STUDENT TEACHING IN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL ELE 441.007

Instructor: Patricia Berthot Course Time & Location: TBA

Office Phone: 936-468-1575 **Credits:** 3

Email: berthotpa@sfasu.edu

Prerequisites:

Admission into educator certification, ELE 301, 302, 303, 351, 352, or MLG 401, 402, 403

Course Description:

Student teaching is the culminating field experience where teacher candidates demonstrate their knowledge, skills, and dispositions related to educating children pre-kindergarten through sixth grade.

Program Learning Outcomes:

Student teachers express their commitment to the personal and professional qualities included in our College of Education Conceptual Framework. Student teaching is an opportunity to grow as a professional. As guests in the public school systems, teacher candidates exhibit their knowledge of child growth and development, commitment to preschool and school aged elementary education students while contributing to the learning community.

Text and Materials: ELE or MLG Undergraduate Initial Certification Handbook

Course Requirements:

The student teaching semester must be a minimum of 13 full weeks of observation and teaching, to include a placement in **two** different settings. Students will spend six (6) or seven (7) weeks in each grade placement. One placement will be in pre-kindergarten or kindergarten, and the other in a grade one through six. For specific requirements, consult the appropriate *ELE or MLG Undergraduate Initial Certification Handbook*.

Course Calendar, Grading Policy and Attendance Policy: See the ELE or MLG Undergraduate Initial Certification Handbook

Course Evaluations:

Near the conclusion of each semester, students in the College of Education electronically evaluate courses taken within the COE. Evaluation data is used for a variety of important purposes including: 1. Course and program improvement, planning, and accreditation; 2. Instruction evaluation purposes; and 3. Making decisions on faculty tenure, promotion, pay, and retention. As you evaluate this course, please be thoughtful, thorough, and accurate in completing the evaluation. Please know that the COE faculty is committed to excellence in teaching and continued improvement. Therefore, your response is critical!

In the College of Education, the course evaluation process has been simplified and is completed electronically through MySFA. Although the instructor will be able to view the names of students who complete the survey, all ratings and comments are confidential and anonymous, and will not be available to the instructor until after final grades are posted.

Students with Disabilities—To obtain disability related accommodations and/or auxiliary aids, students with disabilities must contact the Office of Disability Services (ODS), Human Services Building, Room 325, (936) 468-3004/ (936) 468-1004 (TDD) as early as possible in the semester. Once verified, ODS will notify the course instructor and outline the accommodation and/or auxiliary aids to be provided.

Academic Honesty—It is the policy of Stephen F. Austin State University that academic dishonesty is a completely unacceptable mode of conduct and will not be tolerated in any form. All persons involved in academic dishonesty will be disciplined in accordance with University regulations and procedures. Discipline may include suspension or expulsion from the University. (see **Academic Integrity A-9.1**)

EC-6 Student Teaching Handbook



Stephen F. Austin State University
College of Education
Elementary Education Department
2011-2012

Stephen F. Austin State University College of Education Elementary Education Department

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STEPHEN F. AUSTIN STATE UNIVERSITY

James I. Perkins College of Education
Office of Educator Certification

P.O. Box 6103, SFA Station • Nacogdoches, TX $\,$ 75962-6103 Office - (936) 468-2903 • FAX - (936) 468-1577

July, 2011

Dear Future Educator,

I am glad you have chosen to pursue your certification in the James I. Perkins College of Education at Stephen F. Austin State University. Since its inception, the College of Education has enjoyed a reputation for excellence in teacher preparation. The College of Education was among the first to be accredited by the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education (NCATE) in the 1950s and has been continuously accredited for the last 50 years. Similarly, programs in the college have been continuously approved by the Texas Education Agency and the State Board for Education Certification. Our Educator Preparation Program is field-based, meaning you will have the opportunity to practice the theories and teaching methods you learn in your college classes in public school classrooms in our partner school districts.

You have a great future with many challenges and opportunities ahead. I want to close this letter with a quote from John Blaydes, an author and motivational speaker:

As adults, when we think back to our years in school, we remember teachers, not instructional methods and techniques. We remember the teachers who saw something special in us and made a connection, planting those cherished memories and good feelings that continue to live within us wherever we are or whatever we've become.

Congratulations on your decision to become a teacher!

Best wishes.

Lisa Mize, Ph.D.

Lisa Mize

Associate Dean - Student Affairs

COLLEGE OF EDUCATION STEPHEN F. AUSTIN STATE UNIVERSITY

Vision, Mission, and Values Statement

April 2004

VISION

The College of Education at Stephen F. Austin State University will be the college of choice for students striving to achieve professional excellence through exemplary programs that are recognized at state, national, and international levels.

MISSION

The mission of the College of Education is to prepare competent, successful, caring and enthusiastic professionals dedicated to responsible service, leadership, and continued professional and intellectual development.

To accomplish this mission, the goals of the College of Education are to:

- Provide programs at both undergraduate and graduate levels based upon sound pedagogical and clinical practice
- Prepare teachers, support personnel, and educational leaders for Texas
- Employ and support faculty members who are committed to excellence in teaching, scholarship, and service
- Provide a variety of teaching venues incorporating the latest technologies to a range of diverse student interests, backgrounds, and aspirations
- Maintain resources and facilities that allow each program to meet its expected outcomes
- Collaborate with external partners to enhance students' knowledge, skills, and dispositions, and to influence the ongoing exchange of ideas for mutual benefit
- Engage in outreach services
 - To address specific needs in the broader community,
 - To enhance student learning,
 - To instill commitment to service, and
 - To promote the reputation of the University, and to
- Conduct research to advance knowledge and to contribute to the common good.

VALUES

In the College of Education at Stephen F. Austin State University, we value and are committed to:

- Academic excellence through critical, reflective, and creative thinking
- Life-long learning
- Collaboration and shared decision-making
- Openness to new ideas, to culturally diverse people, and to innovation and change
- Integrity, responsibility, diligence, and ethical behavior
- Service that enriches the community

EDUCATOR CERTIFICATION

At Stephen F. Austin State University, the preparation of teachers and other educational leaders is considered the task of the entire University. A Teacher Education Council (composed of faculty and administrators from each of the Colleges that have teaching fields) makes policy for the programs. Likewise, the Professional Development School (PDS) Advisory Council involves University faculty and administrators from throughout the campus as well as teachers and administrators from PDS and community colleges which review program requirements.

Educator Preparation Programs are standard-based, learner-centered, and delivered in a collaborative, field-based environment. Technology skills and responsiveness to diversity are integral parts of the programs. As with all teacher preparation in Texas, each program completer has an academic specialization and a common core curriculum as a basis for the professional education sequence. Assessment is benchmarked throughout the program. Recommendation for certification is made by the University to the State Board for Educator Certification (SBEC) when the program, including successful <u>TExES</u> testing in teaching fields and pedagogy, is completed.

Students in the various programs have a sequence of field experiences that are delivered in collaboration with partners in the public schools. Multiple schools in the East Texas area serve as sites for early field experiences for undergraduate students. Additionally, the Houston and Dallas metropolises serve as student teaching sites.

Program Accreditations

National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education (NCATE)

The College of Education (COE) is fully accredited by the National Council for Accreditation of Teacher Education (NCATE). Information about NCATE can be found at this link: www.ncate.org

Accountability System for Educator Preparation

All educator preparation programs in the COE are accredited by the State of Texas. The over-all initial pass rate for individuals completing a certification program during 2006-2007 was 99% with each of the six demographic groups' pass rates at 96% or higher.

National Report Card – Title II

Pass rates for COE students seeking initial teacher certification during 2006-2007 for state required assessments are as follows: 100% basic skills, 99% professional knowledge and pedagogy, 98% academic content area, and/or 100% teaching special populations.

