## Help using this PDF claim form

In this PDF form we have introduced a special feature that lets you save it in Adobe Reader 8.1.2 and later. This means that you no longer have to complete the form in one session.

This form will only work if you:

- save it to your computer, then
- open it in Acrobat Reader version 8.1.2 or later.

The form will not work in:

- older versions of Acrobat Reader
- other pdf readers, for example Preview on a Mac or Foxit on a PC
- your web browser window.

#### If you are having technical difficulties:

- downloading the form
- Navigating around the form, or
- printing the form

Please contact the **eService helpdesk**.

Phone: 0845 601 80 40

Minicom (textphone): **0845 601 80 39** Email: **eservicehelpdesk@dwp.gsi.gov.uk** 

Opening hours

Monday to Friday: 08.00am - 09.00pm

Weekend: 08.00am - 04.00pm

Closed on all Public and Bank Holidays.

For help and advice on the information you need to put on the form or about the benefit you want to claim, contact the office that deals with the benefit.

# We would like your feedback about this PDF claim form

We would like your feedback about this form. We will use any comments to improve future versions. Please email your comments to:

forms.feedback@dwp.gsi.gov.uk

Please do not send personal information or questions about your benefit or entitlement to this email address.



# Disability Living Allowance for a child under 16

Please fill in this claim form and send it back to us as soon as you can. We can only consider paying benefit from the day we receive it.



If you want help filling in any part of this claim form, read the **information booklet** or phone the DLA Helpline on **08457 12 34 56**.

If you have speech or hearing difficulties, you can contact the DLA Helpline by textphone on **08457 22 44 33**.

We can provide an interpreter if you phone or visit us.

This form is available in large print or braille.

Please phone **08457 12 34 56**.

#### About the child

1 6 6 11	
1 Surname or family name	
All other names in full	
2 Child reference number (if you know it)	
3 Date of birth (day/month/year)	
4 Sex	Male Female
5 Full address where the child lives	
Postcode	

ا <b>م</b> ا	
6	What is the child's nationality? For example, British, Spanish,
	Turkish
7	Does the child normally live in Great Britain? Great Britain is England, Scotland and Wales.
	Yes No
8	Has the child been abroad for more than 4 weeks at a time in the last 3 years? Abroad means out of Great Britain.
	Yes We may contact you No Please continue below. for more details.
9	Entitlement to other benefits from another European Economic Area (EEA) State or Switzerland
	Is the child's parent or guardian receiving any pensions or benefits from another EEA state or Switzerland?
	Yes We will contact you about this. No Go to question 10.
	Don't know We will contact you about this.
10	Entitlement to other benefits from another EEA State or Switzerland
_10/	Is the child's parent or guardian working in or paying insurance to another EEA state or Switzerland? By insurance we mean connected to work, like UK National Insurance.
	Yes We will contact you about this. No Go to question 11.
	Don't know We will contact you about this.
11	Is the child in a hospital or hospice now, or have they been admitted in the past 12 months?
	Yes Please continue below. No Go to question 12.
	If the child is in hospital when you claim we will not usually pay Disability Living Allowance (DLA) until they leave, unless you are paying for their accommodation.
	We may pay DLA if you are claiming for the child under the special rules (see question 23) and they are in a hospice.

Please tell us when they went in and when they came out.					
In Out					
In Out					
Full name and address of the hospital or hospice					
Postcode					
Phone number Include the dialling code.					
Why did they go in?					
Does or did the NHS fund Yes No					
Is the child in a residential college or similar place now, or have they been in the past 12 months?					
For example, a residential care home, boarding school or similar place.					
If the child is in a residential college or similar place when you claim we will not usually pay DLA care unless you are paying all the costs of their accommodation, board and personal care without help from a local or public authority.					
Yes Please continue below. No Go to question 13.					
Please tell us when they went in and when they came out.					
In Out					
In Out					

they are or were staying
Postcode
Phone number Include the dialling code.
Does or did the local authority or a government department pay any costs for them to live there?
Yes Please continue below. No Go to question 13.
Which authority or government department pays or paid?
We ask about people involved in the child's care and may contact them before we make a decision.
They don't decide if the child can get DLA.
In the last 12 months, has the child seen anyone apart from their GP about their illnesses or disabilities?
For example, a hospital doctor, consultant, nurse, occupational therapist, physiotherapist, educational psychologist, social worker or support worker.
Yes Tell us below who they have seen.  No Go to question 14.
If they see or have recently seen more than one professional, tell us the other professionals' details at question 70 Extra information.
Name
For example, Mr, Mrs, Miss, Ms, Dr.
Profession or specialist area
Full address For example, health centre, hospital, office or their place of work.
Postcode

