LINE 16d, Total Support Credits: For each parent, add the entries on lines 16 a through c and enter the totals on line 16d.

Part VI: Standard Calculation/Presumptive Transfer Payment

LINE 17, For Each Parent: subtract the total support credits (line 16d) from the gross child support obligation (line 15) and enter the resulting amounts on line 17. If the amount is less than \$50 per child for either parent, then enter the presumptive minimum support obligation of \$50 per child, instead of the lower amount.

Part VII: Additional Informational Calculations

LINE 18, 45% of Each Parent's Net Income From Line 3: For each parent, multiply line 3 by .45. Refer to LIMITATIONS Standards #1: Limit at 45% of a parent's net income.

LINE 19, 25% of Each Parent's Basic Support Obligation from Line 9: For each parent, multiply line 9 by .25.

Part VIII: Additional Factors for Consideration

Pursuant to INCOME STANDARD #1: Consideration of all income: "all income and resources of each parent's household shall be disclosed and considered by the court when the court determines the child support obligation of each parent." (See page 1.)

LINE 20 a-h, Household Assets: Enter the estimated present value of assets of the household.

LINE 21, Household Debt: Describe and enter the amount of liens against assets owned by the household and/or any extraordinary debt.

Other Household Income

LINE 22a, Income of Current Spouse or Domestic Partner: If a parent is currently married to or in a domestic partnership with someone other than the parent of the child(ren) for whom support is being determined, list the name and enter the income of the present spouse or domestic partner.

LINE 22b, Income of Other Adults In The Household: List the names and enter the incomes of other adults residing in the household.

LINE 22c, Gross income from overtime or from second jobs the party is asking the court to exclude per INCOME STANDARD #4: Income sources excluded from gross monthly income (see page 2).

LINE 22d, Income of Children: If the amount is considered to be extraordinary, list the name and enter the income of children residing in the home.

LINE 22e, Income from Child Support: List the name of the child(ren) for whom support is received and enter the amount of the support income. Do not include the child(ren) for whom support is being determined.

LINE 22f, Income from Assistance Programs: List the program and enter the amount of any income received from assistance programs. (Assistance programs include, but are not limited to: temporary assistance for needy families, SSI, general assistance, food stamps and aid and attendance allowances.)

LINE 22g, Other Income: Describe and enter the amount of any other income of the household. (Include income from gifts and prizes on this line.)

LINE 23, Nonrecurring Income: Describe and enter the amount of any income included in the calculation of gross income (LINE 1g) which is nonrecurring. (Pursuant to DEVIATION STANDARD #1b: Nonrecurring income, “depending on the circumstances, nonrecurring income may include overtime, contract-related benefits, bonuses or income from second jobs.” See page 3.)

LINE 24, Child Support Owed, Monthly, for Biological or Legal Child(ren). List the names and ages and enter the amount of child support owed for other children, (not the children for whom support is being determined). Is the support paid? Check Yes or No.

LINE 25, Other Child(ren) Living in Each Household: List the names and ages of children, other than those for whom support is being determined, who are living in each household.

LINE 26, Other Factors For Consideration: In the space provided list any other factors that should be considered in determining the child support obligation. (For information regarding other factors for consideration, refer to DEVIATION STANDARDS. See page 3.) Also use this space to explain how you calculated the income and deductions in lines 1 and 2.

Nonparental Custody Cases: When the children do not reside with either parent, the household income and resources of the children’s custodian(s) should be listed on line 26.

**WASHINGTON STATE CHILD SUPPORT SCHEDULE
ECONOMIC TABLE**

MONTHLY BASIC SUPPORT OBLIGATION PER CHILD

(KEY: A = AGE 0-11 B = AGE 12-18)

Combined Monthly Net Income	One Child Family		Two Children Family		Three Children Family		Four Children Family		Five Children Family	
	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
For income less than \$1,000, the obligation is based upon the resources and living expenses of each household. Minimum support shall not be less than \$50 per child per month except when allowed by RCW 26.19.065(2).										
1000	220	272	171	211	143	177	121	149	105	130
1100	242	299	188	232	157	194	133	164	116	143
1200	264	326	205	253	171	211	144	179	126	156
1300	285	352	221	274	185	228	156	193	136	168
1400	307	379	238	294	199	246	168	208	147	181
1500	327	404	254	313	212	262	179	221	156	193
1600	347	428	269	333	225	278	190	235	166	205
1700	367	453	285	352	238	294	201	248	175	217
1800	387	478	300	371	251	310	212	262	185	228
1900	407	503	316	390	264	326	223	275	194	240
2000	427	527	331	409	277	342	234	289	204	252
2100	447	552	347	429	289	358	245	303	213	264
2200	467	577	362	448	302	374	256	316	223	276
2300	487	601	378	467	315	390	267	330	233	288
2400	506	626	393	486	328	406	278	343	242	299
2500	526	650	408	505	341	421	288	356	251	311
2600	534	661	416	513	346	428	293	362	256	316
2700	542	670	421	520	351	435	298	368	259	321
2800	549	679	427	527	356	440	301	372	262	324
2900	556	686	431	533	360	445	305	376	266	328
3000	561	693	436	538	364	449	308	380	268	331
3100	566	699	439	543	367	453	310	383	270	334
3200	569	704	442	546	369	457	312	386	272	336
3300	573	708	445	549	371	459	314	388	273	339
3400	574	710	446	551	372	460	315	389	274	340
3500	575	711	447	552	373	461	316	390	275	341
3600	577	712	448	553	374	462	317	391	276	342
3700	578	713	449	554	375	463	318	392	277	343
3800	581	719	452	558	377	466	319	394	278	344
3900	596	736	463	572	386	477	326	404	284	352
4000	609	753	473	584	395	488	334	413	291	360
4100	623	770	484	598	404	500	341	422	298	368
4200	638	788	495	611	413	511	350	431	305	377
4300	651	805	506	625	422	522	357	441	311	385
4400	664	821	516	637	431	532	364	449	317	392
4500	677	836	525	649	438	542	371	458	323	400
4600	689	851	535	661	446	552	377	467	329	407
4700	701	866	545	673	455	562	384	475	335	414
4800	713	882	554	685	463	572	391	483	341	422
4900	726	897	564	697	470	581	398	491	347	429
5000	738	912	574	708	479	592	404	500	353	437
5100	751	928	584	720	487	602	411	509	359	443
5200	763	943	593	732	494	611	418	517	365	451
5300	776	959	602	744	503	621	425	525	371	458
5400	788	974	612	756	511	632	432	533	377	466
5500	800	989	622	768	518	641	439	542	383	473
5600	812	1004	632	779	527	651	446	551	389	480
5700	825	1019	641	791	535	661	452	559	395	488
5800	837	1035	650	803	543	671	459	567	401	495
5900	850	1050	660	815	551	681	466	575	407	502
6000	862	1065	670	827	559	691	473	584	413	509
6100	875	1081	680	839	567	701	479	593	418	517
6200	887	1096	689	851	575	710	486	601	424	524
6300	899	1112	699	863	583	721	493	609	430	532
6400	911	1127	709	875	591	731	500	617	436	539
6500	924	1142	718	887	599	740	506	626	442	546
6600	936	1157	728	899	607	750	513	635	448	554
6700	949	1172	737	911	615	761	520	643	454	561
6800	961	1188	747	923	623	770	527	651	460	568
6900	974	1203	757	935	631	780	533	659	466	575
7000	986	1218	767	946	639	790	540	668	472	583
7100	998	1233	776	958	647	800	547	677	478	591
7200	1009	1248	785	971	654	809	554	684	484	598
7300	1021	1262	794	982	662	818	560	693	490	605
7400	1033	1276	803	993	670	828	567	701	496	613
7500	1044	1290	812	1004	677	837	574	709	502	620
7600	1055	1305	821	1015	685	846	581	718	507	627
7700	1067	1319	830	1026	692	855	587	726	513	634
7800	1078	1333	839	1037	700	865	594	734	519	642
7900	1089	1346	848	1048	707	874	601	742	525	649
8000	1100	1360	857	1059	714	883	607	750	531	656
8100	1112	1374	865	1069	722	892	614	759	536	663
8200	1123	1387	874	1080	729	901	620	767	542	670
8300	1134	1401	882	1091	736	910	627	775	548	677

