

Dear Doctor:

This passenger has chosen to fly with DragonAir or on an interline ticket associated with a DragonAir flight.

At the time of the booking inquiry, the information provided to our Reservations office has prompted us to ask this passenger to complete our Passenger Medical Clearance (MEDA) Form. Part 1 of the form should be completed by the passenger. The attending doctor should complete Parts 2 and 3, in English.

Once the MEDA Form has been completed, it should be returned to DragonAir's local Reservations office. It is important that we receive the completed MEDA Form no later than 48 hours prior to the passenger's scheduled departure date.

Any costs associated with this assessment and completion of the form is at the passenger's expense.

The attached Passenger Medical Clearance Guidelines provides more information on the special conditions associated with air travel and the specific restrictions for certain medical conditions. They also provide guidance on various considerations when determining a person's fitness to travel.

If the passenger suffers from any of the following - cardiac, pulmonary, psychiatric conditions, seizures, fractures and peanut allergy, you are requested to complete Part 3. This will help expedite the medical review process.

Additional information is available in the Aerospace Medical Association's <u>Medical Guidelines</u> for <u>Airline Travel</u>, Second Edition or the World Health Organisation's <u>Fitness to Fly</u> <u>Information</u>.

If you wish to discuss the case further with our Company Aviation Medical team, please contact your local DragonAir Reservations office as soon as possible.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Corporate Medical Department

Attachments:

Passenger Medical Clearance Guidelines MEDA Form Part 2/Part 3



## **Passenger Medical Clearance Guidelines**

Air travel has some unique features which must be considered by passengers with medical conditions and their treating doctors to ensure a safe and comfortable flight.

#### The principle factors to consider when assessing a passenger's fitness for air travel are:

- **Reduced atmospheric pressure:** Cabin air pressure changes oc cur after take-off and be fore landing and lead to gas expansion and contraction which may cause pain and pressure effects.
- **Reduction in oxygen tension:** The aircraft cabin is pressurised to an equivalent of 6,000-8,000 feet and oxygen partial pressure is approximately 20% less than on ground. Healthy passengers have no problems at these altitudes, but passengers with anaemia or heart and lung conditions may be at risk and require supplemental oxygen during air travel.
- *Inaccessibility to advanced medical care:* The aircraft cabin is a closed environment where access to advanced medical care may not be possible for several hours. Our cabin crew is trained in basic first aid and we do carry medical kits and heart defibrillators on board, but advanced medical care onboard is not possible. If a passenger has a medical condition that carry a high risk of requiring extraordinary medical assistance in flight they may not be accepted for air travel.

### **Specific Medical Conditions**

When calculating the number of days post-incident count the day of operation/onset of illness and day of travel.

Diagnosis	Not fit to fly	Medical clearance required	Comments	
Blood disorders				
Anaemia	Hb < 7.5g/dl	Hb 7.5 – 10 g/dl	If acutely anaemic, Hb level should be assessed more than 24 hours after last blood loss, which must have ceased.	
Sickle cell disease	< 10 days after Sickling crisis	Within 10 days of sickling crisis	Accepted for travel 10 days after sickling crisis if otherwise stable.	
	Cardiov	ascular and other Circulatory	disorders	
Angina	Unstable angina		<ul> <li>Passengers with frequent chest pains should consult their doctor regarding their fitness to travel.</li> <li>Must be stable and no angina at rest.</li> <li>Have sufficient medications at hand to relief an angina attack.</li> </ul>	
Myocardial infarction	Within 7 days	All <b>6 weeks</b> post-MI	<ul> <li>Any cardiac failure?</li> <li>Any Arrhythmia?</li> <li>Any post-MI angina pain?</li> <li>Is the heart size larger than normal?</li> <li>Any pre-attack angina?</li> <li><i>If NO</i>: Uncomplicated; may travel after 7 days.</li> <li><i>If YES</i>: Complicated. Disposition depends on individual assessment (stability, success of stenting, escort proposed, etc.)</li> </ul>	
Cardiac Failure	Uncontrolled heart failure	If require inflight oxygen.	<ul> <li>Passengers with uncontrolled heart failure should consult their doctor regarding their fitness to travel.</li> <li>Adequate control is someone that can walk 50 meters (50yards) or go up a flight of stairs on room air at a normal pace without breathlessness. Otherwise, inflight oxygen may need to be considered.</li> </ul>	



