SIMPLIFIED DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE

BEFORE YOU CHOOSE TO REPRESENT YOURSELF IN ANY ACTION. IT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED THAT YOU SEEK THE ADVICE OF AN ATTORNEY



<u>NOTICE</u>

FEES FOR FORMS PACKETS AND FEES FOR FILING ARE NON-REFUNDABLE.

New cases filed by unrepresented (pro se) litigants will not be processed after 4:30 p.m. each day due to their complex nature and the extensive time required to intake a case.

You may file for a Simplified Dissolution of Marriage in Florida <u>ONLY</u> if <u>ALL</u> of the following are true:

- You and your spouse can attend the **final hearing** (at the same time). Both parties <u>must</u> attend the hearing.
- You and your spouse agree that the marriage cannot be saved.
- You and your spouse have <u>no</u> minor or dependent child(ren) together and the wife is <u>not</u> now pregnant BY ANYONE.
- You and your spouse have worked out how the two of you will divide the things that you both own (your **assets**) and who will pay what part of the money you both owe (your **liabilities**), and you are both satisfied with this division.
- You are not seeking support (alimony) from your spouse, and vice versa.
- Neither you nor your spouse wish to have any financial information other than that provided in the financial affidavits.
- You are willing to give up your right to trial and appeal.
- You and your spouse are both willing to go into the clerk's office to sign the petition together.

*IF YOU DO<u>NOT</u> MEET ALL THE CRITERIA ABOVE, YOU <u>CANNOT</u> FILE FOR A SIMPLIFIED DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE. YOU MAY FILE FOR A REGULAR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE.

INFORMATION ABOUT FORMS AND PACKETS

FORMS INCLUDED IN PURCHASED PACKETS MAY BE INCOMPLETE OR OUTDATED DUE TO RECENT CHANGES IN LAWS OR RULES. THIS DOES NOT CHANGE HOW THOSE LAWS OR RULES MAY AFFECT YOUR CASE OR FILING REQUIREMENTS. Packets may or may not include all the forms you may need for your particular situation. There may be other forms not included in the packet, that are available on request.

Please remember, it is up to <u>you</u>, the pro se litigant, to determine which forms and /or packets is/are appropriate for your situation, if any, and that you are representing yourself and <u>you</u> alone are responsible for the correct completion and filing of the forms. It is also your decision whether or not you choose to use forms. Clerk and Court personnel cannot act as your lawyer or tell you what your legal rights or remedies are, represent you in court or tell you how to testify in court. The presiding judge in your case may require amendment of form(s) or substitution of a different form other than those you may have obtained from the clerk's office. The form(s) you file are only a request and the judge is not required to grant the relief requested in a form. The information you give to and receive from Clerk and Court personnel is not confidential and may be subject to disclosure at a later date. If there is another person involved in your case, that person will receive the same type of assistance that you receive. If you have any questions concerning your legal rights and remedies, please contact an attorney.

Please have forms **completed**, **stapled properly**, **signed and notarized BEFORE** filing them with the Clerk of Court.

SIMPLIFIED DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE PACKAGE INDEX

Social Security Number Collection Statement Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status Self-Help Procedures For Filing a Simplified Divorce General Information For Self-Represented Litigants Family Law Glossary of Common Terms and Definitions Parties Information Form Petition for Simplified Dissolution of Marriage 12.928 – Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases 12.900(h) – Notice of Related Cases 12.902(f)(3) – Martial Settlement Agreement 12.902(i) – Affidavit of Corroborating Witness Agreement to Waive Exception Period

SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER COLLECTION STATEMENT

The Okaloosa County Clerk of Circuit Courts collects and receives Social Security Numbers for the purposes outlined below. Social Security Numbers which have been collected or received by this office may be used as a unique identifier and may be used for cross-reference search purposes in certain applications.

<u>PASSPORT APPLICATIONS</u> – Section 6039E of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 6039E) requires you to provide your Social Security Number when you apply for a U.S. Passport or for the renewal of a U.S. Passport. This office, in our acceptance agency capacity, verifies the completeness of your application for U.S. Passport. This office uses this number to process your application and prepare transmittals, as well as for tracking, identification and verification, and for reconciliation.

<u>MARRIAGE LICENSE APPLICATIONS</u> – Pursuant to Section 741.04 of the Florida Statutes, and in compliance with the federal *Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996*, when applying for a marriage license, you are required to provide your Social Security Number, if you have been issued one. Use of Social Security Numbers through this requirement shall be limited to the purpose of administration of the Department of Revenue Title IV-D program for child support enforcement. This office uses the number to process and file your application, license, and certificate, for tracking, identification and verification, and for reconciliation. It is then sent to the Florida Department of Health, Office of Vital Statistics as part of your certificate.

<u>COURT RECORDS</u> – Pursuant to federal, state, and local laws, rules and codes, you are required to provide your Social Security Number on certain court pleadings, forms, and financial documents. The Okaloosa County Clerk of Circuit Courts, in our capacity as clerk to the courts and custodian of court records, may receive your Social Security Number, from you or from other agencies, as part of document filings. We may use the number in order to process records of court cases, in compliance with the listed authorities, for the following uses: Identification and verification, verifying financial information, billing and payments, collections, data collection, data processing, reconciliation, tracking, tax reporting, reporting required information to other agencies, transmittals and for administration of the Department of Revenue Title IV-D program for child support enforcement.

<u>OFFICIAL RECORDS</u> – The Okaloosa County Clerk of Circuit Courts, in our capacity as county recorder and custodian of the county's Official Record series, does not collect your Social Security Number. This office may receive documents containing your Social Security Number to be recorded into the Official Records.

<u>VENDORS AND EMPLOYEES</u> – Pursuant to federal, state, and local laws, rules, and codes, we may collect your Social Security Number for the following uses: Identification and verification, verifying financial information, billing and payments, collections, data collection, data processing, reconciliation, tracking, tax reporting, reporting required information to other agencies, transmittals, employee benefits, and compliance with record keeping requirements.

<u>CASH PAYMENTS OVER \$10,000</u> - Pursuant to the Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Pub. 1544, this office collects the Social Security Number or Taxpayer Identification Number for cash payments over \$10,000 for tax reporting purposes.

IN THE CIRCUIT/COUNTY COURT OF THE FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR OKALOOSA COUNTY, FLORIDA

Plaintiff/Petitioner or In the Interest Of	-		
vs.		Case #:	
Defendant//Respondent.	-		
APPLICAT	ON FOR DETERMINATI	ON OF CIVIL INDIGENT STATUS	
Notice to Applicant: If you qualify for civil indig the clerk's office payment plan and pay a one-ti Termination of Parental Rights actions.			
1. I havedependents. (Include only the Are you Married?YesNo Doe		our U.S. Income tax return.) YesNo Annual Spouse Income? S	
2. I have a net income of \$	baid () weekly () every t	wo weeks () semi-monthly () monthly () yearly	() other
(Net income is your total income including salar deductions required by law and other court-ord			payments, minus
3. I have other income paid () weekly () every (Circle "Yes" and fill in the amount if you have the second			
Second JobYes	\$ No	Veterans' benefits	Yes \$ N
Social Security benefits		Workers compensation	Yes \$N
For youYes	\$No	Income from absent family members	Yes \$N
For child(ren)Yes	\$No	Stocks/bonds.	
Unemployment compensation	\$No \$No	Rental income Dividends or interest	Yes \$^
Retirement/pensions	\$No	Other kinds of income not on the list	Yes \$
Trusts	\$No	Gifts	Yes \$N
I understand that I will be required to make payr law, <u>although I may agree to pay more if I choos</u>		rk in accordance with §57.082(5), Florida Statu	tes, as provided by
4. I have other assets: (Circle "yes" and fill in th			
Cash	\$No	Savings account	Yes \$N
Bank account(s)Yes	\$No	Stocks/bonds	Yes \$N
Certificates of deposit or money market accountsYes	\$ No	Homestead Real Property* Motor Vehicle*	Yes \$N
Boats*Yes	\$No	Non-homestead real property/real estate*	Yes \$
*show loans on these assets in paragraph 5	·	·····	
Check one: I () DO () DO NOT expect to receiv	e more assets in the nea	ar future. The asset is	
5. I have total liabilities and debts of \$	as follows:	Motor Vehicle \$	
Home \$ Other Real Pro	perty \$	Child Support paid direct \$	
Credit Cards \$ Medical Bills \$ Other \$		Cost of medicines (monthly) \$	
6. I have a private lawyer in this case			
A person who knowingly provides false information to the c first degree, punishable as provided in FS 775.082 or 775.0 my knowledge.			
Signed thisday of, 20			
Date of Birth Driver's License or ID Number		Signature of Applicant for Indigent Statu Print Full Legal Name	
		Phone Number:	
Address, P O Address, Street, City, State, Zip Code			
Based on the information in this Application, I have determi	CLERK'S DETER		
Dated this day of, 20		he Circuit Court by	
	Clerk of L	ne on can could by	
This form was completed with the assistance of:	Clerk/De	puty Clerk/Other authorized person	
APPLICANTS FOUND NOT TO BE INDIGENT MAY SEEK			
Sign here if you want the judge to review the clerk's decision			IN TELY¥,

