ATHENS COUNTY - DIVORCE/NO CHILDREN

Service...Notifying the Opposing Party that you Have Filed Court Documents

What You Must Do To Ensure that Service is Completed

Service of Court Documents

After you file court papers with the Clerk of Courts, Ohio law requires that the opposing party be notified of this filing. This notice is called "service".

Why is Service So Important

Service gives the other party a chance to respond to whatever it is that you have requested of the Court. It is only fair that both parties to a lawsuit have the chance to present their side of the case to the Court. If the opposing party is not properly notified, the Court does not have the power to make any decisions regarding your case. In fact, your case could be dismissed if service is not completed in a timely fashion.

Who Notifies the Opposing Party and How?

Soon after you file, the Clerk of Courts will send or deliver one copy of all the forms you filed to the opposing party at the address you provided for that person. Some courts will send these documents by certified mail - requiring a signature by the opposing party or another adult living with him/her. Other

courts will deliver these documents to the opposing party in person.

If this first effort is not successful...the Court will notify you and then YOU must take steps to ensure service is completed. The Court will not do anything unless you write to them and tell them what you want them to do. If you don't do anything, your case could be dismissed!

How Will I Know if Service Has Failed?

The Court will send you a Notice in the mail letting you know that service has failed. The notice will tell you why service was not successful. Service usually fails because the opposing party refuses to sign for the documents or no longer lives at the address you gave to the Court.

What to Do After Receiving a Notice from the Court.

- 1. Try to find another more current address for the opposing party. Call friends and family members. You must make you best effort to locate the opposing party.
- → If you are able to find a more recent address for the opposing party, write a letter to the Clerk of Courts, requesting them to serve the papers by certified mail to this new address.

- → If you are unable to find a more recent address for the opposing party, write a letter to the Clerk of Courts requesting them to serve the papers by ordinary mail.
- 2. Wait about a week. Then call the Clerk of Courts and ask if this second attempt at service was successful. Unless documents are returned to the Court stamped "undeliverable," service was completed.
- 3. If documents are returned to the Court and stamped "undeliverable," you must request Personal Service or Service by Posting or Publication.

PERSONAL SERVICE What is It?

Your court papers will be hand-delivered to the opposing party by someone from the court or the Sheriff's Department.

How to Obtain Personal Service

You must write to the Clerk of Courts and request Personal Service. You must tell the clerk where the opposing party will be on the date he or she will be served (work or home address) so the party can be located.

The court will notify you in writing if they were unable to serve the opposing party in person. If you receive a written notice from the Court stating that Personal Service has failed, you must try Service by Publication or Posting. If you do not get a notice from the Court after about one week, call the Clerk of Courts and ask if service was completed.

SERVICE BY POSTING

What is It?

The Court posts a notice regarding your case in two different locations in your community. This notice will be posted for six weeks. After this six week period expires, the Court has the power to decide your case and will set a hearing date. Even if the opposing party never sees the posting this is adequate service under Ohio law.

SERVICE BY PUBLICATION What is It?

The Court publishes a notice regarding your case in a local newspaper. This notice will be published for six weeks. After this six-week period expires, the Court has the power to decide your case and will set a hearing date. Even if the opposing party never sees the publication, this is adequate service under Ohio law.

How do I request Service by Publication?

Ask the Court if they have a fill-in-the-blank "Affidavit for Service by Publication". If

they do not, you must create your own or contact Southeastern Ohio Legal Services at 1-800-686-3669 or local (740)594-3558. Title your document "Affidavit for Service by Publication" and give the following information:

- 1) state that you do not know the residence of the opposing party;
- 2) explain the steps you have taken trying to locate a proper address and that these steps have failed; and
- 3) state that you cannot locate the opposing party's residence with reasonable diligence.

The Affidavit must be signed by you, notarized by a notary public, and filed with the Clerk of Courts. You will have to pay a rather large fee (over \$100) to file the affidavit.

Who Can Request Service by Posting?

You can only request Service by Posting if:

- 1) you are filing for a divorce, annulment, or legal separation; and
- 2) you filed a Poverty Affidavit (also known as an Affidavit of Indigency) with your request which allowed you to file without paying a filing fee.

If you did not file a Poverty Affidavit or the court made you pay a filing fee you must do Service by Publication.

How to Request Service by Posting

Ask the Court if they have a fill-in-the-blank "Affidavit for Service by Posting". If they do not, you must create your own or contact Southeastern Ohio Legal Services at 1-800-686-3669 or local (740)594-3558. Title the document "Affidavit for Service by Posting" and state the same things you stated in the Affidavit for Service by Publication. You must ALSO write the last known address you have for the opposing party.

The Affidavit must be signed by you, notarized by a notary public, and filed with the Clerk of Courts. You should not be required to pay any fees.

will only allow you to do service by publication or posting if you have made efforts to locate the opposing party's new address. You must explain in the Affidavit for Service by Publication or Posting exactly what you have done to try to locate the opposing party's address.

INFORMATION ON PRO SE DIVORCE

Case No.	
----------	--

- 1. There is a two hundred seventy-five dollar (\$275.00) filing fee, or you will need an approved Affidavit of Indigency.
- 2. After filing your Complaint for Divorce, you should check with the Clerk of Courts Office, 740-592-3242, in about two to three weeks to see if the Defendant (your spouse) was served with the Summons and Complaint. If service was successful, you should allow 28 days for the Defendant to file an Answer to the Complaint. The hearing will not be scheduled for at least 42 days after service.
- 3. Call Kathy in the Domestic Relations Division to schedule a hearing date some time after the 28 days: 740-592-3240.
- 4. You need to know your case number when calling either the Clerk's Office or Domestic Relations, so if at all possible, have your copy of the complaint in hand when calling. You can also write it at the top of this page for reference.
- 5. On the day of your hearing, you will need to bring a **character witness**. If you own property, you should bring proof of ownership, such as a copy of your deed.
- 6. The Clerk of Courts Office is not permitted to give legal advice.
- 7. If you have minor children involved in the divorce and have received the blue instructional letter concerning the Domestic Relations Clinic, you *must* attend the clinic *before* the hearing date.

IMPORTANT PHONE NUMBERS:

The Clerk of Courts 740-592-3242 Domestic Relations 740-592-3240

YOU MUST TAKE YOUR ORIGINAL DOCUMENT AND THREE COPIES TO FILE WITH THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS AT THE ATHENS COUNTY COURTHOUSE 1 SOUTH COURT STREET

FOURTH FLOOR

PERSONAL INFORMATION SHEET

PETITIONER/PLAINTIFF

	: Case No
Name	
Address	
	:
City, State and Zip Code	
Phone Number (home/cell)	
Phone Number (work)	
Social Security Number	
Date of Birth	:
	:
RESPONDENT/DEFENDANT	:
Name	<u>.</u>
Address	•
City, State and Zip Code	:
Phone Number (home/cell)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Phone Number (work)	
ocial Security Number	:
Pate of Birth	·

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS ATHENS COUNTY, OHIO

	,	Case No
	Plaintiff,	Judge
	vs.	
	,	DESIGNATION FORM TO INDICATE
	Defendant.	THE CATEGORY OF THE CAUSE
Has th	nis case been previously filed and dismissed?	YesNo
Case of	categories: (place an X in one category only)	
	Professional Tort	
	Product Liability	
	Other Torts	
	Worker's Compensation	
	Foreclosure	
	Administrative Appeal	
	Complex Litigation	
	Other Civil	
	Criminal	
	Divorce	
	Dissolution	
	Uresa	
	Domestic Violence	
	Paternity	
	Submi	tted by:

If you or your spouse own any **real estate**, or have any type of **pension plan**, you should **consult a private attorney** before using these forms.