Diagnosis	Not fit to fly	Medical clearance required	Comments	
Angioplasty with or	Within 3 days	< 7 days	Elective, uncomplicated cases may travel:	
without Stenting	vi tullil 5 duys	, augo	<ul> <li>3 days after angioplasty</li> </ul>	
without Stenting			<ul> <li>5 days after stenting.</li> </ul>	
Open-chest Cardiac Surgery	Within 10 days	All require medical clearance during the <b>10 -21 days</b> post- operative period.	May travel after 10 days if uncomplicated.	
Serious cardiac arrhythmia	Within 7 days	If <21 days	Does not include benign arrhythmias.	
Pulmonary Oedema	Unresolved	If < 21 days	Pulmonary oedema and any precipitating condition should be resolved.	
Cyanotic congenital heart disease		All cases	Inflight oxygen needs to be considered in all cases.	
Angiography	< 24 hours		May travel after 24 hours if original condition is stable.	
Pacemaker insertion	Within 2 days	Within 7 days	<ul> <li>May travel after 2 days if:</li> <li>no pneumothorax AND</li> <li>rhythm is stable.</li> </ul>	
Ablation therapy	Within 2 days	Within 7 days	Passenger flying within 1 week of the procedure is considered at high risk of DVT.	
Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT)	If active	Confirmed or suspected needs medical clearance.	Stable on anticoagulants.	
Pulmonary embolism	Within 4 days of	< 21 days	May travel after 5 days if:	
·	onset		<ul> <li>anticoagulation stable AND</li> </ul>	
			PAO2 normal on room air.	
		Ear, Nose and Throat Condi	tions	
Ear and sinus	Acute illness or		Must be able to clear ears with Valsalva	
infections	loss of Eustachian tube function.		maneuver.	
Middle ear surgery	< 10 days	10 – 14 days after surgery	<ul><li>Allowed to fly 10 days after surgery.</li><li>Must be able to clear ears.</li></ul>	
Tonsillectomy	< 7 days	Only if complications	Allowed to travel 7 days after surgery.	
Wired jaw	If travelling alone	If wired	Must have:	
	0		• escort with wire cutters OR	
			• self quick release wiring.	
		Eye Conditions		
Corneal laser, Cataract surgery or other eye surgery	< 24 hours	1-3 days	Can travel after one day.	
Retinal Detachment Procedure	< 10 days	1- 10 days after surgery	Allowed to travel 10 days after the procedure.	
Penetrating eye injury	< 7 days	< 14 days	Any gas in the globe must be reabsorbed.	
		Gastrointestinal Condition		
Gastrointestinal	< 24 hours after	1 to 10 days post-bleed.	Bleeding must have stopped.	
Bleeding	bleed		<ul><li>Hemoglobin limits must be met.</li></ul>	
Dictuing			<ul> <li>Risks of rebleeding must be assessed and be acceptable.</li> </ul>	
Major Abdominal	< 10 days	1 to 10 days post op.	• Accepted after 10 days if uncomplicated.	
Surgery	5		• E.g. bowel resection, hysterectomy, renal,	



