

Family Law Forms

# Package 8(a) Petition for Dissolution of Marriage with No Minor Child(ren).

# What this package contains:

- Petition to request a dissolution of Marriage with/without property & no minor children.
- □ Financial forms, mandatory disclosure, marital settlement agreement.
- □ Forms for obtaining personal service.

# How this package may be used:

□ To request a dissolution of marriage where there have been no minor children born during the marriage.

# How this package may NOT be used:

□ To request a dissolution of marriage if there were children born during the time you were married.

LAST UPDATE 7-2006

# Forms for Use With Petition For Dissolution Of Marriage With No Minor Children – 8(a)

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FFLF = Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form/Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form FFLF-L = Sixth Judicial Circuit Local Form Updated 7-2006

# Administrative Office of the Courts The Sixth Judicial Circuit of Florida (727)582-7200 CASE PROGRESSION CHECKLIST DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE WITH NO DEPENDENT OR MINOR CHILD(REN) OR PROPERTY

This checklist has been prepared to assist you with the necessary procedure for bringing your case to final hearing. This checklist lists the <u>minimum</u> requirements and, even though fairly specific, may not be all-inclusive for every case. It is not intended, and should not be substituted for proper legal advice from an attorney. You should, however, find that making sure all necessary steps noted below are followed would reduce procedural difficulties and time delays.

# I. INITIAL FILING:

#### A. Petition .

Petition for Dissolution of Marriage with No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) or Property - Form 12.901(b)(3).

#### B. Required forms filed with initial petition:

- <sup>2</sup> <u>Financial Affidavit Form 12.902(b) or 12.902(c)</u> (according to your income-see instructions on form).
- <sup>2</sup> <u>Non-military Affidavit Form 12.912(b)</u>. This form is required only for obtaining a default on petitions that have been personally or constructively served.
- <sup>2</sup> <u>Corroborating Witness Affidavit Form 12.902(i)</u> or photocopy of Florida Drivers License, Florida Identification Card, or Voters I.D. Issue date of copied document must be at least six months before date case is filed with Clerk of Court.
- <sup>2</sup> Summons: <u>Personal Service on an Individual Form 12.910(a)</u>. Not required if the other party has signed a waiver of service.
- <sup>2</sup> Process Service Memorandum Form 12.910(b).

**Out of State Service Information:** If service is required on a party residing outside of the state of Florida, the party who filed the petition must obtain service procedure information including fees, from the local officials responsible for process service where the other party resides. This information, along with applicable fees (in the form of a money order), must be provided to the Clerk's Office. The Clerk's Office will forward the completed summons and paperwork to the address you provide for the out of state agency. **Most other states will not honor a Florida Affidavit of Indigence.** 

OR:

<sup>2</sup> Answer, Waiver, and Request for Copy of Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage-Form 12.903(a).

# If the other party has signed a waiver of service you may skip Section II entitled, <u>"Service of Process." The remaining sections still apply.</u>

- C. Required fees.
  - <sup>2</sup> Fees paid for process service by Pinellas County Sheriff, or fees waiver (Affidavit of Indigence) granted.

#### D. Optional Forms.

- <sup>2</sup> <u>Motion for Referral to General Magistrate Form 12.920(a)</u> (A General Magistrate is an Attorney appointed by the Chief Judge to take testimony and make recommendations to a judge. The primary purpose of having a General Magistrate hear family law matters is to reduce the cost of litigation and speed up cases.)
- <sup>2</sup> Order of Referral to General Master Form 12.920(b).

## II. SERVICE OF PROCESS:

#### A. Personal Service.

- <sup>2</sup> Summons returned "served" and the Original Return of Service has been filed by Clerk in your court file.
- <sup>2</sup> After 20 days have passed from the day Respondent was served, check to see whether Respondent filed an answer or <u>any</u> paper within the 20 day period. If yes, you may check this item. (If both checked, skip to Section IV; if no answer filed, go to "B")

#### If your summons is returned to the clerk "NOT SERVED"

- 1. Alias summons: Return to the Clerk of Court to request an Alias (2<sup>nd</sup> attempt at service) or Pluries (3<sup>rd</sup> or more attempt at service) service to be processed by the clerk of court.
  - <sup>2</sup> Complete Summons: <u>Personal Service on an Individual-form 12.910(a)</u>.
  - <sup>2</sup> Process Service memorandum-form 12.910(b).

#### If you are still unable to serve the other party

- 2. Constructive Service: is only to be used after you have completed an actual diligent search for the other party and have been unable to locate them.
  - Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage Form 12.913(a). Constructive service is also known as "service by publication." The document must be posted or published for 32 days before you can proceed further with your case.
  - <sup>2</sup> Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry Form 12.913(b).

If constructive service is used, the court may grant only limited relief. In all cases it is best to have your petition personally served. This is a complicated area of the Law and you may wish to consult with an attorney before using constructive service.

If proper service is not obtained, the court cannot hear your case.

#### B. Default.

- <sup>2</sup> Respondent failed to answer or file any paper after service.
- <sup>2</sup> Motion for Default filed with Clerk Form 12.922(a) (no sooner than 25 days after date of service.) and
- <sup>2</sup> Default entered by Clerk **Note:** If the other party has filed <u>anything in the case</u> the clerk will not be able to process the default. This is also true if the other party is a member of the military service. If the clerk is unable to process your default, you will need to file a motion for the "court to enter the default" send a copy to the other party and set a hearing on your motion.

# Only now is the case potentially ready for setting for trial/final hearing.

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# III. FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE:

If your petition involves financial issues such as property, child support or alimony, each party has a right to the production of certain documents during the discovery phase of the case. See Fla. Fam. L. R. P. 12.285.

<sup>2</sup> <u>Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure - Form 12.932</u>. The actual documents (tax returns, pay stubs etc.) should not be filed in the court file. The documents should be provided to the other party and this affidavit should be filed with the Clerk to notify the court that the listed documents have been provided to the other party. You may be required to bring these documents with you to the hearing.

**Note:** If the other party refuses to provide you with their financial information, a motion to compel can be filed with the court requesting the court to order the other party to provide you their financial information.

#### OR:

<sup>2</sup> Waiver of Mandatory Disclosure documents signed by both parties. This means that both parties agree NOT to exchange these documents, however, the requirement to file financial affidavits cannot be waived.

# IV. SETTING A HEARING:

- <sup>2</sup> After an answer is filed or a Default has been entered, contact the following office to set your hearing. If the other party filed a counterpetition you are required to respond to their counterpetition. If the other party filed a motion to dismiss your petition, a hearing must be set (by either party) to address the motion to dismiss before you can set a final hearing. Pending motions may also prevent your final hearing from being set as they must sometimes be addressed before a final hearing.
- <sup>2</sup> Call the resource center at 727-582-7200 to request a final hearing. Your court records will be viewed for completeness and you will either be given a court calendar date or you will be given further instructions for setting your final hearing.

<u>Depending upon which Judge your case is assigned to, you may be required to prepare the Notice of</u> <u>Hearing</u> – please be sure that you have completed the **certificate of service** section on the bottom of the form. There is one notice of hearing in your package, if you need more they can be obtained from the clerk of court for a fee or downloaded from <u>www.jud6.org</u> (Representing yourself in court section) for free. You will need the free acrobat reader (available from <u>www.adobe.com</u>) software installed on your computer to access the forms on our web page.

#### Distribute as follows:

- 1) Original filed with Clerk's Office
- 2) Copy to other party or their attorney (must be received 5 days prior to the hearing date).
- 3) Copy maintained for your use (optional).

#### If you do not properly complete this step, your hearing could be delayed.

NOTE: IF YOU ARE INVOLVED IN OTHER CASES, SUCH AS AN ACTIVE DEPENDENCY CASE, YOUR CASE COULD BE REFERRED TO A UNIFIED FAMILY COURT JUDGE FOR HEARING. IF THIS IS YOUR SITUATION, PROCEDURES FOR SETTING A HEARING WILL BE SLIGHTLY DIFFERENT. PLEASE CONTACT THE RESOURCE CENTER AT THE ABOVE PHONE NUMBER FOR ASSISTANCE.

# V. FINAL HEARING:

- A. Make arrangements for child care if applicable. Children not allowed to attend without prior Order, per Fla. Fam. L. R. P. 12.403.
- B. Bring to final hearing:

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# <sup>2</sup> Stamped (\$.60), pre-addressed legal size (9.5" business size) envelopes for each party, one for each if before Judge, two for each if before General Master.

- <sup>2</sup> Driver's License, Florida Identification Card or Voter's Identification card.
- <sup>2</sup> <u>Certified copies</u> of all previous court orders affecting your case (Alimony, distribution of assets/liabilities) especially if those orders were entered by a Court in another state or county.
- <sup>2</sup> Pay stubs (from past 3 months), certified copies of other support orders that you are required to pay, documentation of assets and liabilities.
- <sup>2</sup> Income Deduction Order and 2 copies, if case involves support.
- <sup>2</sup> Final Disposition Form (obtain from Clerk).
- <sup>2</sup> **Other possible documents you may need.** If your petition in any way concerns real property (such as a house or piece of land) you may need the legal description of that piece of property at your hearing. Documentation of any stocks, bonds, retirement accounts (suck as 401K plans), and social security benefits, may also be required at the hearing.

# VI. AFTER THE FINAL HEARING:

When can I expect my final paperwork to arrive? If your hearing was before a general magistrate and <u>both</u> <u>parties appeared</u>. for the final hearing, you will be asked at the end of the hearing if you wish to waive the objection period. If you both agreed to waive the objection period, the general magistrate's office prepares the order and sends it directly to the judge. If both parties did not appear, or one party does not waive their opportunity to file objections, then you will first receive a copy of the magistrate's findings and recommendations in the mail shortly after the hearing. After 15 days, if there is no objection, the findings and recommended order will be forwarded to the judge's office for signature.

"If you are a person with a disability who needs any accommodation in order to participate in a court proceeding, you are entitled, at no cost to you, to the provision of certain assistance. Within two (2) working days of your receipt of any notice or order requiring your presence at a hearing, please contact the Human Rights Office, 400 S. Ft. Harrison Ave., 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Clearwater, FL 33756, (727) 464-4062 (V/TDD)."

## FAMILY LAW FORMS, COMMENTARY, AND INSTRUCTIONS

#### GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS

You should read this General Information thoroughly before taking any other steps to file your case or represent yourself in court. Most of this information is not repeated in the attached forms. This information should provide you with an overview of the court system, its participants, and its processes. It should be useful whether you want to represent yourself in a pending matter or have a better understanding of the way family court works. This is not intended as a substitute for legal advice from an attorney. Each case has its own particular set of circumstances, and an attorney may advise you of what is best for you in your individual situation.

These instructions are not the only place that you can get information about how a family case works. You may want to look at other books for more help. The Florida Statutes, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, and other legal information or books may be found at the public library or in a law library at your county courthouse or a law school in your area. If you are filing a petition for **Name Change** and/or **Adoption**, these instructions may not apply.

