# Math 10 A&W

### Unit 4

## Measurement Part II

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Assignment	Title	Work to complete	Complete
1	Volume	Volume	
2	Capacity	Capacity	
3	Mass/Weight in the Imperial System	Mass/Weight in the Imperial System	
4	More Mass/Weight in the Imperial System	More Mass/Weight in the Imperial System	
5	Weight and Costs in the Imperial System	Weight and Costs in the Imperial System	
6	Mass/Weight in the Metric System	Mass/Weight in the Metric System	
7	Weight Conversions Between Measuring System	Weight Conversions Between Measuring System	
8	Conversions Between Measurements of Volume and Weight	Conversions Between Measurements of Volume and Weight	
9	Working With Temperature	Working With Temperature	
Practice Test	Practice Test How are you doing?	Get this page from your teacher	
Unit Test	Unit Test Show me your stuff!		

#### Volume

The volume of an object is the amount of space it occupies. There are specific formulas used to find the volume of different geometric solids. Just as area is expressed in square units, volume is **ALWAYS** expressed in cubic units;  $-cm^3$ ,  $in^3$ ,  $m^3$ , etc.

In equations, the symbol for volume is a capital  $v \rightarrow V$ .

Example 1: Calculate the volume of the rectangular solid below.

Solution:

#### Rectangular Solid:

Volume is calculated by multiplying length times width times height.

$$V = I \times w \times h$$

$$= 15 \times 6 \times 12$$

$$= 1080 \text{ m}^3$$

$$12 \text{ m}$$

$$6 \text{ m}$$

#### Example 2:

Bob runs a landscaping business. He needs to cover a garden that is 10.8 m by 9.5 m with 10 cm of topsoil. What is the volume of topsoil he needs? If soil costs  $$18.75/m^3$ , and Bob must buy whole  $m^3$ , how much will it cost Bob?

Solution: 1) Calculate the volume needed. To do this, convert the depth of the topsoil from centimetres to metres and then calculate the volume for the garden.

2) Calculate the cost of this volume of topsoil.

10.26 m<sup>3</sup> rounds to 11 m<sup>3</sup> 
$$11 \text{ m}^3 \times $18.75 = $206.25$$

As with square units, cubic units for volume can be converted within a measurement system - metric or imperial. To convert within a system, like  $m^3$  to  $cm^3$ , or  $in^3$  to  $ft^3$ , first change the original linear units to the desired unit and then calculate the volume in the new units.

- Example 1: A bale of hay measures 15" by 24" by 36". What is the volume of a bale of hay in cubic inches and cubic feet? Mrs. Daintrey is from Chilliwack where the hay grows
- Solution:
- 1) Calculate the volume in cubic inches.

Volume = 15 in  $\times$  24 in  $\times$  36 in = 12 960 in<sup>3</sup>

2) Change the dimensions from inches to feet.

 $15 \div 12 = 1.25 \text{ ft}$   $24 \div 12 = 2 \text{ ft}$ 

$$36 \div 12 = 3 \text{ ft}$$

3) Calculate the volume in the new units.

Volume = 1.25 ft × 2 ft × 3 ft =  $7.5 \text{ ft}^3$ 

- Example 2: Mr. Simms' aquarium is 17 cm wide and 35 cm long. If it is filled 23 cm deep, what is the volume of the water in the aquarium in cm<sup>3</sup> and m<sup>3</sup>? He has sharks and other angry fish in it!
- Solution:
- 1) Calculate the volume in cubic centimetres.

Volume = 17 cm  $\times$  35 cm  $\times$  23 cm = 13 685 cm<sup>3</sup>

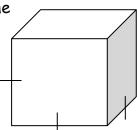
2) Change the dimensions from centimetres to metres. 
$$17 \div 100 = 0.17 \text{ m}$$
  $35 \div 100 = 0.35 \text{ m}$   $23 \div 100 = 0.23 \text{ m}$ 

3) Calculate the volume in the new units.

