Caution: DRAFT FORM

This is an advance draft copy of a California tax form. It is subject to change and FTB approval before it is officially released.

Please give us your comments or suggestions about our forms.

2016

TAXABLE YEAR California Nonresident or Part-Year **Resident Income Tax Return** Long Form

FORM **540NR**

Fisca	l vear	filers or	nly: Enter month	n of vea	r end: month	year 2	017.	•			
	st name		, . <u>_</u>	Initial La			Suffi	х	Your SSN or	ITIN	Α
If joint t	ax retur	n, spouse's	/RDP's first name	Initial La	st name		Suffi	x	Spouse's/RI	DP's SSN or ITIN	R
Addition	nal infor	mation (See	e instructions)							PBA code	RP
Street a	address	(number ar	nd street) or PO box					Apt.	no./ste. no.	PMB/private mailbo	x
		`	<u></u>						1		
City (It	you have	e a foreign	address, see instruc	ctions)				Stat	e ZIP code		
Foreign	country	name				Foreign province/state	/county		Foi	eign postal code	ļ
p q											
Date Birt	Your	DOB (mm	/dd/yyyy)		1 1	Spouse's/RDP's DC)B (mm/dd/yyyy)				
	If you	ı filed your	2015 tax return u	nder a dif	ferent last nan	ne, write the last name	e only from the 201	5 tax ret	urn.		_
	■ Taxpa	ayer				• Spou	se/RDP				
ling	2	Married/F		ely. Enter	. spouse's/RD			dent chil ere	d. Enter year		Ż
	6 If so	meone ca	ın claim you (or y	our spou	ise/RDP) as a	dependent, check th	e box here. See in	st	● 6□]	
	7 Pers	sonal: If y	ou checked box 1	, 3, or 4	above, enter	u enter in the box by 1 in the box. If you c	hecked box 2 or 5,				only
enter 2. If you checked the box on line 6, see instructions						= (•)\$					
	if bo	oth are vis	ually impaired, er	nter 2				_	□ X \$111		
S		Senior: If you (or your spouse/RDP) are 65 or older, enter 1; if both are 65 or older, enter 2. ● 9 ☐ X \$111 = ●\$									
1	0 Dep	endents: [our spouse/R						
Exemptions 1	First	Name _		endent 1			ependent 2	eq		Dependent 3	
Ж		<u>•</u>				•			0		
		Name _		<u> </u>		•			<u> </u>		
	SSN	•		_		• -	-		•		
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4	12 Total California wages from your Form(s) W-2, box 16					-	<u></u>	I			
COL									_		00
드 1						unt from Schedule C					00
ldex				4		the result in parenthe					00
_						from Schedule CA (5					00
Total	-	•				e 15 and line 16				1/	00
. 1		_				ns from Schedule C	, , ,			18	00
1	9 Sub	tract line ⁻	18 from line 17. T	his is yo	ur total taxab	le income. If less th	an zero, enter -0			19	00

You	r nan	ne:Your SSN or ITIN:		
CA Taxable Income	32 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	CA Tax Rate. Divide line 31 by line 19	● 35 ● 37 ● 39 ● 40 ● 41	00
Special Credits	50 51 52 53 54 55 58 59 60 61 62	Nonrefundable Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit. See instructions. Attach form FTB 3506. Credit for joint custody head of household. See instructions. • 51 00 Credit for dependent parent. See instructions. • 52 00 Credit for senior head of household. See instructions. • 53 00 Credit percentage. Enter the amount from line 38 here. If more than 1, enter 1.0000. See instructions. • 54	• 55 • 58 • 59 • 60 • 61	00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Other Taxes	71 72 73	Alternative minimum tax. Attach Schedule P (540NR) Mental Health Services Tax. See instructions. Other taxes and credit recapture. See instructions. Add line 63, line 71, line 72, and line 73. This is your total tax.	• 71 • 72 • 73	00
Payments	81 82 83 84 85 86	California income tax withheld. See instructions. 2016 CA estimated tax and other payments. See instructions. Withholding (Form 592-B and/or 593). See instructions. Excess SDI (or VPDI) withheld. See instructions. Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) Add lines 81 through 85. These are your total payments. See instructions.	82	00 00 00 00
Overpaid	102 103	1 Overpaid tax. If line 86 is more than line 74, subtract line 74 from line 86	● 102 ● 103	00

Your name:	•	Your SSN or ITIN:	

	<u>(</u>	<u>Code</u>	Amount
	California Seniors Special Fund. See instructions • 4	400	00
	Alzheimer's Disease/Related Disorders Fund	401	00
	Rare and Endangered Species Preservation Program	403	00
	California Breast Cancer Research Fund	405	00
	California Firefighters' Memorial Fund	406	00
	Emergency Food for Families Fund	407	00
	California Peace Officer Memorial Foundation Fund 4	408	00
	California Sea Otter Fund	410	00
Su	California Cancer Research Fund	413	00
Contributions	Child Victims of Human Trafficking Fund	419	00
Contri	School Supplies for Homeless Children Fund • 4	422	00
	State Parks Protection Fund/Parks Pass Purchase • 4	423	00
	Protect Our Coast and Oceans Fund	424	00
	Keep Arts in Schools Fund ● 4	425	00
	State Children's Trust Fund for the Prevention of Child Abuse 4	430	00
	Prevention of Animal Homelessness and Cruelty Fund	431	00
	Revive the Salton Sea Fund	432	00
	California Domestic Violence Victims Fund	433	00
	Special Olympics Fund • 4	434	00
	Type 1 Diabetes Research Fund	435	00
	120 Add code 400 through code 435. This is your total contribution	120	00

Your name:	Your SSN or ITIN:
Mail to:	NT YOU OWE. Add line 104 and line 120. See instructions. Do not send cash. FRANCHISE TAX BOARD, PO BOX 942867, SACRAMENTO CA 94267-0001
es	t, late return penalties, and late payment penalties
124 Total an	mount due. See instructions. Enclose, but do not staple, any payment
125 REFUN	D OR NO AMOUNT DUE. Subtract line 120 from line 103.
Mail to:	: FRANCHISE TAX BOARD, PO BOX 942840, SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0001 ● 125
Mail to: Fill in the info See instructi All or the foll	formation to authorize direct deposit of your refund into one or two accounts. Do not attach a voided check or a deposit slip.
See instructi	ions. Have you verified the routing and account numbers? Use whole dollars only.
All or the following	lowing amount of my refund (line 125) is authorized for direct deposit into the account shown below:
d ar	☐ Checking
● Routing n	umber
The remainir	ng amount of my refund (line 125) is authorized for direct deposit into the account shown below:
	☐ Checking Savings ☐ Savings ☐ Checking
• Routing n	
	ach a copy of your complete federal return.
	ur privacy rights, how we may use your information, and the consequences for not providing the requested information, go to ftb.ca.go ivacy notice . To request this notice by mail, call 800.852.5711.
Under penalties o knowledge and be	of perjury, I declare that I have examined this tax return, including accompanying schedules and statements, and to the best of my elief, it is true, correct, and complete.
Your signature	Date Spouse's/RDP's signature (if a joint tax return, both must sign)
X	X
Sign	Your email address. Enter only one email address.
Here	Paid preparer's signature (declaration of preparer is based on all information of which preparer has any knowledge)
It is unlawful	
to forge a spouse's/RDP's signature.	Firm's name (or yours, if self-employed)
Joint tax return? (See instructions)	Firm's address FEIN
_	Do you want to allow another person to discuss this tax return with us? See instructions ● ☐ Yes ☐ No Print Third Party Designee's Name Telephone Number

2016 Instructions for Long Form 540NR California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2015, and the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

Before You Begin

Complete your federal income tax return (Form 1040, Form 1040A, Form 1040EZ, Form 1040NR, or Form 1040NR-EZ) before you begin your Long Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return. Use information from your federal income tax return to complete your Long Form 540NR. Complete and mail Long Form 540NR by April 18, 2017. Due to the federal Emancipation Day holiday observed on April 17, 2017, tax returns filed and payments mailed or submitted on April 18, 2017, will be considered timely. If unable to mail your return by this date see page 2.

