

# Achieving Excellence through Accreditation with AAAHC

Dennis Schultz, MD, MSPH Mona Sweeney, RN, BSN The Ritz Carlton, Puerto Rico September 25, 2015



#### Presenters

#### Dennis Schultz, MD, MSPH

- Regional Medical Director, Quad Graphics
- Public member AAAHC Board
- Standards and Survey Process Committee
- Chair, Primary Care Task Force
- Surveyor since 1995



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### Presenters



#### Mona Sweeney, RN, BSN

- Assistant Director,
   Accreditation Services for
   Primary Care/Medical
   Home
- Staff Liaison, Standards and Survey Procedures Committee

### Session objectives

- Learn about AAAHC and why accreditation is a good fit for Community Health Centers
- Gain knowledge about the Standards and our survey process
- Provide a roadmap for preparing for a HRSA Accreditation Initiative Survey
- Outline of Activities:
  - Before the survey
  - During the survey
  - ✓ After the survey



#### **AAAHC** Accreditation

Accountable

Accessible

**A**ffordable

Health

Care Accreditor

All About Assisting Health Centers!!

#### The AAAHC now accredits over



#### ambulatory health care organizations

455 sites achieved Medical Home Accreditation

#### AAAHC

Private, independent, not for profit

Peer-based Accreditation Program

Experienced CHC medical professionals as your surveyor(s)

Over 6000 accredited organizations

# Types of Organizations Accredited by AAAHC

#### **Accreditation and Medical Home Accreditation**

Military health care facilities
Multispecialty group practices
Occupational health centers
Primary care practices & PCMH
Single-specialty group practices
Urgent or immediate care centers
Women's health centers

<#>

### Why choose AAAHC?

#### Consultative and educational approach

- Ask questions, and receive solutions, ideas, answers
- Explain your unique organization's implementation of a particular standard – what "works" for your setting
- Full participant in summation conference

The on-site survey takes place on a mutually agreed upon date, not a surprise!

Written report of survey findings provides the blueprint for continued improvement and transformation to becoming a Medical Home.

### **AAAHC** philosophy

Discovery vs. inspection

Consultative vs. prescriptive

Collaborative vs. dictatorial

#### 350 surveyors nationwide:

- ✓ Actively involved professionals
- Extensive ambulatory healthcare experience
- ✓ Initial mentored training
- ✓ Re-credentialed every 2 years

### **AAAHC** philosophy

#### Focus

Quality of care at the provider/patient level

#### Goal

Improve and enhance the quality health care in ambulatory settings

#### Standards

Designed to promote excellence, professionalism and patient safety

#### Survey Process Focus

Assure compliance with AAAHC Standards through an educational and consultative approach performed by peers

#### **AAAHC Standards**

- Consensus based
- Updated annually, with public comment
- Identifies characteristics of accreditable organizations, Avoids being prescriptive
- Requires comprehensive quality program, but does not define specific required metrics
- Eight core, seventeen adjunct standards including chapter 25, Medical Home
- Rated substantially, partially or non-compliant
- Outline format

#### Core Standards

#### Apply to all organizations

- Patient Rights & Responsibilities
- Governance
- Administration
- Quality of Care
- Quality Management & Improvement
- Clinical Records & Health Information
- Infection Prevention Control & Safety
- Facilities & Environment

### Adjunct Standards

- Anesthesia
- Surgery
- Pharmacy
- Pathology & Lab
- Diagnostic & Imaging
- Dental & Dental Home
- Other Professional & Technical Services
- Health Education & Health Promotion

- Behavioral Health
- Teaching & Publication
- Research
- Overnight Care
- Occupational Health
- Immediate & Urgent Care
- Emergency Care
- Radiation Oncology
- Medical Home