	<b>Phone number</b> Include the dialling code.	
	The child's hospital record nu You can find this on their appointment card or letter.	mber
	Which illness or disability do see the child about?	they
	When did they last see the chabout their illness or disabilit	
14	Name of the child's GP If you don't know the GP's nan tell us the name of the surgery health centre.	
	Full address	
	Post	ccode
	<b>Phone number</b> Include the dialling code.	
	When did they last see the chabout their illness or disabilit	
15	Has the child had or are they illnesses or disabilities?	waiting for tests to help diagnose, treat or monitor their
	For example, audiogram, MRI	scan, cognitive development or IQ test, or something else.
	Yes Tell us about it in table below.	the <b>No</b> Go to question 16.
	Date and type of test	What did the test show?
	<b>Example</b> June 2013 Eyesight test	They needed to see a hospital doctor

16	Do you have any reports, letters or	assessments about the child's illnesses or disabilities
	These may be from the people who to For example, doctors, health visitors	reat or help them with their illnesses or disabilities. or occupational therapists.
	Yes Please continue below.	No Go to question 17.
	<b>Tell us what reports you have.</b> For exCertificate of Vision Impairment (CVI	xample, educational psychologist's report or i).
	<b>Send us a copy.</b> Please send us the nature of the send original copies as the	nost up-to-date copies of your reports. by cannot be returned.
17	Name of the child's school or nursery	
	Full address	
	Postcode	
	Phone number Include the dialling code.	
	Person we can contact For example, a teacher.	
18	(IEP), Individual Behaviour Plan (IB	ting to hear about an Individual Education Plan P) or statement of Special Educational Needs nent is called a Co-ordinated Support Plan (CSP).
	IEP or IBP which sets out the help the	Action or School Action Plus, a teacher prepares the ey need. If more help is needed, the local authority sue a letter, a Note in Lieu, or a statement.
	Yes Please tick the boxes that apply.	No Go to question 19.
	Send us a copy, if you can, as it may Tell us if you want us to return it.	help us deal with your claim.
	They have an IEP or IBP.	
	They have a statement, Note in	n Lieu, letter or CSP.
	I am waiting to hear.	

## 19 Statement from someone who knows the child

**This part does not have to be filled in.** But if it is filled in, this may help us deal with your claim. It could be filled in by someone who treats or helps the child, or someone else involved in their care.

Statement to be filled in by the person who knows the child.						
Use the space below to tell us:  • the child's illnesses or disabilities and how they affect the child, and  • how you help the child.						
Signature	Date					
Name (please use block capitals)						
Full address						
Postcode						
<b>Phone number</b> Include the dialling code.						
Job or profession						
<b>Relationship to child,</b> if applicable.						
When did you last see the child?						

#### 20 Consent

We may want to contact the child's GP, or the people or organisations involved with the child, for information about the child's claim. This may include medical information. You do not have to agree to us contacting these people or organisations, but if you don't agree, we may be unable to make sure the child is entitled to the benefit you are claiming on their behalf.

We, or any health care professional working for an organisation approved by the Secretary of State, may ask any person or organisation to give them or us any information, including medical information, which we need to deal with:

- this claim for benefit, or
- any appeal or other request to reconsider a decision about this claim.

Please tick one of the consent options, then sign and date below.

I agree to you contacting the people or organisations described in the statement above.				

Please make sure you also sign and date the declaration question 66.

### The questions we ask and why we ask them

DLA is a benefit to help with extra costs because:

- the child has difficulties walking, or
- the child needs extra looking after, because of their illness or disability.

By 'extra looking after' we mean much more than another child of the same age.

We ask about the child's illnesses or disabilities, the treatment they have, the difficulties they have walking outdoors and the extra looking after they need.

We understand it may be upsetting for you to think about what the child can't do, but we need this information to make the right decision.

Tell us about the help they need most of the time. You can use the box at the end of each question to tell us:

- about your tick-box answers
- · how their needs vary, and
- anything else you think we should know about the help they need.

## If you need help to fill in the rest of the form

In the information booklet we:

- explain the questions we ask
- tell you how to answer the questions, and
- give you examples of other things you can tell us.

When you see



you can use the **information booklet** to help you understand and answer the questions.

#### About the child's illnesses or disabilities

- 21 List the child's illnesses or disabilities in the table below.
  - Illness or disability may be a physical, sight, hearing, speech, learning or developmental difficulty, or a mental-health problem. If they don't have a diagnosis, tell us their difficulty. For example, if they have problems learning new things and you don't know why, put 'Learning problem'.
  - **How long** may be from birth or the date the problem started. It is **not** the date of diagnosis.
  - **Treatment** may be medicines such as tablets, creams or injections and things like speech, occupational or play therapy, physiotherapy or counselling.
  - **How often** they have each treatment and for how long. The label on the child's medicine has the name, dose and how often to take it.

