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1.0 Biological Diversity (Criterion)

1.1 Ecosystem Diversity (Element)

1.1.1 Natural Range of Variation (Value)

Objective	Indicator(s)	Target(s)	Frequency	C/R ¹	Approach/ Context/ Intent
1.1.1.1 Conservation of the biological diversity of Saskatchewan's	 Amount of old and very old forest by species group within each of the FMA's Ecological MU's 	15% of Productive Forest	Annual and each 5 yrs ²	R C	 GIS analysis using standard inventory Productive forest includes land in the net and partially excluded landbase. It does not include Parks, RAN's, or recreation reserves. Old and very old forest definitions provided by provincial NFP document (2014
forests.2. Area of very old forest by species group.5% of Productive Forest within each of the FMA's Ecological MU's by species group in Very OldAnnual and each 5 yrs²R Cdraft).•B Species group in Very Old•Species groups are as follows: •••H:AOH, TAB ••Forest•Forest•HS/SH:PMW, SMW, HPM • ••bS:BSJ, BSL • ••jP:JPL	 Species groups are as follows: H: AOH, TAB HS/SH: PMW, SMW, HPM bS: BSJ, BSL jP: JPL 				
	3. Regeneration of softwood consistent with Silviculture Ground Rules (SGRs).	 Minimum average softwood stems/ha at time of regeneration survey by pre-harvest stand type: HS: Min 300 sph on avg SH: Min 800 sph on avg S: Min 1000 sph on avg 	Annual and each 5 yrs ²	R	 Compilation of regeneration surveys from most previous years and GIS analysis of regeneration survey areas in comparison to pre-harvest inventory of stand type Assumption that hardwood stems will naturally come back to pre-harvest stand conditions but considered management is required to ensure softwood presence. Regen surveys completed each year to be compiled to deliver average sph values for each cover type across the FMA. A 5 year average will be used for assessing compliance. Stems per ha targets taken from Silviculture Ground Rules document assuming densities are typically between 3000-10,000 sph total at time of regen surveys. Pre-harvest stand type to be defined using the forest inventory's pre-harvest Cover Species Group (CSG).
	 Area of old/very old Interior Forest patches. 	≥25% of the Productive Forest retained to meet indicator 1 above is to be in an interior condition. To be met for each of the 5 species groups ID's in indicator 1.	Annual and each 5 yrs ²	R C	 GIS analysis using standard inventory To be evaluated using the stands described in indicator 1 above. Of the 15% to be retained, half of this (7.5%) is to be in interior forest condition. Interior forest defined as per provincial NFP standard: 60m edge on non-forest and forest<40 yrs old, 30m on .

¹ Where C = Compliance and R = Reporting functions ² For reporting information only on an annual basis, and compliance at the end of 5 year period (2019)

Objective	Indicator(s)	Target(s)	Frequency	C/R ¹	Approach/ Context/ Intent
	5. Area of residual trees left after harvest.	Harvested areas to contain an average 9% area insular retention. Individual events should range from 3-15%. Best Mgmt Practice - mix of trees, clumps, islands.	Annual and each 5 yrs ²	R	 Visual assessment using aerial photography or remote sensing with potential ground-truthing for calibration Assess a sample of representative events. A minimum of 30 events is suggested as an initial audit size. Gross area to be measured using the outer boundary of all harvest areas completed in a given operating year. Insular retention area to be measured in ha for patches/clumps and through a basal-area equivalent for single trees (e.g. if preharvest BA is 20 m², then each 20m² of BA retained equals one ha). Average % = total retention ha /total gross ha. Area forester can exempt blocks for requirement for forest health reasons.
	 Size distribution of harvest events. 	<100 ha	Annual and 5 yrs	R R	 GIS analysis using standard inventory To be evaluated using events created since the start of the FMP (including areas in those events logged prior to the FMP). Stands within 500m of each other are considered in the same event (matrix area included in event size).