DIVORCE - NO CHILDREN

Type or Print all Forms - If you are downloading the forms from the website, the forms are in PDF and can be typed online and then saved on your computer or flash drive for revision and printing. You can also access these fillable forms on the website - www.seols.org - at the Get Help page

* All forms in **BOLD** must be signed in front of a notary.*

Forr	ns to	be completed by you	
	Complaint - Tells the Court why you want a divorce and what you want.		
	2	Affidavit of Indigency – If you are low income, this tells the Court that you cannot afford to prepay the filing fee.	
	8	Instructions for Service - Tells the Court where to send copies to your spouse.	
	A	You must fill out the Affidavit of Income and Expenses and Affidavit of Property to tell the Court about your financial situation and the property you own.	
Add	itiona	ll Forms if You Need Immediate Orders	
□ now (4 (if you r	Motion for Temporary Orders (Form 4)- Tells the Court what you are asking for need something now).	
	comp	'fidavit for Service - If you do not know where your spouse lives and you have leted Form ② then complete Form ⑤ to obtain service then also give the Clerk A □ Order for Service.	
		L the clerk of the court in the county where you will be filing this action to find out if are any additional local forms that you will need.	
Afte	er com	apleting the forms	
	Make	three (3) copies of each completed form.	
	Take	the originals and three (3) copies to Clerk of Common Pleas Court.	
	If you	completed Form (2), you will pay nothing at the time of filing.	
	-	a did not complete Form (2), there will be a filing fee – CALL the clerk of courts to but how much the costs will be.	
Afte	er forn	ns are filed	
	Clerk	will send you notice of any court dates. Attend all of these court dates.	
	If you	n move, call the Clerk with your new address.	
	Bring	Judgment Decree of Divorce to the final hearing. The judge will complete the form.	



IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS Division COUNTY, OHIO Name Case No. Street Address City, State and Zip Code Plaintiff Magistrate _____ VS. Name Street Address City, State and Zip Code Defendant : **Instructions:** This form is used to request a divorce if you and your spouse do not have (a) child(ren), adult child(ren) attending high school, or child(ren) with disabilities. Check to determine if you meet the residency requirement to file in this county. A Request for Service (Uniform Domestic Relations Form 28) must be filed with this form.

COMPLAINT FOR DIVORCE WITHOUT CHILDREN

1.	I have been a resident of the State of Ohio for at least s	ix months.
2.	☐ I have been a resident ofimmediately before the filing of this Complaint; or	County for at least 90 days
	☐ The Defendant resides in	County where this Complaint is filed.
3.	The Defendant and I were married to one another on in	(date of marriage) (city or county, and state).

I, the Plaintiff, for this Complaint say:



4.	I state regarding child(ren) (check all that apply): The Wife is not pregnant. All children born from or adopted during this marriage or relationship are adults and not mentally or physically disabled child(ren) incapable of supporting or maintaining themselves.
5.	I state the following grounds for divorce exist (check all that apply): The Defendant and I are incompatible. The Defendant and I have lived separate and apart without cohabitation and without interruption for one year. The Defendant or I had a Husband or Wife living at the time of the marriage. The Defendant has been willfully absent for one year. The Defendant is guilty of adultery. The Defendant is guilty of extreme cruelty. The Defendant is guilty of fraudulent contract. The Defendant is guilty of gross neglect of duty. The Defendant is guilty of habitual drunkenness. The Defendant was imprisoned in a state or federal correctional institution at the time the Complaint was filed. The Defendant procured a divorce outside this state by virtue of which the Defendant has been released from the obligations of the marriage, while those obligations remain binding on me.
6.	The Defendant and I are owners of real estate and/or personal property.
	quest that a divorce be granted from the Defendant, that the Court determine an equitable division of ts and property, and as follows that (check all that apply): The Defendant be ordered to pay me spousal support. I be restored to my prior name of:
	☐ The Defendant be required to pay attorney fees.
	The Defendant be required to pay the court costs of the proceeding.
	☐ The Court make the following additional orders:
	and that the Court grant such other and further relief as the Court may deem proper.
	Your Signature
	Telephone number at which the Court may reach you or at which messages may be left for you

Supreme Court of Ohio
Uniform Domestic Relations Form – 6
COMPLAINT FOR DIVORCE WITHOUT CHILDREN
Approved under Ohio Civil Rule 84
Effective Date: 7/1/2013

<u>INSTRUCTIONS FOR POVERTY AFFIDAVIT – COMMON PLEAS</u>

- PRINT OR TYPE –

- 1. Fill in the name of the county where the action is.
- 2. Fill in the name of the Plaintiff.
- 3. Fill in the name of the Defendant.
- 4. Fill in the Case Number of the action.
- 5. Fill in your name.
- 6. Sign your name ONLY IN FRONT OF A NOTARY IF THE affidavit is correct.

MAKE 2 COPIES AND TAKE WITH THE MOTION TO THE COURT

PLEASE NOTE: FILING WITH A POVERTY AFFIDAVIT DOES NOT MEAN YOU DO NOT HAVE TO PAY COURT COSTS. IT ONLY MEANS THAT YOU DO NOT HAVE TO PAY IT IN ADVANCE. THE COURT WILL DETERMINE WHO IS TO PAY COURT COSTS AT THE TIME OF THE HEARING.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

– 1 – Name of County, OHIO

<u> </u>	- Name of Plaintiff ,		
VS.	Plaintiff,	Case No.	<u> – 4 – Case Number</u>
– 3	- Name of Defendant ,		
	Defendant.		IT OF INABILITY AY COURT COSTS.
	I, _ 5 - Fill in your name , being	first duly ca	utioned and sworn, depose and
state:			
	1. That I am a party in interest in the above	e-captioned a	action; that I have a meritorious
cause	of action but am unable to give security or a	cash deposit	to secure costs.
	2. That I am unable to afford the hiring of a	an attorney to	o represent me in this matter.
	3. That I own no liquid assets or property of	of any substa	ntial value to prepay court costs.
	<u>- 6 -</u>	<u>- Sign On</u>	ly In Front of Notary
20	Sworn to and subscribed in my presence thi	is	_ day of,
		NOTARY	PUBLIC

 $P: VPro\ Se\ forms\ \&\ instruc,\ common\ pleas\ \&\ juvenile \\ VCommon\ Pleas\ Poverty\ Affidavit-SAMPLE. wpd$

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

	, ОНІО	
Plaintiff,	Case No	
VS.		
Defendant.	AFFIDAVIT OF INABILITY TO PREPAY COURT COSTS	
I,	, being first duly cautioned and	
sworn, depose and state:		
1. That I am a party in interest in the above-caption action but am unable to give security or a cash of		
2. That I am unable to afford the hiring of an attorn	ney to represent me in this matter.	
3. That I own no liquid assets or property of any su	ubstantial value to prepay court costs.	
Sworn to and subscribed in my presence this	s, day of,	
20		
	NOTARY PUBLIC	

IN THE C	COURT OF COMMON PLEAS Division
	COUNTY, OHIO
IN THE MATTER OF:	
A Minor	
Name	Case No.
	:
Street Address	: Judge
City, State and Zip Code	: :
Plaintiff/Petitioner	: Magistrate
vs./and	· :
	:
Name	· :
Chroat Address	:
Street Address	
City, State and Zip Code	· :
Defendant/Petitioner	:
Instructions: This form is used when you want indicate the requested method of service by ma	t to request documents to be served on the other party. You must arking the appropriate box.
manage and requested meaned or control of	and appropriate 2011
RE	QUEST FOR SERVICE
TO THE CLERK OF COURT:	
Please serve the following documents on t	the following parties as I have indicated below:
☐ Defendant/Petitioner at the address sho	own above.
☐ Certified Mail, Return Receipt Re	quested
	County, Ohio for Personal or Residence service
Other (specify) Supreme Court of Ohio	
Uniform Domestic Relations Form – 28 Uniform Juvenile Form – 10	
REQUEST FOR SERVICE	anila Pula 46
Approved under Ohio Civil Rule 84 and Ohio Juve Effective Date: 7/1/2013	Page 1 of 2

