Classroom Observation Template: Comprehensive #1 and #2

Teacher:	Grade Level/Subject A	rea:
Date of Observation:	Length of Observation:_	Time/Period:
Domain I: Planning and Preparation		
1a: Demonstrating knowledge of content a	nd pedagogy	 * The teacher can identify important concepts of the discipline and their relationships to one another. * The teacher provides clear explanations of the content. * The teacher answers students' questions accurately and provides feedback that furthers their learning. * Instructional strategies in unit and
		lesson plans are entirely suitable to the content.
1b: Demonstrating knowledge of students		 * The teacher knows, for groups of students, their levels of cognitive development. * The teacher is aware of the different cultural groups in the class. * The teacher has a good idea of the range of interests of students in the class * The teacher has identified "high," "medium," and "low" groups of students within the class. * The teacher is well informed about students' cultural heritages and incorporates this knowledge in lesson planning.
Area of Focus		* The teacher is aware of the special needs represented by students in the class.

1c: Setting instructional outcomes	 Outcomes represent high expectations and rigor. Outcomes are related to "big ideas" of the discipline. Outcomes are written in terms of what students will learn rather than do. Outcomes represent a range of types:
Area of Focus	factual knowledge, conceptual understanding, reasoning, social interaction, management, and communication. * Outcomes, differentiated where necessary, are suitable to groups of students in the class.
1d: Demonstrating knowledge of resources Area of Focus	* Texts are at varied levels. * Texts are supplemented by guest speakers and field experiences. * The teacher facilitates the use of Internet resources. * Resources are multidisciplinary. * The teacher expands her knowledge through professional learning groups and organizations. * The teacher pursues options offered by universities. * The teacher provides lists of resources outside the classroom for students to draw on.
1e:Designing coherent instruction Area of Focus	 * Learning activities are matched to instructional outcomes. * Activities provide opportunity for higher-level thinking. * The teacher provides a variety of appropriately challenging materials and resources. * Instructional student groups are organized thoughtfully to maximize learning and build on students' strengths. * The plan for the lesson or unit is well structured, with reasonable time allocations.

1f: Designing student assessments	
	* All the learning outcomes have a method for assessment.
	* Assessment types match learning expectations.
	* Plans indicate modified assessments when they are necessary for some students.
	* Assessment criteria are clearly written.
	* Plans include formative assessments to use during instruction.
Area of Focus	* Lesson plans indicate possible adjustments based on formative assessment data.

Doman II: Classroom Environment

2a: Creating an environment of respect and rapport	
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	among students is uniformly respectful.
	* The teacher successfully responds to
	disrespectful behavior among students.
	* Students participate willingly, but may
	be somewhat hesitant to offer their ideas in front of classmates.
	* The teacher makes general connections
Area of Focus	with individual students.
	* Students exhibit respect for the teacher.
	Students exhibit respect for the teacher.
2b: Establishing a culture for learning	* The teacher communicates the
	importance of the content and the
	conviction that with hard work all
	students can master the material.
	* The teacher demonstrates a high regard
	for students' abilities.
	* The teacher conveys an expectation of
	high levels of student effort.
	* Students expend good effort to
Area of Focus	complete work of high quality.
	* The teacher insists on precise use of
	language by students.
2c: Managing classroom procedures	
zer nameging emerican procedures	* Students are productively engaged
	during small-group or independent
	work.
	* Transitions between large- and small-
	group activities are smooth.
	* Routines for distribution and collection
	of materials and supplies work efficiently.
Area of Focus	* Classroom routines function smoothly.
	Classicom foddies function smoothly.

2d: Managing student behavior	* Standards of conduct appear to have been established and implemented successfully.
	* Overall, student behavior is generally appropriate.
	* The teacher frequently monitors student behavior.
Area of Focus	* The teacher's response to student misbehavior is effective.
2e: Organizing physical space	* The classroom is safe, and all students are able to see and hear the teacher or see the board.
	* The classroom is arranged to support the instructional goals and learning activities.
Area of Focus	* The teacher makes appropriate use of available technology.