1.2 Species Diversity (Element)

1.2.1 Quantity and Quality of Forest Habitat (Value)

Objective	Indicator(s)	Target(s)	Frequency	C/R ¹	Approach/ Context/ Intent
1.2.1.1 Maintain habitat	7. Area of Moose Habitat within	ha of suitable cover habitat	Annual	R	GIS analysis using standard inventory
for identified forest dwelling	the FMA	present in the FMA.	and		• Cover habitat defined as stands >= 50 years belonging to the WSF / BSL / BSJ /
species.		ha of suitable forage habitat	5 yrs		JLP / PMW / SMW / HSM / HPM types with a crown closure between 26-80% (B/C density classes).
		present in the FMA.			• Forage habitat defined as any stand < 20 yrs old.
	8. Area of Fisher Habitat within	ha of suitable Fisher Habitat	Annual	R	GIS analysis using standard inventory
	the FMA	present in the FMA.	and 5 yrs		 Fisher habitat defined as stands 50-120 years old belonging to WSF/BSL/BSJ/SMW/HSM types with C/D density found in patches >=10,000 ha. Stands <500m apart were considered as part of the same patch.
	9. Area of Caribou Habitat in the	ha of suitable (undisturbed)	Annual	R	GIS analysis using standard inventory
	FMA	Caribou Habitat in the FMA.	and		Caribou habitat defined asTBD
			5 yrs		

1.3 Genetic Diversity (Element)

1.3.1 Natural Genetic Diversity (Value)

Objective	Indicator(s)	Target(s)	Frequency	C/R ¹	Approach/ Context/ Intent
1.3.1.1 No loss of natural	10. Percentage of seedlots planted	0% genetically modified seed	Annual	R	 Review of seed source records for previous year's planting program
genetic diversity	that are from wild seedlots as				 Intent is to not use genetically modified seed sources
through forest	defined by provincial standards.				Tree Orchard seed is still considered wild or natural seed source
management					
activities.					

2.0 Ecosystem Condition and Productivity (Criterion)

2.1 The stability, resilience and rates of biological production in the forest ecosystem (Element)

2.1.1 Natural Ecosystem Processes (Value)

Objective	Indicator(s)	Target(s)	Frequency	C/R^1	Approach/ Context/ Intent
2.1.1.1 Maintain the stability, resilience and rates of biological production in forest ecosystems.	 Average annual softwood and hardwood harvest volume vs. approved harvest volumes (HVS). 	<pre>≤ m³/yr of Hardwood (5 yr Average) ≤ m³/yr of Softwood Sawlog (5 yr Average) Report on Softwood Pulpwood m³/yr</pre>	Annual and each 5 yrs ²	С	 Review and compilation of previous years delivery and sales records Years 1-5 of FMP used for first assessment period. Years 6-10 used for second assessment period. Totals include scaled volumes and merchantable waste volume left in block (not tamarack). Includes independent operator's volume.
	 Percent of harvested areas regenerated and assessed as free-to-grow within the 14yr assessment window. 	100% meets free to grow standard.	Annual and each 5 yrs ²	С	• Blocks harvested 14 years prior would be assessed and held to the free to grow standards in place at time of harvest.
	 Cumulative area of net landbase impacted by stand-replacing natural disturbance 	Report out on the percentage (%) of net landbase impacted (cumulative area from start of FMP).	Annual	R	 Fire or blowdown with no expectation for salvage during the term of the plan. report of cumulative net productive area burned since 2014 summarized as % of net landbase impacted by fire Fires >100 ha to be mapped clearly (skipped areas mapped) by govt Blowdown impact >100ha and >50% area affected, then treated as stand replacing. To be mapped/recorded when data are available on locations and salvage extent.

3.0 Soil and Water (Criterion)

3.1 Quantity and Quality of Soil and Water (Element)

3.1.1 No loss of quantity or quality of soil and water (Value)

Objective	Indicator(s)	Target(s)	Frequency	C/R ¹	Approach/ Context/ Intent
3.1.1.1 Maintain and/or	14. Percentage (%) of SASK MOE	100% compliance	Annual	С	Review of Saskatchewan Environment previous years compliance inspections
enhance the	inspected harvest blocks that				• Each block assigned a pass/fail condition with the variances allowed.
quantity and	are in compliance with				
quality of soil	provincial standards related to				
and water.	soil disturbance.				
	15. Percentage (%) of SASK MOE	100% compliance	Annual	С	Review of Saskatchewan Environment previous years compliance inspections
	inspected harvest blocks which				 Each block assigned a pass/fail condition with the variances allowed.
	are in compliance with				
	provincial standards related to				
	road reclamation.				
	16. Percentage (%) of SASK MOE	100% compliance	Annual	С	Review of Saskatchewan Environment previous years compliance inspections
	inspected harvest blocks/roads				 Each block assigned a pass/fail condition with the variances allowed.
	found in compliance with				
	Aquatic Habitat Protection				
	Permits.		A	6	
	17. Percentage (%)of SASK MOE	100% compliance	Annual	C	Review of Saskatchewan Environment previous years compliance inspections
	inspected harvest blocks that				• Each block assigned a pass/fail condition with the variances allowed.
	are in compliance with the FMA				
	standards related to riparian				
	area management.				