Form 28

☐ PI	aintiff/Petitioner at the address shown above. ☐ Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested ☐ Issuance to Sheriff of ☐ Other (specify)	
	County Child Support	t Enforcement Agency (provide address below):
-		County, Ohio for Personal or Residence service
□ Of	ther (address):	
	☐ Certified Mail, Return Receipt Requested☐ Issuance to Sheriff of☐ Other (specify)	County, Ohio for Personal or Residence service
SPE	CIAL INSTRUCTIONS TO SHERIFF:	
		Your Signature

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS COUNTY, OHIO Case No. Plaintiff/Petitioner Judge v./and Magistrate Defendant/Petitioner **Instructions:** Check local court rules to determine when this form must be filed. This affidavit is used to make complete disclosure of income, expenses and money owed. It is used to determine child and spousal support amounts. Do not leave any category blank. Write "none" where appropriate. If you do not know exact figures for any item, give your best estimate, and put "EST." If you need more space, add additional pages. AFFIDAVIT OF INCOME AND EXPENSES Affidavit of ______(Print Your Name) Date of marriage Date of separation **SECTION I - INCOME** Wife **Husband** Employed ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No **Employer** Payroll address Payroll city, state, zip \square 12 \square 24 \square 26 \square 52 \square 12 \square 24 \square 26 \square 52 Scheduled paychecks per year YEARLY INCOME, OVERTIME, COMMISSIONS AND BONUSES FOR PAST THREE YEARS 20 _____ \$ ____ _____ 3 years ago Base yearly income 20 _____ \$ ____ 20 _____\$ ____ Last year 3 years ago 20 ____ \$ ____ Yearly overtime, commissions _____ 2 years ago 20 _____ \$ _____ and/or bonuses

Last year

20 \$

B. <u>COMPUTATION OF CURRENT INCOME</u>

	<u>Husband</u>	<u>Wife</u>
Base yearly income	\$	\$
Average yearly overtime, commissions and/or bonuses over last 3 years (from part A)	\$	\$
Unemployment compensation	\$	\$
Disability benefits Workers' Compensation Social Security		
Other:	\$	\$
Retirement benefits Social Security Other:	\$	\$
Spousal support received	\$	\$
Interest and dividend income (source)	\$	\$
Other income (type and source)	Ψ	Ψ
	\$	\$
TOTAL YEARLY INCOME	\$	
Supplemental Security Income (SSI) or public assistance	\$	\$
Court-ordered child support that you receive for minor and/or dependent child(ren) not of the marriage or relationship	\$	\$
		· ·

SECTION II – CHILDREN AND HOUSEHOLD RESIDENTS

Minor and/or dependent child(ren) who are add	opted or born of this marriage or re	lationship:
Name	Date of birth	Living with
In addition to the above children there is/are in	your household:	
adult(s) other minor and/or depende	nt child(ren).	
SECTION III – EXPENSES		
List monthly expenses below for your present h	nousehold.	
A. MONTHLY HOUSING EXPENSES		
Rent or first mortgage (including taxes and ins	surance)	\$
Real estate taxes (if not included above)		\$
Real estate/homeowner's insurance (if not inc	cluded above)	\$
Second mortgage/equity line of credit		\$
Utilities		
o Electric		\$
o Gas, fuel oil, propane		\$
 Water and sewer 		\$
o Telephone		\$
o Trash collection		\$
o Cable/satellite television		\$
Cleaning, maintenance, repair		\$
Lawn service, snow removal		\$
Other:		\$
		\$
	TOTAL MONT	THLY: \$

B. <u>OTHER MONTHLY LIVING EXPENSES</u>

Food			
0	Groceries (including food, paper, cleaning products, toiletries, other)	\$	
0	Restaurant	\$	
Transpo	rtation		
0	Vehicle loans, leases	\$	
0	Vehicle maintenance (oil, repair, license)	\$	
0	Gasoline	\$	
0	Parking, public transportation	\$	
Clothing			
0	Clothes (other than children's)	\$	
0	Dry cleaning, laundry	\$	
Persona	al grooming		
0	Hair, nail care	\$	
0	Other	\$	_
Cell pho	ne	\$	
Internet	(if not included elsewhere)	\$	_
Other		\$	
	TOTAL MONTHLY	\$	
	ONTHLY CHILD-RELATED EXPENSES children of the marriage or relationship)		
Work/ed	lucation-related child care	\$	
Other ch	nild care	\$	
Unusual	parenting time travel	\$	
Special	and unusual needs of child(ren) (not included elsewhere)	\$	
Clothing		\$	
Schools	supplies	\$	
Child(ren)'s allowances			
Extracurricular activities, lessons			
School I	unches	\$	
Other		\$	
-	TOTAL MONTHLY		

D. <u>INSURANCE PREMIUMS</u>

Life	\$	
Auto	\$	
Health	\$	
Disability	\$	
Renters/personal property (if not included in part A above)	\$	
Other	\$	
TOTAL MONTHLY	\$	
E. MONTHLY EDUCATION EXPENSES	•	
Tuition		
○ Self	\$	
o Child(ren)	\$	
Books, fees, other	\$	
College loan repayment	\$	
Other	\$	
	\$	
TOTAL MONTHLY:	\$	
F. MONTHLY HEALTH CARE EXPENSES (not covered by insurance)		
Physicians	\$	
Dentists	\$	
Optometrists/opticians	\$	
Prescriptions	\$	
Other _	\$	
	\$	
TOTAL MONTHLY:	\$	
G. <u>MISCELLANEOUS MONTHLY EXPENSES</u>		
Extraordinary obligations for other minor/handicapped child(ren) (not stepchildren)	\$	
Child support for children who were not born of this marriage or relationship and were not adopted of this marriage	\$	
Spousal support paid to former spouse(s)	\$	
Subscriptions, books	\$	
Entertainment	\$	

Supreme Court of Ohio Uniform Domestic Relations Form – Affidavit 1 Affidavit of Income and Expenses Approved under Ohio Civil Rule 84 Effective Date: July 1, 2010

Charitable	contributions			\$	
Memberships (associations, clubs)					
Travel, vacations					
Pets				\$	
Gifts				\$	
Bankrupto	y payments			\$	
Attorney fo	ees			\$	
Required (type)	deductions from wages (ex	cluding taxes, Social Secur	ity and Medicare)	\$	
Additional	taxes paid (not deducted f	rom wages) (type)		\$	
Other				\$	
				\$	
			TOTAL MONTHLY:	\$	
(Do r	THLY INSTALLMENT PAY not repeat expenses alread nples: car, credit card, rent		ments		
	To whom paid	Purpose	Balance due		Monthly payment
			\$	\$	
			\$	\$	-
			\$	\$	
			_ \$	\$	-
			\$	\$	
			\$	\$	
			\$\$	\$	
			\$	\$	
			\$	\$	
			\$	\$	
			_ \$	\$	
			\$	\$	
				\$	
			\$	\$	
				_	
			 \$	\$	
			TOTAL MONTHLY:	\$ \$	

OATH

(Do not sign until notary is present.)

