Crime*SHIELDSM* POLICY APPLICATION for COMMERCIAL and GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES



Agency Name:

Hartford Agency Code:

Application is hereby made by:

(First Named Insured and all additional insureds, including Employee Benefit Plans to be insured. Attach separate sheet, if necessary.) Principal address: (No., Street) City State Zip Code TO: EFFECTIVE DATE OF COVERAGE FROM: AGENCY BILL **BILLING METHOD** DIRECT BILL (annual payment plan only) **PAYMENT PLAN** ANNUAL **3 YEAR PREPAID** Are you applying for: **PRIMARY COVERAGE EXCESS COVERAGE** Present Crime Insurance Program: (Include primary AND excess, if applicable) If not applicable, please check here: Type (Primary Limit of **Insurance Carrier** or Excess) **Policy Period** Liability Deductible Premium \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ **YES** Has any similar insurance been declined or canceled during the past three years? If Yes, please explain: **DEDUCTIBLE INSURING AGREEMENT** LIMIT (for excess coverage, deductible is *primary coverage + primary deductible).* Commercial Entities Only: \$ \$ **Employee Theft** 1. Governmental Entities Only: Choose 1.A. or 1.B. **Employee Theft Per Loss** \$ \$ **1.A. Employee Theft Per Employee** \$ \$ 1.B. Is Faithful Performance desired? Yes No **Optional Coverages: Depositors Forgery or Alteration** \$ \$ 2. \$ \$ 3. Theft, Disappearance & Destruction (Money, Securities and Other Property) \$ \$ 4. **Robbery and Safe Burglary** (Money and Securities) 5. **Computer and Funds Transfer Fraud** \$ \$ \$50,000 \$ 0 6. **Money Orders and Counterfeit Currency (automatically included)**

Fax to Regional Office Bond Department:

1. Are you a: Proprietorship Partnership 2. Classify your predominant activity: Manufactu Distributor Distributor Other (explain): Manufactu 3. Describe the products or services of your predominant bus 4. Date you were established: 5. Latest fiscal year-end revenues:	rer Processor Wholesaler Retailer Service				
Borough Other Political Sul	1				
B. CLASSIFICATION OF EMPLOYEES AND LO	CATION INFORMATION				
Total # of Employees	Total # of Locations:				
Domestic	(Not needed for governmental entities)				
Foreign	Manufacturing Warehouse				
Canadian Grand Total	Distribution				
Granu Totai	Retail				
	Grand Total				
Number of employees, of the grand total shown above , whe maintain records of money, securities or other property :					
	re if none:				
Total # of Foreign Locations:	····· (A44-1				
For each foreign location, please detail the following informationCOUNTRYTYPE OF OPERATION	# OF EMPLOYEES REVENUES (if applicable)				
	# OF EMILOTEES REVENCES (if appreadic)				
C. EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES					
1. Does the Insured conduct a pre-employment check? If Yes, does it include the following: a. Prior employment verification? b. Personal references? c. Record of prior convictions? Yes No Yes Yes Yes					
D. AUDIT CONTROLS					
 Are your financial statements audited annually by an independent Certified Public Accountant? If Yes, please attach most recent copy of CPA Audit or 10K Report. Are all subsidiaries and locations, or similarly controlled and operated companies, included in the audit? Is there a CPA Management Letter/Response commenting on internal control weaknesses, 					
 recommendations for improvement, and a response by management? (If Yes, please attach the most recent report). 4. Has the auditing firm made any recommendations that have not been adopted? Yes No If Yes, please explain. 					
5. If a CPA Management Letter was not issued, did the C recommendations concerning internal control improve If Yes, please explain.	nents?				
 Do you have an Internal Audit Department? If Yes, while If No, do you have someone with internal audit response 					

8. 9.	Do you have a documented system of internal control policies/procedures? If any weaknesses are noted, is the department in question notified in writing by the Internal Audit Department and are corrective actions monitored?	Yes Yes	☐ No ☐ No		
10.	Is accounting centralized or decentralized?	· · · ·			
	If decentralized, how often are branch transactions reviewed by the central office? AND				
	How often does the internal audit department review/visit the branch locations?				
_E. I	DISBURSEMENT AND CHECK HANDLING CONTROLS				
1.	Are at least two signatures required on checks? If Yes, over what dollar \$	Yes	🗌 No		
	amount?	-			
2.	If No, who signs checks?	-			
2.	a) Is it kept in a safe?	Yes	🗌 No		
	b) Who has access to it?				
	c) Is a record kept of its use?	🗌 Yes	🗌 No		
3.	Do employees who reconcile monthly bank statements also:				
	a) Sign checks?	Yes	□ No		
	b) Handle bank deposits?c) Have access to check signing machines or signature plates?	Yes	☐ No ☐ No		
4.	Are check signers instructed to require that all checks be accompanied by:				
	a) Properly approved vouchers?	🗌 Yes	🗌 No		
	b) Invoices showing that a count has been made?	🗌 Yes	🗌 No		
5.	Are internal control systems designed so that no employee can control a process from	∐ Yes	🗌 No		
6.	beginning to end (e.g. request a check, approve a voucher and sign the check)? How often is the blank check stock inventoried?				
0.	By whom?				
7.	Are all incoming checks stamped "For Deposit Only" immediately upon receipt?	☐ Yes	🗌 No		
8.	Are disbursement functions separated from those who have cash receipt or cash refund	Tes Yes	🗌 No		
	duties?				
F. P	PURCHASING, INVENTORY AND VENDOR CONTROLS				
1.	Is your purchasing department separated from receiving responsibilities and supervised by a	🗌 Yes	No		
	person who is not authorized to pay bills?				
2.	Are the duties of purchasing, receiving, storekeeping and shipping separate so that no one	Yes	🗌 No		
3.	individual can control these functions from beginning to end? Are perpetual inventories maintained in addition to a physical check of stock and equipment?	Yes	🗌 No		
5.	If Yes, by whom? How often?				
4.	Do you have a security alarm system and video camera to protect your inventory in each of	🗌 Yes	🗌 No		
	your plants or warehouses?	—			
5.	Is the responsibility for checking in merchandise received subject to ultimate control of more than one individual?	Yes	🗌 No		
6.	Is an authorized vendor list utilized to assist in detecting payments to fictitious suppliers?	Yes	🗌 No		
7.	Is the responsibility for authorizing vendors, approving invoices and processing payments	Yes			
	segregated amongst different individuals?				
	If No, and one person has complete responsibility, does this person also have authority to	Yes	🗌 No		
8.	sign checks and reconcile bank accounts? Do you have automated systems that will prevent unauthorized vendors and duplicate	Yes	🗌 No		
0.	invoices from being entered into the system?				
9.	Do you operate your own warehouse or warehouse for others?	🗌 Yes	🗌 No		
C-4	COMPUTER CONTROLS				
1.	Are there any areas/departments which are <u>not</u> computerized? (e.g. inventory, accounts	Yes	No		
1.	receivable/payable, etc.).				
	If Yes, what are they?				
2.	Is output reconciled by persons who do not prepare or process the input?	Yes	No		
3.	Is your system programmed to detect and call to your attention all unusual account activity?	Yes	No		
H. WIRE TRANSFER CONTROLS - Indicate here if not applicable (i.e. wire transfers not done).					
	WIRE TRANSFER CONTROLS - Indicate here if not applicable (i.e. wire transfers	not d <u>one).</u>			
1.	Is there a written policy regarding wire transfers?	Yes	No		
			No No		