8400	1144	1414	891	1101	743	919	633	783	553	684
8500	1155	1428	899	1112	750	928	640	791	559	691
8600	1166	1441	908	1122	758	936	646	799	565	698
8700	1177	1454	916	1133	765	945	653	807	570	705
8800	1187	1467	925	1143	772	954	659	815	576	712
8900	1198	1481	933	1153	779	962	665	822	582	719
9000	1208	1493	941	1163	786	971	672	830	587	726
9100	1219	1506	949	1173	792	980	678	838	593	732
9200	1229	1519	957	1183	799	988	684	846	598	739
9300	1239	1532	966	1193	806	996	691	854	604	746
9400	1250	1545	974	1203	813	1005	697	861	609	753
9500	1260	1557	982	1213	820	1013	703	869	614	759
9600	1270	1570	989	1223	826	1021	709	877	620	766
9700	1280	1582	997	1233	833	1030	716	884	625	773
9800	1290	1594	1005	1242	840	1038	722	892	631	779
9900	1300	1606	1013	1252	846	1046	728	900	636	786
10000	1310	1619	1021	1262	853	1054	734	907	641	793
10100	1319	1631	1028	1271	859	1062	740	915	647	799
10200	1329	1643	1036	1281	866	1070	746	922	652	806
10300	1339	1655	1044	1290	872	1078	752	930	657	812
10400	1348	1666	1051	1299	879	1086	758	937	662	819
10500	1358	1678	1059	1308	885	1094	764	944	668	825
10600	1367	1690	1066	1318	891	1102	770	952	673	832
10700	1377	1701	1073	1327	898	1109	776	959	678	838
10800	1386	1713	1081	1336	904	1117	782	966	683	844
10900	1395	1724	1088	1345	910	1125	788	974	688	851
11000	1404	1736	1095	1354	916	1132	794	981	693	857
11100	1413	1747	1102	1363	922	1140	799	988	698	863
11200	1422	1758	1110	1371	928	1147	805	995	703	869
11300	1431	1769	1117	1380	934	1155	811	1002	708	876
11400	1440	1780	1124	1389	940	1162	817	1009	714	882
11500	1449	1791	1131	1398	946	1170	822	1017	719	888
11600	1458	1802	1138	1406	952	1177	828	1024	723	894
11700	1467	1813	1145	1415	958	1184	834	1031	728	900
11800	1475	1823	1151	1423	964	1191	839	1038	733	906
11900	1484	1834	1158	1431	970	1199	845	1045	738	912
12000	1492	1844	1165	1440	975	1206	851	1051	743	919

The economic table is presumptive for combined monthly net incomes up to and including twelve thousand dollars. When combined monthly net income exceeds twelve thousand dollars, the court may exceed the maximum presumptive amount of support upon written findings of fact.

Washington State Child Support Schedule Worksheets

[] Proposed by [] (name) _____ [] State of WA [] Other _____. (CSWP)
 Or, [] Signed by the Judicial/Reviewing Officer. (CSW)

Mother _____ **Father** _____

County _____ **Case No.** _____

Worksheets

Child(ren) and Age(s):		
Part I: Income (see Instructions, page 6)		
	Father	Mother
1. Gross Monthly Income		
a. Wages and Salaries	\$	\$
b. Interest and Dividend Income	\$	\$
c. Business Income	\$	\$
d. Maintenance Received	\$	\$
e. Other Income	\$	\$
f. Imputed Income	\$	\$
g. Total Gross Monthly Income (add lines 1a through 1f)	\$	\$
2. Monthly Deductions from Gross Income		
a. Income Taxes (Federal and State)	\$	\$
b. FICA (Soc.Sec.+Medicare)/Self-Employment Taxes	\$	\$
c. State Industrial Insurance Deductions	\$	\$
d. Mandatory Union/Professional Dues	\$	\$
e. Mandatory Pension Plan Payments	\$	\$
f. Voluntary Retirement Contributions	\$	\$
g. Maintenance Paid	\$	\$
h. Normal Business Expenses	\$	\$
i. Total Deductions from Gross Income (add lines 2a through 2h)	\$	\$
3. Monthly Net Income (line 1g minus 2i)	\$	\$
4. Combined Monthly Net Income (add father's and mother's monthly net incomes from line 3)	\$	
5. Basic Child Support Obligation (enter total amount in box →) Child #1 _____ Child #3 _____ Child #5 _____ Child #2 _____ Child #4 _____	\$	
6. Proportional Share of Income (each parent's net income from line 3 divided by line 4)	.	.

Part II: Basic Child Support Obligation (see Instructions, page 7)		
7. Each Parent's Basic Child Support Obligation without consideration of low income limitations. (Multiply each number on line 6 by line 5.)	\$	\$
8. Calculating low income limitations: Fill in only those that apply.		
Self-Support Reserve: (125% of the Federal Poverty Guideline.)	\$	
a. Is Combined Net Income Less Than \$1,000? If yes, for each parent, enter the presumptive \$50 per child.	\$	\$
b. Is Monthly Net Income Less Than Self-Support Reserve? If yes, for that parent enter the presumptive \$50 per child.	\$	\$
c. Is Monthly Net Income Greater Than Self-Support Reserve? If yes, for each parent subtract the self-support reserve from line 3. If that amount is less than line 7, then enter that amount or the presumptive \$50 per child, whichever is greater.	\$	\$
9. Each parent's basic child support obligation after calculating applicable limitations. For each parent, enter the lowest amount from line 7, 8a - 8c, but not less than the presumptive \$50 per child.	\$	\$
Part III: Health Care, Day Care, and Special Child Rearing Expenses (see Instructions, page 8)		
10. Health Care Expenses	Father	Mother
a. Monthly Health Insurance Premiums Paid for Child(ren)	\$	\$
b. Uninsured Monthly Health Care Expenses Paid for Child(ren)	\$	\$
c. Total Monthly Health Care Expenses (line 10a plus line 10b)	\$	\$
d. Combined Monthly Health Care Expenses (add father's and mother's totals from line 10c)	\$	
11. Day Care and Special Expenses		
a. Day Care Expenses	\$	\$
b. Education Expenses	\$	\$
c. Long Distance Transportation Expenses	\$	\$
d. Other Special Expenses (describe)	\$	\$
	\$	\$
	\$	\$
	\$	\$
e. Total Day Care and Special Expenses (add lines 11a through 11d)	\$	\$
12. Combined Monthly Total Day Care and Special Expenses (add father's and mother's day care and special expenses from line 11e)	\$	
13. Total Health Care, Day Care, and Special Expenses (line 10d plus line 12)	\$	
14. Each Parent's Obligation for Health Care, Day Care, and Special Expenses (multiply each number on line 6 by line 13)	\$	\$
Part IV: Gross Child Support Obligation		
15. Gross Child Support Obligation (line 9 plus line 14)	\$	\$
Part V: Child Support Credits (see Instructions, page 9)		
16. Child Support Credits		
a. Monthly Health Care Expenses Credit	\$	\$

b. Day Care and Special Expenses Credit	\$	\$
c. Other Ordinary Expenses Credit (describe)		
	\$	\$
d. Total Support Credits (add lines 16a through 16c)	\$	\$
Part VI: Standard Calculation/Presumptive Transfer Payment (see Instructions, page 9)		
17. Standard Calculation (line 15 minus line 16d or \$50 per child whichever is greater)	\$	\$
Part VII: Additional Informational Calculations		
18. 45 % of each parent's net income from line 3 (.45 x amount from line 3 for each parent)	\$	\$
19. 25% of each parent's basic support obligation from line 9 (.25 x amount from line 9 for each parent)	\$	\$
Part VIII: Additional Factors for Consideration (see Instructions, page 9)		
20. Household Assets (List the estimated present value of all major household assets.)	Father's Household	Mother's Household
a. Real Estate	\$	\$
b. Investments	\$	\$
c. Vehicles and Boats	\$	\$
d. Bank Accounts and Cash	\$	\$
e. Retirement Accounts	\$	\$
f. Other (describe)	\$	\$
	\$	\$
21. Household Debt (List liens against household assets, extraordinary debt.)		
	\$	\$
	\$	\$
	\$	\$
22. Other Household Income		
a. Income Of Current Spouse or Domestic Partner (if not the other parent of this action) Name _____ Name _____	\$ \$	\$ \$
b. Income Of Other Adults In Household Name _____ Name _____	\$ \$	\$ \$
c. Gross income from overtime or from second jobs the party is asking the court to exclude per Instructions, page 8 _____	\$	\$
d. Income Of Child(ren) (if considered extraordinary) Name _____ Name _____	\$ \$	\$ \$

Superior Court of Washington
County of _____

In re Parentage:

Petitioner,
and

Respondent
and

Respondent.