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IN THE CIRCUIT/COUNTY COURT OF THE FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR OKALOOSA COUNTY, FLORIDA

Plaintiff/Petitioner or In the Interest	tOf				
vs.			Case #:		
Defendant//Respondent.					
AP	PLICATION FOR	DETERMINATIO	ON OF CIVIL INDIGENT STATUS		
	y a one-time admir		red to pay the costs as enumerated in FS 57.081 \$25.00. This fee shall not be charged for Depend		
1. I havedependents. (Include	e only those persoi	ns you list on yo	our U.S. Income tax return.)		
			<pre>/esNo Annual Spouse Income? \$</pre>		
*			wo weeks () semi-monthly () monthly () yearly ()		
(Net income is your total income includ deductions required by law and other (πissions, allowances, overtime, tips and similar p hild support.)	ayments, minus	
3. I have other income paid () weekly (Circle "Yes" and fill in the amount if you			nthly () monthly () yearly () other vise circle "No")		
Second Job	Yes \$	No	Veterans' benefits	Yes \$	Na
Social Security benefits			Workers compensation	Yes \$	No
For you			Income from absent family members	Yes \$	No
For child(ren)			Stocks/bonds		
Unemployment compensation	Yes \$	No	Rental income	Yes \$	N
Union payments	Yes \$	No	Dividends or interest Other kinds of income not on the list	Yes \$	N
Retirement/pensions Trusts	Yes \$	No	Gifts	Yes \$	No
law, although I may agree to pay more	if I choose to do so	<u>o.</u>	rk in accordance with §57.082(5), Florida Statute	s, as provided by	
4. I have other assets: (Circle "yes" a Cash			otherwise circle "No") Savings account	Voc \$	No
Bank account(s)	105 \$ Yes \$	No	Stocks/bonds.	Yes S	N
Certificates of deposit or	IC3 \v	NO	Homestead Real Property*	Yes \$	N
money market accounts	Yes \$	No	Motor Vehicle*	Yes \$	No
Boats*	Yes \$	No	Non-homestead real property/real estate*	Yes \$	No
*show loans on these assets in paragra	apn o				
Check one: I () DO () DO NOT expect	t to receive more a	ssets in the nea	ar future. The asset is	·	
5. I have total liabilities and debts of	\$a	as follows:	Motor Vehicle \$		
Home \$ Other	Real Property \$		Child Support paid direct \$ Cost of medicines (monthly) \$		
Home \$ Other Credit Cards \$ Medic Other \$	al Bills \$		Cost of medicines (monthly) \$		
	Voc	No			
6. I have a private lawyer in this case					
			letermination of indigent status under FS 57.082 commits a rmation I have provided on this application is true and a		
Signed thisday of	, 20,		Cleant on of Applicant for Indigent Status		
Date of Birth Driver's License or IE) Number		Signature of Applicant for Indigent Status Print Full Legal Name		
			Phone Number:		
Address, P O Address, Street, City, State, Zip C	Code				
Decad on the information is this Application. I have	we determined the an	CLERK'S DETER			
Based on the information in this Application, I ha					
Dated thisday of,	20	Clerk of t	he Circuit Court by		
This form was completed with the assistance of:		Clerk/Der	outy Clerk/Other authorized person		
				-	
			SKING FOR A HEARING TIME. THERE IS NO FEE FOR	THIS REVIEW.	
Sign here if you want the judge to review the cle	rk s decision				

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COURT ADMINISTRATION, FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT OF FLORIDA SELF-HELP PROCEDURES FOR FILING SIMPLIFIED DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE

This list of forms and procedural information are provided as a self-help service for litigants who choose to represent themselves in Court, pro se (without an attorney) and should be considered only as a guideline and not legal advice. Please remember that you are representing yourself and <u>you</u> alone are responsible for the choosing and correct completion and filing of the forms. It is best to consult with your own attorney, especially if your case presents significant issues regarding children, child support, alimony, retirement or pension benefits, assets or liabilities.

Please remember that Clerk and Court personnel cannot act as your lawyer or tell you what your legal rights or remedies are, represent you in court or tell you how to testify in court. Clerk and Court personnel are not acting on behalf of the court or any judge. The presiding judge in your case may require amendment of form(s) or substitution of a different form other than those you may have obtained from the clerk's office or a legal forms provider. The form(s) you file are only a request and the judge is not required to grant the relief requested in a form. The information you give to and receive from Clerk and Court personnel is not confidential and may be subject to disclosure at a later date. If there is another person involved in your case, that person will receive the same type of assistance that you receive.

Filing Fees-If you cannot afford to pay the filing fees to begin your action, you may obtain an Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status from the clerk, fill it out, and the Clerk will determine whether you are eligible to have the filing fees waived.

Λ PLEASE READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE FILING YOUR CASE 7

A HEARING CANNOT BE SCHEDULED UNTIL ALL REQUIRED DOCUMENTS HAVE BEEN FILED WITH THE CLERK OF COURT AND ALL TIME PERIODS ALLOWED FOR FILING INFORMATION HAVE PASSED.

A list of required forms follows. Additional forms that may be needed are listed under the specific sections below that may apply to your case. This list of forms and procedural information are provided only as a guideline and not legal advice.

DOCUMENTS TO BE FILED (you may use this as a checklist)

1.____ Parties Information Sheet.

- 2.____**Petition for Simplified Dissolution of Marriage**. You must also fill out and file the following three (3) forms with the petition:
 - a. Cover Sheet for Family Law Cases-Form 12.928
 - b. Notice of Related Cases-Form 12.900(h)
 - c. Final Disposition Form-Form 1.998
- 3.____Marital Settlement Agreement-Parties may choose not to file an agreement if they prefer to keep their agreement private, otherwise file Marital Settlement Agreement for Simplified Dissolution of Marriage-Form 12.902(f)(3) or other agreement prepared by the parties. Agreements must be signed by <u>BOTH</u> parties and notarized.

Revised 1/16/2015

- Proof of Florida Residency: Affidavit of Corroborating Witness-Form 12.902(I)-The person signing this form must know that you have lived in the State of Florida for at least 6 months <u>before</u> the date your petition for dissolution of marriage was filed. Your witness will need to know the exact date your petition was filed to be able to fill out the form correctly.
- 5 _____ Agreement to Waive Exception Period -At your final hearing, your divorce case will be heard by a General Magistrate. At the conclusion of your hearing, the General Magistrate will sign a Report of Magistrate. There is then a ten (10) day objection period plus five (5) days for mailing after the General Magistrate signs this report before your divorce can be sent to the Judge for finalization unless parties wish to waive the ten (10) day exception period. This form may be used to waive receipt of the Report of Magistrate and the ten (10) day exception period.

A. <u>Where to file</u>: Clerk of Court Civil Division- Both parties must go to the Clerk's office at the same time to sign and file the petition along with the other required documents.

B. <u>Scheduling a final hearing</u>: An instruction sheet will be given to you at the time of filing.

C. ENVELOPES -You must bring two (2) self-addressed, stamped envelopes (size $8\frac{1}{2} \times 11$ or larger) to the hearing-- one addressed to each party with \$1.05 postage on each envelope for the purposes of mailing your copy of the Final Judgment.

**If you fail to bring envelopes to the hearing, you will have to contact the Clerk of Court after the Final Judgment has been entered (approximately 2 weeks later) for a copy and you will be charged a fee.

FAMILY LAW FORMS, COMMENTARY, AND INSTRUCTIONS GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS (12/10)

You should read this General Information thoroughly before taking any other steps to file your case or represent yourself in court. Most of this information is not repeated in the attached forms. This information should provide you with an overview of the court system, its participants, and its processes. It should be useful whether you want to represent yourself in a pending matter or have a better understanding of the way family court works. This is not intended as a substitute for legal advice from an attorney. Each case has its own particular set of circumstances, and an attorney may advise you of what is best for you in your individual situation.

These instructions are not the only place that you can get information about how a family case works. You may want to look at other books for more help. The Florida Statutes, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, and other legal information or books may be found at the public library or in a law library at your county courthouse or a law school in your area. If you are filing a petition for **Name Change** and/or **Adoption**, these instructions may not apply.

If the word(s) is printed in **bold**, this means that the word is being emphasized. Throughout these instructions, you will also find words printed in **bold** and **underlined**. This means that the definitions of these words may be found in the glossary of common family law terms at the end of this general information section.

Commentary

1995 Adoption. To help the many people in family law court cases who do not have attorneys to represent them (pro se litigants), the Florida Supreme Court added these simplified forms and directions to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. The directions refer to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure or the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Many of the forms were adapted from the forms accompanying the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Practitioners should refer to the committee notes for those forms for rule history.

