

University of Wisconsin Oshkosh
Student Health Center

Tuberculosis Screening Report Form

Documentation of a Tuberculosis **Interferon-gamma release assays (IGRAs)** blood test is required of all international students prior to being accepted as a student at the University of Wisconsin Oshkosh. Please take this form to your physician and have an Interferon-gamma release assays (IGRAs) completed and document the results below.

In addition please read and complete the back page of this form.

Name: _____ Birthdate: _____

Email address: _____

Interferon-gamma release assay Test Results

Date of Interferon-gamma release assay test: _____

Results: _____ (attach copy of the laboratory report)

Health Care Provider Signature

Date

Student Health Provider Signature

Date Reviewed

Tuberculosis (TB) Screening Questionnaire

Name _____ Email _____

Please answer the following questions:

Have you ever had close contact with persons known or suspected to have active TB disease?	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	No
Were you born in one of the countries listed below that have a high incidence of active TB disease? (If yes, please CIRCLE the country below.)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	No

Afghanistan	Côte d'Ivoire	Kenya	Nicaragua	South Africa
Algeria	Democratic People's	Kiribati	Niger	South Sudan
Angola	Republic of Korea	Kuwait	Nigeria	Sri Lanka
Argentina	Democratic Republic of	Kyrgyzstan	Niue	Sudan
Armenia	the Congo	Lao People's Democratic	Pakistan	Suriname
Azerbaijan	Djibouti	Republic	Palau	Swaziland
Bahrain	Dominican Republic	Latvia	Panama	Tajikistan
Bangladesh	Ecuador	Lesotho	Papua New Guinea	Thailand
Belarus	El Salvador	Liberia	Paraguay	Timor-Leste
Belize	Equatorial Guinea	Libya	Peru	Togo
Benin	Eritrea	Lithuania	Philippines	Trinidad and Tobago
Bhutan	Estonia	Madagascar	Poland	Tunisia
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	Ethiopia	Malawi	Portugal	Turkey
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Fiji	Malaysia	Qatar	Turkmenistan
Botswana	Gabon	Maldives	Republic of Korea	Tuvalu
Brazil	Gambia	Mali	Republic of Moldova	Uganda
Brunei Darussalam	Georgia	Marshall Islands	Romania	Ukraine
Bulgaria	Ghana	Mauritania	Russian Federation	United Republic of
Burkina Faso	Guatemala	Mauritius	Rwanda	Tanzania
Burundi	Guinea	Mexico	Saint Vincent and the	Uruguay
Cabo Verde	Guinea-Bissau	Micronesia (Federated States	Grenadines	Uzbekistan
Cambodia	Guyana	of)	Sao Tome and Principe	Vanuatu
Cameroon	Haiti	Mongolia	Senegal	Venezuela (Bolivarian
Central African Republic	Honduras	Morocco	Serbia	Republic of)
Chad	India	Mozambique	Seychelles	Viet Nam
China	Indonesia	Myanmar	Sierra Leone	Yemen
Colombia	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	Namibia	Singapore	Zambia
Comoros	Iraq	Nauru	Solomon Islands	Zimbabwe
Congo	Kazakhstan	Nepal	Somalia	

Source: World Health Organization Global Health Observatory, Tuberculosis Incidence 2012. Countries with incidence rates of ≥ 20 cases per 100,000 population. For future updates, refer to <http://apps.who.int/ghodata>.

Have you had frequent or prolonged visits* to one or more of the countries listed above with a high prevalence of TB disease? (If yes, CHECK the countries, above)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	No
Have you been a resident and/or employee of high-risk congregate settings (e.g., correctional facilities, long-term care facilities, and homeless shelters)?	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	No
Have you been a volunteer or health-care worker who served clients who are at increased risk for active TB disease?	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	No
Have you ever been a member of any of the following groups that may have an increased incidence of latent <i>M. tuberculosis</i> infection or active TB disease – medically underserved, low-income, or abusing drugs or alcohol?	<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	No

If the answer is YES to any of the above questions, the University of Wisconsin Oshkosh requires that you receive TB testing by Interferon-gamma release assay (IGRA) as soon as possible but at least **prior** to the start of the subsequent semester.

If the answer to all of the above questions is NO, no further testing or further action is required.

* The significance of the travel exposure should be discussed with a health care provider and evaluated.