No. _____

Financial Declaration
 Petitioner
 Respondent
(FNDCLR)

Name: _____ Date of Birth: _____

I. Summary of Basic Information

Declarant's Total Monthly Net Income (from § 3.3 below) \$ _____
Declarant's Total Monthly Household Expenses (from § 5.9 below) \$ _____
Declarant's Total Monthly Debt Expenses (from § 5.11 below) \$ _____
Declarant's Total Monthly Expenses (from § 5.12 below) \$ _____
Estimate of the other party's gross monthly income (from § 3.1f below) \$ _____
 unknown

II. Personal Information

- 2.1 Occupation:
2.2 The highest year of education completed:
2.3 Are you presently employed? Yes No
a. If yes: (1) Where do you work. Employer's name and address must be listed on the Confidential Information Form.

- (2) When did you start work there (month/year)? _____
- b. If no: (1) When did you last work (month/year)? _____
- (2) What were your gross monthly earnings? \$ _____
- (3) Why are you presently unemployed? _____

III. Income Information

If child support is at issue, complete the Washington State Child Support Worksheet(s), skip Paragraphs 3.1 and 3.2. If maintenance, fees, costs or debts are at issue and child support is *Not* an issue this entire section should be completed. (Estimate of other party's income information is optional.)

3.1 Gross Monthly Income

If you are paid on a weekly basis, multiply your weekly gross pay by 4.3 to determine your monthly wages and salaries. If you are paid every two weeks, multiply your gross pay by 2.15. If you are paid twice monthly, multiply your gross pay by 2. If you are paid once a month, list that amount below.

	Name	Name
	_____	_____
a. Wages and Salaries	\$ _____	\$ _____
b. Interest and Dividend Income	\$ _____	\$ _____
c. Business Income	\$ _____	\$ _____
d. Spousal Maintenance Received		
From _____	\$ _____	\$ _____
e. Other Income	\$ _____	\$ _____
f. Total Gross Monthly Income (add lines 3.1a through 3.1e)	\$ _____	\$ _____
g. Actual Gross Income (Year-to-date)	\$ _____	\$ _____

3.2 Monthly Deductions From Gross Income

a. Income Taxes	\$ _____	\$ _____
b. FICA/Self-employment Taxes	\$ _____	\$ _____
c. State Industrial Insurance Deductions	\$ _____	\$ _____
d. Mandatory Union/Professional Dues	\$ _____	\$ _____
e. Pension Plan Payments	\$ _____	\$ _____
f. Spousal Maintenance Paid	\$ _____	\$ _____
g. Normal Business Expenses	\$ _____	\$ _____
h. Total Deductions from Gross Income (add lines 3.2a through 3.2g)	\$ _____	\$ _____

3.3 Monthly Net Income (Line 3.1f minus line 3.2h or line 3 from the Child Support Worksheet(s).) \$ _____ \$ _____

- 3.4 Miscellaneous Income
- a. Child support received from other relationships \$ _____ \$ _____
- b. Other miscellaneous income (list source and amounts)
- _____ \$ _____ \$ _____
- _____ \$ _____ \$ _____
- _____ \$ _____ \$ _____
- _____ \$ _____ \$ _____
- c. Total Miscellaneous Income (add lines 3.4a through 3.4b) \$ _____ \$ _____
- 3.5 Income of Other Adults in Household \$ _____ \$ _____
- 3.6 If the income of either party is disputed, state monthly income you believe is correct and explain below:

IV. Available Assets

- 4.1 Cash on hand \$ _____
- 4.2 On deposit in banks \$ _____
- 4.3 Stocks and bonds, cash value of life insurance \$ _____
- 4.4 Other liquid assets: \$ _____

V. Monthly Expense Information

Monthly expenses for myself and _____ dependents are: (Expenses should be calculated for the future, after separation, based on the anticipated residential schedule for the children.)

5.1 Housing

- Rent, 1st mortgage or contract payments \$ _____
- Installment payments for other mortgages or encumbrances \$ _____
- Taxes & insurance (if not in monthly payment) \$ _____
- Total Housing \$ _____

5.2 Utilities

- Heat (gas & oil) \$ _____
- Electricity \$ _____
- Water, sewer, garbage \$ _____

Telephone \$ _____
Cable \$ _____
Other \$ _____
Total Utilities \$ _____

5.3 Food and Supplies

Food for _____ persons \$ _____
Supplies (paper, tobacco, pets) \$ _____
Meals eaten out \$ _____
Other \$ _____
Total Food Supplies \$ _____

5.4 Children

Day Care/Babysitting \$ _____
Clothing \$ _____
Tuition (if any) \$ _____
Other child-related expenses \$ _____
Total Expenses Children \$ _____

5.5 Transportation

Vehicle payments or leases \$ _____
Vehicle insurance & license \$ _____
Vehicle gas, oil, ordinary maintenance \$ _____
Parking \$ _____
Other transportation expenses \$ _____
Total Transportation \$ _____

5.6 Health Care (Omit if fully covered)

Insurance \$ _____
Uninsured dental, orthodontic, medical, eye care expenses \$ _____
Other uninsured health expenses \$ _____
Total Health Care \$ _____

5.7 Personal Expenses (Not including children)

Clothing \$ _____
Hair care/personal care expenses \$ _____
Clubs and recreation \$ _____
Education \$ _____

Books, newspapers, magazines, photos \$ _____
 Gifts \$ _____
 Other \$ _____
 Total Personal Expenses \$ _____

5.8 Miscellaneous Expenses

Life insurance (if not deducted from income) \$ _____
 Other _____ \$ _____
 Other _____ \$ _____
 Total Miscellaneous Expenses \$ _____

5.9 Total Household Expenses (The total of Paragraphs 5.1 through 5.8) \$ _____

5.10 Installment Debts Included in Paragraphs 5.1 Through 5.8

<u>Creditor</u>	<u>Description of Debt</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Month of Last Payment</u>
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

5.11 Other Debts and Monthly Expenses not Included in Paragraphs 5.1 Through 5.8

<u>Creditor</u>	<u>Description of Debt</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Month of Last Payment</u>	<u>Amount of Monthly Payment</u>
_____	_____	_____	_____	\$ _____
_____	_____	_____	_____	\$ _____
_____	_____	_____	_____	\$ _____
_____	_____	_____	_____	\$ _____
_____	_____	_____	_____	\$ _____
_____	_____	_____	_____	\$ _____
_____	_____	_____	_____	\$ _____

Total Monthly Payments for Other Debts and Monthly Expenses \$ _____

5.12 Total Expenses (Add Paragraphs 5.9 and 5.11) \$ _____

VI. Attorney Fees

6.1 Amount paid for attorney fees and costs to date: \$ _____

6.2 The source of this money was:

6.3 Fees and costs incurred to date: \$ _____

6.4 Arrangements for attorney fees and costs are:

6.5 Other:

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington that the foregoing is true and correct.

Signed at _____, [City] _____ [State] on _____ [Date].

Signature of Declarant

Print or Type Name

The following financial records are being provided to the other party and filed separately with the court.

Financial records pertaining to myself:

Individual Partnership or Corporate Income Tax returns for the years _____ including all W-2s and schedules;

Pay stubs for the dates of _____

Other: _____

Do not attach these financial records to the financial declaration. These financial records should be served on the other party and filed with the court separately using the sealed financial source documents cover sheet (WPF DRPSCU 09.0220). If filed separately using the cover sheet, the records will be sealed to protect your privacy (although they will be available to all parties in the case, their attorneys, court personnel and certain state agencies and boards.) See GR 22 (C)(2).

Superior Court of Washington
County of _____

In re Parentage:

Petitioner,

and

Respondent

and

Respondent.

No. _____

**Sealed Financial Source
Documents
(Cover Sheet)
(SEALFN)
Clerk's Action Required**

Sealed Financial Source Documents

(List documents below and write "Sealed" at least one inch from the top of the first page of each document.)

- Income Tax records
- Pay Stubs
- Credit Card Statements
- Bank statements
- Checks or the equivalent
- Check registers
- Loan application documents
- Retirement plan orders
- Other

Submitted by:

Notice: The other party will have access to these financial source documents. If you are concerned for your safety or the safety of the children, you may redact (block out or delete) information that identifies your location.

1.2 Judgment Summary for Medical Support

- Does not apply.
- Applies as follows:
- A. Judgment creditor _____
- B. Judgment debtor _____
- C. Judgment for medical support \$ _____
from (date) _____ through (date) _____
- D. Interest to date of judgment \$ _____
- E. Attorney fees \$ _____
- F. Costs \$ _____
- G. Principal judgment shall bear interest at _____ % per annum
- H. Attorney fees, costs and other recovery amounts shall bear interest at _____ % per annum
- I. Attorney for judgment creditor _____
- J. Attorney for judgment debtor _____
- K. Other _____

II. Basis

2.1 Type of Proceeding

This order is entered under a petition for establishment of parentage:

- judgment and order on petition for establishment of parentage and granting other relief.
- order for modification of child support.
- hearing for temporary child support.
- order of adjustment.
- order for modification of a custody decree or parenting plan.
- other:

2.2 Child Support Worksheet

The child support worksheet which has been approved by the court is attached to this order and is incorporated by reference or has been initialed and filed separately and is incorporated by reference.