Doman III: Instruction

20. Communicating with students	
3a: Communicating with students	* The teacher states clearly, at some point during the lesson, what the students will be learning.
	* The teacher's explanation of content is clear and invites student participation and thinking.
	* The teacher makes no content errors.
	* The teacher describes specific strategies students might use, inviting students to interpret them in the context of what they're learning.
	* Students engage with the learning task, indicating that they understand what they are to do.
	* If appropriate, the teacher models the process to be followed in the task.
	* The teacher's vocabulary and usage are correct and entirely suited to the lesson, including, where appropriate, explanations of academic vocabulary.
Area of Focus	* The teacher's vocabulary is appropriate to students' ages and levels of development.

3b: Using questioning and discussion techniques Area of Focus	* The teacher uses open-ended questions, inviting students to think and/or offer multiple possible answers. * The teacher makes effective use of wait time. * Discussions enable students to talk to one another without ongoing medication by teacher. * The teacher calls on most students, even those who don't initially volunteer. * Many students actively engage in the discussion.
	* The teacher asks students to justify their reasoning, and most attempt to do so.
3c. Engaging students in learning Area of Focus	* Most students are intellectually engaged in the lesson. * Most learning tasks have multiple correct responses or approaches and/or encourage higher-order thinking. * Students are invited to explain their thinking as part of completing tasks. * Materials and resources support the learning goals and require intellectual engagement, as appropriate. * The pacing of the lesson provides students the time needed to be intellectually engaged. * The teacher uses groupings that are suitable to the lesson activities.
3d: Using assessment in instruction Area of Focus	 * The teacher makes the standards of high-quality work clear to students. * The teacher elicits evidence of student understanding. * Students are invited to assess their own work and make improvements; most of them do so. * Feedback includes specific and timely guidance, at least for groups of students.

3e: Demonstrating flexibility and responsiveness	* The teacher incorporates students'
	interests and questions into the heart of the lesson.
	* The teacher conveys to students that she has other approaches to try when the students experience difficulty.
	* In reflecting on practice, the teacher cites multiple approaches undertaken to reach students having difficulty.
Area of Focus	* When improvising becomes necessary, the teacher makes adjustments to the lesson.

Doman IV: Professional Responsibilities

4a: Reflecting on teaching Area of Focus	 * The teacher accurately assesses the effectiveness of instructional activities used. * The teacher identifies specific ways in which a lesson might be improved.
4b: Maintaining accurate records Area of Focus	* The teacher's process for recording completion of student work is efficient and effective; students have access to information about completed and/or missing assignments. * The teacher has an efficient and effective process for recording student attainment of learning goals; students are able to see how they're progressing. * The teacher's process for recording noninstructional information is both efficient and effective.
4c: Communicating with families Area of Focus	 * The teacher regularly makes information about the instructional program available * The teacher regularly sends home information about student progress. * The teacher develops activities designed to engage families successfully and appropriately in their children's learning. * Most of the teacher's communications are appropriate to families' cultural norms.

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4d: Participating in the professional community Area of Focus	 * The teacher has supportive and collaborative relationships with colleagues. * The teacher regularly participates in activities related to professional inquiry. * The teacher frequently volunteers to participate in school events and school district and community projects.
4e: Growing and developing professionally	 * The teacher seeks regular opportunities for continued professional development. * The teacher welcomes colleagues and supervisors into the classroom for the purposes of gaining insight from their feedback.
Area of Focus	* The teacher actively participates in organizations designed to contribute to the profession.
4f: Showing professionalism	 * The teacher is honest and known for having high standards of integrity. * The teacher actively addresses student needs. * The teacher actively works to provide opportunities for student success. * The teacher willingly participates in team and departmental decision making.
Area of Focus	* The teacher complies completely with district regulations.
Teacher Date	Administrator/Principal Date

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