Teacher Certification in Texas

In order to become a certified teacher in Texas, an individual must:

- demonstrate competency in the basic skills of reading, writing, and mathematics;
- earn a bachelor's degree,
- completed an approved educator certification program,
- complete a field experience (student teaching),
- pass state certification examinations in both content and pedagogy, and
- apply to the State Board for Educator Certification and be recommended by the certification program or entity.

SFASU Certifications

EC-6

Generalist

4 - 8

Generalist

English/Language Arts/Reading

Mathematics

Science

Social Studies

All Level

Art

Deaf & Hard of Hearing

Health Education

Music

Physical Education

Special Education

Theatre

Supplemental

Bilingual/ESL

Special Education

Visually Impaired

Secondary

Agriculture (6 – 12)

Business Education (8 – 12)

Chemistry (8 - 12)

Dance (8 - 12)

English/Language Arts/Reading (8 – 12)

Family & Consumer Sciences (8 – 12)

French (6 - 12)

History (8 - 12)

Hospitality, Nutrition & Food Services (8 - 12)

Human Development & Family Studies (8 – 12)

Journalism (8 – 12)

Life Science (8 – 12)

Mathematics (8 - 12)

Physical Science (8 – 12)

Social Studies (8 – 12)

Spanish (6 - 12)

Speech (8 – 12)

Technology Applications (8 – 12)

Professional Certificates

Educational Diagnostician

Master Mathematics Teacher (4 - 8)

Master Mathematics Teacher (8 – 12)

Master Reading Teacher

Principal

Reading Specialist

School Counselor

Superintendent

Acceptable Field Experience for Certification

Individuals in the Educator Certification Program will fulfill the field experience requirements for certification by **completing 13 weeks full-time student teaching** in two assignments: pre-kindergarten or kindergarten AND one of the following grades—first, second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth.

WHY Student Teach?

The purpose of the student teaching semester is to provide each teacher candidate with support and a strong mentor as he/she is immersed in the total school experience. Your field experiences during pre-admission to Teacher Education introduced you to young children at the Early Childhood Laboratory. Once you started your internships, you were introduced to primary grades in public schools and you extended your knowledge in working with small groups and whole group instruction. Student teaching provides you with full concentration in the school culture, climate, and membership as you hone your professional roles as responsibilities as an educator.

NAEYC's CODE of ETHICAL CONDUCT

As early childhood educators, it is essential that you not only know, but you live by the NAEYC Code of Ethical Conduct. You were introduced to this code during your undergraduate courses; now it is time for you to live your professional code. Please take time to revisit NAEYC's position statement.

http://www.naeyc.org/positionstatements/ethical_conduct

TEA's CODE of ETHICS RULES

All Texas educators are responsible for knowing the <u>Texas Administrative Code</u> that defines the Educators' Code of Ethics rules. Knowing the two parts to the code (Purpose and Scope <u>§247.1</u> and Code of Ethics and Standard Practices for Texas Educators <u>§247.2</u>) is essential to your future success in Texas Public School Education.

http://www.tea.state.tx.us/index3.aspx?id=1658

Student Teaching PLACEMENT POLICIES

A COE goal is to provide student teaching experiences for optimum educator development for those who must meet the challenges of schools for the 21st century. Site options are provided at schools where the University contracted for shared teacher

preparation and sufficient numbers of requests make the site feasible for supervision.

Neither the University nor the student teacher may select or request specific site cooperating teachers.

Placements policies are made according to the following guidelines:

- 1. The Office of the Associate Dean in the COE is responsible for making all contacts with the public schools accepting student teachers. It is *inappropriate* for students or their family/friends to contact schools for placement.
- 2. Subject and level assignments are made according to State Board of Education requirements for teacher certification.
- 3. Students request three (3) possible sites from schools with which SFA has a contract for placing student teachers (see list below). Students are placed among the three (3) choices when feasible. If a person cannot be placed in a preference area, he/she is asked to make further choices.
- 4. Once a placement has been made and a student accepted for student teaching by a school, changes are made only in cases of serious need.

Local Area	Houston Area	<u>Dallas Area</u>
Central Heights	Clear Creek	Frisco
Garrison	Cypress-Fairbanks	Keller
Henderson	Humble	Coppell
Hillsboro	Klein	Plano
Huntington	Conroe	Mesquite
Longview		
Lufkin		
Nacogdoches		
Tyler		

- At least four (4) students must be placed in a district for the site to be used in a given semester. **This policy is strictly enforced.**
- 6. Assignments to specific buildings and to specific teachers are the responsibility of public school administrators. It is *unprofessional* for the student teacher, or someone on his or her behalf, to contact the district, principal, or classroom teacher in an effort to obtain a specific placement.
- 7. Students cannot teach on a campus where members of the immediate family are enrolled or work.
- 8. Students cannot teach in a district where immediate family serves on the Board of Trustees.

Visiting Student Teachers

- 1. SFASU students who wish to be placed for student teaching outside the SFASU contractual schools must register for student teaching at SFA. It is the student teacher's responsibility to contact the visiting university to request supervision. Most visiting universities require registration at their institution to cover the cost of supervision.
- 2. Visiting student teachers may be supervised by SFA contingent on request from another university and contingent on a feasible placement. These students must apply for admission to SFA and register for student teaching, paying tuition and fees.

UNDERSTANDING STUDENT TEACHING

Student teaching is the culminating field experience where teacher candidates demonstrate their knowledge, skills, and dispositions related to educating children pre-kindergarten through sixth grade. This is a time when student teachers express their commitment to the personal and professional qualities included in our College of

Education Conceptual Framework. It is critical to view student teaching as an opportunity to grow as a professional. As guests in the public school systems, teacher candidates exhibit their knowledge of child growth and development, commitment to preschool and school aged elementary education students while contributing to the learning community.

Each student teacher brings with him/her a unique set of experiences. These experiences provide a solid foundation for the student teacher semester. Being with children all day, every day, for thirteen weeks will be exhausting and energizing at the same time. Eat well, get plenty of sleep, and stay healthy!

Student teachers are assigned three mentors: a field supervisor, employed by SFA; and a two cooperating teachers, employed by a participating school district. The field supervisor and cooperating teachers serve as your personal resources, support system, and evaluators. Cooperating teachers are master teachers and essential to your culminating education experience. They serve as models of effective practice, professionalism, and critical thinking.

Our handbook discusses policies and procedures for Stephen F. Austin State University student teachers. Carefully read and review this handbook before beginning your student teaching experience to help you create a positive and professional experience.

Student Teaching POLICIES and PROCEDURES

The student teaching semester must be a minimum of 13 full weeks of observation and teaching, to include a placement in **two** different settings. You will spend six (6) or seven (7) weeks in each grade placement. One placement will be in pre-kindergarten or kindergarten, and the other in a grade one through six.

The Board of the Center for Educational Partnerships and the Teacher Education

Council approved major policies guiding the student teaching experience(s) at SFASU. The policies as approved are shown below.

