

Namn: _____ Poäng: _____ Nivå : _____

Adress: _____ Tel: _____

Complete each sentence with one item from those given below. Use each item once only.
Note: Each question has One mark. You must have all words in the correct places!

Example: John *gets up* early in the morning.
He *goes off* to work on the bus.
He *gets off* early on Fridays.
He *sits up* late watching TV.
goes off / sits up / gets off / gets up

[] 1 She gets up 7 o'clock.
She usually goes bed early.
Sometimes she goes out her friends.
She gets up later Sundays.
with / at / on / to

[] 2 Peter arrived at twenty six.
Julia was there at past five.
Kieran came at six
I didn't come until midnight.
half / thirty / to / after

[] 3 How milk would you like?
Have you got a minutes?
We only have a time.
How metres are there in a mile?
little / few / much / many

[] 4 Maria was born September 7th.
See you week.
He's meeting me ten o'clock.
The conference was July 1991.
next / at / on / in

[] 5 Have you ever your passport?
Yes, I
When did you it?
Last year. But the police it for me.
lost / lose / found / have

[] 6 Jane couldn't solve the problem it was too difficult.
Peter tried to solve the problem it was too difficult.
The problem was difficult I couldn't solve it.
The problem was difficult for me to solve.
so / too / but / because

[] 7 A: Sorry Ana, is this pen?
B: No, pen is black. Ask Peter.
A: Peter, I've got a pen which might be
C: No, it's not either. Ask Laura.
mine / yours / your / my

[] 8 I've been here a week.
I haven't seen him last April.
I last saw him a week
I last saw her the summer.
since / during / ago / for

[] 9 This story is very
The river is very here.
How is Mount Everest?
Mary got a mark and failed her exam.
long / wide / low / high

[] 10 The sun rises in the East.
I go by air - it's too expensive.
We have toast for breakfast, but not very often.
A teacher works in a school.
usually / never / sometimes / always

The following words make a good sentence. Put them in the correct order.

Example: What / coming / are / time / you / ?

You write: *What time are you coming?*

[] 11 I / often / watch / TV / .
I

[] 12 We / a / small / house / in / live / .
We

[] 13 It's / a / beautiful / day / today / .
It's

[] 14 I / have / called / a / friend / Adriana / .
I

[] 15 How / go / you / swimming / often / do / ?
How

- [] 16 John / got / a / job / hasn't / .
John
- [] 17 Please / not / on / walk / road / the / do / !
Please
- [] 18 Could / to / me / the / to / get / how / station / tell / you / ?
Could
- [] 19 It / is / train / too / the / late / catch / to / .
It
- [] 20 If / ill / too / much / drink / you'll / feel / you / .
If

Write ONE word only to complete the sentence.

Example: Is a bank near here?

You write: *there*

- [] 21 Can I see you Wednesday?
- [] 22 Ann: What do you do?
John: I a salesman.
- [] 23 A: Why are you cleaning your car?
B: it is very dirty!
- [] 24 A: you play the piano?
B: Not very well, I'm afraid.
- [] 25 A: I take this chair?
B: Yes, of course.
- [] 26 The name of the month that follows January is
- [] 27 A: What would you to drink?
B: Beer, please.
- [] 28 The red blouse costs more the white one.
- [] 29 Do you know to write Chinese?
- [] 30 My car isn't as fast yours.

Complete the sentence with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Example: My brother on a farm. (WORK)

You write: works

[] 31 I my friend yesterday. (SEE)

[] 32 My assistant doesn't on Fridays. (WORK)

[] 33 I have never been to South America but a few years ago I to the USA for a holiday. (GO)

[] 34 Her eyes green. (BE)

[] 35 Flight BA137 at 14.50. (ARRIVE)

[] 36 He up late this morning. (GET)

[] 37 We want to the town centre. (GO)

[] 38 What are when the course is finished? (DO)

[] 39 What did she last night? (COOK)

[] 40 A: When did Mary phone you?

B: While I the report. (FINISH)

Complete the sentence by choosing the BEST answer.

Example:

Anne isn't here today: she's to London.

A went B gone C been D go

You choose: B

[] 41 I plan to buy a few things.

A Are you going to go buy milk?

B Will you buy milk?

C You are buying milk?

D Are you going to buy milk?

[] 42 Jim lives in Spain,

A doesn't he?

B isn't he?

C is he?

D lives he?

[] 43 Every morning the baby cries for his breakfast he wakes up.