The forms were adopted by the Court pursuant to Family Law Rules of Procedure, 667 So. 2d 202 (Fla. 1995); In re Petition for Approval of Forms Pursuant to Rule 10-1.1(b) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Stepparent Adoption Forms, 613 So. 2d 900 (Fla. 1992); Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Approval of Forms, 581 So. 2d 902 (Fla. 1991).

Although the forms are part of these rules, they are not all inclusive and additional forms, as necessary, should be taken from the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure as provided in Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. Also, the following notice has been included to strongly encourage individuals to seek the advice, when needed, of an attorney who is a member in good standing of the Florida Bar.

1997 Amendment. In 1997, the Florida Family Law Forms were completely revised to simplify and correct the forms. Additionally, the appendices were eliminated, the instructions contained in the appendices were incorporated into the forms, and the introduction following the Notice to Parties was created. Minor changes were also made to the Notice to Parties set forth below.

NOTICE TO PARTIES WHO ARE NOT REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY WHO IS A MEMBER IN GOOD STANDING OF THE FLORIDA BAR

If you have questions or concerns about these forms, instructions, commentary, the use of the forms, or your legal rights, it is strongly recommended that you talk to an attorney. If you do not know an attorney, you should call the lawyer referral service listed in the yellow pages of the telephone book under "Attorney." If you do not have the money to hire an attorney, you should call the legal aid office in your area.

Because the law does change, the forms and information about them may have become outdated. You should be aware that changes may have taken place in the law or court rules that would affect the accuracy of the forms or instructions.

In no event will the Florida Supreme Court, The Florida Bar, or anyone contributing to the production of these forms or instructions be liable for any direct, indirect, or consequential damages resulting from their use.

FAMILY LAW PROCEDURES

Communication with the court Ex parte communication is communication with the judge with only one party present. Judges are not allowed to engage in ex parte communication except in very limited circumstances, so, absent specific authorization to the contrary, you should not try to speak with or write to the judge in your case unless the other **party** is present or has been properly notified. **If you have something you need to tell the judge, you must ask for a <u>hearing</u> and give notice to the other party or file a written statement in the court file and send a copy of the written statement to the other party.**

Filing a case. A case begins with the filing of a <u>petition</u>. A petition is a written request to the court for some type of legal action. The person who originally asks for legal action is called the <u>petitioner</u> and remains the petitioner throughout the case.

A petition is given to the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u>, whose office is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse. A case number is assigned and an official court file is opened. Delivering the petition to the clerk's office is called <u>filing</u> a case. A <u>filing fee</u> is usually required.

Once a case has been filed, a copy must be given to (served on) the respondent. The person against whom the original legal action is being requested is called the **respondent**, because he or she is expected to respond to the petition. The respondent remains the respondent throughout the case.

<u>Service</u>. When one party files a <u>petition</u>, <u>motion</u>, or other <u>pleading</u>, the other party must be "served" with a copy of the document. This means that the other party is given proper notice of the pending action(s) and any scheduled hearings. <u>Personal service</u> of the petition and summons on the respondent by a deputy sheriff or private process server is required in all <u>original petitions</u> and <u>supplemental</u> <u>petitions</u>, unless <u>constructive service</u> is permitted by law. Personal service may also be required in other actions by some judges. After initial service of the original or supplemental petition and summons by a deputy sheriff or private process server, service of most motions and other documents or papers filed in the case generally may be made by regular U.S. mail or hand delivery. However, service by

<u>certified mail</u> is required at other times so you have proof that the other party actually received the papers. The instructions with each form will advise you of the type of <u>service</u> required for that form. If the other party is represented by an attorney, you should serve the attorney and send a copy to the other party, except for original or supplemental petitions, which must be personally served on the respondent.

Other than the initial original or supplemental petitions, anytime you file additional pleadings or motions in your case, you must provide a copy to the other party and include a <u>certificate of service</u>. Likewise, the other party must provide you with copies of everything that he or she files. Service of additional documents is usually completed by U.S. mail. For more information, see the instructions for **Certificate of Service (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914.

Forms for service of process are included in the Florida Family Law Forms, along with more detailed instructions and information regarding service. The instructions to those forms should be read carefully to ensure that you have the other party properly served. If proper service is not obtained, the court cannot hear your case.

Note: If you absolutely do not know where the other party to your case lives or if the other party resides in another state, you may be able to use <u>constructive service</u>. However, if constructive service is used, other than granting a divorce, the court may only grant limited relief. For more information on constructive service, see **Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a), and **Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b). Additionally, if the other party is in the military service of the United States, additional steps for service may be required. See, for example, **Memorandum for Certificate of Military Service**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(a). In sum, the law regarding constructive service and service on an individual in the military service is very complex and you may wish to consult an attorney regarding these issues.

Default... After being served with a petition or <u>counterpetition</u>, the other party has 20 days to file a response. If a response to a petition is not filed, the petitioner may file a **Motion for Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a), with the clerk. This means that you may proceed with your case and set a <u>final hearing</u>, and a <u>judge</u> will make a decision, even if the other party will not cooperate. For more information, see rule 12.080(c), Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

<u>Answer</u> and Counterpetition... After being served, the respondent has 20 days to file an answer admitting or denying each of the allegations contained in the petition. In addition to an answer, the respondent may also file a counterpetition. In a counterpetition, the respondent may request the same or some other relief or action not requested by the petitioner. If the respondent files a counterpetition, the petitioner should then file an **Answer to Counterpetition**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.903(d), and either admit or deny the allegations in the respondent's counterpetition.

Mandatory disclosure... Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires each party in a dissolution of marriage to exchange certain information and documents, and file a Family Law Financial Affidavit, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c). Failure to make this required disclosure within the time required by the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure may allow the court to dismiss the case or to refuse to consider the pleadings of the party failing to comply. This requirement also must be met in other family law cases, except adoptions, simplified dissolutions of marriage, enforcement proceedings, contempt proceedings, and proceedings for injunctions for domestic or repeat violence. The Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932, lists the documents that must be given to the other party. For more information see rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, and the instructions to the

Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932.

Parenting Plan. If your case involves minor or dependent child(ren), a **Parenting Plan** shall be approved or established by the court. **Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form, 12.995(a) or **Safety-Focused Parenting Plan**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(b). The Parenting Plan shall be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by a court . **If the parents cannot agree, or if the agreed Parenting Plan is not approved, the court must establish a Parenting Plan**. The Parenting Plan shall contain a time-sharing schedule and should address the issues regarding the child(ren)'s education, health care, and physical, social, and emotional well-being.

Setting a <u>hearing or trial</u>. Generally, the court will have hearings on motions, final hearings on <u>uncontested</u> or <u>default</u> cases, and trials on contested cases. Before setting your case for <u>final hearing</u> or trial, certain requirements such as completing mandatory disclosure and filing certain papers and having them served on the other party must be met. These requirements vary depending on the type of case and the procedures in your particular jurisdiction. For further information, you should refer to the instructions for the type of form you are filing.

Next, you must obtain a hearing or trial date so that the court may consider your request. You should ask the clerk of court, or <u>family law intake staff</u> about the local procedure for setting a hearing or trial, which you should attend. These family law forms contain <u>orders</u> and <u>final judgments</u>, which the judge may use. You should ask the clerk of court or family law intake staff if you need to bring one of these forms with you to the hearing or trial. If so, you should type or print the heading, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the parties' names, and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete at your hearing or trial.

Below are explanations of symbols or parts of different family law forms...

{specify}, {date}, {name(s)}, {street}, {city}, {state}, {phone}

Throughout these forms, you will find hints such as those above. These tell you what to put in the blank(s).

[one only] [all that apply]

These show how many choices you should check. Sometimes you may check only one, while other times you may check several choices. () This also shows an area where you must make a choice. Check the () in front of the choice that applies to you or your case.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	(1)		JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	(2)	cou	NTY, FLORIDA
		Case No.:	(3)
		Division:	(4)
Petitioner,			
and			
(6) ,			
Respondent.			

Line 1 The clerk of court can tell you the number of your judicial circuit. Type or print it here.

- Line 2 Type or print your county name on line (2).
- Line 3 If you are filing an initial petition or pleading, the Clerk of the Court will assign a case number after the case is filed. You should type or print this case number on all papers you file in this case.
- Line 4 The clerk of the court can tell you the name of the division in which your case is being filed, and you should type or print it here. Divisions vary from court to court. For example, your case may be filed in the civil division, the family division, or the juvenile division.
- Line 5 Type or print the legal name of the person who originally filed the case on line 5. This person is the petitioner because he/she is the one who filed the original petition.
- Line 6 Type or print the other party's legal name on line 6. The other party is the respondent because he/she is responding to the petition.