If you have a spare **up-to-date prescription list** send it to us with this form.

Illness or disability	How long have they had it?	What treatment do they have for it?	How often do they have treatment?
<b>Examples</b> ADHD	Problems started aged 4	Cognitive behaviour therapy Ritalin 30 milligrams (mg)	One hourly session a week One a day
Eczema	About one year	Promethazine 5 mg 1% Hydrocortisone cream E45 Emollient bath oil	One before bed 3 times a day Daily
Visually impaired	From birth	Play therapy	Every day

If you need more space to tell us about their illnesses or disabilities, please continue at question 70 **Extra information**.

22	Does the child use, or have they been assessed for, any aids or adaptations?										
	Yes		Please c	ontinue be	low.	No		Go to que	estion 23.		
	Tell us in the table below about any: <ul> <li>aids used at home, at school or anywhere else</li> <li>aids or adaptations they have been assessed for or are waiting for</li> <li>help they need to use it. This could be encouragement, prompting or physical help.</li> </ul> <li>Put a tick next to the aid or adaptation if it was prescribed by a health care professional. For example, an occupational therapist.</li> Use page 8 of the information booklet.										
	Example of aid										
	Pictu	re Exc	change Co	ırds	V		ourag muni		use cards t	0	
	<b>Exam</b> Bed r		of adaptat	tion		No h	nelp n	eeded			

If you need more space to tell us about their aids or equipment, please continue at question 70 Extra information.

#### **Special rules**

23 Are you claiming for the child under the special rules
-----------------------------------------------------------

The special rules apply to children who have a progressive disease and are not expected to live longer than another 6 months.

Yes	Please continue below.	No	Go to question 24
			•

#### Make sure you:

- answer all the questions on the form that apply to you, or the child you are claiming for, **apart from questions 37 to 55**
- answer questions 25 to 36 if the child has any walking difficulties.

To deal with the claim as quickly as possible it is important you send a DS1500 report about the child's medical condition with the claim. You can get the report from the child's doctor or specialist. You won't have to pay for it and the child doesn't have to see the doctor. The doctor's receptionist, a nurse or a social worker can arrange it for you.

If you have not got a DS1500 report by the time you have filled in the claim form, send the form straight away. If you wait the child could lose money. Send the DS1500 report as soon as you can.

#### Getting DLA under the special rules means:

- the child gets the care part of DLA at the highest rate
- they get paid straight away unless they are in a hospital, residential care home, boarding school or similar place
- we deal with the claim more quickly.

You must still tell us about any changes that may affect how much money the child gets.

24	When the child needs help					
	We understand the help a child needs can vary from day to day or week to week.					
	To make the right decision, we need to know if the help the child needs is the same mos of the time or varies.					
	Tick the box below that applies to them.					
	The help they need: is the same most of the time varies					
	Tell us in the box below how their needs vary.					
	For example:					
	<ul> <li>every 3 to 4 weeks they have a couple of good days</li> </ul>					
	• they need more looking after when their condition gets worse, 2 to 3 times a year, or					
	• they have treatment 3 times a week and need more looking after the day after.					

## **Mobility questions**

**Mobility** – these questions are about the difficulty that the child has walking outdoors because of their illnesses or disabilities.

Questions 25 to 31 are about the physical difficulties a child has walking. This is for children **age 3 and over**.

Questions 32 to 34 are about the guidance and supervision they need when walking outdoors most of the time. This is for children **age 5 and over**.

The following questions ask about 'they'. This means the child you are claiming DLA for.

## **Mobility**

These are about their ability to physically walk outdoors on a reasonably flat surface. We can't consider any problems they have walking on steps, slopes or uneven ground. If their problems are not physical, do not answer questions 25 to 31. Tell us about any behavioural difficulties with walking at questions 32 to 34.

	difficulties with walking at questions 32 to 34.					
25	Can they physically walk?					
	Tick <b>No</b> if they cannot walk at all.					
	Yes Go to question 26.  No Go to question 36 to tell us how lot they have been unable to walk.	ng				
26	Do they have physical difficulties walking?					
	This means problems with how far they can walk, how long it takes, their walking spe the way they walk, or the effort of walking and how this may affect their health.	ed,				
	Yes Go to question 27. No Go to question 32.					
27	Please tick the boxes that best describe how far they can walk without severe discomfort and how long it takes them.					
	This means the total distance they can walk before they stop and can't go on because of severe discomfort. This may include short stops to catch their breath or ease pain.					
	We understand this can be difficult to work out.					
	<ul> <li>It may help to do the following things when you are out walking with the child:</li> <li>Count the steps you take to see how far they have walked. If they walk 100 of your steps, they have walked about 90 metres (100 yards).</li> <li>Check the time when you start and stop to see how long it takes.</li> </ul>					
	Use page 8 of the <b>information booklet</b> .					
	They can walk:					
	over 200 metres (218 yards)					
	51 to 200 metres (56 to 218 yards)					
	50 metres (55 yards) or less					
	a few steps					
	It takes them:					
	more than 5 minutes					
	3 to 4 minutes					
	1 to 2 minutes					