To get forms and publications referred to in these instructions, go to ftb.ca.gov or see "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications."



Tip You may qualify for the federal earned income tax credit. See page 2 for more information.

Note: The lines on Long Form 540NR are numbered with gaps in the line number sequence. For example, lines 20 through 30 do not appear on Long Form 540NR. So the line number that follows line 19 on Long Form 540NR is line 31.

Caution: Long Form 540NR has three sides. If filing Long Form 540NR, you must send all three sides to the Franchise Tax Board (FTB).

Filling in Your Return

- Use black or blue ink on the tax return you send to the FTB.
- Enter your Social Security Number(s) or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number(s) at the top of Long Form 540NR, Side 1.
- Print numbers and CAPITAL LETTERS between the combed lines. Be sure to line up dollar amounts.
- If you do not have an entry for a line, leave it blank unless the instructions for a line specifically tell you to enter zero. Do not enter a dash or the word "NONE."

Name(s) and Address

Print your first name, middle initial, last name, and street address in the spaces provided at the top of Long Form 540NR.

Suffix

Use the Suffix field for generational name suffixes such as "SR", "JR", "III", "IV". Do not enter academic, professional, or honorary suffixes.

Additional Information

Use the Additional Information field for "In-Care-of" name and other supplemental address information only.

Foreign Address

If you have a foreign address, follow the country's practice for entering the city, county, province, state, country, and postal code, as applicable, in the appropriate boxes. **Do not** abbreviate the country name.

Principal Business Activity (PBA) Code

For federal Schedule C (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Business (Sole Proprietorship) business filers, enter the numeric PBA code from federal Schedule C (Form 1040), line B.

Date of Birth (DOB)

Enter your DOBs (mm/dd/yyyy) in the spaces provided. If your filing status is married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately, enter the DOBs in the same order as the names.

If you or your spouse/RDP filed your 2015 tax return under a different last name, write the last name only from the 2015 tax return.

Social Security Number (SSN) or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN)

Enter your SSNs in the spaces provided. If you file a joint tax return, enter the SSNs in the same order as the names.

If you do not have an SSN because you are a nonresident or a resident alien for federal tax purposes, and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) issued you an ITIN, enter the ITIN in the space provided for the SSN.

An ITIN is a tax processing number issued by the IRS to foreign nationals and others who have a federal tax filing requirement and do not qualify for an SSN. It is a nine-digit number that always starts with the number 9.

Filing Status

Check only one box for line 1 through line 5. Enter the required additional information if you checked the box on line 3 or line 5. For filing status requirements, see page 3.

Usually, your California filing status must be the same as the filing status you used on your federal income tax return.

Exception for Married Taxpayers Who File a Joint Federal Income Tax Return - You may file separate California returns if either spouse was:

- An active member of the United States Armed Forces or any auxiliary military branch during 2016.
- A nonresident for the entire year and had no income from California sources during 2016.

Community Property. If either spouse earned California source income while domiciled in a community property state, the community income will be split equally between the spouses. Both spouses will have California source income and they will **not** qualify for the nonresident spouse exception. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status, and FTB Pub. 1051A. Guidelines For Married/RDP Filing Separate Returns.

If you did not file a federal tax return because you did not have a federal filing requirement, use the filing status you would have used had you been required to file.

Registered domestic partners (RDPs) who file single for federal must file married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately for California. If you are an RDP and file head of household for federal purposes, you may file head of household for California purposes only if you meet the requirements to be considered unmarried or considered not in a domestic partnership.

Nonresident Alien - A joint tax return may be filed if, in the case of a nonresident alien married to a United States citizen or resident, both spouses/RDPs elect to treat the nonresident alien spouse/RDP as a resident for tax purposes.

If You Filed Federal Form 1040NR or Form 1040NR-EZ, you do not qualify to use the head of household or married/RDP filing jointly filing statuses. Instead, use single, married/RDP filing separately, or qualifying widow(er) filing status, whichever applies to you.

If You File as Head of Household, do not claim yourself or a nonrelative as the qualifying individual for head of household. Get FTB Pub. 1540, California Head of Household Filing Status, for more information. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications."

Instructions: Long Form 540NR e-file at ftb.ca.gov

Exemptions

Line 6 - Can be Claimed as a Dependent

Check the box on line 6 if someone else can claim you or your spouse/ RDP as a dependent on their tax return, even if they chose not to.

Line 7 – Personal Exemptions

Did you check the box on line 6?

No Follow the instructions on Long Form 540NR, line 7.

Yes Ignore the instructions on Long Form 540NR, line 7. Instead, enter the amount shown below for your filing status:

- Single or married/RDP filing separately, enter -0-
- Head of household, enter -0-.
- Married/RDP filing jointly and both you and your spouse/RDP can be claimed as dependents, enter -0-.
- Married/RDP filing jointly and only one spouse/RDP can be claimed as a dependent, enter 1.

Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on their tax return.

Line 8 - Blind Exemptions

The first year you claim this exemption credit, attach a doctor's statement to the back of Long Form 540NR indicating that you or your spouse/RDP is visually impaired. If you e-file, attach any requested forms, schedules and documents according to your software's instructions. Visually impaired means not capable of seeing better than 20/200 while wearing glasses or contact lenses, or if your field of vision is not more than 20 degrees.

Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on their tax return.

Line 9 – Senior Exemptions

If you were 65 years of age or older by December 31, 2016*, you should claim an additional exemption credit on line 9. If you are married/or an RDP, each spouse/RDP 65 years of age or older should claim an additional credit. You may contribute all or part of this credit to the California Seniors Special Fund. See "Voluntary Contribution Fund Descriptions" for more information.

* If your 65th birthday is on January 1, 2017, you are considered to be age 65 on December 31, 2016.

Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on their tax return.

Line 10 – Dependent Exemptions

To claim an exemption credit for each of your dependents, you must write each dependent's first and last name, SSN and relationship to you in the space provided. If you are claiming more than three dependents, attach a statement with the required dependent information to your tax return. The persons you list as dependents must be the same persons you listed as dependents on your federal income tax return. Count the number of dependents listed and enter the total in the box on line 10. Multiply the number you entered by the pre-printed dollar amount and enter the result.

If your dependent child was born and died in 2016 and you do not have an SSN for the child, enter "Died" in the space provided for the SSN and include a copy of the child's birth certificate, death certificate, or hospital records. The document must show the child was born alive. If you e-file, attach any requested forms, schedules and documents according to your software's instructions.

Line 11 – Exemption Amount

Add line 7 through line 10 and enter the total dollar amount of all exemptions for personal, blind, senior, and dependent.

Total Taxable Income

Refer to your completed federal income tax return to complete this section

Line 12 - California Wages

Enter the total amount of your California wages from your Form(s) W-2, Wage and Tax Statement. This amount appears on Form W-2, box 16.

Line 13 – Federal AGI from Form 1040, line 37; 1040A, line 21; 1040EZ, line 4; 1040NR, line 36; or 1040NR-EZ, line 10

Registered domestic partners (RDPs) who file a California tax return as married/RDP filing jointly and have no RDP adjustments between federal and California, combine their individual AGIs from their federal tax returns filed with the IRS. Enter the combined AGI on Long Form 540NR, line 13.