Volume =  $0.17 \text{ m} \times 0.35 \text{ m} \times 0.23 \text{ m} + = 0.013685 \text{ m}^3$ 

If you are given the volume without the individual dimensions, use the following concept to convert between measurements.

Consider the cube to the right. It has side lengths of 10 mm or 1 cm. When finding the volume of this cube, we could use either measurement.



$$Volume = s \times s \times s$$

$$V = 10 \text{ mm} \times 10 \text{ mm} \times 10 \text{ mm}$$
  $OR = 1000 \text{ mm}^3$   $V = 1 \text{ cm} \times 1 \text{ cm} \times 1 \text{ cm}$ 

10 mm = 1 cm

Therefore, 
$$1 \text{ cm}^3 = 1000 \text{ mm}^3$$

following are also true based on this example.

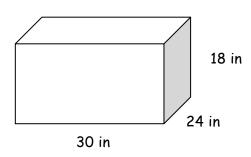
$$1 \text{ yd}^3 = 27 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$1 \text{ yd}^3 = 46 656 \text{ in}^3$$

$$1 \text{ ft}^3 = 1728 \text{ in}^3$$

#### ASSIGNMENT 1 - VOLUME

1) Calculate the volume as indicated.



a) in cubic inches - in<sup>3</sup>

b) in cubic feet - ft<sup>3</sup>

2) A box 3 in.  $\times$  4 in.  $\times$  6 in. is filled with the most amazing thing ever! Will the contents of this box fit into a cube that has sides of 4 in. each? Hint: find the volume of each box.

- 3) The volume of England's hockey bag is 8288 cubic inches (in<sup>3</sup>). What is the volume in cubic feet (ft<sup>3</sup>), to the nearest whole cubic foot?
- 4) Mr. Simms is working on his peace garden again! He is using a wheelbarrow that holds 3 cubic feet of soil.
  - a) How many cubic yards will his wheelbarrow hold?
  - b) If Simms takes 32 loads with his wheelbarrow, how many cubic yards of soil will he move?

#### CAPACITY

<u>Capacity</u> is the maximum amount that a container can hold. It is related to volume in that the capacity of a container can be the volume of the container. But capacity is most often used with liquid measurements.

In the metric system of measurement, the base unit for capacity is the litre, L. We commonly use milliletres to measure capacity, too, and this is abbreviated mL. One litre equals 1000 mL. One mL also equals one cubic centimetre, but when using capacity, this is abbreviated as "cc" rather than "cm<sup>3</sup>".

```
1 L = 1000 mL
1 L = 1000 cc
1 mL = 1 cc
```

In imperial units, capacity is measured in gallons, quarts, pints, cups, and fluid ounces. These relationships are detailed below.

```
1 gallon = 4 quarts (qt)
1 quart = 2 pints (pt)
1 pint = 2 cups (c)
1 bushel (bu) = 8 gal
```

Now it gets a bit confusing. There are two different sizes for a gallon: a British (UK) gallon and an American (US) gallon.

A British gallon (UK) is approximately 4.5 L and 1 UK pint = 20 fluid ounces (UK).

An American gallon is smaller. It is approximately 3.8 L and 1 pint = 16 fluid ounces.

```
1 cup (US) = 8 fl oz 1 gal (US) = 3.8 L
1 cup (UK) = 10 fl oz 1 gal (UK) = 4.5 L
```

Other liquid relationships used for recipes include:

```
1 teaspoon (tsp) = 5 mL
1 tablespoon (tbsp) = 15 mL
1 fl oz = 2 tablespoons (tbsp)
1 tablespoon (tbsp) = 3 teaspoons (tsp)
1 cup = 250 mL
```

Use these conversions and the ones in the Data Book when converting units.