1	If no who in	itiates wire tr	ansfer requests?				
3.	If no, who initiates wire transfer requests? 8. What is your average daily number of fund transfers?						
4.							
5.	If a telephone call can activate a transfer of funds, does your financial institution call an employee other than the one who requested the transfer before acting on the transfer request?				Yes	🗌 No	
6.		es the receiving financial institution immediately verify the completion of transfer of				🗌 No	
7.					🗌 Yes	🗌 No	
8.					T Yes	□ No	
9.		Are they sent directly to a department not authorized to initiate transfers?				🗌 No	
10.	Is reconciliat	reconciliation performed on the same day as the confirmation is received?				No	
	Are the same internal controls listed above in sections D-H imposed on foreign Yes No						
	Are the same internal controls listed above in sections D-H imposed on foreign Yes No locations?						
I. ADDITIONAL INTERNAL CONTROL QUESTIONS FOR GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES							
1.	Is there a wri				Yes	No	
2.	1 5				🗌 Yes	🗌 No	
3.			by an investment committee or b	pard?	Yes	🗌 No	
4. Who makes investment decisions?							
				70			
J. N.	IONEY, SEC	CURITIES A	AND PAYROLL EXPOSUR				
		: •	Money and Securities	Checks (Non Retail)	Other Pro	perty	
Maxı	mum Exposure	es in \$'s:					
K. LOSS EXPERIENCE							
List all fidelity and crime losses discovered or sustained in the last three years. Check here if none:							
TYPE OF LOSS							
DAT	DATE OF LOSS (Employee Dishonesty, Forgery, etc.)			AMOUNT	AMOUNT OF LOSS		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · ·			

Please attach details of all losses including description, corrective action taken and amount covered by insurance.

Insurance Fraud Warning

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person, files an application for insurance, or a statement of claim containing any false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime in certain jurisdictions.

Important State Specific Information

Applicable in Arkansas:

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Applicable in Colorado:

It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

Applicable in California:

Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Applicable in Florida and Idaho:

Any person who Knowingly and with the intent to injure, Defraud, or Deceive any Insurance Company Files a Statement of Claim Containing any False, Incomplete or Misleading information is Guilty of a Felony.* *In Florida - Third Degree Felony

Applicable in Indiana:

A person who knowingly and with intent to defraud an insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information commits a felony.

Applicable in Kentucky and New Jersey:

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other persons, files a statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact, material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, subject to criminal prosecution and civil penalties.

Applicable in Maine

We do not provide coverage to one or more insureds ("insured") who, at any time:

1) Intentionally concealed or misrepresented a material fact;

2) Engaged in fraudulent conduct; or

3) Made a false statement

relating to this insurance.

Applicable in Maryland:

Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowingly that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement may be guilty of insurance fraud.

Applicable in Michigan:

Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure or defraud any insurer submits a claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information shall, upon conviction, be subject to imprisonment for up to one year for a misdemeanor conviction or up to ten years for a felony conviction and payment of a line of up to \$5,000.00.

Applicable in Minnesota:

A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.

Applicable in Nevada:

Pursuant to NRS 686A.291, any person who knowingly and willfully files a statement of claim that contains any false, incomplete or misleading information concerning a material fact is guilty of a felony.

Applicable in New Hampshire:

Any person who, with purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for Insurance fraud, as provided in RSA 638:20.

Applicable in New Mexico

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

Applicable in New York:

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation.

Applicable in Ohio:

Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he/she is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

Applicable in Oregon:

Any person who with an intent to knowingly defraud any insurance company or other person, files an application for insurance, or a statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading information concerning any fact material thereto, may be guilty of insurance fraud.

Applicable in Oklahoma:

WARNING: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony,

Applicable in Pennsylvania:

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Applicable in Texas:

Any person who makes an intentional misstatement that is material to the risk may be found guilty of insurance fraud by a court of law.

Applicable in Virginia

It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

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