less than a minute

28 Please tick the box that best describes their walking speed.	
<b>Normal</b> This means they can easily keep up with friends.	
<b>Slow</b> This means they can only keep up with friends with a lot of effort.	
<b>Very Slow</b> This means they can't keep up with friends.	
29 Please tick the box that best describes the way they walk.	
They:	
walk normally	
walk with a limp	
shuffle	
drag their leg	
walk with one or both feet turned inwards	
walk on their toes	
have poor balance	
If they have other difficulties with the way they walk, tell us below what they are.	

/		ffort of walking seriously	arrect ti	ieii	ilcuttii.	
	For example, walking can cause bleeding into the knee and ankle joints.					
,	Yes	Tell us below how their health is affected.	No		Go to question 31.	
	-	it to tell us why you have nink we should know, use			exes, how their needs vary or anything	
	•	·			<b>w.</b> hey walk too far the day before.	
	•	·				
	•	·				

32 Do they need guidance or supervision most of the time when they walk outdoors?

Use page 9 of the <b>information booklet</b> .		
Yes Tick the boxes No Go to question 33.		
Can they:	Yes	No
find their way around places they know?		
ask for and follow directions?		
walk safely next to a busy road?		
cross a road safely?		
understand common dangers outdoors?		
Do they regularly:	Yes	No
become anxious, confused or disorientated?		
display unpredictable behaviour?		
need physical restraint?		
refuse to walk?		
3 Do they fall due to their disability?		
Yes Please continue below. No Go to question 34.		
Tell us the number of falls each month		
They:	Yes	No
can get up without help		
have had injuries needing hospital treatment		

If you want to tell us why you have ticked the boxes, how their needs vary or anything else you think we should know, use the box below.
For example, they are frightened by loud noises and behave without thinking about dange
Extra information about mobility
If you want to tell us anything else about their mobility, use the box below.
When did the child's mobility needs you have told us about start?
Normally, the child can only get the mobility part of DLA if they have needed help for
more than 3 months.
Please tell us the date the mobility needs you have told us about started.
If you can't remember the exact date, tell us roughly when this was.

If you are claiming under the special rules, go straight to question 56.

## **Care questions**

**37** 

**Care** – these questions are about the extra looking after that the child needs because of their illnesses or disabilities. These questions are for children of **all ages.** 

Questions 37 to 52 are about the help they need during the day.

For example, if a child gets up at **7am** and goes to bed at **8pm** and the parents get up at **7am** and go to bed at **11pm**, day time would be **7am** to **11pm**. Any help needed after **11pm** would count as help during the night.

The following questions ask about 'they'. This means the child you are claiming DLA for.

Care						
Do they need encouragement, prompting, or physical help to get into or out of or settle in bed during the day?						
This means waking up, lifting their legs into or out of bed, sitting up from lying down or settling in bed ready to go to sleep.						
Use page 10 of the <b>information bookle</b>	ıt.					
Yes Please continue below. No	Go to question 38	<b>.</b>				
Tell us how often they need help each day and	Tell us how often they need help each day and how long it takes each time.					
They need encouragement, prompting or physical help to:	How often each day?	How long each time?				
wake up		minutes				
get out of bed		minutes				
get into bed		minutes				
settle in bed		minutes				
If you want to tell us why they need help, how their needs vary or anything else you think we should know, use the box below.						
For example, they may need to follow a set routine to go to or get out of bed.						

3	Ω	/
J	O	/

## Do they need encouragement, prompting, or physical help to go to or use the toilet during the day?

This means going to the toilet, managing their clothes, getting on and off the toilet, using the toilet, cleaning themselves and coping with continence care.