#### Example 1: Convert the following measurements:

a) 500 mL into cups

b) 1.25 mL into teaspoons

c) 5 fl oz (US) into cups

d) 25 L into gal (US)

Solution: Use proportions and the proper conversions to make accurate calculations.

a) 
$$\frac{\text{mL}}{\text{cups}} = \frac{250}{1} = \frac{500}{x}$$

While this is a relatively easy conversion, if you get in the habit of setting these problems like this, you will not run into difficulty when they get more complicated.

b) 
$$\frac{mL}{tsp} = \frac{5}{1} = \frac{1.25}{x}$$

$$x = 1 \times 1.25 \div 5 = 0.25$$
tsp

c) 
$$\frac{\text{fl oz}}{\text{cups}}$$
  $\frac{8}{1}$  =  $\frac{5}{x}$ 

$$x = 1 \times 5 \div 8 = 0.625$$
 cups

d) 
$$\frac{L}{gal (US)} = \frac{3.8}{1} = \frac{25}{x}$$
  $x = 1 \times 25 \div 3.8 = 6.58 \ gal (US)$ 

Example 2: Convert the following measurement:

a) 1000 mL into pints

Solution: Use proportions and the proper conversions to make accurate calculations. Some conversions take 2 or more steps

a) 
$$\frac{\text{mL}}{\text{cups}} = \frac{250}{1} = \frac{1000}{x}$$

$$x = 1 \times 1000 \div 250 = 4 \text{ cups}$$

$$\frac{\text{cups}}{\text{pints}} \quad \frac{2}{1} = \frac{4}{x} \qquad x = 1 \times 4 \div 2 = 2 \text{ pints}$$

$$x = 1 \times 4 \div 2 = 2 \text{ pints}$$

#### ASSIGNMENT 2 - CAPACITY

1) Convert the following measurements.

a) 5 cups = \_\_\_\_\_ fl oz (US) b) 2 gal = \_\_\_\_ pt

c) 6.7 gal (US) = \_\_\_\_\_ L

d) 3 L = \_\_\_\_\_ qt (US)

e) 15.5 L = \_\_\_\_\_ gal (UK)

f) 8 bu = \_\_\_\_\_ gal (1 bushel (bu) = 8 gal)

2) My gas tank holds 45 L. If I fill up in Washington State, how many American gallons will my tank hold?

3) If I were to fill up my tank in London, England, how many UK gallons would my 45 L tank hold?

4) Mrs. Daintrey was making a cake at her aunt's house in California. Her recipe was in metric units but she only has imperial measuring devices. Convert the measurement for her.

30 mL to tablespoons

625 mL to cups

250 mL to fl oz

#### MASS/WEIGHT IN THE IMPERIAL SYSTEM

The words mass and weight are often used interchangeably, but they are technically not the same thing. <u>Mass</u> is the amount of matter in an object. Mass never changes, no matter where you go on the Earth. <u>Weight</u> is the measure of the force of gravity on the object and it can change depending where you are on the Earth. If you are at sea level, your weight will be more than if you are at the top of Mount Everest. However, for our purposes in this course, we will consider use the term weight and consider that it is a stable measure.

In the imperial system, the base units for weight are the ton (tn), pound (lb) and ounce (oz). They are relates in the following way:

```
1 ton (tn) = 2000 pounds1 pound (lb) = 16 ounces (oz)
```

Example 1: Jen needs 1 pound 2 ounces of cheddar cheese, 12 ounces of Gouda cheese, and 11 ounces of Swiss cheese. How many pounds of cheese does she need all together?

Solution: Add the pounds to the pounds and the ounces to the ounces. Regroup the ounces as necessary.

Now you must regroup the ounces as 1 pound = 16 ounces.

```
1 pound 25 ounces

- 16 ounces

2 pounds 9 ounces

Jen needs 2 pounds 9 ounces of cheese.
```

You could also change the amount of cheddar cheese all to ounces, add the total ounces from the three cheeses together, and then regroup the weight into pounds and ounces. The answer would be the same.