(20 1101 01911	and notary to proceed
	, swear or affirm that I have read d belief, the facts and information stated in this document if I do not tell the truth, I may be subject to penalties for
Sworn before me and signed in my presence this _	Your Signature day of ,
	Notary Public My Commission Expires:

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

		COUNTY,	OHIO	
Plaintiff/Petitioner v./and		Case No. Judge Magistrate		
Respondent/Petitioner				
Instructions: Check local could List ALL OF YOUR PROPERT not leave any category blank. I best estimate, and put "EST." I	Y AND DEBTS, the property of t	roperty and debts of you , put "NONE." If you do r	r spouse, and any joi not know exact figure	nt property or debts. Do s for any item, give your
	Affidavit of	AVIT OF PROPERT	Υ	-
I. REAL ESTATE INTEREST	ΓS			
<u>Address</u>	Present I <u>Market Va</u>	111100 10	Mortgage <u>Balance</u>	Equity (as of date)
1	 \$	☐ Husband ——— ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$	\$
2.	\$	☐ Husband — ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$	\$
_	TOTAL S	SECTION I: REAL ES	TATE INTERESTS	

II. OTHER ASSETS

	<u>Category</u>	<u>Description</u> (List who has possession)	Titled To	Value/Date of Value	
	A. Vehicles and Other Certificate of Title Property	(Include model and year of automobiles, trucks, motorcycles, boats, motors, motor homes, etc.)			
1.			☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$	
2.			☐ Husband☐ Wife☐ Both	\$	
			☐ Husband☐ Wife☐ Both	\$	_
3.			Husband Wife Both	\$	
4.			- Husband - Wife - Both	\$	_
5.			_	\$	
6.			☐ Both		
	B. Financial Accounts	(Include checking, savings, CDs, POD accounts, money market accounts, etc.)			
1.			☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$	
			- ☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$	
2.			— ⊟ Husband	 \$	
3.			☐ Wife ☐ Both	Ψ	
			_ ☐ Husband ☐ Wife	\$	
4.			☐ Both		

	Category C. Pensions & Retirement plans	<u>Description</u> (List who has possession) (Include profit-sharing, IRAs, 401k plans, etc.; Describe each type of plan)	Titled To	<u>\</u>	√alue/Date of Value
1.			☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$_	
2.			Husband Wife Both	\$_	
3.			- ☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$_	
4.			- ☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$_	
٦.	D. Publicly Held Stocks, Bonds, Securities & Mutual Funds		-	_	
1.			☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$_	
2.			☐ Husband☐ Wife☐ Both	\$	
		-	- ☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$	
3.			- ☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$	
4.			-	=	
	<u>Category</u> E. Closely Held Stocks & Other Business Interests	<u>Description</u> (List who has possession) (Type of ownership and number)	Titled To	<u>\</u>	√alue/Date of Value
1.	and Name of Company	,	☐ Husband - ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$_	
2.			- ☐ Husband - ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$ <u>_</u>	

	F. Life Insurance Type (Term/Whole Life)	(Any cash value or loans)		(Insured party & value upon death)
1.			☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$
2.		-	Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$
3.			 ☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$
4.		-	 ☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$
	Category G. Furniture & Appliances	Description (Estimate value of those in your possession, and value of those in your spouse's possession)	Who Has <u>Possession</u>	Value/Date of Value
1.			☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$
2.			 ☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$
3.			 ☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$
4.			Husband Wife Both	\$
	H. Safe Deposit Box	(Give location and describe contents)	Titled To	
1.			☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$
			 ☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$

	I. Transfer of Assets	Explanation: List the name and addre Affidavit) who has received money or p months and the reason for each transfe	property from you exce		
1.			☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$_	
2.			☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$_	
3.			☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$_	
4.			☐ Husband☐ Wife☐ Both	\$_	
	Category	<u>Description</u> (Also list who has possession)	<u>Titled To</u>	<u></u>	/alue/Date of Value
	J. All Other Assets Not Listed Above	Explanation: List any item you have n listed above that is considered an asset			
1.			☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$_	
2.			 ☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Both	\$_	
۷.		TOTAL SECTION II:	OTHER ASSETS	\$_	
III.	SEPARATE PROPERTY	CLAIMS: Pre-marital assets, gifts	to one spouse o	nly, in	heritances
inc		in any of the categories below, explato, inheritances, property owned I			
	<u>Category</u> re-marital Gift, Inheritance, , acquired after separation)		Why do you claim s s a separate prope		Present Fair <u>Market Value</u>
1.					\$
2.					\$
3.					
4.					
5.					\$
		TOTAL SECTION III: SEPARATE	PROPERTY CLA	AIMS	\$

Supreme Court of Ohio Uniform Domestic Relations Form – Affidavit 2 Affidavit of Property Approved under Ohio Civil Rule 84 Effective Date: July 1, 2010

IV. DEBT

List ALL OF YOUR DEBTS, the debts of your spouse, and any joint debts. Do not leave any category blank. For each item, if none, put "NONE." If you don't know exact figures for any item, give your best estimate, and put "EST." If more space is needed to explain, please attach an additional page with the explanation and identify which question you are answering.

	<u>Type</u>	Name of Creditor/Purpose <u>of Debt</u>	Account Name	Name(s) on Account	Total Debt <u>Due</u>	Monthly <u>Payment</u>
(A. Secured Debt Mortgages, Car, etc.)					
1				☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Joint	\$	\$
2				☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Joint	\$	\$
3				☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Joint	\$	\$
4				☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Joint ☐ Husband	\$	\$
5				☐ Wife ☐ Joint	\$	\$
[3. Unsecured Debt, including credit cards					
1.				☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Joint	\$	\$
2.				☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Joint	\$	\$
3	_			☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Joint	\$	\$
4				☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Joint	\$. \$
5				☐ Husband ☐ Wife ☐ Joint	\$	\$
			TOTAL SECTION	ON IV: DEBT	\$	

Supreme Court of Ohio Uniform Domestic Relations Form — Affidavit 2 Affidavit of Property Approved under Ohio Civil Rule 84 Effective Date: July 1, 2010

V. BANKRUPTCY

Filed by: Wife, <u>Husband, Both</u>	Date of Filing: Case Number	Date of Discharge or Relief from Stay	Type of Case (Ch. 7, 11, 12, 13)	Current Monthly Payments
1. Husband Wife Both				\$
2. Husband Wife Both				\$
		TOTAL SECTION	ON V: BANKRUPTCY	\$
		ОАТН		
	(Do No	t Sign Until Notary is Pr	resent)	
		ge and belief, the facts	ear or affirm that I have and information stated ruth, I may be subject to	in this document
		Your	Signature	
Sworn before me and	signed in my presence t	his day of		,
		Notar	y Public	
		My Co	ommission Expires:	



COURT OF COMMON PLEAS COUNTY, OHIO Case No. Plaintiff Judge ٧. Magistrate Defendant Instructions: Check local court rules to determine when this form must be filed. This form is used to request temporary orders in your divorce or legal separation case. After a party serves a Motion and Affidavit, the other party has 14 days to file a Counter Affidavit and serve it on the party who filed the motion. If more space is needed, add additional pages. MOTION AND AFFIDAVIT OR COUNTER AFFIDAVIT FOR TEMPORARY ORDERS WITHOUT ORAL HEARING Check one box below to show whether you are filing a (1) Motion and Affidavit or (2) Counter Affidavit. (1) Motion and Affidavit files this Motion and Affidavit (Print Your Name) under Rule 75(N) of the Ohio Rules of Civil Procedure to request the temporary orders checked here. Check only those that apply. Residential parenting rights (custody) Parenting time (visitation)

Child support

THE OTHER PARTY HAS 14 DAYS FROM THE DATE ON WHICH THIS MOTION IS SERVED TO FILE A COUNTER AFFIDAVIT AND SERVE IT UPON THE PARTY WHO FILED THE MOTION. (See below.)

Spousal support (alimony)

Payment of debts and/or expenses

Supreme Court of Ohio
Uniform Domestic Relations Form – Affidavit 5
Motion and Affidavit or Counter Affidavit for Temporary Orders
Without Oral Hearing
Approved under Ohio Civil Rule 84
Effective Date: July 1, 2010

response to a Motion and Affidavit.

