

College Counseling Office 2016

Table of Contents

- 3. College Planning Timeline
- 4. Junior Year Overview
- 5. Easing stress
- 6. What's a college looking for
- 7. The Application Process
- 8. Standardized Testing
- 9. The ACT
- 10-11. The SAT
- 12. The College Visit
- 13. Scholarship Resources
- 14. Financial Aid
- 15. College Opportunity Fund
- 16-17. Resume Builder

Resources/Forms

- 19. Transcript Request Form
- 20-21. Colorado Public School Index
- 22. College Comparison Worksheet
- 23. Teacher Recommendation Form

College Planning Timeline

-Begin building a strong academic transcriptTake College-Prep ClassesReview General College Admissions RequirementsBegin to think about, and talk to your parents about, your college financing planBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Begin to think about, and talk to your parents about, your college financing planBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Begin to think about, and talk to your parents about, your college financing planBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Begin to think about, and talk to your parents about, your college financing planBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workResearch colleges on AdvanceResearch colleges on Alextend College fairs and meet with College reps at your school: -Attend college fairs and meet with College reps at your school: -Attend college fairs and meet with College reps at your school: -Attend college fairs and meet with College reps at your school: -Attend college fairs and meet with college reps at your schoolAttend college fairs and meet with college reps at your school: -Attend college fairs and meet with college to Attend to college reps at your schoolAttend college fairs and meet with college to Seaton a strong academic career/major choicesThink about career/major choicesTake the PSAT in the spring-Begin exploring scholarship) -Take the PSAT in the spring-Begin exploring scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPian to take strong academic create and and athletic programs in the ACT	9 th Grade	10 th Grade	11 th Grade	12 th Grade
-Take College-Prep ClassesReview General College Admission RequirementsBegin to think about, and talk to your parents about, your college financing planBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Be active in your consoling a cademic transcriptBegin to think about possible career goals/interestsIf you are serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athlets and plan an academic and athlets programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Begin to think about career/major choicesMeet with HS -Reep working on a strong academic transcriptBegin to think about possible career goals/interestsIf you are serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athlets and plan an academic and athletic programBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workBe active in your college for nor more than 15 collegesThe the pSAT in the fall (if you want to be eligible for National Merit Scholarship) -Take the SAT and the ACT and SAT exam in the early fall and forward your scores to the collegesPlan to take strong academic transcriptBegin visiting schools that your are consideringBe active in your course of the fall (if you want to be eligible for NcAp programs, jobs and volunteer workBegin visiting schools that your are consideringBe active in your college choicesThe the PSAT in the fall (if you want to be eligible for National Merit Scholarship) -Take the SAT and the ACT and SAT exam in the early fall and forward your scores to the collegesSubmit applications by Christmas break but be sure to know each school's deadlineSegin visiting schools that your are consideringBegin visiting schools that your are consideringBe active in your college (Froy and the ACT and SAT exam in the early fall and	-Begin building a strong	-Meet with your	-Obtain Naviance	-Meet with the College Counselor &
-Review General College Admission RequirementsBegin to think about, and talk to your parents about, your college financing plansBe active in your college financing plansBe active in your college financing plansSe pour self; -Keep working on a strong academic transcriptBegin to think about possible career -Meet with HS -Seep working on a strong academic transcriptBegin to think about possible career -Meet with HS -Seep working on a strong academic transcriptBegin to think about possible career -Meet with HS -Seep working on a strong academic transcriptBegin to think about possible career -Meet with HS -Seep working on a strong academic transcriptBegin to think about, and transcriptBegin to think about, and transcriptBegin to think about, and transcriptBegin to think about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic programs that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: -Summer jobs can mean money for collegeVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Visit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Visit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Visit colleges to which you community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: -Summer jobs can mean money for collegeVisit colleges fairs and meet with college and vourselfNake a profile on college fairs and meet with college fairs and meet with college and vourselfNate with HS -Nate the PSAT in the fall (if you are the principal sease)Take the SAT and the ACT in the springTake the SAT and the ACT in the springTake the SAT and the ACT in the springTake the ACT in the springTake the ACT in the springTake the ACT	academic transcript.	counselor to	user name and	family early in the fall to discuss college
Admission Requirements. Begin to think about, and talk to your parents about, your college financing plan. Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. See active in your career, mean money for college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic programs. Be active in your college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic tallows you to be eligible for NAT your and athletic programs. Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. Admission Requirements for a trong academic transcript. Begin to think about career/major choices -Keep working on a strong academic transcript. Begin to think about career/major choices -Meet with HS -Keep working on a strong academic transcript. Begin to think about career/major choices -Meet with HS -Keep working on a strong academic transcript. Begin to think about career/major choices -Meet with HS -Keep working on a strong academic transcript. Begin to think about career/major choices -Meet with HS -Keep working on a strong academic transcript. Begin to think about career/major choices -Meet with HS -Keep working on a strong academic transcript. Begin to think about career/major choices -Meet with HS -Keep working on a strong academic transcript. Begin exploring scholarship and the ACT in the spring scholarship and financial aid opportunities. -Plan to take strong academic classes, scholarship and continue to keep up a strong academic classes, vour senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic classes, scholarship and propriation to keep up a strong academic classes, scholarship and propriation to keep up a strong academic classes, scholarship and propriation to keep up a strong academic classes, scholarship and propriation to keep up a strong academic classes, scholarship and propriation to keep up a strong academic classes, scholarship and propriation to keep up a strong academic classes, scholarship and pr	-Take College-Prep Classes.	discuss	password.	•
-Begin to think about, and talk to your parents about, your college financing plan. -Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Begin to think about possible schedule yourself, challenge yourself, -Keep working on a strong academic transcript. -Begin to think about possible career goals/interests. -If you are serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic admitted programs, and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programs. -Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Remember: Summer jobs can mean money for college.	-Review General College	coursework and	-Research colleges on	-Make a profile on commonap.com
tall'to your parents about, your college financing plan. -Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Be gin to think about possible career a serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic adtalletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Remember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. -Toke the PSAT in the print, and the ACT in the sprint, and the ACT in th	Admission Requirements.		Naviance. Create a	-Attend college fairs and meet with
Figure 2. Think about career/major choices. Page active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. - Begin to think about possible career goals/interests If you are serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic programs Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. - Begin to think about possible career goals/interests If you are serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic programs Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work Remember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. - Think about career/major choices Meet with HS counselor to review counselor to review courses, credit, and senior classes Meet with HS counselor to review courses, credit, and senior classes Take the PSAT in the fall (if you want to be eligible for National Merit Scholarship) - Take the SAT and the ACT in the spring Begin exploring scholarship and financial aid opportunities Plan to take strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcript Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work Remember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. - Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work Remember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. - Summer jobs can mean money for college. - Flow to the HNCAC Clearing house form by the end of September (Sr. year) Determine deadlines and requirements and stick to them. - Make a rough draft of your college be seady(s) and have a teacher or counselor for lets end of a flancial aid opportunities Plan to take strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic plan to take strong a	_ ·		list of no more than	
-Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Reep working on a strong academic transcriptBegin to think about possible career goals/interestsIf you are serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan to take strong an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Reemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. -Ree active in vour commendation with the commendation for college. -Ask teachers/ counselor to review courses, credit, and stick to themBegin to think about possible career goal have a teacher or counselor review courses, credit, and stick to themAke the SAT and the springBegin exploring scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesBegin exploring scholarship and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. -Ask teachers/ counselor to review courses, credit, and stick to themAke teacher or counselor review dourses, credit, and stick to themMake a rough draft of your college essay(s) and have a teacher or counselor draftTake the ACT and SAT exam in the early fall and forward your scores to the colleges to which you plan to applyRequest transcriptBegin visiting scholarshipsAgein exploring scholarship and financial aid opportunititiesBegin exploring scholarship and fancial aid opportunitiesBegin visiting scholarship and fancial aid opportunitiesBegin visiting scholarship and fancial aid opportunitiesBegin visiting schola		·		_