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this petition and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:	(1)		(2)	
		Signature of Petitioner		
		Printed Name:	(3)	
		Address:	(4)	_
		City, State, Zip:	(5)	
		Telephone Number:	(6)	
		Fax Number:	(7)	

Some forms require that your signature be witnessed. You must sign the form in the presence of a <u>notary public</u> or deputy clerk (employee of the clerk of the court's office). When signing the form, you must have a valid photo identification unless the notary knows you personally. You should completely fill in all lines (1 & 3–7) except 2 with the requested information, if applicable. Line 2, the signature line, must be signed in the presence of the <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>.

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF

Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on _____ by _____ by _____.

NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK

[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]

Personally known

Produced identification

Type of identification produced

DO NOT SIGN OR FILL IN THIS PART OF ANY FORM. This section of the form is to be completed by the notary public who is witnessing your signature.

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks]

I, {full legal name and trade name of no	onlawyer}					
a nonlawyer, located at {street}	(2)	, {city}				
{state}(4), {phone}	(5)	, helped {name}	(6),			
who is the petitioner fill out this form						

who is the petitioner, fill out this form.

This section should be completed by anyone who helps you fill out these forms but is not an attorney who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar, which means that he or she is not licensed to practice law in Florida.

Line 1 The **nonlawyer** who helps you should type or print his or her name on line 1. Lines 2–5 The nonlawyer's address and telephone number should be typed or printed on lines 2-5. Line 6 Your name should be typed or printed on line 6.

In addition, a Disclosure from Nonlawyer, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), should be completed if a nonlawyer assists you. The disclosure is available as a family law form and should be completed before the nonlawyer helps you. This is to be sure that you understand the role and limitations of a nonlawyer. You and the nonlawyer should keep a copy of this disclosure for your records.

FAMILY LAW GLOSSARY OF COMMON TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

Note: The following definitions are intended to be helpful, BUT they are not intended to constitute legal advice or address every possible meaning of the term(s) contained in this glossary.

Affidavit - a written statement in which the facts stated are sworn or affirmed to be true.

Answer - written response by a respondent that states whether he or she admits (agrees with) or denies (disagrees with) the allegations in the petition. Any allegations not specifically denied are considered to be admitted.

Appeal - asking a district court of appeal to review the decision in your case. There are strict procedural and time requirements for filing an appeal.

Asset - everything owned by you or your spouse, including property, cars, furniture, bank accounts, jewelry, life insurance policies, businesses, or retirement plans. An asset may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

Attorney - a person with special education and training in the field of law who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar and licensed to practice law in Florida. An attorney is the only person who is allowed to give you legal advice. An attorney may file your case and represent you in court, or just advise you of your rights before you file your own case. In addition to advising you of your rights, an attorney may tell you what to expect and help prepare you for court. In family law matters, you are not entitled to a court-appointed lawyer, like a public defender in a criminal case. However, legal assistance is often available for those who are unable to hire a private attorney. You may consult the yellow pages of the telephone directory for a listing of legal aid or lawyer referral services in your area, or ask your local clerk of court or family law intake staff what services are available in your area. You may also obtain information from the Florida Supreme Court's Internet site located at http://www.flcourts.org.

Bond - money paid to the clerk of court by one party in a case, to be held and paid to an enjoined party in the event that the first party causes loss or damage of property as a result of wrongfully enjoining the other party.

Central Governmental Depository - the office of the clerk of court that is responsible for collecting and disbursing court-ordered alimony and child support payments. The depository also keeps payment records and files judgments if support is not paid.

Certificate of Service - a document that must be filed whenever a form you are using does not contain a statement for you to fill in showing to whom you are sending copies of the form. Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914 is the certificate of service form and contains additional instructions.

Certified Copy - a copy of an order or final judgment, certified by the clerk of the circuit court to be an authentic copy.

Certified Mail - mail which requires the receiving party to sign as proof that they received it.

Child Support - money paid from one parent to the other for the benefit of their dependent or minor child(ren).

Clerk of the Circuit Court - elected official in whose office papers are filed, a case number is assigned, and case files are maintained. The clerk's office usually is located in the county courthouse.

Constructive Service - notification of the other party by newspaper publication or posting of notice at designated places when the other party cannot be located for personal service. You may also be able to use constructive service when the other party lives in another state. Constructive service is also called "service by publication." However, when constructive service is used, the relief the Court may grant is limited. For more information on service, see the instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Forms 12.910(a) and 12.913(b) and Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a).

Contested Issues - any or all issues upon which the parties are unable to agree and which must be resolved by the judge at a hearing or trial.

Contingent Asset - an asset that you **may** receive or get later, such as income, tax refund, accrued vacation or sick leave, a bonus, or an inheritance.

Contingent Liability - a liability that you **may** owe later, such as payments for lawsuits, unpaid taxes, or debts that you have agreed or guaranteed to pay if someone else does not.

Counterpetition - a written request to the court for legal action, which is filed by a respondent after being served with a petition.

Custody Order – a judgment or order incorporating a Parenting Plan is a child custody determination for the purposes of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, the International Child Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 11601 et seq., the Parental Kidnapping Prevention Act, and the Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction enacted at the Hague on October 25, 1980.

Default - a failure of a party to respond to the pleading of another party. This failure to respond may allow the court to decide the case without input from the party who did not appear or respond.

Delinquent - late.

Dependent Child(ren) - child(ren) who depend on their parent(s) for support either because they are under the age of 18, they have a mental or physical disability that prevents them from supporting themselves, or they are in high school while between the ages of 18 and 19 and are performing in good faith with reasonable expectation of graduation before the age of 19.

Deputy Clerk - an employee of the office of the clerk of court, which is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse.

Dissolution of Marriage - divorce; a court action to end a marriage.

Electronic Communication – Contact, other than face-to-face contact, facilitated by tools such as telephones, electronic mail or e-mail, webcams, video-conferencing equipment and software or other wired or wireless technologies, or other means of communication to supplement fact-to face contact between a parent and that parent's minor child.

Enjoined - prohibited by the court from doing a specific act.

Ex Parte - communication with the judge by only one party. In order for a judge to speak with either party, the other party must have been properly notified and have an opportunity to be heard. If you have something you wish to tell the judge, you should ask for a hearing or file information in the clerk of court's office, with certification that a copy was sent to the other party.

Family Law Case Manager - 1a court's employee(s) who assists the court in determining if your case is ready to be heard (are) <u>after</u> your case has been filed. Family law case managers are not attorneys and cannot give legal advice.

Filing - delivering a petition, response, motion, or other pleading in a court case to the clerk of court's office.

Filing Fee - an amount of money, set by law, that the petitioner must pay when filing a case. If you cannot afford to pay the fee, you must file an **Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status**, to ask the clerk to file your case without payment of the fee. This form can be obtained from the clerk's office.

Final Hearing - trial in your case.

Financial Affidavit - a sworn statement that contains information regarding your income, expenses, assets, and liabilities.

Final Judgment - a written document signed by a judge and recorded in the clerk of the circuit court's office that contains the judge's decision in your case.

Guardian ad Litem - a neutral person who may be appointed by the court to evaluate or investigate your child's situation, and file a report with the court about what is in the best interests of your child(ren). Guardians do not "work for" either party. The guardian may interview the parties, visit their homes, visit the child(ren)'s school(s) and speak with teachers, or use other resources to make their recommendation.

Hearing - a legal proceeding before a judge or designated officer (general magistrate or hearing officer) on a motion.

Health Insurance-coverage under a fee-for-service arrangement, health care maintenance organization, or preferred provider organization, and other types of coverage available to either parent, under which medical services could be provided to a minor or dependent child.

Judge - an elected official who is responsible for deciding matters on which you and the other parties in your case are unable to agree. A judge is a neutral person who is responsible for ensuring that your case is resolved in a manner which is fair, equitable, and legal. A judge is prohibited by law from giving you or the other party any legal advice, recommendations, or other assistance, and may not talk to either party unless both parties are present, represented, or at a properly scheduled hearing.

Judicial Assistant - the judge's personal staff assistant.

Liabilities - everything owed by you or your spouse, including mortgages, credit cards, or car loans. A liability may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

Lump Sum Alimony - money ordered to be paid by one spouse to another in a limited number of payments, often a single payment.

Mandatory Disclosure - items that must be disclosed by both parties except those exempted from disclosure by Florida Family Law Rule 12.285.

Marital Asset - generally, anything that you and/or your spouse acquired or received (by gift or purchase) during the marriage. For example, something you owned before your marriage may be nonmarital. An asset may only be determined to be marital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Marital Liability - generally, any debt that you and/or your spouse incurred during the marriage. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Mediator - a person who is trained and certified to assist parties in reaching an agreement before going to court. Mediators do not take either party's side and are not allowed to give legal advice. They are only responsible for helping the parties reach an agreement and putting that agreement into writing. In some areas, mediation of certain family law cases may be required before going to court.

Modification - a change made by the court in an order or final judgment.

Motion - a request made to the court, other than a petition.

No Contact - a court order directing a party not speak to, call, send mail to, visit, or go near his or her spouse, ex-spouse, child(ren), or other family member.