(2) Counter Affidavit
(Print Your Name)

files this Counter Affidavit in



Complete the following information, whether filing Motion and Affidavit or Counter Affidavit. Check all that apply. 1. My spouse and I are living separately. Date of separation is My spouse and I are living together. We have no minor children. (Skip to number 5.) There are minor child(ren) who are adopted or born of this marriage. (List children here.) Name Date of birth Living with In addition to the above children there is/are in my household: adult(s) other minor and/or dependent child(ren). 2. My child(ren) attend(s) school in: Father's school district Mother's school district Open enrollment Other (Explain.) All children do not attend school in the same district. (Explain.) 3. I request to be named the temporary residential parent and legal custodian of the child(ren).

I do not object to my spouse being named the temporary residential parent of the child(ren).

The Court's standard parenting order (See county's local rules of court.)

(Specify child(ren) if request is not for all children.)

A specific parenting time order as follows:

I request the following parenting time order:



		I have reached an agreement regarding parenting time with my spouse as follows:
		I request that my spouse's parenting time (visitation) be supervised. (Explainsupervised parenting time order will NOT be granted if the reasons are not explained.)
		Name of an appropriate supervisor
4.		A court or agency has made a child support order concerning the child(ren). Name of Court/Agency
		Date of Order
		SETS No.
5.	I red	quest the Court to order my spouse to pay:
		\$ child support per month
		\$ spousal support per month
		\$ attorney fees, expert fees, court costs
		The following debts and/or expenses:
		Other
6.		I am willing to attend mediation.
		I am not willing to attend mediation.
		I request the following court services. (See local rules of court for available services.)
		State specific reasons why court services are required.



OATH

(Do not sign until notary is present.)

I, (print name), swear or affirm that I have read this document and, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the facts and information stated in this document are true, accurate and complete. I understand that if I do not tell the truth, I may be subject to penalties for perjury.								
				Your Signature				
				-				
Swo	rn befo	re me and signed in my p	presence this	day of ,				
				-				
				Notary Public				
				My Commission Expires:				
		(Cho.	NOTICE OF HI					
		(Cried	ck with local court for s	cheduling procedure.)				
You a	re here	eby given notice that this r	motion for temporary or	rders will be heard upo	n affidavits only, and			
withou	ut oral t	estimony, before Judge/N	Magistrate					
Hearing Room		m , at						
					, floor .			
			CERTIFICATE OF	SERVICE				
Choc	the be	oxes that apply.						
		copy of my: Motion a	nd Affidavit or □ Cour	nter Affidavit				
On:		e)						
To:					of the party)			
10.	(FIIII	t name of other party's at	tiorney or, ir there is no	attorney, print name o	i tile party.)			
At:	/Drin	nt address or fax number.)	1					
At.	(FIIII	t address of fax fluffiber.,				<u> </u>		
By:	\Box	U.S. Mail						
Dy.		Fax						
		Messenger						
		Clerk of courts (if addre	ess is unknown)					
		,	,					
				Your Signature				

Supreme Court of Ohio
Uniform Domestic Relations Form – Affidavit 5
Motion and Affidavit or Counter Affidavit for Temporary Orders
Without Oral Hearing
Approved under Ohio Civil Rule 84
Effective Date: July 1, 2010

IN THE C	COURT OF COMMON PLEAS	OF	COUNTY, OHIO	
	Plaintiff,	Case No.		
vs.				
	Defendant.	AFFIDAVIT FOR SER' PURSUANT TO O.R.C. 4.4(A)(2)		
I,	, b	eing first duly sworn and caution	ned, depose	
and state as	follows:			
1.	I have filed for a divorce and a	m not able to prepay the filing fe	ees;	
2.	I do not know the current address of the defendant, my spouse;			
3.	I have made efforts to determ	nine the defendant's current add	ress but have been	
	unable to do so;			
4.	The defendant's residence can	not be learned with reasonable ef	ffort;	
5.	The defendant's last known ma	ailing address is:		
	- <i>I</i>	Affiant		
STATE OF	OHIO, COUNTY OF	, SS:		
Swo	orn to before me and signed in my	presence this day of	, 20	
		Notary Public		

Order A

Plaintiff

cc:

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS		
	COUNTY, OHIO	
	Case No(Court will complete)	
(Your Name)	(Court will complete)	
Plaintiff,		
vs.	Judge(Court will complete)	
(Your Spouse's Name)	-	
Defendant.	JOURNAL ENTRY	
The Plaintiff having filed an A	Affidavit pursuant to Civil Rule 4.4(A)(2) which satisfies	
the Court that the residence of the De	fendant is unknown, and the Court being satisfied that due	
diligence has been exercised by Plain	tiff, now ORDERS the Clerk of Courts to post service of	
notice pursuant to O.R.C. Rule 4.4(A)(2) and any applicable local rules.	
	JUDGE	

Division COUNTY, OHIO Plaintiff Case No. Street Address Judge _____ City, State and Zip Code Magistrate VS. Defendant Street Address City, State and Zip Code FINAL JUDGMENT FOR DIVORCE WITHOUT CHILDREN This matter came on for final hearing on before ☐ Judge ☐ Magistrate upon the Plaintiff's Complaint for Divorce without Children filed on and/or Defendant's Counterclaim filed on and upon the following: **FINDINGS** Upon a review of the record, testimony, and evidence presented, the Court makes the following findings: A. Check all that apply: The Defendant was properly served with summons, copy of the Complaint, and notice of the The Defendant's waiver of service of summons and Complaint have been filed in this case. The Defendant filed an Answer. The Defendant failed to file an Answer or plead, despite being properly served with summons, copy of the Complaint, and notice of the hearing. The Plaintiff replied to the Defendant's Counterclaim. ☐ The Plaintiff failed to reply to the Defendant's Counterclaim.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

Supreme Court of Ohio
Uniform Domestic Relations Form – 11
FINAL JUDGMENT FOR DIVORCE WITHOUT CHILDREN
Approved under Ohio Civil Rule 84
Effective Date: 7/1/2013

B.	Present at the hearing were the: Plaintiff, Defendant,					
C.	The \square Plaintiff and/or \square Defendant was/were a resident(s) of the State of Ohio for at least six months immediately before the Complaint and/or Counterclaim was/were filed.					
D.	At the time the Complaint and/or Counterclaim was/were filed: The Plaintiff was a resident of this county for at least 90 days. The Defendant was a resident of this county. Other grounds for venue were:					
E.	The Plaintiff and Defendant were married to one another on (date of marriage) in (city or county, and state). The termination of marriage is the date of final hearing or as specified:					
F.	Check all that apply regarding children: The Wife is not now pregnant. No child(ren) were born from or adopted during the marriage or relationship. All child(ren) born from or adopted during the marriage or relationship are emancipated adults and not mentally or physically disabled child(ren) incapable of supporting or maintaining themselves. Other findings:					
G.	Select one: Neither the Plaintiff nor the Defendant is in the military service of the United States. The Plaintiff and/or the Defendant is in the military service of the United States and his/her service did not impact his/her ability to defend this action.					
H.	The Plaintiff and/or the Defendant through testimony have indicated full and complete disclosure to the other of all marital property, separate property, and any other assets, debts, income, or expenses. The Defendant has not filed a response or made an appearance. The Plaintiff has not filed a response or made an appearance.					
I.	The parties that appeared have no additional knowledge of any other property and debts of any kind in which either party has an interest.					