ommunity through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Keep working on a strong academic transcriptBegin to think about possible career goals/interestsIf you are serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic program that allows you to be leigible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. -Keep working on a strong academic transcriptBegin voltarious defense of the workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. -Meet with HS counselor to review courses, credit, and senior classes, -Take the PSAT in the fall (if you want to be eligible for NAtional Merit Scholarship) -Take the SAT and the ACT in the springTake the SAT and the ACT in the springScholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic classes and plan an academic and athletic programsPlan to take strong academic classes and plan and volunteer workPagin visiting schools that your are consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation program at the College in in the fall (if you want to be eligible for National Merit Scholarship) -Take the SAT and the ACT in the springTake the SAT and the A		1 .		
-Keep working on a strong academic transcript. -Begin to think about possible career goals/interestsIf you are serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Remember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. -Keep working on a strong academic transcriptBegin to think about possible career goals/interestsIf you are serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. -Keep copies of everything you sendKeep copies of everything yo				
a strong academic transcript. -Begin to think about possible career goals/interestsIf you are serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. a strong academic daseasBegin to think about possible career adout possible career adout possible deligible for National dher ACT in the springBegin exploring scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic transcriptBegin visiting scholarship and continue to keep up a through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workSummer jobs can mean money for college. a strong academic daseasMake a rough draft of your college essay(s) and have a teacher or counselor review it in early fall. Write your final draftTake the SAT and the ACT in the springBegin exploring scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic transcriptPletermine deadlines and requirements and stick to themMake a rough draft of your college essay(s) and have a teacher or counselor review it in early fall. Write your final draftTake the SAT and the ACT in the springPletermine deadlines and stick to themAlake a rough draft of your college essay(s) and have a teacher or counselor for National draftTake the SAT and the ACT in the springPleting in the fall (if you want to be eligible for National draftTake the ACT and SAT exam in the early fall and forward your scores to the colleges to which you plan to applyRequest transcripts, secommendation, and other supporting dada be sent to collegesPlan to take strong academic transcriptPegin visiting scholarship and financial aid opportunity to scholarship and continue to keep up a function program and and eademic transcriptRegin visiting scholarship and financial aid of (AFASA) as soon	, -	1 *		· ·
senior classes. -Begin to think about possible career goals/interestsIf you are serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. senior classesTake the PSAT in the fall (if you want to be eligible for NAtional Merit Scholarship) and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic classes your senior year and the ACT in the springBegin exploring academic transcriptBegin visiting schools that your are consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. senior classesTake the PSAT in the essay(s) and have a teacher or counselor review it in early fall. Write your final draftTake the ACT and SAT exam in the early fall and forward your scores to the colleges to which you plan to applyTake the ACT and SAT exam in the early fall and forward your scores to the colleges to which you plan to applyRequest transcripts, ercommendations, and other supporting data be sent to collegesSubmit applications by Christmas break but be sure to know each school's deadlineApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for need-based financial aid(FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Wake your final draftRequest transcripts, secommendations, and other supporting data be sent to collegesApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for need-based financial aid(FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Wake your final draftRequest transcripts, secommendations, and other supporting data be sent to collegesApply for need-based financial aid (FAFSA) as con after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to wh				
-Begin to think about possible career goals/interestsIf you are serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workSummer jobs can mean money for college. -Take the PSAT in the fall (if you want to be eligible for NACA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation -Take the PSAT in the fall (if you want to be eligible for NACh and the ACT in the springTake the PSAT in the fall (if you want to be eligible for NACh and programs and the ACT in the springBegin exploring scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic classes academic classes of eadlineKeep copies of everything you sendApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for need-based financial aid(FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Make a rough draft of your college essey(s) and have a teacher or counselor review it in early fall. Write your final draftTake the ACT and SAT exam in the early fall and forward your scores to the collegesFaquest transcripts, recommendations, and other supporting data be sent to collegesSubmit applications by Christmas break but be sure to know each school's deadlineKeep copies of everything you sendApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for leder of received and other supporting data be sure to know each school's deadlineKeep copies of everything you sendApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for all possible	jobs and volunteer work.	_		
about possible career goals/interests. -If you are serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for National Mark through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Remember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. About possible career goals/interests. Fall (if you want to be eligible for National Merit Scholarship) and the ACT in the spring. -Take the SAT and the ACT in the spring. -Take the SAT and the ACT in the spring. -Take the SAT and the ACT in the spring. -Take the SAT and the ACT in the spring. -Take the SAT and the ACT in the spring scholarship and financial aid opportunities. -Plan to take strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcript. -Begin visiting schools that your are considering. -Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Ask teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation		-		
career goals/interestsIf you are serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. eligible for National Merit Scholarship) -Take the SAT and the ACT in the springBegin exploring scholarship and fall and forward your scores to the colleges to which you plan to applyRequest transcripts, ended the sure to know each school's deadlineKeep copies of everything you sendApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for need-based financial aid (FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Make your final draftTake the ACT and SAT exam in the early fall. Write your final draftTake the ACT and SAT exam in the early fall. Write your fall carly to the colleges to which you plan to applyRequest transcripts, eadedlineKeep copies of everything you sendApply for need-based financial aid (FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Make your final draftTake the ACT and SAT exam in the early fall. write your scores to the colleges to which you plan to applyRequest transcripts, eadedlineKeep copies of everything you sendApply for need-based financial aid (FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Make your final draftTake the ACT and SAT exam in the early fall. write your fall to folleges to which you plan to applyRequest transcripts, eadedlineKeep copies of everything vour eadedlineKeep copies of everything vour eadedlineKeep copies of everything or eadedlineKeep copies of				
goals/interestsIf you are serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. Merit Scholarship) -Take the SAT and the ACT in the springBegin exploring scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin visiting schools that your are consideringBegin visiting schools that your are consideringBegin visiting scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin visiting academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin visiting scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic programs, jobs and volunteer workBegin visiting scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic (lasses your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic (lasses your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic (lasses your senior year and deallineRequest transcripts, recommendations, and other supporting data be sent to collegesSubmit applications by Christmas break but be sure to know each school's deallineKeep copies of everything you sendApply for need-based financial (if, possible)Visit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Visit colleges to which you followed acidineApply for need-based financial aid oporting the visit particular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of refusal to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund or		· •		, , ,
-Take the SAT and the ACT in the springBegin exploring college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. -Take the SAT and the ACT in the springBegin exploring cholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin visiting scholarship and fonancial aid continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin visiting scholarship and fonancial aid continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin visiting scholarship and fonancial aid continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin visiting scholarship and fonancial aid continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin visiting scholarship and fonancial aid colleges to which you plan to applyRequest transcripts, recommendations, and other supporting data be sent to collegesSubmit applications by Christmas break but be sure to know each school's deadlineKeep copies of everything you sendApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for need-based financial aid(FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Vale to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in				
serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. serious about playing a sport in college, research admissions scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin exploring scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin exploring scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic transcriptBegin exploring scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic transcriptBegin exploring scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin exploring scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic transcriptBegin exploring scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin exploring scholarship and other supporting data be sent to collegesSubmit applications by Christmas break but be sure to know each school's deadlineKeep copies of everything you sendApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for need-based financial aid(FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you plan to applyRequest transcripts, recommendations, and other supporting data be sent to collegesSubmit applications by Christmas break but be sure to know each school's deadlineKeep copies of everything you sendApply for ned-based financial aid(FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you onleadlineApply for all possible scho		1 -	. ,	