Use page 11 of the information booklet.	
Yes Tick the boxes that apply.  No Go to question 39.	
They need encouragement, prompting or physical help to:	
go to the toilet	
manage clothes	
get on and off the toilet	
wipe themselves	
wash and dry their hands	
manage a catheter, ostomy or stoma	
manage nappies or pads	
If you want to tell us why you have ticked the boxes, how their needs vary or anything else you think we should know, use the box below.  For example, they have pain and become distressed.	

	s means moving from one place to another, using stairs, getting o, sitting in, and getting out of a chair. Indoors is in their home,
a fr	iend's home, school, college, or anywhere else inside.
	Use page 12 of the <b>information booklet</b> .
Yes	Tick the boxes No Go to question 40.
	y need encouragement, prompting physical help to:
·	up and down one step
	upstairs
	downstairs
	ve around safely
	into or out of a chair
sit i	n a chair
_	ou want to tell us why you have ticked the boxes, how their needs vary or thing else you think we should know, use the box below.
_	example, they bump into furniture and doors.

Do they need encouragement, prompting, or physical help to wash, bath, shower and check their appearance during the day.

This means getting in and out of a bath or shower, washing their hair, drying themselves, using soap, using a toothbrush and checking their appearance.

Use page 13 of the <b>information booklet</b> .				
Yes Please continue below. No Tell us how often they need help each day and	Go to question 4			
They need encouragement, prompting or physical help to:	How often each day?	How long each time?		
have a wash		minutes		
clean their teeth		minutes		
wash their hair		minutes		
get in or out of the bath		minutes		
get in or out of the shower		minutes		
clean themselves in the bath or shower		minutes		
dry themselves after a bath or shower		minutes		
check their appearance		minutes		
If you want to tell us why they need help, he anything else you think we should know, use	_	r		
For example, when they are in the bath they rewhat to do and how to do it.	need telling repeatedly	y 		

4	1	$\rangle$
		/

## Do they need encouragement, prompting, or physical help to dress and undress during the day?

This means choosing the right clothes for the weather or activity, choosing clean clothes, putting clothes on in the correct order, moving their arms or legs to put clothes on or take them off. This is any dressing or undressing except when using the toilet.

Use page 14 of the information booklet.			
Yes Please continue below. No	Go to question 4	÷2.	
Tell us how often they need help each day and ho	w long it takes ea	ich time.	
They need encouragement, prompting or physical help to:	How often each day?	How long each time?	
dress		minutes	
undress		minutes	
manage zips, buttons or other fastenings		minute(s)	
choose appropriate clothes		minutes	
If you want to tell us why they need help, how their needs vary or anything else you think we should know, use the box below.			
For example, they follow a set routine that takes	a long time.		

4	2	\ /

## > Do they need encouragement, prompting, or physical help to eat and drink during the day?

This means getting food into their mouth, chewing, swallowing, using cutlery, cutting up food, holding a cup, getting it to their mouth and drinking.

Use page 15 of the information booklet.		
	_	
Yes Please continue below. No	Go to question 43	3.
Tell us how often they need help each day and he	ow long it takes eac	th time.
They need encouragement, prompting or physical help to:	How often each day?	How long each time?
eat		minutes
use a spoon		minutes
cut up food on their plate		minutes
drink using a cup		minutes
be tube or pump fed		minutes
If you want to tell us why they need help, how think we should know, use the box below.	their needs vary or	anything else you
For example, they can't see what food is on the p	olate.	

Taking medicine includes tablets, injections, eye drops, knowing what to take, how much to take and when to take it.  Having therapy includes blood sugar testing, peak flow checks, physio, oxygen, speech, play and behaviour therapy, knowing what to do, how much to do and when to do it.  Use page 16 of the information booklet.  Yes Please continue below. No Go to question 44.	
physio, oxygen, speech, play and behaviour therapy, knowing what to do, how much to do and when to do it.  Use page 16 of the information booklet.  Yes Please continue below. No Go to question 44.	
Yes Please continue below. No Go to question 44.	
Tell us how often they need help each day and how long it takes each tin	ne.
They need encouragement, prompting or physical help to: How often each day?	How long each time?
take the correct medicine	minutes
know when to take their medicine	minutes
do their therapy	minutes
know when to do their therapy	minutes
If you want to tell us why they need help, how their needs vary or anythink we should know, use the box below.  For example, they become angry with their condition and refuse to take to	

### Do they have difficulty seeing?

This means when using their aids like glasses or contact lenses.

Use page 17 of the information booklet.	
Yes Please continue below. No Go to question 45.	
Are they certified sight impaired or severely sight impaired?	
If they are certified they will have been examined at a hospital or eye c	linic.
A Certificate of Vision Impairment (CVI) will have been sent to the local department. You will have been given a copy.	social services
If they are certified, please send us a copy of the CVI. Tell us here if you	want us to return it
Certified severely sight impaired Go to question 45.	
Certified sight impaired Tick the boxes that a	apply.
They can see:	Yes No
computer keyboard keys or large print in a book	
a TV and follow the actions to a story	
the shape of furniture in a room	
They can recognise:	Yes No
someone's face across a room	
someone across a street	
If you want to tell us more about the boxes you have ticked, how the anything else you think we should know, use the box below.  For example, they have difficulty seeing in poorly lit places like a cinemature.	-

45 Do they have difficulty h	earing?
------------------------------	---------

This means hearing sound or someone speaking when using their hearing aid.