# AAAHC Standard Deficiencies for Primary Care

2014 AENEID Report 2013 Accreditation Handbook

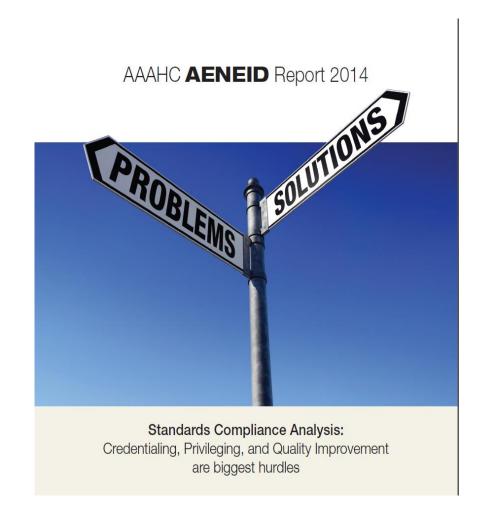
### **AAAHC AENEID Report 2014**

At-a-glance information about compliance with 2013 AAAHC Standards

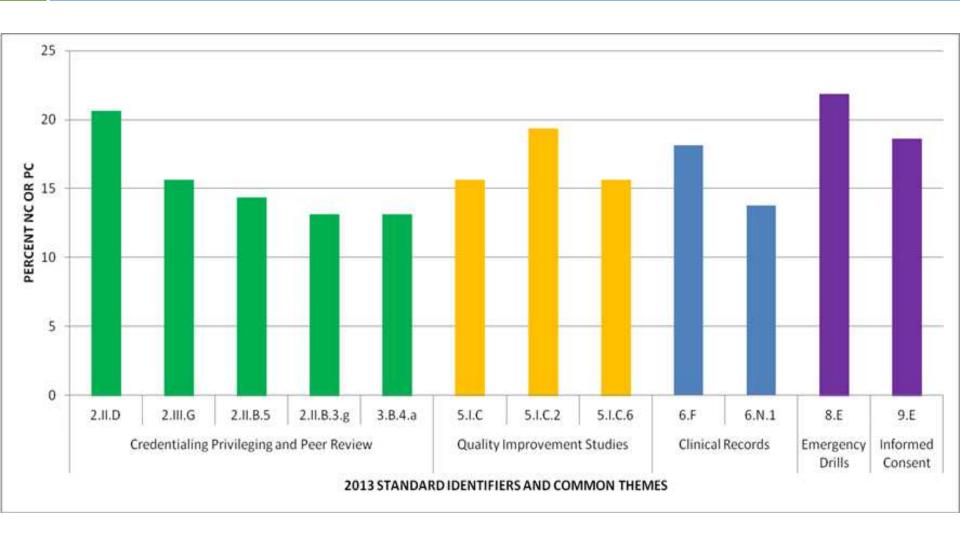
Standards most frequently identified as partially- or non-compliant (PC or NC) by our surveyors

Looks at aggregate results for all types of ambulatory health care organizations:

ambulatory surgery centers office-based surgery settings primary care organizations



### **Top Standard Deficiencies**



# Standard 3.B.4.a & b Administration: Training within 30 days

Personnel policy reflecting the requirement of documentation of initial orientation and training:

#### Standard 3.B.4.a

Completed within 30 days of commencement of employment.

#### Standard 3.B.4.b

Provided annually and when there is an identified need

# Standard 3.B.4.a Administration: Training within 30 days

#### **Top Deficiencies**

- Some elements of initial training are not documented or not completed within 30 days
- Occasionally no dates are evident

#### Improvement Strategies

- Create two-tiered training curriculum
- First tier: completed quickly, well within 30 days; "need to know" information, all topics
- Second tier: includes complete training by appropriate trainers; builds on initial training
- Date and initial all training

## Standard 6.F Clinical Records & Health Information

The presence or absence of allergies and untoward reactions to drugs and materials is recorded in a prominent and consistently defined location in all clinical records. This is verified at each patient encounter and updated whenever new allergies or sensitivities are identified.

## Standard 6.F Clinical Records & Health Information

#### Top Deficiencies Observed

- Allergies are listed but not the reactions
- Inconsistent recording of allergies
- Notation of allergies is not prominent
- No allergies are listed
- Allergies are not being updated
- Use of "NKDA"

## Standard 6.F Clinical Records & Health Information

#### Improvement Strategies

- Determine the cause, determine the extent.
- If isolated practice, solution is generally simple.
- If systemic, requires further analysis and plan.
- If electronic record, intervention may be more involved. Assess for knowledge; define workflows; train and monitor. Repeat intervention if needed.
- Conduct random chart audits
- Must include over-the-counter meds, materials and reactions