- <u>Credit Hours</u>. The student teaching experience is 7-9 credit hours experience for all students. A 13-week calendar is set to coincide with the public school calendar, fulfilling requirements of the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board.
- 2. <u>Extenuating Circumstances</u>. Students who anticipate giving birth, having elective surgery, or other circumstances that require an extended period of absence are advised to enroll in student teaching at another time. Students with special circumstances related to student teaching should confer with the Associate Dean **PRIOR** to placement.
- 3. **GPA.** Students are placed to a student teaching site only if they have maintained their 2.5 GPA. Students will be dropped if their GPA falls below 2.5 at the end of the semester *prior* to student teaching.
- 4. **Professionalism.** Student teachers adhere to ethical standards of the teaching profession, to SFA policies for university students, and to the policies of the school where they are assigned.
- 5. <u>Corporal Punishment</u>. Student teachers will not administer corporal punishment. If school personnel determine corporal punishment is necessary, it must be administered by a district employee, NOT the student teacher.
- 6. <u>Calendar</u>. A semester calendar is provided with specific dates and responsibilities. Student teachers follow the assigned public school calendar, *not* the University calendar.
- 7. <u>Field Supervisors</u>. Field supervisors are employed by the Elementary Education Department and participate in orientation each semester. They serve as supporters and guides for student teachers, making a minimum of five (4) site visits.
- 8. **Cooperating teachers.** Principals select, using the following criteria:
 - a. three years successful teaching.
 - b. desire to work with student teachers.
 - c. teaching assignment is required for student teacher's certification.
- 9. <u>Student Teacher Responsibilities</u>. Student teachers are expected to adhere to the roles and responsibilities described in this handbook (see Student Teacher Roles and Responsibilities, pages 15 and 16). The student teacher should follow the proposed Student Teaching Schedule Model for EC-6 Split Assignments (Appendix A).
- 10. **Evaluation**. Each evaluation is a cooperative task shared by the student teacher, the cooperating teacher, and the field supervisor.
 - a. Much of the cooperating teacher's evaluation is informal, and thus, the student teacher should gain direction for action from brief, daily evaluations.
 - b. The field supervisor provides formal evaluation of each scheduled visit and uses the SFA <u>Field Experience/Clinical Practice Evaluation</u> form (see Appendix B) to evaluate each observed lesson. A conference follows each observation where the field supervisor reinforces effective teaching and addresses deficiencies or problems, providing suggestions for enhancing planning,

instruction, interaction, and assessment.

- c. Cooperatively, the field supervisor, cooperating teacher, and student teacher make a final evaluation in each of the student teacher's placements. This evaluation is collected at the field supervisor's last visit in each assignment. These documents become a part of the student's permanent record in the Placement and Teacher Education Offices.
- d. A final evaluation for students visiting at another university must be received before a grade is recorded.
- e. The final grade given for student teaching will be pass (P) or fail (F).
- f. Student teaching can only be repeated once.
- 11. Candidate Intervention and Program Continuation Procedures. In the event the student teacher fails to meet expectations, the cooperating teacher and/or field supervisor have the authority and responsibility to discuss the student teacher's behavior with him/her. The cooperating teacher and field supervisor will use informal attempts to change behaviors that include but are not limited to the following: providing guidance, observation, anecdotal records, and meetings. Should informal attempts not result in improvement or a change in behavior then the field supervisor will follow the procedures outlined in the Candidate Intervention and Program Continuation Procedures document (see Appendix C).
- 12. TB Testing. Stephen F. Austin State University does not require a TB test in order to student teach; however, some districts may. Check with your district to see if you must have a TB test prior to student teaching. TB tests are available at Health Services on the SFA campus. Please remember it is a three- or four-day process to have the test administered and have it read. Should you get the TB test and fail to have it read on the designated day, you must wait 30 days to retake the skin test OR you must pay for a chest x-ray. IF the school district where you are student teaching requires a TB test and you fail to have a negative reading prior to the first day of student teaching, you will NOT be permitted on campus until you present the test results.
 - 13. Withdrawing Admission Status. Faculty approval for admission to teacher education is paired with a policy for reviewing the admission status of students at any time when a faculty member feels an individual has violated the Professional Educator's Code of Ethics. The Code of Ethics is sent to students along with their letter of admission to teacher education. If a faculty member determines that an individual student may not have the capacity to become a successful teacher, the faculty member follows the Candidate Intervention and Program Continuation Procedures outlined in the Appendix C of this handbook.

Student Teaching ATTENDANCE POLICIES

- 1. Student teachers follow the same calendar, holidays, and daily schedule as the district/school to which they are assigned and they observe the local school's policy governing teachers' daily arrival and departure times. They are required to be present each day of the student teaching assignment.
- 2. Student teachers attend school every day. Leaving the school campus during the school day is unacceptable. It is the student teacher's responsibility to inform

- the cooperating teacher, field supervisor, and school office as early as possible in case of illness or forced absence.
- 3. In some instances, a student teacher may be expected to stay beyond normal departure times if the cooperating teacher has a professional assignment that extends beyond the normal school day. Approval for the release of a student teacher from attendance is the responsibility of the Associate Dean for Education, NOT the cooperating teacher or the field supervisor.
- 4. Absences are to be reported as soon as possible to the cooperating teacher and field supervisor. Each absence requires proper documentation using the <u>Student Teacher Absentee Form</u> (see Appendix D) and is placed in the student's permanent file at SFASU.
- 5. **Absences beyond two days must be made up**. The cooperating teacher and field supervisor will help plan the make-up schedule. PRIOR TO an absence, the cooperating teacher AND field supervisor are to be notified. Please check with the cooperating teacher and field supervisor to know their expectations. In extreme cases, the Associate Dean may be consulted. **Failure to attend the Student Teacher Orientation is a documented absence.**

Student Teacher STANDARDS OF BEHAVIOR

Successful student teachers are professional in their relationships with students, parents, administrators, supervisors, teachers, and support staff. They abide by the **Professional Code of Ethics** and exhibit the following behaviors as they assume their responsibilities:

- conduct themselves in a way that reflects maturity, good judgment, diplomacy and a high ethical standard.
- develop and nurture appropriate relationships with students.
- maintain confidentiality regarding all information concerning students.
- adhere to all local school policies while assigned to the school district.

 exhibit appropriate professional appearance based on good grooming and appropriateness for the teaching assignment. All school districts have expectations for teacher dress and have established dress codes, either written or expressed. Professional dress communicates respect for the role of the teacher, students, and education.

Thriving student teachers maintain a high level of moral integrity. They avoid ALL illegal and inappropriate behaviors/practices.

Illegal and Inappropriate Student Teacher Behaviors/Practices

- taking alcoholic beverages, tobacco products, or firearms onto school campuses, either in personal belongings or in vehicles
- making direct contact with media about school activities
- making sexual advances to students, faculty, or staff,
- inviting guest speakers without permission from cooperating teacher
- planning field-trips before discussing with cooperating teacher
- making arrangements for parent conferences without approval of cooperating teacher
- criticizing school district, faculty, or students in the community
- gossiping about students, teachers, or any other school affiliated person
- talking negatively about curriculum, or policies and procedures
- using incorrect grammar
- telling inappropriate ethnic or sexually inappropriate jokes
- using inappropriate language (i.e. lewd, cursing)
- following an inappropriate chain of command (i.e. complaining to the principal before talking with the teacher)
- using school resources or materials for personal use (i.e. taking projector for home use, copying personal materials, taking school stationery for personal use, etc.)
- using school technology (computers, cameras, etc.) for personal or unauthorized use
- leaving campus without proper authority

Student Teacher "THINGS to REMEMBER"

1. First impressions. Experiments by Princeton psychologists Janine Willis and Alexander Todorov reveal that all it takes is one tenth of one second to form an impression of a stranger from their face. This means your appearance DOES make a profound statement about the kind of person you are and the kind of student teacher you are likely to be. Good grooming and hygiene are essential to your professional image. Clothes do not have to be expensive, but appropriate and worn properly.

http://www.princeton.edu/~atodorov/Publications/Willis&Todorov-PsychScience.pdf

- 2. Formal register is expected in the school setting. Proper grammar and pronunciation are essentials.
- 3. Attention to public exposure, such as FaceBook or MySpace, is critical as posting can be detrimental to your character.
- 4. If you use a personal answering message, it, too, should not deter from your character. Nor should an email address.
- 5. You are not permitted to administer medicine, even if your cooperating teacher says it is all right. Decline and cite University policy as the reason for not doing so.
- 6. Corporal punishment is NEVER permitted.
- 7. You must never transport a child or children in your own vehicle.
- 8. All materials prepared with school supplies remain on campus.
- 9. Your cell phone is to remain off while in the classroom. If there are extenuating circumstances, notify the front office that you may receive a call to the school and ask them to contact you immediately. Provide the school office number to those who may need it.
- 10. Conference with parents/guardians only with permission and in the presence of your cooperating teacher or principal.