If the word(s) is printed in **bold**, this means that the word is being emphasized. Throughout these instructions, you will also find words printed in **bold** and **underlined**. This means that the definitions of these words may be found in the glossary of common family law terms at the end of this general information section.

#### Commentary

**1995** Adoption. To help the many people in family law court cases who do not have attorneys to represent them (pro se litigants), the Florida Supreme Court added these simplified forms and directions to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. The directions refer to the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure or the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Many of the forms were adapted from the forms accompanying the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Practitioners should refer to the committee notes for those forms for rule history.

The forms were adopted by the Court pursuant to Family Law Rules of Procedure, 667 So. 2d 202 (Fla. 1995); In re Petition for Approval of Forms Pursuant to Rule 10-1.1(b) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Stepparent Adoption Forms, 613 So. 2d 900 (Fla. 1992); Rules Regulating the Florida Bar—Approval of Forms, 581 So. 2d 902 (Fla. 1991).

Although the forms are part of these rules, they are not all inclusive and additional forms, as necessary, should be taken from the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure as provided in Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. Also, the following notice has been included to strongly encourage individuals to seek the advice, when needed, of an attorney who is a member in good standing of the Florida Bar.

**1997 Amendment.** In 1997, the Florida Family Law Forms were completely revised to simplify and correct the forms. Additionally, the appendices were eliminated, the instructions contained in the appendices were incorporated into the forms, and the introduction following the Notice to Parties was created. Minor changes were also made to the Notice to Parties set forth below.

#### NOTICE TO PARTIES WHO ARE NOT REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY WHO IS A MEMBER IN GOOD STANDING OF THE FLORIDA BAR

If you have questions or concerns about these forms, instructions, commentary, the use of the forms, or your legal rights, it is strongly recommended that you talk to an attorney. If you do not know an attorney, you should call the lawyer referral service listed in the yellow pages of the telephone book under "Attorney." If you do not have the money to hire an attorney, you should call the legal aid office in your area.

Because the law does change, the forms and information about them may have become outdated. You should be aware that changes may have taken place in the law or court rules that would affect the accuracy of the forms or instructions.

In no event will the Florida Supreme Court, The Florida Bar, or anyone contributing to the production of these forms or instructions be liable for any direct, indirect, or consequential damages resulting from their use.

# FAMILY LAW PROCEDURES

**Communication with the court...** <u>Ex parte</u> communication is communication with the judge with only one party present. Judges are not allowed to engage in ex parte communication except in very limited circumstances, so, absent specific authorization to the contrary, you should not try to speak with or write to the judge in your case unless the other <u>party</u> is present or has been properly notified. If you have something you need to tell the judge, you must ask for a <u>hearing</u> and give notice to the other party or file a written statement in the court file and send a copy of the written statement to the other party.

**Filing a case...** A case begins with the filing of a <u>petition</u>. A petition is a written request to the court for some type of legal action. The person who originally asks for legal action is called the <u>petitioner</u> and remains the petitioner throughout the case.

A petition is given to the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u>, whose office is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse. A case number is assigned and an official court file is opened. Delivering the petition to the clerk's office is called <u>filing</u> a case. A <u>filing fee</u> is usually required.

Once a case has been filed, a copy must be given to (served on) the respondent. The person against whom the original legal action is being requested is called the **respondent**, because he or she is expected to respond to the petition. The respondent remains the respondent throughout the case.

Service... When one party files a <u>petition</u>, <u>motion</u>, or other <u>pleading</u>, the other party must be "served" with a copy of the document. This means that the other party is given proper notice of the pending action(s) and any scheduled hearings. <u>Personal service</u> of the petition and summons on the respondent by a deputy sheriff or private process server is required in all <u>original petitions</u> and <u>supplemental petitions</u>, unless <u>constructive service</u> is permitted by law. Personal service may also be required in other actions by some judges. After initial service of the original or supplemental petition and summons by a deputy sheriff or private process server, service of most motions and other documents or papers filed in the case generally may be made by regular U.S. mail or hand delivery. However, service by <u>certified mail</u> is required at other times so you have proof that the other party actually received the papers. The instructions with each form will advise you of the type of <u>service</u> required for that form. If the other party is represented by an attorney, you should serve the attorney and send a copy to the other party, except for original or supplemental petitions, which must be personally served on the respondent.

Other than the initial original or supplemental petitions, anytime you file additional pleadings or motions in your case, you must provide a copy to the other party and include a <u>certificate of service</u>. Likewise, the other party must provide you with copies of everything that he or she files. Service of additional documents is usually completed by U.S. mail. For more information, see the instructions for Certificate of Service (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914.

Forms for service of process are included in the Florida Family Law Forms, along with more detailed instructions and information regarding service. The instructions to those forms should be read carefully to ensure that you have the other party properly served. **If proper service is not obtained, the court cannot hear your case.** 

**Note:** If you absolutely do not know where the other party to your case lives or if the other party resides in another state, you may be able to use <u>constructive service</u>. However, if constructive service is used, other than granting a divorce, the court may only grant limited relief. For more information on constructive service, see **Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a), and **Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b). Additionally, if the other party is in the military service of the United States, additional steps for service may be required. See, for example, **Memorandum for Certificate of Military Service**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(a). In sum, the law regarding constructive service and service on an individual in the military service is very complex and you may wish to consult an attorney regarding these issues.

**Default...** After being served with a petition or **counterpetition**, the other party has 20 days to file a response. If a response to a petition is not filed, the petitioner may file a **Motion for Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a), with the clerk. This means that you may proceed with your case and set a **final hearing**, and a **judge** will make a decision, even if the other party will not cooperate. For more information, see rule 12.080(c), Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

<u>Answer</u> and counterpetition... After being served, the respondent has 20 days to file an answer admitting or denying each of the allegations contained in the petition. In addition to an answer, the respondent may also file a counterpetition. In a counterpetition, the respondent may request the same or some other relief or action not requested by the petitioner. If the respondent files a counterpetition, the petitioner should then file an **Answer to Counterpetition**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.903(d), and either admit or deny the allegations in the respondent's counterpetition.

<u>Mandatory disclosure</u>... Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires each party in a <u>dissolution of marriage</u> to exchange certain information and documents, and file a Family Law Financial Affidavit, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c). Failure to make this required disclosure within the time required by the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure may allow the court to dismiss the case or to refuse to consider the pleadings of the party failing to comply. This requirement also must be met in other family law cases, **except** adoptions, simplified dissolutions of marriage, enforcement proceedings, contempt proceedings, and proceedings for injunctions for domestic or repeat violence. The **Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932, lists the documents that must be given to the other party. For more information see rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, and the instructions to the **Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932.

**Setting a <u>hearing</u> or <u>trial</u>...** Generally, the court will have hearings on motions, final hearings on <u>uncontested</u> or <u>default</u> cases, and trials on contested cases. Before setting your case for <u>final hearing</u> or trial, certain requirements such as completing mandatory disclosure and filing certain papers and having them served on the other party must be met. These requirements vary depending on the type of case and the procedures in your particular jurisdiction. For further information, you should refer to the instructions for the type of form you are filing.

Next, you must obtain a hearing or trial date so that the court may consider your request. You should ask the clerk of court, or <u>family law intake staff</u> about the local procedure for setting a hearing or trial, which you should attend. These family law forms contain <u>orders</u> and <u>final judgments</u>, which the judge may use. You should ask the clerk of court or family law intake staff if you need to bring one of these forms with you to the hearing or trial. If so, you should type or print the heading, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the parties' names, and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete at your hearing or trial.

# Below are explanations of symbols or parts of different family law forms...

{specify}, {date}, {name(s)}, {street}, {city}, {state}, {phone} Throughout these forms, you will find hints such as those above. These tell you what to put in the blank(s).  $[\checkmark \text{ one only}] [\checkmark \text{ all that apply}]$ 

These show how many choices you should check. Sometimes you may check only one, while other times you may check several choices. () This also shows an area where you must make a choice. Check the () in front of the choice that applies to you or your case.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF TH	E	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	(2)	COUNTY, FLORIDA
		Case No.:(3)
		Division:(4)
(5),		
Petitioner.		

### and

(6)

# Respondent.

Line 1 The clerk of court can tell you the number of your judicial circuit. Type or print it here.

- Line 2 Type or print your county name on line (2).
- Line 3 If you are filing an initial petition or pleading, the Clerk of the Court will assign a case number after the case is filed. You should type or print this case number on all papers you file in this case.
- Line 4 The clerk of the court can tell you the name of the division in which your case is being filed, and you should type or print it here. Divisions vary from court to court. For example, your case may be filed in the civil division, the family division, or the juvenile division.
- Line 5 Type or print the legal name of the person who originally filed the case on line 5. This person is the petitioner because he/she is the one who filed the original petition.
- Line 6 Type or print the other party's legal name on line 6. The other party is the respondent because he/she is responding to the petition.

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this petition and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_(1)\_\_\_\_

(2)
Signature of Petitioner
Printed Name:(3)
Address:(4)
City, State, Zip:(5)
Telephone Number:(6)
Fax Number:(7)

Some forms require that your signature be witnessed. You must sign the form in the presence of a **<u>notary</u> <u>public</u>** or deputy clerk (employee of the clerk of the court's office). When signing the form, you must have a valid photo identification unless the notary knows you personally. You should completely fill in all lines (1 3–7) except 2 with the requested information, if applicable. Line 2, the signature line, must be signed in the presence of the <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>.

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	_
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on _	by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]
Personally known           Produced identification           Type of identification produced	
DO NOT SIGN OR FILL IN THIS PART C	<b>DF ANY FORM</b> . This section of the form is to be completed

by the notary public who is witnessing your signature.

# **IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:** [≠ fill in all blanks] I, {full legal name and trade name of nonlawver} (1) .

General Information for Self-Represented Litigants (7/05)

a nonlawyer, located at {street}		(2), {cit	y}(3)_	
{ <i>state</i> }, { <i>phone</i> }	(5)	, helped {name	2}	(6),
who is the petitioner, fill out this form.				

This section should be completed by anyone who helps you fill out these forms but is **not** an attorney who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar, which means that he or she is not licensed to practice law in Florida.

Line 1	The <b>nonlawyer</b> who helps you should type or print his or her name on line 1.
Lines 2–5	The nonlawyer's address and telephone number should be typed or printed on lines 2–5.
Line 6	Your name should be typed or printed on line 6.

In addition, a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), should be completed if a nonlawyer assists you. The disclosure is available as a family law form and should be completed before the nonlawyer helps you. This is to be sure that you understand the role and limitations of a nonlawyer. You and the nonlawyer should keep a copy of this disclosure for your records.

# FAMILY LAW GLOSSARY OF COMMON TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

# Note: The following definitions are intended to be helpful, BUT they are not intended to constitute legal advice or address every possible meaning of the term(s) contained in this glossary.