Use page 18 of the <b>information booklet</b> .		
Yes Tick the boxes that apply.  No Go to question 46.		
	Yes	No
Have they had an audiology test in the last 6 months?		
If you send us a copy of the report it may help us deal with the child's cl Tell us if you want us to return it.	aim.	
They can hear:	Yes	No
a whisper in a quiet room		
a normal voice in a quiet room		
a loud voice in a quiet room		
a TV, radio or CD but only at a very loud volume		
a school bell or car horn		
If you want to tell us more about the boxes you have ticked, how their anything else you think we should know, use the box below.	needs v	ary or
For example, they can't hear things if there is a lot of background noise.		

### 46 Do they have difficulty speaking?

This means the ability to say words out loud and talk clearly.

Use page 19 of the information booklet.		
Yes Tick the boxes that apply.  No Go to question 47.		
They can:	Yes	No
speak clearly in sentences		
put words together to make simple sentences		
speak single words		
They can communicate using speech:	Yes	No
with someone they know		
with someone they don't know		
If you want to tell us more about the boxes you have ticked, how their needs vary or anything else you think we should know, use the box bell for example, they get embarrassed about the way they talk and will only speak to people they know.	low.	

#### Do they have difficulty and need help communicating?

This means passing on information, asking and answering questions, telling people how they feel, giving and following instructions.

Use page 20 of the <b>information booklet</b> .		
Yes Tick the boxes that apply.  No Go to question 48.		
To communicate they use:	Yes	No
writing		
BSL (British Sign Language)		
lip-reading		
using hand movements, facial expressions and body language		
Makaton		
If they use another form of communication, tell us below what it is. This could be Sign Supported English (SSE), Signed English (SE), Finger Spelling, Picture Exchange Communication System (PECS), Tadoma or something else.		
Communication System (PECS), Tadoma or something else.		
Communication System (PECS), Tadoma or something else.		
They can communicate:	Yes	No
	Yes	No
They can communicate:	Yes	No
They can communicate: with someone they know with someone they don't know  If you want to tell us more about the boxes you have ticked, how their anything else you think we should know, use the box below.	needs vary	
They can communicate: with someone they know with someone they don't know  If you want to tell us more about the boxes you have ticked, how their	needs vary	
They can communicate: with someone they know with someone they don't know  If you want to tell us more about the boxes you have ticked, how their anything else you think we should know, use the box below.	needs vary	
They can communicate: with someone they know with someone they don't know  If you want to tell us more about the boxes you have ticked, how their anything else you think we should know, use the box below.	needs vary	
They can communicate: with someone they know with someone they don't know  If you want to tell us more about the boxes you have ticked, how their anything else you think we should know, use the box below.	needs vary	
They can communicate: with someone they know with someone they don't know  If you want to tell us more about the boxes you have ticked, how their anything else you think we should know, use the box below.	needs vary	

#### Do they have fits, blackouts, seizures, or something similar?

This means epileptic, non-epileptic or febrile fits, faints, absences, loss of consciousness and 'hypos' (hypoglycaemic attacks).

Use page 21 of the information booklet.	
Yes Please continue below. No Go to question 49.	
Tell us what type they have and what happens	
They:	Yes No
can recognise a warning and tell an adult	
can recognise a warning and take appropriate action	
have no warning	
have had a serious injury in the last 6 months because of a fit, blackout or seizure	
display dangerous behaviour after a fit, blackout or seizure	
Tell us:	
the number of days affected each month	days
how many fits they have on these days	
the number of nights affected each month	nights
how many fits they have on these nights	
Have they had an episode of status epilepticus in the past 12 months?	
This is where there is persistent epileptic activity for more than 30 minute several seizures without becoming conscious between each seizure.	es, or they have
Yes No	
If you want to tell us more about the boxes you have ticked, how their or anything else you think we should know, use the box below.  For example, they become distressed and need reassurance.	needs vary

#### Do they need to be supervised during the day to keep safe?

This means they need someone to keep an eye on them because of how they feel or behave, or how they react to people, changing situations and things around them.

