## The Road Ahead Exercise Can you afford your Dream Car



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## Is my "Dream Car" a reality?

### **Teacher Instructions:**

This project is designed to have students examine a simple question; can they afford their "dream car"? By exploring this question, we hope to expose students to a much broader understanding of the opportunity costs of their career and financial decisions.

#### **Enduring Understanding:**

How one chooses to save and spend money will ultimately determine their financial health.

#### **Essential Questions:**

- 1. How does one's saving and spending habits affect their credit score?
- 2. How does one's career choice impact their living standard?
- 3. How does one calculate what they can afford?

#### **Key Questions:**

- 1. What will my intended career provide in salary?
- 2. What is the difference between gross income and net income?
- 3. What is forced savings?
- 4. What percentage of income should one be allocating for housing, transportation, food, living essentials, and savings.
- 5. How do my saving and spending habits affect my credit score?

Lesson Plan: (1-2 90 minute blocks or three 45 minute periods.)

#### 1. Homework Assignment:

Begin by assigning students two tasks:

- a) Researching the cost of their <u>first really nice car</u>. You can instruct them that this is something they might purchase after they have finished with their education or job training and have landed that 1<sup>st</sup> good job.
- b) Consider what career they are most likely to pursue at this point in time. Research the entry and average wages of that career. Refer them to this web site at the Department of Employment Security (<u>www.nh.gov/nhes/elmi/oesfiles.htm</u>). There are pdf files on current Occupational Employment and Wages. Note: Appendix B contains an abbreviated version of this document, but having students do this as homework will move the lesson along.

### THE LESSON PLAN

### 2. Start of Class:

a. Distribute the NH Banking Dept Survey. Instruct students that they should answer according to their first impulse for each question. Scoring the questionnaire is provided on the next page. Savers are rewarded with higher scores (But don't tell them that – if they know they well slant the results in their favor). Collect and Score the Surveys once they have started the exercise.

Note; This survey (quiz) is meant to reflect how adolescent behavior might be reflected in a credit score. A thorough examination of the five attributes that constitute a credit score could be done in another lesson.

- b. Ask students what their choices were and allow for some general discussion See *Appendix A* for examples.
- c. Now ask them the bigger question: Can you afford it? This should prompt a round of responses related to their recent good fortune in the job market.
- d. Now ask them: Do you know what your career will likely pay at the outset. Students who finished the homework should have this information, otherwise, You can distribute Appendix B or go to the NH Employment Security website (<u>http://www.nh.gov/nhes/elmi/nhcrn/oesfiles.htm</u>) for a more complete list of jobs and entry wages.
- e. Students should locate their career choice or a close approximation of that choice.
- f. Ask students what they think their monthly living expenses will be. This is a good opportunity for students to brainstorm categories and amounts in small groups and then share the information on the board. (Note: It's critical to do this brainstorming before handling out the How Much Should I Spend worksheet.)

In this process, the class should agree on <u>some realistic figures</u> for each category identified on the worksheet, How much I should spend. (Note: Most students have very little idea what the rent, mortgage, electricity, and heating bills are for an average household.)

g. <u>Distribute the worksheet entitled: How much I should spend?</u> Explain the general concept of allocating a certain percentage of income to each category.

This is a good time to discuss the opportunity costs of poor financial decisions; for example one could buy a \$350,000 home instead of a \$225,000 home the result being little money left for discretionary items like vacations and fun!

\* Students will now individualize their own decisions for each category using the worksheet, <u>How much should I spend?</u>

h. Students will now return to our original question; Is my dream car a reality?

Distribute the Worksheet, "The True Cost of Car Ownership"

\* *Appendix D* will correlate "NH Banking Dept Survey" score with a credit score and loan rate.

The Road Ahead Exercise – September 2009

### THE LESSON PLAN

i. Upon completion of the "car ownership" worksheet, have students calculate what they should have allotted for spending in each category to what they did spend.

The Final Budget to Spending Worksheet (the last page) will guide them thru this exercise.

j. Wrapping Up:

A final discussion should ensue about what students learned from the exercise. Put student responses on the board and allow the discussion to be as free flowing as possible. If the lesson served its purpose well, their responses should reflect the Essential Question and Enduring Understandings.

OR

Students should be assigned a brief but reflective writing exercise in which they articulate what they learned from the exercise and the associated opportunity costs.

Comments and suggestions are welcomed and appreciated.

