CHAPTER 14

Corporations: Dividends, Retained Earnings, and Income Reporting

ASSIGNMENT CLASSIFICATION TABLE

Stu	dy Objectives	Questions	Brief Exercises	Exercises	A Problems	B Problems
1.	Prepare the entries for cash dividends and stock dividends.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	1, 2, 3	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	1A, 2A, 3A, 4A, 5A	1B, 2B, 3B, 4B, 5B
2.	Identify the items reported in a retained earnings statement.	9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14	4, 5	6, 8, 9	2A, 3A, 4A	2B, 3B, 4B
3.	Prepare and analyze a comprehensive stockholders' equity section.	14, 15	6, 7	5, 6, 10, 11, 13, 15, 16	1A, 2A, 3A, 4A, 5A	1B, 2B, 3B, 4B, 5B
4.	Describe the form and content of corporation income statements.	15, 16	8	12, 13, 14		
5.	Compute earnings per share.	17	9, 10	12, 14, 15, 16, 17	ЗА	3B

ASSIGNMENT CHARACTERISTICS TABLE

Problem Number	Description	Difficulty Level	Time Allotted (min.)
1A	Prepare dividend entries and stockholders' equity section.	Simple	30–40
2A	Journalize and post transactions; prepare retained earnings statement and stockholders' equity section.	Moderate	30–40
ЗА	Prepare retained earnings statement and stockholders' equity section, and compute earnings per share.	Moderate	30–40
4A	Prepare the stockholders' equity section, reflecting dividends and stock split.	Moderate	20–30
5A	Prepare the stockholders' equity section, reflecting various events.	Moderate	20–30
1B	Prepare dividend entries and stockholders' equity section.	Simple	30–40
2B	Journalize and post transactions; prepare retained earnings statement and stockholders' equity section.	Moderate	30–40
3B	Prepare retained earnings statement and stockholders' equity section, and compute earnings per share.	Moderate	30–40
4B	Prepare the stockholders' equity section, reflecting dividends and stock split.	Moderate	20–30
5B	Prepare the stockholders' equity section, reflecting various events.	Moderate	20–30

	Study Objective	Knowledge	Comprehension		Application	Analysis	Synthesis	Evaluation
÷	Prepare the entries for cash dividends.		Q14-1 Q1 Q14-2 Q1 Q14-3 Q14-5 Q14-6	Q14-7 Q14-8 BE14-1 BE14-2 BE14-3 E14-1 E14-1 E14-3 E14-3	E14-4 P14-1B E14-6 E14-5 P14-2B E14-7 P14-1A P14-2B E14-7 P14-2A P14-3B P14-3A P14-5B P14-4A P14-5A	E14-7 E14-7		
ъ.	Identify the items reported in a retained earnings statement.	Q14-12	Q14-9 Q1 [,] Q14-11 Q14-13	Q14-14 Q14-10 BE14-4 BE14-5 E14-8) E14-9 P14-28 E14-6 1 P14-2A P14-38 5 P14-3A P14-4B P14-4A	E14-6		
ю.	Prepare and analyze a comprehensive stockholders' equity section.		Q14-15 Q14-15	BE14-6 BE14-7 E14-5 E14-10 E14-11 E14-13 E14-13	 E14-15 P14-5A E14-6 E14-16 P14-1B P14-1A P14-2B P14-2A P14-2B P14-2A P14-3B P14-4A P14-4B P14-4A P14-5B 	E14-6		
4.	Describe the form and content of corporation income statements.	j	Q14-15 Q14-16	BE14-8 E14-12	E14-13 E14-14			
ີ ບໍ	Compute earnings per share.		Q14-17	BE14-9 BE14-10 E14-12 E14-14 E14-15 E14-15	0 E14-16 0 E14-17 P14-3A P14-3B			
ā	Broadening Your Perspective			Financ Decisic the Or	Financial Reporting Decision Making Across the Organization	Communication Comparative Analysis Exploring the Web		All About You Ethics Case

Correlation Chart between Bloom's Taxonomy, Study Objectives and End-of-Chapter Exercises and Problems

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

- 1. (a) A dividend is a distribution of cash or stock by a corporation to its stockholders on a pro rata (proportional) basis.
 - (b) Disagree. Dividends may take four forms: cash, property, scrip (promissory note to pay cash), or stock.
- 2. Sue DeVine is not correct. Adequate cash is only one of the conditions. In order for a cash dividend to occur, a corporation must also have retained earnings and the dividend must be declared by the board of directors.
- **3.** (a) The three dates are:

Declaration date is the date when the board of directors formally declares the cash dividend and announces it to stockholders. The declaration commits the corporation to a binding legal obligation that cannot be rescinded.

Record date is the date that marks the time when ownership of the outstanding shares is determined from the stockholder records maintained by the corporation. The purpose of this date is to identify the persons or entities that will receive the dividend.

Payment date is the date on which the dividend checks are mailed to the stockholders.

