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Certificate of Analysis

Reference Material: AUSK-4

	95% Confid	Standard		
Recommended Value	Lower Limit	Upper Limit	Deviation	
3.5692	3.4830	3.6553	0.1555	

Table 1 Recommended Values and 95% Confidence Intervals of Gold Concentration (in ppm, or $\mu g/g$). Based on the results of 15 laboratories.

1. Date of Certification

September 2007

2. Certificate Status

Original

3. Supplier of Reference Material

Western Mineral Standards 54 Helen Street Bellevue 6056 Western Australia

4. Prepared and Certified by

Dr John Henstridge Principal Consultant Statistician Data Analysis Australia 97 Broadway Nedlands, WA, 6009

Dr John Henstridge

5. **Available Packaging**

This reference material is packed in 2kg PE screw cap jars, labelled with the identification code, the expected value and standard deviation of the gold concentration, health warning and the manufacturer's contact details. They are also available in cartons of six jars, and each carton will include this certificate of analysis.

6. **Origin of Reference Material**

This reference material is a low sulphide gold ore taken from east of Kalgoorlie, Western Australia.

The reference material has been well mixed. The entire batch was tested to ensure that the gold was evenly distributed throughout the material.

7. Intended Use

Gold Assay standards provided with associated geochemistry data.

8. Instructions for Use

Weigh out the usual quantity used in the analysis for total gold by the normal procedure. Homogeneity testing has shown that consistent results can be obtained for gold when using samples of 30 to 40 grams.

9. **Method of Test Material Preparation**

Two tonnes of the reference material was discharged from a homogenous mixer through a vibrasonic sieve into large bags. A one-kilogram sample was taken after every 200 kilograms of the material was discharged. These onekilogram samples were numbered in order of being discharged, then divided into four subsamples of approximately 250 grams.

These subsamples were placed into zip lock bags, and then labelled with a random identifier. To ensure laboratory confidentiality, the labelling was done by staff from Data Analysis Australia.

The laboratories participating in this certification process were sent either two or three of the 250 gram subsamples. The laboratories were also sent a number of 250 gram subsamples from seven other reference materials that were being analysed for certification. An indication of the expected gold concentration was given in broad terms, with a range of four parts per million.

Reference Material: AUSK-4

10. Homogeneity Tests

The homogeneity test was incorporated into the methodology by ensuring that each laboratory received at least two subsamples of the reference material, taken from samples spaced out across the ordering (see Analytical Methodology). There was no evidence that this reference material was non-homogenous across the one-kilogram samples.

11. Analytical Methodology

This reference material was analysed for certification along with seven other reference materials, which allows the use of more powerful statistical techniques in the certification. Performing the certification in this manner also provides the following advantages:

- "Blinding" of the laboratories, in that they did not know which reference
 material each sample corresponded to, so the laboratory did not have prior
 knowledge as to what result they should obtain. The inclusion of the
 expected range of the gold concentration was to assist the laboratories in
 their analysis, and did not provide enough information for the laboratories
 to know which reference material was in each sample.
- Improved ability to detect bias between laboratories, such as if one laboratory gives results that are consistently higher/lower than other laboratories for all standards; and
- Ability to detect bias in the results between laboratories for each standard separately.

Sixteen laboratories were randomly allocated an identifying letter from A to P. The set of subsamples was designed in such a way that each laboratory received at least two subsamples of each reference material. These subsamples were taken from different ordered samples in such a way to eliminate the confounding of laboratory against the order of the sample. Table 2 shows the set of subsamples received by each laboratory, where AUSK-4 has been labelled as reference material E.

The subsamples were labelled with random identifiers so the laboratories were unaware of the reference material and ordered one kilogram sample that the subsample came from. This provided a means of determining whether a laboratory had an overall bias or a problem of precision.