playing a sport in college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programs. -Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer work. -Remember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. -Begin exploring scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBe active in your consideringBe active in your consideringBegin exploring scholarship and financial aid opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin visiting schools that your are consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. -Ask teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation -To ffered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in		1		
college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. college, research admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletes and plan an academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic reanscriptBegin visiting schools that your are consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for need-based financial aid (FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Make your final choice and notify school(s) no later than May 1. Send acceptance letter and any necessary documents and deposits to your college of choice. Write a polite letter of refusal to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in				•
admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. admissions requirements for athletes and plan an academic and opportunitiesPlan to take strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin visiting schools that your are consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. and other supporting data be sent to collegesSubmit applications by Christmas break but be sure to know each school's deadlineKeep copies of everything you sendApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for need-based financial aid opportunity transcriptBegin visiting schools that your are consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation and other supporting data be sent to collegesSubmit applications by Christmas break but be sure to know each school's deadlineKeep copies of everything you sendApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for need-based financial aid (FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Make your final choice and notify school(s) no later than May 1. Send acceptance letter and any necessary documents and deposits to your college of choice. Write a polite letter of refusal to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in				
requirements for athletes and plan an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. requirements for athletes and plan an academic and academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin visiting schools that your are consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. ropportunitiesPlan to take strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin visiting schools that your are consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation recommendation collegesSubmit applications by Christmas break but be sure to know each school's deadlineKeep copies of everything you sendApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for need-based financial aid(FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Make your final choice and notify school(s) no later than May 1. Send acceptance letter and any necessary documents and deposits to your college of choice. Write a polite letter of refusal to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in			·	
athletes and plan an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. -Plan to take strong academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBe active in your consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for collegeSubmit applications by Christmas break but be sure to know each school's deadlineKeep copies of everything you sendApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for need-based financial aid(FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Make your final choice and notify school(s) no later than May 1. Send acceptance letter and any necessary documents and deposits to your college of choice. Write a polite letter of refusal to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in				
an academic and athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin visiting schools that your are consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation academic classes your senior year and continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for need-based financial aid(FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Make your final choice and notify school(s) no later than May 1. Send acceptance letter and any necessary documents and deposits to your college of choice. Write a polite letter of refusal to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in		-		
athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. athletic program that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: -Ask teachers/ counselor for letter of college. deadlineKeep copies of everything you sendApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for need-based financial aid(FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Make your final choice and notify school(s) no later than May 1. Send acceptance letter and any necessary documents and deposits to your college of choice. Write a polite letter of refusal to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in		-	_	
that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. that allows you to be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation continue to keep up a strong academic transcriptBegin visiting schools that your are consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation -Keep copies of everything you sendApply for all possible scholarshipsApply for need-based financial aid(FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Make your final choice and notify school(s) no later than May 1. Send acceptance letter and any necessary documents and deposits to your college of choice. Write a polite letter of refusal to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in				
be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. be eligible for NCAA programsBe active in your consideringBe active in your consideringBe active in your consideringBe active in your consideringVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Make your final choice and notify school(s) no later than May 1. Send acceptance letter and any necessary documents and deposits to your college of choice. Write a polite letter of refusal to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in				
NCAA programsBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. NCAA programsBe active in your community schools that your are consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. NCAA programsBegin visiting schools that your are consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation -Apply for need-based financial aid(FAFSA) as soon after January 1 as possibleVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Make your final choice and notify school(s) no later than May 1. Send acceptance letter and any necessary documents and deposits to your college of choice. Write a polite letter of refusal to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in				
-Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. -Be active in your schools that your are consideringBe active in your consideringBe active in your consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation -Begin visiting schools that your are consideringBe active in your colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Make your final choice and notify school(s) no later than May 1. Send acceptance letter and any necessary documents and deposits to your college of choice. Write a polite letter of refusal to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in		_	_	
community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. schools that your are consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation schools that your are consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation possibleVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Make your final choice and notify school(s) no later than May 1. Send acceptance letter and any necessary documents and deposits to your college of choice. Write a polite letter of refusal to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in			-	
through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. consideringBe active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation consideringVisit colleges to which you have applied (if possible)Make your final choice and notify school(s) no later than May 1. Send acceptance letter and any necessary documents and deposits to your college of choice. Write a polite letter of refusal to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in		-		· ·
extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. -Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation -Be active in your community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation -Be active in your (if possible)Make your final choice and notify school(s) no later than May 1. Send acceptance letter and any necessary documents and deposits to your college of choice. Write a polite letter of refusal to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in		· ·		-Visit colleges to which you have applied
programs, jobs and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. Community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation College. Community through extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation Fund -Make your final choice and notify school(s) no later than May 1. Send acceptance letter and any necessary documents and deposits to your college of choice. Write a polite letter of refusal to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in		_	-Be active in your	
and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. and volunteer workRemember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. -Ask teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation extracurricular programs, jobs and volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation recommendation school(s) no later than May 1. Send acceptance letter and any necessary documents and deposits to your college of choice. Write a polite letter of to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in		programs, jobs		
-Remember: Summer jobs can mean money for college. -Ask teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation volunteer workAsk teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation documents and deposits to your college of choice. Write a polite letter of to the othersSign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in		and volunteer		school(s) no later than May 1. Send
Summer jobs can mean money for college. -Ask teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation -Ask teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation -Ask teachers/ counselor for letter of recommendation -Sign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in		work.	programs, jobs and	acceptance letter and any necessary
mean money for counselor for letter of recommendation college. counselor for letter of recommendation counselor for letter of recommendation counselor for letter of recommendation -Sign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in			volunteer work.	documents and deposits to your college
college. recommendation -Sign up for the College Opportunity Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in				•
Fund -If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in		mean money for		
-If offered, plan to attend the summer orientation program at the college in		college.	recommendation	
orientation program at the college in				
				, ,
ı wnich you will be enrolling.				which you will be enrolling.

