Name	Index number
School	Signature
	Date
101/2	
ENGLISH	
(Comprehension, Literacy)	
Appreciation and Grammar)	
July / August 2010	
2 ½ Hours	

FORM FOUR LAICOMET 2010 101/2

ENGLISH

Paper 2

Instructions

- ❖ Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above. Answer **ALL** the questions in this question paper.
- **ALL** your answers must be written in the spaces provided in this question paper.

For Examiner's use only

Question	Maximum score	Candidates score
1	20	
2	25	
3	20	
4	15	
	Total score	

1. Read the following passage and then answer the questions that follow.

The number of new cancers and cancer deaths is rising, yet many types of cancers can be prevented by simple lifestyle choices.

High levels of estrogen in the body predispose women to cancer, so efforts to reduce the risk of breast cancer have focused largely on reducing estrogen levels. A fatty diet increases the levels of estrogen in the body, and foods containing soy can mimic estrogen and cause cells to proliferate in the breast. Greater physical activity, even if started late in life, reduces the overall risk of developing breast cancer.

Lung cancer is largely related to tobacco use. The risk of getting lung cancer increases with duration of smoking and the number of cigarettes smoked daily. Exposure to second – hand smoke in childhood has been found to carry a risk of developing lung cancer later. Diets rich in fruits and vegetables are believed to offer protection against lung cancer, possibly due to their rich antioxidant content. The risk of developing bowel cancer is higher among those who eat few vegetables than those who eat .Unrefined plant foods such as whole cereals, legumes and more vegetables. Frequent consumption of red meat (beef, lamb) and alcohol increases the risk, while eating fish and poultry carries a lower risk.

A high calcium intake protects against bowel cancer, and physical activity stimulates <u>bowel movement</u>, thereby decreasing the time food remains in the gut, thus lowering the risk of developing bowel cancer.

Certain sexual behaviour increases the risk of developing cervical cancer. Having many sex partners or sleeping with someone who has had many sexual partners increases the risk of contracting the germs that cause STIs, thus heightening the risk. The age at which a woman first engages in sex has also been cited as a risk factor because it might damage her still underdeveloped cervix.

A high calorie intake has been linked with increased prostrate cancer deaths. Indeed, taking little carbohydrate slows the growth of prostrate tumors. Advanced prostrate cancer and the risk of dying from it have been diagnosed in obese men. Whereas frequent sex in men in their 20s increased the risk of prostrate cancer, it appeared to protect against the disease in those above 50.

(Daily Nation, Wednesday March 3, 2010.- Adapted)

a	What is the authors' opinion on the increase of new cancers and cancer deaths?		
	(2mks)		
b	According to the passage how can a woman reduce the risk of suffering from breast cancer?		
c	Make notes on how human behaviour leads to higher risks of cancer attack		
	(6mks)		

		•••••
		•••••
	••••••	••••••
d	What do you think would be the result of eating few fruits and yet sr	noking tobacco.
		(2mks)
		••••••
		••••••
e	Paraphrase the following statement. (statement missing)	(2mks)
	"Greater physical activity, even if started late in life, reduces the ov	verall risk of developing breast
	cancer"	
		•••••
		•••••
		•••••
		•••••
f	What is the meaning of the following words and phrases as used in t	he passage?
	(2ml	cs)
	Bowel movement	
••		••••••
	Unrefined	
••		
g	"A high calorie intake has been linked with increased prostrate cancer	er deaths",
C	Rewrite this statement in the negative.	(1mk)
		()
h	n Explain the irony in the last paragraph	(3mks)
-	1	(- ~)
••		
•••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	•••••••••
•••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	•••••

2. Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow:

But just now he was faced with the task of getting more teachers for the school already built. Something had to be done. Again Siriana was the only place which could still produce men with the necessary education for carrying on the teaching in the ridges. So he one day made a sudden journey to a ridge near Siriana, where he met some young men who were in their final year at the mission place. He

talked to them and pleaded with them. They agreed to his proposals but asked him to go back before Christmas day to straighten out the arrangement.

At home the kiama was getting more and more power over the people. The cry that started the new schools was again taken up. Keep the pure tribe. And people listened to them because they did not want the tribe to die. And the kiama wanted to fight for the land which had now been taken by the settler, the missionary and the government. Kabonyi and his followers went from ridge to ridge, getting people to take the oath of allegiance to the purity of the tribe. People knew that their teacher had taken such an oath. And he had been one of the leaders of the kiama, at least before he resigned. Nobody could break this oath. Nobody who had taken it would ever betray the tribe.

The old rivalry went on. And it was spreading to the other ridges. Joshua 's centre was Makuyu, while kameno was seen as the centre of the tribe. The teacher came from there .Waiyaki did not like to be identified with either side; he was now committed to reconciliation. But since those two memorable meetings, things had gone from bad to worse. Each group seemed more arrogant and more confident of itself than ever. Joshua preached with more vigour than ever and his followers sang damnation to the pagans openly and defiantly. Joshua was identified as the enemy of the tribe. He was with Siriana, with the white settlers. For now it was said that Siriana missionaries had been sent to prepare the way for the settlers. The white people were now pouring into the interior in greater and greater numbers. Indian traders too had come and were beginning to carry on a thriving business.