Affidavit - a written statement in which the facts stated are sworn or affirmed to be true.

**Answer** - written response by a respondent that states whether he or she admits (agrees with) or denies (disagrees with) the allegations in the petition. Any allegations not specifically denied are considered to be admitted.

**Appeal** - asking a district court of appeal to review the decision in your case. There are strict procedural and time requirements for filing an appeal.

**Asset** - everything owned by you or your spouse, including property, cars, furniture, bank accounts, jewelry, life insurance policies, businesses, or retirement plans. An asset may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

Attorney - a person with special education and training in the field of law who is a member in good standing of The Florida Bar and licensed to practice law in Florida. An attorney is the only person who is allowed to give you legal advice. An attorney may file your case and represent you in court, or just advise you of your rights before you file your own case. In addition to advising you of your rights, an attorney may tell you what to expect and help prepare you for court. In family law matters, you are not entitled to a court-appointed lawyer, like a public defender in a criminal case. However, legal assistance is often available for those who are unable to hire a private attorney. You may consult the yellow pages of the telephone directory for a listing of legal aid or lawyer referral services in your area, or ask your local clerk of court or family law intake staff what services are available in your area. You may also obtain information from the Florida Supreme Court's Internet site located at http://www.flcourts.org/courts/supct.

**Bond** - money paid to the clerk of court by one party in a case, to be held and paid to an enjoined party in the event that the first party causes loss or damage of property as a result of wrongfully enjoining the other party.

**Central Governmental Depository** - the office of the clerk of court that is responsible for collecting and disbursing court-ordered alimony and child support payments. The depository also keeps payment records and files judgments if support is not paid.

**Certificate of Service** - a document that must be filed whenever a form you are using does not contain a statement for you to fill in showing to whom you are sending copies of the form. Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.914 is the certificate of service form and contains additional instructions.

General Information for Self-Represented Litigants (7/05)

**Certified Copy** - a copy of an order or final judgment, certified by the clerk of the circuit court to be an authentic copy.

Certified Mail - mail which requires the receiving party to sign as proof that they received it.

Child Support - money paid from one parent to the other for the benefit of their dependent or minor child(ren).

**Clerk of the Circuit Court** - elected official in whose office papers are filed, a case number is assigned, and case files are maintained. The clerk's office usually is located in the county courthouse.

**Constructive Service** - notification of the other party by newspaper publication or posting of notice at designated places when the other party cannot be located for personal service. You may also be able to use constructive service when the other party lives in another state. Constructive service is also called "service by publication." However, when constructive service is used, the relief the Court may grant is limited. For more information on service, see the instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Forms 12.910(a) and 12.913(b) and Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a).

**Contested Issues** - any or all issues upon which the parties are unable to agree and which must be resolved by the judge at a hearing or trial.

**Contingent Asset** - an asset that you **may** receive or get later, such as income, tax refund, accrued vacation or sick leave, a bonus, or an inheritance.

**Contingent Liability** - a liability that you **may** owe later, such as payments for lawsuits, unpaid taxes, or debts that you have agreed or guaranteed to pay if someone else does not.

**Counterpetition** - a written request to the court for legal action, which is filed by a respondent after being served with a petition.

**Default** - a failure of a party to respond to the pleading of another party. This failure to respond may allow the court to decide the case without input from the party who did not appear or respond.

# **Delinquent** - late.

**Dependent Child(ren)** - child(ren) who depend on their parent(s) for support either because they are under the age of 18, they have a mental or physical disability that prevents them from supporting themselves, or they are in high school while between the ages of 18 and 19 and are performing in good faith with reasonable expectation of graduation before the age of 19.

**Deputy Clerk** - an employee of the office of the clerk of court, which is usually located in the county courthouse or a branch of the county courthouse.

**Dissolution of Marriage -** divorce; a court action to end a marriage.

Enjoined - prohibited by the court from doing a specific act.

**Ex Parte** - communication with the judge by only one party. In order for a judge to speak with either party, the other party must have been properly notified and have an opportunity to be heard. If you have something you wish to tell the judge, you should ask for a hearing or file information in the clerk of court's office, with certification that a copy was sent to the other party.

**Family Law Intake Staff** - a court's employee(s) who is (are) available to assist you in filing a family law case. Family law intake staff are not attorneys and cannot give legal advice. They may only assist you with filling out the form(s). Your local clerk's office can tell you if your county has such assistance available.

Filing – delivering a petition, response, motion, or other pleading in a court case to the clerk of court's office.

**Filing Fee** - an amount of money, set by law, that the petitioner must pay when filing a case. If you cannot afford to pay the fee, you must file an **Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status**, to ask the clerk to file your case without payment of the fee. This form can be obtained from the clerk's office.

Final Hearing - trial in your case.

**Financial Affidavit** - a sworn statement that contains information regarding your income, expenses, assets, and liabilities.

**Final Judgment** - a written document signed by a judge and recorded in the clerk of the circuit court's office that contains the judge's decision in your case.

**Guardian ad Litem** - a neutral person who may be appointed by the court to evaluate or investigate your child's situation, and file a report with the court about what is in the best interests of your child(ren). Guardians do not "work for" either party. The guardian may interview the parties, visit their homes, visit the child(ren)'s school(s) and speak with teachers, or use other resources to make their recommendation.

**Hearing** - a legal proceeding before a judge or designated officer (general magistrate or hearing officer) on a motion.

Judge - an elected official who is responsible for deciding matters on which you and the other parties in your case are unable to agree. A judge is a neutral person who is responsible for ensuring that your case is resolved in a manner which is fair, equitable, and legal. A judge is prohibited by law from giving you or the other party any legal advice, recommendations, or other assistance, and may not talk to either party unless both parties are present, represented, or at a properly scheduled hearing.

Judicial Assistant - the judge's personal staff assistant.

**Liabilities** - everything owed by you or your spouse, including mortgages, credit cards, or car loans. A liability may be marital or nonmarital, but that distinction is for the court to determine if you and your spouse do not agree.

**Lump Sum Alimony** - money ordered to be paid by one spouse to another in a limited number of payments, often a single payment.

**Mandatory Disclosure** - items that must be disclosed by both parties except those exempted from disclosure by Florida Family Law Rule 12.285.

**Marital Asset** - generally, anything that you and/or your spouse acquired or received (by gift or purchase) during the marriage. For example, something you owned before your marriage **may** be nonmarital. An asset may only be determined to be marital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

**Marital Liability** - generally, any debt that you and/or your spouse incurred during the marriage. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

**Mediator** - a person who is trained and certified to assist parties in reaching an agreement before going to court. Mediators do not take either party's side and are not allowed to give legal advice. They are only responsible for helping the parties reach an agreement and putting that agreement into writing. In some areas, mediation of certain family law cases may be required before going to court.

Modification - a change made by the court in an order or final judgment.

Motion - a request made to the court, other than a petition.

**No Contact** - a court order directing a party not speak to, call, send mail to, visit, or go near his or her spouse, ex-spouse, child(ren), or other family member.

Nonlawyer - a person who is not a member in good standing of The Florida Bar.

**Nonmarital Asset** - generally, anything owned separately by you or your spouse. An asset may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

**Nonmarital Liability** - generally, any debt that you or your spouse incurred before your marriage or since your separation. A debt may only be determined to be nonmarital by either agreement of the parties or determination of the judge.

Nonparty - a person who is not the petitioner or respondent in a court case.

Notary Public - a person authorized to witness signatures on court related forms.

Obligee - a person to whom money, such as child support or alimony, is owed.

**Obligor** - a person who is ordered by the court to pay money, such as child support or alimony.

**Order** - a written decision signed by a judge and filed in the clerk of the circuit court's office, that contains the judge's decision on part of your case, usually on a motion.

### **Original Petition - see Petition**.

**Parenting Course** - a class that teaches parents how to help their child(ren) cope with divorce and other family issues.

Party - a person involved in a court case, either as a petitioner or respondent.

**Paternity Action** - A lawsuit used to determine whether a designated individual is the father of a specific child or children.

Payor - an employer or other person who provides income to an obligor.

**Permanent Alimony** - spousal support ordered to be paid at a specified, periodic rate until modified by a court order, the death of either party, or the remarriage of the Obligee, whichever occurs first.

**Personal Service** - when a summons and a copy of a petition (or other pleading) that has been filed with the court are delivered by a deputy sheriff or private process server to the other party. Personal service is required for all petitions and supplemental petitions.

Petition - a written request to the court for legal action, which begins a court case.

**Petitioner** - the person who files a petition that begins a court case.

**Pleading** - a formal written statement of exactly what a party wants the court to do in a lawsuit or court action.

Primary Residence - the home in which the child(ren) spends most of his/her (their) time.

Pro Se Litigant - a person who appears in court without the assistance of a lawyer.

# Pro Se Coordinator - see Family Law Intake Staff.

General Information for Self-Represented Litigants (7/05)

**Reasonable Visitation** - visitation between the nonresidential parent and child(ren) that provides frequent and unhampered contact with the child(ren). Such visitation is designed to encourage a close and continuing relationship with due regard for educational commitments of child(ren), any health or social factors of the child(ren), business and personal commitments of both parents, and home arrangements of both parents.

**Rehabilitative Alimony** - spousal support ordered to be paid for a limited period of time to allow one of the parties an opportunity to complete a plan of education or training, according to a rehabilitative plan accepted by the court, so that he or she may better support himself or herself.

**Respondent** - the person who is served with a petition requesting some legal action against him or her.

**Rotating Custody** - physical custody of child(ren) after divorce, which is alternated between the mother and father at specified periods of time, as determined by the court. Rotating custody allows each parent equal time with the child(ren).

Scientific Paternity Testing - a medical test to determine who is the father of a child.

**Secondary Residential Responsibility (Visitation)** - the time that the parent with whom the child(ren) does (do) not have primary residence spends with the child(ren).

**Service** - the delivery of legal documents to a party. This must be accomplished as directed by Florida Family Law Rules 12.070 and 12.080.

**Shared Parental Responsibility** - an arrangement under which both parents have full parental rights and responsibilities for their child(ren), and the parents make major decisions affecting the welfare of the child(ren) jointly. Shared Parental Responsibility is presumptive in Florida.

**Sole Parental Responsibility** - a parenting arrangement under which the responsibility for the minor child(ren) is given to one parent by the court, with or without rights of visitation to the other parent.

**Specified Visitation** - a parenting arrangement under which a specific schedule is established for the visitation and exchange of the child(ren).

**Spouse** - a husband or wife.

**Supervised Visitation** - a parenting arrangement under which visitation between a parent and his or her child(ren) is supervised by either a friend, family member, or a supervised visitation center.

**Supplemental Petition** - a petition that may be filed by either party after the judge has made a decision in a case and a final judgment or order has been entered. For example, a supplemental petition may be used to request that the court modify the previously entered final judgment or order.

Trial - the final hearing in a contested case.

**Uncontested** - any and all issues on which the parties are able to agree and which are part of a marital settlement agreement.