Junior Year Overview

- Make sure you are ready to have a **strong academic** year! Keep your grades up!
- As you begin the college planning process, start by making a list of academic areas that interest you or what you would like to do as a career.
- Begin using Naviance to look up schools based on your college priorities. Ask your counselor if you need any help with Naviance.
- Attend local college fairs and visit local colleges. You can find them online on websites such as http://www.coloradocouncil.org/day-night-college-fairs
- Identify the criteria that are important to you; match these criteria to colleges; generate a list of no more than 15 schools that meet your criteria.
- Study, register for and take the ACT and the SAT in the spring.
- Some schools (mostly Ivy League) require the SAT II (subject test). Check in Naviance and on the college's website to see if any of the colleges you are interested in require them. If they do, and you are finishing a subject in your junior year, (such as U.S. History, or a foreign language) and do not plan to take this subject in your senior year, it is recommended to take the SAT II in that subject in June.
- Visit colleges over spring break or when possible.
- If you are interested in participating in a competitive sport in college:
 - 1. Talk with your current coach to find out what level you may be able to compete at in college.
 - 2. Keep track of your athletic accomplishments and awards. Start working on a resume and if possible a video that highlights your athletic talent.
 - 3. Research colleges that fit both your academic and athletic talents.
 - 4. Write a letter to the college coach of the sport that you are interested in. In this initial letter describe your interest in their school program and your experience in the sport.
 - 5. Register on the NCAA Clearinghouse Web site if you are planning to play Division I or II sports.

Over the Summer:

- Look into summer enrichment programs. Many are listed on http://enrichmentalley.com/.
- Narrow down your college list on Naviance.
- Think about where you might want to be in your freshman year of college and talk with your family. You want them to feel as comfortable as you do about your college choices.
- Visit prospective colleges. Call the college admission office and request an interview appointment, if available, and a campus tour.
- Study and prepare to re-take the SAT and or the ACT if you are not satisfied with your scores.
- Consider getting a summer job to earn money and save for college expenses.