RDP adjustments include but are not limited to the following:

- Transfer of property between spouses/RDPs
- Capital loss
- Transactions between spouses/RDPs
- Sale of residence
- Dependent care assistance
- Investment interest
- Qualified residence interest acquisition loan & equity loan
- Expense depreciation property limits
- Individual Retirement Account
- Interest education loan
- Rental real estate passive loss
- Rollover of publicly traded securities gain into specialized small business investment companies

RDPs filing as married/RDP filing separately, former RDPs filing single, and RDPs with RDP adjustments will use the California RDP Adjustments Worksheet in FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners, or complete a federal pro forma Form 1040. Transfer the amount from the California RDP Adjustments Worksheet, line 37, column D, or federal pro forma Form 1040, line 37, to Long Form 540NR, line 13.

Line 14 – California Adjustments — Subtractions (from Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, column B)

Complete Schedule CA (540NR), California Adjustments – Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents, to find the amount to enter on Long Form 540NR, line 14. Follow the instructions for Schedule CA (540NR). Enter the amount from Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, column B on Long Form 540NR, line 14.

If the amount on Schedule CA (540NR) line 37, column B is a negative number, do not transfer it to Long Form 540NR, line 14 as a negative number. Instead, transfer the number as a positive number to Long Form 540NR, line 16.

Line 15 - Subtotal

Subtract the amount on line 14 from the amount on line 13. Enter the result on line 15. If the amount on line 13 is less than zero, combine the amounts on line 13 and line 14 and enter the amount in parentheses. For example: "(12,325)."

Line 16 – California Adjustments — Additions (from Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, column C)

Complete Schedule CA (540NR), to find the amount to enter on Long Form 540NR, line 16. Follow the instructions for Schedule CA (540NR). Enter the amount from Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, column C on Long Form 540NR, line 16.

If the amount on Schedule CA (540NR) line 37, column C is a negative number, do not transfer it to Long Form 540NR, line 16 as a negative number. Instead, transfer the number as a positive number to Long Form 540NR, line 14.

Line 17 - Adjusted Gross Income From All Sources

Combine line 15 and line 16. This amount should match the amount on Schedule CA (540NR), line 37, column D.

Line 18 – California Itemized Deductions or California Standard Deduction

Decide whether to itemize your deductions, such as charitable contributions, medical expenses, etc., or take the standard deduction. Your California income tax will be less if you take the **larger** of your California:

- Itemized deductions (total itemized deductions allowed under California law).
- Standard deduction.

On federal tax returns, individual taxpayers who claim the standard deduction are allowed an additional deduction for net disaster losses. For California, deductions for disaster losses are only allowed for those individual taxpayers who itemized their deductions.

If married/or an RDP and filing separate Long Form 540NR, you and your spouse/RDP must either both itemize your deductions (even if the itemized deductions of one spouse/RDP are less than the standard deduction) or both take the standard deduction.

Also, if someone else can claim you as a dependent, you may claim the greater of the standard deduction or your itemized deductions. To figure your standard deduction, see the California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents.

Itemized Deductions. Figure your California itemized deductions by completing Schedule CA (540NR), Part III, line 38 through line 44. Enter the result on Long Form 540NR, line 18.

If you did not itemize deductions on your federal income tax return but will itemize deductions for your Long Form 540NR, first complete federal Schedule A (Form 1040), Itemized Deductions. Then complete Schedule CA (540NR), Part III, line 38 through line 44.

Standard Deduction. Find your standard deduction on the California Standard Deduction Chart for Most People. If you checked the box on Long Form 540NR, line 6, use the California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents, instead.

California Standard Deduction Chart for Most People

Do not use this chart if your parent, or someone else, can claim you (or your spouse/RDP) as a dependent on their tax return.

Your Filing Status	Enter On Line 18
1 – Single	 \$4,129
2 - Married/RDP filing jointly	
3 - Married/RDP filing separately.	 \$4,129
4 – Head of household	 \$8,258
5 – Qualifying widow(er)	 \$8,258

The California standard deduction amounts are less than the federal standard deduction amounts.

California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents

Use this worksheet only if your parent, or someone else, can claim you (or your spouse/RDP) as a dependent on their tax return. **Use whole dollars only.**

1.	Enter your earned income from: line 1 of the
	"Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents"
	in the instructions for federal Form 1040;
	Form 1040A; or from line A of the worksheet
	on the back of Form 1040EZ

- 4. Enter the amount shown for your filing status:
 - Single or married/RDP filling separately, enter \$4,129
 - Married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er), enter \$8,258
- 5. Standard deduction. Enter the smaller of line 3 or line 4 here and on the Short or Long Form 540NR, line 18.....

Line 19 – Taxable Income

Capital Construction Fund (CCF). If you claim a deduction on your federal Form 1040, line 43 for a contribution made to a CCF set up under the Merchant Marine Act of 1936, reduce the amount you would otherwise enter on line 19 by the amount of the deduction. Next to line 19, enter "CCF" and the amount of the deduction. For details, see federal Publication 595, Capital Construction Fund for Commercial Fishermen.

Instructions: Long Form 540NR

California Taxable Income

When you figure your tax, use the correct filing status and taxable income amount.

Line 31 - Tax



e-file and you won't have to do the math. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for efile.

To figure your tax on the amount on line 19, use one of the following methods and check the matching box on line 31:

- Tax Table. If your taxable income on line 19 is \$100,000 or less, use the tax table beginning on page 75. Use the correct filing status column in the tax table.
- Tax Rate Schedules. If your taxable income on line 19 is over \$100,000, use the tax rate schedules on page 80.
- FTB 3800. Generally, you use form FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Certain Children with Investment Income, to figure the tax on a separate Long Form 540NR for your child who was 18 and under or a student under age 24 on January 1, 2017, and who had more than \$2,100 of investment income. Attach form FTB 3800 to the child's Long Form 540NR.
- FTB 3803. If, as a parent, you elect to report your child's interest and dividend income of \$10,500 or less (but not less than \$1,050) on your return, complete form FTB 3803. Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends. File a separate form FTB 3803 for each child whose income you elect to include on your Long Form 540NR. Add the amount of tax, if any, from each form FTB 3803, line 9, to the amount of your tax from the tax table or tax rate schedules and enter the result on Long Form 540NR, line 31. Attach form(s) FTB 3803 to your return.

To prevent possible delays in processing your tax return or refund, enter the correct tax amount on this line. To automatically figure your tax or to verify your tax calculation, use our online tax calculator. Go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **tax calculator**.

Line 32 - CA Adjusted Gross Income

Complete Schedule CA (540NR), line 45 to determine your California adjusted gross income. Follow the instructions for Schedule CA (540NR). Enter on Long Form 540NR, line 32 the amount from Schedule CA (540NR), line 45.

Line 36 - CA Tax Rate

In this computation, the FTB rounds the tax rate to four digits after the decimal. If your computation is different, you may receive a notice due to the difference in rounding. Contact us at 800.852.5711 if you disagree with this notice.

Line 38 - CA Exemption Credit Percentage

Divide the California Taxable Income (line 35) by Total Taxable Income (line 19). This percentage does not apply to the Nonrefundable Renter's Credit, Nonrefundable Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit, Other State Tax Credit, or credits that are conditional upon a transaction occurring wholly within California. If more than 1, enter 1.0000.

Line 39 – CA Prorated Exemption Credits

Use your exemption credits to reduce your tax. If your federal adjusted gross income (AGI) on line 13 is more than the amount listed below for your filing status, your credits will be limited.