Nonlawyer - a person who is not a member in good standing of The Florida Bar.

Nonmarital Asset - generally, anything owned separately by you or your spouse. An asset may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Nonmarital Liability - generally, any debt that you or your spouse incurred before your marriage or since your separation. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Nonparty - a person who is not the petitioner or respondent in a court case.

Notary Public - a person authorized to witness signatures on court related forms.

Obligee - a person to whom money, such as child support or alimony, is owed.

Obligor - a person who is ordered by the court to pay money, such as child support or alimony.

Order - a written decision signed by a judge and filed in the clerk of the circuit court's office, that contains the judge's decision on part of your case, usually on a motion.

Original Petition - see Petition.

Parenting Course - a class that teaches parents how to help their child(ren) cope with divorce and other family issues.

Parenting Plan – a document created to govern the relationship between the parents relating to the decisions that must be made regarding the minor child(ren). The Parenting Plan must contain a time-sharing schedule for the parents and child(ren) and shall address the issues concerning the minor child(ren). The issues concerning the minor child(ren) may include, but are not limited to, the child(ren)'s education, health care, physical, social, and emotional well-being. In creating the Plan, all circumstances between the parents, including their historic relationship, domestic violence, and other factors must be taken into consideration. The Parenting Plan must be developed and agreed to by the parents and approved by the court. If the parents cannot agree to a Parenting Plan, or if the parents agreed to a plan that is not approved by the court, a parenting plan will be established by the court with or without the use of **parenting plan recommendations**.

Parenting Plan Recommendation – A nonbinding recommendation concerning one or more elements of a parenting plan made by a court-appointed mental health practitioner or other professional designated pursuant to either section 61.20 or 61.401, Florida Statutes, or Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.363.

Party - a person involved in a court case, either as a petitioner or respondent.

Paternity Action - A lawsuit used to determine whether a designated individual is the father of a specific child or children.

Payor - an employer or other person who provides income to an obligor.

Permanent Alimony - spousal support ordered to be paid at a specified, periodic rate until modified by a court order, the death of either party, or the remarriage of the Obligee, whichever occurs first.

Personal Service - when a summons and a copy of a petition (or other pleading) that has been filed with the court are delivered by a deputy sheriff or private process server to the other party. Personal service is required for all petitions and supplemental petitions.

Petition - a written request to the court for legal action, which begins a court case.

Petitioner - the person who files a petition that begins a court case.

Pleading - a formal written statement of exactly what a party wants the court to do in a lawsuit or court action.

Pro Se Litigant - a person who appears in court without the assistance of a lawyer.

Pro Se Coordinator - see Family Law Case Manager.

Rehabilitative Alimony - spousal support ordered to be paid for a limited period of time to allow one of the parties an opportunity to complete a plan of education or training, according to a rehabilitative plan accepted by the court, so that he or she may better support himself or herself.

Respondent - the person who is served with a petition requesting some legal action against him or her.

Scientific Paternity Testing - a medical test to determine who is the father of a child.

Service - the delivery of legal documents to a party. This must be accomplished as directed by Florida Family Law Rules 12.070 and 12.080.

Shared Parental Responsibility - an arrangement under which both parents have full parental rights and responsibilities for their child(ren), and the parents make major decisions affecting the welfare of the child(ren) jointly. Shared Parental Responsibility is presumptive in Florida.

Sole Parental Responsibility - a parenting arrangement under which the responsibility for the minor child(ren) is given to one parent by the court, with or without rights of time-sharing to the other parent.

Supervised Time-Sharing- a parenting arrangement under which time-sharing_ between a parent and his or her child(ren) is supervised by either a friend, family member, or a supervised visitation center.

Supplemental Petition - a petition that may be filed by either party after the judge has made a decision in a case and a final judgment or order has been entered. For example, a supplemental petition may be used to request that the court modify the previously entered final judgment or order.

Time-Sharing Schedule – a timetable that must be included in the Parenting Plan that specifies the time, including overnights and holidays, that a minor child or children will spend with each parent. The time-sharing schedule shall either be developed and agreed to by the parents of a minor child or children and i approved by the court, or established by the court if the parents cannot agree, or if their agreed-upon schedule is not approved by the court.

Trial - the final hearing in a contested case.

Uncontested - any and all issues on which the parties are able to agree and which are part of a marital settlement agreement.

PARTIES INFORMATION THIS FORM MUST BE COMPLETED AND RETURNED TO THE CLERK OF COURT AT THE TIME YOU FILE YOUR CASE. PLEASE PRINT NEATLY IN INK. THANK YOU.

				:======	=====
WIFE NAME:	:	First	Middle	Last	
RESIDENCE	: Street Addre				
	Olicernadic				
		City	State	Zip	
TELEPHONE	NUMBER:	Area Code			
		Area Code	Number		
WIFE MAIDE	N NAME:				
HUSBAND NA	AME:	First	Middle	Last	
RESIDENCE:	Óha at Aslalas				
	Street Addres	S			
		City	01-1-		
	County	City	State	Zip	
TELEPHONE	NUMBER:	Array Orda	Number		
		Area Code	Number		
DATE OF THI	S MARRIAG	E: Month	Day		ear
COUNTY OF I	MARRIAGE				501
STATE OF MA	ARRIAGE (If	not in U.S.A., name	country):		
TOTAL NUMB	ER OF LIVI	NG CHILDREN:	· · ·		
			RS OF AGE:		

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.901(a), PETITION FOR SIMPLIFIED DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE (01/15)

When should this form be used?

This form should be used when a husband and wife are filing for a simplified <u>dissolution of</u> <u>marriage</u>. You and/or your <u>spouse</u> must have lived in Florida for at least 6 months before filing for a dissolution in Florida. You may file a simplified dissolution of marriage in Florida if **all** of the following are true:

- You and your spouse agree that the marriage cannot be saved.
- You and your spouse have no minor or dependent child(ren) together, the wife does not have any minor or dependent children born during the marriage, and the wife is not now pregnant.
- You and your spouse have worked out how the two of you will divide the things that you both own (your <u>assets</u>) and who will pay what part of the money you both owe (your <u>liabilities</u>), and you are both satisfied with this division.
- You are not seeking support (alimony) from your spouse, and vice versa.
- You are willing to give up your right to **trial** and **appeal**.
- You and your spouse are both willing to go into the clerk's office to sign the petition together.
- You and your spouse are both willing to go to the **<u>final hearing</u>** (at the same time).

If you do not meet the criteria above, you must file a regular **<u>petition</u>** for dissolution of marriage.

This petition should be typed or printed in black ink. Each of you must sign the petition in the presence of a deputy clerk (in the clerk's office), although you do not have to go into the clerk's office at the same time. You will need to provide picture identification (valid driver's license or official identification card) for the clerk to witness your signatures.

What should I do next?

 After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where you live and keep a copy for your records.

You may document your agreement by signing a **Marital Settlement Agreement**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(f)(3) and filing it with the <u>clerk of the circuit</u> <u>court</u> or you may agree that all of your assets (what you own) and liabilities (what you owe) have been disposed of by oral agreement.

- 2. You must prove to the court that the husband **and/or** wife has (have) lived in Florida for more than 6 months before filing the petition for dissolution of marriage. Residence can be proved by:
 - a valid Florida driver's license, Florida identification card, or voter registration card issued to one of you at least 6 months prior to filing for dissolution of marriage; or
 - the testimony of another person who knows that either you or your spouse has resided in Florida for more than 6 months and is available to testify in court; or
 - an <u>affidavit</u>. To prove residence by affidavit, use an Affidavit of Corroborating Witness, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(i). This form must be signed by a person who knows that either you or your spouse has lived in Florida for more than 6 months before the date that you filed the petition for dissolution of marriage. This affidavit may be signed in the presence of the clerk of the court or in the presence of a <u>notary public</u>, who must affix his or her seal at the proper place on the affidavit.
- 3. You must pay the appropriate <u>filing fees</u> to the clerk of the circuit court. If you and your spouse cannot afford to pay the filing fees, you may fill out an **Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status**, and file it with your petition for dissolution of marriage. You may obtain this form from the clerk and he or she will determine whether you are eligible to have filing fees waived.
- **4.** Either you or the clerk of court will need to complete a **Family Court Cover Sheet**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928. The clerk's office can provide this form.
- 5. You must obtain a date and time for a court appearance from the clerk of court. On that date, you and your spouse must appear together before a judge. You should complete a Final Judgment of Simplified Dissolution of Marriage, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.990(a), and bring it with you to the hearing. At that time, if all of the papers are in order, the judge may grant a final judgment dissolving your marriage under simplified dissolution of marriage procedures by signing the final judgment which you have provided.
- 6. If you fail to complete this procedure, the court may dismiss the case to clear its records.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "<u>bold underline</u>" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 61, Florida Statutes, and Rule 12.105, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR OKALOOSA COUNTY, FLORIDA

	Case No.:
	Division:
	Husband,
	and
	, Wife.
	wife.
	PETITION FOR SIMPLIFIED DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE
	We, {full legal name}, Husband
an	d {full legal name}, Wife
	ing sworn, certify that the following information is true: I in all blanks]
1.	We are both asking the Court for a dissolution of our marriage.
2.	Husband lives in <i>{name}</i> County, <i>{state}</i> , and has lived
	there since {date} Wife lives in {name}
	County, {state}, and has lived there since {date}
3.	We were married to each other on { <i>date</i> } in the city of { <i>city</i> }
	in state of {state}, or country of {country}
4.	Our marriage is irretrievably broken.
5.	We do not have any minor or dependent children together, the wife does not have any
	minor or dependent children born during the marriage, and the wife is not pregnant.
6.	We have divided our assets (what we own) and our liabilities (what we owe) by agreement.
	We are satisfied with this agreement.
	{Check one only}
	() Our marital settlement agreement, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form
	12.902(f)(3), is attached. This agreement was signed freely and voluntarily by each of us
	and we intend to be bound by it.