Become involved with at least one activity this summer—work, academic, club or athletic program.

Easing Stress 5 Tips for Easing the Stress of Applying to Colleges for parents and students

Today, applying to college is so much different than it was 20, or even 5 years ago! Starting early is the key to reducing stress. Here are some quick tips for high school students of any age in order to ease the stress of the process.

- 1. Select rigorous classes- This may not mean that your child has to take every Advanced Placement or Honors course offered at the school, but it does mean that your student should be taking the most difficult course load for them as an individual. Find your student's strengths and register for classes that help them excel in those areas.
- 2. Start a list- The college list is an important step in the process and can be started early. Have your student do some research online, talk to relatives, talk to friends, go to college fairs in the area and visit college campuses. Ideally, your student's college list should have about 20 schools on it in their junior year and then be narrowed down to 3-10 schools when they are ready to apply in the fall of their senior year.
- 3. Take the tests- After grade point average, the SAT and ACT scores are the second most important factors that colleges consider when deciding if students are eligible for admission. Your student should have taken pretests for these exams (called the EXPLORE and PLAN or the PSAT) in the fall, every year. These tests are excellent starting places for students who want to improve their scores. If a student has difficulty in one area of these pretests, make sure they are focusing their test preparation there. For example, if the student's vocabulary section is low, have your student pick up the newspaper every morning with breakfast and read some higher level writing.
- 4. Get involved- Colleges like to see students who are well rounded, because active students tend to do better in the college environment. Students in high school should pick a few activities which are interesting to them and stick with them for all four years of school. Your student does not have to be the captain of the swim team, president of the class, lead in the school play and volunteer 20 hours a week in order to get into the college of their choice, but a leadership position in at least one activity, plus an activity that shows a long term dedication of time, is something that colleges like to see on applications.
- 5. Get writing- One of the most dreaded aspects of the college application process is writing the college essay or personal statement. The fact is, this can be done as early as sophomore year, if your student knows what they want to say. The Common Application has 5 essay prompts for students to respond to and these have historically not changed very much. Take advantage of knowing that colleges generally ask for the same type of essay and get it done early. It will save students a lot of time if they had a rough draft of their essay done during the summer, instead of waiting to write their essay during the busy school year.

What's a College Looking For?

So, what is a college looking for in a prospective student? There are 5 key criteria in which you are evaluated:

GPA – You have been building your GPA since your freshman year. Colleges will want to see that you have taken courses that are preparing you for college and that you are doing well in them. Your GPA your senior year STILL COUNTS – colleges will want to see that you continued to work and will withdraw acceptances and/or scholarships if they see that a student has not. Many colleges will request a 7th semester transcript as well as an end of a year score report.

Standardized Test Scores – The SAT and/or ACT scores are another indicator of your readiness to enter the world of college. Schools will look at these scores together with your GPA and assess whether you are academically prepared for their curriculum. In Colorado, all state schools have put together an index that will show you where you stand with each particular school. (See the INDEX)

Essays- Essays are a chance to give colleges a deeper look into who you are as a person. They are also a good chance to explain to admissions representatives any questionable areas on your transcript. The key to a good essay is to be sincere, be concise and to be error free.

Extracurricular Activities –Colleges want to know what kind of contribution you will make by living and studying on their campus. Your extracurricular activities show that you are a well-rounded individual that can be a positive presence at their school. A resume will help you speak to your involvement in both your school and greater communities. (See the Resume Worksheet in this section.)

Teacher Recommendations –This helps colleges representatives see how you are in the classroom, beyond just the number of a grade. You will want to pick teachers that have been challenging, encouraging and that you have built a relationship with. Recommendation Request Forms are in your College Counselors office. Please make sure you fill this out completely and give to your selected teachers with an attached resume. Recommendation Request Forms should be filled out and given to the teachers **no later than 3 weeks** from the date that you will need them – please do not wait until the last minute! Ideally, give your teacher the request form before you go to summer break.

The Application Process

Once you have set your goals, done your research and picked your schools – it is time to apply to the colleges of your choice. On your list you will want to have a minimum of three schools and they should represent a dream school – even if it is a reach, a 50-50 school – this one is the school that you are pretty sure you can get into, and a safety school – with this school you **know** you will be accepted. In the fall of your senior year you will begin applying to the schools on your list.

Things to remember when applying:

- Know the deadlines! Are you applying with Early Action status, when is that deadline? Knowing when things are due will be extremely helpful in your planning.
- Do two or more of the schools on your list accept the Common Application? If so, this may be the best plan for you.
- Establish an account with the Common Application and all other schools you are applying for. You will want to consider having the same username and password for each application and it should be one that you can remember!
- Fill out a Transcript Request Form (these are in CAR) for each application and attach any forms or paperwork you need completed by your college counselor. Be sure to be specific with what you need sent to the school so that everything can go with one mailing.
- All college applications should be completed by your Christmas holiday break. The application piece of the process should be done by this time in order to be well-planned and ready to go at the end of your senior year.
- When you have been notified of the college's decision, tell your college counselor so that a record can be kept.

Standardized Testing

Standardized testing is an important factor in admission decisions at most four-year colleges and universities.

Colleges and universities will require one of two standardized tests: SAT or ACT. Both tests are designed to be taken in the spring of your junior year in high school. **As a college preparatory school, we require that every student takes a minimum of one test.**The ACT test will be administered to ALL juniors on April 19th. If you are not satisfied with your results you will be able to take the tests again in the fall of your senior year at a testing cite in the greater Denver area. You are able to take both tests as many times as you want. The testing centers do not recommend taking either test more than three times.