	Is Long For	m 540NR.
If your filing status is:		more than:
Single or married/RDP filing separately		\$182,459
Married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)		\$364,923
Head of household		\$273,692
Vee Complete the ACI Limitation Workshoot helev		

res Vo	Multiply line 11 by line 38.
	AGI Limitation Worksheet
a b	Use whole dollars only Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 13a Enter the amount for your filing status on line b: • Single or married/RDP filing separately \$182,459 • Married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)
c d	Head of household
e f	Multiply line d by \$6
g h	Multiply line e by line f,
j j	Subtract line g from line h. If zero or less enter -0 i Enter the number from the box on Long Form 540NR, line 10 (not the dollar amount)
k I	Multiply line e by line j
m	Subtract line k from line I. If zero or less, enter -0 m
n 0	Add line i and line m. Enter the result here

Line 41 – Tax from Schedule G-1 and Form FTB 5870A

If you received a qualified lump-sum distribution in 2016 and you were born before January 2, 1936, get Schedule G-1, Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions, to figure your tax by special methods that may result in

If you received accumulation distributions from foreign trusts or from certain domestic trusts, get form FTB 5870A, Tax on Accumulation Distribution of Trusts, to figure the additional tax.

To get these forms, see "Order Forms and Publications."

Special Credits and Nonrefundable Credits

A variety of California tax credits are available to reduce your tax if you qualify. To figure and claim most special credits, you must complete a separate form or schedule and attach it to your Long Form 540NR. The Credit Chart on page 16 describes the credits and provides the name. credit code, and number of the required form or schedule. Many credits are limited to a certain percentage or a certain dollar amount. In addition, the total amount you may claim for all credits is limited by tentative minimum tax (TMT); go to Box A to see if your credits are limited.

If you are not claiming any other special credits go to line 50 and line 61 to see if you qualify for the nonrefundable child and dependent care expenses credit or the nonrefundable renter's credit.

- Box A Did you complete federal Schedule C, D, E, or F and claim or receive any of the following (Note: If your business gross receipts are less than \$1,000,000 from all trades or businesses, you do not have to report AMT. For more information, see line 71 instructions.):
 - Accelerated depreciation in excess of straight-line
 - Intangible drilling costs
 - Depletion
 - Circulation expenditures
 - Research and experimental expenditures
 - Mining exploration/development costs
 - Amortization of pollution control facilities
 - Income/loss from tax shelter farm activities
 - Income/loss from passive activities
 - Income from long-term contracts using the percentage of completion method
 - Pass-through AMT adjustment from an estate or trust reported on Schedule K-1 (541)

Yes Get and complete Schedule P (540NR). See "Order Forms and Publications.

No Go to Box B.

Box B - Did you claim or receive any of the following:

- Investment interest expense 226
- Income from incentive stock options in excess of the amount reported on your return 225
- Income from installment sales of certain property

Yes Get and complete Schedule P (540NR). See "Order Forms" and Publications."

No Go to Box C.

Box C – If your filing status is:

Is Long Form 540NR, line 17 more than:

- . . . \$251,626 Single or head of household . . .
- Married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) ..\$335,502

Yes Get and complete Schedule P (540NR). See "Order Forms and Publications.'

No Your credits are not limited.

Line 50 - Nonrefundable Child and Dependent Care **Expenses Credit**

Claim this credit if you paid someone to care for your child under the age of 13, other dependent who is physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself, or spouse/RDP if physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself. To claim this credit, your federal adjusted gross income must be \$100,000 or less. Complete and attach form FTB 3506, Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications.'

The care must have been provided in California. You must have California-sourced income (wages earned working in California or selfemployment income from California business activities).

A servicemember's active duty military pay is considered earned income, regardless of whether the servicemember is domiciled in California. Get FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel, for more information.

Schedule P (540NR) – If you need to complete Schedule P (540NR) and you claim any of the credits on line 51 through line 53, do not enter an amount on line 51 through line 53. Instead, enter the total amount of these credits from Schedule P (540NR), Part III, Section B1, line 14 through line 16, on Long Form 540NR, line 55. Do not follow the instructions for line 55. Write "Schedule P (540NR)" to the left of the amount entered on line 55.

Line 51 – Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household — Code 170

You may **not** claim this credit if you used the head of household, married/RDP filing jointly, or the qualifying widow(er) filing status.

Claim the credit if unmarried and not an RDP at the end of 2016 (or if married or an RDP, you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for all of 2016 and you used the married/RDP filing separately filing status); and if you furnished more than one-half the household expenses for your home that also served as the main home of your child, step-child, or grandchild for at least 146 days but not more than 219 days of your taxable year. If the child is married/or an RDP, you must be entitled to claim a dependent exemption for the child.

Also, the custody arrangement for the child must be part of a decree of dissolution or legal separation or part of a written agreement between the parents where the proceedings have been initiated, but a decree of dissolution or legal separation has not yet been issued.

If your Federal AGI is more than \$182,459, subtract line n from the AGI Limitation Worksheet on page 26 from line 31 of the Long Form 540NR and enter this amount on line 1 of the worksheet below to calculate your credit.

Use the worksheet below to figure this credit using whole dollars only:

1.	Subtract line 11 from line 31 on Long Form 540NR			
	and enter the result here	1_		
2.	Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 41	2		
3.	Add line 1 and line 2	3		
4.	Credit percentage — 30%	4	Χ	.30
5.	Credit amount. Multiply line 3 by line 4. Enter on this			
	line the result or \$440, whichever is less. Enter this			4 T
	amount on Long Form 540NB, line 51	5		7 7

If you qualify for both the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household and the Credit for Dependent Parent, you are only allowed to claim one or the other, not both. Select the credit that will allow the maximum benefit.

Line 52 – Credit for Dependent Parent — Code 173

You may **not** claim this credit if you used the single, head of household, qualifying widow(er), or married/RDP filing jointly filing status.

Claim this credit only if all of the following apply:

- You were married or an RDP at the end of 2016 and you used the married/RDP filing separately filing status.
- Your spouse/RDP was not a member of your household during the last six months of the year
- You furnished over one-half the household expenses for your dependent mother's or father's home, whether or not she or he lived in your home.

To figure the amount of this credit, use the worksheet for the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household, on this page.

On the last line of the worksheet, enter the result or \$440, whichever is less. Enter this amount on Long Form 540NR, line 52.

If you qualify for both the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household and the Credit for Dependent Parent, you are only allowed to claim one or the other, not both. Select the credit that will allow the maximum benefit

Line 53 – Credit for Senior Head of Household — Code 163 Claim this credit if you:

- Were 65 years of age or older on December 31, 2016*.
- Qualified as a head of household in 2014 or 2015 by providing a household for a qualifying individual who died during 2014 or 2015.
- Did not have adjusted gross income over \$71,370 for 2016.

If you meet all the conditions listed, you do not need to qualify to use the head of household filing status for 2016 in order to claim this credit.

Instructions: Long Form 540NR

Use the worksheet below to figure this credit using whole dollars only:

1.	Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 19	1		
2.	Credit percentage — 2%	2	Χ	.02
3.	Credit amount. Multiply line 1 by line 2.			
	Enter on this line the result or \$1,345, whichever is less	S.		
	Enter this amount on Long Form 540NR, line 53	3		

Line 54 and Line 55 – Credit Percentage and Credit Amount

If you claimed credits on line 51, line 52, or line 53, complete the worksheet below to compute your credit percentage and the allowable prorated credit to enter on line 55 **using whole dollars only**. If you completed Schedule P (540NR), see the instructions above the Line 51 instructions.