Student Teacher ROLES and RESPONSIBILITIES

Student teachers continue to develop their professional career. The SFA model for student teaching is one of observation, practice, and professionalism. Student teachers begin their experience with confidence built from their knowledge, sound general education, and area of specialization; their many hands-on experiences during laboratory assignments and internships; and a foundation of professional practice provided during SFA's quality education courses and field experiences. These student teachers understand the student teaching experience represents a partnership among professionals committed to success in teaching and learning.

Professional Roles and Responsibilities

Student teachers shadow the teacher, assuming his/her professional duties over time.

They follow school routines such as signing in and out each day in the designated location, typically the office. If the teacher has early morning duty, so does the student teacher. If the teacher has afternoon bus duty, so does the student teacher. When the teacher is expected to be in a meeting and it is deemed appropriate, the student teacher must be in attendance.

The student teacher is to display a positive disposition about education in general and specifically about children and colleagues both on and off the school campus. His or her professionalism is visible in all he/she does, both on and off campus.

It is the student teacher's responsibility to remain positive and professional in all he or she says and does. Public schools have parents and community members serving as volunteers in the school. The student teacher must monitor his or her conversations at all times, constantly maintaining a high level of confidentiality. This means he or she must refrain from discussing personal issues while on campus and always avoid gossiping.

Week 1

Your first week in each placement you are to complete the <u>Student Teacher/PBIC Intern Reflection Journal</u> (see Appendix J) and submit it to your field supervisor as indicated on the reflection journal document.

Teaching Responsibilities/Lesson Plans

With the cooperating teacher, the student teacher works to determine which lessons will be taught by the student teacher. A <u>Student Teaching Schedule Form</u> (see Appendix E) is completed and provided to the field supervisor for the purpose of planning evaluative visits.

Beginning with observation, the student teacher moves toward limited teaching, with gradual assumption of teaching responsibilities. Eventually, he/she assumes all classroom responsibilities for at least one week of "total teaching" in each assignment.

The cooperating teacher determines the major objectives for lessons and he/she monitors the student teacher's development of the lessons. Each student teacher assumes full responsibility in planning lessons to achieve selected Pre-K Guidelines or TEKS. Cooperating teachers retain a copy of all lesson plans. Planning is done in close cooperation with the cooperating teacher and may include the field supervisor. The cooperating teacher must approve all lesson plans, assessments, guest speakers, field trips, and grades prior to implementation.

Suggested Schedule Teaching Model

Appendix A is a suggested schedule, designed for success. Share this schedule with your cooperating teacher and field supervisor. Following this schedule will greatly benefit you.

REQUIREMENT: Observe Yourself Teach

Probably the most revealing teaching experience you can have is where you observe yourself teaching. You will videotape or digitally record at least one lesson in each placement, watch it, and complete the Student Teacher Videotape Analysis and Reflection (Appendix F) for each video. It is recommended to record during week 3 (first placement) and week 9 (second placement). Before you record each lesson, parents must complete and return the Request for Permission to Videotape in the Classroom Form (see Appendix G for English and Appendix H for Spanish) granting permission for you to videotape their child. Based on your own observation, make the necessary

changes to improve your teaching. Share your analysis and reflection with your field supervisor and provide him/her with the original permission forms.

Checklist for Student Teachers

- Contact cooperating teacher approximately one week before entering the classroom.
- Set-up a time to meet him/her and ask important questions prior to first day on campus. Inquire about parking and visitation policies.
- Volunteer to assist the teacher in any way possible.
- First day: check in at the office. Meet the principal.
- Meet other school personnel related to the assignment.
- Obtain information about the teacher's assignments, daily schedule, lesson plans, materials/supplies, and special responsibilities.
- Learn students' names the FIRST day on site.
- Study classroom management practices and analyze effective strategies.
- · Learn cooperating teacher's philosophy, policies, and assessment methods.
- Become familiar with all policies relating to your teaching assignment.
- Practice using equipment needed for the lessons you will teach.
- Make and have cooperating teacher approve lesson plans for each lesson taught.
- Over plan for first few lessons.
- Take responsibility for the classroom environment, arrangement, order, etc.
- Return all resources and equipment used to the appropriate storage area.
- Share assigned teacher duties.
- Attend faculty meetings, assemblies, parents' nights, advisory meetings, teacher in-service, and any other activity in which your cooperating teacher attends.
- Participate in sponsorship of youth organizations and other professional groups for which your cooperating teacher has responsibility.
- Confer regularly with your cooperating teacher.
- Call your field supervisor when a problem arises.
- Welcome your field supervisor's visits and confer with him/her to obtain assistance for your professional development.
- Participate in the final evaluation process.
- Demonstrate professional behavior in dress; relations with students; loyalty to SFA, your assigned school, and to the education profession.
- Practice ethical behavior in confidentiality and conversations—avoid gossip at all costs.
- Avoid discussion of your personal life with students.

Fair Use Chart for Teachers

Work or Materials to be used for Educational Purposes	Fair Use Restrictions for Face-to-Face Teaching	Illegal Use without Explicit Permission from Creator/Author
chapter in a book	Single copy for teacher for research, teaching, or class preparation. Multiple copies (one per student per class) okay if material is (a) adequately brief, (b) spontaneously copied, (c) in compliance with cumulative effect test. Copyright notice and attribution required.	Multiple copies used again and again without permission. Multiple copies to create anthology. Multiple copies to avoid purchase of textbook or consumable materials.
newspaper/magazine article	Same as above. Multiple copies of complete work of less than 2,500 words and excerpts up to 1,000 words or 10% of work,	Same as above
prose, short story, short essay, Web article	whichever is less. For works of 2,500-4,999 words, 500 words may be copied.	Same as above
poem	Same as for first item. Multiple copies allowed of complete poem up to 250 words no more than two printed pages. Multiple copies of up to 250 words from longer poems.	Same as above
artwork or graphic image - chart, diagram, graph, drawing, cartoon, picture from periodical, newspaper, or book, web page image	Same as for first item. No more than 5 images of an artist/photographer in one program or printing and not more than 10% or 15% of images from published collective work, whichever is less.	Same as first item Incorporation or alteration into another form or as embellishment, decoration for artistic purposes for other than temporary purposes.
motion media - film and videotape productions	Single copy of up to 3 minutes or 10% of the whole, whichever is less. Spontaneity required.	Multiple copies prohibited. Incorporation or alteration into another form as embellishment for artistic purposes for other than temporary purposes prohibited.
music -sheet music, songs, lyrics, operas, musical scores, compact disk, disk, or cassette taped recordings	Single copy of up to 10% of a musical composition in print, sound, or multimedia form.	Same as immediately above
broadcast programs	Single copy of off-air simultaneous broadcast may be used for a period not to exceed the first 45 consecutive calendar days after recording date. Use by only individual teachers. Copyright notice required.	Same as immediately above. May not be done at direction of superior. May not be altered.

http://home.earthlink.net/~cnew/research.htm#Purpose%20of%20use

Student Teaching SUBSTITUTING POLICIES

With the approval of Senate Bill 1, each teacher preparation program is permitted to determine its policy regarding student teachers serving as substitute teachers. SFASU's policy, prepared in collaboration with the Center for Educational Partnerships, is outlined below:

- 1. Student teachers may serve as substitute teachers only after successfully completing 6 weeks of the semester.
- 2. A student teacher is not considered to be serving as a substitute if the student teacher assumes responsibility for the class while the cooperating teacher is out of the classroom for a part of the day, is in the building, or is engaged in an approved activity relating to student teaching, OR if there is a paid substitute in the classroom.
- 3. A student teacher is considered to be serving as a substitute when the cooperating teacher is absent from school and no paid personnel is in the classroom with the student teacher.
- 4. A student teacher may be used as a substitute only if he/she is willing to do so and if the **cooperating teacher** <u>and</u> <u>field supervisor</u> recommend him/her for substituting. The building principal may not arbitrarily decide it is all right for the student teacher to serve as a substitute.
- 5. A certified classroom teacher must be in an adjacent room <u>and</u> agree to assist the student teacher if needed.
- 6. The principal of the school or the principals' representative must be readily available in the building, must take responsibility for monitoring the student teacher when he/she is substituting, and must be responsive as a resource for discipline problems.
- 7. <u>Student teachers may substitute for a maximum of five days</u>: two days unpaid, and three days paid, as approved by the district. It is the student's responsibility to fill out the appropriate paperwork in the school district's Human Resources Department for the student teacher to receive pay.
- 8. If the district requires substitute teachers to attend district training, the student teacher IS NOT excused from his or her student teaching assignment to attend the training. When the student teacher agrees to attend district substitute teacher training, he or she MUST make up the missed day, regardless of the number of absences up to that time.
- Student teachers serving as substitutes will be paid at the same rate as paid to other district substitutes and the substitute's schedule must include a lunch period and a conference period.
- 10. Student teachers who substitute must abide by all district guidelines for substitute teachers.
- 11. <u>Any exceptions to this policy must be approved in advance by the Student Teaching Office.</u>

Student Teacher PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY

Student teachers are entitled to protection of law, just as are their cooperating teachers and school principal. However, protection does not apply in the case of excessive force in discipline or negligence resulting in bodily harm to children. Protection does not apply to the operation or use of any motor vehicle.

Stephen F. Austin State University does not provide liability insurance for student teachers; however, student teachers are encouraged to join a professional organization offering insurance. Two such organizations are ATPE and TSTA and membership is free.

Student teachers, with the exception of all week teaching, should not be left alone on a regular basis or for long periods of time (thirty minutes or more). The cooperating teacher, in conjunction with the field supervisor, should approach the student teacher and discuss his/her readiness to handle the teaching assignment/classroom behavior before being left alone in the classroom.

Playgrounds and field trips are places where student teachers should NEVER be left alone with children without a certified teacher in sight. While this may seem harsh, it is for the student teacher's protection. It is the student teacher's responsibility to notify his/her field supervisor <u>immediately</u> if this guideline is violated.

If you attend the district's substitute teaching orientation and serve as a substitute teacher, you are protected by the school district's liability insurance.

Each student teacher is to complete and sign the <u>Professional Liability Insurance and Waiver of Liability</u> (see Appendix I) form and immediately present it to his or her field supervisor.

PRE-STUDENT TEACHING VISIT

Upon receipt of your student teaching placements, become acquainted with the school of your student teaching placement(s). Research the school(s) on the Internet, learning as much about the campus(es) and educational programs as possible. Make note of questions you may have (i.e. where to park, must/where you sign in and out each day). Call the school and schedule a brief visit with the principal and your cooperating teacher.

Once on campus, tour the building, becoming familiar with important locations: office, first placement classroom, adult restrooms, etc. As a guest on campus, you are unfamiliar with campus policies and procedures. Ask if you may have or borrow a copy of the teacher and student handbooks. Study them.

Visit with your cooperating teacher. Maintaining contact with your cooperating teacher is imperative, so exchange important contact information: telephone numbers, email addresses, etc. at your first meeting.

After your campus visit, contact your field supervisor and let him/her know you have made your initial contacts and school visit.

If you are assigned a campus on which you were assigned for Internship I or Internship II, you still must make arrangements to meet with your cooperating teacher prior to the first day of student teaching.

Olds Family Endowment Outstanding Student Teacher Award

award each semester for the outstanding student teacher in the Department of Elementary Education.

- 1. The purpose of the Olds Family Endowment Fund is to support the Olds Family Award of \$100.00 each fall and spring semester for a total of \$200.00 annually. This award will be given to a new outstanding student teacher each semester in the Department of Elementary Education.
- 2. Each semester the Department of Elementary Education shall report to the Olds family regarding the disbursements of funds for the award and the recipients of the award. The Department of Elementary Education will be responsible for requesting that the recipient of the award convey his or her thanks to the Olds family, preferably by letter.
- 3. Selection of the recipient(s) of the Olds Family Award shall be the responsibility of the Department of Elementary Education under the supervision of the departmental chair in accordance with established procedures for selecting the outstanding student teacher.
- 4. The award shall be in the form of a check payable to the recipient and presented at the appropriate time near or at the end of the student teaching experience each fall and spring semester.

Additional information about the Olds Family Endowment Outstanding Student Teacher Award is located on the SFA Education site http://www.sfasu.edu/education/departments/elementary/scholarships/olds.asp

APPENDIX A

Stephen F. Austin State University
College of Education – Office of Teacher Education Field
Student Teaching Schedule Model for EC-6 Split Assignments

First Assignment

Week 1

- learn children's and relevant school personnel names
- learn campus
- learn daily/weekly schedule
- learn and assist with routines
- observe teacher, noting how she moves children from one place to another
- follow children (PE/computer lab/library/music, lunch, etc.)
- eat lunch with children
- assist with morning and dismissal routines
- assist children and cooperating teacher
- · observe teacher, noting how she moves children from one place to another
- request to execute read-alouds or basic instructional activities
- shadow teacher (go every where she/he goes)

Week 2

- continue Week 1 activities
- assist with reading and writing workshops
 - guided reading, word wall, etc.
 - journals, editing, mini-lessons, etc.
- take children to and from places
- secure videotape permission

Week 3

- continue Week 2 activities
- · observe teacher, noting how she moves children from one place to another
- · begin teaching reading and writing
 - teach at least one reading lesson
 - teach at least one writing lesson
- · begin teaching math and science
- work with a variety of small groups of children

Week 4

- · submit video documents to field supervisor
- continue Week 3 activities
- · observe teacher, noting how she moves children from one place to another
- maintain routine responsibilities
- take children to and from places
- eat lunch with children
- assume full responsibility for small group instruction
- · assume full responsibility for teaching math and science

Week 5

- continue Week 4 activities
- observe teacher, noting how she moves children from one place to another
- begin teaching social studies

Week 6

- continue Week 5 activities
- assume full responsibility for children and classroom
- write weekly lesson plans (like teachers turn in to principals)

Week 7 OBSERVE OTHER CLASSROOMS

- observe one full day in each age/grade level in which you are not assigned
- observe teaching in other classrooms (i.e. special education, deaf education, bilingual education, music, computer lab, P.E.)
- complete observation forms for each observation
- · report daily to field supervisor

Second Assignment

Week 8

- learn children's names
- · learn daily/weekly schedule
- · learn and assist with daily routines
- follow children (PE/computer lab/library/music, lunch, etc.)
- eat lunch with children
- assist with morning and dismissal routines

- assist children and cooperating teacher
- observe teacher, noting how she moves children from one place to another
- shadow teacher (go every where she/he goes)
- · work with reading and writing workshops
 - guided reading, word wall, etc.
 - journals, editing, mini-lessons, etc.
- begin working with small groups

Week 9

- continue Week 8 activities
- begin teaching reading and writing
 - teach at least two reading lessons
 - teach at least two writing lessons
- · begin teaching math and science

Week 10

- continue Week 9 activities
- · continue working with reading and writing
 - teach at least two reading lessons
 - teach at least two writing lessons
- assume full responsibility for math and science

Week 11

- continue Week 10 activities
- begin teaching social studies

Week 12

- assume full responsibility for children and classroom
- submit lesson plans to cooperating teacher/principal