() Our marital settlement agreement is not in writing. We prefer to keep our financial agreements private.

- {Check one only} () yes () no Wife wants to be known by her former name, which was
 {full legal name}
- 8. We each certify that we have not been threatened or pressured into signing this petition. We each understand that the result of signing this petition may be a final judgment ending our marriage and allowing no further relief.
- 9. We each understand that **we both must come to the hearing** to testify about the things we are asking for in this petition.
- 10. We understand that we each may have legal rights as a result of our marriage and that by signing this petition we may be giving up those rights.
- 11. We ask the Court to end our marriage and approve our marital settlement agreement.

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this petition and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:

Signature of HUSBAND
Printed Name:
Address:
City, State, Zip:
Telephone Number:
Fax Number:
E-mail Address(es):

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF OKALOOSA

Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on _____by _____.

NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK

[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or deputy clerk.]

Personally known Produced identification

Type of identification produced

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this petition and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated: _____

Signature of WIFE
Printed Name:
Address:
City, State, Zip:
Telephone Number:
Fax Number:
E-mail Address(es):

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF OKALOOSA

Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on _____by _____.

NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK

[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or deputy clerk.]

Personally known

Produced identification

Type of identification produced

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks]					
This form was prepared for: [choose only one] () Husband () Wife				
This form was completed with the assistance of:	:				
{name of individual}					
{name of business}					
{address}					
{city}, {state}	, {telephone number}				

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (01/10)

When should this form be used?

The Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases and the information contained in it neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other documents as required by law. This form shall be filed by the petitioner/party opening or reopening a case for the use of the <u>clerk of the</u> <u>circuit court</u> for the purpose of reporting judicial workload data pursuant to Florida Statutes section 25.075.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. The petitioner must <u>file</u> this cover sheet with the first pleading or motion filed to open or reopen a case in all domestic and juvenile cases.

What should I do next?

Follow these instructions for completing the form:

- I. Case Style. Enter the name of the court, the appropriate case number assigned at the time of filing of the original petition, the name of the judge assigned (if applicable), and the name (last, first, middle initial) of the petitioner(s) and respondent(s).
- II. Type of Action /Proceeding. Place a check beside the proceeding you are initiating. If you are simultaneously filing more than one type of proceeding against the same opposing party, such as a modification and an enforcement proceeding, complete a separate cover sheet for each action being filed.
 - (A) Initial Action/Petition
 - (B) Reopening Case. If you check "Reopening Case," indicate whether you are filing a modification or supplemental petition or an action for enforcement by placing a check beside the appropriate action/petition.
 - 1. Modification/Supplemental Petition
 - 2. Motion for Civil Contempt/ Enforcement
 - 3. Other All reopening actions not involving modification/supplemental petitions or petition enforcement.
- III. Type of Case. Place a check beside the appropriate case. If the case fits more than one category, select the most definitive. Definitions of the categories are provided below.
 - (A) Simplified Dissolution of Marriage- petitions for the termination of marriage pursuant to Florida Family Law Rule of Procedure 12.105.
 - (B) Dissolution of Marriage petitions for the termination of marriage pursuant to Chapter 61, Florida Statutes, other than simplified dissolution.
 - (C) Domestic Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against domestic violence pursuant to section 741.30, Florida Statutes.

- (D) Dating Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against dating violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (E) Repeat Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against repeat violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (F) Sexual Violence all matters relating to injunctions for protection against sexual violence pursuant to section 784.046, Florida Statutes.
- (G) Support IV-D all matters relating to child or spousal support in which an application for assistance has been filed with the Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement under Title IV-D, Social Security Act, except for such matters relating to dissolution of marriage petitions (sections 409.2564, 409.2571, and 409.2597, Florida Statutes), paternity, or UIFSA.
- (H) Support-Non IV-D all matters relating to child or spousal support in which an application for assistance has **not** been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (I) UIFSA- IV-D all matters relating to Chapter 88, Florida Statutes, in which an application for assistance has been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (J) UIFSA Non IV-D all matters relating to Chapter 88, Florida Statutes, in which an application for assistance has **not** been filed under Title IV-D, Social Security Act.
- (K) Other Family Court all matters involving time-sharing and/or parenting plans relating to minor child(ren), support unconnected with dissolution of marriage, annulment, delayed birth certificates pursuant to Florida Statutes section 382.0195, expedited affirmation of parental status pursuant to Florida Statutes section 742.16, termination of parental rights proceedings pursuant to Florida Statutes section 63.087, declaratory judgment actions related to premarital, marital, post-marital agreements, or other matters not included in the categories above.
- (L) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 63 all matters relating to adoption pursuant to Chapter 63, Florida Statutes, excluding any matters arising out of Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (M) Name Change all matters relating to name change, pursuant to section 68.07, Florida Statutes.
- (N) Paternity/Disestablishment of Paternity all matters relating to paternity pursuant to Chapter 742, Florida Statutes.
- (O) Juvenile Delinquency all matters relating to juvenile delinquency pursuant to Chapter 985, Florida Statutes.
- (P) Petition for Dependency all matters relating to petitions for dependency.
- (Q) Shelter Petition all matters relating to shelter petitions pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (R) Termination of Parental Rights Arising Out Of Chapter 39 all matters relating to termination of parental rights pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (S) Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39 all matters relating to adoption pursuant to Chapter 39, Florida Statutes.
- (T) CINS/FINS all matters relating to children in need of services (and families in need of services) pursuant to Chapter 984, Florida Statutes.

ATTORNEY OR PARTY SIGNATURE. Sign the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases. Print legibly the name of the person signing the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases. Attorneys must include a Florida Bar number. Insert the date the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases is signed. Signature is

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (01/10)

a certification that filer has provided accurate information on the Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases.

Nonlawyer Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. For further information, see Rule 12.100, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. I. Case Style

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE <u>FIRST</u> JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR <u>OKALOOSA</u> COUNTY, FLORIDA

Petitioner

and

Respondent

- II. Type of Action/Proceeding. Place a check beside the proceeding you are initiating. If you are simultaneously filing more than one type of proceeding against the same opposing party, such as a modification and an enforcement proceeding, complete a separate cover sheet for each action being filed. If you are reopening a case, choose one of the three options below it.
 - (A) XX Initial Action/Petition
 - (B) ____ Reopening Case
 - 1. ____ Modification/Supplemental Petition
 - 2. ____ Motion for Civil Contempt/Enforcement
 - 3. ____Other

III. Type of Case. If the case fits more than one type of case, select the most definitive.

- (A) XX Simplified Dissolution of Marriage
- (B) ____ Dissolution of Marriage
- (C) ____ Domestic Violence
- (D) ____ Dating Violence
- (E) ____ Repeat Violence
- (F) ____ Sexual Violence
- (G) _____ Support IV-D (Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement)
- (H) ____ Support Non-IV-D (not Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement)
- (I) ____ UIFSA IV-D (Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement)
- (J) ____ UIFSA Non-IV-D (not Department of Revenue, Child Support Enforcement)
- (K) ____ Other Family Court
- (L) _____ Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 63
- (M) ____ Name Change
- (N) ____ Paternity/Disestablishment of Paternity
- (O) ____ Juvenile Delinquency
- (P) ____ Petition for Dependency

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.928, Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases (01/10)

- (Q) ____ Shelter Petition
- (R) ____ Termination of Parental Rights Arising Out Of Chapter 39
- (S) _____ Adoption Arising Out Of Chapter 39
- (T) ____ CINS/FINS
- IV. Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires that a Notice of Related Cases Form, Family Law Form 12.900(h), be filed with the initial pleading/petition by the filing attorney or self-represented litigant in order to notify the court of related cases. Is Form 12.900(h) being filed with this Cover Sheet for Family Court Cases and initial pleading/petition?