Part I – Credit Percentage

1. Enter the percentage amount from line 38 here and on Long Form 540NR, line 54. If more than 1, enter 1.0000 1 _ . _ _ _

Part II - Credit Amount

Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household

Enter the amount from Long Form 5/10NB line 51

	١.	Little the amount from Long Form 340MH, fine 31	
	2.	Credit Percentage from Part I, line 1 2 x	
	3.	Multiply line 1 by line 2	
1	4.	Enter the lesser of the amount from line 3 or \$440	4
	Cr	edit for Dependent Parent	
	5.	Enter the amount from Long Form 540NR, line 52 5	
	6.	Credit Percentage from Part I, line 1 6 x	
		Multiply line 5 by line 6	
	8.	Enter the lesser of the amount on line 7 or \$440	.8

Credit for Senior Head of Household

Total Prorated Credits

13. Add line 4, line 8, and line 12. Enter the		
result here and on Long Form 540NR, line 55	13	

Line 58 through Line 60 - Additional Special Credits

A code identifies each credit. To claim only one or two credits, enter the credit name, code, and amount of the credit on line 58 and line 59.

To claim more than two credits, use Schedule P (540NR), Part III. See Schedule P (540NR) instructions, "How to Claim Your Credits."

Important: Attach Schedule P (540NR) and any required supporting schedules or statements to your Long Form 540NR.

Carryovers: If you claim a credit with carryover provisions and the amount of the credit available this year exceeds your tax, carry over any excess credit to future years until the credit is used (unless the carryover period is a fixed number of years). If you claim a credit carryover for an expired credit, use form FTB 3540, Credit Carryover and Recapture Summary, to figure the amount of the credit.

Credit for Child Adoption Costs — Code 197

For the year in which an adoption decree or an order of adoption is entered (e.g. adoption is final), claim a credit for 50% of the cost of adopting a child who was both:

- · A citizen or legal resident of the United States
- In the custody of a California public agency or a California political subdivision

^{*}If your 65th birthday is on January 1, 2017, you are considered to be age 65 on December 31, 2016.

Treat a prior unsuccessful attempt to adopt a child (even when the costs were incurred in a prior year) and a later successful adoption of a different child as one effort when computing the cost of adopting the child. Include the following costs if directly related to the adoption process:

- Fees for Department of Social Services or a licensed adoption agency
- Medical expenses not reimbursed by insurance
- Travel expenses for the adoptive family

Note:

- This credit does not apply when a child is adopted from another country or another state, or who was not in the custody of a California public agency or a California political subdivision.
- Any deduction for the expenses used to claim this credit must be reduced by the amount of the child adoption costs credit claimed.

Use the following worksheet to figure this credit **using whole dollars only**. If more than one adoption qualifies for this credit, complete a separate worksheet for each adoption. The maximum credit is limited to \$2,500 per minor child.

1.	Enter qualifying costs for the child	1_		
2.	Credit percentage — 50%	2	Χ	.50
3.	Credit amount. Multiply line 1 by line 2.			
	Do not enter more than \$2,500	3		

Your allowable credit is limited to \$2,500 for 2016. You may carryover the excess credit to future years until the credit is used.

Line 61 - Nonrefundable Renter's Credit

If you paid rent for at least six months in 2016 on your principal residence located in California you may qualify to claim the nonrefundable renter's credit which may reduce your tax. Complete the qualification record on page 13.

Line 63

Subtract the amount on line 62 from the amount on line 42. Enter the result on line 63. If the amount on line 62 is more than the amount on line 42, enter -0-.

Other Taxes

Attach the specific form or statement required for each item below.

Line 71 – Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT)

If you claim certain types of deductions, exclusions, and credits, you may owe AMT if your total income is more than:

- \$89,467 married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er)
- \$67,101 single or head of household
- \$44,732 married/RDP filing separately

A child under age 19 or a student under age 24 may owe AMT if the sum of the amount on line 19 (taxable income) and any preference items listed on Schedule P (540NR) and included on the return is more than the sum of \$7,400 plus the child's earned income.

AMT income does not include income, adjustments, and items of tax preference related to any trade or business of a qualified taxpayer who has gross receipts, less returns and allowances, during the taxable year of less than \$1,000,000 from **all** trades or businesses.

Get Schedule P (540NR) for more information. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications."

Line 72 – Mental Health Services Tax

If your taxable income or nonresident CA source taxable income is more than \$1,000,000, compute the Mental Health Services tax below **using whole dollars only**:

1.	CA Taxable income from Long Form 540NR, line 35	
2.	Less2	\$(1,000,000)
3.	Subtotal3	
4.	Tax rate – 1%4	<u>x .01</u>
5.	Mental Health Services Tax – Multiply line 3 by line 4. Enter this amount here and on Long Form 540NB,	
	line 72	

Line 73 – Other Taxes and Credit Recapture

If you received an early distribution of a qualified retirement plan and were required to report additional tax on your federal tax return, you may also be required to report additional tax on your California tax return. Get form FTB 3805P, Additional Taxes on Qualified Plans (Including IRAs) and Other Tax-Favored Accounts. If required to report additional tax, report it on line 73 and write "FTB 3805P" to the left of the amount.

California conforms to federal law for income received under IRC Section 409A on a nonqualified deferred compensation (NQDC) plan and discounted stock options and stock appreciation rights. Income received under IRC Section 409A is subject to an additional 5% tax plus interest. Include the additional tax, if any, on line 73. Write "NQDC" on the dotted line to the left of the amount.

If you owe interest on deferred tax from installment obligations, include the additional tax, if any, in the amount you enter on line 73. Write "IRC Section 453A interest" and the amount on the dotted line to the left of the amount on line 73.

If you used form(s):

- FTB 3540, Credit Carryover and Recapture Summary
- FTB 3554, New Employment Credit
- FTB 3805Z, Enterprise Zone Deduction and Credit Summary
- FTB 3807, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area Deduction and Credit Summary
- FTB 3808, Manufacturing Enhancement Area Credit Summary
- FTB 3809, Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary

Include the additional tax for credit recapture, if any, on line 73. Write the form number on the dotted line to the left of the amount on line 73.

Payments

Have your Form(s) W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, W-2G, Certain Gambling Winnings, 1099-DIV, Dividends and Distributions, 1099-INT, Interest Income, 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, 1099-OID, Original Issue Discount, 1099-R, Distributions from Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc., 592-B, Resident and Nonresident Withholding Tax Statement, and 593, Real Estate Withholding Tax Statement, before you begin this section.

If you received wages and do not have a Form W-2, see page 8, Question 2.

Line 81 – California Income Tax Withheld

Enter the total California income tax withheld from your Form(s):

- W-2, box 17
- W-2G. box 15
- 1099-DIV, box 14
- 1099-INT, box 17
- 1099-MISC, box 16
- 1099-OID, box 14
- 1099-R, box 12

Do not include city, local, or county tax withheld, tax withheld by other states, or nonconsenting nonresident (NCNR) member's tax from Schedule K-1 (568), line 15e. Do not include nonresident or real estate withholding from Form(s) 592-B or 593, on this line as withholding. See line 82. If you had California tax withheld and did not receive Form(s) W-2 or 1099, contact the entity that paid the income.

If you received Form(s) 1099-DIV, 1099-INT, 1099-MISC, 1099-OID, or 1099-R showing California income tax withheld, include in the total on line 81 the amount(s) withheld and attach a copy of the Form(s) 1099 to the lower front of your tax return.

Generally, tax should not be withheld on Form 1099-MISC. If you want to pre-pay tax on income reported on Form 1099-MISC, use Form 540-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals.

Line 82 – 2016 CA Estimated Tax and Other Payments Enter the total of any:

- California estimated tax payments you made using 2016 Form 540-ES, electronic funds withdrawal, Web Pay, or credit card.
- Overpayment from your 2015 California income tax return that you applied to your 2016 estimated tax.
- Payment you sent with form FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals.
- California estimated tax payments made on your behalf by an estate or trust on Schedule K-1 (541) or an S corporation on Schedule K-1(100S).