Reference Material: AUSK-4

		Ordered One Kilogram Sample								
Lab	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
A	DG	ΑF	BF	ВН	A G	BE	CF	CE	DΗ	ΑE
В	ΑF	DΗ	CE	АН	ΒE	DG	A G	ВН	ВG	CF
C	CF	EGHH	ΑE	AGGH	FΗ	ADGH	ΒE	BDGH	CG	DGHH
D	ΕH	CG	ВD	GH	A D	CF	FΗ	A G	ΑF	BE
E	ΒE	DG	DΗ	FΗ	EG	СН	A D	A C	BF	CG
F	DG	BFFG	A C	FFGG	СН	BEFG	EG	FFGH	ΕH	ADFG
G	A D	CF	CG	EG	DF	BG	СН	ВН	ΑE	BF
Н	CF	ΑE	ВН	EF	BG	A D	DF	EG	DG	СН
I	СН	BEFH	BF	DFFH	CE	AFFH	ВG	AFGH	DΗ	AEFH
J	ΒE	DΗ	A G	DE	ΑF	СН	CE	DF	CF	BG
K	ВG	A D	ΑE	CE	ВD	ΕH	ΑF	FΗ	CG	DΗ
L	A D	CG	FΗ	CD	ΕH	BG	ВD	CE	ΒE	ΑF
M	ΑF	СН	DΗ	ВD	A C	DG	ΕH	EG	BF	CG
N	СН	BF	EG	ВС	DG	AF	A C	BD	A D	ΕH
O	ΕH	BG	CG	A C	ВН	CF	DG	DF	ΑE	BF
P	ВG	ΑE	DF	АВ	CF	ΕH	ВН	A C	СН	DG

Table 2 Set of subsamples by laboratory. The reference materials being tested have been labelled A through to H, with AUSK-4 labelled E.

12. Calculation of Certified Values

Results for Gold via Fire Assay were returned by 16 laboratories. These results were used to calculate the recommended values and 95% confidence intervals for gold concentrations in each of the materials.

The Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) technique was used to assess the homogeneity of the reference materials across the one-kilogram samples and also to identify outliers in the gold concentration. Outliers were detected and removed by comparing individual results, sample results and overall laboratory results. Once the outliers were removed and the homogeneity of the reference material was confirmed, the remaining results were used to calculate the certified values.

The results from Laboratory L showed a high level of variability across all reference materials. All results from this laboratory were therefore excluded from the analysis. For this reference material, the remaining fifteen laboratories returned a total of 73 results across 37 subsamples. No further results were removed as outliers. A summary of the results from the laboratories is given in Table 3, showing the average value for each laboratory.

Reference Material: AUSK-4

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The recommended value was calculated as an average of the laboratory average gold concentrations, and the confidence interval was created using the average and standard deviation of the laboratory averages. The confidence interval is calculated using the following formula:

$$X \pm (t * s / \sqrt{n})$$

where X is the average and s is the standard deviation of the laboratory averages, n is the number of laboratory averages used and t is the 0.025 critical value of the Student's t-distribution. The recommended values and confidence limits are given in Table 1 on the first page of this certificate.

	Average Gold Concentration (µg/g)			
Laboratory	Fire Assay			
A	3.335			
В	3.668			
C	3.493			
D	3.560			
Е	3.586			
F	3.712			
G	3.548			
Н	3.318			
I	3.518			
J	3.568			
K	3.327			
M	3.785			
N	3.595			
O	3.783			
P	3.743			

Table 3 Average gold concentrations (μg/g) by laboratory.

13. Notice

The reference material AUSK-4 and this certificate have been prepared with the appropriate care and attention. This certificate conforms to the requirements outlined in the ISO Guide 35, Reference materials – General and statistical principles for certification, 2006 edition. The Purchaser by receipt hereof releases and indemnifies Data Analysis Australia and Western Mineral Standards from and against all liability and costs arising from the use of this material.

Reference Material: AUSK-4

14. Participating Laboratories

The laboratories that agreed to participate are shown in Table 4.

Laboratory	State/Province	Country
Acme Analytical Laboratories Ltd	British Columbia	Canada
Activation Laboratories	Ontario	Canada
ALS Chemex Canada	British Columbia	Canada
ALS Chemex Perth	Western Australia	Australia
Amdel Adelaide	South Australia	Australia
Amdel Macraes		New Zealand
Amdel Perth	Western Australia	Australia
Ammtec	Western Australia	Australia
Genalysis (Perth)	Western Australia	Australia
ITS Jakarta	Jakarta	Indonesia
SGS del Peru S.A.C.	San Isidro	Peru
SGS Kalgoorlie	Western Australia	Australia
SGS Townsville	Queensland	Australia
SGS Welshpool	Western Australia	Australia
SGS West Wyalong	New South Wales	Australia
Ultra Trace	Western Australia	Australia

Table 4 Participating laboratories. (Not related to the order of laboratories in other tables.)

Reference Material: AUSK-4