General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

Purpose of Form

Donee organizations use Form 8282 to report information to the IRS and donors about dispositions of certain charitable deduction property made within 3 years after the donor contributed the property.

Definitions



For Form 8282 and these instructions, the term "donee" includes all donees, unless specific reference is made to 'original" or "successor" donees.

Original donee. The first donee to or for which the donor gave the property. The original donee is required to sign Form 8283, Noncash Charitable Contributions, Section B. Donated Property Over \$5,000 (Except Certain Publicly Traded Securities), presented by the donor for charitable deduction property.

Successor donee. Any donee of property other than the original donee.

Charitable deduction property. Any donated property (other than money and publicly traded securities) if the claimed value exceeds \$5,000 per item or group of similar items donated by the donor to one or more donee organizations. This is the property listed in Section B on Form 8283.

Who Must File

Original and successor donee organizations must file Form 8282 if they sell, exchange, consume, or otherwise dispose of (with or without consideration) charitable deduction property (or any portion) within 3 years after the date the original donee received the property. See Charitable deduction property above.

If the organization sold, exchanged, or otherwise disposed of motor vehicles, airplanes, or boats, see Pub. 526, Charitable Contributions.

Exceptions. There are two situations where Form 8282 does not have to be filed

1. Items valued at \$500 or less. The organization does not have to file Form 8282 if, at the time the original donee signed Section B of Form 8283, the donor had signed a statement on Form 8283 that the appraised value of the specific item was not more than \$500. If Form 8283 contains more than one item, this exception applies only to those items that are clearly identified as having a value of \$500 or less. However, for purposes of the donor's determination of whether the appraised value of the item exceeds \$500, all shares of nonpublicly traded stock, or items that form a set, are considered one item. For example, a collection of books written by the same

author, components of a stereo system, or six place settings of a pattern of silverware are considered one item.

2. Items consumed or distributed for charitable purpose. The organization does not have to file Form 8282 if an item is consumed or distributed, without consideration, in fulfilling your purpose or function as a tax-exempt organization. For example, no reporting is required for medical supplies consumed or distributed by a tax-exempt relief organization in aiding disaster victims.

When To File

If the organization disposes of charitable deduction property within 3 years of the date the original donee received it and the organization does not meet exception 1 or 2 above, the organization must file Form 8282 within 125 days after the date of disposition.

Exception. If the organization did not file because it had no reason to believe the substantiation requirements applied to the donor, but the organization later becomes aware that the substantiation requirements did apply, the organization must file Form 8282 within 60 days after the date it becomes aware it was liable. For example, this exception would apply where Section B of Form 8283 is furnished to a successor donee after the date that donee disposes of the charitable deduction property.

Missing information. If Form 8282 is filed by the due date, enter the organization's name, address, and employer identification number (EIN) and complete at least Part III, columns 1, 2, 3, and 4; and Part IV. The organization does not have to complete the remaining items if the information is not available. For example, the organization may not have the information necessary to complete all entries if the donor did not make Section B of Form 8283 available.

Where To File

Send Form 8282 to the Department of Treasury, Internal Revenue Service Center, Ogden, UT 84201-0027.

Other Requirements

Information the organization must give a successor donee. If the property is transferred to another charitable organization within the 3-year period discussed earlier, the organization must give the successor donee all of the following information.

1. The name, address, and EIN of the organization.

2. A copy of Section B of Form 8283 that the organization received from the donor or a preceding donee. The preceding donee is the one who gave the organization the property.

3. A copy of this Form 8282, within 15 days after the organization files it.

The organization must furnish items 1 and 2 above within 15 days after the latest of the date:

 The organization transferred the property,

 The original donee signed Section B of Form 8283, or

• The organization received a copy of Section B of Form 8283 from the preceding donee if the organization is also a successor donee.

Information the successor donee must give the organization. The successor donee organization to whom the organization transferred this property is required to give the organization its name, address, and EIN within 15 days after the later of:

• The date the organization transferred the property, or

• The date the successor donee received a copy of Section B of Form 8283.

