

Name: _____

Date: _____

Period: _____

Constitutional Amendments

Define "amendment": _____

Directions- Use your textbook and a dictionary to complete the chart (the Amendments to the Constitution can be found on pages 158-168 in your textbook).

Amendment <i>(Draw the Roman numeral for each number below)</i>	What it Says <i>(Read each Amendment and fill in the missing terms)</i>	Hashtag Summary <i>(Create 1 hashtag summary for each Amendment)</i>	Vocabulary <i>(Define the following terms)</i>
1 I	Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of _____, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of _____, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.		Assemble: Petition:
2	A well regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to _____, shall not be infringed.		Militia: Infringed:
3	No Soldier shall, in time of _____ be quartered in any house, without the consent of the Owner, nor in time of _____, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.		Quartered: Consent:
4	The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against _____ searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by Oath or affirmation, and particularly _____ and the persons or things to be seized.		Warrant: Probable Cause:
5	No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the Militia, when in actual service in time of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence _____ put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against _____, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just _____.		Indictment: Deprived: Due process:
6	In all _____ prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the _____ for his defence.		Impartial: Accusation:

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7	In Suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed _____ dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury, shall be otherwise re- examined in any Court of the United States, than according to the rules of common law.		Common Law:
8	Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor _____ punishments inflicted.		Bail:
9	The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained _____.		Enumeration:
10	The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are _____ to the States respectively, or to the _____.		Delegated:
13	Neither _____ nor _____, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.		Jurisdiction:
14	All persons _____ in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of _____, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.		Naturalized:
15	The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of _____, color, or previous condition of servitude.		Abridge:
19	The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of _____.		
24	The right of citizens of the United States to vote in any primary or other election for President or Vice President, for electors for President or Vice President, or for Senator or Representative in Congress, shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or any State by reason of failure to _____ _____		
26	The right of citizens of the United States, who are _____ years of age or older, to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of _____.		

Use your notes and the chart above to answer the following question:

How have the 13th, 14th, 15th, 19th, 24th, and 26th amendments impacted the participation of minority groups in the American political process?