In addition to the SAT or ACT, some colleges will require the SAT II subject tests. Please check with the colleges you have in mind to see if the SAT II subject tests are required . Registration for the SAT & ACT can be done online:

• SAT & SAT II website: www.collegeboard.org

• ACT website: www.actstudent.orq

Test Preparation:

Practice, Practice - Practice can improve your scores. We provide some test preparation classes in your Junior year to help you get ready for the PSAT, SAT & ACT. See the college counseling office in CAR for more information on how to prep for the ACT and SAT.

ACT - sign up at: act.org School Administered ACT- April 19th! ACT at other sites in the Metro Area

Test Date	Registration	Late Registration
April 9 th	March 4 th	March 18th
June 11 th	May 6 th	May 20th
September 10 th	TBD	TBD
October 22 nd	TBD	TBD
December 10 th	TBD	TBD

SAT- sign up at collegeboard.org

Test Date	Registration	Late Registration
March 5 th	February 5 th	February 23rd
May 7 th	April 8 th	April 26th
June 4 th	May 5 th	May 25 th

The ACT

BMHS administers the ACT to all juniors in the spring of their junior year.

The ACT

Information below is from www.actsudent.org

How ACT calculates the multiple-choice test scores and the Composite score

- 1. First we count the number of questions on each test that you answered correctly. We do not deduct any points for incorrect answers. (There is no penalty for guessing.)
- 2. Then we convert your raw scores (number of correct answers on each test) to scale scores. Scale scores have the same meaning for all the different forms of the ACT, no matter which test date a test was taken or what set of questions you took.
- 3. Your **Composite score** and each **test score** (English, mathematics, reading, science) range from 1 (low) to 36 (high). The Composite Score is the average of your four test scores, rounded to the nearest whole number. Fractions less than one-half are rounded down; fractions one-half or more are rounded up.
- 4. We compute your seven **subscores** (Usage/Mechanics, Rhetorical Skills, etc.) in the same way, but subscores range from 1 (low) to 18 (high). There is no direct, arithmetic relationship between your subscores and your test scores—this means your subscores do not necessarily add up to your test score.

What are national ranks?

As your score report explains, the ranks show the percent of recent high school graduates who took the ACT and scored at or below each of your scores. (See also National Ranks for ACT Scores.) You can use the ranks to get a sense of your relative strengths and weaknesses in the four general subject areas represented by the test scores and in the seven specific areas represented by the subscores. If you haven't yet read the part of your report that explains the ranks of your scores (to the right of your scores), do so now.

Your high school grades are another way to identify your academic strengths and weaknesses. When you registered for the ACT, you reported your grades in up to 30 specific courses. Your GPA, as calculated by ACT on an unweighted 4-point scale, is shown on your Student Report. Test scores and high school grades together are usually better indicators of future academic success than either is alone.

If you want to know more about what your test scores can tell you about the skills you are likely to know and what you are likely to be able to do in each content area measured by the ACT, see ACT College Readiness Standards.

The SAT

It is recommended that students take the SAT in the spring of their junior year. Bishop Machebeuf does not test the SAT on campus, students must sign up at collegeboard.org for the exam and take it off site.

The NEW SAT.

Information below is from www.collegeboard.org

Compare SAT Specifications

The first table compares the major features of the current SAT and new SAT. The second table compares the number of items and testing times in each part.

Major Features Compared

Comparison of the Major Features: Current SAT and New SAT						
Category	Current SAT	New SAT				
Total Testing Time	3 hours and 45 minutes	3 hours (plus 50 minutes for the Essay [optional])				
Components	 Critical Reading Writing Mathematics Essay 	 Evidence-Based Reading and Writing Reading Test Writing and Language Test Math Essay (optional) 				
Important Features	 Emphasis on general reasoning skills Emphasis on vocabulary, often in limited contexts Complex scoring (a point for a correct answer and a 	 Focus on the knowledge, skills, and understandings that research has identified as most important for college and career readiness and success Greater emphasis on the meaning of words in extended contexts and on how word 				

Comparison of the Major Features: Current SAT and New SAT

Category	Current SAT	New SAT
	deduction for an incorrect answer; blank responses have no impact on scores)	choice shapes meaning, tone, and impactRights-only scoring (no penalty for guessing)
Essay	 Required and given at the beginning of the SAT 25 minutes to write the essay Tests writing skill; students take a position on a presented issue 	 Optional and given at the end of the SAT; postsecondary institutions determine whether they will require the Essay for admission 50 minutes to write the essay Tests reading, analysis, and writing skills; students produce a written analysis of a provided source text
Score Reporting	 Scale ranging from 600 to 2400 Scale ranging from 200 to 800 for Critical Reading; 200 to 800 for Mathematics; 200 to 800 for Writing Essay results scaled to multiple-choice Writing 	 Scale ranging from 400 to 1600 Scale ranging from 200 to 800 for Evidence-Based Reading and Writing; 200 to 800 for Math; 2 to 8 on each of three dimensions for Essay Essay results reported separately
Subscore Reporting	None	Subscores for every test, providing added insight for students, parents, admission officers, educators, and counselors

The College Visit

The **College Visit** is different from the **Campus Visit** in that it takes place at Machebeuf. Each fall and spring, colleges will set appointments to come to Machebeuf to meet with students who have an interest in their school.

These visits are managed through Naviance. You will be able to see the College Visit schedule and to sign up through your Naviance account. This information will also be posted outside of the CAR office. College Visits happen during Connections unless otherwise noted.

Notes on the College Visit:

- Check the schedule outside of CAR and on Naviance.
- Do your research on the school. If it is a school you want to know more about, you must sign up on Naviance **at least** the day before.

Do your homework!

- Research the college before the visit. Don't waste time asking questions that can be found in the publications.
- Determine what things are important to you and ask questions about them! Is the school a good fit?

Bring a list of written questions Sample Questions

- Do you have a separate scholarship application or is my application for admission my scholarship application as well?
- Can you tell me what is unique about your (nursing/engineering/journalism etc.) program?
- How many students live on campus vs commute to school?
- Do your students have to live on campus freshman and sophomore year?
- Do you have any unique admissions requirements?