Please call or email

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## Scoring for the NH Banking Dept Survey (Don't share with the students):

1.	When you get money from a relative for your birthday or other special occasion, do you save it?	Always 3	Save Half	Never 1	Points
2.	Do you lose or misplace money often?	Always 1	Sometimes 2	Never 3	
3.	When you go shopping, do you often buy some things you don't need?	Always 1	Sometimes 2	Never 3	
4.	Do you want things because you see them on TV or because a friend has one?	Always 1	Sometimes 2	Never 3	
5.	Are you reluctant to spend money you have earned?	Always 3	Sometimes 2	Never 1	
6.	Do you set goals for saving? For example, I will save \$500 this year.	Always 3	Sometimes 2	Never 1	
7.	If you see a coin on the ground will you pick it up? Circle One: Nickel, Dime, Quarter Add "1" more point if you pick up pennies.	Always 3	Sometimes 2	Never 1	
8.	Have you ever saved for something special and then decided not to buy it?	Always 3	Sometimes 2	Never 1	
9.	If a friend doesn't want to stop for an ice cream or pizza do you ask, "What if I pay for it?"	Always 1	Sometimes 2	Never 3	
10.	If the cost of a movie ticket increased by \$3, would you still go once a week?	Always 1	Sometimes 2	Never 3	
11.	Do you tend to rationalize your purchases based on their cost.	Always 3	Sometimes 2	Never 1	

## Total Score =>>

## NH Banking Dept Survey: Circle one response for each question.

Points

1.	When you get money from a relative for your birthday or other special occasion, do you save it?	Always	Save Half	Never	
2.	Do you lose or misplace money often?	Always	Sometimes	Never	
3.	When you go shopping, do you often buy some things you don't need?	Always	Sometimes	Never	
4.	Do you want things because you see them on TV or because a friend has one?	Always	Sometimes	Never	
5.	Are you reluctant to spend money you have earned?	Always	Sometimes	Never	
6.	Do you set goals for saving? For example, I will save \$500 this year.	Always	Sometimes	Never	
7.	If you see a coin on the ground will you pick it up? Circle One : Nickel, Dime, Quarter	Always	Sometimes	Never	
8.	Have you ever saved for something special and then decided not to buy it?	Always	Sometimes	Never	
9.	If a friend doesn't want to stop for an ice cream or pizza do you ask, "What if I pay for it?"	Always	Sometimes	Never	
10.	If the cost of a movie ticket increased by \$3, would you still go once a week?	Always	Sometimes	Never	
11.	Do you tend to rationalize your purchases based on their cost.	Always	Sometimes	Never	
	Total Score =>>				

\* Adopted from Neale S. Godfrey.

## Budget to Spending

Monthly Net Income: \$		Monthly Net Income: \$	
Recommended Limit	<u>ts</u>	What you Spent	
Housing Expense: 35% of Net =	\$	Housing Expense: 35% of Net =	\$
Living Expenses: 25% of Net =	\$	Living Expenses: 25% of Net =	\$
College Debt: 15% of Net =	\$	College Debt: 15% of Net =	\$
Transportation: 15% of Net =	\$	Transportation: 15% of Net =	\$
Savings: 10% of Net =	\$	Savings: 10% of Net =	\$

## How much should I spend?

Many people make a simple financial mistake – They spend too much in one area (housing or transportation) which leaves them less money for savings and other needs. The chart on the right shows what many experts consider safe levels of spending based on your net income.

The next several steps are based on some assumptions we've made today - the actual costs may change in several years. For this exercise you can choose from the options shown for housing and living expenses or from our in-class discussion. Please complete the other calculations based on the net income (after taxes) of your career choice.



For more NH Employment & Wage info please visit <u>www.nh.gov/nhes/elmi</u>.

### 2. Housing Costs (Do not exceed 35% of your Net Income) Concord Area: 1 bedroom (\$650) Boston Area: 1 bedroom (\$850)

2 bedroom (\$1100) 2 bedroom (\$1400) <u>Optional</u>: Renter's Insurance, subtract \$25 more each month. \* *You can assume heat and electricity are included!* 

### 3. Monthly Living Expenses (Do not exceed 25% of your Net income)

a. Food (suggested \$400) - \$\_\_\_\_\_ - \$\_\_\_\_\_ b. Clothing/Laundry (suggested \$75) c. Cell Phone (suggested \$50) - \$ d. Cable TV/Internet (suggested \$100)\* - \$ \* Roommates can split Cable TV/Internet but nothing else! 4. College Loans - \$ \* The average student borrows \$23,000 (\$264 a month for 10 years). If you think you will borrow more use Appendix C. Sub Total before Recommended Savings =>> \$ 5. Automatic Deductions/ Forced Savings\* a. 5% of Net Income (Retirement) - \$ - \$\_\_\_\_\_ b. 5% of Net income (Emergency Savings) c. Contribution to Company Health plan (\$50) - \$ \*All of these categories are recommended for sound financial health! 6. Sub-Total: Subtract items 2, 3, 4, 5 from Net income =>> \$ \*This is what's left for discretionary spending and your "dream car"!