2.3 Other

III. Findings and Order

3.1 Child(ren) for Whom Support is Required

<u>Name (first/last)</u>	<u>Age</u>
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

3.2 Person Paying Support (Obligor)

Name (first/last):

Birth date:

Service Address: [You may list an address that is not your residential address where you agree to accept legal documents.]

The Obligor Parent Must Immediately File With the Court and the Washington State Child Support Registry, and Update as Necessary, the Confidential Information Form Required by RCW 26.23.050.

The Obligor Parent Shall Update the Information Required by Paragraph 3.2 Promptly After Any Change in the Information. The Duty to Update the Information Continues as Long As Any Monthly Support Remains Due or Any Unpaid Support Debt Remains Due Under This Order.

For purposes of this Order of Child Support, the support obligation is based upon the following income:

A. Actual Monthly Net Income: \$_____.

OR

B. Monthly net income after exclusion requiring findings:

Actual monthly gross income \$_____ from which the court excludes \$_____ because the court finds that the obligor earned that income from overtime or from second jobs beyond 40 hours per week averaged over a 12-month period to:

provide for a current family's needs; or

retire past relationship debts; or

retire child support debt; and

that the income will cease when the obligor has paid off his or her debts.

Monthly net income after allowed exclusion: \$_____.

OR

C. The net income of the obligor is imputed at \$_____ because:

the obligor's income is unknown.

the obligor is voluntarily unemployed.

the obligor is voluntarily underemployed.

The amount of imputed income is based on the following information in order of priority. The court has used the first option for which there is information:

- current rate of pay;
- reliable historical rate of pay information;
- Past earnings when there is incomplete or sporadic information of the parent's past earnings;
- minimum wage in the jurisdiction where the parent lives at full-time earnings because the parent:
 - has a recent history of minimum wage jobs,
 - recently came off public assistance, general assistance-unemployable, supplemental security income, or disability
 - was recently released from incarceration, or
 - is a high school student.
- Median Net Monthly Income Table.

Other:

3.3 Person Receiving Support (Obligee)

Name (first/last):

Birth date:

Service Address: [You may list an address that is not your residential address where you agree to accept legal documents.]

The Obligee Must Immediately File With the Court and the Washington State Child Support Registry, and Update as Necessary, the Confidential Information Form Required by RCW 26.23.050.

The Obligee Shall Update the Information Required by Paragraph 3.3 Promptly After Any Change in the Information. The Duty to Update the Information Continues as Long as Any Monthly Support Remains due or Any Unpaid Support Debt Remains Due Under This Order.

For purposes of this Order of Child Support, the support obligation is based upon the following income:

A. Actual Monthly Net Income: \$ _____.

OR

B. Monthly net income after exclusion requiring findings:

Actual monthly gross income \$ _____ from which the court excludes \$ _____ because the court finds that the obligee earned that income from overtime or from second jobs beyond 40 hours per week averaged over a

12-month period to:

- provide for a current family's needs; or
- retire past relationship debts; or
- retire child support debt; and

that the income will cease when the obligee has paid off his or her debts.

Monthly net income after allowed exclusion: \$_____.

OR

C. The net income of the obligee is imputed at \$_____ because:

- the obligee's income is unknown.
- the obligee is voluntarily unemployed.
- the obligee is voluntarily underemployed.

The amount of imputed income is based on the following information in order of priority. The court has used the first option for which there is information:

- current rate of pay.
- reliable historical rate of pay information.
- past earnings when there is incomplete or sporadic information of the parent's past earnings.
- minimum wage in the jurisdiction where the parent lives at full-time earnings because the parent:
 - has a recent history of minimum wage jobs,
 - recently came off public assistance, general assistance-unemployable, supplemental security income, or disability
 - was recently released from incarceration, or
 - is a high school student.
- Median Net Monthly Income Table.

Other:

The obligor may be able to seek reimbursement for day care or special child rearing expenses not actually incurred. RCW 26.19.080.

3.4 Service of Process

Service of Process on the Obligor at the Address Required by Paragraph 3.2 or Any Updated Address, or on the Oblige at the Address Required by Paragraph 3.3 or Any Updated Address, May Be Allowed or Accepted as Adequate in Any Proceeding to Establish, Enforce or Modify a Child Support Order Between the Parties by Delivery of Written Notice to the Obligor or Oblige at the Last Address Provided.

3.5 Transfer Payment

The obligor parent shall pay the following amounts per month for the following child(ren):

<u>Name</u>	<u>Amount</u>
_____	\$ _____
_____	\$ _____
_____	\$ _____
_____	\$ _____
Total Monthly Transfer Amount	\$ _____

The parents' combined monthly net income exceeds \$12,000 and the court sets child support in excess of the presumptive amount for \$12,000 because:

The court finds that the obligor's child support obligations owed for all his or her biological or legal children exceed 45% of his or her net income and it is just unjust to apply the 45% limitation based upon the best interests of the child(ren) and the circumstances of each parent as follows:

If one of the children changes age brackets, the child support shall be as follows:

This is a downward modification that has caused an overpayment of \$ _____. This amount shall be repaid or credited as follows:

This is an upward modification that has caused an underpayment of \$ _____. This amount shall be paid as follows:

Other:

The Obligor Parent's Privileges to Obtain or Maintain a License, Certificate, Registration, Permit, Approval, or other Similar Document Issued by a Licensing Entity Evidencing Admission to or Granting Authority to Engage in a Profession,

Occupation, Business, Industry, Recreational Pursuit, or the Operation of a Motor Vehicle May Be Denied or May Be Suspended if the Obligor Parent Is Not in Compliance with This Support Order as Provided in Chapter 74.20A Revised Code of Washington.

3.6 Standard Calculation

\$_____ per month. (See Worksheet line 17.)

3.7 Reasons for Deviation From Standard Calculation

- The child support amount ordered in paragraph 3.5 does not deviate from the standard calculation.
- The child support amount ordered in paragraph 3.5 deviates from the standard calculation for the following reasons:
 - Income of a new spouse or registered domestic partner of the parent requesting a deviation for other reasons;
 - Income of other adults in the household of the parent requesting a deviation for other reasons;
 - Child support actually paid or received for other child(ren) from other relationships;
 - Gifts;
 - Prizes;
 - Possession of wealth;
 - Extraordinary income of a child(ren);
 - Tax planning which results in greater benefit to the child(ren);
 - Income from overtime or second jobs that was excluded from income of the parent requesting a deviation for other reasons;
 - A nonrecurring source of income;
 - Extraordinary debt not voluntarily incurred;
 - A significant disparity in the living costs of the parents due to conditions beyond their control;
 - Special needs of disabled child(ren);
 - Special medical, educational, or psychological needs of the child(ren);
 - The child(ren) spend(s) a significant amount of time with the parent who is obligated to make a support transfer payment. The deviation does not result in insufficient funds in the receiving parent's household to meet the basic needs of the child(ren). The child(ren) do(es) not receive public assistance;
 - Child(ren) from other relationships;
 - Costs incurred or anticipated to be incurred by the parents in compliance with court-ordered reunification efforts or under a voluntary placement agreement with an agency supervising the child(ren);
 - The obligor has established that it is unjust or inappropriate to apply the presumptive minimum payment of \$50.00 per child.
 - The obligee has established that it is unjust to apply the self-support reserve.
 - Other reason(s) for deviation:

The factual basis for these reasons is as follows:

3.8 Reasons Why Request for Deviation Was Denied

- Does not apply. A deviation was ordered.
- A deviation was not requested.
- The deviation sought by the obligor obligee was denied because:
 - no good reason exists to justify deviation.
 - other:

3.9 Starting Date and Day to be Paid

Starting Date: _____
Day(s) of the month support is due: _____

3.10 Incremental Payments

- Does not apply.
- This is a modification of child support. Pursuant to RCW 26.09.170 (9)(a) and (c), the obligation has been modified by more than 30 percent and the change would cause significant hardship. The increase in the child support obligation set forth in Paragraph 3.5 shall be implemented in two equal increments, one at the time of this order and the second on (date) _____, six months from the entry of this order.