After your visit, take some time to evaluate your thoughts on the school. Keep a list of the pros & cons.

College: Pros	
Pros	Cons

Scholarship Resources

Regardless of your financial situation, there may be one or more scholarships available to you. Scholarships are given by individual colleges, organizations, companies and community groups. If you are serious about finding money for college, you should be willing to spend some time on your scholarship search.

Please understand that you do <u>NOT</u> need to pay to do a scholarship search. There are many private companies that attempt to sell such a service. They are not recommended, if you have any questions or concerns about a scholarship please talk with your college counselor.

Start with the college opportunity fund! At: www.cof.college-assist.org

Scholarship Web Sites

- www.collegeboard.com
- www.fastweb.com
- www.schoolsoup.com
- www.zinch.com
- www.collegeinvest.org
- www.collegeincolorado.com
- https://www.maldef.org/assets/pdf/Scholarship_List_2010_2011.pdf
- www.collegescholarships.com
- www.scholarships.com

http://apps.collegeboard.com/cbsearch_ss/welcome.jsp

Financial Aid Terms

FAFSA (Free Application for Federal Student Aid) - One of the two forms used by colleges to determine a student's financial need. Must be submitted after January 1st and no Later than March 1st of the students senior year. (We strongly recommend that all financial aid forms be submitted by February 15th.) FAFSA is submitted online at www.fafsa.ed.gov.

CSS (College Scholarship Service) - CSS is the financial aid division of the College Board. They administer the Profile.

CSS PROFILE - PROFILE is a program of the College Scholarship Service. Some colleges, universities, and scholarship programs use the PROFILE to help them award nonfederal student aid funds. Students can submit the PROFILE as early as September 15 of their senior year. Many early action and early decision schools use PROFILE so that they can estimate the financial aid packages for those students accepted under those programs. We recommend that students submit the PROFILE online at www.collegeboard.org/profile.

EFC (Expected Family Contribution) - The EFC is the amount that FAFSA or Profile ultimately determine that a family can pay after assessing the family's need.

Financial Aid Package - This term refers to the total amount of aid that the student receives. Federal and nonfederal aids, such as loans, grants, or work study, are combined in a package to help meet the student's need.

Grant - Grant refers to the part of the student's financial aid package that does not need to be repaid.

Pell Grant -This is a need-based federal grant which students apply for when completing the FAFSA. Even if you do not qualify for the grant the Student Aid Index Number, which every applicant receives, can open other financial aid options.

Perkins Loan - A federal loan program based on need. Loan applications are made through the college financial aid office.

PLUS Loans - These are not need-based. They are low interest loans, made to the parents. The college financial aid office or the state guarantee agency can help you find a lender.

Stafford Loans - Low interest loans made by a bank, credit union, or similar institution. The college financial aid office or the state guarantee agency can help you find a lender.

SAR (Student Aid Report) - A student will receive the SAR from the processing center after submitting FAFSA. The SAR contains all the information the student provides on the FAFSA. The SAR gives the student an opportunity to correct any information, to present any special or extenuating circumstances, or have the information sent to up to six additional colleges.

Work Study - A part-time job funded by the government and administered by the college. Jobs are awarded on the basis of need and are factored into the aid package.

College Opportunity Fund

The College Opportunity Trust Fund (COF), created by the Colorado Legislature, provides a stipend (FREE MONEY) to eligible undergraduate students. The stipend pays a portion of your total in-state tuition when you attend a Colorado public institution or a participating private institution.

Eligible undergraduate students must apply, be admitted and enroll at a participating institution. Both new and continuing students are eligible for the stipend.

Qualifying students may use the stipend for eligible undergraduate classes. The stipend is paid on a per credit hour basis to the institution at which the student is enrolled. The credit-hour amount will be set annually by the General Assembly. Currently the stipend is \$75 per credit hour for public institutions and \$38 per credit hour for private institutions.

For example:

If you are a student attending CSU and taking 15 credits a semester the college opportunity fund would award you **15 credits** \mathbf{x} **\$75 a credit** = **\$1,125**. This is equal to \$9,000 over the span of your undergraduate education!

It takes 30 seconds to sign up at: www.cof.college-assist.org

Bishop Machebeuf High School Planning for College Resume Builder

Your resume is the place where you highlight all of your experiences and show the reader exactly what you did and how well you did it. You should use specific details when describing your job duties. The resume has several standard categories, which helps the reader find specific information. Once you complete this worksheet, you can start. Remember to upload your resume to Naviance when you are done.

1. Education: In this section, you simply describe where you went to school.
a. What school do you go to? b. What grade are you in? c. What is your current GPA (if you know)?
2. Summary of Qualifications: In this section, you list 3-4 special skills that you have that would be very helpful to the company or that might make you stand out from the competition. Remember to keep you entries professional! The list below includes just a few examples of skills that are beneficial Circle any that apply to you.
a. Speaking more than one languageb. Competent at web design and other web based publishingc. Being friendly and outgoing, a good-listener, able to multi-task, etcd. Having special certificates or training (such as CPR/first aid, etc)
3. Work Experience: Have you ever had a job? Remember a job can be working for a paycheck at a business, of it can be babysitting, mowing lawns, doing chores for a neighbor, helping at a family business, etc. a. Name of the company:
a. Name of the company: b. Dates you did the work: c. Types of tasks you did for the job:
4. Volunteer and Extracurricular Activities: In this section, you will list any significant volunteer activities. This shows your interest ar involvement in your community. a. What organizations have you volunteered with? b. Dates you volunteered with the organization: c. What activities did you do with these organizations? d. What kinds of clubs or sports do you participate in? e. What awards/recognitions have you earned?

When you have completed the questions above, you may begin typing your draft.

Name

Street Address City, State Zip Phone Number

E-mail: address

Educational Goal: To attend a college in which I can pursue _____ major.

