

PRINCIPLES OF FINANCIAL AND MANAGERIAL ACCOUNTING II
 Spring 2002
 Chapter 23 – Break-Even

“As a student of ORU, I hereby pledge my full and hearty support to the Honor Code. I agree not only to be honest myself but to report all cases of dishonesty that are observed by me.”

- 1-3 Ace Company operated at full capacity during the year ended June 30. The income statement showed present sales of \$170,000, variable costs of 60% of sales, and fixed costs and expenses of \$60,000. Determine the break-even point (in total dollars). For full credit, show and label your work in good form.

$$\begin{array}{rclcl}
 S & = & FC & + & VC \\
 S & = & \$60,000 & + & .60S \\
 .40S & = & \$60,000 & & \\
 S & = & \$150,000 & &
 \end{array}$$

- 4-6 Jack Company operated at full capacity during the year ended July 31. The income statement showed present sales of \$500,000, variable costs of 20% of sales, and fixed costs and expenses of \$150,000. Determine the margin of safety (in dollars). For full credit, show and label your work in good form.

Must find BE first:

$$\begin{array}{rclcl}
 S & = & FC & + & VC \\
 S & = & \$150,000 & + & .20S \\
 .80S & = & \$150,000 & & \\
 S & = & \underline{\underline{\$187,500}} & &
 \end{array}$$

Then answer the question:

Actual Sales	\$500,000
Less: S @ BE	<u>187,500</u>
MS in dollars	<u>\$312,500</u>

(Note: lots of people determined MS as 62.5% but that was not the question.)

- 7-9 King Corporation operated at full capacity during the year ended April 30. The income statement showed present sales of 5,000 units at \$25 each, variable costs per unit of \$15, and fixed costs and expenses of \$30,000. Determine the break-even point in units. For full credit, show and label your work in good form.

Best formula:

$$\begin{array}{rclcl}
 S & = & FC & / & UCM \\
 S & = & \$30,000 & / & (\$25 - \$15) \\
 S & = & \$30,000 & / & \$10 \\
 S & = & \mathbf{3,000 \text{ units}} & &
 \end{array}$$

10. Queen Company operated at full capacity during the year ended May 31. The income statement showed present sales of \$500,000, variable costs of 60% of sales, and fixed costs and expenses of \$100,000. Determine the contribution margin ratio.

$$1 - 60\% = 40\%$$

**(Perhaps the easiest question we have asked this semester!
 A lot of pencil lead was wasted on this solution!!)**