describes the unsafe condition as longitudinal material separation on the internal surface of the engine mounting frame assembly tubes (EMF). We are issuing this AD to detect and correct material separation on the internal surface of the engine mounting frame assembly tubes, which could lead to partial or complete failure of the structural joint and possibly result in inflight detachment of the engine with consequent loss of control.

#### (f) Actions and Compliance

Do the actions in paragraphs (f)(1) through (7) of this AD. If paragraphs (f)(1) through (6) of this AD have already been done before the effective date of this AD, then only paragraph (f)(7) of this AD applies.

(1) Within the compliance time identified in figure 2 of paragraph (f)(1) of this AD, do an ultrasonic inspection of the swaged engine mounting tube ends of the affected EMF following the instructions of paragraph 3.B.(1) of PILATUS AIRCRAFT LTD PILATUS PC-12 Service Bulletin No: 71–009, Reference No: 345, Modification No: EC-15-0632, Revision 2, dated March 18, 2016.

# FIGURE 2 TO PARAGRAPH (f)(1) OF THIS AD—INITIAL COMPLIANCE TIME

A or B, whichever occurs later:

- A Before the EMF exceeds 11,000 hours time-in-service (TIS) or 13,500 flight cycles (FC), whichever occurs first since first installation of the EMF on an airplane.
- B Within 1,000 hours TIS or 1,000 FC or 6 months, whichever occurs first after the effective date of this AD.
- (2) If an indication with an echo of less than 40 percent full screen height is detected on an EMF during the ultrasonic inspection required in paragraph (f)(1) of this AD, except for paragraph (f)(7), no further actions are required for this AD. Document compliance with this AD in the maintenance records.
- (3) If an indication with an echo of 40 percent full screen height or more is detected on an EMF during the ultrasonic inspection required in paragraph (f)(1) of this AD, do the actions in paragraphs (f)(3)(i) through (iii) of this AD, as applicable.
- (i) Before further flight and repetitively thereafter at intervals not to exceed 600 hours TIS or 12 months, whichever occurs first, do a visual inspection of the welding and do an eddy current inspection of the tubes at the indication point detected during the ultrasonic inspection. Use the instructions of paragraphs 3.B.(2) and 3.B.(3) of PILATUS AIRCRAFT LTD PILATUS PC–12 Service Bulletin No: 71–009, Reference No: 345, Modification No: EC–15–0632, Revision 2, dated March 18, 2016.
- (ii) If any cracks are found during any of the visual inspections or if an indication with a signal of 20 percent or more is detected during any of the eddy current inspections required in paragraph (f)(3)(i) of this AD, before further flight, replace the EMF with a serviceable EMF following the instructions in the service information listed in paragraph

(f)(5) of this AD, including all subparagraphs as applicable.

(iii) Unless already done as required by paragraph (f)(3)(ii) of this AD, within 1,800 hours TIS or 36 months after the initial visual and eddy current inspections of the affected EMF required by paragraph (f)(3)(i) of this AD, whichever occurs first, replace the EMF with a serviceable EMF following the instructions in the service information listed in paragraph (f)(5) of this AD, including all subparagraphs as applicable.

(4) For the purpose of this AD, a serviceable EMF is defined as any EMF that is not listed in figure 1 of paragraph (c)(1) of this AD or an affected EMF that is listed in figure 1 of paragraph (c)(1) of this AD but has had the ultrasonic inspection required in paragraph (f)(1) of this AD and had an indication with an echo of less than 40 percent full screen height.

(5) For replacement of the EMF, follow the instructions listed in paragraphs (f)(5)(i) and (ii), as applicable.

- (i) For Models PC-12, PC-12/45, and PC-12/47, manufacturer serial numbers (MSN) 101-888: Pilatus Powerplant Mounting Frame, Removal/Installation, Date module/ Technical publication 12-A-71-00-05-00A-920A-A, dated February 26, 2010, found in Pilatus Model type—PC-12, PC-12/45, PC-12/47 MSN-101-888 Aircraft Maintenance Manual (AMM), Document No. 02049, 12-A-AM-00-00-00-I.
- (ii) For Model PC-12/47E, MSN 1001 and up: Pilatus Powerplant Mounting Frame, Removal/Installation, Date module/Technical publication 12–B-71–00–05–00A–920A–A, dated October 4, 2010, found in Pilatus Model type—PC-12/47E MSN-1001–UP Aircraft Maintenance Manual (AMM), Document No. 02300, 12–B-AM-00-00-00-1
- (6) If an EMF has an indication with an echo of 40 percent or more during the ultrasonic inspection required in paragraph (f)(1) of this AD, you may replace the EMF with a serviceable EMF in lieu of the visual or eddy current inspections required in paragraph (f)(3)(i) of this AD. For replacement of the EMF, follow the instructions in the service information listed in paragraph (f)(5) of this AD, including all subparagraphs as applicable.