### Administrative Office of the Courts The Sixth Judicial Circuit of Florida (727)582-7200

# **MEDIATION INFORMATION**

Mediation means a process whereby a neutral third person called a mediator acts to encourage and facilitate the resolution of a dispute between two or more parties. It is an informal and nonadversarial process with the objective of helping you and the other party reach a mutually acceptable and voluntary agreement. The decision making authority rests with the parties.

"Family Mediation" which means mediation of family matters, including married or unmarried persons, before and after judgments involving dissolution of marriage; property division; shared or sole parental responsibility; or child support, custody, and visitation. Referrals to mediation on temporary matters such as child support /alimony and custody/visitation may also be made.

If an agreement is reached, it is placed in writing, signed by you and the other party, and filed with the court; unless otherwise agreed upon by the parties.

If you do not reach an agreement, the mediator reports the lack of agreement to the court without comment or recommendation. With the consent of the parties, the mediator's report may also identify any pending motions or outstanding legal issues, discovery process, or other action by any party which, if resolved or completed, would facilitate the possibility of a settlement.

If you want the court to order mediation in your case, you must file a motion stating what issues in your case need to be referred to mediation. The original motion must be filed with the clerk of court and a copy sent to the other party. Once your motion has been properly filed, you must call to obtain a hearing date so the judge or general master can consider your motion.

Mediators are paid for their services. The court can determine the portion of the cost each party pays for mediation upon request. If you cannot afford the mediation costs, you can file a motion asking the court to waive the cost or change the percentage of the costs that you are ordered to pay. When filing a motion to waive or reassign the costs in a mediation, it is normally necessary to file a current financial affidavit with your request.

For further information, see Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure 12.740-12.741.

## Administrative Office of the Courts The Sixth Judicial Circuit of Florida (727)582-7200

# How can I keep my address confidential in a court case if I am in fear of domestic violence?

*Question:* I am in fear of domestic violence from my spouse or another party in my court case. What do I have to do if I want to keep my address confidential?

*Answer:* In a domestic or repeat violence injunction case, the clerk of court has procedures in place to keep your address confidential. If a party in the injunction case properly files their pleadings at the domestic violence desk, the clerk will send you the copies of their pleadings so that you are properly notified of the filing and the hearing.

*In most types of proceedings, the confidential address procedure through the clerk is not available* because parties are required to copy other parties with pleadings filed in the case. In addition to sending copies of all pleadings, the moving party must prepare a notice of hearing and send it to all parties in the case.

If you do not want the other party(s) to have your home address you can consider the following:

- 1. Obtain a post office box. The post office cannot reveal the true address of a post office box owner, who is a private person and not a business, without a court order.
- 2. Ask your employer if you may use your work address to receive mail on your court case and as your service address for personal service.
- 3. If you are a victim of domestic violence or the guardian of an adult, minor child or impaired person who is a victim of domestic violence, you may inquire about the Address Confidentiality Program (ACP) with the Florida Attorney General's Office. You will be interviewed for acceptance into the program. Please call the Florida Attorney General at 1-800-226-6667 (local # 850-414-3300, TDD/TTY users may use the Florida Relay service at 1-800-955-8771) for information on setting up the interview.

*How the program works:* If you are accepted into the ACP program you will be given a substitute address to use for your mailing and legal process service address. The Attorney General will be the only one who has your real address. All first class mail sent, or legal process served, to the substitute ACP address will be forwarded to you by the Attorney General's Office. Your acceptance into the program is for a set period of time, is revocable, and must be renewed upon expiration. If you are accepted into the ACP program you will be given an identification card. It is your responsibility to determine who will get your actual address and who will get your ACP address. Government agencies are required to accept your ACP address but if you have previously given your <u>actual address</u>, they may not have to replace it with your substitute address.

The courts may order you to reveal your true address during a court case. Be aware that many government agencies share information and if you have given your true address to one, it may be shared with other agencies. Federal agencies and private businesses are not required to accept your ACP address but many will do so. Certain agencies, such as law enforcement, have the right to access your true address for certain reasons. A false or incorrect application under this program constitutes a second degree misdemeanor.

#### Administrative Office of the Courts Φ The Sixth Judicial Circuit of Florida Φ 727-582-7200 South Pinellas County(St. Petersburg)

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	South Pinellas Co	ounty(St. Petersburg)
Name	Address	Telephone Number(s) or other information
Courts Information and	Family law procedural assistance	727-582-7200 (walk-in assistance is not available)
Resource Center	& information on approved forms.	Office hours 8 a.m .to Noon, 1 p.m. to 5 p.m. Monday - Friday.
Lawyer Referral Service		727-821-5450 (30 min. consultation with a lawyer for a small fee)
Legal Aid	Bay Area Legal Services-West	Bay Area Legal Services-West: 727-490-4040
St. Petersburg	2600-9 <sup>th</sup> Street North, Ste. 401	Gulfcoast Legal Services: 727-821-0726
	St. Petersburg, FL 33704	Community Law Program: 727-582-7402
St. Petersburg Courthouse	545-1 <sup>st</sup> Avenue North	Clerk of Court: 727-582-7771
	St. Petersburg, FL 33701	Child Support Automated Information Line: 727-464-4845
Alternative Dispute	Court ordered civil mediation and	Mediation/Arbitration: 727-464-4943, Family Mediation: 727-464-4947
Resolution Programs	arbitration services.	
	North Pinellas	County(Clearwater)
Clearwater Courthouse	315 Court Street	Clerk of Court: 727-464-3267
	Clearwater, FL 33756	Child Support Automated Information Line: 727-464-4845
		Clearwater Courthouse Legal Assistance Program: 727-464-3267
Courts Information and	Family law procedural assistance	727-582-7200 (walk-in assistance is not available)
Resource Center	& information on approved forms.	Office hours 8 a.m. to Noon, 1 p.m. to 5 p.m. Monday - Friday.
Lawyer Referral Service		727-461-4880 (30 minute consultation for a small fee)
Legal Aid	Gulfcoast Legal Services	727-443-0657
Clearwater	314 S. Missouri Avenue, #109	
	Clearwater, FL 33756	
Pinellas County Information	315 Court Street Clearwater, FL 33756	727-464-3000
Alternative Dispute	Court ordered mediation and	Mediation/Arbitration: 727-464-4943, Family Mediation: 727-464-4947
Resolution Programs	arbitration services.	Weddulou/Wolladon, 727 101 1915, Fulling Weddulon, 727 101 1917
Resolution Programs		Port Richey & Dade City)
Clerk of Court-Civil	7530 Little Road	727-847-8176
(New Port Richey)	New Port Richey, FL 34654	727-847-2411
Clerk of Court-Civil	38053 Live Oak Avenue	352-521-4517
(Dade City)	Dade City, FL 33523-3805	332-321-4317
Legal Aid-Pasco	Bay Area Legal Services	New Port Richey: 727-847-5494
Legal Ald-1 aseo	Offices in New Port Richey and	Dade City: 352-567-9044
	Dade City	Dude City: 552 507 7044
Pasco County General	38053 Live Oak Avenue	352-521-4274
Information	Dade City, FL 33523-3805	
		ellaneous
Florida Dept. of Revenue	Many offices statewide	Child Support Enforcement: 800-622-5437
211	Information and referral for a	Dial 211 (24 hours per day, 7 days per week)
	variety of state, local and private	Multilingual Internet page: <u>http://www.211tampabay.com</u>
	services in the areas of health care, psychological services, domestic	
	violence, support groups, tutoring	
	and more.	
Internet Pages	Florida Supreme Court http://ww	vw.flcourts.org.
	Pinellas County Clerk of Court	
	Sixth Judicial Circuit Court http:	
	Sixth Judicial Circuit Family Div	
		/AboutTheCircuit/AOC/Courtprograms/familyLaw/familylaw.htm
State of Florida FLSDU	SDU	For income deducted support payments
	P.O. Box 8500	1-877-769-0251 Toll free (you will need your case number and
	Tallahassee, FL 32314-8500	social security number)
	•	• • •

# CIRCUIT/COUNTY COURT, PINELLAS COUNTY, FLORIDA CIVIL DIVISION

# CIVIL COVER SHEET

The civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law. This form is required for use of the clerk of Court for the purpose of reporting judicial workload data pursuant to Florida Statute 25.075.

I. CASE S			
	(Name of Court)_		
Plaintiff	· · · · ·	Ref.	
_		UCN:	
Defendant		Judge:	
-			
-			

II. TYPE OF CASE (Place an X in one box only. If the case fits more than one type of case, select the most definitive.

<b>Domestic Relations</b>	Torts	Other Civil
Simplified Dissolution	Professional Malpractice	□ Contracts
Uncontested Dissolution	Products liability	Condominium
Contested Dissolution	Auto negligence	Real property /
□ Support IV-D	Cher negligence	Mortgage foreclosure
Support – Non IV-D		Eminent Domain
uresa - IV-D		• Other
uresa – Non IV-D		
Domestic Violence		
Conter Domestic Relations		
	Specific Case Type	
	(per Administrative order 86-44	

III. Is Jury Trial Demanded in Complaint?□ Yes □ No

DATE:

# SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY FOR PARTY INITIATING ACTION:

ATTORNEY'S SPN NUMBER: \_\_\_\_\_

# Instruction Sheet For Filing A Notice Of Related Cases, Pinellas County

# When should this form be used?

**<u>Rule of Judicial Administration 2.085(d)</u>** requires the <u>petitioner</u> in a family case to file with the court a <u>notice of related cases</u>, if the petitioner is aware that related cases exist or if the petitioner should be able to reasonably determine that related cases exist.

A related case is a case that is **separate** from the new case to be filed by the petitioner that:

- A) involves any of the same parties, children, or issues, and it is pending at the time the party files a family case; or
- B) affects the court's authority to proceed; or
- C) has an order in the related case that may conflict with an order on the same issues in the new case; or
- D) may cause an order in the new case to be entered that may conflict with an order in the earlier case.

Family cases include:

- dissolution of marriage (divorce),
- annulment,
- support unconnected with dissolution of marriage,
- paternity,
- child support,
- UIFSA,
- custodial care of and access to children,
- adoption,
- name change,
- declaratory judgment actions related to premarital, marital, or post-marital agreements,

- civil domestic violence, repeat violence, dating violence, and sexual violence injunctions,
- juvenile dependency,
- termination of parental rights,
- juvenile delinquency,
- emancipation of a minor,
- CINS/FINS,
- truancy, and
- modification and enforcement of orders entered in these cases.

The party filing a case, should review the above list, and if that party has or had another court case that fits under one of the categories listed above, that case should be listed on the Notice of Related Cases.

# Instruction Sheet For Filing A Notice Of Related Cases, Pinellas County

The Notice of Related Cases should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing the form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your case is filed and keep a copy for your records. A copy of the form must be mailed or hand delivered to any other party in your case. You must do this and show the date that you did it.

