

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

# Worksheet: Multiple Allele Crosses

## UNIT 3: GENETICS

**Directions:** Answer the following genetic cross problems. You can refer to the "Punnett Square Cheat Sheet" attached at the end of this worksheet to help you solve the different types of problems. It is essential that you know all of the vocabulary included in the "cheat sheet" as well. Remember when you are doing a genetic cross to follow the steps below to complete!

**STEP 1:** Determine what kind of problem you are trying to solve.

**STEP 2:** Determine letters you will use to specify traits.

**STEP 3:** Determine parent's genotypes.

**STEP 4:** Make your Punnett square and make gametes

**STEP 5:** Complete cross and determine possible offspring.

**STEP 6:** Determine genotypic and phenotypic ratios.

### Multiple Allele Genetic Crosses

So far we have studied traits or genes that are coded for by just two alleles. Like in rabbits, there was one allele for brown hair color and one allele for white hair. However, some traits are coded for by more than two alleles. One of these is blood type in humans. This is a violation of Mendel's Principle of unit characteristics.

1. In humans, there are four types of blood; type A, type B, type AB, and type O. The alleles A and B are codominant to each other and the O allele is recessive to both A and B alleles. So a person with the genotype AA or AO will have A type of blood.

a. What possible genotypes will produce B type of blood? \_\_\_\_\_

b. What is the only genotype that will produce O type of blood? \_\_\_\_\_

c. What is the only genotype that will produce AB type of blood? \_\_\_\_\_

2. You are blood type O and you marry a person with blood type AB.

a. Complete a Punnett square for this cross.

b. List the possible blood types (phenotypes) of your offspring.

3. In the 1950's, a young woman sued film star/director Charlie Chaplin for parental support of her illegitimate child. Charlie Chaplin's blood type was already on record as type AB. The mother of the child had type A and her son had type O blood.

a. Complete a Punnett square for the possible cross of Charlie and the mother.

b. The judge ruled in favor of the mother and ordered Charlie Chaplin to pay child support costs of the child. Was the judge correct in his decision based on blood typing evidence? Explain why or why not. \*refer to any Punnett squares to support your answer.

4. Suppose a newborn baby was accidentally mixed up in the hospital. In an effort to determine the parents of the baby, the blood types of the baby and two sets of parents were determined. Baby 1 had type O Mrs. Brown had type B Mr. Brown had type AB. Mrs. Smith had type B Mr. Smith had type B

a. Draw Punnett squares for each couple (you may need to do more than 1 square/couple)

b. To which parents does baby #1 belong? Why? Hint you may want to refer to your Punnett squares.

5. Assume that blood type is inherited as A and B dominant over O, but A and B are codominant over each other. Genotypes ( $I_A I_A$ ) and ( $I_A i$ ) are then phenotypically type A, genotypes ( $I_B I_B$ ) and ( $I_B i$ ) are type B, genotype ( $I_A I_B$ ) is type AB, and genotype ( $i i$ ) is type O blood. A man with blood type  $I_A I_A$  marries a woman with type AB blood. What are the genotypic and phenotypic ratios of the children?

6. A man with type B blood marries a woman with type A blood. They have the first child with blood type O.

a. What are the genotypes of the father and the mother?

b. What is the genotype and phenotype of the baby?

7. A man with type O blood marries a woman with type AB blood. What is the predicted genotypic and phenotypic ratios of their children?