Supreme Court of Ohio Uniform Domestic Relations Form – 11 FINAL JUDGMENT FOR DIVORCE WITHOUT CHILDREN Approved under Ohio Civil Rule 84 Effective Date: 7/1/2013

J.	The parties that appeared have had the opportunity to value and verify all marital property, separate property, and other debts.				
K.	This Court has jurisdiction and proper venue to determine all of the issues raised by the pleadings and motions.				
L.	L. Select one: A Magistrate's Decision was filed on: No objections were filed. The Court approves the terms contained in the Decision and finds the terms are fair and equitable. All objections were ruled upon by a separate entry. The parties have presented the Court with a written Separation Agreement or have read into the record a settlement of all issues, which the Court finds to be a fair and equitable division of property and debts and an appropriate resolution of all issues, knowingly and voluntarily entered into by the parties. The Court has made a fair and equitable division of property and debts and an appropriate resolution of all issues of the parties after review and consideration of all evidence presented. Other:				
M.	The divorce is granted on the following ground(s) (check all that apply): The Plaintiff and Defendant are incompatible. The Plaintiff and Defendant have lived separate and apart without cohabitation and without interruption for one year. The Defendant or Plaintiff had a Husband or Wife living at the time of the marriage. The Defendant or Plaintiff is guilty of adultery. The Defendant or Plaintiff is guilty of adultery. The Defendant or Plaintiff is guilty of fraudulent contract. The Defendant or Plaintiff is guilty of gross neglect of duty. The Defendant or Plaintiff is guilty of habitual drunkenness. The Defendant or Plaintiff was imprisoned in a state or federal correctional institution at the time the Complaint was filed. The Defendant or Plaintiff procured a divorce outside this state by virtue of which she or he has been released from the obligations of the marriage, while those obligations remain binding on the Plaintiff or Defendant.				

JUDGMENT

Based upon the findings set out above, it is, therefore, **ORDERED**, **ADJUDGED** and **DECREED** that:

FIRST: DIVORCE GRANTED A divorce is granted, and both parties shall be released from the obligations of their marriage except for those obligations listed below or as set out in the attached Separation Agreement Magistrate's Decision and/or Other:							
which is incorporated in this entry.							
SECOND: PROPERTY The parties' property shall be divided as follows:							
A.	The Plaintiff shall have the following items of real estate and personal property, free and clear from all claims of the Defendant, subject to any indebtedness which the Plaintiff shall pay and from which the Plaintiff shall hold the Defendant harmless:						
В.	The Defendant shall have the following items of real estate and personal property, free and clear from all claims of the Plaintiff, subject to any indebtedness which the Defendant shall pay and from which the Defendant shall hold the Plaintiff harmless:						
C.	The Plaintiff is awarded the following separate property:						
D.	The Defendant is awarded the following separate property:						
•							

•	Other orders regarding property (specify):		
	Within 30 days the parties will take all necessary steps to transfer legal title and possession of property and take appropriate actions to implement and effectuate the division of pensions and retirements.		
	Other orders regarding transfers:		
	Plaintiff and Defendant's debts shall be divided as follows. The Plaintiff shall pay the following debts and shall hold the Defendant harmless from all claims:		
•			
	The Defendant shall pay the following debts and shall hold the Plaintiff harmless from all claims:		

	under FOURTH: SPOUSAL SUPPORT.				
	☐ Nothing in this order shall prevent the ☐ Plaintiff and/or ☐ Defendant from being fully discharged from the debts allocated in this order in a bankruptcy proceeding except for any orders expressly for spousal support and the following debts:				
	Neither party shall incur liabilities against the other party in the future.				
FO	JRTH: SPOUSAL SUPPORT				
A.	Spousal Support Not Awarded Neither the Plaintiff nor Defendant shall pay spousal support to the other. The Court shall not retain jurisdiction, except as set forth above under THIRD : DEBTS .				
B.	Spousal Support Awarded The Plaintiff Defendant shall pay spousal support to the Plaintiff Defendant in the amount of \$ per month plus 2% processing charge, commencing on and due on the day of the month. This spousal support shall continue indefinitely for a period of .				
	☐ The Court shall not retain jurisdiction to modify spousal support.				
	\Box The Court shall retain jurisdiction to modify the \Box amount \Box duration of the spousal support Order.				
C.	Termination of Spousal Support This spousal support shall terminate sooner than the above stated date upon the Plaintiff's or the Defendant's death or in the event of the following (check all that apply): The cohabitation of the person receiving support in a relationship comparable to marriage The remarriage of the person receiving support. Other (specify):				
D.	Method of Payment of Spousal Support (select one): The spousal support payment shall be made directly to the Plaintiff Defendant. The spousal support payment, plus 2% processing charge, shall be made to the Ohio Child Support Payment Central, P. O. Box 182372, Columbus, Ohio 43218-2372, as administered through the County Child Support Enforcement Agency by income withholding at his/her place of employment.				

Supreme Court of Ohio Uniform Domestic Relations Form – 11 FINAL JUDGMENT FOR DIVORCE WITHOUT CHILDREN Approved under Ohio Civil Rule 84 Effective Date: 7/1/2013

E.	Deductibility of Spousal Support for All Tax Purposes (select one): The spousal support paid shall be deducted from income to the person paying the support and included by the person receiving the support.						
		pe included in income of the person paying	the support.				
F.	Other orders regarding spousal support (specify):						
G. Arrearage ☐ Any temporary spousal support arrearage will survive this judgment entry. ☐ Any temporary spousal support arrearage will not survive this judgment entry. ☐ Other:							
FIFT	TH: NAME						
the	e prior name of:		is restored to				
SIX	XTH: OTHER ORDERS						
SE\	EVENTH: COURT COSTS						
Cou	ourt costs shall be (select one):						
	·	ue above the deposit shall be paid as follo	ws:				
The	GHTH: CLERK OF COURTS e Clerk of Courts shall provide: a certified copy to:						
	a file stamped copy to:						
	OTICE. Pursuant to Civil Rule 58(B), this Judgment Entry and of the date o	the Clerk is directed to serve upon the part f entry upon the Journal.	ies a notice of the filing				
Date	ute	JUDGE					

Supreme Court of Ohio Uniform Domestic Relations Form – 11 FINAL JUDGMENT FOR DIVORCE WITHOUT CHILDREN Approved under Ohio Civil Rule 84 Effective Date: 7/1/2013

Preparing Your Case

If you do decide to represent yourself, you need to manage all aspects of your case.

- ✓ Familiarize yourself with the local court rules. Rules and procedures vary slightly from court to court, and you need to know the rules that apply in the court that will hear your case. Obtain a copy of the local rules from your court.
- ✓ Make sure your filings and documents conform to local standards. Generic forms and sample filings are available in books and on the internet. However, these generic documents may not conform to the standards of the court that will hear your case. To make sure that your documents will be accepted, ask your court for forms and sample filings.
- Respond to all inquiries on time. During trial preparations, you may receive inquiries from the court or the opposing party. For example, the opposing party may be entitled to "discovery"—to learn about evidence or testimony you plan to introduce (you may be entitled to the same). If you fail to respond to such inquiries, you may limit your ability to present your case.
- ▼ Rules about admissible evidence are complicated. There are many possible reasons that evidence or testimony you think is relevant and important may not be admissible in court. Since questions about what evidence is admissible are legal questions that are often contested, neither court staff nor the judge may answer them ahead of time. This can be frustrating for non-attorneys: if your case will involve contested evidence, consider again whether you need an attorney.
- ✓ Make sure evidence you plan to use will be acceptable and available in court. If your case will involve evidence—documents, pictures, cost estimates, receipts, or other items—you must prepare it for court use. In particular, you must
 - bring at least three copies of all documents (for the court, for the opposing party, and for yourself); and

- be able to verify that documents are what you say they are or contain accurate information.
- Make sure any witnesses are prepared and available in court. If your case will involve testimony from witnesses, you need to work with them before you and they appear in court. Make sure your witnesses know what you will ask, and instruct them to answer truthfully. And remember that your witnesses must be
 - present at your trial (they may not, for example, prepare written statements or appear by telephone); and
 - prepared to answer questions from the opposing party or his or her attorney.