Other Needs 25% Housing 35% Debt 15% Transpor tation 15%

> \$\_\_\_\_\_ - \$

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## The True Cost of Car Ownership

My Dream car is a \_\_\_\_\_

The Purchase Price is \$\_\_\_\_\_ (Use this number to calculate your loan)

Enter your NH Banking Dept Survey Score:

See Appendix D to determine your monthly loan payment. Your interest rate is based on your Banking Department survey score.

a. Monthly Loan Payment	\$
b. Monthly Insurance Payment*	
-Young Men pay \$150, young Ladies pay \$105 per month.	\$
c. Calculate your fuel costs:	
<ul> <li><u>Divide annual mileage</u> by your vehicle's average mpg.</li> <li>Example: 15000/25 = 600 gallons of gas</li> </ul>	
- <u>Multiply 600 by \$2.50</u> (cost for a gallon of gas)	
Example: $600 \ge 2.50 = \$1,500$ - <u>Divide \$1,500 by 12</u> to get an estimate of your monthly	¢
gasoline expense."	J
<b>d. Maintenance:</b> Oil Changes: 4 x \$30= <u>\$120</u> , Divide by 12	\$
e. Registration Fees:	
<u>City/Town Fee</u> : \$18 per thousand <u>for new cars</u> :	
Price of Car \$ / 1000, x 18 => \$	
$ \sum \frac{\text{State of NH Fee}}{2000 \text{ NH Fee}} $ is based on the car's weight	
0-3000  lbs = \$61  for the year 3001-5000 lbs = \$73 for the year	
5001-8000  lbs = \$100  for the year	
Add the Town and State Fees from above and divide by 12.	\$
f. State Inspection: Approximately \$36 per year, divided by 12 (Enter \$3)	\$
<ul> <li>g. Repairs: (New Cars, <u>Enter \$0</u> / Used Cars, <u>Enter \$80</u>)</li> <li>- Used cars need brakes (@\$400), New tires (@\$400), etc.</li> </ul>	\$
<b>Total Cost of Ownership</b> : (Do not exceed 15% of Net Income) - Total a, b, c, d, e, f, and g	\$

# Appendix A – 2009 / 2010 Car Prices

<u>Car</u>	Approx. List Price	Average <u>MPGs</u>	Weight (lbs)
Acura TSX (2009)	\$29,000	25	3485
Chevrolet Camaro LT (2010)	\$28,000	23	3728
Chevrolet Cobalt LT (2009)	\$20,000	30	2743
Chevrolet Silverado (2009)	\$29,000	17	4558
Dodge Charger (2009)	\$22,000	22	3728
Ford Mustang GT (2010)	\$28,000	20	3483
Ford Escape XLT (2009)	\$27,000	21	3355
Honda Civic EX (2009)	\$21,000	31	2771
Honda Civic Hybrid (2009)	\$21,000	31	2877
Honda CR-V (2009)	\$25,000	23	3415
Jeep Liberty Sport (2009)	\$27,000	18	4030
Kia Soul (2010)	\$13,000	28	2645
Mazda 3 (2010)	\$25,000	27	2963
Mini Cooper Convertible (2009)	\$24,000	33	2546
Nissan Xterra S (2010)	\$28,000	17	4259
Pontiac GS, GT Coupe (2009)	\$24,000	22	3457
Toyota FJ Cruiser (2009)	\$23,000	19	4050
Toyota Prius IV (2010)	\$26,000	48	3042
Toyota Scion Tc (2009)	\$19,000	30	2905
Volkswagon Jetta SE (2009)	\$22,000	25	3230
Volkswagon GTI (2009)	\$26,000	26	4112