Use page 22 of the <b>information booklet</b> .		
Yes Tick the boxes No Go to question 50. that apply.		
Can they:	Yes	No
recognise and react to common dangers?		
cope with planned changes to daily routine?		
cope with unplanned changes to daily routine?		
Do they regularly:	Yes	No
feel anxious or panic?		
become upset or frustrated?		
harm themselves or others?		
feel someone may harm them?		
become verbally or physically aggressive or destructive?		
act impulsively?		
have tantrums?		
If you want to tell us why you have ticked the boxes, how their needs anything else you think we should know, use the box below.  For example, they behave without thinking about dangers or how it will	-	rs.

#### 50 Do they need extra help with their development?

This means any extra help they need to improve their understanding of how to behave and react to people, situations and things around them.

Use page 23 of the <b>information booklet</b> .		
Yes Tick the boxes that apply.  No Go to question 51.		
They need help to:	Yes	No
understand the world around them		
recognise their surroundings		
follow instructions		
play with others		
play on their own		
join in activities with others		
behave appropriately		
understand other people's behaviour		
If you want to tell us why you have ticked the boxes, how their needs anything else you think we should know, use the box below.  For example, they may have difficulty making friends.	vary or	

51 D

Do they need encouragement,	, prompting or physical h	elp
it school or nursery?		

Use page 24 of the information booklet.		
Yes Tick the boxes that apply.  No Go to question 52.		
They need encouragement, prompting or physical help to:	Yes	No
go to and use the toilet		
safely move between lessons		
change into different clothes for PE and other school activities		
eat meals		
take medicine or do their therapy		
communicate		
What extra help do they need with learning?		
What is their behaviour like at school or nursery?		
How do they usually get to and from school or nursery?		
If you want to tell us more about the boxes you have ticked, how their or anything else you think we should know, use the box below.	r <b>needs va</b> i	ry
For example, they have one-to-one help from a teaching assistant.		

5	2	

Do they need encouragement, prompting or physical help to take part in hobbies, interests, social or religious activities?

Use page 25 of the <b>information booklet</b> .					
Yes		Please continue below.	No		Go to question 53.

#### Tell us:

- what they do or would do if they had help
- what help they need or would need to do this
- how often they do it or would do it if they had the help, and
- how long they need or would need help each time.

#### At home

Activity	Help needed	How often?	How long each time?
<b>Example</b> Art	Encouragement to get paints, brushes and paper. Motivate to keep interested. Help to wash hands afterwards.	2 times a week	One hour

#### When they go out

Activity	Help needed	How often?	How long each time?
<b>Example</b> Swimming	To get changed, to get in and out of the pool, to dry themselves.	Once a week	45 minutes

Question 53 is about the help needed during t	he night.	
Night is when everyone in the house is in bed. and the parents go to bed at <b>11pm</b> , night wou <b>11pm</b> would count as help during the day.		
Use page 26 of the information bookl	et.	
Yes Please continue below. No	Go to question 5	4.
Tell us how often each night they need help ar	nd how long it takes e	ach time.
They need encouragement, prompting or physical help to:	How often each night?	How long each time?
get into, get out of or turn in bed		minut
get to and use the toilet, manage nappies or pads		minut
have treatment		minut
settle or re-settle		minut
They need watching over because they:	How often each night?	How long each time?
are unaware of danger and may harm themselves or others		minut
may wander about		minu
have behavioural problems		minut
If you want to tell us why they need help or anything else you think we should know, use	•	heir needs vary or
For example, they don't sleep regular hours ed	ach night.	

## Extra information about care

If you want to tell us anything else about their care needs, use the box below.
When did the child's care needs you have told us about start?
Normally, the child can only get the care part of DLA if they have needed help for more than 3 months.
Please tell us the date the care needs you have told us about started.
If you can't remember the exact date, tell us roughly when this was.

## **About you**

Use this page to tell us about yourself, not the child.

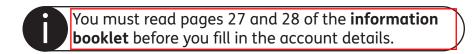
56	Your surname or family name		
	All other names in full		
	<b>Title</b> For example, Mr, Mrs, Miss, Ms		
57	Your date of birth		
		Letters Numbers Letter	
58	Your National Insurance number		
59	Address if different to the child's		
	Postcode		
60	If you live in Wales and would like u	is to contact you in Welsh, tick this box.	
61	Your daytime phone number where	we can contact you or leave a message.	
	Phone number Include the dialling code.		
	If you have speech or hearing diffic textphone, please tick this box.	ulties and want us to contact you by	
	Textphone number		
62	What is your relationship to the child?		
63	What is your nationality?		
64	What is the Child Benefit number for the child?		