### ASSIGNMENT 3 - MASS/WEIGHT IN THE IMPERIAL SYSTEM

1) Calculate the following conversions. a) 54 oz = \_\_\_\_\_ lb \_\_\_\_\_ oz b) 15 lb = \_\_\_\_\_ oz c) 648 oz = \_\_\_\_\_ lb \_\_\_\_\_ oz 2) Decman's wife gave birth to twins weighing 6 lb 5 oz and 5 lb 14 oz. What was their total weight? 3) The weight of water is approximately 2 pounds 3 ounces per litre. How much would 8 L of water weigh? Give your answer in pounds and ounces. 4) A basket of raspberries weighs 12 ounces. You need 4 lb to make jam. How many baskets do you need to pick?

#### MORE MASS/WEIGHT IN THE IMPERIAL SYSTEM

We have looked at the smaller units of weight, ounces and pounds. Now we will look at conversions with the larger base unit, the ton. Remember, the conversion

Example: Alex drives a Pepsi semi truck. The cab weighs 8.7 tons, and the trailer weighs 6.4 tons. When loaded, the gross weight of the whole truck and its cargo is 21.3 tons. What is the weight of the load in tons, and in pounds?

Solution: First find the weight of the load in tons by adding the weight of the cab and the trailer and subtracting from the total. Then convert this weight into pounds.

weight of truck = cab + trailer = 
$$8.7 \text{ tn} + 6.4 \text{ tn} = 15.2 \text{ tn}$$

weight of load = total weight - weight of truck = 21.3 tn - 15.2 tn = 6.2 tn

Now convert this weight into pounds using a proportion.

$$\frac{\text{lb}}{\text{tn}} \quad \frac{2000}{1} = \underline{x}$$

$$x = 2000 \times 6.2 \div 1 = 12400 \text{ lb}$$

The weight of the load is 6.2 tons or 12 400 pounds.

#### ASSIGNMENT 4 - MORE MASS/WEIGHT IN THE IMPERIAL SYSTEM

1) Calculate the following conversions.

2) Mr. Robertson is planting wheat on his farm. He is using 28 800 pounds of wheat. How many tons is this?
3) An elevator can carry a maximum load of 1.5 tons. Two constructions workers weighing 195 lb and 210 lb need to load 65 boxes each weighing 42 lb in the elevator with them. Will the elevator safely hold all this weight?
4) A small truck weighs 1300 lb. It is loaded with cement pieces that weigh 150 lb each. The maximum combined weight of the truck and its load is 2.75 tn. How many pieces of cement can be loaded in the truck?

#### WEIGHT AND COSTS IN THE IMPERIAL SYSTEM

It is possible to use comparisons of weight to calculate unit price like you did in Unit 1. But first, you must change the weights into only one unit - that is, you can't compare the price of ounces to pounds. It is ounces to ounces and pounds to pounds.

Example 1: A 12-ounce can of vegetables costs \$1.49 while a 1 lb 2 oz can of the same vegetables costs \$2.19. Which is the better buy?

Solution: In both situations, find the cost of 1 ounce.

Can 1: 
$$$1.49 \div 12 \text{ oz} = $0.1242 \text{ per oz}$$

Can 2: First find the total number of ounces in this can.

$$1 \text{ lb } 2 \text{ oz} = 16 \text{ oz} + 2 \text{ oz} = 18 \text{ oz}$$

$$$2.19 \div 18 \text{ oz} = $0.1217 \text{ per oz}$$

Can 2 is the better buy because its unit price is lower.

NOTE: The unit price of these two items is very close so more than 2 decimal places - which is standard for money - are necessary for comparison.

Example 2: Victor bought steaks for dinner that weighed 4 pounds 6 ounces. It cost \$2.74 per pound. He trimmed the excess fat and had only 4 pounds of meat remaining. What was the true cost per pound of the steaks?

Solution: Find the total cost of the steak, and then the unit price based on the remaining weight.

To find the total weight, change the ounces into pounds.

lb 1 = 
$$\frac{x}{6}$$
  $x = 1 \times 6 \div 16 = 0.375$  lb

The total mass is 4 lb + 0.375 lb = 4.374 lb

To find the total cost of the steak, multiply the weight by the cost.