3.11 Making Support Payments

Select Enforcement and Collection, Payment Processing Only, or Direct Payment:

- Enforcement and collection: The Division of Child Support (DCS) provides support enforcement services for this case because: this is a public assistance cases, this is a case in which a parent has requested services from DCS, a parent has **signed** the application for services from DCS **on the last page of this support order**. (Check all that apply.) Support payments shall be made to:

Washington State Support Registry
P. O. Box 45868
Olympia, WA 98504
Phone: 1-800-922-4306 or
1-800-442-5437

- Payment services only: The Division of Child Support will process and keep a record of all payments but will not take any collection action. Support payments shall be made to:

Washington State Support Registry
P. O. Box 45868
Olympia, WA 98504
Phone: 1-800-922-4306 or

Direct Payment: Support payments shall be made directly to:

Name _____

Mailing Address _____

A party required to make payments to the Washington State Child Support Registry will not receive credit for a payment made to any other party or entity. The obligor parent shall keep the registry informed whether he or she has access to health insurance coverage at reasonable cost and, if so, to provide the health insurance policy information.

Any time the Division of Child Support is providing support enforcement services under RCW 26.23.045, or if a party is applying for support enforcement services by signing the application form on the bottom of the support order, the receiving parent might be required to submit an accounting of how the support, including any cash medical support, is being spent to benefit the child(ren).

3.12 Wage Withholding Action

Withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the obligor parent at any time after entry of this order unless an alternative provision is made below:

[If the court orders immediate wage withholding in a case where DCS does not provide support enforcement services, a mandatory wage assignment under Chapter 26.18 RCW must be entered and support payments must be made to the Support Registry.]

Wage withholding, by notice of payroll deduction or other income withholding action under Chapter 26.18 RCW or Chapter 74.20A RCW, without further notice to the obligor, is delayed until a payment is past due, because:

The parties have reached a written agreement which the court approves that provides for an alternate arrangement.

The Division of Child Support provides support enforcement services for this case [see 3.11] and there is good cause [as stated below under "Good Cause"] not to require immediate income withholding which is in the best interests of the child and, in modification cases, previously ordered child support has been timely paid:

The Division of Child Support does not provide support enforcement services for this case [see 3.11] and there is good cause [as stated below under "Good Cause"] not to require immediate income withholding:

Good Cause: _____

3.13 Termination of Support

Support shall be paid:

- provided that this is a temporary order, until a subsequent child support order is entered by this court.
- until the child(ren) reach(es) the age of 18 or as long as the child(ren) remain(s) enrolled in high school, whichever occurs last, except as otherwise provided below in Paragraph 3.14.
- until the child(ren) reach(es) the age of 18, except as otherwise provided below in Paragraph 3.14.
- after the age of 18 for (name) _____ who is a dependent adult child, until the child is capable of self-support and the necessity for support ceases.
- until the obligation for post secondary support set forth in Paragraph 3.14 begins for the child(ren).
- other:

3.14 Post Secondary Educational Support

- The right to request post secondary support is reserved, provided that the right is exercised before support terminates as set forth in paragraph 3.13.
- The parents shall pay for the post secondary educational support of the child(ren). Post secondary support provisions will be decided by agreement or by the court.
- No post secondary educational support shall be required.
- Other:

3.15 Payment for Expenses not Included in the Transfer Payment

- Does not apply because all payments, except medical, are included in the transfer payment.
- (Name) _____ shall pay _____% and (name) _____ shall pay _____% (each parent's proportional share of income from the Child Support Schedule Worksheet, line 6) of the following expenses incurred on behalf of the children listed in Paragraph 3.1:
 - day care.
 - educational expenses.
 - long distance transportation expenses.
 - other:

Payments shall be made to the provider of the service the parent receiving the transfer payment.

The obligor shall pay the following amounts each month the expense is incurred on behalf of the child(ren) listed in Paragraph 3.1:

- day care: \$_____ payable to the day care provider other parent;
- educational expenses: \$_____ payable to the educational provider other parent;
- long distance transportation: \$_____ payable to the transportation provider other parent.
- other:

3.16 Periodic Adjustment

- Does not apply.
- Child support shall be adjusted periodically as follows:

Other:

3.17 Income Tax Exemptions

- Does not apply.
- Tax exemptions for the child(ren) shall be allocated as follows:

- The parents shall sign the federal income tax dependency exemption waiver.
- Other:

3.18 Medical Support – Health Insurance

Each parent shall provide health insurance coverage for the child(ren) listed in paragraph 3.1, as follows:

3.18.1 Health Insurance (either check box A(1), or check box A(2) and complete sections B and C. *Section D applies in all cases.*)

A. Evidence

- (1) There is insufficient evidence for the court to determine which parent must provide coverage and which parent must contribute a sum certain. Therefore, the court is not specifying how insurance coverage shall be provided. Both parents' medical support obligations may be enforced by the Division of Child Support or by the other parent under RCW 26.18.170 as described in paragraph 3.18.2, below.

OR

(2) There is sufficient evidence for the court to determine which parent must provide coverage and which parent must contribute a sum certain. Fill in B and C below.

B. Findings about insurance:

Does not apply because A(1) is checked, above.

The court makes the following findings:

_____ (Parent's Name)	_____ (Parent's Name)	Check at least one of the following findings for each parent.
<input type="checkbox"/>		Insurance coverage for the child(ren) is available <u>and</u> accessible to this parent at \$_____ cost (child(ren)'s portion of the premium, only).
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Insurance coverage for the child(ren) is available <u>and</u> accessible to this parent at \$_____ cost (child(ren)'s portion of the premium, only).
<input type="checkbox"/>		Insurance coverage for the child(ren) is available <u>but not</u> accessible to this parent at \$_____ cost (child(ren)'s portion of the premium, only).
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Insurance coverage for the child(ren) is available <u>but not</u> accessible to this parent at \$_____ cost (child(ren)'s portion of the premium, only).
<input type="checkbox"/>		Neither parent has available or accessible insurance through an employer or union; but this parent is able to provide private coverage at a cost not to exceed 25% of this parent's basic support obligation.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Neither parent has available or accessible insurance through an employer or union; but this parent is able to provide private coverage at a cost not to exceed 25% of this parent's basic support obligation.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(Check only one parent) Both parties have available and accessible coverage for the child(ren). The court finds that this parent has better coverage considering the needs of the child(ren), the cost and extent of each parent's coverage, and the accessibility of the coverage.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other:

C. Parents' obligations:

Does not apply because A (1) is checked above.

The court makes the following orders:

D. Both parents' obligation:

If the child(ren) is(are) receiving state financed medical coverage, the Division of Child Support may enforce the responsible parent's monthly premium.

The parent(s) shall maintain health insurance coverage, if available for the child(ren) listed in paragraph 3.1, until further order of the court or until health insurance is no longer available through the parents' employer or union and no conversion privileges exist to continue coverage following termination of employment.

A parent who is required under this order to provide health insurance coverage is liable for any covered health care costs for which that parent receives direct payment from an insurer.

A parent who is required under this order to provide health insurance coverage shall provide proof that such coverage is available or not available within 20 days of the entry of this order to the other parent or the Washington State Support Registry if the parent has been notified or ordered to make payments to the Washington State Support Registry.

If proof that health insurance coverage is available or not available is not provided within 20 days, the parent seeking enforcement or the Department of Social and Health Services may seek direct enforcement of the coverage through the other parent's employer or union without further notice to the other parent as provided under Chapter 26.18 RCW.

3.18.2 Change of Circumstances and Enforcement

A parent required to provide health insurance coverage must notify both the Division of Child Support and the other parent when coverage terminates.

If the parents' circumstances change, or if the court has not specified how medical support shall be provided, the parents' medical support obligations will be enforced as provided in RCW 26.18.170. If a parent does not provide proof of accessible coverage for the child(ren) through private insurance, a parent may be required to satisfy his or her medical support obligation by doing one of the following, listed in order of priority:

- 1) Providing or maintaining health insurance coverage through the parent's employment or union at a cost not to exceed 25% of that parent's basic support obligation;
- 2) Contributing the parent's proportionate share of a monthly premium being paid by the other parent for health insurance coverage for the child(ren) listed in paragraph 3.1 of this order, not to exceed 25% of the obligated parent's basic support obligation; or
- 3) Contributing the parent's proportionate share of a monthly premium paid by the state if the child(ren) receive(s) state-financed medical coverage through DSHS under RCW 74.09 for which there is an assignment.

A parent seeking to enforce the obligation to provide health insurance coverage may apply for support enforcement services from the Division of Child Support; file a motion for contempt (use form WPF DRPSCU 05.0100, Motion/Declaration for an Order to Show Cause re Contempt); or file a petition.

3.19 Uninsured Medical Expenses

Both parents have an obligation to pay their share of uninsured medical expenses.

(Name) _____ shall pay _____% of uninsured medical expenses (unless stated otherwise, that parent's proportional share of income from the Worksheet, line 6), and (name) _____ shall pay _____% of uninsured medical expenses (unless stated otherwise, that parent's proportional share of income from the Worksheet, line 6).

