MATERNAL INFANT HEALTH PROGRAM (MIHP) INFANT PLAN OF CARE Part 2 **Interventions By Risk Level**

Beneficiary:	:	

Feeding and Nutrition					
INTERVENTION LEVEL BASED ON RISK IDENTIFIER	RISK INFORMATION	INTERVENTION	EXPECTED OUTCOME (check all that apply)		
☐ MODERATE	□*Uncertainty about feeding baby and/or feeding concerns identified	In addition to providing educational material as outlined in Part 1 of the Plan of Care: MODERATE: 1. Discuss: ✓ WIC ✓ Breastfeeding or formula preparation (including importance of holding baby for attachment) 2. Discuss plan for feeding baby: ✓ Feeding routine ✓ Comfort with breastfeeding ✓ Feeding choices (i.e. introduction of complementary/solid food, vitamins, supplements) ✓ Hunger/satiation cues ✓ Feeding strategies (e.g. holding, burping, etc.) ✓ Identification of food sensitivities ✓ Anticipated weight gain 3. Discuss family and household attitudes, beliefs and practices and how they may affect infant feeding (e.g. bottle propping, early introduction of solids, etc.) 4. Provide additional information as indicated and address concerns (e.g. fear of embarrassment with breastfeeding, etc.)	Information received and discussed: WIC Date Outcome Achieved: Benefits of breastfeeding Date Outcome Achieved: Referral received for: WIC Date Outcome Achieved: Breastfeeding Support Date Outcome Achieved:		

MATERNAL INFANT HEALTH PROGRAM (MIHP) INFANT PLAN OF CARE

Part 2

Interventions By Risk Level

		5. Referral to infant feeding resources (e.g. Registered Dietitian, lactation consultant, Michigan State University Extension Expanded Food and Nutrition Program (MSUE/EFNP)	
HIGH	*Significant infant nutrition concern identified	HIGH: 1. Discuss: ✓ WIC ✓ Breastfeeding or formula preparation (including importance of holding baby for attachment) 2. Discuss plan for feeding baby: ✓ Feeding routine ✓ Comfort with breastfeeding ✓ Feeding choices (i.e. introduction of complementary/solid food, vitamins, supplements) ✓ Hunger/satiation cues ✓ Feeding strategies (e.g. holding, burping, etc.) ✓ Identification of food sensitivities ✓ Anticipated weight gain 3. Discuss family and household attitudes, beliefs and practices and how they may affect infant feeding (e.g. bottle propping, early introduction of solids, etc.) 4. Provide additional information as indicated and address concerns (e.g. fear of embarrassment with breastfeeding, etc.) 5. Refer to Registered Dietitian after obtaining physician order	

^{*} Based on observation or additional beneficiary interview