## Standard 6.N.1 Clinical Records & Health Information

#### **The Standard**

- The organization ensures continuity of care for its patients.
- If a patient's <u>primary or specialty care provider(s)</u> or health care organization is elsewhere, the organization ensures that <u>timely summaries or</u> <u>pertinent records</u> necessary for continuity of patient care are:
  - 1. Obtained from the other (external) provider(s) or organization and incorporated into the patient's clinical record.
- \* 2015 Handbook: this is Standard 6.O.1

## Standard 6.N.1 Clinical Records & Health Information

#### **Top Deficiencies Observed**

- No record of patient transfer
- No record of hospital discharge summary
- No record of specialty visit/consultation

#### Improvement Strategies: Referrals and Records

- Complex, important, no single solution
- Requires a systematic approach
- Ongoing struggle
- Quality improvement study in the making

<sup>\* 2015</sup> Handbook: this is Standard 6.O.1

## Standard 6.N.1 Clinical Records & Health Information

#### Approach To Referral and Record Management

- Define the tracking method: paper, EMR, database
- Define how referrals are prioritized
- Create protocols and workflows
  - ✓ Did the patient complete the referral?
  - ✓ Did you receive the report?
  - ✓ Was it incorporated into the treatment plan?
  - ✓ Was the patient notified of changes?
- Track effectiveness
- Plan for additional interventions
- Need adequate resources
- May need tricks and arm twisting ©

<sup>\* 2015</sup> Handbook: this is Standard 6.0.1

## Standard 8.E Facilities & Environment

The organization conducts scenario-based drills of the internal emergency and disaster preparedness plan:

- 1. At least one drill is conducted each calendar quarter
- 2. One of the quarterly drills is a documented <u>CPR</u> technique drill, as appropriate to the org.
- 3. A <u>written evaluation</u> of each drill is completed
- 4. Any needed <u>corrections</u> or modifications to the plan are implemented properly

## Standard 8.E Facilities & Environment

#### Top Deficiencies Observed

- One of the drills is not a CPR drill
- Organization does not conduct a drill each quarter
  - ✓ Missing drills vs. 2 required drills in one quarter
- Training sessions or discussions have been performed, but never conducted any physical drills
- There is no written evaluation or summary documenting that an actual drill that took place
- The written evaluation or summary documenting the actual drill (along with ways to improve) has not been shared with employees

# **Chapter 8: Facilities and Environment**

## Some items surveyors will observe/review re: facilities and environment

Facility tour: clean, orderly, free of hazards?

Licenses, inspection reports

Records of emergency drills conducted

Current "tags" on fire extinguishers

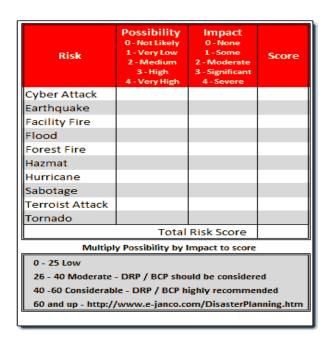
Exit sign locations and types

### **Getting Ready Plan**



# Internal emergency and disaster plan

- Federal, state and local regulations
- Perform a risk assessment
- Review existing plan and relevant policies



# Addressing the elements of emergency management

Internal Emergency and Disaster Plan

Evaluation and Corrective Action Plans



Staff and Physician Training and Education

Simulation Based Drills and Debriefing Emergency Medications and Equipment

# Annual calendar of emergency drills (example)



CPR

Hurricane

( ) Intruder

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### Detail the calendar (example)

	Fire	CPR	Intruder	Hurricane
1	Waiting room	Patient in post- recovery	Front desk	During hours
2	OR/laser room	Incapacitated physician/ anesthesia provider	Front desk	After hours
3	Gas room with power loss			
4	Pre-procedure room			

### Training and education

#### **✓** Check State Requirements

	Fire	CPR	Malignant Hyperthermia	Weather related
Education	Basic fire safety		Written protocol for recognition and treatment of malignant hyperthermia	<ul><li>Evacuation plan</li><li>Weather alert</li></ul>
Training	Use of portable fire extinguisher	<ul><li>BCLS</li><li>ACLS</li><li>PALS</li></ul>		
Participants	All Staff	Depends on job description	All clinical personnel with direct contact	All staff

# Evaluation tool and corrective action plan

Type of drill:	Date		
Participants:	Facilitator:		
Checklist of events:	Corrective Action Plan:		
□ Debriefing □Yes □No	Date of completion of Corrective Action Plan:  Date Communicated:		