Diagnosis	Not fit to fly	Medical clearance required	Comments		
Appendectomy	< 4 days	Only if complicated	Accepted after 4 days if uncomplicated.		
Laparoscopy	< 24 hours		Accepted after 24 hours if all gas absorbed.		
(investigation)			recepted after 2 + flours if an gas absorbed.		
Laparoscopic surgery	< 4 days	1- 10 days post op	All gas must be absorbed.		
Laparoscopic surgery	- T duys	i io duys post op	E.g. cholecystectomy, tubal surgery		
		Infectious Diseases			
Infectious diseases	During contagious		Must be non-infectious. See below for specific		
	stage of illness		diseases.		
Chicken pox	If active lesions		It is safe to travel when all exposed lesions are		
I	present		dried and crusted.		
Tuberculosis		All cases	Can travel if on medical treatment and medical		
			documentation states that not infectious		
		Neurological conditions			
Epilepsy	< 24 hours after fit	If suffered from an epileptic fit	Must be stable on medications.		
	or unstable	24 hours before flight.			
Stroke	< 3days post-stroke	Within 10 days	• May travel after 10 days if uncomplicated.		
			Possibly may have to travel with an escort.		
Intracranial Surgery	< 10 days post-op	10-21 days	• Not within 10 days of surgery.		
			• May only travel if cranium is free of air.		
	-	Orthopaedic Conditions			
Fractures	< 48 hours if cast		Splints/Casts must be bi-valved if travelling		
	not bi-valved.		within 48 hours of injury or surgery on the		
			fractures.		
	1	Pregnancy and New born			
Single pregnancy	After 36 weeks	Any complications	Clearance not required before 36 weeks unless		
	(i.e. 35 weeks and		complicated, but medical certificate needed		
	6 days)		after 28 weeks.		
Multiple pregnancy	After 32 weeks	Any complications	Clearance not required before 32 weeks unless		
	(i.e. 31 weeks and		complicated, but medical certificate needed		
	6 days)		after 28 weeks.		
Miscarriage	With active	Within 7 days of bleeding	Must be stable, no bleeding and no pain for at		
(threatened or	bleeding		least 24 hours.		
complete)					
New born	< 48 hours	Within 7 days of birth	Fit and healthy babies can travel after 48 hours,		
			but preferably after 7 days.		
	1	Psychiatric Conditions	1		
Acute psychosis	If unstable	Within 14 days of unstable	• Must be stable and appropriately escorted.		
		episode or hospitalisation.	Escort may range from correctional		
			officers, friends/relatives, to medically		
			trained personnel with appropriate		
			medications.		
			• This is for safety reason.		
			Full psychiatric report required.		
Chronic psychiatric		If significant risk of	Travel may be approved with suitable medical		
disorders		deterioration inflight	escort / carer.		
		<b>Respiratory Conditions</b>			
Asthma	< 48 hours after	If want to use an open-circuit	• Must be stable and carry appropriate		
	severe attack	nebuliser inflight. (Must be free	medication onboard.		
	severe attack				
	< 10 days	from infectious disease.) < 28 days	May travel after 10 days if uncomplicated recovery.		



Diagnosis	Not fit to fly	Medical clearance required	Comments
Pneumothorax	< 14 days after full inflation.	8-21 days after full inflation, if managed closed.	<ul> <li>May not travel until 14 days after full lung inflation occurred if managed closed.</li> <li>If chest drain in-situ, may travel with medical escort at any time if other injuries/conditions permit and equipment/spare drain are carried.</li> </ul>
Pneumonia	Acute, with symptoms		<ul> <li>May travel if:</li> <li>fully resolved OR</li> <li>if x-ray signs persist, must be symptom free.</li> <li>No longer infectious</li> </ul>
COPD, emphysema, pulmonary fibrosis, pleural effusion and haemothorax.	Cyanosis on the ground despite supplementary oxygen. Unresolved recent exacerbation.	If unstable or poor exercise tolerance. Within 7 days of recent exacerbation.	<ul> <li>Accepted if:</li> <li>Exercise tolerance &gt; 50 meters without dyspnoea AND</li> <li>General condition adequate.</li> <li>Full recovery if recent exacerbation.</li> <li>Supplemental oxygen may be required inflight.</li> </ul>
		Trauma	
Burns	If still shocked or with widespread infection or greater than 20% total body surface.	Within 7 days of burn or surgical treatment	Must be medically stable and well in other respects.
		Miscellaneous	
Terminal illness		If at risk of death during flight.	
Scuba diving	< 24 hours of diving		
Decompression sickness (bends)	< 3 days for bends < 7 days for neurological symptoms	All cases within 10 days of completing treatment.	
Severe allergies or anaphylaxis		If any special accommodation required.	<ul> <li>DragonAir does not provide peanut-free meals.</li> <li>DragonAir cannot guarantee specific allergen free environment.</li> <li>Passenger should carry appropriate medications and be able to self administer them.</li> </ul>

The following medical conditions generally do not require medical clearance providing they are stable and no special assistance is required:

- Diabetes Mellitus
- High blood pressure or high cholesterol
- Arthritis
- Joint replacement or amputations
- Artificial limbs

Sleep apnea requiring the use of a CPAP (If intending to use CPAP inflight, must notify DragonAir a minimum of 48 hours prior to departure.)