(7) As of the effective date of this AD, do not install an EMF P/N 571.20.12.036 unless it has been determined to be a serviceable EMF as specified in paragraph (f)(4) of this AD.

(8) Airplanes with an MSN of 1556 or higher are not affected by this AD provided that the EMF has not been replaced since its manufacture. A review of the maintenance records, Airworthiness Approval Tag (FAA Form 8130–3), or other positive form of parts identification such as a shipping ticket, invoice, or direct ship authority letter, can be used to determine the serial number of the EMF.

#### (g) Other FAA AD Provisions

The following provisions also apply to this AD:

(1) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs): The Manager, Standards Office, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs

for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. Send information to ATTN: Doug Rudolph, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Small Airplane Directorate, 901 Locust, Room 301, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; telephone: (816) 329–4059; fax: (816) 329–4090; email: doug.rudolph@faa.gov. Before using any approved AMOC on any airplane to which the AMOC applies, notify your appropriate principal inspector (PI) in the FAA Flight Standards District Office (FSDO), or lacking a PI, your local FSDO.

(2) Airworthy Product: For any requirement in this AD to obtain corrective actions from a manufacturer or other source, use these actions if they are FAA-approved. Corrective actions are considered FAA-approved if they are approved by the State of Design Authority (or their delegated agent). You are required to assure the product is airworthy before it is returned to service.

#### (h) Related Information

- (1) Refer to MCAI European Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD No. 2016–0081, dated April 25, 2016, for related information pertaining to this AD.
- (2) You may examine the MCAI on the Internet at http://www.regulations.gov by searching for and locating Docket No. FAA—2016—7048. For service information related to this AD, contact Pilatus Aircraft Ltd., Customer Support PC—12, CH—6371 Stans, Switzerland; phone: +41 41 619 33 33; fax: +41 41 619 73 11; email: SupportPC12@pilatus-aircraft.com; Internet: www.pilatus-aircraft.com.
- (3) You may review this referenced service information at the FAA, Small Airplane Directorate, 901 Locust, Kansas City, Missouri 64106. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (816) 329–4148.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on June 3, 2016.

#### Melvin Johnson,

Acting Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 2016–13854 Filed 6–10–16; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

### Occupational Safety and Health Administration

#### 29 CFR Part 1910

[Docket No. OSHA-2008-0012]

RIN 1218-AC40

#### **Tree Care Operations**

**AGENCY:** Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Department of Labor.

**ACTION:** Notice of stakeholder meeting.

**SUMMARY:** OSHA invites interested parties to participate in an informal stakeholder meeting concerning tree care operations on July 13, 2016, in

Washington, DC. This meeting is a continuation of OSHA's information collection on tree care operations. OSHA plans to use the information gathered at this meeting, together with other information in the record, to explore the possible development of a proposed standard to protect workers from hazards, fatalities, and injuries in tree care operations.

**DATES:** Stakeholder meeting: The stakeholder meeting will be from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., Tuesday, July 13, 2016.

Deadline for registering to participate in or observe the stakeholder meeting: You must submit (postmark, send, transmit) your registration by Friday, July 1, 2016. If space remains after the deadline, OSHA may allow additional participants and observers. Individuals who submit their registration after July 1, 2016, may not receive confirmation from OSHA and should contact Ms. Amy Wangdahl (see FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT) to confirm space is available.

ADDRESSES: Stakeholder meeting: The stakeholder meeting will be held in Room C–5515–1A/1B, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20210.

Registration to participate in or observe the stakeholders meeting: Submit your registration to participate in or observe the stakeholder meeting using one of the methods below:

Electronic: Register at: https:// projects.erg.com/conferences/osha/ register-osha-tree-meeting.htm. (Follow the instructions online.)

Facsimile: Fax your request to (202) 693–1663, labeled "Attention: Tree Care Operations Stakeholder Meeting Registration."

Regular mail, express delivery, hand (courier) delivery, and messenger service: Submit your registration to OSHA Tree Care Operations Stakeholder Meeting Registration, Attention: Ms. Amy Wangdahl, OSHA, Room N–3621, 200 Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20210. Due to security related procedures, receipt of registration by regular mail may experience significant delays.

For additional information about registering for the stakeholder meeting see the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section of this notice.