# Training Tracked for Participants (example)

Name	Title	Type of Drill			
		Fire	CPR	Intruder	Hurricane
K. Cat, RN	Nurse	1/5	2/19	3/19	3/2
G. Staples, MD	Physician	7/6	2/19	3/19	3/2
R. Miller	PA	4/6	8/20	9/17	11/12
L. Dime	housekeeping	4/6	N/A	N/A	3/2
J. Holt	Front desk	10/5	8/20	3/19	11/12
S. Peterson	Manager	7/6	2/19	9/17	11/12

# Standard 8.E Facilities & Environment

### **AAAHC** Resources

- AAAHC Triangle Times newsletter, Spring 2014, Standard Bearer column, page 4: <a href="http://www.aaahc.org/en/news/newsletters/TTimes/">http://www.aaahc.org/en/news/news/newsletters/TTimes/</a>
- Patient Safety "Emergency Management" Toolkit
   <a href="http://www.aaahc.org/Global/pdfs/AAAHC%20Institut">http://www.aaahc.org/Global/pdfs/AAAHC%20Institut</a>
   <a href="mailto:e%20content/Patient%20Safety%20Toolkits/Emergency%20Drills">e%20content/Patient%20Safety%20Toolkits/Emergency%20Drills</a> FINAL.pdf



# Chapter 25: What's in Our Medical Home?

# Principles for a Successful Medical Home

- Focus on provider/patient relationship
- Make the patient the center of care----Informed, engaged, empowered.
- Provide accessible, comprehensive and continuous, quality (patient defined) care
- Collect and report data that are meaningful to the patient and the patient panel or population
- Improve and innovate

## The Medical Home Standard

## A. Relationship

 Patient perceptions, care team, patient education, patient understanding, address health issues, prevention, adequate time and resources

## B. Accessibility

Medical service, health information, written standards

### C. Comprehensiveness

Scope of services, self help resources, community resources

## The Medical Home Standard

## D. Continuity of Care

 Care team visits, referrals & consultations, follow up visits, missed and cancelled appointments, transitions of care, after hour care, phone and messages,

## E. Quality

 Guidelines, metrics, quality monitoring and management, quality improvement



## Overview of AAAHC

# HRSA Accreditation/Patient Centered Medical Home Recognition Initiative (PAL 2015-02)

# Perks to Participating

- Application and survey fee covered
- Nationally recognized accreditation
- Organization Accreditation and Medical Home Accreditation per site
- Marketing boost (clinic listed on AAAHC website)
- Provider recruitment
- Education, mentoring and resources provided

# Participation In HRSA's Accreditation Initiative

- All centers must submit a Notice of Intent (NOI)
- Reviewed and processed by HRSA
- Notification to AAAHC from HRSA to begin the survey preparation and process
- AAAHC will contact organization to begin the process
- AAAHC handbook and resource materials sent

# How do we begin?



# Steps to Accreditation

- Timeline of Events
- AAAHC Handbook
- Pre-Survey Assessment
- Application/Scheduling
- Mock Survey (pending HRSA approval)
- On-site Survey

## Timeline of Events

- Conduct / submit pre-survey self assessment
- Conference call with surveyor to review
  - Summary of findings sent to organizations
  - Request optional MOCK survey
- Submit application
- Survey scheduled
- On-site Surveys
- Follow-up
  - Decision letter





## Pre-assessment preparation

- Select the time period the Pre-survey assessment will be conducted
- Identify the staff member(s) involved in the Pre-survey Assessment
- Utilize the selected Chapters checklist in the AAAHC handbook as your guide
- Use the Pre-survey Assessment Tip Sheet to complete the assessment

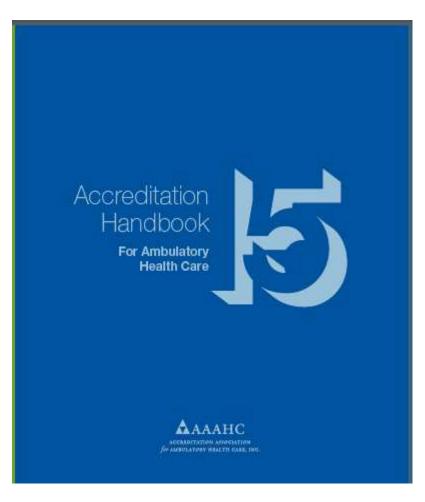
## Conduct self-assessment



Measure your organization against AAAHC Standards – you'll probably find that you are doing very well and just need some refinements or tweaks