Total cost of the steak = 4.375 lb × \$2.74 / lb = \$11.99

Since the remaining weight of the steak was 4 lb, use this to find the unit price.

Cost per pound of remaining steak = total cost ÷ weight of steak

Cost per pound =  $$11.99 \div 4 \text{ lb} = $3.00 / \text{ lb}$ 

The cost of the remaining steak was \$3.00 per pound.

### ASSIGNMENT 5 - WEIGHT AND COSTS IN THE IMPERIAL SYSTEM

1) U-pick organic blueberries sell for \$20.00 for a 12 pound box. a) How much would 1 pound cost?
b) How much would 1 ounce cost?
c) How much would 12 ounces cost?
2) An 18 oz jar of peanut butter costs \$3.29, a 28 oz jar costs \$4.79, and a 2.5 lb jar costs \$5.99. Which is the best buy? Show your work.
3) Mrs. Daintrey bought 24 ounces of coffee beans for \$28.45, but when she got home, she realized the actual weight was only 22 ounces. What was the true cost per ounce? (She loves soy LATTES!)
4) Mr. Simms bought 8 bags of sand for a construction project in his peace garden. Each bag weighed 25 lb and cost \$1.68. One bag ripped and completely spilled in transport. What was Mark's true price per pound?
5) Mrs. Simms bought 8 pounds 12 ounces of strawberries at \$1.98 per pound. Unfortunately, 10% of the berries rotted before they could be eaten. What is her true cost per pound of the berries?

#### MASS/WEIGHT IN THE METRIC SYSTEM

In the SI or metric system of measurement, the base unit for mass is the <u>kilogram</u>, but it is commonly used for weight as well. These are the common conversions needed in the metric system:

The tonne (t) in the metric system is <u>NOT</u> the same as the ton (tn) in the imperial system. In the working world, a tonne is often referred to as a metric ton to avoid confusion.

NOTE: You are expected to learn these conversions as they will not be given to you on the Provincial exam.

Example 1: Convert the following weights.

Solution: Use a proportion and the correct conversions.

a) 
$$\frac{1}{kg}$$
  $\frac{1}{1000}$  =  $\frac{6.7}{x}$   $x = 1000 \times 6.7 \div 1 = 6700 \text{ kg}$ 

b) 
$$\frac{1}{kg}$$
  $\frac{1}{1000}$  =  $\frac{x}{2975}$   $x = 1 \times 2975 \div 1000 = 2.975 + 1000$ 

Example 2: A recipe requires 650 g of flour, 340 g of cornmeal, and 220 g of sugar. What is the total weight of these dry goods in kilograms?

Solution: Add the weights together, and then convert to kilograms

Total weight = 
$$650 + 340 + 220 = 1210 g$$

To convert to kilograms, use a proportion.

$$\frac{g}{kq}$$
  $\frac{1000}{1}$  =  $\frac{1210}{x}$   $x = 1 \times 1210 \div 1000 = 1.21 \text{ kg}$ 

The total weight is 1210 g or 1.21 kg

ASSIGNMENT 6 - MA	SS/WEIGHT IN	THE METRIC SYSTEM	
1) Convert the following weight	ghts.		
a) 2.8 kg =	9	b) 125 g =	kg
a) 3.6 † =	kg	b) 654 kg =	†
2) Mrs. D needs 1.6 kg of to g, and 320 g. How many m		kets of tomatoes that weigh 25 es does she need?	6 g, 452 g, 158
		with 15 boxes that weigh 210 kg	

the total weight of the truck and its contents, in tonnes? THINK ABOUT ALL THE PEPSI PEOPLE!

4) Mrs. Hayward is making a delicious pot of potato soup. She needs 8 potatoes and each potato weighs about 375 g. How many kg of potatoes does she need?

#### WEIGHT CONVERSIONS BETWEEN MEASURING SYSTEMS

You have converted measures of weight from one unit to another within the SI (metric) and within the imperial system. In this section you will work with conversions between the SI units and the imperial units of weight.