Week 13

- assume full responsibility for children and classroom
- submit lesson plans to cooperating teacher/principal

ATTEND JOB FAIR

(This does NOT count as an absence.)

created by Dr. Vikki Boatman for use in Student Teaching semester

APPENDIX A

Stephen F. Austin State University

College of Education – Office of Teacher Education Field Experience

Field Supervisor Model for EC - 6 Split Assignments

Week

1 - 2	Check in with student teacher (ST) to answer questions and address concerns
1 - 2	Check in with student teacher (ST) to answer questions and address concerns. Encourage communication.
	Schedule first formal observation.
	Discuss video lesson. Remind ST to get paper work signed before the end of week 2.
	Visit with cooperating teacher about ST's progress.
3	Observe first formal lesson. Debrief with ST after the observation.
3	
	Provide support. Maintain weakly communications
	Maintain weekly communications. Offer feedback on lessons and lesson plans.
	Schedule second formal observation.
	Visit with cooperating teacher about ST's progress.
4	Schedule second formal observation.
	Provide support.
	Maintain weekly communications.
	Offer feedback on lessons, lesson plans, and video commentary.
	Visit with cooperating teacher about ST's progress.
5	Observe second formal lesson. Debrief with ST after the observation.
	Provide support.
	Maintain weekly communications.
	Offer feedback on lessons and lesson plans.
	Schedule third formal observation.
	Visit with cooperating teacher about ST's progress. Observe third formal lesson. Debrief with ST after the observation.
6	
	Provide support.
	Maintain weekly communications.
	Offer feedback on lessons and lesson plans.
	Visit with cooperating teacher about ST's progress.
	With ST and cooperating teacher, complete the FINAL EVALUATION form for first placement. Assist cooperating teaching in planning classroom visitations for week 7.
7	ST OBSERVES OTHER CLASSROOMS ALL WEEK.
'	ST is to communicate with you on a daily basis about his/her observations.
	Help transition ST to new placement.
8	Check in with ST to answer questions and address concerns about new placement.
0	Remind ST to get paper work signed for video lesson before the end of the week.
	Visit with cooperating teacher about ST's progress.
9	Schedule fourth formal lesson.
9	Provide support.
	Maintain weekly communications.
	Offer feedback on lessons and lesson plans.
	Visit with cooperating teacher about ST's progress.
10	Observe fourth formal lesson. Debrief with ST after the observation.
10	Provide support.
	Maintain weekly communications.
	Offer feedback on lessons and lesson plans.
	Schedule fifth formal observation.
	Visit with cooperating teacher about ST's progress.
11-12	Observe fifth formal lesson. Debrief with ST after the observation.
11-12	Provide support.
	Maintain weekly communications.
	Offer feedback on lessons and lesson plans.
	Visit with cooperating teacher about ST's progress.
	With ST and cooperating teacher, complete the FINAL EVALUATION form for first placement.
12-13	Complete travel request for SFA.
12-13	
	Compile documentation and submit appropriate paperwork to Student Teaching Office.

created by Mrs. Claudia Whitley for use in Student Teaching semester modified by Dr. Vikki Boatman

APPENDIX B

Stephen F. Austin State University College of Education – Office of Teacher Education Field Experience/Clinical Practice Evaluation

PBIC Intern/Student Teacher	SID#	

Grade Level _	District						Campus
Cooperating 1	Feacher			Field	l Superv	isor	
Obse	rvation Number (CIRCLE)	1	2	3	4	5	Final Evaluation
	se the following rating scale and ormance in each area.	d place a	a numbe	er in the b	lank bes	side eac	h indicator to assess the
	3 = Exemplary 2	2 = Acce	eptable	1 = Un	accepta	able 0 :	= Not attempted/observed
	ropriate Instruction blans developmentally appropriate activ	rities				CON	MMENTS
	creates well structured lesson plans						
	utilizes Texas statewide curriculum						
	continuously evaluates student achieve assessments	ment usin	g a variety	of			
F	promotes students' use of self-assessm	ent					
	ssroom Environment demonstrates respect for diversity/indiv	idual differ	ences				
	promotes respectful and productive inte			lents			
	communicates importance of content		Ü				
	uses time effectively (i.e. students not o	ff-task, dis	sruptive)				
(naintains safe and productive physical i.e. materials accessible, physical arrar novement and facilitates learning)						
C1.	sponsive Instruction						
	communicates effectively uses accurate and appropriate languag	۵					
	i.e. conveys meaning clearly)	C					
6	exhibits effective interpersonal skills						
	extends students' thinking (i.e. through problem-solving, critical & creative think		n, inquiry,				
	utilizes effective questioning strategies						
C2.	engages students in learning						
	creates actively engaging lessons using materials, resources and technology	g a variety	of				
	inks content to prior knowledge						
s	sets appropriate lesson pace						
6	engages all students						
6	encourages students' self-motivation						
C3.						CON	MMENTS
	provides feedback to students						
	provides appropriate, immediate feedba						
	promotes students' ability to use feedba		nto				
t	pases feedback on high expectations fo	or all stude	rits				
C4.							

_	demonstrates flexibility and responsiveness	
_	responds appropriately to various learning situations (i.e. lack of student engagement, unanticipated opportunities)	
_	ensures students' success through alternative instructional approaches	
	approacties	
D.	Professionalism	
_	uses appropriate communication with students	
	non-verbal (i.e. avoids improper body language/gestu	ires)
	verbal (i.e. no profanity, avoids slang)	
	written (i.e. accurate and clear)	
_	promotes professionalism through appropriate dress/appearance	ce
_	interacts appropriately with staff and other educators	
_	works productively with supervisors and mentors to enhance professional knowledge and skills (i.e. accepts constructive criticism and implements suggestions)	
_	interacts appropriately with parents and community members	
_	uses knowledge of legal and ethical guidelines to guide behavio	or
	in education-related settings	
_	complies with state, university, district and campus policies	
Commen	ts/Suggestions for Improvement (may be continued on	additional page):
principal (or cooperating teacher	field supervisor
PBIC inte	ern/student teacher	date

APPENDIX C

Stephen F. Austin State University College of Education – Office of Teacher Education Candidate Intervention and Program Continuation Procedures

Faculty members work with all candidates using informal attempts to change behaviors that include but are not limited to the following: providing guidance, observation, anecdotal records, and meetings with the student. If informal attempts do not result in

improvement or a change in behavior then the faculty member will follow the procedures outlined in this document.

 If a faculty member determines that there is a preponderance of evidence (not just one situation) that a candidate is not meeting course/program expectations and/or one or more of the College of Education's values (academic excellence, integrity, openness, collaboration, service, life-long learning) the faculty member meets with the candidate and documents the meeting using the Concern/Deficiency Form (CDF) with appropriate documentation.

Responsibility for Documentation: Faculty member.

Faculty member maintains signed record for five years.

- 2. If this guidance does not bring about the required candidate improvement, the faculty member creates an **Intervention & Growth Plan** (IGP) that contains identifiable and tangible behavioral goals that must be met within a specified time frame. The **IGP** is signed by the faculty member and candidate. If a candidate is unsuccessful in achieving the required improvements outlined on the **IGP**, the faculty member may:
 - a. grant additional time;
 - b. revise the IGP; or
 - c. refer the candidate to a **Departmental Program Continuation Review Panel** using the **Concern/Deficiency Form with appropriate documentation** and attach a copy of the **IGP**.

Responsibility for Documentation: Faculty member.

If "a" or "b", faculty member maintains signed record for 5 years.

If "c", a copy of the CDF and IGP is sent to the chair of the department.

Chair's Note: At the end of the semester, the chair may request that faculty members **submit the name** of any candidate that has a **Concern/Deficiency Form** or an **Intervention & Growth Plan** to the Department Chair.

