# Research Project Proposal Format for Investigator-Initiated Research

Scientific Review Committee/Institutional Review Board University of Tennessee College of Medicine Chattanooga & Erlanger Health System

## General guidelines for proposal submission

- Number all pages
- Place title on all appendices
- First person language should not be used
- Proofread the proposal carefully—spelling and grammar check programs miss many errors
- All abbreviations and acronyms should be defined with first use in the document

## Format of proposal submission

## **Title Page**

- Title of Project
- Identify Principal Investigator, Institution, Department Affiliation
- Identify all Co-Investigators, Institutions, Department Affiliations

## **Abstract/Project Summary**

- Should be <350 words
- Should contain most critical background and methodology information
- Bibliographic references should not be used in the abstract

## **Hypothesis**

• State hypothesis/hypotheses to be tested

# **Specific Aims**

- List specific aims in decreasing order of importance
- Specific aims can be subdivided into primary and secondary aims, if necessary

## Background/Significance

- Should be thorough and clearly cover the current literature in the area to be studied
- References are required for all work cited and should be cited numerically in order used in the document
- Use the most recent reference sources that are relevant to the proposal
- This section should end with a description of how the proposed study will add to the current body of knowledge

## **Preliminary Work**

- Any preliminary work done by the current investigators relevant to this study should be included here
- Many investigators will leave this section blank for a new area of study

#### Methods

- Study Design
  - Describe the study design
  - o Give rationale for choosing the study design
- Study Subjects
  - Describe process of subject selection
  - o Inclusion criteria—should be very specific and listed in numeric or bulleted form
  - o Exclusion criteria— should be very specific and listed in numeric or bulleted form

o Describe process of control selection, if using controls

## Sample Size

- Explain total number of subjects to be tested
- Justify number of subjects to be treated
  - Describe statistical methods used to determine adequate sample size
  - Show effect size, alpha (standard is 0.05), and beta (standard is 0.8)
- o If local subject numbers are insufficient, describe plan to address suboptimal sample size (partnership with other researchers, increased recruitment area, etc.)

## Data Collection

- o Define data points to be collected
- o Give rationale for any specific date ranges used to define data set
- o Describe which data points represent study outcome variables
- o Include any forms to be given directly to subjects exactly as will be used in the study
- o Include form to be used for investigator collection of data (see appendices)
- o If laboratory techniques are to be used, describe in detail

## • Data Handling

- Describe how data will be collected and stored
- o Explain steps taken to assure accurate and complete data collection
- Describe steps taken to ensure security of any confidential information to be collected during study

## • Data Analysis

- o Explain detailed plan for analysis of data
- Describe statistics to be used
- o How will analyses performed test study hypotheses and specific aims?
- o Describe expected formats for presenting results

#### • Time Frame

- o Detailed and realistic time frame for subject recruitment and participation
- o Time frame for completion of entire study (including analysis)

#### Strengths/Innovation

- o Describe the strengths of the study proposed
- o Describe specifically how this study will enhance the current body of knowledge

## Limitations

- o Describe potential problems that may arise and plans to address these problems
- Describe potential confounding variables in the study and plans to account for the confounders

## Risks and Benefits to Human Subjects, Animal Care, Hazardous Materials

- Risks to Study Subjects
  - All studies collecting patient data have the risk of accidental disclosure of protected health information
- Direct Benefits to Study Subjects
- Benefits to Society
- If animals to be used, provide detailed plans describing number of animals, plans for the care and disposal of the animals
- If hazardous materials to be used, describe detailed plans for safe use, storage, and disposal of materials
- Discuss ethical concerns involved in conduct of the proposed study

## Budget/Research Environment (facilities, clinical space, etc.)

- List total cost to be incurred to complete study
- Identify source of funding for study conduct
- If multiple areas of cost to study, itemize budget as appropriate

## **References Cited**

- List relevant literature to the proposed study
- Make every attempt to cite the most recent and relevant literature in the area to be studied

# **Appendices**

- Data Collection Form that will be used to collect actual study data, most often in one of the following formats
  - o May be Excel spreadsheet or similar file if collecting data electronically
  - o May be Word document or similar file if using paper for data collection
- Any survey or measurement tool to be given directly to the subjects
- Previous publications of preliminary work, if any