The conversion to use between the systems for weight is:

Example 1: Lorraine is using a recipe that required 6 pounds of apples. The bag of apples she bought at Safeway only shows the weight in kilograms. How many kilograms of apples does she need?

Solution: Convert the weight using a proportion.

$$\frac{1b}{kq} \quad \frac{2.2}{1} = \frac{6}{x} \qquad x = 1 \times 6 \div 2.2 = 2.7272 \text{ kg}$$

The total weight is 2.7 kg

Example 2: A recipe requires 150 g of sugar. How much is this in ounces?

Solution: Change the g to kg, then kg to lb, then lb to oz.

$$\frac{g}{kg} \quad \frac{1000}{1} = \frac{150}{x} \qquad x = 1 \times 150 \div 1000 = 0.150 \text{ kg}$$

$$\frac{|b|}{kg} \quad \frac{2.2}{1} = \frac{x}{0.150} \qquad x = 2.2 \times 0.150 \div 1 = 0.33 \text{ lb}$$

$$\frac{|b|}{kg} \quad \frac{1}{16} = \frac{0.33}{x} \qquad x = 16 \times 0.33 \div 1 = 5.28 \text{ oz}$$

The sugar has a weight of 5.3 oz.

Example 3: The cost of bananas at one store is \$0.49/lb. At another store, bananas are on sale for \$1.05/kg. Which is the better buy?

Solution: Convert the price of bananas at the first store into kilograms.

The cost of 1 lb is \$0.49, but 1 kg is 2.2 times bigger than 1 lb.

So, 1 kg costs 2.2 times more than 1 lb.

One kilogram of bananas at the first store costs \$1.08 but only \$1.05 at the second store, so the sale at the second store is the better buy.

#### ASSIGNMENT 7 - WEIGHT CONVERSIONS BETWEEN MEASURING SYSTEMS

1) Convert the following weights.

a) 67.5 kg = \_\_\_\_\_ lb

b) 125 lb = \_\_\_\_\_ kg

c) 3.6 t = \_\_\_\_\_ lb

d) 30 000 lb = \_\_\_\_\_ †

- 2) Jabob weighs 68 kg. How much does he weigh in pounds?
- 3) Mr. Bojarski's baby weighs 7 pounds 12 ounces at birth. How much did it weigh in grams?
- 4) The smallest bag of cheese at the store is 600 g. How much is this in ounces?
- 5) How much does 1 pound of soy hamburger cost if the store sells it for \$9.74/kg?

6) Which is the better buy: 200 g of coffee beans at \$3.85 or 1 pound for \$9.60?

7) If a 10 lb bag of grass seed costs \$75.45, how much does the seed cost per kilogram? (simms continues to work on his peace garden....he must be stressed)

#### CONVERSIONS BETWEEN MEASUREMENTS OF VOLUME AND WEIGHT

You have now converted measures of weight from one unit to another within the SI (metric) and within the imperial system, and converted between the SI units and the imperial units of weight. In this section you will learn about converting from a unit of volume to a unit of weight.

Grain is often measured in <u>bushels</u>, which is a volume measure. But the grain's weight is needed to judge whether it is safe for a truck to carry. Each different grain has a different weight, so conversions between bushels and weight are different for each grain. These conversions depend on individual conversion factors.

Example 1: How many bushels (bu) of flax seed are there in 2.4 tonnes if the conversion factor is 39.368 bushels/tonne?

#### Solution:

A conversion factor of 39.368 means that there are 39.369 bushels of flax seed in each tonne. To find the number of bushels in 2.4 t, multiply the two numbers together.

Bushels =  $39.368 \times 2.4 + = 94.5 \text{ Bu}$  There are 94.5 bushels of flax seed.

#### ASSIGNMENT 8 - CONVERSIONS BETWEEN MEASUREMENTS OF VOLUME AND WEIGHT

- 1) How many bushels of white beans are there in 67 tonnes if the conversion factor is 36.744 bushels/tonne?
- 2) How many tonnes of rye are there in 900 bushels if there are 39.368 bushels/tonne?