- 3. The **Departmental Program Continuation Review Panel** (composed of the department chair, the faculty member who referred the candidate, and at least one other faculty member) reviews the candidate's academic record (including the IGP) to determine if:
 - a. the concern is resolved and dismissed,
 - b. the candidate is referred back to the faculty member and continues with the **IGP**, or
 - c. the candidate is referred to the **Teacher Education Continuation Review**Panel.

<u>Responsibility for Documentation:</u> The referring faculty member submits the Concern/Deficiency Form with appropriate documentation and the IGP to the Department Chair. Documentation is retained in the departmental office. If "c", copies of all documentation are sent to the Associate Dean for Student Affairs with the referral.

If the candidate is referred back to the faculty member (b) and remains unsuccessful in achieving the required improvements outlined by the **Departmental Program**

Continuation Review Panel, the faculty member must refer the candidate back to the **Departmental Program Continuation Review Panel** for further action. If the candidate is referred to the **Teacher Education Continuation Review Panel**, the following occurs:

- 4. The **Teacher Education Council Review Panel** (composed of the Associate Dean for Student Affairs, the department chair, and three faculty who are members of the SFA Teacher Education Council) reviews the referral and determines if:
 - a. the candidate continues with the IGP or
 - b. the candidate is removed from Teacher Education.

Responsibility for Documentation: Associate Dean Documentation is retained in the Associate Dean's office.

5. A candidate may appeal the decision of the Teacher Education Council Review Panel to the Dean of the College of Education (COE). In appealing to the Dean of the COE, the candidate must provide a written appeal with supporting documentation. The Dean of the COE may refer the appeal to the COE College Council for Review and a recommendation. The Dean will determine the outcome of the appeal.

<u>Responsibility for Documentation:</u> Dean of the COE Documentation is retained in the Dean's office.

6. If a resolution of the matter is not reached, the candidate may follow the University policy for <u>Academic Appeals by Students (A-2)</u> SFA Home / Policies Academic Appeals by Students (A-2).

APPENDIX C

Stephen F. Austin State University College of Education – Office of Teacher Education Concern/Deficiency Form (CDF)

То:	_ Date:	Campus:
From:	Grade:	Cooperating teacher:
	expectations held for all te	e informed that the Teacher Preparation Handbook and individual departments eachers. The purpose of this concern/deficiency notice is to inform you not as indicated: Openness
poor adherence to hours required of		refusal to accept constructive suggestions
cooperating teachers		failure to implement constructive suggestions
inconsistent daily preparation to teach		failure to be open to new ideas
unacceptable language with children/youth		displays hostilities toward teachers
requires excessive guidance		failure to interact with <u>all</u> learners
displays non-professional behavior		lack of interest in teaching
evidence of cheating		
evidence of plagiarism		<u>Life-Long Learning</u>
inappropriate social interaction with		does not participate in university sponsored
pupils/teachers		activities
inappropriate physical contact with		
pupils/teachers		<u>Collaboration</u>
		does not work well with others
Academic Excellence		displays negative attitudes
lack of planning		does not take initiative in group projects/work
deficient in instructional skills		dominates group discussion/activities
lack of knowledge of content		does not complete individual assignment/work
assignments not returned in a timely manner		for group project
failure to meet class requirements		unable to interact effectively with children/youth collaboration
		<u>Service</u>
		does not participate in public school campus
		activities
		does not willingly help other candidate
		ineffective us of written/oral language
Other		
	y result in denial of admi	ssion to Teacher Education or removal from the program. In order to
correct the deficiencies, the following action is req		

Candidate	Date	Date to be completed	
Field Supervisor	Date		
		Cooperating teacher (optional)	Date

APPENDIX C

Stephen F. Austin State University College of Education – Office of Teacher Education Intervention & Growth Plan (IGP) for Interns/Student Teachers

Intern/Student Teacher	Field Supervisor
Period of Intervention from	to
Areas (domains) in which the intern/student teacher is	s in need of assistance.
2. Professional improvement activities and dates for con	npletion.
3. Evidence that will be used to determine that profession	onal improvement activities have been completed.
4. Directives for changes in the intern/student teacher be	ehavior and time lines.
5. Evidence that will be used to determine if intern/stude	ent teacher behavior has changed.
I have discussed this plan with my field supervisor.	This plan has been successfully completed. This plan has not been successfully completed. Further action is necessary.
Signature of Intern/Student Teacher date	
Signature of Field Supervisor date	Signature of Intern/Student Teacher date
Signature of Cooperating Teacher (optional) date	Signature of Field Supervisor date

APPENDIX D

Stephen F. Austin State University College of Education – Office of Teacher Education Student Teacher Absentee Form

Student Teacher	cell phone		
Cooperating teacher			
date(s) absent			
personal absence (planned and proper no interview, etc.)	otification in advance: doctor appointment,		
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	/ Absence		
emergency absence (unavoidable/unexpe	ected: illness, accident, etc.)		
Reason for absence			
date/time field supervisor was notified			
date/time cooperating teacher was notified			
Provide this document to the field supe	ervisor at next observation/meeting.		

PERSONAL to be approved as far in			
Prior to an absence personal in nature, complete to approval. Failure to secure approval at least 48 recorded absence. This absence is subject to make	hours before the absence will result in a		
Reason for absence			
date of student teacher request	signature		
date of cooperating teacher approval	signature		
date of field supervisor approval	signature		

APPENDIX E

Stephen F. Austin State University College of Education – Office of Teacher Education Student Teaching Schedule Form

Student Teacher	SID#	
Address	City/ZIP	
email	cell phone	
FIRST Placement campus		
teacher	principal	
teacher's phone contact	campus phone	
room number/wing	school hours	
SECOND Placement campus	grade	
teacher	principal	
teacher's phone contact	campus phone	
room number/wing	school hours	

APPENDIX F

Stephen F. Austin State University College of Education – Office of Teacher Education Student Teacher Videoing Tips

Adhering to the following suggestions will insure you a quality video.

For the person being taped:

- Use a brand name tape or DVD.
- 2. Erase any pre-taped segments if using a used tape or DVD.
- 3. Prepare an "introduction" poster or segment.
- 4. Choose a location away from windows as this casts shadows and makes a poor quality tape.
- 5. Dress professionally.

Video Preparation:

- 1. Neatly label video/DVD and video container.
- 2. Play the tape, or record, a few seconds at the beginning of the tape so no portion of the lesson will be cropped.
- 3. Shoot the "introduction" poster or segment before the lesson begins.

For the camera operator:

- 1. Find a good location where you can remain in one place.
- 2. Hold the camera very still.
- 3. "Panning" should be done v-e-r-y s-l-o-w-l-y. Fast motions make the viewers dizzy.
- 4. Recording should be of the student teacher AND the children. There is no need to show the entire room. It belongs to someone else and has no relevance to the purpose of the video.
- 5. Avoid breathing into the camera. The microphone is very sensitive and picks up the slightest of sounds.
- 6. Work out "start" and "stop" signals with the person you are filming <u>before</u> the taping begins. Lack of planning makes for awkward moments.

APPENDIX F

Stephen F. Austin State University College of Education – Office of Teacher Education Student Teacher Videotape Video Viewing Guide

- Professional Appearance
 - well groomed
 - hair is not in face
 - legs are together
 - "bend over" rule is in order
 - appropriate jewelry
 - Were you positioned so you could monitor children while writing?

Mannerisms

- Record the number of times you touched your hair/face.
- Record the number of times you fidget, rock back and forth or from side to side, or perform other distracting behaviors.
- Record the number of "Ummm," "Okay," or other distracting comments you make.