If you are including NCNR tax, write "LLC" on the dotted line to the left of the amount on line 82, and attach Schedule K-1 (568) with the amount of the NCNR tax claimed. The LLC's return must be filed before an individual member's account can be credited. If you e-file, attach any requested forms, schedules and documents according to your software's instructions.

If you and your spouse/RDP paid joint estimated taxes but are now filing separate income tax returns, either of you may claim the entire amount paid, or each may claim part of the joint estimated tax payments. If you want the estimated tax payments to be divided, notify the FTB before you file the tax returns so the payments can be applied to the proper account. The FTB will accept in writing, any divorce agreement (or court-ordered settlement) or a statement showing the allocation of the payments along with a notarized signature of both taxpayers.

Send statements to:

JOINT ESTIMATED CREDIT ALLOCATION MS F225 TAXPAYER SERVICES CENTER FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942840 SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0040

To view payments made or get your current account balance, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account.

If you or your spouse/RDP made separate estimated tax payments, but are now filing a joint income tax return, add the amounts you each paid. Attach a statement to the front of your Long Form 540NR explaining that payments were made under both SSNs. If you e-file, attach any requested forms, schedules and documents as required by the Franchise Tax Board e-file Program.

You do not have to make estimated tax payments if you are a nonresident or new resident of California in 2017 and did not have a California tax liability in 2016.

Line 83 – Withholding (Form 592-B and/or 593)

If you were a nonresident who received California source income or sold California real estate, enter the total California tax withheld from your Form(s) 592-B. Resident and Nonresident Withholding Tax Statement and and 593, Real Estate Withholding Tax Statement. Attach a copy of Form(s) 592-B and 593 to the lower front of Long Form 540NR, Side 1.

Instructions: Long Form 540NR

If your filing status changed after escrow closed and before filing your California tax return, please contact us at 888.792.4900, prior to filing your California tax return, for instructions on how to claim your withholding credit.

Do not include withholding from other forms on this line. Do not include NCNR member's tax from Schedule K-1 (568), line 15e as withholding. See line 82.

Line 84 - Excess California SDJ (or VPDI) Withheld

You may be entitled to claim a credit for excess State Disability Insurance (SDI) or Voluntary Plan Disability Insurance (VPDI) only if you meet all of the following conditions:

- You had **two or more** California employers during 2016.
- You received more than \$106,742 in social security wages from California sources. If you have no social security wages (Box 3) then use total wages (Box 16).
- The amounts of SDI (or VPDI) withheld appear on your Form(s) W-2. Be sure to attach your Form(s) W-2 to your Long Form 540NR.

If SDI (or VPDI) was withheld from your wages by a single employer, at a rate of more than 0.9% of your social security wages, you may not claim excess SDI (or VPDI) on your Long Form 540NR. Contact the employer for a refund.

To determine the amount to enter on line 84, complete the Excess SDI (or VPDI) Worksheet below. If married/RDP filing jointly, figure the amount of excess SDI (or VPDI) separately for each spouse/RDP.

Excess SDI (or VPDI) Worksheet Use whole dollars only

Follow the instructions below to figure the amount of excess SDI to enter on Long Form 540NR, line 84. If you are married or an RDP and file a joint tax return, you must figure the amount of excess SDI (or VPDI) separately for each spouse/RDP.

		You	Spouse/ RDP
1.	Add amounts of SDI (or VPDI) withheld shown on your Forms W-2. Enter the total here		IIDI
2.	2016 SDI (or VPDI) limit	\$960.68	\$960.68
3.	Excess SDI (or VPDI) withheld. Subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the results here.		
	Combine the amounts on line 3 and enter the total, in whole dollars only, on Long Form 540NR, line 84		
	If zero or less, enter -0- on line 84.		

Line 85 – Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)

Enter your Earned Income Tax Credit from form FTB 3514, California Earned Income Tax Credit.

I ine 86

For the Claim of Right credit, follow the reporting instructions in Schedule CA (540NR), line 41 under the Claim of Right.

Claim of Right: If you are claiming the tax credit on your California tax return, include the amount of the credit in the total for this line. Write in "IRC 1341" and the amount of the credit to the left of the amount column.

To determine if you are entitled to this credit, refer to your prior year California Form 540, Form 540NR (Long or Short), Schedule CA (540), or Schedule CA (540NR), column E, to verify the amount was included in your CA taxable income. If the amount repaid under a "Claim of Right" was not originally taxed by California, you are not entitled to claim the credit.

Overpaid Tax or Tax Due

To avoid a delay in the processing of your tax return, enter the correct amounts on line 101 through line 104.

Line 101 - Overpaid Tax

If the amount on line 86 is more than the amount on line 74, subtract the amount on line 74 from the amount on line 86. Enter the result on line 101. Your payments and credits are more than your tax.

Line 102 – Amount You Want Applied to Your 2017 Estimated Tax

Apply all or part of the amount on line 101 to your estimated tax for 2017. Enter on line 102 the amount of line 101 you want applied to 2017.

An election to apply an overpayment against estimated tax is binding. Once the election is made, the overpayment cannot be applied to a deficiency after the due date of the tax return.

Line 103 - Overpaid Tax Available This Year

If you entered an amount on line 102, subtract it from the amount on line 101. Enter the result on line 103. You may have this entire amount refunded to you or make contributions to the California Seniors Special Fund or make other voluntary contributions from this amount. If you make a contribution, skip line 104 and go to the instructions for contributions.

Line 104 - Tax Due

If the amount on line 86 is less than the amount on line 74, subtract the amount on line 86 from the amount on line 74. Enter the result on line 104. Your tax is more than your payments and credits.

There is a penalty for not paying enough tax during the year. You may have to pay a penalty if:

- The tax due on line 104 is \$500 or more (\$250 or more if married/ RDP filing separately).
- The amount of state income tax withheld on line 81 is less than 90% of the amount of your total tax on line 74.

If you owe a penalty, the FTB will figure the penalty and send you a bill.

Contributions

You can make voluntary contributions to the funds listed on Long Form 540NR, Side 3. See "Voluntary Contributions Fund Descriptions" for more information.

You may also contribute any amount to the State Parks

Protection Fund/Parks Pass Purchase. To receive a single annual park pass, your contribution must equal or exceed \$195. When applicable, FTB will forward your name and address from your tax return to the Department of Parks and Recreation (DPR) who will issue a single Vehicle Day Use Annual Pass to you. Only one pass will be provided per tax return. You may contact DPR directly to purchase additional passes. If there is an error on your tax return in the computation of total contributions or if we disallow the contribution you requested because there is no credit available for the tax year, your name and address will not be forwarded to DPR. Any contribution less than \$195 will be treated as a voluntary contribution and may be deducted as a charitable contribution. For more information go to parks.ca.gov/annualpass/ or email info@parks.ca.gov.

Code 400 – Contribution to California Seniors Special Fund

If you and/or your spouse/RDP are 65 years of age or older and claim the Senior Exemption Credit on line 9, you may make a combined total contribution of up to \$222 or \$111 per spouse/RDP. Contributions entered on code 400 will be distributed to The Area Agency on Aging Council of California (TACC) to provide advice on and sponsorship of Senior Citizen issues. Any excess contributions not required by TACC will be distributed to senior citizen service organizations throughout California for meals, adult day care, and transportation.

Use the worksheet below to figure your contribution:

You may contribute any amount up to the amount on line 3. Enter your contribution on the line for code 400.

Line 120 – Total Contributions

Add code 400 through code 435. Enter the result on line 120.