For Waiyaki the fleeting feeling of guilt at having failed to preach reconciliation was now growing stronger. He had missed the opportunity at a time when he could have made his stand clear. A combination of events, excitement and Kabonyi had made him lose that moment when he had the people from various ridges under control. Would such a chance come again? He would bide his time. He would wait for another moment, a moment when he would preach reconciliation, tolerance and unity. Then his work would be done. His mission of enlightenment through education would prosper. Early next year there would be another conference of the parents. Then he would speak his mind.

Waiyaki continued working hard day by day . The moments of self –blame came to him these days with greater and greater <u>vigour</u> and persistence. But he had still his joy when an old man , a woman or a child stopped him and shook hands with him, a smile of trust on their faces. He was thankful that he had left the kiama. He would not have been able to carry on its activities and those of new schools' committee.

He often thought of Nyambura . It pained him that she had refused him. Often he tried to whistle the whole thing off. He could only do this by throwing himself into activity. Kinuthia came to him after school. He came with an air of secrecy."I would like to talk with you"

i What position had Waiyaki held in the Kiama and why had he resigned? (2mks)

	•••••
ii What character, of Waiyaki is portrayed in this passage.	(2mks)
iii Identify the theme evident in the excerpt	(2mks)
iv Punctuate the sentence below as one sentence. (Rewrite it)	(1 mk)
Waiyaki did not like to be identified with either side he was comvolved 'Nobody could betray this oath' Discuss briefly the truth of this state out of events later on.	tement in relation to the turn
	••••••
vi Discuss what Kinuthia discussed with Waiyaki immediately after	this excerpt (2mks)
vii Identify one style in this passage	(2mks)
viii In not more than seventy words discuss the history of the rivalry b (7mks)	petween Makuyu and Kameno
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

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••••		
ix	Explain the meaning of the following words as used in the passage.	
a.		(1mk)
		•••••
b.	enlightenment	(1mk)
	-	
C	Vigour	(1mk)
c.		,
	Total =	
3. a) Re		2311185
	ead the proverb below and answer the questions that follow.	
	Iany ratscannot, all at once dig a hole for their home.	(2.1.)
i.	Explain the meaning of the above proverb.	(2mks)
••••		•••••
••••		•••••
ii.	Give a proverb whose meaning contradicts the one above	(1mk)
•••••		•••••
•••••		•••••
iii.	Describe a situation in which this proverb can be applied.	(2mks)
•••••		•••••
•••••		•••••
iv.	Give a proverb similar in meaning to the one above.	(1mk)
•••••		•••••
a.	Explain what is meant by each of the following terms in oral literature	(4mks)
i.	Recording	(1mk)

• •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • •
ii.	Transcription	(1mk)	
 iii.	Translation	(1mk)	•••••
	Translation	, ,	
iv.	Analysis	(1mk)	
 c)	State a problem that you are likely to encounter when		•••••
	Material.		
••••			(1mk)
3b	Read the following song and then answer the quest	ion that follow.	
	You came into your land.		
	You came into your capital		
	You chose your hour for coming		
	A chief commands		
	He speaks his will		
	Lift up your head		
	Look at the sea of faces		
	It is your world		
	It is your people,		
	Which sits		
	When you say sit		
	Which rises		
	When you rise		
	You are a new chief		
	You are chosen as chief		
	Your people is with you		
	The barriers are cut		
	We must follow		
	For all will follow		

Lift up your head!	
Look at the sea of faces,	
That answers when you call	
i. What is this song about?	(4mks)
	•••••
	•••••
	•••••
	•••••
ii. Give any two occasions this song is likely to be performed	(4mks)
	•••••
	•••••
iii.State any two functions of this song	(2mks)
iv. What type of people are the chief's subjects?	(4mks)
	••••••
	••••••
	••••••
v.Highlight any three aspects of performance that can be lost if this song i	s written down
	•••••
(3mks)	
	•••••
	••••••
vi.Explain the meaning of the following lines as used in the song.	(3mks)
1. You chose your hour for coming	
	•••••
2. The barriers are cut	
	•••••
3.Look at the sea of faces	

You are a new chief

•						
4	G	ro	m	m	a	r

a) [Rewrite the following sentences by following the instructions given after each.	(4mks)
i	The boys have all been awarded .(Rewrite to form a question)	
• 		
ii	It is interesting that you two are friends.(Use the word "interestingly" in the sen	tence)
•••		••••••
iii	Someone is following us. (Rewrite in the passive voice)	
iv	The doctor asked the little boy where the pain was.(Rewrite in the direct speech)
b) .	Fill in the blanks with an appropriate word formed from the ones given in brack	
		(5mks)
i	That was(self) of him having sacrificed his life for	or her.
ii	Every serious student should avoid(decide) about their lives.	
iii	There will be a (memory) service for the depa	rted souls.
iv	As Mueni (lie) on her bed that morning, she dreaded for	acing her boss
v	The director refused to write him a(testimon	y)
c) .	In the sentences below replace the underlined words with <u>one</u> word. (2)	mks)
i	The police spokesman says that the police will go into it.	
ii	The couple who had been at loggerheads <u>made up</u> for the lost time	•••••
		•••••
d) .	Explain the meaning of the underlined phrases. (2)	2mks)
i	She was told to stop beating around the bush.	
		•••••
ii	Don't trust him . He heard it on the grapevine.	
e) 	•	(2mks)
	The car burst one oftyres.	
ii T	The whole of this building isshe spent a lot of money constructing it.	