# Appendix B - Starting Jobs & Salaries in NH (2008)

Based on 40 hours per week, for 52 weeks	Hourly	Per Year	Monthly Net Pay <u>After Taxes</u>
	•		
Accountants and Auditors	\$19.32	\$40,185	\$2,603
Automotive Body and Related Repairers	\$12.97	\$26,977	\$1,804
Automotive Service Techs & Mechanics	\$12.56	\$26,124	\$1,749
Bank - Credit Union Tellers	\$10.12	\$21,049	\$1,422
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	\$11.48	\$23,878	\$1,604
Business Operations Specialists	\$16.58	\$34,486	\$2,283
Cabinet Makers and Bench Carpenters	\$12.91	\$26,852	\$1,796
Carpenters	\$14.45	\$30,056	\$2,002
Child Care Workers	\$7.51	\$15,620	\$1,071
Computer Programmers	\$18.69	\$38,875	\$2,530
Computer Specialists	\$18.59	\$38,667	\$2,518
Computer Support Specialists	\$15.54	\$32,323	\$2,148
Cooks, Fast Food	\$7.78	\$16,182	\$1,108
Cooks, Restaurant	\$9.42	\$19,593	\$1,328
Correctional Officers and Jailer	\$15.24	\$31,699	\$2,108
Customer Service Representatives	\$10.58	\$22,006	\$1,483
Dental Assistants	\$12.98	\$26,998	\$1,805
Dental Hygienists	\$30.38	\$63,190	\$3,894
Dentists	\$50.89	\$105,851	\$6,224
Electrical and Electronic Technicians	\$17.48	\$36,358	\$2,389
Electrical Engineers	\$28.01	\$58,260	\$3,618
Electricians	\$16.46	\$34,236	\$2,269
Elementary School Teachers	\$17.52	\$36,455	\$2,394
EMTs and Paramedics	\$12.64	\$26,291	\$1,759
Engineer Technicians	\$17.09	\$35,547	\$2,343
Fire Fighters	\$13.85	\$28,808	\$1,922
Food Preparation Workers	\$7.20	\$14,976	\$1,030
Forest and Conservation Technicians	\$13.84	\$28,787	\$1,921
Graphic Designers	\$14.44	\$30,035	\$2,001
Hairdressers, Hairstylists, and Cosmetologists	\$6.98	\$14,518	\$1,000
Home Health Aides	\$9.76	\$20,300	\$1,373
HVAC Mechanics and Installers	\$16.27	\$33,841	\$2,246
Janitors and Cleaners	\$8.92	\$18,553	\$1,261
Kindergarten Teacher	\$12.07	\$25,109	\$1,683

Based on 40 hours per week, for 52 weeks	<u>Hourly</u>	Per Year	Monthly Net Pay <u>After Taxes</u>
Landscape and Groundskeeper Workers	\$9.63	\$20,030	\$1,356
Lawyers	\$26.19	\$54,475	\$3,405
Legal Secretaries	\$13.96	\$29,036	\$1,937
Librarian Technicians	\$10.23	\$21,278	\$1,436
Licensed Practical and Vocational Nurses	\$17.04	\$35,443	\$2,337
Life, Physical, and Social Science Technicians	\$14.54	\$30,243	\$2,014
Machinists	\$13.47	\$28,017	\$1,871
Mechanical Drafters	\$15.29	\$31,803	\$2,115
Mechanical Engineers	\$24.64	\$51,251	\$3,224
Medical Assistants	\$12.98	\$26,998	\$1,805
Medical Assistants	\$15.05	\$31,304	\$2,083
Medical Records & Health Info Technicians	\$11.31	\$23,524	\$1,581
Medical Secretaries	\$12.83	\$26,686	\$1,785
Meeting & Convention Planner	\$14.94	\$31,075	\$2,068
Metal Workers, Plastic Workers, All Other	\$10.79	\$22,443	\$1,512
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	\$22.44	\$46,675	\$2,968
Nurses Aides, Orderlies and Attendants	\$11.09	\$23,067	\$1,552
Paralegal and Legal Assistants	\$17.65	\$36,712	\$2,408
Payroll and Timekeeping Clerks	\$13.04	\$27,123	\$1,813
Pediatricians, General	\$47.23	\$98,238	\$5,815
Pharmacists	\$42.56	\$88,524	\$5,294
Pharmacy Technicians	\$9.70	\$20,176	\$1,365
Physical Therapists	\$25.75	\$53,560	\$3,354
Plumbers, Pipefitters, and Steamfitters	\$15.27	\$31,761	\$2,112
Police and Sheriff's Patrol Officers	\$15.33	\$31,886	\$2,120
Postal Mail Sorters & Processors	\$15.34	\$31,907	\$2,122
Public Relations Specialists	\$16.77	\$34,881	\$2,306
Receptionists and Information Clerks	\$9.49	\$19,739	\$1,337
Registered Nurses	\$22.23	\$46,238	\$2,943
Reporter and Correspondents	\$12.07	\$25,109	\$1,683
Retail Salespersons	\$7.94	\$16,515	\$1,129
Sales Representatives	\$14.28	\$29,702	\$1,979
Social & Human Resource Assistants	\$9.88	\$20,500	\$1,386
Special Ed Teachers	\$16.85	\$35,063	\$2,316
Tailors, Dressmakers, and Custom Sewers	\$10.88	\$22,630	\$1,524
Tax Examiners	\$13.05	\$27,144	\$1,814
Truck Driver, Heavy & Tractor-Trailor	\$15.03	\$31,262	\$2,080
Truck Driver, Light or Delivery Service	\$9.74	\$20,259	\$1,370