When you decide to represent yourself, you take on full responsibility for your case. You need to handle legal questions as well as deadlines, documents, evidence, witnesses, and any other issues that may come up. Even a seemingly simple case can demand a lot of your time and attention.

In the Courtroom

At the trial or hearing itself, you need to present your case in its strongest way. Here are some simple tips:

- ✓ **Make a good impression.** Dress appropriately. Arrive on time with all your materials.
- ✓ **Respect the court.** Stand when the judge enters or leaves the courtroom and when you speak to the judge. Address the judge as "Your Honor."
- Respect the opposing party. Never argue with the opposing party in front of the judge. Use respectful terms of address.
- ✓ **Speak clearly and succinctly.** Be prepared to state your case in a few sentences. Listen carefully and answer questions directly.
- ☑ Be prepared. Courts are very busy. You want to present your case in the strongest way, but you also want to help the proceedings move efficiently. The better prepared you are, the better the case will go.

The Role of the Judge

Your case will be heard and decided by a judge (or a magistrate). Keep in mind that the role of the judge is to be an impartial referee in the dispute between you and the opposing party. Among other things, this means that

- ✓ The judge may not help you present your case. Helping you—by pointing out possible mistakes or by letting you know what you need to do next—would be unfair to the opposing party. When you represent yourself, you take on the full responsibility of presenting your case.
- ✓ The judge may not speak with you about your case when the opposing party is not present.

 This is true even if the issue you want to speak with the judge about seems like a simple procedural question. Again, such communications would be unfair to the opposing party.
- The judge will decide the case on the basis of the facts presented in court and the applicable law. The judge may only consider the facts as they are presented in court, through evidence and testimony. You need to make sure that all facts supporting your case are properly presented. The judge also needs to follow the laws that apply. Sometimes the law dictates which facts the judge may and may not consider. You need to make sure that you present the facts that the law requires or permits.

Legal Advice

It is always a good idea to consult with an attorney and be represented by an attorney in court.

- ✓ The law is complex. Attorneys are trained professionals who understand the law and how it relates to your case.
- ✓ Even matters that initially look simple may raise complicated issues.
- ✓ Your interests will be best protected by a legal professional.

Attorneys can be expensive, but consider this:

- What might you lose if your case goes badly? Paying for an attorney may be a good investment.
- ✓ Meet with several attorneys to discuss your case and their fees—don't let one consultation make up your mind.
- You may qualify for legal aid or help from legal clinics or other programs—be sure to investigate the resources in your community.

Ohio courts and judges will provide a fair hearing for your case whether or not you are represented by an attorney, and it is your right to represent yourself if you so choose.

When you bring a case to court without the help of an attorney, you are taking on a complex task that is normally done by highly trained professionals. You may do yourself a disservice.

For help with finding an attorney, you might turn to your local bar association. Your local bar association is:

Asking Court Staff

Court staff may not give legal advice. You may have questions that court staff are not permitted to answer.

区 Court staff may not

- × provide you with legal research;
- **x** tell you what sorts of claims to file or what to put on forms;
- × tell you what to say in court;
- give an opinion about how a judge is likely to decide your case;
- give you information that they would not give to the opposing party;
- * tell you about a judge's decision before it is issued by the judge.

☑ Court staff may

- ✓ answer questions about how the court works;
- ✓ explain terms used in the court process;
- ✓ give you information from your case file;
- ✓ provide you with court forms and sample filings and documents.

Court staff are there to help those who use the court. They can usually tell you *how* to do things, but **may not** advise you about *what* you ought to do. Please be courteous to staff and respect the limits on what they may do for you.



Representing Yourself in Court

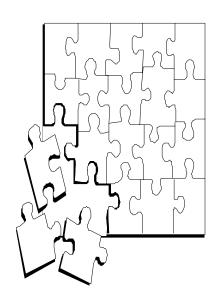
A CITIZENS GUIDE



Created By:
NAPIL Equal Justice Fellow
Ohio State Legal Services Association®
© 2001 OSLSA rev. 6/20/02

THE DIVORCE PROCESS

P:\7-Publications\PAMPHLET\Pro Se Forms Collected\Pamphlets\Divorce Process.wpd



1. PREPARE AND FILE DOCUMENTS

Complete Court documents (Complaint, Poverty Affidavit, Information Sheet, Judgment Entry and other required documents).

Make four copies of all documents, except the Judgment Entry. Keep the original copy of the Judgment Entry—you will have to get the Judge to sign it at your hearing.

Take all copies of the completed documents to the Clerk's office to be filed.

The Clerk will timestamp the documents, assign a case number and a judge. The Clerk will give you one set of the documents for your records. Keep this copy in a safe place.

2. SERVICE

The Court will send one set of documents to your spouse. This is called "Service."

If the Court is unable to "serve" your spouse, you will get a notice in the mail.

If your spouse could not be served, you must complete the document called "Affidavit for Service by Posting."

Make four copies of this "Affidavit."

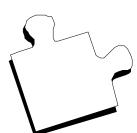
Take all documents (four copies and the original) to the Clerk's office to be filed. Once again, they will be stamped and you will be given a copy for your records.

3. ANSWER

Your spouse has 28 days after "Service" to "Answer" your complaint.

An "Answer" is your spouse's written response.

If your spouse files an Answer, you will get a copy in the mail. If you get



an Answer, your divorce is no longer uncontested and you may want to get an attorney.

4. HEARING AND FINAL ORDERS

Approximately eight to ten weeks after you file, you will be notified of the date and time of your hearing.

Prepare for the hearing by getting witnesses together and practicing what you will say to the Judge.

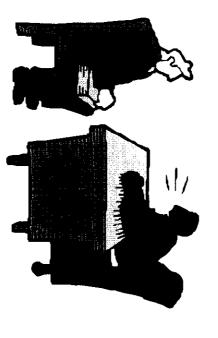
Attend the Hearing and have the Judge sign a Judgment Entry.

Take the Signed Judgment Entry to the Clerk to be time-stamped.

The Court will send you the Judge's Decision by mail.

es es es

How to Handle Witnesses When You Are Representing Yourself



When Should I Bring a Witness to Court?

It is always a good idea to bring a witness with you simply to tell the Court that you are an honest person or to confirm that what you are telling the Court is true.

→ People who know you and your reputation in

the community.

Who Should I Bring as a Witness?

→ People who know about the situation that

In most cases that come before the Court, both sides are telling a different version of the same story. The Court knows that each side may be telling the version that best serves his or her own interests. The testimony of a witness (someone not involved in the case directly) will make your side of the story more believable.

In some types of cases, you are required by law to bring a witness. For example, in divorce cases, many Courts require a that you bring a witness to testify that you are a person known to have good character in your community (that you are an honest and good person).

you simply because they like you and want you to

Court may assume that the person is testifying for

the other. With family members and friends, the

have someone who does not favor one side over

member be a witness for you, it is always best to

While it is okay to have a friend or family

brought you to the Court from things they have seen or heard. Only use witnesses after you have talked to them and are sure that they will tell the Court what is helpful to your

*

What If My Witnesses Can't Come to the Hearing?

Your witness **must** come to the hearing! A handwritten note from a person will not be accepted by the Court—the witness must show up at the hearing and testify live. Live testimony is required so that the other side has an opportunity to ask questions of your witness as well.

To make sure your witnesses will show up, make sure you call them the week of the hearing and again the day before the hearing to remind them.

* * *

How Do I Prepare My Witnesses?

- → Think about what is the most valuable thing each witness could say on your behalf.
- Write down a few questions that will help the witness get the idea across.
- → Practice with your witness ahead of time, so you know what answers will be given.

ě

ě

What Should I Do With My Witnesses at the Court Hearing?