A now that

B until

C as soon as

D before

- [] 44 I am very in the information you have given me.
A interesting B interested C concerned D concerning
- [] 45 If you have a washing machine, you spend all day washing clothes.
A have to B don't have to C must D mustn't
- [] 46 The questions in this test are concerned with use of correct English.
A - B a C the D an
- [] 47 you pay the supplement they want, they won't give us the tickets.
A Unless B In case C If D If not
- [] 48 I went to a party my friend's house.
A inside B by C at D to
- [] 49 "How was the movie?" "Not very good. I during most of it."
A was boring
B was feeling boring
C was bored
D was such bored
- [] 50 Never carry a lot of money on you because you lose it.
A would B ought to C might D should
- [] 51 Nobody believed her but she turned out
A to being correct.
B be correct.
C being correct.
D to be correct.
- [] 52 That question was easy to answer. answered by a ten year old.
A It would be
B It could have been
C It might to be
D It was to have been
- [] 53 Do you feel better? Yes, I just the flu.
A got across B got by C got through D got over

- [] 54 Who's ringing the doorbell? the postman.
A There's B It's C He's D This is
- [] 55 That man is a millionaire. he's not very happy.
A In spite of this
B Above all
C In case of this
D Alternatively
- [] 56 I predict that by the year 2,000, Los Angeles
A will hit an earthquake.
B will have hit an earthquake.
C will be hitting by an earthquake.
D will have been hit by an earthquake.
- [] 57 I can't stay.
A I must to leave.
B I can must leave.
C I have got to leave.
D I leave.
- [] 58 All of the houses I saw had a garden,
A whereas none of the apartments had one.
B but not the apartments hadn't one.
C however, not the apartments had one.
D whilst hadn't any of the apartments one.
- [] 59 The train when I got to the station.
A already left
B has just been left
C had already left
D has just left
- [] 60 I lost too much gambling last time, so you won't me to play again.
A encourage B convince C persuade D impress
- [] 61 It's my wife's birthday tomorrow and we a party.
A are having B will have had C will have D have

Write ONE word only to complete the sentence.

Example: Is a bank near here?

You write: *there*

- [] 62 Mary: I'd like some more tea.
John: I'm sorry, there isn't
- [] 63 A: car is that?
B: It's John's.
- [] 64 He is afraid you.
- [] 65 Tim: You walked home? Why didn't you catch a bus?
Paul: Because I to take any money.
- [] 66 It's a lovely day, you think?
- [] 67 You look a bit cold. I close the window?
- [] 68 Come and visit me! And your friend with you.
- [] 69 That man wife you were rude to is a professor.
- [] 70 If this dreadful rain would stop!
- [] 71 When shall we go? What Saturday?

Complete the sentence with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Example: My brother on a farm. (WORK)

You write: *works*

- [] 72 Look at that! You her favourite cup! (BREAK)
- [] 73 He realised he had no cigarettes, so he stopped some. (BUY)
- [] 74 I'll come and see you before I for America. (LEAVE)
- [] 75 I dislike bacon for breakfast. (EAT)
- [] 76 I heard a noise, turned round, and saw a young man away. (RUN)
- [] 77 If you had gone to the meeting, you her. (SEE)
- [] 78 Before his clothes he had a bath. (CHANGE)
- [] 79 He apologised for the glass. (BREAK)
- [] 80 "Has that letter yet?" Mr Johnson asked. (SEND)

- 1 at / to / with / on /
- 2 to / half / thirty / after /
- 3 much / few / little / many /
- 4 on / next / at / in /
- 5 lost / have / lose / found /
- 6 because / but / so / too /
- 7 your / my / yours / mine /
- 8 for / since / ago / during /
- 9 long / wide / high / low /
- 10 always / never / sometimes / usually /
- 11 I often watch TV
- 12 We live in a small house
- 13 It's a beautiful day today
- 14 I have a friend called Adriana
- 15 How often do you go swimming
- 16 John hasn't got a job
- 17 Please do not walk on the road
- 18 Could you tell me how to get to the station
- 19 It is too late to catch the train
- 20 If you drink too much you'll feel ill
- 21 before / after / next / this / on
- 22 am
'm
- 23 Because
- 24 Can / Did / Do
- 25 Might / Could / / May / Can /
- 26 February
- 27 like / prefer

Poäng	Europarådets nivåskala
1-16	Ej uppnått nivå
17-19	A1
20-36	A2
37-48	A2+
49-62	B1
63-64	B1+
65-80	Nästa nivå uppnådd

- 28 than
- 29 how
- 30 as
- 31 saw
- 32 work
- 33 went
- 34 were / are
- 35 arrives
arrived
will arrive
- 36 got
will get
is getting
- 37 to go
- 38 you doing
you going to do
- 39 cook
- 40 was finishing
- 41 D: Are you going to buy milk?
or
B: Will you buy milk?
- 42 A: doesn't he?
- 43 C: as soon as
- 44 B: interested
- 45 B: don't have to

ENGELSKA NIVÅTEST (1) FACIT
Medel

Sid 2(2)

46	C: the	65	forgot
47	A: Unless	66	don't
48	C: at	67	shall
49	C: was bored	68	bring
50	C: might	69	whose
51	D: to be correct.	70	only
52	B: It could have been	71	about
53	D: got over	72	have broken 've broken
54	B: It's	73	to buy and bought
55	A: In spite of this	74	leave
56	D: will have been hit by an earthquake.	75	eating
57	C: I have got to leave.	76	run / running
58	A: whereas none of the apartments had one.	77	would have seen could have seen might have seen
59	C: had already left	78	changing he changed
60	C: persuade	79	breaking his breaking his having broken having broken
61	A: are having or C: will have	80	been sent
62	enough / any		
63	Whose		
64	for / of		