Voice

- Confident
- "Teacher voice" (can be heard by all children, but does not yell)
- Enunciates clearly
- Avoids East Texas slang, adds "ing" to words rather than "in"

Calling on Children

- Record the number of girls and boys on whom you called.
- Record the names of the friends on whom you called.
- Record the number of times you called on each child listed above.
- Did you only call on friends with raised hands?
- Whom did you call on that did not have raised hand?

Responding to Children

- What was your response to an incorrect answer?
- What was your response to a correct answer?
- How often did you ask a child to justify his/her thinking?
- Did you encourage children to think or did you give them the answers? Cite examples.
- Did you listen to children or acknowledge them? How do you know?

Questioning Children

- Record each question you asked. Identify the Bloom's level for EACH question asked.
- Analyze your questions. How many low level questions did you ask? How many high level questions did you ask?

Engaging Children

- How many children were attentive to your beginning transition?
- What did you do to gain the attention of those not attending? Did it work? Why/why not?
- During the lesson, how many children were on task for at least 80% of the time? How many children were not on task? What did you do to engage them?

Timing

- How much time did you spend talking?
- How much time did children spend talking?
- How much time did the children spend "doing" the activity/lesson?

APPENDIX F

Stephen F. Austin State University College of Education – Office of Teacher Education Student Teacher Videotape Commentary

Name	Date of Video
Lesson Ob	jective
Focus	
	uses a transition to get students' attention. explicitly states learning objective(s) or outcome(s) and HOW students will use newly learned skills
Learner-ce	entered Instruction
	instruction matches lesson plan
	content is age/grade level appropriate
	learning tasks are real, relevant, and meaningful
	makes connections to students' lives.
	explicitly states how students can apply new information
	directions are clear and concise
	appropriate questions are asked
	encourages inquiries and HOTS
	maintains appropriate pacing of the lesson
	sensory input includes visuals, auditory input other than talking, hands-on activities
Assessme	ent and Feedback
	monitors all activities
	provides valuable feedback to learners
	appropriately redirects inappropriate responses
Classroom	n Management
	uses a variety of transitions
	employs smooth transitions between activities
	materials are appropriate and ready for use
	demonstrates "with-it-ness"
	appropriately redirects inappropriate behavior
	encourages appropriate behaviors
Communic	cation
	verbal communication demonstrates appropriate grammar and respect for others
	written communication demonstrates good writing skills (grammar, sentence structures,
	spelling)
Dispositio	n and Professionalism
	positive and pleasant demeanor
	obviously enjoys children
	appropriate dress and grooming
	demonstrates thoughtful and responsive listening
	makes all students feel valued and helps them learn to respect each other
	is enthusiastic

created by Dr. Vikki Boatman and Dr. Carolyn Davis modified for use in Student Teaching semester

Stephen F. Austin State University College of Education - Office of Teacher Education Request for Permission to Videotape in the Classroom

Due to the nature of the Certification Program, videotaping of student teachers and interns during times when they are in the classroom teaching, team teaching, or assisting is done primarily to benefit the student teacher/intern. Much can be gained by watching oneself teach and interact with students. Often what a cooperating teacher or a field supervisor observes and what an intern/student teacher sees, is different. We all benefit from reflecting. This is why we ask your permission to allow your daughter or son to be video-taped during a class lesson.

child's name	_, give permission for my child, _, to be video-taped while the SFA student assroom. I understand the taping is primarily for only.
school	district
classroom teacher's signature	date
parent's signature Thank you, Lisa Miye	date

Lisa Mize, Ph.D.

Associate Dean – Student Affairs

APPENDIX H - Spanish

Stephen F. Austin State University College of Education - Office of Teacher Education Permiso para videograbar estudiantes

Como un requisito para obtener la certificacion de mastra, las internas y practicantes para maestros, necesitan videograbar a los estudiantes cuando estan ensenando la leccion de practica. La grabacion del video es en beneficio de las maestros y de las practicantes. Se puede aprender mucho viendo la grabacion. Cuando la practicante era observada solamente por la maestra de la clase, la profesora de la universidad y la alumna observada podian no estar de acuerdo con dicha observacion. Ahora todos nos beneficiamos y analizamos el video. Es por esto que les pedimos permiso para que su nino (a) pueda ser grabado(a) en el video mientras la practicante esta ensenando su leccion.

Yo	doy mi permiso para que mi nino(a) este presente cuando
esto es solamente con el motivo de evalu	esta siendo vidoegrabada en la clase. Entiendo que ar a la practicante.
escuela	districto
firma de la maestra/o de la clase	fecha
firma de padre or apoderado	fecha
Gracias por su cooperacion,	
Lisa Miye	

Lisa Mize

Associate Dean - Student Affairs

APPENDIX I

Stephen F. Austin State University College of Education – Office of Teacher Education PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE and WAIVER of LIABILITY

Name Stude	nt Teaching Semester
Professional Liabilit	y Insurance
Stephen F. Austin State University does not provide pteachers; however, it is available through membership professional organizations (Texas Classroom Teache Association of Texas Professional Educators at 888-7 encouraged to locate an organization that will best me	o in the student branches of some rs Association at 888-879-8282 and/or 777-ATPE). Student teachers are
Waiver of Lia	ability
I hereby affirm that I understand and accept the condi- Stephen F. Austin State University and the assigned p liability related to accidents or any other unexpected of voluntary participation in activities during student tead Education strongly recommends I obtain professional	oublic school district are released from any event which occur related to my required or hing. I acknowledge that the College of
signature	date
field supervisor	district/campus

APPENDIX J

Stephen F. Austin State University Student Teaching/PBIC Intern Reflection Journal

At the end of each day, for the first week, email your field supervisor with responses to each of the following prompts.

highlights of my day (humorous, scary, exciting, sad anecdotes about my teaching day; effective methods of discipline or teaching strategies, successes, etc.)
<u>challenges of my day</u> (personal concerns, pressures, ineffective methods of discipline or teaching strategies, time management problems, frustrations, etc.)
<u>self-evaluation</u> (reflection of observations, what I did, how I might handle situations differently, something new I tried, goals I met)
goals for my growth (based on self-evaluation)
question(s) for field supervisor

APPENDIX K

Stephen F. Austin State University Personal Data for Student Teachers/PBIC Interns

local address		
telephone contacts		email
cell	home	work
emergency contact perso telephone contacts	n	relationship
cell	home	work
marital status married single divorced		birth date
Internship I site		grade level
classroom teacher		site coordinator
Internship II site		grade level
classroom teacher		site coordinator
Will you be taking a class If yes, please list. course	during your student teaching?	no yes day/time
professor		
Will you be working durin If yes, please list employe employer	<u> </u>	no yes
schedule		
What is your greatest cor	 ncern about student teaching?	
What is your greatest exp	pectation for student teaching?	

APPENDIX L

Stephen F. Austin State University College of Education - Office of Teacher Education Field Supervisor Visits to Student Teacher

Student Teacher			School	
Cooperating Teacher				
Field Supervisor				
description	date	length	summary	
orientation				
initial visit placement 1				
first observation				
second observation				
third observation				
summative conference				
initial visit placement 2				
fourth observation				
fourth observation fifth observation				
fifth observation				
fifth observation summative conference	ninars, drop-i	n visits, phone or	email communications, etc.)	
fifth observation summative conference	inars, drop-ii date	n visits, phone or	email communications, etc.) summary	
fifth observation summative conference Additional contacts (sem		_	•	
fifth observation summative conference Additional contacts (sem		_	•	
fifth observation summative conference Additional contacts (sem		_	•	
fifth observation summative conference Additional contacts (sem		_	•	
fifth observation summative conference Additional contacts (sem		_	•	
fifth observation summative conference Additional contacts (sem		_	•	
fifth observation summative conference Additional contacts (sem		_	•	
fifth observation summative conference Additional contacts (sem		_	•	
fifth observation summative conference Additional contacts (sem		_	•	
fifth observation summative conference Additional contacts (sem		_	•	