- → Start by asking the witness their name and address.
- → If your witness is a professional, you should ask what their job is, what their educational degrees are, and how long they have been doing their job.
- → Then ask specific questions about what information they have about your case.

With your own witness, it is **not okay** to ask "leading questions." Leading questions give the witness the answer you want them to say.

You must keep your questions openended. Open-ended questions are Who, What, Where, When, How, and Why questions.

Examples to use:

- How would you describe my husband's condition when he dropped the children off at your house?
- What did my husband do when he would pick the children up from day care?

*

What About the Other Side's Witnesses?

The other side will question them first. The judge will give you an opportunity to "cross examine" them (that is, ask them your own questions). You do not have to ask any questions if you think the witness will only repeat what was already said.

When asking questions of the other side's witnesses, you are allowed to ask leading questions. Leading questions have Yes or No answers.

Examples to use:

- Was my husband ever drunk when he dropped the children off at your house?
- Didn't my husband yell and swear at the children when he came to pick them up from day care?



Rules To Follow When Questioning Witnesses

- → Keep your questions short.
- Never ask a question when you do not know what the answer will be—the answer could hurt your case more than help it.
- → If you don't get the answer you were expecting from a witness, do not argue with them or accuse them of lying. It makes you look bad before the judge. Remember . . . politeness at all times!
- → If a witness refuses to answer a question, ask the judge to make the person answer.



Samples of Questions to Ask My Witnesses

- → What is your name?
- → What is your address?
- → How long have you known me?
- → During the time that you have known me, have you become familiar with my reputation in the community?
- → Do I have a reputation for good character and honesty in the community?
- → From what you know about me, am I someone the Court can rely upon to tell the truth?
- → You have heard what I have said in Court. To the best of your knowledge, do you know it to be true?
- → Please explain how you know this to be true.

Prepared by:

NAPIL Equal Justice Fellow
Ohio State Legal Services Association
September 2000

Representing Yourself in Court?

How to Use Photographs, Letters, Business Records, and Other Evidence to Help Prove Your Case



What is Evidence?

Evidence is anything you use to prove your claim. Evidence can be a photograph, a letter, documents or records from a business, and a variety of other things. All evidence that is properly admitted will be considered by the judge.

Your case probably will be decided by a judge. If there is a jury, it will look at admitted exhibits during its deliberations.

For example:

- In a request for change of custody, the child's school records could be introduced as evidence that the child's grades have dropped or he/she has missed a significant amount of school while living with the other parent.
- In a domestic violence or stalking civil protection order case, a photograph of any injury you suffered or a threatening letter written by your abuser may help your case.
- In a divorce case, a copy of tax return documents or documents showing who has title to a car may be introduced as evidence.

Why Use Evidence?

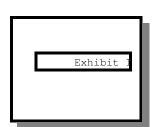
- Evidence is more **believable and trustworthy** than what a person says. For example, in a domestic violence case, if you say that your ex-boyfriend has left you threatening messages but he testifies that this is an absolute lie, the judge may not know whom to believe. However, if you submit a tape recording of one of these messages the judge will be more likely to believe you.
- 2 Evidence may make something **easier to understand**. "A picture is worth a thousand words." Some things are hard to explain in words, while a drawing or photograph is descriptive and clear.

How Do I Present Evidence to the Court?

Each court is different, but in most courts, you can't just walk into court with a photograph or document and show it to the judge or jury. There are many things you must do before the court will even look at the evidence you have. Further, there are many different types of evidence, and the rules for using each type of evidence are different. Once you follow these rules, your evidence will be "admitted".

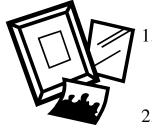
Steps to Follow to Admit Evidence

→ Before you ever go to court, think about the evidence you want to use to prove your case. Mark each piece of evidence with an exhibit number (attach a sticker labeled "Exhibit 1," "Exhibit 2," etc.)



- → Bring these marked Exhibits with you to court. When you want to show the court one of the exhibits, do the following things:
 - Show the exhibit to the other party or the other party's attorney.
 - 2 Then "lay the foundation" for the evidence. To do this, you must show that the evidence is relevant to your case and authentic (not a forgery). Depending upon what you want the court to consider, follow the rules listed in this pamphlet for "laying the foundation" explaining why and how the exhibit is connected to your case.
 - **3** Either you or your witness must testify about the exhibit.
 - Ask the court to admit the exhibit into evidence. The other party or attorney may object to the exhibit for some reason. Try to answer these objections as best you can. If you can't, let the judge decide.
 - **6** If there are no objections from the other party, or the judge has ruled in your favor, ask the court to "admit the Exhibit into evidence."





- 1. Explain why a photo is connected to your case. For example: "This photo shows the injury I suffered after my ex-boyfriend punched and kicked me."
- 2. Explain how you know about what is in the photo. For example: "I had my sister take this photograph within 2 hours after the incident occurred and went to get the film developed myself the following day."
- 3. Explain that the photo is timely. For example: "At the bottom right-hand corner of the photo is the date on which it was taken. As you can see, the photo was taken on the same day that the incident occurred, which is also the same day the police arrested my ex-boyfriend."
- 4. Explain that the photo "fairly and accurately" shows what is depicted in the photo as it appeared on the date relevant to your case. For example:

"This photo is a fair and accurate depiction of how my face and side looked two hours after the incident and for the next two weeks."

TIP

When using photographs, it is best to use color photos and enlarge them, if possible.

Foundation for Letters

- 1. Explain why the letter is connected to your case. For example: "This is the letter that I received from my ex-boyfriend shortly before he beat me up."
- 2. Explain when and how you got the letter. For example: "This letter was shoved under the door to my apartment some time before 6 p.m. on Wednesday, January 2, 2001. I found it on the floor when I came home from work that day."



- 3. Prove that the signature is that of a party to the case. Ways to prove this:
 - Explain to the court: that you are familiar with the other party's signature, how you came to know that person's signature, and that it is your opinion that the signature on the letter is the other party's signature.

• Call a witness who is familiar with the party's signature, and ask the witness: "Do you know the other party in this case? Are you familiar with the party's signature? How?"

Then show them the letter and ask "Is this the other party's signature?"

- Call the person who signed the letter. Show the witness the document, and ask the witness if that is his or her signature. (Only do this if you think they will admit to it).
- 4. Explain that the letter is in the same condition now as when you received it. ("The letter was kept in a safe place and nothing has been changed since I received it.")

TIPS

Do not read anything from the letter until the court has admitted it into evidence.

If the other party objects to the letter saying that it is hearsay, respond by saying: "The letter shows the letter writer's state of mind."



Laying the Foundation for Documents and Records From Businesses

- 1. Explain how the document or record is related to your case.
- 2. Call a witness from the business/agency that produced the record, ask the witness what his or her responsibilities are at the business/agency and how he or she is involved in record keeping.
- 3. Show the witness the record and ask him/her if it is a record from the business/agency.
- 4. Ask the witness:
 - Was the record made by a person with knowledge of the acts or events appearing on it.
 - Was the record made at or near the time of the acts or events appearing on it.
 - Is it the regular practice of the business/agency to make such a record, and
 - Was the record kept in the course of a regularly conducted business activity.

TIP

If the record is certified (a statement is attached to the record stating that it is in fact a record from a public agency or it has an agency seal on it) you do not need to do anything before you show it to the judge. Just let the judge know it is certified.

Created by: NAPIL Equal Justice Fellow, Ohio State Legal Services Association® © 1/2001 OSLSA

In addition to the forms in this packet, you may find additional forms and informational pamphlets to help you on the internet at the following website:

www.ohiolegalhelp.org

Click on "Statewide Forms and Information"

Locate and click on the legal area that you would like to review – use the "search this site" box if you are not sure which area to review

You can also search this website to learn how to access the local legal services program for your area