# Appendix C – Student Loan Table

Loan Interest Rate =>

For a Ten Year Loan

For a Six Year Loan (Pay More and SAVE!)

Loan Amount	Monthly Pmt At 6%	Total Interest	Monthly Pmt At 6%	Total Interest	Savings
\$10,000	\$111	\$3320	\$166	\$1,932	\$1,388
\$12,000	\$133	\$3,987	\$199	\$2,319	\$1,668
\$14,000	\$155	\$4,651	\$232	\$2,705	\$1,946
\$16,000	\$177	\$5,316	\$265	\$3,092	\$2,224
\$18,000	\$200	\$5,980	\$298	\$3,478	\$2,502
\$20,000	\$224	\$6,645	\$331	\$3,865	\$2,780
\$22,000	\$244	\$7,309	\$365	\$4,251	\$3,058
\$24,000	\$266	7,974	\$398	\$4,673	\$3301
\$26,000	\$288	\$8,638	\$431	\$5,024	\$3,614
\$28,000	\$310	\$9,303	\$464	\$5,410	\$3,893
\$30,000	\$333	\$9,967	\$497	\$5,797	\$4170
\$36,000	\$399	\$11,961	\$596	\$6,957	\$5,004
\$42,000	\$466	\$13,954	\$696	\$8,116	\$5,838
\$48,000	\$533	\$15,948	\$796	\$9,276	\$6,672
\$54,000	\$599	\$17,941	\$895	\$10,435	\$7,506
\$60,000	\$666	\$19,935	\$994	\$11,595	\$8,340
\$66,000	\$733	\$21,928	\$1,094	\$12,754	\$9,174
\$72,000	\$799	\$23,922	\$1,193	\$13,914	\$10,008
\$78,000	\$866	\$25,915	\$1,293	\$15,073	\$10,842
\$84,000	\$933	\$27,909	\$1,392	\$16,233	\$11,676
\$90,000	\$999	\$29,902	\$1,492	\$17,392	\$12,510
\$96,000	\$1066	\$31,895	\$1,591	\$18,552	\$13,343

# Appendix D - Payments on a Four-Year Car Loan

Your Survey Score =>>	33-30	29-27	26-23	22-20	19-17	16-11
Your Credit Score =>	850-805	790-760	745-700	685-655	595-550	535-520
Loan Interest Rate =>	At 4%	At 6%	At 10%	At 15%	At 18%	At 21%
Loan Amount						
\$10,000	\$226	\$235	\$253	\$278	\$294	\$309
\$11,000	\$248	\$258	\$279	\$306	\$323	\$340
\$12,000	\$271	\$282	\$304	\$334	\$352	\$371
\$13,000	\$293	\$305	\$330	\$362	\$382	\$402
\$14,000	\$316	\$328	\$355	\$389	\$411	\$433
\$15,000	\$338	\$352	\$380	\$417	\$440	\$464
\$16,000	\$359	\$373	\$405	\$445	\$469	\$495
\$17,000	\$384	\$399	\$431	\$473	\$499	\$526
\$18,000	\$406	\$423	\$456	\$500	\$529	\$557
\$19,000	\$429	\$446	\$482	\$529	\$558	\$588
\$20,000	\$451	\$470	\$507	\$556	\$587	\$619
\$21,000	\$474	\$493	\$532	\$584	\$619	\$650
\$22,000	\$497	\$517	\$558	\$612	\$646	\$681
\$23,000	\$519	\$540	\$583	\$640	\$675	\$712
\$24,000	\$542	\$563	\$609	\$668	\$705	\$743
\$25,000	\$564	\$587	\$634	\$696	\$734	\$774
\$26,000	\$587	\$611	\$659	\$723	\$764	\$805
\$27,000	\$609	\$634	\$685	\$751	\$793	\$836
\$28,000	\$632	\$658	\$710	\$779	\$822	\$867
\$29,000	\$655	\$681	\$735	\$807	\$852	\$898
\$30,000	\$677	\$705	\$761	\$835	\$881	\$929