Rule of Judicial Administration 2.085(d) requires the petitioner to serve the Notice of Related Cases on the chief judge or family administrative judge. In this Circuit, this shall be done by sending or faxing this form to:

> Debra Leiman, Unified Family Court Staff Director, Administrative Office of the Courts, Criminal Justice Center, 14250 49<sup>th</sup> Street North, Clearwater, FL 33762 Fax: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

# What should I do next?

<u>Each party</u>, whether the <u>petitioner</u> or the <u>respondent</u> has a continuing duty to inform the court of any cases in this or any other state that could affect the current case.

# Where can I look for more information?

Read the "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of the Family Law Forms in the Florida Rules of Court, Family Law Rules. You may also refer to Rule of Judicial Administration 2.085(d).

# IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA, IN AND FOR PINELLAS COUNTY FAMILY LAW DIVISION

UCN: 52-200_DR0XXFD	Ref. No.:Division:
and	, r,
	,
Responder	nt.
NOTICE	OF RELATED CASES
I, {full legal name}	, certify the following:
□ I am aware of the following case(s) which are or	may be related to the current case above:
(Attach additional sheets as necessary.)	
Related Case	
Case No.:	
Case Name:	
Case Name: (e.g., Smith v. Jones; In Re: the matter of R.	.S.; State v. Smith; etc.)
Case Type: { } Dissolution of Marriage { } Paternit { } Juvenile Delinquency { } Domestic { } Other Petition:	ty { } Child Support { } UIFSA { } Juvenile Dependency Violence Injunction { } CINS/FINS
How are the cases related? { }Same Parties { } One F { }Same Issues	Party the Same: { } Same Children
Related Case	
Case No.:	
Case Name: (e.g., Smith v. Jones; In Re: the matter of R.	. S.; State v. Smith; etc.)
Case Type: { } Dissolution of Marriage { } Paternit { } Juvenile Delinquency { } Domestic { } Other Petition:	ty { } Child Support { } UIFSA { } Juvenile Dependency Violence Injunction { } CINS/FINS
How are the cases related? { }Same Parties { } One F { }Same Issues	Party the Same: { } Same Children
Related Case	
Case No.:	
Case Name: (e.g., Smith v. Jones; In Re: the matter of R.	. S.; State v. Smith; etc.)
Case Type: { } Dissolution of Marriage { } Paternit { } Juvenile Delinquency { } Domestic { } Other Petition:	
How are the cases related? { }Same Parties { } One F	Party the Same: { } Same Children
$\{ \}$ Same Issues $[\sqrt{any that apply.}]$	

□ I believe assignment of the cases to one judge or another method of coordination will conserve judicial resources and promote an efficient determination of the actions.

□ I believe assignment of the cases to one judge or another method of coordination will <u>not</u> conserve judicial resources nor promote an efficient determination of the actions because \_\_\_\_\_\_.

□ I request coordination of the following above-listed cases: (Note: Out-of-county cases cannot be coordinated.)

# I UNDERSTAND THAT THE CIRCUIT COURT RESERVES THE RIGHT TO DECIDE WHEN AND HOW TO COORDINATE FILED CASES.

# I UNDERSTAND THAT I HAVE A CONTINUING DUTY TO INFORM THE COURT OF ANY CASES IN THIS OR ANY OTHER STATE THAT COULD AFFECT THE CURRENT CASE.

THIS FORM SHALL BE USED FOR CASE MANAGEMENT PURPOSES ONLY AND MAY BE SEALED BY THE CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT IF IT IS DETERMINED CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION IS INCLUDED IN THIS FORM.

I certify that a copy of this document was [ < one only]	🗖 mailed	faxed and mailed
□ hand-delivered to the person(s) listed below on {date	}	

□ Other party or his/her attorney:	
Name:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Fax Number:	
Other party or his/her attorney: Name:	
Address:	

City, State, Zip: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Fax Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Dated:

Signature of Party:

# When should this form be used?

**<u>Rule of Judicial Administration 2.085(d)</u>** requires the <u>petitioner</u> in a family case to file with the court a <u>notice of related cases</u>, if the petitioner is aware that related cases exist or if the petitioner should be able to reasonably determine that related cases exist.

A related case is a case that is **<u>separate</u>** from the new case to be filed by the petitioner that:

- A) involves any of the same parties, children, or issues, and it is pending at the time the party files a family case; or
- B) affects the court's authority to proceed; or
- C) has an order in the related case that may conflict with an order on the same issues in the new case; or
- D) may cause an order in the new case to be entered that may conflict with an order in the earlier case.

Family cases include:

- dissolution of marriage (divorce),
- annulment,
- support unconnected with dissolution of marriage,
- paternity,
- child support,
- UIFSA,
- custodial care of and access to children,
- adoption,
- name change,

- civil domestic violence, repeat violence, dating violence, and sexual violence injunctions,
- juvenile dependency,
- termination of parental rights,
- juvenile delinquency,
- emancipation of a minor,
- CINS/FINS,
- truancy, and
- modification and enforcement of orders entered in these cases.
- declaratory judgment actions related to premarital, marital, or post-marital agreements,

The party filing a case, should review the above list, and if that party has or had another court case that fits under one of the categories listed above, that case should be listed on the Notice of Related Cases.

Instructions for the Sixth Judicial Circuit Local Family Law Form, Notice of Related Cases, Pasco County 8/06

# Instruction Sheet For Filing A Notice Of Related Cases, Pasco County

The Notice of Related Cases should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing the form, you should **file** the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your case is filed and keep a copy for your records. A copy of the form must be mailed or hand delivered to any other party in your case. You must do this and show the date that you did it.

Rule of Judicial Administration 2.085(d) requires the petitioner to serve the Notice of Related Cases on the chief judge or family administrative judge. In this Circuit, this shall be done by sending or faxing this form to:

In West Pasco:	_, Unified
Family Court, Administrative Office of the	Courts,
West Pasco Judicial Center, 7530 Little Roa	.d, New
Port Richey, FL, 34654	
Fax:	

In East Pasco: \_\_\_\_\_\_, Unified Family Court, Administrative Office of the Courts, West Pasco Judicial Center, 38053 Live Oak Avenuc, Dade City, FL, 33525 Fax: \_\_\_\_\_\_.

# What should I do next?

**Each party**, whether the <u>petitioner</u> or the <u>respondent</u> has a continuing duty to inform the court of any cases in this or any other state that could affect the current case.

# Where can I look for more information?

Read the "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of the Family Law Forms in the Florida Rules of Court, Family Law Rules. You may also refer to Rule of Judicial Administration 2.085(d).

# IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA, IN AND FOR PASCO COUNTY FAMILY LAW DIVISION

UCN: 51-200	Pasco Case No.:	Division:
Petitione	_, er,	
Responde	 nt.	
NOTICE	OF RELATED CASES	
I, {full legal name}	, certify the following	:
□ I am aware of the following case(s) which are or	r may be related to the current case abov	e:
(Attach additional sheets as necessary.)		
Related Case		
Case No.:	-	
Case Name: (e.g., Smith v. Jones; In Re: the matter of R.		
(e.g., Smith v. Jones; In Re: the matter of R.	. S.; State v. Smith; etc.)	
Case Type: { } Dissolution of Marriage { } Paternit { } Juvenile Delinquency { } Domestic { } Other Petition:		
How are the cases related? { }Same Parties { } One I { }Same Issues	Party the Same:	{ } Same Children
Related Case		
Case No.:		
Case Name: (e.g., Smith v. Jones; In Re: the matter of R.	. S.; State v. Smith; etc.)	
Case Type: { } Dissolution of Marriage { } Paternit { } Juvenile Delinquency { } Domestic { } Other Petition:	Violence Injunction { } CINS/FINS	
How are the cases related? { }Same Parties { } One I { }Same Issues	Party the Same:	{ } Same Children
Related Case		
Case No.:	-	
Case Name: (e.g., Smith v. Jones; In Re: the matter of R.		
(e.g., Smith v. Jones; In Re: the matter of R.	. S.; State v. Smith; etc.)	
Case Type: { } Dissolution of Marriage { } Paternit { } Juvenile Delinquency { } Domestic { } Other Petition:	Violence Injunction { } CINS/FINS	
How are the cases related? { }Same Parties { } One H { }Same Issues	Party the Same:	{ } Same Children

□ I believe assignment of the cases to one judge or another method of coordination will conserve judicial resources and promote an efficient determination of the actions.

□ I believe assignment of the cases to one judge or another method of coordination will <u>not</u> conserve judicial resources nor promote an efficient determination of the actions because \_\_\_\_\_\_

□ I request coordination of the following above-listed cases: (Note: Out-of-county cases cannot be coordinated.)

# I UNDERSTAND THAT THE CIRCUIT COURT RESERVES THE RIGHT TO DECIDE WHEN AND HOW TO COORDINATE FILED CASES.

I UNDERSTAND THAT I HAVE A CONTINUING DUTY TO INFORM THE COURT OF ANY CASE IN THIS OR ANY OTHER STATE THAT COULD AFFECT THE CURRENT CASE.

THIS FORM SHALL BE USED FOR CASE MANAGEMENT PURPOSES ONLY AND MAY BE SEALED BY THE CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT IF IT IS DETERMINED CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION IS INCLUDED IN THIS FORM.

I certify that a copy of this document was [ $\checkmark$  one only]:  $\Box$  mailed  $\Box$  faxed and mailed  $\Box$  hand-delivered to the person(s) listed below on {date}

Other p	arty or his/her attorney:	
Name:		
Address:		
City, State	Zip:	
Fax Numb	er:	

	Other party or his/her attorney:
Na	me:
Ac	ldress:
Ci	ty, State, Zip:
Fa	x Number:

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Party:

# Attorney Instruction Sheet For Filing A Notice Of Related Cases, <u>Pinellas County</u>

Per Rule of Judicial Administration 2.085(d), the petitioner in a family case shall file with the court a notice of related cases, if related cases are known or reasonably ascertainable.

A case is related when:

- A) it involves any of the same parties, children, or issues and it is pending at the time the party files a family case; or
- B) it affects the court's authority to proceed; or
- C) an order in the related case that may conflict with an order on the same issues in the new case; or
- D) an order in the new case may conflict with an order in the earlier litigation.

Family cases include:

- dissolution of marriage,
- annulment,
- support unconnected with dissolution of marriage,
- paternity,
- child support,
- UIFSA,
- custodial care of and access to children,
- adoption,
- name change,
- declaratory judgment actions related to premarital, marital, or post-marital agreements,

- civil domestic violence, repeat violence, dating violence, and sexual violence injunctions,
- juvenile dependency,
- termination of parental rights,
- juvenile delinquency,
- emancipation of a minor,
- CINS/FINS,
- truancy, and
- modification and enforcement of orders entered in these cases.

The Notice of Related Cases shall be filed with the initial pleading by the filing attorney or self-represented petitioner.