- (b) The accounting entries and their dates are: Declaration date—Debit Retained Earnings and Credit Dividends Payable. No entry is made on the record date. Payment date—Debit Dividends Payable and Credit Cash.
- **4.** The allocation of the cash dividend is as follows:

Total dividend		\$45,000
Allocated to preferred stock		
Dividends in arrears—one year	\$10,000	
Current year dividend	10,000	20,000
Remainder allocated to common stock		<u>\$25,000</u>

- 5. A cash dividend decreases assets, retained earnings, and total stockholders' equity. A stock dividend decreases retained earnings, increases paid-in capital, and has no effect on total assets and total stockholders' equity.
- **6.** A corporation generally issues stock dividends for one of the following reasons:
 - (1) To satisfy stockholders' dividend expectations without spending cash.
 - (2) To increase the marketability of its stock by increasing the number of shares outstanding and thereby decreasing the market price per share. Decreasing the market price of the stock makes the shares easier to purchase for smaller investors.
 - (3) To emphasize that a portion of stockholders' equity that had been reported as retained earnings has been permanently reinvested in the business and therefore is unavailable for cash dividends.
- 7. In a stock split, the number of shares is increased in the same proportion that par value is decreased. Thus, in the Meenen Corporation the number of shares will increase to $60,000 = (30,000 \times 2)$ and the par value will decrease to $\$5 = (\$10 \div 2)$. The effect of a split on market value is generally inversely proportional to the size of the split. In this case, the market price would fall to approximately \$60 per share ($\$120 \div 2$).

8. The different effects of a stock split versus a stock dividend are:

Item	Stock Split	Stock Dividend
Total paid-in capital	No change	Increase
Total retained earnings	No change	Decrease
Total par value (common stock)	No change	Increase
Par value per share	Decrease	No Change

- 9. A prior period adjustment is a correction of an error in previously issued financial statements. The correction is reported in the current year's retained earnings statement as an adjustment of the beginning balance of retained earnings.
- 10. The understatement of depreciation in a prior year overstates the beginning retained earnings balance. The retained earnings statement presentation is:

Balance, January 1, as reported	\$210,000
Correction for understatement of prior year's depreciation	(50,000)
Balance, January 1, as adjusted	<u>\$160,000</u>

- 11. The purpose of a retained earnings restriction is to indicate that a portion of retained earnings is currently unavailable for dividends. Restrictions may result from the following causes: legal, contractual, or voluntary.
- 12. Retained earnings restrictions are generally reported in the notes to the financial statements.
- 13. The debits and credits to retained earnings are:

Debits

- 1. Net loss
- Prior period adjustments for 2. overstatement of net income
- Cash and stock dividends 3.
- Some disposals of treasury stock 4.
- 14. Juan is incorrect. Only the ending balance of retained earnings is reported in the stockholders' equity section.
- 15. Gene should be told that although many factors affect the market price of a stock at a given time, the reported net income is one of the most significant factors. When companies announce increases or decreases in net income, the market price of their stock usually increases or decreases immediately. Net income also provides an indication of the amount of dividends that a company can distribute. In addition, net income leads to a growth in retained earnings, which is often reflected in a stock's market price.

Credits

2. Prior period adjustments for

understatement of net income

1. Net income

16. The unique feature of a corporation income statement is a separate section that shows income taxes or income tax expense. The presentation is as follows:

Income before income taxes	\$500,000
Income tax expense	150,000
Net income	<u>\$350,000</u>

17. Earnings per share means earnings per share of common stock. Preferred stock dividends are subtracted from net income in computing EPS in order to obtain income available to common stockholders.

SOLUTIONS TO BRIEF EXERCISES

BRIEF EXERCISE 14-1

Nov. 1	Retained Earnings (80,000 X \$1/share) Dividends Payable	80,000	80,000
Dec. 31	Dividends Payable Cash	80,000	80,000

BRIEF EXERCISE 14-2

Dec.	1	Retained Earnings (5,000 X \$16) Common Stock Dividends Distributable (5,000 X \$10) Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par Value (5,000 X \$6)	80,000	50,000 30,000
÷	31	Common Stock Dividends Distributable Common Stock	50,000	50,000

BRIEF EXERCISE 14-3

		Before Dividend	After Dividend
(a)	Stockholders' equity		
	Paid-in capital		
	Common stock, \$10 par	\$2,000,000	\$2,200,000
	In excess of par value		80,000
	Total paid-in capital	2,000,000	2,280,000
	Retained earnings	500,000	220,000
	Total stockholders' equity	<u>\$2,500,000</u>	<u>\$2,500,000</u>
(b)	Outstanding shares	<u>200,000</u>	<u>220,000</u>
(c)	Book value per share	<u>\$12.50</u>	<u>\$11.36</u>

KERNS INC. Retained Earnings Statement For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Balance, January 1	\$220,000
Add: Net income	140,000
	360,000
Less: Dividends	85,000
Balance, December 31	\$275,000

BRIEF EXERCISE 14-5

PERSINGER INC. Retained Earnings Statement For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Balance, January 1 as reported Correction for overstatement of net income		\$800,000
in prior period (depreciation expense error)		(50,000)
Balance, January 1, as adjusted		750,000
Add: Net income		120,000
		870,000
Less: Cash dividend	\$90,000	
Stock dividend	8,000	98,000
Balance, December 31		\$772,000

BRIEF EXERCISE 14-6

Return on stockholders' equity ratio:

$$386 \div \frac{\$2,210 + \$2,510}{2} = 16.4\%$$

BRIEF EXERCISE 14-7

Return on common stockholders' equity $\frac{\$152,000}{(\$700,000 + \$820,000) \div 2} = 20\%$

DIXEN CORPORATION Income Statement For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Sales	\$450,000
Cost of goods sold	205,000
Gross profit	245,000
Operating expenses	75,000
Income from operations	170,000
Other revenues and gains	<u>50,000</u>
Income before income taxes	220,000
Income tax expense (\$220,000 X 30%)	66,000
Net income	<u>\$154,000</u>

BRIEF EXERCISE 14-9

Earnings per share = \$1.90, or (\$380,000 ÷ 200,000)

BRIEF EXERCISE 14-10

Earnings per share = \$1.80, or [(\$380,000 - \$20,000) ÷ 200,000]

SOLUTIONS TO EXERCISES

EXERCISE 14-1

(a)	June 15	Retained Earnings (120,000 X \$1) Dividends Payable	120,000	120,000
	July 10	Dividends Payable Cash	120,000	120,000
	Dec. 15	Retained Earnings (122,000 X \$1.20) Dividends Payable	146,400	146,400

(b) In the retained earnings statement, dividends of \$266,400 will be deducted. In the balance sheet, Dividends Payable of \$146,400 will be reported as a current liability.

EXERCISE 14-2

(a)		2007	2008	2009
	Total dividend declaration	\$6,000	\$12,000	\$28,000
	Allocation to preferred stock	<u>6,000</u>	<u>7,000</u>	<u>7,000</u>
	Remainder to common stock	<u>\$</u> 0	<u>\$5,000</u>	<u>\$21,000</u>
(b)		2007	2008	2009
	Total dividend declaration	\$6,000	\$12,000	\$28,000
	Allocation to preferred stock	<u>6,000</u>	<u>10,000</u> 1	<u>8,000</u>
	Remainder to common stock	<u>\$</u> 0	<u>\$ 2,000</u>	<u>\$20,000</u>

¹Dividends in arrears for Year 1, \$2,000 + current dividend for Year 2, \$8,000.

(C)	Dec. 31	Retained Earnings	28,000	
		Dividends Payable		28,000

(a)	Retained Earnings (21,000* X \$18) Common Stock Dividends Distributable (21,000 X \$10) Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par Value (21,000 X \$8)	378,000	210,000 168,000
	*[(\$1,000,000 ÷ \$10) + 40,000] X 15%.		
(b)	Retained Earnings (36,000* X \$20) Common Stock Dividends Distributable (36,000 X \$5) Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par Value (36,000 X \$15)	720,000	180,000 540,000

*[(\$1,000,000 ÷ 5) + 40,000] X 15%.

EXERCISE 14-4

	Before Action	After Stock Dividend	After Stock Split
Stockholders' equity			
Paid-in capital			
Common stock	\$ 300,000	\$ 315,000	\$ 300,000
In excess of par value	0	6,000	0
Total paid-in capital	300,000	321,000	300,000
Retained earnings Total stockholders'	900,000	879,000	900,000
equity	<u>\$1,200,000</u>	<u>\$1,200,000</u>	<u>\$1,200,000</u>
Outstanding shares	<u>30,000</u>	<u>31,500</u>	<u>60,000</u>
Book value per share	<u>\$40.00</u>	<u>\$38.10</u>	<u>\$20.00</u>

- (a) (1) Book value before the stock dividend was 7.25 ($580,000 \div 80,000$).
 - (2) Book value after the stock dividend is $6.59 (580,000 \div 88,000)$.

(b)	Common stock Balance before dividend Dividend shares (8,000 X \$5) New balance	\$400,000 <u>40,000</u> \$440,000
	Paid-in capital in excess of par value Balance before dividend Excess over par of shares issued (8,000 X \$10) New balance	\$ 25,000 <u>80,000</u> <u>\$105,000</u>
	Retained earnings Balance before dividend Dividend (8,000 X \$15) New balance	\$155,000 <u>120,000</u> <u>\$35,000</u>

EXERCISE 14-6

Paid-in Capital			
Item	Capital Stock	Additional	Retained Earnings
1.	NE	NE	D
2.	I	NE	NE
3.	NE	NE	NE
4.	I	I	D
5.	NE	NE	D
6.	NE	NE	NE
7.	NE	NE	NE
8.	I	I. I.	NE

1.	Dec. 31	Retained Earnings Interest Expense	50,000	50,000
2.	31	Retained Earnings Dividends Payable Common Stock Dividends	8,000 10,000	
		Distributable		10,000
		Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par Value		8,000
3.	31	Common Stock Retained Earnings	2,000,000	2,000,000

EXERCISE 14-8

FELTER CORPORATION Retained Earnings Statement For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Balance, January 1, as reported Correction for overstatement of 2007 net		\$550,000
income (depreciation error)		(40,000)
Balance, January 1, as adjusted		510,000
Add: Net income		350,000
		860,000
Less: Cash dividends	\$120,000	
Stock dividends	60,000	180,000
Balance, December 31		<u>\$680,000</u>

SASHA COMPANY Retained Earnings Statement For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Balance, January 1, as reported		\$310,000
Correction for understatement of 2006 net income		20,000
Balance, January 1, as adjusted		330,000
Add: Net income		<u>285,000</u>
		615,000
Less: Cash dividends		
Stock dividends	150,000 ²	(250,000)
Balance, December 31		\$365,000

¹(200,000 X \$.50/sh)

²(200,000 X .05 X \$15/sh)

EXERCISE 14-10

KELLY GROUCUTT COMPANY Balance Sheet (Partial) December 31, 2008

Paid-in capital		
Capital stock		
Preferred stock	\$125,000	
Common stock	400,000	
Total capital stock		\$ 525,000
Additional paid-in capital		
In excess of par value—preferred stock	75,000	
In excess of par value—common stock	100,000	
Total additional paid-in capital		175,000
Total paid-in capital		700,000
Retained earnings		<u>334,000</u> *
Total paid-in capital and retained earnings		1,034,000
Less treasury stock—common		(40,000)
Total stockholder's equity		<u>\$ 994,000</u>

*\$250,000 + \$140,000 - \$56,000

ORTIZ INC. Balance Sheet (Partial) December 31, 200X

Stockholders' equity		
Paid-in capital		
Capital stock		
8% Preferred stock, \$5 par value,		
40,000 shares authorized,		
30,000 shares issued		\$ 150,000
Common stock, no par, \$1 stated		-
value, 400,000 shares autho-		
rized, 300,000 shares issued		
and 290,000 outstanding	\$ 300,000	
Common stock dividends	. ,	
distributable	30,000	330,000
Total capital stock	<i>,</i>	480,000
Additional paid-in capital		,
In excess of par value—		
preferred stock	344,000	
In excess of stated value—	,	
common stock	1,200,000	
Total additional paid-in		
capital		1,544,000
Total paid-in capital		2,024,000
Retained earnings (see Note R)		800,000
Total paid-in capital and		<i>,</i>
retained earnings		2,824,000
Less: Treasury stock (10,000 common		, ,
shares)		74,000
Total stockholders' equity		\$2,750,000
. ,		

Note R: Retained earnings is restricted for plant expansion, \$100,000.

(a)

PATEL CORPORATION Income Statement For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Sales		\$800,000
Cost of goods sold		465,000
Gross profit		335,000
Operating expenses		<u>110,000</u>
Income from operations		225,000
Other revenues and gains	\$92,000	
Other expenses and losses	(32,000)	60,000
Income before income taxes		285,000
Income tax expense (\$285,000 X 20%)		57,000
Net income		\$228,000

(b) Earnings per share = 3.96, or [(228,000 - 30,000) ÷ 50,000]

EXERCISE 14-13

(a)

MIKE SINGLETARY CORPORATION Income Statement For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Net sales	\$ 600,000
Cost of goods sold	360,000
Gross profit	240,000
Operating expenses	<u>153,000</u>
Income from operations	87,000
Interest expense	7,500
Income before income taxes	79,500
Income tax expense (30% X \$79,500)	<u>23,850</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 55,650</u>

(b) <u>Net income – preferred dividends</u> Average common stockholders' equity = $\frac{\$55,650 - \$15,000}{\$200,000} = \underline{20.3\%}$

Net income: \$2,000,000 - \$1,200,000 = \$800,000; \$800,000 - (30% X \$800,000) = \$560,000

Preferred dividends: (50,000 X \$20) X 8% = \$80,000

Average common shares outstanding: 200,000

Earnings per share:

 $\frac{\$560,000 - \$80,000}{200,000} = \frac{\$2.40}{3000}$

EXERCISE 14-15

	2008	2007
Earnings per share	$\frac{\$290,000 - \$20,000}{100,000} = \$2.70$	$\frac{\$200,000 - \$20,000}{80,000} = \$2.25$
Return on common stockholders' equity	$\frac{\$290,000 - \$20,000}{\$1,200,000} = 22.5\%$	$\frac{\$200,000 - \$20,000}{\$900,000} = 20.0\%$

EXERCISE 14-16

	2008	2007
Earnings per share	$\frac{\$290,000 - \$20,000}{=} \$1.80$	<u>\$248,000 − \$20,000</u> = \$1.27
51	150,000	180,000 = \$1.27
Return on common stockholders' equity	$\frac{\$290,000 - \$20,000}{\$1,800,000} = 15.0\%$	$\frac{\$248,000 - \$20,000}{\$1,900,000} = 12.0\%$

(a)
$$\frac{\$241,000 - \$16,000}{100,000} = \$2.25$$

- (b) $\frac{\$241,000 \$16,000}{90,000^{\star}} = \2.50
 - *100,000 10,000 = 90,000.

SOLUTIONS TO PROBLEMS

PROBLEM 14-1A

(a)	Feb.	1	Retained Earnings (60,000 X \$1) Dividends Payable	60,000	60,000
	Mar.	1	Dividends Payable Cash	60,000	60,000
	Apr.	1	Memo—two-for-one stock split increases number of shares to 120,000 = (60,000 X 2) and reduces par value to \$10 per share.		
	July	1	Retained Earnings (12,000 X \$13) Common Stock Dividends Distributable (12,000 X \$10) Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par Value (12,000 X \$3)	156,000	120,000 36,000
		31	Common Stock Dividends Distributable Common Stock	120,000	120,000
	Dec.	1	Retained Earnings (132,000 X \$.50) Dividends Payable	66,000	66,000
		31	Income Summary Retained Earnings	350,000	350,000

(b)

Common Stock

Date		Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Jan.	1	Balance	\checkmark			1,200,000
Apr.	1	2 for 1 split—new par \$10				
July	31				120,000	1,320,000

PROBLEM 14-1A (Continued)

Common Stock Dividends Distributable

Date		Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
July	1				120,000	120,000
-	31			120,000		0

Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par Value

Date		Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Jan.	1	Balance	\checkmark			200,000
July	1				36,000	236,000

Retained Earnings

Date		Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Jan.	1	Balance	\checkmark			600,000
Feb.	1	Cash dividend		60,000		540,000
July	1	Stock dividend		156,000		384,000
Dec.	1	Cash dividend		66,000		318,000
	31	Net income			350,000	668,000

(C)

CAROLINAS CORPORATION Balance Sheet (Partial) December 31, 2008

Stockholders' equity Paid-in capital	
Capital stock	
Common stock, \$10 par value, 132,000	
shares issued and outstanding	\$1,320,000
Additional paid-in capital	
In excess of par value	236,000
Total paid-in capital	1,556,000
Retained earnings	668,000
Total stockholders' equity	<u>\$2,224,000</u>

PROBLEM 14-2A

(a)	July	1	Retained Earnings [(\$800,000 ÷ \$5) X \$.50] Dividends Payable—Common Stock	80,000	80,000
	Aug.	1	Retained Earnings Accumulated Depreciation	25,000	25,000
	Sept.	1	Dividends Payable—Common Stock Cash	80,000	80,000
	Dec.	1	Retained Earnings (16,000 X \$18) Common Stock Dividends Distributable (16,000 X \$5) Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par Value—Common Stock (16,000 X \$13)	288,000	80,000 208,000
		15	Retained Earnings (12,000 X \$3) Dividends Payable—Preferred Stock	36,000	36,000
	;	31	Income Summary Retained Earnings	355,000	355,000

(b)

Preferred Stock

Date		Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Jan.	1	Balance	\checkmark			600,000

Common Stock

Date		Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Jan.	1	Balance	\checkmark			800,000

PROBLEM 14-2A (Continued)

Date	Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Dec.				80,000	80,000
Paid-in	Canital in Excess of	Dar ValueD	roforrod St	ock	
	Capital in Excess of				
Paid-in Date	Capital in Excess of Explanation	Par Value—P Ref.	referred Ste Debit	ock Credit	Balance

Common Stock Dividends Distributable

Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par Value—Common Stock

Date		Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Jan.	1	Balance	\checkmark			300,000
Dec.	1				208,000	508,000

Retained Earnings

Date		Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Jan.	1	Balance	\checkmark			800,000
July	1	Cash dividend— common		80,000		720,000
Aug.	1	Prior period adjustment—		00,000		720,000
		depreciation		25,000		695,000
Dec.	1	Stock dividend—				
		common		288,000		407,000
Dec.	15	Cash dividend—				
		preferred		36,000		371,000
Dec.	31	Net income			355,000	726,000

PROBLEM 14-2A (Continued)

HASHMI COMPANY Retained Earnings Statement For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Balance, January 1, as reported Correction of 2007 depreciation Balance, January 1, as adjusted		\$ 800,000 <u>25,000</u> 775,000
Add: Net income		355,000
		1,130,000
Less: Cash dividends—preferred	\$ 36,000	
Stock dividends—common	288,000	
Cash dividends—common	80,000	404,000
Balance, December 31		<u>\$ 726,000</u>

HASHMI COMPANY Balance Sheet (Partial) December 31, 2008

Stockholders' equity		
Paid-in capital		
Capital stock		
6% Preferred stock, \$50 par value, 12,000 shares issued		\$ 600,000
Common stock, \$5 par value,		
160,000 shares issued	\$800,000	
Common stock dividends		
distributable		
(16,000 shares)	80,000	880,000
Total capital stock		1,480,000
Additional paid-in capital		
In excess of par value—		
preferred stock	200,000	
In excess of par value—		
common stock	<u>508,000</u>	
Total additional paid-in		
capital		708,000
Total paid-in capital		2,188,000
Retained earnings (see Note B)		726,000
Total stockholders'		
equity		<u>\$2,914,000</u>

Note B: Retained earnings is restricted for plant expansion, \$200,000.

(d)

(a)	Retained Earnings					
	Sept. 1	Prior Per. Adj.	63,000	Jan. 1	Balance	1,170,000
	Oct. 1	Cash Dividend	250,000	Dec. 31	Net Income	585,000
	Dec. 31	Stock Dividend	400,000			
				Dec. 31	Balance	1,042,000
				-		

(b)

(C)

DOLD CORPORATION Retained Earnings Statement For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Balance, January 1, as reported Correction of overstatement of 2007 net income because of understatement of		\$1,170,000
depreciation		(63,000)
Balance, January 1, as adjusted		1,107,000
Add: Net income		585,000
		1,692,000
Less: Cash dividends	\$250,000	
Stock dividends	400,000	650,000
Balance, December 31		<u>\$1,042,000</u>

DOLD CORPORATION
Partial Balance Sheet
December 31, 2008

Stockholders' equity	
Paid-in capital	
Capital stock	
6% Preferred stock,	
\$50 par value, cumulative,	
20,000 shares authorized,	
15,000 shares issued and	
outstanding	\$ 750,000

PROBLEM 14-3A (Continued)

DOLD CORPORATION (Continued)

Common stock, \$10 par value, 500,000 shares authorized, 250,000 shares issued and		
outstanding	\$2,500,000	
Common stock dividends		
distributable	250,000	2,750,000
Total capital stock		3,500,000
Additional paid-in capital		
In excess of par value—		
preferred stock	250,000	
In excess of par value—		
common stock	400,000	
Total additional paid-in		
capital		650,000
Total paid-in capital		4,150,000
Retained earnings (see Note X)		<u>1,042,000</u>
Total stockholders'		
equity		<u>\$5,192,000</u>

Note X: Retained earnings is restricted for plant expansion, \$200,000.

(d) $\frac{\$585,000 - \$45,000}{240,000} = \$2.25$

*15,000 X \$3 = \$45,000

(e)	Total cash dividend		\$250,000
	Allocated to preferred stock		
	Dividend in arrears—2007	\$45,000	
	(15,000 X \$3)		
	2008 dividend	45,000	90,000
	Remainder to common stock		<u>\$160,000</u>

PROBLEM 14-4A

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PATTINI CORPORATION Partial Balance Sheet March 31, 2008

Stockholders' equity	
Paid-in capital	
Capital stock	
Common stock, no-par value,	
90,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$1,400,000
Retained earnings	410,000
Total stockholders' equity	<u>\$1,810,000</u>

(b)

PATTINI CORPORATION Partial Balance Sheet June 30, 2008

Stockholders' equity	
Paid-in capital	
Capital stock	
Common stock, no-par value,	
360,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$1,400,000
Retained earnings	410,000
Total stockholders' equity	<u>\$1,810,000</u>

(C)

PATTINI CORPORATION Partial Balance Sheet September 30, 2008

Stockholders' equity	
Paid-in capital	
Capital stock	
Common stock, no-par value,	
378,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$1,634,000*
Retained earnings	<u>176,000</u> **
Total stockholders' equity	<u>\$1,810,000</u>

*\$1,400,000 + [(360,000 X .05) X \$13] **\$410,000 - \$234,000

PATTINI CORPORATION Partial Balance Sheet December 31, 2008

Stockholders' equity	
Paid-in capital	
Capital stock	
Common stock, no-par value,	
378,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$1,634,000
Retained earnings	<u>337,000</u> *
Total stockholders' equity	<u>\$1,971,000</u>

*\$176,000 - (\$.50 X 378,000) + \$350,000

(d)

PROBLEM 14-5A

Preliminary analysis (in thousands)—NOT REQUIRED

Balance, Jan. 1	Common Stock \$1,500	Common Stock Dividends Distributable \$200	Retained Earnings \$600	Total \$2,300
1. Issued 50,000 shares for stock dividend	200	(200)		0
2. Issued 30,000 shares for cash	180			180
3. Corrected error in 2006 net income			70	70
 Declared cash dividend Net income for year Balance, Dec. 31 	<u>\$1,880</u>	<u>\$0</u>	(80) <u>300</u> \$890	(80) <u>300</u> <u>\$2,770</u>

YADIER INC. Stockholders' Equity Section of Balance Sheet December 31, 2008

Stockholders' equity	
Paid-in capital	
Capital stock	
Common stock, no-par value,	
580,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$1,880,000
Retained earnings	890,000
Total stockholders' equity	<u>\$2,770,000</u>

PROBLEM 14-1B

(a)	Jan.	15	Retained Earnings (100,000 X \$1) Dividends Payable	100,000	100,000
	Feb.	15	Dividends Payable Cash	100,000	100,000
	Apr.	15	Retained Earnings (10,000 X \$15)	150,000	
			Common Stock Dividends Distributable (10,000 X \$10) Paid-in Capital in Excess of		100,000
			Par Value (10,000 X \$5)		50,000
	Мау	15	Common Stock Dividends Distributable Common Stock (10,000 X \$10)	100,000	100,000
	July	1	Memo—two-for-one stock split increases the number of shares outstanding to 220,000, or (110,000 X 2) and reduces par value to \$5 per share.		
	Dec.	1	Retained Earnings (220,000 X \$.50) Dividends Payable	110,000	110,000
		31	Income Summary Retained Earnings	250,000	250,000

(b)

Common Stock

Date		Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Jan.	1	Balance	\checkmark			1,000,000
May	15				100,000	1,100,000
July	1	2 for 1 stock split— new par value = \$5				

PROBLEM 14-1B (Continued)

Common Stock Dividends Distributable

Date		Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Apr.	15				100,000	100,000
Мау	15			100,000		0

Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par Value

Date		Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Jan.	1	Balance	\checkmark			200,000
Apr.	15				50,000	250,000

Retained Earnings

Date		Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Jan.	1	Balance	\checkmark			540,000
	15	Cash dividends		100,000		440,000
Apr.	15	Stock dividends		150,000		290,000
Dec.	1	Cash dividends		110,000		180,000
	31	Net income			250,000	430,000

(c)

VERLIN CORPORATION Balance Sheet (Partial) December 31, 2008

Stockholders' equity	
Paid-in capital	
Capital stock	
Common stock, \$5 par value, 220,000	
shares issued and outstanding	\$1,100,000
Additional paid-in capital	
In excess of par value	250,000
Total paid-in capital	1,350,000
Retained earnings	430,000
Total stockholders' equity	<u>\$1,780,000</u>

PROBLEM 14-2B

(a)	July	1	Retained Earnings [(\$800,000 ÷ \$10) X \$.50] Dividends Payable—Common Stock	40,000	40,000
	Aug.	1	Accumulated Depreciation Retained Earnings	72,000	72,000
	Sept.	1	Dividends Payable—Common Stock Cash	40,000	40,000
	Dec.	1	Retained Earnings (8,000 X \$16) Common Stock Dividends Distributable (8,000 X \$10) Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par Value—Common Stock (8,000 X \$6)	128,000	80,000 48,000
		15	Retained Earnings (5,000 X \$7) Dividends Payable—Preferred Stock	35,000	35,000
	;	31	Income Summary Retained Earnings	350,000	350,000

(b)

Preferred Stock

Date		Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Jan.	1	Balance	\checkmark			500,000

Common Stock

Date		Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Jan.	1	Balance	\checkmark			800,000

PROBLEM 14-2B (Continued)

Date	Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Dec.	1			80,000	80,000
Paid-in	Capital in Excess of	Par Value—P	referred St	ock	
Paid-in Date	Capital in Excess of Explanation	Par Value—P Ref.	referred St	ock Credit	Balance

Common Stock Dividends Distributable

Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par Value—Common Stock

Date		Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Jan.	1	Balance	\checkmark			200,000
Dec.	1				48,000	248,000

Retained Earnings

Date		Explanation	Ref.	Debit	Credit	Balance
Jan.	1	Balance	\checkmark			500,000
July	1	Cash dividends— common		40,000		460,000
Aug.	1	Prior period adjustment		,	72,000	532,000
Dec.	1	Stock dividends— common		128,000		404,000
	15	Cash dividends— preferred		35,000		369,000
	31	Net income		,	350,000	719,000

PROBLEM 14-2B (Continued)

HOLMES, INC. Retained Earnings Statement For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Balance, January 1, as reported					
Correction of 2007 depreciation	72,000				
Balance, January 1, as adjusted	572,000				
Add: Net income		350,000			
		922,000			
Less: Cash dividends—preferred	\$ 35,000				
Stock dividends—common	128,000				
Cash dividends—common	40,000	203,000			
Balance, December 31		<u>\$719,000</u>			

(d)

(c)

HOLMES, INC. Balance Sheet (Partial) December 31, 2008

Stockholders' equity Paid-in capital		
Capital stock		
7% Preferred stock, \$100 par		
value, 5,000 shares issued		\$ 500,000
Common stock, \$10 par value,		+,
80,000 shares issued	\$800,000	
Common stock dividends	+	
distributable	80,000	880,000
Total capital stock		1,380,000
Additional paid-in capital		, ,
In excess of par value—		
preferred stock	100,000	
In excess of par value—	-	
common stock	248,000	
Total additional paid-in		
capital		348,000
Total paid-in capital		1,728,000
Retained earnings		719,000
Total stockholders'		
equity		<u>\$2,447,000</u>

(a)	Retained Earnings					
	Nov. 1	Cash Dividend	600,000	Jan. 1	Balance	2,450,000
	Dec. 31	Stock Dividend	360,000	Dec. 31		840,000
				Dec. 31	Balance	2,330,000

(b)

TAGUCI CORPORATION Retained Earnings Statement For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Balance, January 1	\$2,450,000	
Add: Net income		840,000
		3,290,000
Less: Cash dividends	\$600,000	
Stock dividends	360,000	960,000
Balance, December 31		<u>\$2,330,000</u>

(C)

TAGUCI CORPORATION

Partial Balance Sheet

December	31,	2008
----------	-----	------

Stockholders' equity Paid-in capital		
•		
Capital stock		
6% Preferred stock, \$100		
par value, noncumulative,		
callable at \$125, 20,000		
shares authorized, 10,000		
shares issued and out-		
standing		\$1,000,000
Common stock, no par, \$5		
stated value, 600,000 shares		
authorized, 400,000 shares		
, ,	¢0,000,000	
issued and outstanding	\$2,000,000	
Common stock dividends		
distributable	200,000	2,200,000
Total capital stock		3,200,000
		-,,

PROBLEM 14-3B (Continued)

TAGUCI CORPORATION (Continued)

Additional paid-in capital		
In excess of par value—		
preferred stock	\$ 200,000	
In excess of stated value—		
common stock	<u>1,180,000</u>	
Total additional paid-in		
capital		<u>1,380,000</u>
Total paid-in capital		4,580,000
Retained earnings (see Note A)		2,330,000
Total stockholders'		
equity		<u>\$6,910,000</u>
common stock Total additional paid-in capital Total paid-in capital Retained earnings (see Note A) Total stockholders'	<u>1,180,000</u>	4,580,000 2,330,000

Note A: Retained earnings is restricted for plant expansion, \$100,000.

(d) $\frac{\$840,000 - \$60,000 *}{325,000} = \$2.40$

*10,000 X \$6 = \$60,000

(a)
<u>۱</u>	,

ERWIN CORPORATION Partial Balance Sheet March 31, 2008

-		
Sto	ckholders' equity	
	Paid-in capital	
	Capital stock	
	Common stock, no-par value,	
	150,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$2,800,000
	Retained earnings	850,000
	Total stockholders' equity	\$3,650,000
	ERWIN CORPORATION	
	Partial Balance Sheet	
	JUNE 30, 2008	
Sto	ckholders' equity	
	Paid-in capital	
	Capital stock	
	Common stock, no-par value,	
		\$2,800.000
	,	
	600,000 shares issued and outstanding Retained earnings	\$2,800,00 850,00

Retained earnings	<u> </u>
Total stockholders' equity	<u>\$3,650,000</u>

(C)

ERWIN CORPORATION Partial Balance Sheet September 30, 2008

Stockholders' equity	
Paid-in capital	
Capital stock	
Common stock, no-par value,	
630,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$3,190,000*
Retained earnings	<u>460,000</u> **
Total stockholders' equity	<u>\$3,650,000</u>

*\$2,800,000 + [(600,000 X .05) X \$13] **\$850,000 - \$390,000

PROBLEM 14-4B (Continued)

ERWIN CORPORATION Partial Balance Sheet December 31, 2008

Stockholders' equity	
Paid-in capital	
Capital stock	
Common stock, no-par value,	
630,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$3,190,000
Retained earnings	<u>845,000</u> *
Total stockholders' equity	<u>\$4,035,000</u>

*\$460,000 - (\$.50 X 630,000) + \$700,000

(d)

PROBLEM 14-5B

Preliminary analysis (in thousands)—NOT REQUIRED

Balance, Jan. 1	Common Stock \$3,000	Common Stock Dividends Distributable \$400	Retained Earnings \$1,200	Total \$4,600
Dalance, Jan. 1	ψ 3 ,000	ΨΤΟΟ	Ψ1,200	ψ 1 ,000
1. Issued 100,000 shares for stock dividend	400	(400)		0
2. Issued 40,000 shares for cash	200			200
3. Corrected error in 2006 net income			140	140
4. Declared cash dividend5. Net income for year Balance, Dec. 31	<u>\$3,600</u>	<u>\$0</u>	(500) <u>600</u> <u>\$1,440</u>	(500) <u>600</u> <u>\$5,040</u>

MORALES INC. Stockholders' Equity Section of Balance Sheet December 31, 2008

Stockholders' equity	
Paid-in capital	
Capital stock	
Common stock, no-par value,	
1,140,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$3,600,000
Retained earnings	1,440,000
Total stockholders' equity	\$5,040,000

BYP 14-1

According to the Consolidated Statement of Common Shareholders' Equity, the company declared dividends on common stock of \$1,684 million during the year-ended December 31, 2005.

The company declared dividends on common stock of \$1,438 million during the year ended December 25, 2004.

BYP 14-2

COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS PROBLEM

(a)		PepsiCo	Coca-Cola
	Earnings per share	$\frac{\$4,078-\$3}{1,669} = \$2.44$	$\frac{\$4,872-\$0}{2,392} = \$2.04$
	Return on common stockholders' equity	\$4, 078 – \$3 (\$13, 572 + \$14, 320) ÷ 2	$= 29.2\% \qquad \frac{\$4,872 - \$0}{(\$15,935 + \$16,355) \div 2} = 30.2\%$

The return on common stockholders' equity can be used to compare the profitability of two companies. It shows how many dollars of net income were earned for each dollar invested by the owners. Since this ratio is expressed as a percent instead of a dollar amount like earnings per share, it can be used to compare PepsiCo and Coca-Cola. During 2005, Coca-Cola was slightly (3%) more profitable than PepsiCo based on their respective returns on common stockholders' equity. Earnings per share measures cannot be compared across companies because they may use vastly different numbers of shares to finance the company.

(b) PepsiCo paid cash dividends of \$1,642 million and Coca-Cola paid \$2,678 million of cash dividends in 2005.

Answers will vary depending on the company chosen by the student.

BYP 14-4

(a)

Journal entries—NOT REQUIRED

July	1	Retained Earnings (140,000 X \$0.50)	70,000	
		Dividends Payable		70,000
Aug.	1	Accumulated Depreciation Retained Earnings	72,000	72,000
Sept.	1	Dividends Payable Cash	70,000	70,000
Dec.	1	Retained Earnings (14,000 X \$12) Common Stock Dividends Distributable	168,000	168,000
	15	Retained Earnings (4,000 X \$9) Dividends Payable	36,000	36,000
	31	Income Summary Retained Earnings	320,000	320,000

FERNANDEZ, INC. Retained Earnings Statement For the Year Ended December 31, 2008

Balance, January 1, as previously reported Correction of 2007 depreciation Balance, January 1, as corrected Add: Net income		\$500,000 72,000 572,000 320,000
Less: Cash dividends—preferred Stock dividends—common Cash dividends—common Balance, December 31	\$ 36,000 168,000 <u>70,000</u>	892,000 <u>274,000</u> \$618,000

BYP 14-4 (Continued)

- (b) Treating the overstatement of 2007 depreciation expense as an adjustment of 2008 income would be incorrect because it applies to the prior year's income statement and would distort depreciation expense for 2008.
- (c) Companies issue stock dividends instead of cash dividends to satisfy stockholders' dividend expectations without spending cash and to increase the marketability of the corporation's stock.

Dear Mom and Dad,

Thanks for calling me about your investments in Cormier Corporation and Fegan, Inc.

The effect to you as stockholders is the same for both a stock dividend and a stock split. In each case, the number of shares you own will increase. Following the stock dividend, you will own 110 shares of Cormier $[100 + (100 \times 10\%)]$. After the stock split, you will own 200 shares of Fegan (100 X 2).

The total value of your investments should remain approximately the same as before the stock dividend and stock split. The reason is that the market value per share will likely decrease in proportion to the additional shares that you will own. If there is a change in value, it is more likely to be higher than lower.

The effects of the stock dividend and stock split on the corporations are limited entirely to the stockholders' equity sections as follows:

Stockholders' Equity Item	After Stock Dividend	After Stock Split
Total capital stock	Increase	No change
Par value per share	No change	Decrease
Total paid-in capital	Increase	No change
Total retained earnings	Decrease	No change
Total stockholders' equity	No change	No change

I hope this answers your questions, Mom and Dad. If you have any additional questions, please give me a call.

Love,

P.S. Please send money.

BYP 14-6

- (a) The stakeholders in this situation are:
 - ► Tom Henson, president of Garcia Corporation.
 - ► Andrea Lane, financial vice-president.
 - ► The stockholders of Garcia Corporation.
- (b) There is nothing unethical in issuing a stock dividend. But the president's order to write a press release convincing the stockholders that the stock dividend is just as good as a cash dividend is unethical. A stock dividend is not a cash dividend and does not necessarily place the stockholder in the same position. A stock dividend is a "paper" dividend—the issuance of a stock certificate, not a check (cash).
- (c) The stock dividend results in a decrease in retained earnings and an increase of the same amount in paid-in capital with no change in total stockholders' equity. There is no change in total assets and no change in total liabilities and stockholders' equity.

As a stockholder, preference for a cash dividend versus a stock dividend is dependent upon one's investment objective—income (cash flow) or growth (reinvestment).