3.20 Back Child Support

Back child support that may be owed is not affected by this order.

Back interest that may be owed is not affected by this order.

(Name) _____ is awarded a judgment against (name) _____ in the amount of \$ _____ for back child support for the period from (date) _____ through (date) _____.

(Name) _____ is awarded a judgment against (name) _____ in the amount of \$ _____ for back interest for the period from (date) _____ through (date) _____.

No back child support is owed at this time.

No back interest is owed at this time.

Other:

3.21 Past Due Unpaid Medical Support

Unpaid medical support that may be owed is not affected by this order.

Back interest that may be owed is not affected by this order.

(Name) _____ is awarded a judgment against (name) _____ in the amount of \$ _____ for past due unpaid medical support for the period from (date) _____ through (date) _____.

(Name) _____ is awarded a judgment against (name) _____ in the amount of \$ _____ for back interest for the period from (date) _____ through (date) _____.

No past due unpaid medical support is owed at this time.

No back interest is owed at this time.

Other:

3.22 Other Unpaid Obligations

- Other obligations that may be owed are not affected by this order.
- Back interest that may be owed is not affected by this order.
- (Name) _____ is awarded a judgment against (name) _____ in the amount of \$ _____ for child care ordered contributions to extracurricular activities long distance transportation costs educational expenses post secondary other _____ for the period from (date) _____ through (date) _____.
- (Name) _____ is awarded a judgment against (name) _____ in the amount of \$ _____ for back interest for the period from (date) _____ through (date) _____.
- No other obligations are owed at this time.
- No back interest is owed at this time.
- Other:

3.23 Other

Dated: _____

Judge/Commissioner

Presented by:

Approved for entry:
Notice of presentation waived:

Signature of Party or Lawyer/WSBA No.

Signature of Party or Lawyer/WSBA No.

Print Name

Print Name

I apply for full support enforcement services from the DSHS Division of Child Support (DCS).

(Note: If you never received TANF, tribal TANF, or AFDC, an annual \$25 fee applies if over \$500 is disbursed on a case, unless the fee is waived by DCS.)

Signature of Party

Approval required in Public Assistance cases. The DSHS' Division of Child Support received notice required by RCW 26.23.130. This order has been reviewed and approved as to:

Current Child Support

Back Child Support

Medical Support

Other:

Deputy Prosecuting Attorney/WSBA No.

Print Name

**Superior Court of Washington
County of**

In re the Parenting and Support of:

Child(ren)

Petitioner

and

Respondent.

No.

Order of Child Support

Temporary (TMORS)

Final Order (ORS)

Clerk's Action Required

I. Judgment Summary

1.1 Judgment Summary for Non-Medical Expenses

Does not apply.

Applies as follows:

- A. Judgment creditor _____
- B. Judgment debtor _____
- C. Principal judgment amount (back child support/other obligations) \$ _____
From (date) _____ through (date) _____
- D. Interest to date of judgment \$ _____
- E. Attorney fees \$ _____
- F. Costs \$ _____
- G. Other recovery amount \$ _____
- H. Principal judgment shall bear interest at _____ % per annum
- I. Attorney fees, costs and other recovery amounts shall bear interest at _____ % per annum
- J. Attorney for judgment creditor _____
- K. Attorney for judgment debtor _____
- L. Other: _____

1.2 Judgment Summary for Medical Support

Does not apply.

Applies as follows:

- A. Judgment creditor _____
- B. Judgment debtor _____
- C. Judgment for medical support \$ _____
from (date) _____ through (date) _____
- D. Interest to date of judgment \$ _____
- E. Attorney fees \$ _____
- F. Costs \$ _____
- G. Principal judgment shall bear interest at _____ % per annum
- H. Attorney fees, costs and other recovery amounts shall bear interest at _____ % per annum
- I. Attorney for judgment creditor _____
- J. Attorney for judgment debtor _____
- K. Other _____

II. Basis

2.1 Type of Proceeding

This order is entered under an acknowledgment of paternity petition for residential schedule/parenting plan/child support:

- judgment and order establishing residential schedule/parenting plan/child support.
- order for modification of child support.
- hearing for temporary child support.
- order of adjustment.
- order for modification of a custody decree or parenting plan.
- other:

2.2 Child Support Worksheet

The child support worksheet which has been approved by the court is attached to this order and is incorporated by reference or has been initialed and filed separately and is incorporated by reference.

2.3 Other

III. Findings and Order

It is Ordered:

3.1 Child(ren) for Whom Support Is Required

<u>Name (first/last)</u>	<u>Age</u>
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

3.2 Person Paying Support (Obligor)

Name (first/last):

Birth date:

Service Address: (You may list an address that is not your residential address where you agree to accept legal documents.)

The obligor parent must immediately file with the court and the Washington State Child Support Registry, and update as necessary, the confidential information form required by RCW 26.23.050.

The obligor parent shall update the information required by paragraph 3.2 promptly after any change in the information. The duty to update the information continues as long as any monthly support remains due or any unpaid support debt remains due under this order.

For purposes of this Order of Child Support, the support obligation is based upon the following income:

A. Actual Monthly Net Income: \$_____.

OR

B. Monthly net income after exclusion requiring findings:

Actual monthly gross income \$_____ from which the court excludes \$_____ because the court finds that the obligor earned that income from overtime or from second jobs beyond 40 hours per week averaged over a 12-month period to:

provide for a current family's needs; or

retire past relationship debts; or

retire child support debt; and

that the income will cease when the obligor has paid off his or her debts.

Monthly net income after allowed exclusion: \$_____.

C. The net income of the obligor is imputed at \$_____ because:

the obligor's income is unknown.

the obligor is voluntarily unemployed.

the obligor is voluntarily underemployed.

The amount of imputed income is based on the following information in order of priority. The court has used the first option for which there is information:

current rate of pay;

reliable historical rate of pay information;

- Past earnings when there is incomplete or sporadic information of the parent's past earnings;
- minimum wage in the jurisdiction where the parent lives at full-time earnings because the parent:
 - has a recent history of minimum wage jobs,
 - recently came off public assistance, general assistance-unemployable, supplemental security income, or disability
 - was recently released from incarceration, or
 - is a high school student.
- Median Net Monthly Income Table.
- other:

3.3 Person Receiving Support (Obligee)

Name (first/last):

Birth date:

Service Address: (You may list an address that is not your residential address where you agree to accept legal documents.)

The obligee must immediately file with the court and the Washington State Child Support Registry, and update as necessary, the confidential information form required by RCW 26.23.050.

The obligee shall update the information required by paragraph 3.3 promptly after any change in the information. The duty to update the information continues as long as any monthly support remains due or any unpaid support debt remains due under this order.

For purposes of this Order of Child Support, the support obligation is based upon the following income:

A. Actual Monthly Net Income: \$_____.

OR

B. Monthly net income after exclusion requiring findings:

Actual monthly gross income \$_____ from which the court excludes \$_____ because the court finds that the obligee earned that income from overtime or from second jobs beyond 40 hours per week averaged over a 12-month period to:

- provide for a current family's needs; or
- retire past relationship debts; or
- retire child support debt; and

that the income will cease when the obligee has paid off his or her debts.

Monthly net income after allowed exclusion: \$_____.

OR

C. The net income of the obligee is imputed at \$_____ because:

- the obligee's income is unknown.
- the obligee is voluntarily unemployed.
- the obligee is voluntarily underemployed.

The amount of imputed income is based on the following information in order of priority. The court has used the first option for which there is information:

- current rate of pay;
- reliable historical rate of pay information;
- Past earnings when there is incomplete or sporadic information of the parent's past earnings;
- minimum wage in the jurisdiction where the parent lives at full-time earnings because the parent:
 - has a recent history of minimum wage jobs,
 - recently came off public assistance, general assistance-unemployable, supplemental security income, or disability
 - was recently released from incarceration, or
 - is a high school student.
- Median Net Monthly Income Table.
- other:

The obligor may be able to seek reimbursement for day care or special child rearing expenses not actually incurred. RCW 26.19.080.

3.4 Service of Process

Service of process on the obligor at the address required by paragraph 3.2 or any updated address, or on the obligee at the address required by paragraph 3.3 or any updated address, may be allowed or accepted as adequate in any proceeding to establish, enforce or modify a child support order between the parties by delivery of written notice to the obligor or obligee at the last address provided.