4.0 Role in Global Ecological Cycles (Criterion)

4.1 Carbon Cycle (Element)

4.1.1 Productive Land Base (Value)

Objective	Indicator(s)	Target(s)	Frequency	C/R^1	Approach/ Context/ Intent
4.1.1.1 Mitigate the	18. Area (ha) of the net land base	<300 ha per year on average.	Anuual	R	Based on modeling, estimate 750km of new Permanent Access in the first 10 year
impact of the	converted to Permanent Access.	Max 3000 ha over 10 years.	And		period (assumed avg. 75km/ year at a width of 40m = 300ha/ year)
forest and forest			Each 5		
activities on the			years		
productive land					
base. ³					

³ Refer to Indicators #10 and #12 regarding reforestation

5.0 Economic and Social Benefits (Criterion)

5.1 Economic Benefits (Element)

5.1.1 Sustainable economic benefits over the term of the FMP (Value)

Objective	Indicator(s)	Target(s)	Frequency	C/R ¹	Approach/ Context/ Intent
5.1.1.1 Maximize the economic benefits derived from the forest without compromising the integrity of the forest ecosystem.	19. Annual Harvest volume shipped to Manufacturing facilities as a percentage of harvest allocations at FMA level.	FMA harvest volume to be ±25% of allocated volume on an annual basis.	Annual	R	 Compilation of sales, delivery data for PA FMA harvested volume Harvested volume to include merchantable scaled volumes, including independent operators. +/- 10% over a 5 year period
,	20. Spatial distribution of harvest across the FMA	(Addressed through adherence to Tactical Plan)	Annual	R	 GIS analysis of actual harvest pattern and comparison to tactical plan metrics Tactical plan metrics to be area harvested by stand type by Intent is to provide consistency of operations with a tactical plan. Designed to ensure a balanced and equitable distribution for future harvest is achievable and that reasonable economic opportunities remain available for the future.
	21. Harvest volume achieved vs predicted by inventory / G&Y model	One report comparing inventory predictions to actual harvest levels.	Once by 2019	R	 Production of a report on Analysis of inventory predictions of merchantable volume to actual harvest outcomes To provide knowledge on reality of inventory allowing for continuous improvement of HVS and other decision making tools

5.2 Distribution of Benefits (Element)

5.2.1 Fair Distribution of Benefits (Value)

Objective	Indicator(s)	Target(s)	Frequency	C/R^1	Approach/ Context/ Intent
5.2.1.1 To ensure other	22. On-going consultation with	Ongoing use of a Public Advisory	Annual	R	Review and summary of PAG meeting minutes and other PAG correspondence
forest uses are	other stakeholders at various	Group to consult with public			 Intent is to include non-timber interests are included in land use planning
addressed.	levels of forest management planning using established advisory committees or other forums which are effective.	annually or as determined by the PAG themselves.			Online Resource at <u>www.sakaw.ca</u>
	23. Develop and maintain a thematic map of non-timber resources and non-timber forest use activities.	Maintain a map/dataset of known information on legal cabins, visually sensitive areas, ski trails, trapper trails, known sensitive wildlife site, etc.	Annual	R	 Production of map indicating locations of non-timber resources of concern noting improvement since previous year. Map used for planning purposes to ensure other resource values are considered.