Amount You Owe

Add or subtract correctly to figure the amount you owe.

Line 121 - Amount You Owe

If you did not enter an amount on line 120, enter the amount from line 104 on line 121. This is the amount you owe with your Long Form 540NR.

If you entered an amount on line 120, add that amount to the amount on line 104. Enter the result on line 121. This is the amount you owe with your Long Form 540NR.

If you have an amount on line 103 and line 120, subtract line 120 from line 103. If line 120 is more than line 103 enter the difference on line 121.

To avoid a late filing penalty, file your Long Form 540NR by the extended due date even if unable to pay the amount you owe.

Mandatory Electronic Payments. You are required to remit all your payments electronically once you make an estimate or extension payment exceeding \$20,000 or you file an original return with a total tax liability over \$80,000. Once you meet this threshold, all subsequent payments regardless of amount, tax.type, or taxable year must be remitted electronically. The first payment that would trigger the mandatory e-pay requirement does not have to be made electronically. Individuals that do not send the payment electronically will be subject to a 1% noncompliance penalty.

You can request a waiver from mandatory e-pay if one or more of the following is true:

- You have not made an estimated tax or extension payment in excess of \$20,000 during the current or previous taxable year.
- Your total tax liability reported for the previous taxable year did not exceed \$80,000.
- The amount you paid is not representative of your total tax liability.

For more information or to obtain the waiver form, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **mandatory epay**. Electronic payments can be made using Web Pay on FTB's website, electronic funds withdrawal (EFW) as part of the e-file tax return, or your credit card.

Payment Options

- Electronic Funds Withdrawal Instead of paying by check or money order, you may use this convenient option if you e-file. Provide your bank information, amount you want to pay, and the date you want the balance due to be withdrawn from your account. Your tax preparation software will offer this option.
- Web Pay Pay the amount you owe using our secure online payment service. Go to ftb.ca.gov for more information.

- Credit Card Whether you e-file or file by mail, you can use your Discover, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express card to pay your personal income taxes. If you pay by credit card, do not mail form FTB 3519 to us. Call 800.272.9829 or go to the Official Payments Corp. website at officialpayments.com, and use the jurisdiction code 1555. Official Payments Corp. charges a convenience fee for using this service.
- Check or Money Order Using black or blue ink, make your check or money order payable to the "Franchise Tax Board." Do not send cash or other items of value (such as stamps, lottery tickets, foreign currency, and gift cards). Write your SSN or ITIN and "2016 Long Form 540NR" on the check or money order, Enclose, but do not staple, your payment with your return.

Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution. **Do not** combine your 2016 tax payment and any 2017 estimated tax payment in the same check. Prepare two separate checks and mail each in a separate envelope.

If you e-filed your tax return, mail your check or money order with form FTB 3582, Payment Voucher for Individual e-filed Returns. **Do not** mail a copy of your e-filed tax return.

A penalty may be imposed if your check is returned by your bank for insufficient funds.

If you enter an amount on line 122 or line 123, see the instructions for line 124 for information about how to prepare your check or money order.

Paying by Credit Card — Whether you e-file or file by mail, use your Discover, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express card to pay your personal income taxes (tax return balance due, extension payment, estimated tax payment, or tax due with bill notice). There is a convenience fee for this service. This fee is paid directly to Official Payments Corp. based on the amount of your tax payment.

Convenience Fee

- 2.30% of the tax amount charged (rounded to the nearest cent)
- Minimum fee: \$1

Example: Tax Payment = \$753.56 Convenience Fee = \$17.33

When will my payments be effective?

Your payment is effective on the date you charge it.

What if I change my mind?

If you pay your tax liability by credit card and later reverse the credit card transaction, you may be subject to penalties, interest, and other fees imposed by the FTB for nonpayment or late payment of your tax liability.

How do I use my credit card to pay my income tax bill?

Once you have determined the type of payment and how much you owe, the following information is needed:

- Your Discover, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express card
- · Credit card number
- Expiration date
- Amount you are paying
- Your and your spouse's/RDP's SSN (or ITIN)
- First 4 letters of your and your spouse's/RDP's last name
- Taxable year
- Home phone number (including area code)
- ZIP Code for address where your monthly credit card bill is sent
- FTB Jurisdiction Code: 1555

Go to the Official Payments Corp. website at **officialpayments.com** and select **Payment Center**, or call 800.2PAY.TAX or 800.272.9829 and follow the recorded instructions. Official Payments Corp. provides customer assistance at 877.297.7457 Monday through Friday, 5:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. PST. Official Payments Corp. will tell you the convenience fee before you complete your transaction. Decide whether to complete the transaction at that time.

Payment Date : _____ Confirmation Number:

If you cannot pay the full amount shown on Long Form 540NR, line 121, see the information regarding monthly payments on page 8, question 4.

Interest and Penalties

If you file your tax return or pay your tax after the original due date, you may owe interest and penalties on the tax due.

Instructions: Long Form 540NR

Do not reduce the amount on line 101 or increase the amount on line 104 by any penalty or interest amounts. Enter on Long Form 540NR, line 122 the amount of interest and penalties.

Line 122 – Interest and Penalties

Interest. Interest will be charged on any late filing or late payment penalty from the original due date of the return to the date paid. In addition, if other penalties are not paid within 15 days, interest will be charged from the date of the billing notice until the date of payment. Interest compounds daily and the interest rate is adjusted twice a year. The FTB website has a chart of interest rates in effect since 1976. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for interest rates.

Late Filing of Tax Return. If you do not file your tax return by October 16, 2017, you will incur a late filing penalty plus interest from the original due date of the tax return. The maximum total penalty is 25% of the tax not paid if the tax return is filed after October 16, 2017. The minimum penalty for filing a tax return more than 60 days late is \$135 or 100% of the balance of tax due, whichever is less.

Late Payment of Tax. If you fail to pay your total tax liability by April 18, 2017, you will incur a late payment penalty plus interest. The penalty is 5% of the tax not paid when due plus 1/2% for each month, or part of a month, the tax remains unpaid. We may waive the late payment penalty based on reasonable cause. Reasonable cause is presumed when 90% of the tax shown on the return is paid by the original due date of the return. However, the imposition of interest is mandatory. If, after April 18, 2017, you find that your estimate of tax due was too low, pay the additional tax as soon as possible to avoid or minimize further accumulation of penalties and interest.

Other Penalties. We may impose other penalties if a payment is returned for insufficient funds. We may also impose penalties for negligence, substantial understatement of tax, and fraud.

Line 123 – Underpayment of Estimated Tax

You may be subject to an estimated tax penalty if any of the following is true:

- Your withholding and credits are less than 90% of your current tax year liability.
- Your withholding and credits are less than 100% of your prior year tax liability (110% if AGI is more than \$150,000 or \$75,000 if married/RDP filling separately).
- You did not pay enough through withholding to keep the amount you owe with your tax return under \$500 (\$250 if married/RDP filing separately).

The FTB can figure the penalty for you when you file your tax return and send you a bill.

Is line 104 less than \$500 (\$250 if married/RDP filing separately)?

Yes Stop. You are not subject to an estimated payment penalty.

No Continue. You may be subject to an estimated payment penalty.

Is line 104 less than 10% of the amount on line 63 (excluding the tax on lump-sum distributions on line 41)?

Yes No Stop. You are not subject to an estimated payment penalty. You may be subject to an estimated payment penalty, see form FTB 5805, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries (or form FTB 5805F, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Farmers and Fishermen).

The underpayment of estimated tax penalty shall not apply to the extent the underpayment of an installment was created or increased by any provision of law that is chaptered during and operative for the taxable year of the underpayment. To request a waiver of underpayment of estimated tax penalty, get form FTB 5805 or form FTB 5805F. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications."