3.5 Transfer Payment

The obligor parent shall pay the following amounts per month for the following child(ren):

<u>Name</u>	<u>Amount</u>
_____	\$ _____
_____	\$ _____
_____	\$ _____
_____	\$ _____
Total Monthly Transfer Amount	\$ _____

The parents' combined monthly net income exceeds \$12,000 and the court sets child support in excess of the presumptive amount for \$12,000 because:

The court finds that the obligor's child support obligations owed for all his or her biological or legal child(ren) exceed 45% of his or her net income and it is just unjust to apply the 45% limitation based upon the best interests of the child(ren) and the circumstances of each parent as follows:

If one of the children changes age brackets, the child support shall be as follows:

This is a downward modification that has caused an overpayment of \$ _____.
This amount shall be repaid or credited as follows:

This is an upward modification that has caused an underpayment of \$ _____.
This amount shall be paid as follows:

Other:

The obligor parent's privileges to obtain or maintain a license, certificate, registration, permit, approval, or other similar document issued by a licensing

entity evidencing admission to or granting authority to engage in a profession, occupation, business industry, recreational pursuit, or the operation of a motor vehicle may be denied or may be suspended if the obligor parent is not in compliance with this support order as provided in Chapter 74.20A Revised Code of Washington.

3.6 Standard Calculation

\$ _____ per month. (See Worksheet line 17.)

3.7 Reasons for Deviation from Standard Calculation

- The child support amount ordered in paragraph 3.5 does not deviate from the standard calculation.
- The child support amount ordered in paragraph 3.5 deviates from the standard calculation for the following reasons:
 - Income of a new spouse of the parent requesting a deviation for other reasons;
 - Income of other adults in the household of the parent requesting a deviation for other reasons;
 - Child support actually paid or received for other child(ren) from other relationships;
 - Gifts;
 - Prizes;
 - Possession of wealth;
 - Extraordinary income of the child(ren);
 - Tax planning which results in greater benefit to the child(ren);
 - Income from overtime or second jobs that was excluded from income of the parent requesting a deviation for other reasons;
 - A nonrecurring source of income;
 - Extraordinary debt not voluntarily incurred;
 - A significant disparity in the living costs of the parents due to conditions beyond their control;
 - Special needs of disabled child(ren);
 - Special medical, educational, or psychological needs of the child(ren);
 - The child(ren) spend(s) a significant amount of time with the parent who is obligated to make a support transfer payment. The deviation does not result in insufficient funds in the receiving parent's household to meet the basic needs of the child(ren). The child(ren) do(es) not receive public assistance;
 - Child(ren) from other relationships;
 - Costs incurred or anticipated to be incurred by the parents in compliance with court-ordered reunification efforts or under a voluntary placement agreement with an agency supervising the child(ren);
 - The obligor has established that it is unjust or inappropriate to apply the presumptive minimum payment of \$50.00 per child.
 - The obligee has established that it is unjust to apply the self-support reserve.
 - Other reason(s) for deviation:

The factual basis for these reasons is as follows:

3.8 Reasons why Request for Deviation was Denied

- Does not apply. A deviation was ordered.
- A deviation was not requested.

- The deviation sought by the obligor obligee was denied because:
 - no good reason exists to justify deviation.
 - other:

3.9 Starting Date and Day to Be Paid

Starting Date: _____
Day(s) of the month support is due: _____

3.10 Incremental Payments

- Does not apply.
- This is a modification of child support. Pursuant to RCW 26.09.170 (9)(a) and (c), the obligation has been modified by more than 30 percent and the change would cause significant hardship. The increase in the child support obligation set forth in Paragraph 3.5 shall be implemented in two equal increments, one at the time of this order and the second on (date) _____, six months from the entry of this order.

3.11 Making Support Payments

Select Enforcement and Collection, Payment Processing Only, or Direct Payment:

- Enforcement and collection: The Division of Child Support (DCS) provides support enforcement services for this case because: This is a public assistance case, this is a case in which a parent has requested services from DCS, a parent has **signed** the application for services from DCS **on the last page of this support order**. (Check all that apply.) Support payments shall be made to:

Washington State Support Registry
P. O. Box 45868
Olympia, WA 98504
Phone: 1-800-922-4306 or
1-800-442-5437

- Payment services only: The Division of Child Support will process and keep a record of all payments but will not take any collection action. Support payments shall be made to:

Washington State Support Registry
P. O. Box 45868
Olympia, WA 98504

Phone: 1-800-922-4306 or
1-800-442-5437

Direct Payment: Support payments shall be made directly to:

Name _____

Mailing Address _____

A party required to make payments to the Washington State Child Support Registry will not receive credit for a payment made to any other party or entity. The obligor parent shall keep the registry informed whether he or she has access to health insurance coverage at reasonable cost and, if so, to provide the health insurance policy information.

Any time the Division of Child Support is providing support enforcement services under RCW 26.23.045, or if a party is applying for support enforcement services by signing the application form on the bottom of the support order, the receiving parent might be required to submit an accounting of how the support, including any cash medical support, is being spent to benefit the child(ren).

3.12 Wage Withholding Action

Withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the obligor parent at any time after entry of this order unless an alternative provision is made below:

[If the court orders immediate wage withholding in a case where DCS does not provide support enforcement services, a mandatory wage assignment under Chapter 26.18 RCW must be entered and support payments must be made to the Support Registry.]

Wage withholding, by notice of payroll deduction or other income withholding action under Chapter 26.18 RCW or Chapter 74.20A RCW, without further notice to the obligor, is delayed until a payment is past due, because:

the parties have reached a written agreement which the court approves that provides for an alternate arrangement.

the Division of Child Support provides support enforcement services for this case [see 3.11] and there is good cause [as stated below under "Good Cause"] not to require immediate income withholding which is in the best interests of the child(ren) and, in modification cases, previously ordered child support has been timely paid.

the Division of Child Support does not provide support enforcement services for this case [see 3.11] and there is good cause [as stated below under "Good Cause"] not to require immediate income withholding.

Good Cause: _____

3.13 Termination of Support

Support shall be paid:

- provided that this is a temporary order, until a subsequent child support order is entered by this court.
- until the child(ren) reach(es) the age of 18 or as long as the child(ren) remain(s) enrolled in high school, whichever occurs last, except as otherwise provided below in Paragraph 3.14.
- until the child(ren) reach(es) the age of 18, except as otherwise provided below in Paragraph 3.14.
- after the age of 18 for (name) _____ who is a dependent adult child, until the child is capable of self-support and the necessity for support ceases.
- until the obligation for post secondary support set forth in Paragraph 3.14 begins for the child(ren).
- other:

3.14 Post Secondary Educational Support

- The right to request post secondary support is reserved, provided that the right is exercised before support terminates as set forth in paragraph 3.13.
- The parents shall pay for the post secondary educational support of the child(ren). Post secondary support provisions will be decided by agreement or by the court.
- No post secondary educational support shall be required.
- Other:

3.15 Payment for Expenses not Included in the Transfer Payment

- Does not apply because all payments, except medical, are included in the transfer payment.
- The mother shall pay _____% and the father _____% (each parent's proportional share of income from the Child Support Schedule Worksheet, line 6) of the following expenses incurred on behalf of the child(ren) listed in Paragraph 3.1:
 - day care.
 - educational expenses.
 - long distance transportation expenses.
 - other:

Payments shall be made to the provider of the service the parent receiving the transfer payment.

The obligor shall pay the following amounts each month the expense is incurred on behalf of the child(ren) listed in Paragraph 3.1:

- day care: \$_____ payable to the day care provider other parent;
- educational expenses: \$_____ payable to the educational provider other parent;
- long distance transportation: \$_____ payable to the transportation provider other parent.
- other:

3.16 Periodic Adjustment

- Does not apply.
- Child support shall be adjusted periodically as follows:

Other:

3.17 Income Tax Exemptions

- Does not apply.
- Tax exemptions for the child(ren) shall be allocated as follows:

- The parents shall sign the federal income tax dependency exemption waiver.
- Other:

3.18 Medical Support – Health Insurance

Each parent shall provide health insurance coverage for the child(ren) listed in paragraph 3.1, as follows:

3.18.1 Health Insurance (either check box A(1), or check box A(2) and complete sections B and C. *Section D applies in all cases.*)

A. Evidence

- (1) There is insufficient evidence for the court to determine which parent must provide coverage and which parent must contribute a sum certain. Therefore, the court is not specifying how insurance coverage shall be provided. The mother's and father's medical support obligations may be enforced by the Division of Child Support or the other parent under RCW 26.18.170 as described in paragraph 3.18.2, below.

OR

- (2) There is sufficient evidence for the court to determine which parent must provide coverage and which parent must contribute a sum certain. Fill in B and C below.