Educational Information:

Bishop Machebeuf High School Class of 2008 Denver, Colorado GPA: 3.8

Summary of Qualifications:

- Computer literate in Windows-based programs
- Type 40 wpm
- Bilingual in English and Spanish
- Friendly and outgoing

Work History:

Jackson's Landscaping, Denver, CO

November 2005 - Present

(Lawn specialist)

- Managed customer relations
- Organized scheduling process
- Assisted with billing and payment

CRL, Associates, Inc., Denver, CO

August 2004 - June 2005

(Human Resource Department)

- Assisted with filing
- Helped launch and organize a voting campaign (FASTRACKS)
- Managed Excel documents

Extra Curricular Activities:

Softball (11, 12) - Team Captain (11) National Honor Society (10, 11, 12) Leader's Challenge (11)

Volunteer Activities:

The Delores Project, Denver, CO

August 2006 - Present

• Monthly Meal Preparation for 60+ homeless women

Leader's Challenge, Denver, CO

June 2006 - May 2007

• Coordinated a fundraising event for children in Africa

Awards and Recognitions:

Sophomore Scholar of the Year Junior Scholar of the Year Mayor's Teen Volunteer of the Month

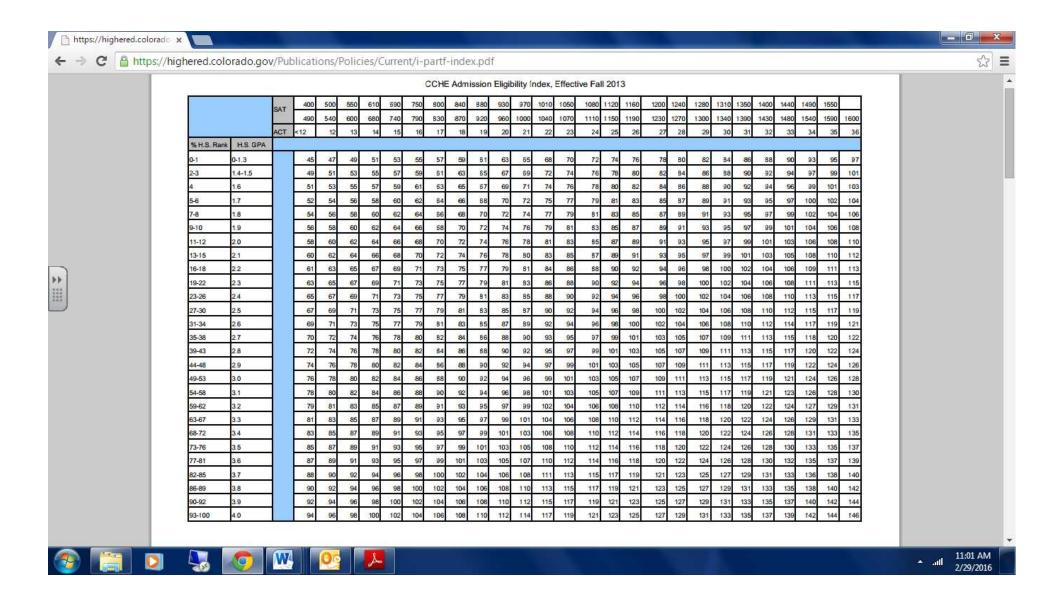
January, 2007

Resources and Forms

BISHOP MACHEBEUF HIGH SCHOOL Transcript Request Form Student Name: Lauthorize the release of my official transcript to be sent to the institution

I aut	•	al transcript to be sent to the institution(s) liste
Stud	lent's Signature	Date
Coll	ege, School or Scholarship Nar	ne:
App	lication Deadline for College: _	
(You dead Did	n must turn in your transcript in the line) you use the Common Application	
Add	ress (If school does not accept o	electronic copies):
Plea	ase include with my transcript:	
	Recommendation Letter(s)/F	Form(s) from:
	Secondary School Report/Co	ounselor Report (needed for common ap)
	Other:	
		M TO THE COUNSELING OFFICE

Please note that Bishop Machebeuf High School does not send ACT/SAT scores



CCHE INDEX SCORE FOR FIRST-TIME FRESHMEN Institution Fall 2013

Adams State University* 80

Colorado School of Mines 110

Colorado State University 101

Colorado State University – Pueblo 86

Fort Lewis College 92

Colorado Mesa University*

92 Metropolitan State University of Denver** 76

University of Colorado Boulder 103

University of Colorado Colorado Springs 92

University of Colorado Denver 93

University of Northern Colorado94

Western State Colorado University 80

College Checklist - Worksheet

	N	ame:						
Steps	College:		College:		College:		College:	
Location/Size								
Application Deadline								
Average GPA Requirement								
Tests Required: SAT, ACT SATII (subjects?)								
Average ACT Scores								
Average SAT Scores								
4-year Graduation Rate								
Job Placement Rate								
Programs Offered								
Tuition & Fees								
Room & Board								
Have you been on campus?	□ Yes	□ No						
What are the Pro's & Con's	Pro's	Con's	Pro's	Con's	Pro's	Con's	Pro's	Con's
Priority Level	□ High	□ Low						

RECOMMENDATION REQUEST FORM

Name:		
Teacher & Class:		
Have you requested my	letter on Naviance?	
Today's Date: Colleges to which I am applyin	Deadline:	
Please describe your goals for	college and the future:	
	vities in which you have participated, include years participated and awards o	earned:
What is your favorite class and	d why?	
What are your strengths in the	classroom?	
What is your GPA/SAT score//	ACT score?	
Please describe why you feel	you would be successful in college:	
List three adjectives that you w	vould use to describe yourself to others:	_
Describe the two most importation four years:	ant activities (school or community) in which you have been involved during	the pas
I am asking you to recommend	d me to potential colleges because:	

What would you like to see stressed in the letter of recommendation to the college admissions committee? (please use back of this form as well)