

Name _____ ID number _____ Op. _____

1. Past simple

The simple past expresses an action in the past taking place once, never, several times. It can also be used for actions taking place one after another or in the middle of another action.

Form of Simple Past

	Positive	Negative	Question
Irregular verbs	I spoke.	I did not speak.	Did I speak?
Regular verbs	I worked	I did not work	Did I work?

I. Complete the diary. Use the simple past tense form of the verbs in parentheses.

I (have) _____ a nice day today. I (not get) _____ up until ten o'clock, so I (get) _____ dressed quickly and (go) _____ to Fine Arts Museum. I (meet) _____ Cindy and Frank there, and we (go) _____ into the museum to see a new exhibit. We (not see) _____ everything because we (not have) _____ enough time. The exhibit (close) _____ at one o'clock. We (eat) _____ at Chinese restaurant near the museum, and then we (take) _____ a bus to the Downtown Shopping Mall. We (stay) _____ at the mall for a couple of hours and (look) _____ around. I (buy) _____ a new shirt, but Frank and Cindy (not buy) _____ anything. So we (go) _____ to another place.

2. Present simple

The simple present tense in English is used to describe an action that is regular, true or normal.

Verb Conjugation

We form the present tense using the base form of the infinitive (without the TO). In general, in the third person we add 'S' in the third person.

Affirmative sentence

Subject	Verb	The Rest of the sentence
I / you / we / they	speak / learn	English at home
he / she / it	speaks / learns	English at home

Negative sentence

Subject	Verb	The Rest of the sentence
I / you / we / they	don't speak / don't learn	English at home
he / she / it	doesn't speak / doesn't learn	English at home

Spelling in affirmative sentences

1. For verbs that end in **-O**, **-CH**, **-SH**, **-SS**, **-X**, or **-Z** we add **-ES** in the third person.

2. For verbs that end in a **consonant + Y**, we remove the **Y** and add **-IES**.

II. Complete the story using present simple actions from the box.

lives	is	say	likes	helps	finishes	start	drive
walks	work	tells	starts	make	works	do not live	come

Tom _____ at a bank. He _____ the manager. He _____ work every day at 8:00 am. He _____ work every day at 6:00 pm. He _____ very close to the bank. He _____ to work every day. His brother and sister also _____ at the bank. But, they _____ close to the bank. They _____ cars to work. They _____ work at 9:00 am. In the bank, Tom is the boss. He _____ all the workers and _____ them what to do. He _____ his job. He is also very good at his job. Many customers like Tom, and they _____ hello to him when they _____ to the bank. Tom likes to talk to the customers and _____ them feel happy. Tom really likes his job.

3. Reading Comprehension

III. Read the next story about the Wilson family.

This is the Wilson family. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson are musicians. Right now, they are practicing the violin in the living room. Their son Bob isn't home now. He's taking piano lessons at the conservatory. Their daughter Lisa is in her bedroom. She's doing her homework. Their daughter Gloria is in the kitchen now. She's washing the dishes. Their son Donald is in the bathroom. He's taking a bath. Their pets, Muffy the dog and Felix the cat, are in the yard. They are sleeping.

Read the sentences below. Write T if the sentence is true, write F if the sentences is false, write ? if the story doesn't give you the information.

- _____ 1. Everyone in the Wilson family is at home today.
- _____ 2. Bob Wilson is a good piano player.
- _____ 3. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson are practicing the violin.
- _____ 4. Donald is washing the dishes.
- _____ 5. Lisa's homework is easy.
- _____ 6. Bob is at the conservatory.
- _____ 7. Gloria likes to wash the dishes.
- _____ 8. The pets are sleeping in the kitchen.

4. Wh questions

We use question words to ask certain types of questions (question word questions). We often refer to them as WH words because they include the letters WH (for example WHY, HoW).

Question Word	Function	Example
what	asking for information about something	What is your name?
when	asking about time	When did he leave?
where	asking in or at what place or position	Where do they live?
which	asking about choice	Which color do you want?
who	asking what or which person or people	Who opened the door?
why	asking for reason, asking what...for	Why do you say that?
how	asking about manner	How does this work?

IV. Complete the questions using wh word.

- 1) _____ is the weather like today?
- 2) _____ don't you like apple juice?
- 3) _____ about a walk through the forest?
- 4) _____ do you play volleyball?
- 5) _____ is my red sweat shirt, Mum?
- 6) _____ do Anne and Betty get to school every day?
- 7) _____ does your father go to work?
- 8) _____ one is your favorite movie?
- 9) _____ are we going for a holiday by the sea again?
- 10) _____ is she?