Electronic copies of this **Federal Register** notice are available at: http://
www.regulations.gov. This notice, as
well as news releases and other relevant
information, also are available on the
OSHA Web page at: http://
www.osha.gov.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Press inquiries: Mr. Frank Meilinger, Director, OSHA Office of Communications, Room N–3647, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20210; telephone: (202) 693–1999; email: meilinger.francis2@dol.gov.

General and technical information:
Ms. Amy Wangdahl, Director, Office of
Maritime and Agriculture, OSHA
Directorate of Standards and Guidance,
Room N–3621, U.S. Department of
Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue NW.,
Washington, DC 20210; telephone: (202)
693–2066, email: wangdahl.amy@
dol.gov.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### I. Background

Tree care operations, such as tree trimming and removal, expose workers to a number of dangerous hazards. These dangers include falling from trees or aerial equipment; being hit by falling trees/branches, flying objects and vehicular traffic; being cut by highspeed chain saws and chippers; and coming into contact with energized power lines. The hazards present in tree care operations have resulted in many fatalities and serious injuries, such as falls, being struck by falling objects, and electrocutions. On December 8, 2008, OSHA issued an Advanced Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (ANPR) seeking information on tree care operations (73 FR 54118 (9/18/2008), Docket No. OSHA-2008-0012). The Agency requested data, information, and comment on the hazards present in tree care operations as well as the measures to control those hazards and reduce the high rate of incidents, injuries, and fatalities. OSHA received 69 comments in response to the ANPR.

Based upon those responses, other information in the record and a review of data and scientific literature, OSHA is considering what action, if any, the Agency should take to control hazards related to tree care operations. One option the Agency is considering is developing a standard to eliminate or reduce workers' exposure to hazards when they perform tree care tasks such as trimming and removing branches and trees; using tree care equipment (e.g., chain saws, chippers, ladders) and vehicles (e.g., bucket trucks, aerial lifts); removing tree stumps; and disposing of branches, brush and trees.

The Agency believes that an informal discussion with a diverse range of stakeholders (e.g., employers, tree care companies, workers, labor organization, tree care and arboriculture organizations, occupational safety and health professionals, equipment

manufacturers, government, the public) would be beneficial in determining how to proceed in eliminating and reducing hazards in tree care operations.

#### II. Stakeholder Meeting

The stakeholder meeting will be interactive group discussions on participants' views, concerns, and issues on tree care hazards and how best to control them. To encourage as much group interaction as possible, formal presentations by stakeholders will not be permitted.

The stakeholder meeting discussions will center on a variety of tree care topics, including fall, struck-by (e.g., falling branches/trees, vehicular traffic) and electrical hazards; climbing and working in trees; tree trimming and removal; rigging; personal protection equipment (PPE); safe use of tools, equipment, machines and vehicles; effective engineering and work practice controls; and medical service and first aid. The stakeholder meeting also will include in-depth discussions on specific issues, such as the following:

- Fatalities and injuries: As mentioned, fatalities in tree care operations primarily result from falls, being struck by falling objects or vehicles, and electrocutions. What are the primary causes, circumstances and factors that have led to those and other types of fatalities and injuries in your company and in the tree care industry? What actions does your company take when an accident, fatality or injury occurs (e.g., accident review, job hazard analysis, safety meetings, training)?
- New technology in the tree care industry: What new technology, equipment, machines, vehicles and work practices are currently being used in the tree care industry? What new technology has your company found to be effective in controlling hazards and preventing tree care workers from being killed or injured?
- National consensus and State Plan State standards: ANSI standards applicable to tree care operations include ANSI Z133 Safety Requirements for Arboricultural Operations and the ANSI A300 Standards for tree care operations. In addition, five states have issued standards on tree care operations: California, Maryland, Michigan, Oregon, and Virginia. What provisions and requirements in these state standards has your company found to be particularly effective in controlling and preventing hazards in tree care operations, and which provisions/ requirements should OSHA consider?
- Vehicles and mobile equipment: To what extent and frequency does your company and the tree care industry now

use vehicles and mobile equipment (e.g., bucket trucks, aerial lifts, cranes) to perform tree care operations? What are the best practices for, as well as concerns with, using vehicles and mobile equipment in tree care operations? What controls (e.g., engineering controls, PPE) and safety practices has your company implemented to protect workers operating and working on and near vehicles and mobile equipment?

• Information and training. What occupational safety and health information and training does your company or the tree care industry provide to workers? What topics does the training cover? What does your company do to ensure workers understand the information and training? For example, how do you communicate information so temporary workers, non-English speaking workers, and workers with limited literacy understand it?