Each party has a continuing duty to inform the court of any proceedings in this or any other state that could affect the current proceeding.

# <u>Attorney Instruction Sheet For Filing A Notice Of Related Cases,</u> <u>Pinellas County</u>

This Notice of Related Cases shall be filed with the Clerk of the Circuit Court and copies of this notice shall be served on all parties in the related cases.

Rule of Judicial Administration 2.085(d) requires the petitioner to also serve the Notice of Related Cases on the chief judge or family administrative judge. In this Circuit, this shall be accomplished by sending or faxing this form to:

Debra Leiman, Unified Family Court Staff Director, Administrative Office of the Courts, Criminal Justice Center, 14250 49<sup>th</sup> Street North, Clearwater, FL 33762 Fax: \_\_\_\_\_\_.

# Attorney Instruction Sheet For Filing A Notice Of Related Cases, Pasco County

Per Rule of Judicial Administration 2.085(d), the petitioner in a family case shall file with the court a notice of related cases, if related cases are known or reasonably ascertainable.

A case is related when:

- A) it involves any of the same parties, children, or issues and it is pending at the time the party files a family case; or
- B) it affects the court's authority to proceed; or
- C) an order in the related case that may conflict with an order on the same issues in the new case; or
- D) an order in the new case may conflict with an order in the earlier litigation.

Family cases include:

- dissolution of marriage,
- annulment,
- support unconnected with dissolution of marriage,
- paternity,
- child support,
- UIFSA,
- custodial care of and access to children,
- adoption,
- name change,
- declaratory judgment actions related to premarital, marital, or post-marital agreements,

- civil domestic violence, repeat violence, dating violence, and sexual violence injunctions,
- juvenile dependency,
- termination of parental rights,
- juvenile delinquency,
- emancipation of a minor,
- CINS/FINS,
- truancy, and
- modification and enforcement of orders entered in these cases.

The Notice of Related Cases shall be filed with the initial pleading by the filing attorney or self-represented petitioner.

Each party has a continuing duty to inform the court of any proceedings in this or any other state that could affect the current proceeding.

# Attorney Instruction Sheet For Filing A Notice Of Related Cases, Pasco County

This Notice of Related Cases shall be filed with the Clerk of the Circuit Court and copies of this notice shall be served on all parties in the related cases.

Rule of Judicial Administration 2.085(d) requires the petitioner to also serve the Notice of Related Cases on the chief judge or family administrative judge. In this Circuit, this shall be accomplished by sending or faxing this form to:

In West Pasco: \_\_\_\_\_\_, Unified Family Court, Administrative Office of the Courts, West Pasco Judicial Center, 7530 Little Road, New Port Richey, FL, 34654 Fax: \_\_\_\_\_.

In East Pasco: \_\_\_\_\_\_, Unified Family Court, Administrative Office of the Courts, West Pasco Judicial Center, 38053 Live Oak Avenue, Dade City, FL, 33525 Fax: \_\_\_\_\_\_

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.900(a), DISCLOSURE FROM NONLAWYER

#### When should this form be used?

This form must be used when anyone who is **not** a lawyer in good standing with The Florida Bar helps you complete any Florida Family Law Form. Attorneys who are licensed to practice in other states but not Florida, or who have been disbarred or suspended from the practice of law in Florida, are nonlawyers for the purposes of the Florida Family Law Forms and instructions.

The nonlawyer must complete this form and both of you are to sign it before the nonlawyer assists you in completing any Family Law Form.

**In addition**, on any other form with which a nonlawyer helps you, the nonlawyer shall complete the nonlawyer section located at the bottom of the form unless otherwise specified in the instructions to the form. This is to protect you and be sure that you are informed in advance of the nonlawyer's limitations.

# What should I do next?

A copy of this disclosure, signed by both the nonlawyer and the person, must be given to the person and the nonlawyer must keep a copy in the person's file. The nonlawyer must keep copies for at least six years of all forms given to the person being assisted.

#### Special notes...

This disclosure form does NOT act as or constitute a waiver, disclaimer, or limitation of liability.

# IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: Division:

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

# **DISCLOSURE FROM NONLAWYER**

{Name}\_\_\_\_\_, told me that he/she is a nonlawyer and may not give legal advice, cannot tell me what my rights or remedies are, cannot tell me how to testify in court, and cannot represent me in court.

Rule 10-2.1(b) of the Rules Regulating The Florida Bar defines a paralegal as a person who works under the supervision of a member of The Florida Bar and who performs specifically delegated substantive legal work for which a member of The Florida Bar is responsible. Only persons who meet the definition may call themselves paralegals. {Name}\_\_\_\_\_, informed me that he/she is not a paralegal and cannot call himself/herself a paralegal.

*{Name}\_\_\_\_\_*, told me that he/she may only type the factual information provided by me in writing into the blanks on the form. *{Name}\_\_\_\_\_*, may not help me fill in the form and may not complete the form for me. If using a form approved by the Supreme Court of Florida, also tell me how to file the form.

 $[\sqrt{one only}]$ 

I can read English.

I cannot read English, but this disclosure was read to me [fill in **both** blanks] by *[name]* in *[language]* , which I understand.

Dated: \_\_\_\_

Signature of Party

Signature of NONLAWYER Printed Name: Name of Business: Address:

Telephone Number:

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.901(b)(2), PETITION FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE WITH PROPERTY BUT NO DEPENDENT OR MINOR CHILD(REN)

# When should this form be used?

This form may be used when a husband or wife is filing for a <u>dissolution of marriage</u>, and the husband and wife have <u>marital assets</u> and/or <u>marital liabilities</u> but they do not have any dependent children nor is the wife is now pregnant. You and/or your <u>spouse</u> must have lived in Florida for at least 6 months before filing for a dissolution in Florida. If you and your spouse agree on all issues and both can attend the hearing, you may want to file a <u>simplified dissolution of marriage petition</u>, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.901(a). However, you cannot file for a simplified dissolution of marriage if **any** of the following are true:

- You disagree about property, debts, or other matters and wish to have a judge settle them for you.
- Either you or your spouse is seeking support (alimony).
- You would like to ask questions and get documents concerning your spouse's income, expenses, assets, debts, or other matters before having a trial or settlement.
- You would like to reserve your rights to have any matters reconsidered or appeal the judge's decision.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a **<u>notary public</u>** or <u>**deputy clerk**</u>. You should <u>**file**</u> the original with the <u>**clerk** of the circuit court</u> in the county where you live and keep a copy for your records.

# What should I do next?

For your case to proceed, you must properly notify your spouse of the <u>petition</u>. If you know where he or she lives, you may use <u>constructive service</u>. If you absolutely do not know where he or she lives, you may use <u>constructive service</u>. You may also be able to use constructive service if your spouse resides in another state or country. However, if constructive service is used, other than granting a divorce, the court may only grant limited relief. For more information on constructive service, see Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a), and Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b). If your spouse is in the military service of the United States, additional steps for service may be required. See, for example, Memorandum for Certificate of Military Service, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(a). In sum, the law regarding constructive service and service on an individual in the military service is very complex and you may wish to consult an attorney regarding these issues.

If personal service is used, the <u>respondent</u> has 20 days to answer after being served with your petition. Your case will then generally proceed in one of the following three ways:

**DEFAULT...** If after 20 days, your spouse has not filed an **answer**, you may file a **Motion for Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a), with the clerk of court. Then, if you have filed all of the required papers, you may call the clerk, **family law intake staff**, or **judicial assistant** to set a **final hearing**. You must notify your spouse of the hearing by using a **Notice of Hearing (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, or other appropriate notice of hearing form.

**<u>UNCONTESTED</u>**... If the respondent files an answer that agrees with everything in your petition or an answer and waiver, **and** you have complied with **<u>mandatory disclosure</u>** and filed all of the required

papers, you may call the clerk, family law intake staff, or judicial assistant to set a final hearing. You must notify your spouse of the hearing by using a **Notice of Hearing (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, or other appropriate notice of hearing form.

**<u>CONTESTED</u>**... If the respondent files an answer or an answer and <u>**counterpetition**</u>, which disagrees with or denies anything in your petition, **and** you are unable to settle the disputed issues, you should file a **Notice for Trial**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.924, after you have complied with mandatory disclosure and filed all of the required papers. Some circuits may require the completion of <u>**mediation**</u> before a final hearing may be set. You should contact the clerk, family law intake staff, or judicial assistant for instructions on how to set your case for trial (final hearing). If the respondent files an answer and counterpetition, you should answer the counterpetition within 20 days using an **Answer to Counterpetition**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.903(d).

# Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** The words that are in "<u>bold underline</u>" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 61, Florida Statutes.

# Special notes...

If you do not have the money to pay the filing fee, you may obtain an Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status from the clerk, fill it out, and the clerk will determine whether you are eligible to have filing fees deferred.

If this is a domestic violence case and you want to keep your address confidential for safety reasons, do not enter the address, telephone, and fax information at the bottom of this form. Instead, file **Petitioner's Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h).

With this form, you must also file the following:

- Affidavit of Corroborating Witness, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(i) OR photocopy of current Florida driver's license, Florida identification card, or voter's registration card (issue date of copied document must be at least six months before date case is actually filed with the clerk of the circuit court).
- Marital Settlement Agreement for Dissolution of Marriage with No Dependent or Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(f)(2), if you and your spouse have reached an agreement on any or all of the issues.
- Notice of Social Security Number, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(j).
- **Family Law Financial Affidavit**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c). (This must be filed within 45 days of service of the petition on the respondent, if not filed at the time of the petition.)
- Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932. (This must be filed within 45 days of <u>service</u> of the petition on the respondent, if not filed at the time of the petition, unless you and your spouse have agreed not to exchange these documents.)

Alimony... Alimony may be awarded to a spouse if the judge finds that he or she needs it and that the other spouse has the ability to pay it. If you want alimony, you must request it in writing in the

original petition or counterpetition. If you do not request alimony in writing before the final hearing, it is waived (you may not request it later). You may request either <u>permanent alimony</u>, <u>lump sum alimony</u>, or <u>rehabilitative alimony</u>.

**Marital/Nonmarital Assets and Liabilities...** Florida law requires an **equitable distribution** of <u>marital</u> <u>assets</u> and <u>marital liabilities</u>. "Equitable" does not necessarily mean "equal." Many factors, including alimony awards, may lead the court to make an unequal (but still equitable) distribution of assets and liabilities. <u>Nonmarital assets</u> and <u>nonmarital liabilities</u> are those assets and liabilities which the parties agree or the court determines belong to, or are the responsibility of, only one of the parties. If the parties agree or the court finds an asset or liability to be nonmarital, the judge will not consider it when distributing marital assets and liabilities.

**Temporary Relief...** If you need temporary relief regarding temporary use of assets, temporary responsibility for liabilities, or temporary alimony, you may file a **Motion for Temporary Support with No Dependent or Minor Child(ren)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.947(c). For more information, see the instructions for that form.