____ No, to the best of my knowledge, no related cases exist.

____ Yes, all related cases are listed on Family Law Form 12.900(h).

ATTORNEY OR PARTY SIGNATURE

I CERTIFY that the information I have provided in this cover sheet is accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature_

Attorney or party

_____ FL Bar No.: ___

(Type or print name)

Date

(Bar number, if attorney)

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks]

I, {full legal name and trade name of	, a nonlawyer,	
whose address is {street}	, {city}	,
{state}, {phone}	, helped {name}	
who is the [choose one only] pet	titioner or respondent, fill out this form.	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.900(h), NOTICE OF RELATED CASES (01/09)

When should this form be used?

Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d) requires the **petitioner** in a family law case to file with the court a notice of related cases, if any. Your circuit may also require this form to be filed even if there are no related cases. A case is considered related if

- it involves the same parties, children, or issues and is pending when the family law case is filed; or
- it affects the court's jurisdiction to proceed; or
- an order in the related case may conflict with an order on the same issues in the new case; or
- an order in the new case may conflict with an order in the earlier case.

This form is used to provide the required notice to the court.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. It must be **filed** with the **clerk of the circuit court** with the initial pleading in the family law case.

What should I do next?

A copy of the form must be served on the presiding judges and either the chief judge or the family law administrative judge. You should also keep a copy for your records.

Where can I look for more information?

See Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d).

Special notes . . .

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms **must** also put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(h), Notice of Related Cases (01/09)

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE ______ FIRST_____ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR ______ OKALOOSA _____ COUNTY, FLORIDA

> Case No.: _____ Division: ______

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

NOTICE OF RELATED CASES

1. Petitioner submits this Notice of Related Cases as required by Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.545(d). A related case may be an open or closed civil, criminal, guardianship, domestic violence, juvenile delinquency, juvenile dependency, or domestic relations case. A case is "related" to this family law case if it involves any of the same parties, children, or issues and it is pending at the time the party files a family case; if it affects the court's jurisdiction to proceed; if an order in the related case may conflict with an order on the same issues in the new case; or if an order in the new case may conflict with an order in the earlier litigation.

[v one only]

There are no related cases.

The following are the related cases (add additional pages if necessary):

Related Case No. 1		
Case Name(s):		
Petitioner		
Respondent		
Case No.:	Division:	
Custody Child Su Juvenile Termina Domest	tion of Marriage / upport e Dependency tion of Parental Rights ic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat e Injunctions	 Paternity Adoption Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceedings Juvenile Delinquency Criminal Other {specify}

State where case was decided or is pending: FloridaOther: {specify}					
Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (<i>for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Mario County, Florida</i>): Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any): Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any):					
Relationship of cases [V all that apply]: pending case involves same parties, children, or issues; may affect court's jurisdiction; order in related case may conflict with an order in this case; order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case. Statement as to the relationship of the cases:					
Related Case No. 2 Case Name(s): Petitioner: Respondent:					
Case No.: Division:					
Type of Proceeding: [V all that apply] Dissolution of Marriage Paternity Custody Adoption Child Support Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceedings Juvenile Dependency Juvenile Delinquency Termination of Parental Rights Criminal Domestic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat Other {specify} Wiolence Injunctions Flavida and and and and and and and and and a					
State where case was decided or is pending: Florida Other: {specify}					
Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion County, Florida):					
Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any):					
Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any):					
Relationship of cases [V all that apply]: pending case involves same parties, children, or issues; may affect court's jurisdiction; order in related case may conflict with an order in this case; order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case.					

Statement as to the relationship of the cases: ______

Related Case No. 3
Case Name(s):
Petitioner:
Respondent:
Type of Proceeding: [v all that apply] Paternity Dissolution of Marriage Paternity Custody Adoption Child Support Modification/Enforcement/Contempt Proceedings Juvenile Dependency Juvenile Delinquency Termination of Parental Rights Criminal Domestic/Sexual/Dating/Repeat Other {specify} Violence Injunctions Mental Health
State where case was decided or is pending: FloridaOther: { <i>specify</i> }
Name of Court where case was decided or is pending (for example, Fifth Circuit Court, Marion
County, Florida):
Title of last Court Order/Judgment (if any):
Date of Court Order/Judgment (if any):
Relationship of cases [V all that apply]: pending case involves same parties, children, or issues; may affect court's jurisdiction; order in related case may conflict with an order in this case; order in this case may conflict with previous order in related case. Statement as to the relationship of the cases:
 [√ one only] □ I do not request coordination of litigation in any of the cases listed above. □ I do request coordination of the following cases:
 3. [√ all that apply] ☐ Assignment to one judge ☐ Coordination of existing cases

will conserve judicial resources and promote an efficient determination of these cases because:

4. The Petitioner acknowledges a continuing duty to inform the court of any cases in this or any other state that could affect the current proceeding.

Dated: _____

Petitioner's Signature	
Printed Name:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Telephone Number: _	
Fax Number:	

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I CERTIFY that I delivered a copy of this Notice of Related Cases to the	<u>County</u>			
Sheriff's Department or a certified process server for service on the Respondent, and [V one only]				
mailed hand delivered a copy to <i>[name]</i> , who is	the [√all			
that apply] judge assigned to new case}, chief judge or family law administrative judg	ge,			
{name}, a party to the related case, {name}				
, a party to the related case on {date}				

Petitioner/Attorney for Petitioner

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks]

۱, {full legal	name and trade nar	ne of nonlawyer}	
a nonlawye	r, located at {street}		, {city},
{state}	, {phone}	, helped { <i>name</i> }	,

who is the Petitioner, fill out this form.

FORM 1.998 FINAL DISPOSITION FORM

This form shall be filed by the prevailing party for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of reporting judicial workload data pursuant to Florida Statutes section 25.075.

I. CASE STYLE	(Name of Court) <u>Circuit</u>
Plaintiff	
vs.	Case #: Judge:
Defendent	_
 II. MEANS OF FINAL DISPOSITION (Place subcategory, if applicable, only) Dismissed Before Hearing Dismissed Pursuant to Settleme Dismissed Pursuant to Mediated Other - Before Hearing Dismissed After Hearing Dismissed Pursuant to Settleme Dismissed Pursuant to Settleme Dismissed Pursuant to Mediated Other - After Hearing - After Hearing Disposed by Default Disposed by Judge Disposed by Jury Trial Other 	ent - Before Hearing d Settlement - Before Hearing ent - After Hearing d Settlement - After Hearing

Date

SIGNATURE OF PETITIONER/ATTORNEY FOR PREVAILING PARTY

CIV-128

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.902(f)(3), MARITAL SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT FOR SIMPLIFIED DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE (11/12)

When should this form be used?

This form should be used when a **Petition for Simplified Dissolution of Marriage**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.901(a), has been <u>filed</u> and the <u>parties</u> have reached an agreement on all of the issues at hand.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. **Both** parties must sign the agreement and have their signatures witnessed by a <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>. After completing this form, you should file the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where the <u>petition</u> was filed and keep a copy for your records. You should then refer to the instructions for your petition, <u>answer</u>, or answer and <u>counterpetition</u> concerning the procedures for setting a hearing or <u>trial (final hearing)</u>.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in <u>bold underline</u> in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 61, Florida Statutes, and the instructions for the petition which was filed in this case.

Special notes...

This form does not act to transfer title to the property. Such transfer must be done by deed or supplemental final judgment.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

Case No.: ______ Division: ______

In re: The Marriage of:

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

MARITAL SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT FOR SIMPLIFIED DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE

We, {Husband's full legal name}_____,and {Wife's full legal name}_____,being sworn, certify that the following statements

are true:

- 1. We were married to each other on {date}_____.
- 2. Because of irreconcilable differences in our marriage (no chance of staying together), we have made this agreement to settle once and for all what we owe to each other and what we can expect to receive from each other. Each of us states that nothing has been held back, that we have honestly included everything we could think of in listing our assets (everything we own and that is owed to us) and our debts (everything we owe), and that we believe the other has been open and honest in writing this agreement.
- 3. We have both filed a Family Law Financial Affidavit, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c). Because we have voluntarily made full and fair disclosure to each other of all our assets and debts, we waive any further disclosure under rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.
- 4. Each of us agrees to execute and exchange any papers that might be needed to complete this agreement, including deeds, title certificates, etc.