5.3 Sustainability of Benefits (Element)

5.3.1 No Loss of Benefits (Value)

Objective	Indicator(s)	Target(s)	Frequency	C/R ¹	Approach/ Context/ Intent
5.3.1.1 Maintain or	24. Level of employment	Level of employment associated	Annual	R	Retain jobs. The intent is to retain valuable expertise and skill labor for the Forestry
enhance	(direct and indirect)	with FMA is constant on a 5-year			Sector in the region. Subject to market demand and mill closures. Create socio-
benefits.		rolling average			economic value on the resource. Consider employment multiplier for this.
	25. Level of investment in training	Each employee receives at least		R	The intent is to give opportunities to employees for advancing their career path and
	and skills development	two (2) days of training per year			succession planning.

6.0 Society's Responsibility (Criterion)

6.1 Aboriginal and Treaty Rights (Element)

6.1.1 To ensure Aboriginal and Treaty Rights are respected within the context of planning and implementing forest activities (Value)

Objective	Indicator(s)	Target(s)	Frequency	C/R ¹	Approach/ Context/ Intent
6.1.1.1 To ensure	26. Percentage (%) of "within" FMA	100% of the <mark>"within"</mark> FMA area	Annual	R	• Review and report on aboriginal consultation activities undertaken during previous
Aboriginal and	area Aboriginal communities	Aboriginal communities shall be			year
treaty rights are	involved in ongoing discussions,	given opportunity to be involved			 opportunity to be involved is the key
respected within	review of operational and forest	in ongoing discussions, review of			List of Dates and Aboriginal community and purpose of meeting
the context of	management plans and co-	operational and forest			
planning and	management/ advisory	management plans and co-			
implementing	processes.	management / advisory board			
forest activities.		processes.			

6.2 Aboriginal traditional land use and forest based ecological knowledge (Element)

6.2.1 Protection of aboriginal traditional land use and forest based ecological knowledge (Value)

Objective	Indicator(s)	Target(s)	Frequency	C/R ¹	Approach/ Context/ Intent
6.2.1.1 To avoid	27. Spatial identification and	100% of known culturally	Annual	R	Report on number of known sites negatively impacted by forestry activities
impacting	operational protection of known	significant Aboriginal sites are			GIS analysis to determine if previous years harvests contained previously
culturally	culturally significant Aboriginal	spatially identified and considered			known sites and where overlap is present report on actions taken to protect
important sites.	sites.	in forest management activities.			sites
		100% of new sites recorded	Annual	R	Compilation of Heritage Assessments required and their results
					Report on completion of required post-harvest heritage assessments
					completed and number of site found

6.3 Forest Community Well-being and Resilience (Element)

6.3.1 Sustainable Forest Communities (Value)

Sakâw

Objective	Indicator(s)	Target(s)	Frequency	C/R^1	Approach/ Context/ Intent
6.3.1.1 To ensure local communities are involved in the	28. Sakaw Website with a specific section on Public Information	Post 100% of FMP and operating plans and annual reports online	Annual	R	Track the website analytics for number of visitors per year and from what geographic area in Saskatchewan
forest					
management					
activities.					
	29. Stakeholders engagement is occurring	Report completed on the number and type of stakeholders engaged.	Annual	R	 Intent is to engage, support and promote the use of forests within the communities.

6.4 Fair and Effective Decision-making (Element)

6.4.1 Involvement of Stakeholders in FMP Development and Implementation (Value)

Objective	Indicator(s)	Target(s)	Frequency	C/R ¹	Approach/ Context/ Intent
6.4.1.1 Maximize the	30. PAG meetings are occurring on a	A minimum of two PAG meetings	Annual	R	Publish PAG Meeting Minutes after each meeting.
involvement of	regular basis and allow for input	to occur each year, one could be a			
stakeholders in	into forest management.	field trip.			
FMP					
development					
and					
implementation.					

6.5 Informed Decision Making (Element)

6.5.1 Information about and for Forest Management should be Publicly Available (Value)

Objective	Indicator(s)	Target(s)	Frequency	C/R ¹	Approach/ Context/ Intent
6.5.1.1 Ensure that the	31. Age of current forest inventory	100% of the FMA area shall have a	5 years	R	Ensure that inventory data is kept up-to-date so that it can support forest management
available	for the licence area (based on	forest inventory that is less than			decision such as HVS forecasting, wildlife habitat retention, etc.
information for	photography age).	20 years old.			
forest					
management is					
current and					
available.					
	32. FMP and Operating Plan are	Posted online and available upon	Ongoing	R	www.Sakaw.ca
	made publicly available.	request.			Downloadable .pdf maps posted online