	<b>About Income Suppor</b>	t	
65	Are you getting or waiting to hear about Income Support?		
	No	Yes	
66	Is anyone within your household	gettin	g or waiting to hear about Income Support?
	No	Yes	Please tell us their name:
			Their National Insurance number:
			Their relationship to you:
	About tax credits		
67		gettin	g or waiting to hear about Child Tax Credit?
67		gettin Yes	g or waiting to hear about Child Tax Credit?  Please tell us their name:
67	Is anyone within your household		
67	Is anyone within your household		
67	Is anyone within your household		Please tell us their name:
67	Is anyone within your household		Please tell us their name:
67	Is anyone within your household		Please tell us their name:  Their National Insurance number:
67	Is anyone within your household  No	Yes	Please tell us their name:  Their National Insurance number:
	Is anyone within your household  No	Yes	Please tell us their name:  Their National Insurance number:  Their relationship to you:
	Is anyone within your household  No  Is anyone within your household	Yes	Please tell us their name:  Their National Insurance number:  Their relationship to you:  g or waiting to hear about Working Tax Credit?
	Is anyone within your household  No  Is anyone within your household	Yes	Please tell us their name:  Their National Insurance number:  Their relationship to you:  g or waiting to hear about Working Tax Credit?
	Is anyone within your household  No  Is anyone within your household	Yes	Please tell us their name:  Their National Insurance number:  Their relationship to you:  g or waiting to hear about Working Tax Credit?  Please tell us their name:
	Is anyone within your household  No  Is anyone within your household	Yes	Please tell us their name:  Their National Insurance number:  Their relationship to you:  g or waiting to hear about Working Tax Credit?  Please tell us their name:

## How we pay you

69

Please tell us your account details below.



It is very important you fill in all the boxes correctly, including the building society roll or reference number, if there is one. If you tell us the wrong account details, the payment may be delayed or the child may lose money.

Name of the account holder
Please write the name of the account holder exactly as it is shown on the chequebook or statement.
Full name of bank or building society
Sort code
Please tell us all 6 numbers, for example: 12-34-56.
Account number
Most account numbers are 8 numbers long. If your account number has fewer than 10 numbers, please fill in the numbers from the left.
Building society roll or reference number
If you are using a building society account you may need to tell us a roll or reference number. This may be made up of letters and numbers, and may be up to 18 characters long. If you are not sure if the account has a roll or reference number, ask the building society.
You may be getting other benefits and entitlements we do not pay into an account. If you want us to pay them into the account above, please tick this box.

## **Extra information**

70	Tell us anything else you think we should know about the child's claim.

If you need more space continue on a separate piece of paper. Please put the child's name and date of birth on any extra pieces of paper you send us.

#### What to do now

Check you have filled in all the questions that apply to you or the child you are claiming for.

Read pages 5 to 7 of the **information booklet** about how we collect and use information and for help and advice about other benefits.

Make sure you have **signed the consent** question 20.

#### List below all the documents you are sending with this claim form.

For example, a prescription list, medical report or a statement of Special Educational Needs. Send copies if possible, because we cannot return them.

- 1	
- 1	
- 1	
- 1	
- 1	
- 1	
- 1	
- 1	
- 1	
- 1	
- 1	
- 1	
- 1	
- 1	
- 1	
- 1	
- 1	
- 1	
_	

Now read and sign the declaration below.

### 71 Declaration

We cannot pay any benefit until you have signed the declaration and returned the form to us. Please return the signed form straight away.

**I declare** the information I have given on this form is correct and complete as far as I know and believe.

**I understand** that if I knowingly give false information, my benefit may be stopped and I may be liable to prosecution or other action.

**I understand** that I must promptly tell the office that pays the child's Disability Living Allowance of anything that may affect my entitlement to, or the amount of, that benefit.

**I understand** that the Department for Work and Pensions may use the information which it has now or may get in the future to decide whether I am entitled to:

- the benefit I am claiming for the child
- any other benefit I have claimed
- any other benefit I may claim or be awarded in the future.

This is my claim for Disability Living Allowance.

Signature	Date	
Duint very name here		
Print your name here		

**Send the claim form and the documents listed above** back to us straight away. You can send more information to us at any time.

## **Checklist**

- Make sure you have included full details of your **GP** at **question 14**.
- Make sure you have included full details for anyone else you have seen at question 13.
- Make sure you have ticked the relevant box and signed the consent at question 20.
- Make sure you have signed the **declaration** at **question 71**.

## Claiming Disability Living Allowance for a child under 16

#### 1. Where to send the completed form

Please send the completed DLA Child new claim requests form to:

Disability Benefit Centre 4 Post Handling Site B Wolverhampton WV99 1BY

All other Child forms and letters should be sent to the address above. For further help you can phone the DLA Helpline on 08457 12 34 56 or use a textphone and call on 08457 22 44 33 if you have speech or hearing difficulties.

Phone: 08457 123456

#### 2. Print the form

Please print the form and fill it in with a pen.