# Appendix D - Payments on a Five-Year Car Loan

Your Survey Score =>>	33-30	29-27	26-23	22-20	19-17	16-11
Your Credit Score =>	850-805	790-760	745-700	685-655	595-550	535-520
Loan Interest Rate =>	At 4%	At 6%	At 10%	At 15%	At 18%	At 21%
Loan Amount						
\$10,000	\$184	\$193	\$212	\$238	\$254	\$270
\$11,000	\$202	\$213	\$234	\$261	\$279	\$297
\$12,000	\$221	\$232	\$255	\$285	\$305	\$325
\$13,000	\$239	\$251	\$276	\$309	\$330	\$352
\$14,000	\$258	\$271	\$297	\$333	\$355	\$379
\$15,000	\$276	\$289	\$318	\$357	\$381	\$406
\$16,000	\$295	\$309	\$340	\$380	\$406	\$433
\$17,000	\$313	\$328	\$361	\$404	\$432	\$460
\$18,000	\$331	\$348	\$382	\$428	\$457	\$487
\$19,000	\$350	\$367	\$404	\$452	\$482	\$514
\$20,000	\$368	\$386	\$425	\$476	\$508	\$541
\$21,000	\$387	\$406	\$446	\$500	\$533	\$568
\$22,000	\$405	\$425	\$467	\$523	\$559	\$595
\$23,000	\$423	\$444	\$489	\$547	\$584	\$622
\$24,000	\$442	\$464	\$510	\$570	\$609	\$649
\$25,000	\$460	\$483	\$531	\$595	\$635	\$676
\$26,000	\$479	\$503	\$552	\$618	\$660	\$703
\$27,000	\$497	\$522	\$574	\$642	\$686	\$730
\$28,000	\$515	\$541	\$595	\$666	\$711	\$757
\$29,000	\$534	\$561	\$616	\$690	\$736	\$784
\$30,000	\$552	\$580	\$637	\$714	\$761	\$811

# Appendix D - Payments on a <u>Six-Year Loan</u>

Your Survey Score =>>	33-30	29-27	26-23	22-20	19-17	16-11
Your Credit Score =>	850-805	790-760	745-700	685-655	595-550	535-520
Loan Interest Rate =>	At 4%	At 6%	At 10%	At 15%	At 18%	At 21%
Loan Amount						
\$10,000	\$156	\$166	\$185	\$211	\$228	\$245
\$11,000	\$172	\$182	\$204	\$233	\$250	\$270
\$12,000	\$188	\$199	\$222	\$254	\$274	\$294
\$13,000	\$203	\$215	\$241	\$275	\$296	\$319
\$14,000	\$219	\$232	\$259	\$296	\$319	\$343
\$15,000	\$235	\$249	\$263	\$317	\$342	\$368
\$16,000	\$250	\$265	\$296	\$338	\$365	\$392
\$17,000	\$266	\$282	\$315	\$359	\$388	\$417
\$18,000	\$282	\$298	\$333	\$381	\$411	\$442
\$19,000	\$297	\$314	\$352	\$402	\$433	\$466
\$20,000	\$312	\$331	\$370	\$423	\$456	\$491
\$21,000	\$328	\$348	\$389	\$444	\$479	\$515
\$22,000	\$344	\$365	\$408	\$465	\$502	\$540
\$23,000	\$360	\$381	\$426	\$486	\$525	\$564
\$24,000	\$375	\$398	\$445	\$507	\$547	\$589
\$25,000	\$391	\$414	\$463	\$529	\$570	\$613
\$26,000	\$407	\$431	\$482	\$550	\$593	\$638
\$27,000	\$422	\$447	\$500	\$571	\$616	\$662
\$28,000	\$438	\$464	\$519	\$592	\$639	\$687
\$29,000	\$454	\$481	\$537	\$613	\$661	\$711
\$30,000	\$469	\$497	\$556	\$634	\$684	\$736