B. Findings about insurance:

- Does not apply because A (1) is checked, above.
- The court makes the following findings:

_____ (Parent's Name)	_____ (Parent's Name)	Check at least one of the following findings for each parent.
<input type="checkbox"/>		Insurance coverage for the child(ren) is available <u>and</u> accessible to this parent at \$_____ cost (child(ren)'s portion of the premium, only).
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Insurance coverage for the child(ren) is available <u>and</u> accessible to this parent at \$_____ cost (child(ren)'s portion of the premium, only).
<input type="checkbox"/>		Insurance coverage for the child(ren) is available <u>but not</u> accessible to this parent at \$_____ cost (child(ren)'s portion of the premium, only).
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Insurance coverage for the child(ren) is available <u>but not</u> accessible to this parent at \$_____ cost (child(ren)'s portion of the premium, only).
<input type="checkbox"/>		Neither parent has available or accessible insurance through an employer or union; but this parent is able to provide private coverage at a cost not to exceed 25% of this parent's basic support obligation.
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Neither parent has available or accessible insurance through an employer or union; but this parent is able to provide private coverage at a cost not to exceed 25% of this parent's basic support obligation.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	(Check only one parent) Both parties have available and accessible coverage for the child(ren). The court finds that this parent has better coverage considering the needs of the child(ren), the cost and extent of each parent's coverage, and the accessibility of the coverage.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other:

C. Parents' obligations:

- Does not apply because A (1) is checked above.
- The court makes the following orders:

_____ (Parent's Name)	_____ (Parent's Name)	Check at least one of the following options for each parent.

[]	[]	This parent shall provide health insurance coverage for the child(ren) that is available through employment or is union-related as long as the cost of such coverage <u>does not exceed</u> 25% of this parent's basic support obligation.
[]	[]	This parent shall provide health insurance coverage for the child(ren) that is available through employment or is union-related even though the cost of such coverage <u>exceeds</u> 25% of this parent's basic support obligation. It is in the best interests of the child(ren) to provide such coverage despite the cost because:
[]	[]	This parent shall provide private health insurance coverage for the child(ren) as long as the cost of such coverage <u>does not exceed</u> 25% of this parent's basic support obligation.
[]	[]	This parent shall provide private health insurance coverage for the child(ren) even though the cost of such coverage <u>exceeds</u> 25% of this parent's basic support obligation. It is in the best interests of the child(ren) to provide such coverage despite the cost because:
[]	[]	This parent shall pay \$_____ towards the health insurance premium being paid by the other parent. This amount is this parent's proportionate share of the premium or 25% of this parent's basic support obligation, whichever is less. This payment is only required if this parent is not providing insurance as described above.
[]	[]	This parent's contribution to the health insurance premium is calculated in the Worksheet and included in the transfer payment.
[]	[]	This parent shall be excused from the responsibility to provide health insurance coverage and from the responsibility to provide monthly payment towards the premium because: (Only one parent may be excused.)

D. Both parents' obligation:

If the child(ren) is(are) receiving state financed medical coverage, the Division of Child Support may enforce the responsible parent's monthly premium.

The parent(s) shall maintain health insurance coverage, if available for the child(ren) listed in paragraph 3.1, until further order of the court or until health insurance is no longer available through the parents' employer or union and no conversion privileges exist to continue coverage following termination of employment.

A parent who is required under this order to provide health insurance coverage is liable for any covered health care costs for which that parent receives direct payment from an insurer.

A parent who is required under this order to provide health insurance coverage shall provide proof that such coverage is available or not available within 20 days of the entry of this order to the other parent or the Washington State Support Registry if the parent has been notified or ordered to make payments to the Washington State Support Registry.

If proof that health insurance coverage is available or not available is not provided within 20 days, the parent seeking enforcement or the Department of Social and Health Services may seek direct enforcement of the coverage through the other parent's employer or union without further notice to the other parent as provided under Chapter 26.18 RCW.

3.18.2 Change of Circumstances and Enforcement

A parent required to provide health insurance coverage must notify both the Division of Child Support and the other parent when coverage terminates.

If the parents' circumstances change, or if the court has not specified how medical support shall be provided, the parents' medical support obligations will be enforced as provided in RCW 26.18.170. If a parent does not provide proof of accessible coverage for the child(ren) through private insurance, a parent may be required to satisfy his or her medical support obligation by doing one of the following, listed in order of priority:

- 4) Providing or maintaining health insurance coverage through the parent's employment or union at a cost not to exceed 25% of that parent's basic support obligation;
- 5) Contributing the parent's proportionate share of a monthly premium being paid by the other parent for health insurance coverage for the child(ren) listed in paragraph 3.1 of this order, not to exceed 25% of the obligated parent's basic support obligation; or
- 6) Contributing the parent's proportionate share of a monthly premium paid by the state if the child(ren) receive(s) state-financed medical coverage through DSHS under RCW 74.09 for which there is an assignment.

A parent seeking to enforce the obligation to provide health insurance coverage may apply for support enforcement services from the Division of Child Support; file a motion for contempt (use form WPF DRPSCU 05.0100, Motion/Declaration for an Order to Show Cause re Contempt); or file a petition.

3.19 Uninsured Medical Expenses

Both parents have an obligation to pay their share of uninsured medical expenses.

The father shall pay _____% of uninsured medical expenses (unless stated otherwise, the father's proportional share of income from the Worksheet, line 6) and the mother shall pay _____% of uninsured medical expenses (unless stated otherwise, the mother's proportional share of income from the Worksheet, line 6).

3.20 Back Child Support

- Back child support that may be owed is not affected by this order.
- Back interest that may be owed is not affected by this order.

- (Name) _____ is awarded a judgment against (name) _____ in the amount of \$ _____ for back child support for the period from (date) _____ through (date) _____.
- (Name) _____ is awarded a judgment against (name) _____ in the amount of \$ _____ for back interest for the period from (date) _____ through (date) _____.

- No back child support is owed at this time.
- No back interest is owed at this time

- Other:

3.21 Past Due Unpaid Medical Support

- Unpaid medical support that may be owed is not affected by this order.
- Back interest that may be owed is not affected by this order.

- (Name) _____ is awarded a judgment against (name) _____ in the amount of \$ _____ for past due unpaid medical support for the period from (date) _____ through (date) _____.
- (Name) _____ is awarded a judgment against (name) _____ in the amount of \$ _____ for back interest for the period from (date) _____ through (date) _____.

- No past due unpaid medical support is owed at this time.
- No back interest is owed at this time.

- Other:

3.22 Other Unpaid Obligations

- Other obligations that may be owed are not affected by this order.
- Back interest that may be owed is not affected by this order.
- (Name) _____ is awarded a judgment against

- (name) _____ in the amount of \$ _____ for child care ordered contributions to extracurricular activities long distance transportation costs educational expenses post secondary other _____ for the period from (date) _____ through (date) _____.
- (Name) _____ is awarded a judgment against (name) _____ in the amount of \$ _____ for back interest for the period from (date) _____ through (date) _____.
- No other obligations are owed at this time.
- No back interest is owed at this time.
- Other:

3.23 Other

Dated: _____

Judge/Commissioner

Presented by:

Approved for entry:
 Notice of presentation waived:

 Signature of Party or Lawyer/WSBA No.

 Signature of Party or Lawyer/WSBA No.

 Print Name

 Print Name

- I apply for full support enforcement services from the DSHS Division of Child Support (DCS). (Note: If you never received TANF, tribal TANF, or AFDC, an annual \$25 fee applies if over \$500 is disbursed on a case, unless the fee is waived by DCS.)

 Signature of Party

- Approval required in Public Assistance cases. The DSHS' Division of Child Support received notice required by RCW 26.23.130. This order has been reviewed and approved as to:

- Current Child Support
 Back Child Support
 Medical Support
 Other:

 Deputy Prosecuting Attorney/WSBA No.

 Print Name

**Parenting Plans, Residential Schedules and Child Support for Parentage (Paternity) Cases
and Modifications of Parentage Cases 7/11**

Your comments are appreciated and will help to make this packet more useful to others. Please take a moment to complete this form and return it to:

Danielle Rebar
Northwest Justice Project
500 W. 8th, Suite 275
Vancouver, WA 98660

1. Where did you get this packet? _____
2. What's your primary language? _____
3. Are you a *low-income person? yes no
[*\$1800 per month for household of 1; \$2400 for 2; \$3000 for 3; \$3675 for 4; \$4300 for 5]
4. What's the last grade you completed in school? _____
5. Did you read the instructions? yes no
6. Did you also need the help of an agency, court facilitator, or advocate to complete your case?
 yes no
6a. If yes, what agency or individual helped you? _____
7. Did you use the legal forms? yes no
8. Did you find anything difficult to understand? yes no
8a. If yes, please tell us what. _____

9. Did you find any mistakes? yes no
10. Today's Date: _____
Other Comments or Suggestions:
