### SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL REAL ESTATE PURCHASE CHECKLIST

(This Checklist is to be used as a guideline or resource. It is not intended to create or replace a standard.)

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Conflict Check:	Is there a conflict?	Yes
		No
		How Resolved
Property Address:		
PID(s):		
Assessment Account	Number(s):	
	0	and all commonly used names):
Mailing Address:		
Community Address	(if different than the a	bove):
Joint Tenants or Tena	ants in Common (if ap	plicable):
- confirm with manner of ter		name or name(s) in which title is to be taken and the

Marital Status (i.e. single/married/domestic partner or former domestic partner (registered or unregistered)): If separated, obtain and review the Separation Agreement.

Telephone #:	a)	Home:	(Voice Mail or Call Display	_)
	b)	Work (His):	or Hers:	
	c)	Cell#:		
	d)	Fax #:	(call first?)	
	e)	Email:	(does client check regularly?)	
Present Mailir	ng Addr			
		ade aware of the possible imp		
Ask the client obtain evidence		-	t in bankruptcy? If the answer is "yes",	

- Notes: Consider the fact that certain debt obligations (notably CRA and WCB) are secured debts and survive bankruptcy.
  - An undischarged bankrupt cannot buy property or give security respecting the same.

Is the Seller a non-resident of Canada within the meaning of Section 116 of the <u>Income Tax Act</u> (Canada)? \_\_\_\_\_\_ If so, obtain an undertaking from the Seller's solicitor respecting compliance with Section 116.

### FRAUD PREVENTION/DETECTION

Occu	apation of Client(s):	
	ere another party (Releasor/Guarantor, etc.) who is not a clien if so, is verification of identification required?:	
Are	funds being received or transferred to or from a third party oth	ner than
a)	a public company or financial institution	
b)	another lawyer in trust	
c)	a public official acting in that capacity	
d)	pursuant to an Order or a settlement	
e)	pursuant only to fees, disbursements, expenses or bail	yes or no
	client bring identification documents to my office or do I to make arrangements with a Guarantor for this purpose?	
Is the	e client or third party an organization?	If so, complete

Is the client or third party an organization? If so, con Identification Requirements for Organizations form

#### FRAUD ALERTS

# **NOTE:** Remember that the Lender is your Client as is the Buyer and thus you have an obligation to both. You cannot withhold material information from the Lender.

- Is there a gift letter or a gift component?
- Be particularly vigilant about "gifts" between parties who are not closely related.
- If the Agreement of Purchase and Sale provides that the lawyer is holding the deposit, be sure to collect the entire deposit amount. The deposit should not be released until closing.
- Be vigilant about the possibility of a bogus Agreement of Purchase and Sale setting out an inflated purchase price. This can include two Agreements of Purchase and Sale, one of which is for the "benefit" of the Lender and the other of which discloses the real purchase price.
- Have you received instructions for a Vendor take-back Mortgage or Promissory Note which is not referenced in the Agreement of Purchase and Sale?

- Are the closing funds coming from a source other than the client?
- Have you received instructions for certain allowances upon closing? If so, these must be disclosed to the Lender, if they are material.
- After the Agreement of Purchase and Sale is signed, have the parties agreed upon a reduced purchase price? If so, this must be disclosed to the Lender.
- Question the Buyer and the Lender any time the mortgage proceeds are approximately equal to or greater than the purchase price. While there may be a legitimate explanation (i.e. renovations to be carried out post-closing), appropriate questions should be asked of the Buyer and of the Lender.
- If the Buyer instructs you to make a payment to the Seller, other than adjusted purchase price disclosed in the Agreement of Purchase and Sale, this is a red flag.
- Has the Buyer instructed you to make payments to a third party at or after the time of closing? This is a red flag, unless the third parties are financial institutions or businesses or other parties to whom the Lender has directed you to make payment.
- Do the financing requirements stipulate that the unit must be "owner occupied"? If so, obtain an Affidavit or Statutory Declaration from the Buyer declaring that he/she will indeed be occupying the building in question as his/her personal residence, and explain to the Buyer the importance of the accuracy of this information.
- Does this transaction involve other parties who have recently or regularly been involved in property transactions with each other? This is a red flag.
- Has the property been flipped, or is it about to be flipped? These are red flags.
- Be particularly careful if dealing with a private (non-realtor) Long Term Agreement of Purchase and Sale/Rent to Own document. Among other inquiries, check to see if the Seller owned the property as of the date appearing on the Agreement of Purchase and Sale?
- Is your client executing pursuant to a Power of Attorney? If so, do you have identification documents (and guarantee of identification, if applicable) for each of the donor and donee?

If in doubt, "google" the client.

# AGREEMENT OF PURCHASE AND SALE

Private Sale:
or Realtor (if a Realtor, list name and contact information):
If there is no Realtor, who will prepare the Agreement if none was already was already prepared?
Purchase Price:
Deposit:
Who holds deposit?:
Is the amount paid the same as that in the Agreement?
Closing date:
Is personal property included?:
Date of lawyer review condition:
Conditions Precedent:

9. Expiry date for conditions:

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11. Deadline for Title Objections:

12. Listing cut received and reviewed? (check for features which client may be expecting (i.e. water access))

13. Property Condition Disclosure Statement received and reviewed?

14. Have there been amendments to the Agreement?:

- 15. Are there any fraud flags? (i.e. cash-backs, has the Seller only recently acquired title, etc.)?
- 16. Are there any deviations from the wording of the standard Agreement of Purchase and Sale?: \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 17. Is there any reason to believe that HST is applicable (new construction; substantial renovation; business use; etc.)? \_\_\_\_\_\_ How is the HST issue addressed in the Agreement? \_\_\_\_\_\_

#### **INITIAL SEARCHES (and use a supplementary Checklist as well)**

- 1. Judgment search (20 years) in name of Buyer(s):
- 2. Judgment search of Seller(s) from the later of last revision or migration:
- 3. Notes: (a) Consider the necessity of doing judgment searches in previous names of Seller and Buyer. In the case of a Seller this becomes pertinent only if the name of the Seller has changed since the Seller's Deed was registered.
  - (b) Consider the fact that in certain cultures the surname may not be the last name.

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- 4. Land Registration View:
  - Check for flip-side matches respecting benefits and burdens

- If there are burdens, provide the client with all appropriate details

- If there are benefits, provide client with all available information respecting the apparent extent of the same.

5. Property Online Graphic:

- Be sure to apply at least the typographical and LR parcel shading map layers.

# CAUTION: If the LR parcel shading is "flesh coloured", this is an indication of a subdivision problem.

6. Neighbouring parcels for relevant easements:

- Note: It is good practice to look at the graphic and at neighbouring parcels, and to apply the topographical function. The presence of a red line is not conclusive of the existence of an easement but it is a red flag. Alert the client to the possibilities of:
  - a) a right of way of necessity on the part of a third party;
  - b) an application by a third party under the provisions of the Private Ways Act;
  - c) a prescriptive easement or a claim that a lane or path is "openly used and enjoyed"
  - d) Do neighbouring parcels have restrictive covenants which do not appear in this parcel register? If so, consider alerting the client to the possibility that this parcel may be affected.
- 7. Survey Plans: \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. Personal Property Security Act (if applicable)

9. Workers' Compensation Board (if applicable)\_\_\_\_\_

10. Registry of Joint Stock Companies (corporate Buyer or Seller)

## FINANCING:

1.	Required?:	
2.	Condition date:	
3.	Approved?:	
4.	Institution:	
5.	Loans Officer (Name and contact information):	
PROP	ERTY INSURANCE	
1.	Arranged?:	
2.	Name and contact information of Agent:	-
3.	Evidence of coverage received?:	

# SURVEY PLAN/LOCATION CERTIFICATE/TITLE INSURANCE

1.	Review mapping and description of property with client:
2.	Client's expectation as to the size of the lot:
3.	Is there an existing Plan/Certificate?: If so, does it disclose any issues?
4.	How does client expect to access the property?:
5.	Does client expect to access other properties (i.e. accessed water frontage, shared well, etc.)?:
6.	Has client been advised of the benefit of a new Survey or Certificate vis-a-vis the benefits of title insurance, or both?
7.	Discuss with client issues/features such as shared driveway, easements, restrictions, possessory title and prescriptive title issues, etc.
8.	Does client wish to obtain?: - title insurance
	- location certificate/survey
	- title insurance and location certificate/survey

If client waives either title insurance and/or location certificate/survey options, confirm this in writing.

1.	Is the property:	a) residential: If so, is it just one unit?
		Is this a condo unit? (If so, use a supplementary checklist for condos)
		b) commercial:
		c) vacant land:
		d) mixed use (i.e. apartment in basement, office in the home, etc.)
		e) what are the client's expectations respecting the number of units and permitted uses? If there is no zoning or if you are aware that zoning nearby is significantly
		different, explain to the client potential consequences.
		f) If we are dealing with a rental unit(s), remember to adjust rent, security deposit, and interest on the security deposit and ensure that the tenant has received notice of the sale. An additional checklist should be used for multi-unit residential properties.
2.	What is client's in	tended use of the property?
3.	Check zoning, if a	ppropriate:
4.	If this is new cons	truction, obtain occupancy permit:
5.		ive covenants apply? If so, provide with client y of the same.
	for subseq	e restrictive covenants, has the Developer retained the right to alter them uent purchasers of other parcels in the subdivision? If so, the effect of any tion must be explained to the client.
6	Are there any le	restrictions upon use of the property including but not limited to

6. Are there any legal restrictions upon use of the property including but not limited to registered heritage designation? \_\_\_\_\_\_ If so, the client must be provided with details.

CONDOMINIUMS

1.	Have the following been reviewed and forwarded to the client?:	
	(a)	Estoppel certificate (and is it current:):
	(b)	Reserve fund study or status certificate?:
	(c)	Declaration:
		Are there any Developer/Declarant privileges which should be brought to the attention of the client?
	(d)	By-laws:
	(e)	Common element rules:
	(f)	Minutes of Board meetings for preceding 24 months:?
	(g)	The corporation's property insurance policy covering common elements owned by the corporation:
	(h)	The most recent financial statement and those for preceding two years
	(i)	Is there professional management?
	(j)	If the Developer still controls the Board, explain the consequences:
	(k)	Is the Developer still in control of the Condominium Association?
		If not, how long ago did control shift to the unit owners?
		What is the mix of unit owners (ie. How many unsold units are owned by the Developer or affiliates of the Developer, and how many are owned by investors as opposed to owner occupants?
2.	Is a pa	rking space assigned or separately deeded?

3. Are other special features (i.e. storage space, mooring, etc., designated)?

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#### TAXES/UTILITIES/SERVICES

1. Deed Transfer Tax calculation:

2. Does HST apply?:

3. If the Buyer claims to be a registrant, and wishes to handle HST on a flow-through basis, do an online verification of the Buyer's current registration.

4. Does a Change of Use tax apply?

5. Obtain Municipal Tax Certificate or make other appropriate inquiry:

6. Are there any outstanding capital or betterment charges?:

Note: Remember that the wording of the standard Agreement of Purchase and Sale provides that the Seller is responsible for payment if the improvements have been completed, whether or not they are billed.

7. Public water? \_\_\_\_\_ If so, check water rates.

If private water supply, check water test results.

8. Public sewer? \_\_\_\_\_ If so, check to see if there are separate sewer user charges.

If sewage disposal is onsite, is tank to be pumped?\_\_\_\_\_ Is a receipt to be provided? \_\_\_\_\_

9. If the electricity utility is municipality owned, ensure that there will be no arrears as of the closing date (any such arrears are, pursuant to the Municipal Government Act, a lien on the property).

# FUEL ADJUSTMENTS/RENTALS

1.	Source of heat:	a) oil:
		b) electric:
		c) propane:
		d) natural gas:
		e) other:
2.	Will there be a fu	al adjustment?: If so, what is the size of the tank?:
3.	Is there any lease	ed equipment?:
		tify the leasing company and the account number, if the Buyer is assuming
		ve evidence that the Buyer has signed and submitted red documents?:
4.	Is the Seller requ	ired to pay out any lease?
RES	IDENTIAL HOM	E INSPECTION
1.	Has the client arr	anged/waived an inspection?
2.	Are the results av	vailable and satisfactory to client?:

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### **CLOSING ARRANGEMENTS**

1.	(a)	Was final inspection satisfactory?
	(b)	Is Deed on hand and is it in satisfactory form?
	(c)	Have Mortgage and any related documents been executed?:
	(d)	Have I.D. requirements been met?
	(e)	Have arrangements been made with respect to keys?
2.	Conduct final search (as noted earlier, use a supplementary checklist for this purpose) Note: Retain a record of search results.	
3.	Are all	of the Lender's requirements met?
4.	Do we	have funds from: i) Lender?:
5.	-	ty Insurance - Do we have documentary evidence and does the requirements of the Lender?:
6.	Have U	Undertakings been received?:
7.	Have the Undertakings been diarized?	
8.	Obtain	proof of Mortgage payout in accordance with Mortgage Protocol.

9. If the Deed or Mortgage is executed pursuant to a Power of Attorney, is the POA recorded? (Note: If it is recorded in the Parcel Register, it must be removed from the Parcel Register)

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10. If this is new home instruction, have we obtained:

	a)	occupa	ancy per	rmit?:			
		i)		occupancy permit conditional, and if so, are these ions acceptable to the client and to the Lender?			
		ii)	Should	a holdback be put in place?			
		iii)	Who w	vill hold the holdback money?			
		iv)		occupancy permit is not available, is a final ancy report available?			
			Are the	ere any issues with it?			
	b)	New H	Iome W	arranty documentation?:			
		- Who	is resp	onsible for submitting the documentation?			
11.	Is any	ny holdback required?:					
		If so:	a)	What is the amount?:			
			b)	What is the purpose?: (i) builder's lien	?		
				(ii) deficiencies	?		
				(iii) other	?		
			c)	Is there a tie-in to the occupancy permit?			
12.	Have f	fuel top	p-up slips been obtained (oil and propane if applicable)?:				
13.		ere evidence that the Seller has met any commitments contained in Agreement of Purchase and Sale or otherwise?:					
14.	Obtain	Obtain client's new contact information:					

# UNDERTAKINGS

15. Have I received appropriate Undertakings (where applicable) with respect to each of the following?:

-	Release of Mortgage(s) and other recorded interests	
-	Section 116 Income Tax Act (Non-Resident Seller)	
-	Builders' Lien Holdback	
-	Deficiency or other Holdback	