- Review policies and procedures; document any updates!
- Conduct a review of records: clinical, personnel, credentials, etc.
- Review logbooks and schedules for currency: maintenance, equipment, cleaning
- Conduct a mock survey and a walkthrough of the facility

## Review Current Handbook



### **Core Chapters**

- Chapters 1-8
- Applicable to all

### **Adjunct Chapters**

- Chapters 9-24
- Applicable to those that apply

### **Medical Home**

Chapter 25

# Chapter checklist

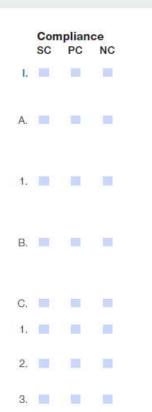
#### 2. Governance

An accreditable organization has a governing body that sets policy and is responsible for the organization. Such an organization has the following characteristics.



Subchapter I — General Requirements: This subchapter describes general requirements for an organization and its governing body.

- A. The organization is a legally constituted entity, or an organized sub-unit of a legally constituted entity, or is a sole proprietorship in the state(s) in which it is located and provides services.
  - The legally constituted entity is documented by at least one of the following: articles of organization, articles of incorporation, partnership agreement, operating agreement, legislative or executive act, or bylaws, unless the organization is a sole proprietorship.
- B. The names and addresses of all owners or controlling parties (whether individuals, partnerships, trusts, corporate bodies, or subdivisions of other bodies, such as public agencies or religious, fraternal, or other philanthropic organizations) are available upon request and furnished to AAAHC.
- C. The governing body addresses and is fully and legally responsible, either directly or by appropriate professional delegation," for the operation and performance of the organization. Governing body responsibilities include, but are not limited to:
  - 1. Determining the mission, goals, and objectives of the organization.
  - Ensuring that facilities and personnel are adequate and appropriate to carry out the mission.
  - Establishing an organizational structure and specifying functional relationships among the various components of the organization.



# **Standard Rating**

- For each Standard:
  - Assign a rating (see definitions on next slide)
    - (SC): Substantial Compliant
    - (PC): Partially Compliant
    - (NC): Non-Compliant
    - (NA): Not Applicable
  - Brief comment
    - "No policy written"
    - "Reappointment of privileges not documented in the

governing body minutes"

Location of content within the organization

# Standard Rating

(SC) Substantially Compliant

Current operations are acceptable; meet Standard

(PC) Partially Compliant

Portion of the Standard is met, but area(s) need to be addressed

(NC) Non-Compliant

Current operations do not meet Standard

(NA) Not Applicable (in Core Chapters)

Does not apply to the organization

# Next Step to Improvement

Standard Rating Deficiency	Rationale for Deficiency	Plan for Improvement (PFI) for each Standard Deficiency
Create a list of Standards receiving a PC or NC	Identify missing policies/procedures, processes and documentations	Identify corrective action(s)

# Chapter Champions

Chapter	Title	Chapter Champion/Co- Champion	Target Date
1	Patient Rights and Responsibilities	Administrator	4/4/15
2.1	Governance	Administrator	4/4/15
2.11	Privileging	Medical Director	4/4/15
2.111	Peer Review	Medical Director	4/4/15
3	Administration	Administrator	4/4/15
4	Quality of Care	Staff Nurse	4/4/15
5.1	Quality Management and Improvement	Quality Manager	4/4/15
5.11	Risk Manager	Risk Manager	4/4/15

## Pre-survey Assessment Call

- Organization goals and concerns
- Overall impression of pre-survey assessment by organization and surveyor
- Review of ratings and comments by surveyor
- Identify Specific Chapter/Standard concerns
- Review surveyor summary and recommendations
- Review plan for improvement
- Surveyor answers additional questions



## **Application for Survey Process**

- Application Coordinator: Eliana Teran eteran@aaahc.org
- Obtain the Application for Survey from www.aaahc.org
- Application should be submitted 3 months prior to anticipated survey date
- Submit Supporting Documents



## Scheduling for Survey

Scheduler: Jodie Ducatenzeller jducatenzeller@aaahc.org

- Organization is contacted for available dates for survey
- Surveyor team is assigned
  - Re-accreditation survey: Dates must be prior to accreditation expiration date
  - Ensure key people are available
- Confirmation email is sent to the organization's contact person

