Name		Date	Class
LESSON	Challenge		
14-4	Displaying Outliers in Box-and-Whisker Plots		
Box-and The fair them as	l-whisker plots car options are either individual points.	be misleading if either the minimum to not use box-and-whisker plots for	or maximum value is an outlier. data with outliers or to show
Mathem 1.5(IQR)	atically, a value is) above Q3.	accepted as an outlier if it is at least	1.5(IQR) below Q1 or
For the o	data set {46, 22, 1	9, 2, 17, 23, 31, 42, 73, 16, 22, 26, 2	8}:
1. Find	d Q1.	2. Find Q3.	3. Find the IQR.
4. Find	d 1.5(IQR).	5. Find Q1 – 1.5(IQR).	6. Find Q3 + 1.5(IQR).
7. Usir Q1 (ng the rule of being or Q3, what is the	g 1.5(IQR) away from outlier in the data set above?	
Outliers	can be mild or ext	reme. A mild outlier is more than 1.	5(IQR) from Q1 or Q3, but less

than 3(IQR) from them. An **extreme outlier** is more than 3(IQR) from Q1 or Q3.

8. Classify the outlier identified in question 7.

To draw a box-and-whisker plot that has outliers, first plot Q1, the median, and Q3 as usual. Draw the box. Plot the minimum and maximum points that are not outliers. Draw the whiskers to these points. Then plot mild outliers with a closed dot and extreme outliers with an open dot.

9. Draw a box-and-whisker plot, displaying the outlier, for the data set above.

Draw box-and-whisker plots, displaying outliers, for each data set.

10. 41, 43, 30, 42, 29, 42, 41, 51, 43, 41, 43, 48

11. 30, 28, 27, 29, 33, 10, 21, 32, 27, 29

12. 124, 135, 83, 140, 210, 144

- 4. mean: 0 median: 0 mode: -1, 0, and 1 range: 2
- 5. outlier: 183, increases mean by 10.6, median by 1, and range by 58, no effect on mode
- 6. outlier: 0.8, increases mean by 0.15695, median by 0.0005, and range by 0.78, no effect on mode
- 7a. mean: 578.34 mg
- 7b. median, 582.4 mg; The outlier 561.4 affects the mean.
- 7c. mean; It is further from the ideal weight than the median.







- 10. about 6
- 11. Possible answer: Emma, half of her counts are greater than 33, compared to 27 for Tammy.

Review for Mastery

- 1. 8, 2, 3, 4, 3, 20, 4; median: 3, mode: 3, range: 6
- 2. mean: 5.5, median: 5, mode: 4 and 5, range: 4
- 3. mean: 10, median: 10, mode: none, range: 12
- 4. 5, 9, 11, 14, 18, 18, 21
- 5. 5, 9, 14, 18, 21



Challenge







Problem Solving

- 1. mean: \$64, median: \$58, mode: none; The median because only one price is above the mean.
- 2. mean: 40.125, median: 34, mode: 33; The mean decreases by 5.125, median decreases by 1.
- 3. mean: 84, median: 76, mode: 76; the mean
- 4. mean: ≈8.4, median: 8, mode: 8; the mode
- 5. B
- 6. F
- 7. B

Reading Strategies

- 1. the mean
- 2. because 2 occurs more often
- 3. when there is an even number of data values
- 4. The mode occurs most often; an outlier is different from the other numbers, so an outlier cannot be a mode.
- 5. mean: 8, median: 8.5, mode: 3 and 10

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