SECTION I. MARITAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

- **A.** Division of Assets. We divide our assets (everything we own and that is owed to us) as follows: Any personal item(s) not listed below is the property of the party currently in possession of the item(s).
 - 1. Wife shall receive as her own and Husband shall have no further rights or responsibilities regarding these assets:

ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) WIFE SHALL RECEIVE (To avoid confusion at a later date, describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers Where applicable, include whether the name on any title/deed/account described below is wife's, husband's, or both.	Current Fair Market Value
Cash (on hand)	\$
Cash (in banks/credit unions)	
Stocks/Bonds	
Notes (money owed to you in writing)	
Money owed to you (not evidenced by a note)	
Real estate: (Home) (Other)	
Business interests	
Automobiles	
Boats	
Other vehicles	
Retirement plans (Profit Sharing, Pension, IRA, 401(k)s, etc.)	
Furniture & furnishings in home	
Furniture & furnishings elsewhere	

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(f)(3), Marital Settlement Agreement for Simplified Dissolution of Marriage (11/12)

Collectibles	
Jewelry	
Life insurance (cash surrender value)	
Sporting and entertainment (T.V., stereo, etc.) equipment	
Other assets	
	<u>.</u>
Total Assets to Wife	\$

2. Husband shall receive as his own and Wife shall have no further rights or responsibilities regarding these assets:

ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) HUSBAND SHALL RECEIVE (To avoid confusion at a later date, describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers Where applicable, include whether the name on any title/deed/account described below is wife's, husband's or both.	Current Fair Market Value
Cash (on hand)	\$
Cash (in banks/credit unions)	
Stocks/Bonds	
Notes (money owed to you in writing)	
Money owed to you (not evidenced by a note)	
Real estate: (Home)	
(Other)	

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(f)(3), Marital Settlement Agreement for Simplified Dissolution of Marriage (11/12)

Business interests	
Automobiles	
Boats	
Other vehicles	
Retirement plans (Profit Sharing, Pension, IRA, 401(k)s, etc.)	
Furniture & furnishings in home	
	······
Furniture & furnishings elsewhere	
Collectibles	
Jewelry	
Life insurance (cash surrender value)	
	····
Sporting and entertainment (T.V., stereo, etc.) equipment	
Other assets	
	: -
Total Assets to Husband	\$

- B. Division of Liabilities/Debts. We divide our liabilities (everything we owe) as follows:
- 1. Wife shall pay as her own the following and will not at any time ask Husband to pay these debts/bills:

LIABILITIES: DESCRIPTION OF DEBT(S) TO BE PAID BY WIFE (To avoid confusion at a later date, describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers Where applicable, include whether the name on any mortgage, note, or account described below is wife's, husband's, or both.)	Monthly Payment	Current Amount Owed
Mortgages on real estate: (Home)	\$	\$
(Other)		
Charge/credit card accounts	-	
Auto loan		
Auto loan		
Bank/credit union loans		
Money you owe (not evidenced by a note)		
Judgments		
Other		-
Total Debts to Be Paid by Wife	\$	Ş

2. Husband shall pay as his own the following and will not at any time ask Wife to pay these debts/bills:

LIABILITIES: DESCRIPTION OF DEBT(S) TO BE PAID BY HUSBAND (To avoid confusion at a later date, describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any mortgage, note or account described below is wife's, husband's, or both.	Monthly Payment	Current Amount Owed
Mortgages on real estate: (Home)	\$	\$
(Other)		
Charge/credit card accounts		
Auto loan	-	
Auto loan		
Bank/credit union loans		
Money you owe (not evidenced by a note)		
Judgments		
Other		
Total Debts to Be Paid by Husband	\$	\$

C. Contingent Assets and Liabilities (listed in Section III of our Family Law Financial Affidavits) will be divided as follows:

SECTION II. SPOUSAL SUPPORT (ALIMONY) Each of us forever gives up any right to spousal support (alimony) that we may have.

SECTION III. OTHER

I certify that I have been open and hone with this agreement and intend to be bo	est in entering into this settlement agreement. I am satisfied ound by it.
Dated:	
	Signature of Husband
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
	E-mail Address(es):
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before	me on by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]
Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced	
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OU	T THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared() Respondent.	d for the Husband who is the <i>{choose only one}</i> () Petitioner
This form was prepared with the assista {name of individual}	nce of:
{name of business}	,
{name of business}{address}	, ,{state}, {telephone number},

Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(f)(3), Marital Settlement Agreement for Simplified Dissolution of Marriage (11/12)

I certify that I have been open and honest in entering into this settlement agreement. I am satisfied with this agreement and intend to be bound by it.

Dated:	
	Signature of Wife
	Printed name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone number:
	Fax number
	E-mail Address(es):
STATE OF FLORIDA	
COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or
	clerk.]
Personally known	j
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	
· / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS	FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:
[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for th	he Wife who is the {choose only one } () Petitioner
() Respondent.	
This form was prepared with the assistance of:	
	······································
[address]	

{city}_____,{state}____, {telephone number}_____.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.902(i), AFFIDAVIT OF CORROBORATING WITNESS

When should this form be used?

This form may be used to prove residency in a <u>dissolution of marriage</u> proceeding. To get a divorce in Florida, either the husband or the wife must have lived in Florida for at least 6 months before filing the petition. Residency may be proved by the <u>affidavit</u> of someone other than you or your spouse. This form is used to prove residency by affidavit. <u>THE PERSON SIGNING</u> <u>THIS FORM MUST KNOW THAT YOU HAVE LIVED IN THE STATE OF FLORIDA</u> FOR AT LEAST 6 MONTHS BEFORE THE DATE YOU FILED YOUR PETITION FOR <u>DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE</u>. **Your witness will need to know the date you filed your petition.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink, and signed in the presence of a **notary public** or **deputy clerk**. After completing this form, you should **file** the original with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where the petition was filed and keep a copy for your records.

What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed or hand delivered to the other party in your case, if it is not <u>served</u> on him or her with your initial papers.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in "<u>bold underline</u>" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see section 61.021, Florida Statutes or section 61.052(2), Florida Statutes.

Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, $\Box \Box$ Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

Petitioner,

and

Dated

Case No.: ______ Division: ______

Respondent.

AFFIDAVIT OF CORROBORATING WITNESS

I, {witness name}	, being sworn, certify
that the following statements are true:	I have known
since {approximate date}	; to the best of my understanding the petition in this
action was filed on {date petition filed}	; and I know of my own personal
knowledge that this person has resided	in the State of Florida for at least 6 months immediately before
{date petition filed}	

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this affidavit and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dutou	Signature of Corroborating Witness Printed Name: Address: City, State, Zip: Telephone Number	
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF OKALOOSA		
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on _	by {date} {corroborating witness name}	
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK	
Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR AGREEMENT TO WAIVE EXCEPTION PERIOD

When should this form be used?

Your divorce case will be heard by a General Magistrate. At the conclusion of your hearing, the General Magistrate will sign a Report of Magistrate. There is then a ten (10) day objection period plus five (5) days for mailing after the General Magistrate signs this report before your case can be sent to the Judge for the entry of a Final Judgment of Dissolution fo Marriage. This form may be used to waive the ten (10) day objection period. If this form is not filed, rather than it taking approximately 2 to 3 weeks to receive your Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage after your hearing, it could take from 4 to 7 weeks.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After both parties sign this form, it should be filed with the Clerk of Court.

IN RE: The Marriage of

Husband,

and

Case No. _____

Wife.

AGREEMENT TO WAIVE RECEIPT OF GENERAL MAGISTRATE REPORT AND EXCEPTION PERIOD

We, the parties to this action, do not wish to review the report and recommendations made by the General Magistrate prior to the entry of a Final Judgment. We hereby agree to waive service of the Report of General Magistrate and the ten (10) day exception period to General Magistrate Report required by Rule 12.490(f), Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. We request the entry of a Final Judgment approving the Report of General Magistrate in this cause without further delay.

Signature of Husband

Date

Signature of Wife

Date

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.915, DESIGNATION OF CURRENT MAILING AND EMAIL ADDRESS (09/12)

When should this form be used?

This form should be used to inform the clerk and the other **<u>party</u>** of your current mailing and e-mail address(es) or **any change of address**. It is very important that the court and the other party in your case have your correct address.

A party not represented by an attorney may choose to designate e-mail address(es) for **service.** A primary and up to two secondary e-mail addresses can be designated. If you do so and the other party is represented by an attorney or has also designated e-mail address(es) for service, e-mail will be the **exclusive means of service**.

If there is any change in your mailing or e-mail address(es), you must complete a new form, file it with the clerk, and serve a copy on any other party or parties in your case.

What should I do next?

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should **file** the original with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where your case is filed and keep a copy for your records. A copy of this form must be served on any other party in your case. **Service** must be in accordance with Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.516.

Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read General Information for Self-Represented Litigants found at the beginning of these forms. The words that are in <u>bold underline</u> in these instructions are defined there.

Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

Case No.: _____ Division: _____

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

DESIGNATION OF CURRENT MAILING AND E-MAIL ADDRESS

No.}
No.}
y or parties notified of my awsuit will be served at the
) mailed () faxed
)

Dated: _____

Signature of Party

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, Designation of Current Mailing and Email Address (09/12)

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF _____

Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
--	----

NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK

[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]

Personally known

Produced identification

Type of identification produced ______

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:

[fill in all blanks] This form was prepared for the: {choose only one} () Petitioner () Respondent This form was completed with the assistance of:

{name of individual} ______,

{name of business} ______,

{street}_____, {city}_____,{state}____, {telephone number}_____,