#### III. Public Participation

The stakeholder meeting will accommodate approximately 30 participants. In addition, as space permits, interested persons may observe, rather than participate in, the meeting. To participate in or observe the stakeholder meeting you must register electronically, by facsimile, or by hard copy. To receive confirmation to participate in or observe the meeting, register as soon as possible and by July 1, 2016. If space is still available after that date, registration for participating in or observing the meeting will remain open. However, late registrants may not receive confirmation and should contact Ms. Wangdahl to confirm that space is available. As space permits, OSHA will accommodate observers who do not register for the meeting.

To register electronically, follow the instructions provided on the Web site. To register by hard copy or facsimile, please provide the following

information:

- Name;
- Professional Title;
- Organization for which you work or represent;
  - Address;
  - Phone;
  - Email address;
- The interest you represent (e.g., tree care employer/company; worker; labor organization; trade or professional association/organization; insurance company; manufacturer; government; public).
- The type of participation: Participant at the main table ("I will actively discuss topics that come up"); observer making comments ("I may

have limited comments on one or more key areas"); observer only ("I will not be speaking"); Press.

• If necessary, OSHA may select participants in order to ensure the meeting includes a fair representation of interests and diverse viewpoints. OSHA staff will participate in discussions with the stakeholder participants and Eastern Research Group (ERG), Inc., will facilitate the meeting. In addition, ERG will compile notes summarizing the stakeholder discussions, but the notes will not identify participants by name. ERG also will make an audio recording solely for the purpose of ensuring the accuracy of the summary notes. The recording will not be transcribed or put in the public docket. The summary notes will be posted in the Tree Care Operations docket (Docket No. OSHA-2008-0012) and will be available at http://www.regulations.gov, the Federal eRulemaking Portal.

Electronic copies of this **Federal Register** notice, as well as news releases and other relevant documents, are available on the OSHA Web page at: http://www.osha.gov.

#### **Authority and Signature**

This document was prepared under the direction of David Michaels, Ph.D., MPH, Assistant Secretary of Labor for Occupational Safety and Health, and under authority granted by 29 U.S.C. 651, 653, and 655; Secretary of Labor's Order No. 1–2012 (77 FR 3912); and 29 CFR part 1911.

Signed at Washington, DC, on June 6, 2016. **David Michaels.** 

Assistant Secretary of Labor for Occupational Safety and Health.

[FR Doc. 2016–13844 Filed 6–10–16; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–26–P

## DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

#### **Coast Guard**

#### 33 CFR Part 165

[Docket Number USCG-2016-0032]

RIN 1625-AA11

#### Regulated Navigation Areas; Escorted Submarines Sector Jacksonville Captain of the Port Zone

**AGENCY:** Coast Guard, DHS.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking.

**SUMMARY:** The Coast Guard proposes to establish regulated navigation areas (RNA) covering the St. Marys Entrance Channel, portions of the Cumberland Sound, and the Atlantic Ocean, that will

be in effect whenever any Navy submarine (foreign or domestic) is being escorted by the Coast Guard and operating within the jurisdictional waters of the Sector Jacksonville Captain of the Port Zone. These RNAs are necessary to help ensure the safety and security of submarines, their Coast Guard escorts, and the public. The RNAs will do so by requiring all persons and vessels located within a RNA to follow orders and/or directions given to them by Coast Guard escort personnel. Additionally, these proposed RNAs will supersede the current temporary safety/ security zone for Cumberland Sound, Georgia and St. Mary's River Entrance Channel. We invite your comments on this proposed rulemaking.

**DATES:** Comments and related material must be received by the Coast Guard on or before July 13, 2016.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments identified by docket number USCG—2016—0032 using the Federal eRulemaking Portal at http://www.regulations.gov. See the "Public Participation and Request for Comments" portion of the

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section for further instructions on submitting comments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have questions about this proposed rulemaking, call or email Lieutenant Allan Storm, Coast Guard Sector Jacksonville, Chief of Waterways

Management, telephone (904) 564–7563, email *Allan.H.Storm@uscg.mil*. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### Table of Abbreviations

CFR Code of Federal Regulations
DHS Department of Homeland Security
E.O. Executive Order
FR Federal Register
NPRM Notice of Proposed Rulemaking
Pub. L. Public Law
§ Section
U.S.C. United States Code

## II. Background, Purpose, and Legal Basis

Navy submarines frequently operate within the Cumberland Sound and the St. Marys Entrance Channel. When transiting these areas, the submarines and the vessels towing them are restricted in ability to maneuver and are unable to keep out of the way of other vessels. Due to the safety concern of the submarines being severely restricted in their ability to deviate from course and other various security concerns involved with submarine operations near shore in restricted waters, the Coast Guard provides submarine escorts when they are operating in those areas and offshore in the Atlantic Ocean.