# PASSENGER MEDICAL CLEARANCE FORM (MEDA) – PART 2

To be completed by ATTENDING DOCTOR ( <u>IN ENGLISH</u> )		This form is intended to provide CONFIDENTIAL information to enable the airline's MEDICAL Department to assess the fitness of the passenger to travel as indicated in Part 1. If the passenger is accepted, this information will permit the issuance of the necessary directives designed to provide for the passenger's welfare and comfort. The DOCTOR ATTENDING the incapacitated passenger is requested to <b>ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS</b> . (Enter a cross 'X' in the appropriate 'yes' or 'no' boxes, and/or give concise answers). <b>Please also complete the relevant section of Part 3 of this form if the passenger has any of the following:</b> Cardiac conditions, Pulmonary conditions, Psychiatric conditions, Seizures, a Fracture or Peanut Allergy.				
			THE FORM IN BLOCK LETTERS WILL BE			
MEDA 01	Passenger's S	urname:	First N	lame:	Sex:Age:	
MEDA 02	Attending Doct Address	or's Name				
MEDA V2	Telephone No.	(Business)	(Home or Mobile)	Email:		
MEDA 03	Medical Diagno	osis: ent medical conditi	ons (including vital signs) : Date of diagnosis:	Date of operation:		
MEDA 04						
	Prognosis for t	ne trip:	Good Contagious OR communicable disease?	Stable 🛛 Unsta	able Poor	
MEDA 05	If yes, please s	pecify:				
MEDA 06	•	•	senger will become agitated during the	•	No 🛛 Yes 🗆	
MEDA 07			aircraft seat with seatback placed in the UPRIGHT position?		No 🛛 🛛 Yes 🗖	
WIEDA 07	Can the passe	nger use normal a	ircraft seat with both KNEES BENT?		No 🛛 Yes 🗆	
MEDA 08	Can the passenger take care of his/her own needs on board UNASSISTED* (including meals, visit to toilet, administering of medications etc)?				No 🗌 Yes 🗌	
MEDA 09		RTED, is the arran scort proposed by	gement proposed in PART 1/E satisfac	tory?	No 🛛 Yes 🗆	
MEDA 10	Does the passe OXYGEN** (Cathay only provide	enger need es flow rates of 2 or 4 constant flow oxygen by	(a) On the GROUND: No Yes (b) On board the AIBCRAFT	Litres per minute:	Continuous? No 🗌 Yes 🗌	
MEDA 11		enger need any rother than those ed?	<ul> <li>(a) On the GROUND while at the airport(s) No □ Yes □</li> <li>(b) On board of the AIRCRAFT No □ Yes □</li> </ul>	Specify: Specify		
MEDA 12	medical device CPAP, suction	enger need any s such as POC*** , respirator, etc**? uipment onboard must )		Specify:Specify:		
MEDA 13	made or if non indicate "NO A	TIÔN upon e arrangements e were made, CTION TAKEN") ng doctor is responsible	No 🔲 Yes 🗖	Action:		
MEDA 14	Specify other information in the interest of the passenger's smooth and comfortable transportation**:					
MEDA 15	Specify other arrangements made by the attending doctor:					
passengers wi personal care (**) <b>IMPORTA</b> passenger cor	ith any assistance i needs. Additionally <b>NT</b> - Fees, if any, r ncerned.	for personal care nee , cabin crew are train relevant to the compl	provide assistance to passengers during the eds such as feeding, elimination functions inc ned only in FIRST AID and are NOT PERMI etion of this form and/or for the provisions of	luding assistance inside TTED to administer any in	the lavatory or other njection or medication.	
(***)Portable ( Date:	Oxygen Concentra		mplete the "Physician Statement: POC" form rint Doctor's Name:	Doctor's Signature:		
Date.		F				





# PASSENGER MEDICAL CLEARANCE FORM (MEDA) --- PART 3 (ADDITIONAL INFORMATION)

In order to facilitate a speedier medical clearance process, please provide the following additional information if the nassenger suffers from one of the conditions below:

MEDA 16	CARDIAC CONDITIONS		
1.	Angina	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
	1. Date of last episode:		
	2. Is the condition stable?	No 🛛 Yes 🗖	
	3. Functional class of the passenger?		
	□No symptoms □Angina with significant efforts □Angina with light efforts □Angina at rest	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
2.	4. Can the patient walk 100m at a normal pace or climb 10-12 stairs without symptoms? Myocardial Infarction		
2.	1. Date:		
	2. Complications?	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
	If yes, give details:		
	3. Did the passenger have any heart failure?	No 🛛 Yes 🗖	
	4. Is the passenger's heart size larger than normal?		
	<ol> <li>Did the passenger have any chest pain after the first 24 hours?</li> <li>Did the passenger have any arrhythmia requiring treatment after the first 24 hours?</li> </ol>	No□ Yes□ No□ Yes□	
	7. Did the passenger have any arrivarial requiring treatment after the first 24 hours?		
	8. Stress ECG done?		
	If yes indicate date/results:		
	9. If angioplasty or coronary bypass, can the passenger walk 100m at a normal pace or	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
	climb 10-12 stairs without symptoms?		
3.	Heart Failure	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
	<ol> <li>When was the last episode:</li> <li>Is the passenger's condition controlled with medication?</li> </ol>		
	If yes, give details:	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
	3. Functional class of the passenger:		
	□No symptoms □Dyspnoea with significant efforts □Dyspnoea with light efforts □Dyspnoea at rest		
MEDA 17	CHRONIC PULMONARY CONDITIONS	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
	1. Has the patient had recent arterial gases done?		
	Blood gases were taken on:		
	What were the results?		
	pCO2 pO2 Saturation Date of test:		
	2. Does the patient retain CO2?	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
	3. Has his/her condition deteriorated recently?	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
	<ol><li>Can the passenger walk 100m at a normal pace or climb 10-12 stairs without symptoms?</li></ol>	No 🛛 Yes 🗖	
	5. Has the passenger ever taken a commercial flight in these same conditions?		
	If yes, when:	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
	Did the passenger have any problems?		
MEDA 18	PSYCHIATRIC CONDITIONS (Please also submit a comprehensive psychiatric report)	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
	Diagnosis:		
	1. Is there a possibility that the passenger will become agitated during the flight?	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
	<ol><li>Has the passenger taken a commercial flight after the diagnosis was made?</li></ol>	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
	If yes, date of travel:		
MEDA 19	Did the passenger travel Alone Escorted SEIZURES	No 🗆 Yes 🗆	
MEDA 19	1 What type of equipying?		
	2. Frequency/duration of seizures:		
	3. Date of last seizure:		
	4. Are the seizures controlled by medication?	No 🛛 Yes 🗖	
MEDA 20	FRACTURES		
	Type and Date of the fracture?     Pelvic fracture:	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
	a) Is it stable?		
	3. Lower limb fracture:		
	a) Is the passenger able to sit upright for takeoff and landing with the knees bent?	No 🛛 Yes 🗖	
	If no, stretcher may be required.		
	b) Is the plaster cast split?	No 🛛 Yes 🗖	
	4. Upper limb fracture:		
	<ul> <li>a) Is the plaster cast split?</li> <li>5. Skull fracture:</li> </ul>	No□ Yes□ No□ Yes□	
	a) Is there any air in the cranial cavity?		
	6. <i>Rib fracture</i> :		
	a) Is there a pneumothorax?	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
MEDA 21	1. Has the passenger, or the parent/guardian of the passenger read, understood and accepted		
	the Cathay Pacific Airways peanut allergy policy on the <u>www.cathaypacific.com</u> website?	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
	2. Does the passenger's peanut allergy condition pose any serious risks to his/her health given the conditions inflight as attend on the undertail		
	the conditions inflight as stated on the website? 3. Can the passenger self-administer his/her own medications or are there travel companions	No 🗆 Yes 🗆	
	that may help administer the medications should the need arise?	No 🗆 Yes 🗖	
Date:	Print Doctor's Name: Doctor's Signature:	·	
1			