If you complete one of these forms, enter the amount of the penalty on line 123 and check the correct box on line 123. Complete and attach the form if you claim a waiver, use the annualized income installment method, or pay tax according to the schedule for farmers and fishermen, even if no penalty is owed.

See "Important Dates" for more information on estimated tax payments and how to avoid the underpayment penalty.

Line 124 - Total Amount Due

Is there an amount on line 121?

Yes Add line 121, line 122, and line 123. Enter the result on line 124. For payment options, see line 121 instructions.

No Go to line 125.

Refund and Direct Deposit

Line 125 - Refund or No Amount Due

Did you report amounts on line 120, line 122, or line 123?

No Enter the amount from line 103 on line 125. This is your refund amount. If it is less than \$1, attach a written statement to your Long Form 540NR requesting the refund.

Yes Combine the amounts from line 120, line 122, and line 123. If the result is:

- More than line 103, subtract line 103 from the sum of line 120, line 122, and line 123 and enter the result on line 124. This is your total amount due. For payment options, see line 121 instructions.
- Less than line 103, subtract the sum of line 120, line 122, and line 123 from line 103 and enter on line 125. This is your refund amount.

Line 126 and Line 127 - Direct Deposit of Refund

Direct deposit is safe and convenient. To have your refund directly deposited into your bank account, fill in the account information on Long Form 540NR, Side 4, line 126 and line 127. Fill in the routing and account numbers and indicate the account type. Verify routing and account numbers with your financial institution. **Do not** attach a voided check or deposit slip. See the illustration on this page.

Individual taxpayers may request that their refund be electronically deposited into more than one checking or savings account. This allows more options for managing your refund. For example, you can request part of your refund go to your checking account to use now and the rest to your savings account to save for later.

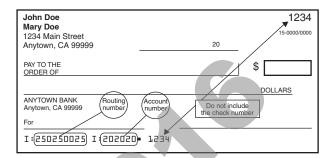
The routing number must be nine digits. The first two digits must be 01 through 12 or 21 through 32. On the sample check, the routing number is 250250025. The account number can be up to 17 characters and can include numbers and letters. Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. On the sample check, the account number is 202020.

Check the appropriate box for the type of account. Do not check more than one box for each line.

Enter the portion of your refund you want directly deposited into each account. Each deposit must be at least \$1. The total of line 126 and line 127 must equal the total amount of your refund on line 125. If line 126 and line 127 do not equal line 125, the FTB will issue a paper check.

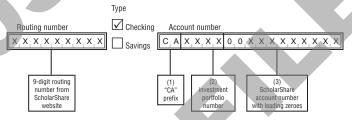
Caution: Check with your financial institution to make sure your deposit will be accepted and to get the correct routing and account numbers. The FTB is not responsible for a lost refund due to incorrect account information entered by you or your representative.

Some financial institutions will not allow a joint refund to be deposited to an individual account. If the direct deposit is rejected, the FTB will issue a paper check.



Direct Deposit for ScholarShare 529 College Savings Plans – If you have a ScholarShare 529 College Savings Plan account maintained by the ScholarShare Investment Board, you may have your refund directly deposited to your ScholarShare account.

Fill in the routing number, account type and account number. To obtain the nine-digit routing number go to **scholarshare.com** or call 800.544.5248. Check "Checking" as type of account. Enter your complete account number that includes (1) the "CA" prefix, (2) your four-digit investment portfolio number, and (3) your ScholarShare account number (for account numbers less than 11 digits, add leading zeros).



Sign Your Tax Return

Sign your tax return in the designated space on Side 4. If you file a joint tax return, your spouse/RDP must sign the tax return also.

Include your preferred phone number and email address in case the FTB needs to contact you regarding your tax return. By providing this information the FTB will be able to provide you better customer service.

Joint Tax Return. If you file a joint tax return, both you and your spouse/RDP are generally responsible for the tax and any interest or penalties due on the tax return. This means that if one spouse/RDP does not pay the tax due, the other spouse/RDP may have to pay the tax due. See "Innocent Joint Filer Relief."

Paid Preparer's Information. If you pay a person to prepare your Long Form 540NR, that person signs and completes the area at the bottom of Side 4 including an identification number. The IRS requires a paid tax preparer to get and use a preparer tax identification number (PTIN). If the preparer has a federal employer identification number (FEIN), it should be entered only in the space provided. A paid preparer must give you a copy of your tax return to keep for your records.

Third Party Designee. If you want to allow your preparer, a friend, family member, or any other person you choose to discuss your 2016 tax return with the FTB, check the "Yes" box in the signature area of your tax return. Also print the designee's name and telephone number.

If you check the "Yes" box, you, and your spouse/RDP if filing a joint tax return, are authorizing the FTB to call the designee to answer any questions that may arise during the processing of your tax return. You are also authorizing the designee to:

- Give the FTB any information that is missing from your tax return.
- Call the FTB for information about the processing of your tax return or the status of your refund or payments.
- Receive copies of notices or transcripts related to your tax return, upon request.
- Respond to certain FTB notices about math errors, offsets, and tax return preparation.

You are not authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the FTB. If you want to expand or change the designee's authorization, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for poa.

The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2017 tax return. This is April 15, 2018, for most people. If you wish to revoke the authorization before it ends, notify us by telephone at 800.852.5711 or by writing to Franchise Tax Board, PO Box 942840, Sacramento, CA 94240-0040, include your name, SSN, and the designee's name.

Power of Attorney. If another person prepared your tax return, he or she is not automatically granted access to your tax information in future dealings with us. At some point, you may wish to designate someone to act on your behalf in matters related or unrelated to your 2016 tax return (e.g., an audit examination). To protect your privacy, you must submit to us a legal document called a "Power of Attorney" (POA) authorizing another person to discuss or receive personal information about your income tax records.

For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for poa.

Check Your Social Security Number (or ITIN). Verify that you have written your social security number (or ITIN) in the spaces provided at the top of Long Form 540NR. If you file a joint tax return, verify that you and your spouse's/RDP's numbers are entered in the same order as your names.

Filing Your Tax Return

Important: Attach a copy of your federal income tax return, and all supporting federal forms and schedules to the back of Long Form 540NR.

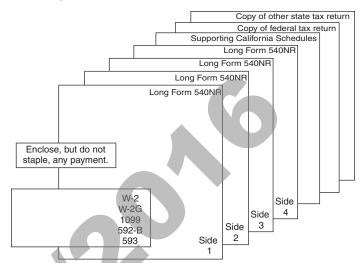
Federal Form(s) W-2, W-2G, and 1099, and CA Form(s) 592-B, and 593. Attach all the Form(s) W-2 and W-2G you received to the lower front of your tax return. Also, attach any Form(s) 1099, 592-B, and 593 showing California income tax withheld.

If you do not receive your Form(s) W-2 by January 31, 2017, contact your employer or go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account. Only your employer can issue or correct a Form W-2. If you cannot get a copy of your Form W-2, complete form FTB 3525, Substitute for Form W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, or Form 1099-R, Distributions from Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications."

If you forget to send your Form(s) W-2 or any other withholding form(s) with your income tax return, do not send it separately, or with another copy of your tax return. Wait until the FTB requests it from you.

Assembling Your Tax Return

Assemble your tax return in the order shown below.



Caution: Long Form 540NR has three sides. If filing Long Form 540NR, you must file all three sides with the FTB.

Mailing Your Tax Return

If you owe, mail your tax return to:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942867 **SACRAMENTO CA 94267-0001**

If you have a refund, or if no amount due, mail your tax return to: FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942840 **SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0001**