**Marital Settlement Agreement...** If you and your spouse are able to reach an agreement on any or all of the issues, you should file a **Marital Settlement Agreement for Dissolution of Marriage with Property But No Dependent or Minor Child(ren)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(f)(2). Both husband and wife must sign this agreement before a <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>. Any issues on which you are unable to agree will be considered <u>contested</u> and settled by the judge at the final hearing.

**Final Judgment** Form... These family law forms contain a Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage with Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.990(c)(2), which the judge may use if your case is contested. If you and your spouse reach an agreement on all of the issues, the judge may use a Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage with Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) (Uncontested), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.990(b)(2). You should check with the clerk, family law intake staff, or judicial assistant to see if you need to bring a final judgment with you to the hearing. If so, you should type or print the heading, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the parties' names, and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete at your hearing or trial.

**Nonlawyer...** Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

# IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_ Division:

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

#### PETITION FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE WITH PROPERTY BUT NO DEPENDENT OR MINOR CHILD(REN)

I, {full legal name} \_\_\_\_\_, the  $[\sqrt{\text{one only}}]$  ( ) Husband ( ) Wife, being sworn, certify that the following statements are true:

- 1. JURISDICTION/RESIDENCE ( ) Husband ( ) Wife ( ) Both has (have) lived in Florida for at least 6 months before the filing of this Petition for Dissolution of Marriage.
- The husband [ $\sqrt{}$  one only] ( ) is ( ) is not a member of the military service. 2. The wife  $[\sqrt{one} \text{ only}]()$  is () is not a member of the military service.
- 3. MARRIAGE HISTORY

Date of marriage: {month, day, year}	
Place of marriage: { <i>city, state, country</i> }	
Date of separation: {month, day, year}	<b>√</b> if approximate)

- 4. THERE ARE NO MINOR (under 18) OR DEPENDENT CHILD(REN) COMMON TO BOTH PARTIES AND THE WIFE IS NOT PREGNANT.
- A completed Notice of Social Security Number, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law 5. Form 12.902(j), is filed with this petition.
- THIS PETITION FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE SHOULD BE GRANTED BECAUSE: 6.  $\int \int \mathbf{one} \, \mathrm{only}$
- a. The marriage is irretrievably broken.
- b. One of the parties has been adjudged mentally incapacitated for a period of 3 years before the filing of this petition. A copy of the Judgment of Incapacity is attached.

#### SECTION I. MARITAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

[**√** one only]

- 1. There are no marital assets or liabilities.
- 2. There are marital assets or liabilities. All marital and nonmarital assets and liabilities are (or will be) listed in the financial affidavits, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c), to be filed in this case.

 $\left[ \sqrt{all that apply} \right]$ 

a. All marital assets and debts have been divided by a written agreement between the parties, which is attached to be incorporated into the final judgment of dissolution of marriage. (The parties may use Marital Settlement Agreement for Simplified Dissolution of Marriage, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(f)(3) or Marital Settlement Agreement for Dissolution of Marriage with No Dependent or Minor Child(ren), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(f)(2).
 b. The Court should determine how the assets and liabilities of this marriage are to be

distributed, under section 61.075, Florida Statutes.c. Petitioner should be awarded an interest in Respondent's property because:

### SECTION II. SPOUSAL SUPPORT (ALIMONY)

- [**√** one only]
- 1. Petitioner forever gives up his/her right to spousal support (alimony) from Respondent.

2. Petitioner requests that the Court order Respondent to pay the following spousal support (alimony) and claims that he or she has a need for the support that he or she is requesting and Respondent has the ability to pay that support. Spousal support (alimony) is requested in the amount of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ every ( ) week ( ) other week ( ) month, beginning {date} and continuing until {date or event} \_\_\_\_\_

Explain why the Court should order Respondent to pay and any specific request(s) for type of alimony (temporary, permanent, rehabilitative, and/or lump sum):

 $[\checkmark$  if applies] ( ) Petitioner requests life insurance on Respondent's life, provided by Respondent, to secure such support.

#### **SECTION III. OTHER**

1. [If Petitioner is also the Wife, **√ one** only] ( ) yes ( ) no Petitioner/Wife wants to be known by her former name, which was *{full legal name}*.

2. Other relief {*specify*}:\_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION IV. PETITIONER'S REQUEST** (This section summarizes what you are asking the Court to include in the final judgment of dissolution of marriage.)

Petitioner requests that the Court enter an order dissolving the marriage and:

 $\left[ \sqrt{all} \text{ that apply} \right]$ 

- 1. distributing marital assets and liabilities as requested in Section I of this petition;
- 2. awarding spousal support (alimony) as requested in Section II of this petition;

3. restoring Wife's former name as requested in Section III of this petition;

4. awarding other relief as requested in Section III of this petition; and any other terms the Court deems necessary.

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this petition and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:	
	Signature of Petitioner
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on	by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or deputy clerk.]
Personally known	
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	
Type of identification produced	

### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE

BLANKS BELOW: [	fill in <b>all</b> blanks			
I, {full legal name and	trade name of nonlawyer}	}		,
a nonlawyer, located at	t { <i>street</i> }		, {city}	,
{state}	_, {phone}	, helped {name}		,
who is the petitioner, f	ill out this form.			

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.901(b)(3), PETITION FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE WITH NO DEPENDENT OR MINOR CHILD(REN) OR PROPERTY

#### When should this form be used?

This form may be used when a husband or wife is filing for a <u>dissolution of marriage</u>, and the husband and wife have no <u>marital assets</u> and/or <u>marital liabilities</u> and they do not have any dependent children nor is the wife is now pregnant. You and/or your spouse must have lived in Florida for at least 6 months before filing for a dissolution in Florida. If you and your spouse agree on all issues and both can attend the hearing, you may want to file a petition for simplified dissolution of marriage, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.901(a). However, you may <u>file</u> this form if **all** of the following are true:

- You have no marital assets or marital debts.
- Neither you nor your spouse is seeking support (alimony).

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a **notary public** or **deputy clerk**. You should **file** the original with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where you live and keep a copy for your records.

#### What should I do next?

For your case to proceed, you must properly notify your spouse of the **<u>petition</u>**. If you know where he or she lives, you may use <u>**constructive service**</u>. You may also be able to use constructive service if your spouse resides in another state or country. However, if constructive service is used, other than granting a divorce, the court may only grant limited relief. For more information on constructive service, see **Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a), and **Affidavit of Diligent Search and Inquiry**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b). If your spouse is in the military service of the United States, additional steps for service may be required. See, for example, **Memorandum for Certificate of Military Service**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(a). In sum, the law regarding constructive service and service on an individual in the military service is very complex and you may wish to consult an attorney regarding these issues.

If personal service is used, the <u>respondent</u> has 20 days to answer after being served with your petition. Your case will then generally proceed in one of the following three ways:

**DEFAULT...** If after 20 days, your spouse has not filed an **answer**, you may file a **Motion for Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a), with the clerk of court. Then, if you have filed all of the required papers, you may call the clerk, **family law intake staff**, or **judicial assistant** to set a **final hearing**. You must notify your spouse of the hearing by using a **Notice of Hearing (General)**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, or other appropriate notice of hearing form.

<u>UNCONTESTED</u>... If the respondent files an answer that agrees with everything in your petition or an answer and waiver, **and** you have complied with <u>mandatory disclosure</u> and filed all of the required papers, you may call the clerk, family law intake staff, or judicial assistant to set a final hearing. You must notify your spouse of the hearing by using a Notice of Hearing (General), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, or other appropriate notice of hearing form.

**<u>CONTESTED</u>**... If the respondent files an answer or an answer and <u>**counterpetition**</u>, which disagrees with or denies anything in your petition, **and** you are unable to settle the disputed issues, you should file a **Notice for Trial**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.924, after you have complied with mandatory disclosure and filed all of the required papers. Some circuits may require the completion of <u>**mediation**</u> before a final hearing may be set. You should contact the clerk, family law intake staff, or judicial assistant for instructions on how to set your case for trial (final hearing). If the respondent files an answer and counterpetition, you should answer the counterpetition within 20 days using an **Answer to Counterpetition**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.903(d).

#### Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** The words that are in "<u>bold underline</u>" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 61, Florida Statutes.

#### Special notes...

If you do not have the money to pay the filing fee, you may obtain an Application for Determination of Civil Indigent Status from the clerk, fill it out, and the clerk will determine whether you are eligible to have filing fees deferred.

If this is a domestic violence case and you want to keep your address confidential for safety reasons, do not enter the address, telephone, and fax information at the bottom of this form. Instead, file **Petitioner's Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(h).

With this form, you must also file the following:

- Affidavit of Corroborating Witness, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(i) OR photocopy of current Florida driver's license, Florida identification card, or voter's registration card (issue date of copied document must be at least six months before date case is actually filed with the clerk of the circuit court).
- Notice of Social Security Number, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(j).
- **Family Law Financial Affidavit**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c). (This must be filed within 45 days of service of the petition on the respondent, if not filed at the time of the petition.)
- Certificate of Compliance with Mandatory Disclosure, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.932. (This must be filed within 45 days of <u>service</u> of the petition on the respondent, if not filed at the time of the petition, unless you and your spouse have agreed not to exchange these documents.)

**Final Judgment** Form... These family law forms contain a Final Judgment of Dissolution of Marriage with No Property or Minor Child(ren) (Uncontested), Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.990(b)(3). You should check with the clerk, family law intake staff, or judicial assistant to see if you need to bring a final judgment with you to the hearing. If so, you should type or print the heading, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the parties' names, and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete at your hearing or trial.

**Nonlawyer...** Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida

Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

# IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.:\_\_\_\_\_ Division:

Petitioner,

and

3.

Respondent.

#### PETITION FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE WITH NO DEPENDENT OR MINOR CHILD(REN) OR PROPERTY

I, {full legal name} \_\_\_\_\_, the  $[\sqrt{\text{one only}}]$  ( ) Husband ( ) Wife, being sworn, certify that the following statements are true:

- 1. JURISDICTION/RESIDENCE ( ) Husband ( ) Wife ( ) Both has (have) lived in Florida for at least 6 months before the filing of this Petition for Dissolution of Marriage.
- The husband [ $\sqrt{}$  one only] ( ) is ( ) is not a member of the military service. 2. The wife  $[\sqrt{one} \text{ only}]()$  is () is not a member of the military service.
  - MARRIAGE HISTORY Date of marriage: {month, day, year} Place of marriage: {*city, state, country*} \_\_\_\_\_\_ Date of separation: {*month, day, year*} \_\_\_\_\_\_(  $\sqrt{if}$  approximate)
- 4. THERE ARE NO MINOR (under 18) OR DEPENDENT CHILD(REN) COMMON TO BOTH PARTIES AND THE WIFE IS NOT PREGNANT.
- A completed Notice of Social Security Number, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law 5. Form 12.902(j), is filed with this petition.
- THIS PETITION FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE SHOULD BE GRANTED BECAUSE: 6.  $\int \int \mathbf{one} \, \mathrm{only}$
- a. The marriage is irretrievably broken.
- b. One of the parties has been adjudged mentally incapacitated for a period of 3 years before the filing of this petition. A copy of the Judgment of Incapacity is attached.
- 7. THERE ARE NO MARITAL ASSETS OR LIABILITIES.