3) If Mr. Robertson gets \$195.76 per tonne for wheat, how much does he earn per bushel? (conversion factor of 36.744 bu/t) Note: this is a unit cost problem.

- 4) Mrs Daintrey bought 45 bushels of sunflower seeds. If the conversion factor is 73.847 bu/t, what is the weight of the sunflower seeds she bought:
  - a) in tonnes?
  - b) in kilograms?
  - c) in pounds?

5 Sample Provincial question

How many British gallons are equivalent to 24 US gallons?

- A. 20.0
- B. 22.8
- C. 25.2
- D. 28.8

#### WORKING WITH TEMPERATURE

If you travel to the United States, you will notice that the temperature scale is different there. The U.S. uses the Fahrenheit scale ( $^{0}F$ ) of the imperial system, while Canada uses the Celsius scale ( $^{0}C$ ) of the SI or metric system.

In the SI system, water freezes at  $0^{\circ}C$  and boils at  $100^{\circ}C$ . In the imperial system, water freezes at  $32^{\circ}F$  and boils at  $212^{\circ}F$ . Since water freezes at  $0^{\circ}C$  and  $32^{\circ}F$ , the relationship between the two temperature systems can be calculated with the following formulas, where C represents degrees Celsius and F represents degrees Fahrenheit.

$$C = \frac{5}{9} (F - 32)$$
 or  $F = \frac{9}{5} C + 32$ 

Example 1: In Seattle, someone said it was 42°F. What is this temperature in degrees Celsius? Solution: Use the proper formula and convert, substituting 42 for F.

$$C = \frac{5}{9} (F - 32)$$
 means  $5 \div 9 \times (F - 32)$ 

\*\*\*Remember to calculate the bracket before dividing or multiplying.

$$C = 5 \div 9 \times (42 - 32)$$
  
=  $5 \div 9 \times 10$   
=  $5.6^{\circ}C$ 

Example 2: On a hot summer day, the temperature of tar heated to pave a road was  $48^{\circ}C$ . What is this temperature in degrees Fahrenheit?

Solution: Use the proper formula and convert, substituting 48 for C.

$$F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$$
 means  $9 \div 5 \times C + 32$ 

\*\*\*Remember to calculate the dividing and multiplying before adding 32.

$$F = 9 \div 5 \times 48 + 32$$

$$= 118.4^{\circ}F$$

#### ASSIGNMENT 9 - WORKING WITH TEMPERATURE

1) Convert the following temperatures to degrees Fahrenheit.

a) 
$$35^{\circ}C$$

e) 
$$-40^{\circ}C$$

2) Convert the following temperatures to degrees Celsius.

a) 
$$-20^{\circ}$$
F

c)	3	7	5	0	F
<b>~</b> ,	$\mathbf{\mathcal{I}}$	,	•		

d) 2°F

 $e) 0^{0} F$ 

f) -2<sup>0</sup>F

3) A cake recipe says to bake at  $350^{\circ}$ F, but your oven only shows temperature in degrees Celsius. At what temperature should you set your oven?

4) The normal temperature for a dog is between  $99^{\circ}F$  and  $102^{\circ}F$ . Mrs D's Pug has a temperature of  $40^{\circ}C$ . Convert this to Fahrenheit to see if the dog's temperature is normal.

5) Mr. Eckert is painting the outside of his home. The instructions on the paint say he should not use the paint if the temperature is below  $45^{\circ}F$ . The temperature is  $9^{\circ}C$ . Is it safe to paint his home?

6) In 1992, the temperature at your mom's house from  $-19^{\circ}C$  to  $22^{\circ}C$  in just one hour due to a chinook wind. What are these temperatures in degrees Fahrenheit?

7) Which is hotter: a blowtorch at $1300^{\circ}C$ or a candle flame at $1830^{\circ}F$ ? Calculate each on the other's scale.