## The Onsite Survey

- Typically 2-3 surveyors; 1-2.5 days
- Dates and time agreed upon time
- Opening orientation conference with key clinical and administrative leadership
- Brief tour of the facility
- Detailed inspection of the facility
- Review random selection of clinical records and credentialing and personnel files

# More on the Onsite Survey

- Individual interviews with clinical,
- administrative staff and patients (Medical Home)
- Review organizational policies, procedures and other documentation to support compliance with the standards
- Observe surgical procedure, e.g., dental
- Summation conference held with key clinical and administrative leadership and board members to share survey findings

# During the survey: Use your surveyor

- Surveyors are the eyes and ears of AAAHC
- Surveyors observe direct practice
- He or she knows what the Standards look like in action
  - Ask questions
  - Address issues

Just remember... surveyors don't make the accreditation decision.



# Accreditation Decision with or without Medical Home

 Decision letter is sent to the organization typically less than 30 days following the survey

3 years



3 years with interim survey



Non-accreditation



## Accreditation Awards





## Remember...



## **Getting Prepared: AAAHC Educates**

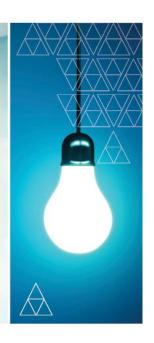




### Lighten Up

The winter solstice is behind us and our resolutions are fresh. As we look toward a bright new year, AAAHC is contributing by shining a light on how accreditation builds capability in health care organizations.

The learning activities embedded in our accreditation process, and those we develop as additional resources for performance improvement, are an important focus for us this year.





#### **Never Events and Always Events**

At a time when enormous energy (not to mention serious money) is expended on developing and reporting metrics and measures across health care settings, adverse events are top of mind and top the list of "things we need to track." Creating metrics for success is also important. Defining "always events" alongside "never events" can be a low- to no-cost way to build a culture of patient safety and satisfaction while enhancing organizational effectiveness.

#### **Never Events: Preventing the Preventable**

Most health care providers are familiar with the term "never events." These are serious adverse events that are largely

If you're attending any of these upcoming conferences, please stop by our exhibit booth and

American Academy of Cosmetic Surgery January 14-17 New Orleans, LA

12th Congress on On-Site Employee Health Clinics January 22-23 Las Vegas, NV

American Academy of Dental **Group Practice** February 11-14 Las Vegas, NV

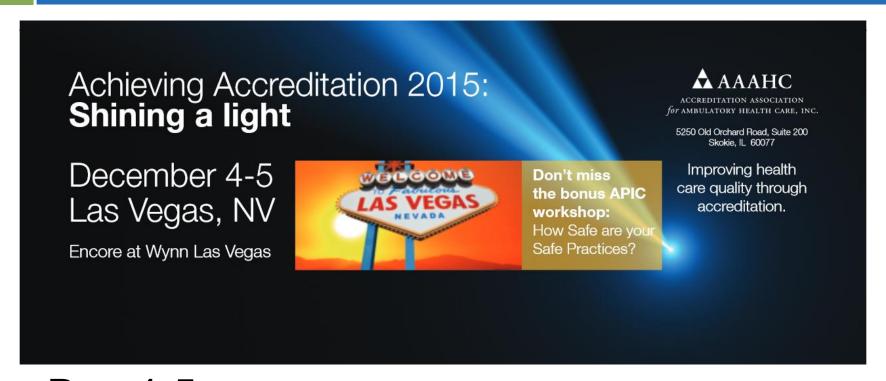
#### **AAAHC Contact** Information

Accreditation Association for **Ambulatory Health Care** 5250 Old Orchard Road Suite 200 Skokie, IL 60077

P: 847.853.6060 F: 847.853.9028 info@aaahc.org www.aaahc.org

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### Getting Prepared: Spotlight on accreditation



Dec 4-5
 Las Vegas, Encore at Wynn Las Vegas

Participants who meet the criteria for successful completion of this activity, can earn 11.0 contact hours. This continuing nursing education activity was approved by the Ohio Nurses Association (OBN-001-91), an accredited approver by the American Nurses Credentialing Center's Commission on Accreditation.

## **AAAHC**



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