Information the organization must give the donor. The organization must give a copy of Form 8282 to the original donor of the property.

Recordkeeping. The organization must keep a copy of Section B of Form 8283 in its records.

Penalties

Failure to file penalty. The organization may be subject to a penalty if it fails to file this form by the due date, fails to include all of the information required to be shown on the filed form, or includes incorrect information on the filed form. The penalty is generally \$50 per form. For more details, see section 6721 and 6724.

Fraudulent identification of exempt use property. A \$10,000 penalty may apply to any person who identifies in Part III tangible personal property the organization sold, exchanged, or otherwise disposed of, as having a use that is related to a purpose or function knowing that such property was not intended for such a use. For more details, see section 6720B.

Specific Instructions Part I

Line 1a. Enter the name of the original donor.

Line 1b. The donor's identifying number may be either an employer identification number or a social security number, and should be the same number provided on page 2 of Form 8283.

Line 1c and 1d. Enter the last known address of the original donor.

Lines 2a-2d. Complete these lines if the organization gave the property to another charitable organization successor donee (defined earlier). If the organization is an original donee, skip Part II and go to Part III.

Part II

Complete Part II only if the organization is a successor donee. If the organization is the original donee, do not complete any lines in Part II; go directly to Part III.

If the organization is the **second donee**, complete lines 3a through 3d. If the organization is the **third or later donee**, complete lines 3a through 4d. On lines 4a through 4d, give information on the preceding donee.

Part III

Column 1. For charitable deduction property that the organization sold, exchanged, or otherwise disposed of within 3 years of the original contribution, describe each item in detail. For a motor vehicle, include the vehicle identification number. For a boat, include the hull identification number. For an airplane, include the aircraft identification number. Additionally, for the period of time the organization owned the property, explain how it was used. If additional space is needed, attach a statement.

Column 3. Check "Yes" if the organization's use of the charitable deduction property was related to its exempt purpose or function. Check "No" if the organization sold, exchanged, or otherwise disposed of the property without using it.

Signature

Form 8282 is not valid unless it is signed by an officer of the organization. Be sure to include the title of the person signing the form and the date the form was signed.

How To Get Tax Help

Internet

You can access the IRS website 24 hours a day, 7 days a week at *www.irs.gov/eo* to:

• Download forms, instructions, and publications;

- Order IRS products online;
- Research your tax questions online;

 Search publications online by topic or keyword; • View Internal Revenue Bulletins (IRBs) published in the last few years; and

• Sign up to receive local and national tax news by email. To subscribe, visit *www.irs.gov/eo.*

DVD

You can order Publication 1796, IRS Tax Products DVD, and obtain:

• Current-year forms, instructions, and publications.

• Prior-year forms, instructions, and publications.

• Tax Map: an electronic research tool and finding aid.

• Tax law frequently asked questions.

• Tax topics from the IRS telephone response system.

• Fill-in, print, and save features for most tax forms.

- IRBs.
- Toll-free and email technical support.
- Two releases during the year.

Purchase the DVD from National Technical Information Service (NTIS) at *www.irs.gov/cdorders* for \$30 (no handling fee) or call **1-877-CDFORMS** (1-877-233-6767) toll-free to buy the DVD for \$30 (plus a \$6 handling fee). Price is subject to change.

By Phone

You can order forms and publications by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM

(1-800-829-3676). You can also get most forms and publications at your local IRS office. If you have questions and/or need help completing this form, please call 1-877-829-5500. This toll free telephone service is available Monday thru Friday. **Paperwork Reduction Act Notice.** We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The time needed to complete this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is:

Recordkeeping	3 ł	۱r.,	35 min.
Learning about the law or the form			12 min.
Preparing and sending the form to the IRS			15 min.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. You can write to the Internal Revenue Service, Tax Products Coordinating Committee, SE:W:CAR:MP:T:T:SP, 1111 Constitution

Ave. NW, IR-6526, Washington, DC 20224. Do not send the form to this address. Instead, see *Where To File* on page 3.