#### PETITIONER FOREVER GIVES UP HIS/HER RIGHTS TO SPOUSAL SUPPORT 8. (ALIMONY) FROM RESPONDENT.

[If Petitioner is also the Wife,  $\sqrt{}$  one only] ( ) yes ( ) no Petitioner/Wife wants to be known by 9. her former name, which was {full legal name}

10. Other relief {*specify*}:

**PETITIONER'S REQUEST** (This section summarizes what you are asking the Court to include in the final judgment of dissolution of marriage.)

Petitioner requests that the Court enter an order dissolving the marriage and:

- $[\sqrt{all} \text{ that apply}]$ 
  - 1. restoring Wife's former name as specified in paragraph 9 of this petition;
  - 2. awarding other relief as specified in paragraph 10 of this petition; and any other terms the Court deems necessary.

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this petition and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:	
	Signature of Petitioner
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me of	nby
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]
Personally known	3
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	
IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILI	L OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE
BLANKS BELOW: [fill in all blanks]	
I, {full legal name and trade name of nonlaw	yer}
a nonlawyer, located at {street}	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
{state} , {phone}	, helped {name}
who is the petitioner, fill out this form.	

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.902(j), NOTICE OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER

#### When should this form be used?

This form must be completed and filed by each party in all **<u>paternity</u>**, **<u>child support</u>**, and <u>**dissolution of**</u> **<u>marriage</u>** cases, regardless of whether the case involves a minor child(ren) and/or property.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your case was filed and keep a copy for your records.

#### What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed or hand delivered to the other party in your case, if it is not <u>served</u> on him or her with your initial papers.

#### Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** The words that are in "<u>bold underline</u>" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see sections 61.052 and 61.13, Florida Statutes.

#### Special notes...

If this is a domestic violence case and you want to keep your address confidential for safety reasons, do not enter the address, telephone, and fax information at the bottom of this form. Instead, file Petitioner's Request for Confidential Filing of Address, SD Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(i).

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**,  $\square$  Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_ Division:

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

#### NOTICE OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER

I, {full legal name} \_\_\_\_\_

certify that my social security number is \_\_\_\_\_\_, as required in section 61.052(7), sections 61.13(9) or (10), section 742.031(3), sections 742.032(1)-(3), and/or sections 742.10(1)–(2), Florida Statutes. My date of birth is

[**√** one only]

1. This notice is being filed in a dissolution of marriage case in which the parties have no minor children in common.

2. This notice is being filed in a paternity or child support case, or in a dissolution of marriage in which the parties have minor children in common. The minor child(ren)'s name(s), date(s) of birth, and social security number(s) is/are:

Name	Birth date	Social Security Number

{*Attach additional pages if necessary.*}

Disclosure of social security numbers shall be limited to the purpose of administration of the Title IV-D program for child support enforcement.

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this notice and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:	
	Signature
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
STATE OF FLORIDA	
COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on _	by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	NOTARY PUBLIC OF DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk]
	[1 mil, type, of stamp commissioned name of notary of clerk]
Personally known	
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	
IF A NONLAWVER HELPED VOLLEILL	<b>L</b> OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE
BLANKS BELOW: [ ∠ fill in all blanks]	2 OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE WOST FILL IN THE

I, {full legal name and trade name of nonlawyer}

I, {full legal name and trade name of nonli	awyer},
a nonlawyer, located at {street}	, {city}
{ <i>state</i> }, { <i>phone</i> }	, helped { <i>name</i> },
who is the [ $$ one only] petitioner or	

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.902(b), FAMILY LAW FINANCIAL AFFIDAVIT (SHORT FORM)

#### When should this form be used?

This form should be used when you are involved in a family law case which requires a <u>financial affidavit</u> and your individual gross income is UNDER \$50,000 per year.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a **notary public**. You should **file** the original with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where the **petition** was filed and keep a copy for your records.

#### What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed or hand delivered to the other **<u>party</u>** in your case, if it is not served on him or her with your initial papers. This must be accomplished within 45 days of service of the petition.

#### Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** The words that are in "<u>bold underline</u>" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

#### Special notes...

If this is a domestic violence case and you want to keep your address confidential for safety reasons, do not enter the address, telephone, and fax information at the bottom of this form. Instead, file **Petitioner's Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, SD Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(i).

The affidavit must be completed using **monthly** income and expense amounts. If you are paid or your bills are due on a schedule which is not monthly, you must convert those amounts. Hints are provided below for making these conversions.

•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••						
Hourly - If you are paid by the hour, you may convert your income to monthly as follows:						
Hourly amount	×	Hours worked per week	=	Weekly amount		
Weekly amount	×	52 Weeks per year	=	Yearly amount		
Yearly amount	÷	12 Months per year	=	Monthly Amount		
<b>Daily</b> - If you are paid by the day, y	you may co	onvert your income to monthly	as follow	/S:		
Daily amount	×	Days worked per week	=	Weekly amount		
Weekly amount	×	52 Weeks per year	=	Yearly amount		
Yearly amount	÷	12 Months per year	=	Monthly Amount		
Weekly - If you are paid by the we	ek, you ma	ay convert your income to mon	thly as fo	llows:		
Weekly amount	×	52 Weeks per year	=	Yearly amount		
Yearly amount	÷	12 Months per year	=	Monthly Amount		
Bi-weekly - If you are paid every to	vo weeks,	you may convert your income	to month	ly as follows:		
Bi-weekly amount	×	26	=	Yearly amount		
Yearly amount	÷	12 Months per year	=	<b>Monthly Amount</b>		
<b>Bi-monthly</b> - If you are paid twice	per month	, you may convert your income	e to mont	hly as follows:		
Bi-monthly amount	×	2	=	Monthly Amount		
v he converted in the same manr	ner					

Expenses may be converted in the same manner.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, S Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form) (07/03)

**must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

Instructions for Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b), Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form) (07/03)

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, COUNTY, FLORIDA
IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Case No.: Division:
Petitioner,	
and	
, Respondent.	
	L AFFIDAVIT (SHORT FORM) Idual Gross Annual Income)
I, <i>{full legal name}</i> information is true:	, being sworn, certify that the following
My Occupation: Employed	by:
Business Address:	
	ry other week ( ) twice a month ( ) monthly ( ) other:
	<b>DME:</b> this form to figure out money amounts for anything that is NOT paid r "other" should be listed separately with separate dollar amounts.
<ol> <li>Monthly gross salary or wages</li> <li>Monthly bonuses, commissions, allowances, overtin</li> <li>Monthly business income from sources such as sel close corporations, and/or independent contracts (g and necessary expenses required to produce income such income and expenses.)</li> </ol>	f-employment, partnerships, ross receipts minus ordinary (
<ol> <li>Monthly disability benefits/SSI</li> <li>Monthly Workers' Compensation</li> <li>Monthly Unemployment Compensation</li> <li>Monthly pension, retirement, or annuity payments</li> <li>Monthly Social Security benefits</li> <li>Monthly alimony actually received</li> <li>9a. From this case: \$</li> </ol>	4 5 6 7 8
<ul> <li>9b. From other case(s):</li> <li>10. Monthly interest and dividends</li> <li>11. Monthly rental income (gross receipts minus ordir required to produce income) (□ Attach sheet itemizi items.)</li> </ul>	ng such income and expense 11.
12. Monthly income from royalties, trusts, or estates	12.

13. \_\_\_\_\_

 14.

 15.

 16.

TOTAL:

17. \$\_\_\_\_\_

13. Monthly reimbursed expenses and in-kind payments to the extent that they

14. Monthly gains derived from dealing in property (not including nonrecurring

15. Any other income of a recurring nature (list source)

**17. PRESENT MONTHLY GROSS INCOME** (Add lines 1–16)

reduce personal living expenses

gains)

16.

#### **PRESENT MONTHLY DEDUCTIONS:**

18.	Monthly federal, state, and l allowable dependents and inc			or filing status and		
	<ul><li>a. Filing Status</li><li>b. Number of dependents</li></ul>	s claimed			18. \$	
19.	Monthly FICA or self-employ				19	
20.	Monthly Medicare payments				20	
21.	Monthly mandatory union due	es			21	
22.	Monthly mandatory retirement	t payments			22	
23.	Monthly health insurance pa			surance), excluding		
	portion paid for any minor ch	ildren of this re	lationship		23.	
24.	Monthly court-ordered child	support actuall	y paid for ch	ildren from another		
	relationship				24	
25.	Monthly court-ordered alimon	ny actually paid				
	25a. from this c	ase: \$				
	25b. from other	case(s):		Add 25a and 25b	25	
26.	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS AI					
	FLORIDA STATUTES (Ad	d lines 18 throu	igh 25)	TOTA	L: 26. \$	
PR	ESENT NET MONTHLY IN	COME (Subtr	act line 26 fro	m line 17)	27. \$	
	CTION II. AVERAGE MON	THLY EXPE				
А.	HOUSEHOLD:			E. OTHER EXPENS		
	Mortgage or rent	\$		Clothing	\$	
	Property taxes	\$		Medical/Dental (u	ininsured) \$	
	Utilities	\$		Grooming	\$	
	Telephone	\$		Entertainment	\$	
	Food	\$		Gifts	\$	
	Meals outside home	\$		Religious organization	ations \$	
	Maintenance/Repairs	\$		Miscellaneous	\$	
	Other:	\$		Other:	\$	
					\$	
В.	AUTOMOBILE				\$	
	Gasoline	\$				
	Repairs	\$			\$	
	Insurance	\$			\$	
					\$	
С.	CHILD(REN)'S EXPENSES		-		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
	Day care	\$		F. PAYMENTS TO	CREDITORS	MONTHLY
	Lunch money	\$		CREDITOR:		PAYMENT
	Clothing	\$			\$	<u> </u>
	Grooming	\$			\$	
	Gifts for holidays	\$			\$	
	Medical/dental (uninsured)	\$			\$	
	Other:	\$			\$	
					\$	<u> </u>
D.	INSURANCE				\$	
	Medical/dental	\$			\$	
	Child(ren)'s medical/dental	\$			\$	
	Life	\$			\$	
	Other:	\$			\$	

## **28. TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES** (add **ALL** monthly amounts in A through F above)

28. \$\_\_\_\_\_

#### SUMMARY

29.	TOTAL PRESENT MONTHLY NET INCOME	
	(from line 27 of SECTION I. INCOME)	29. \$ <u></u>
30.	TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES (from line 28 above)	30. \$ <u></u>
31.	<b>SURPLUS</b> (If line 29 is more than line 30, subtract line 30 from line 29.	
	This is the amount of your surplus. Enter that amount here.)	31. \$
32.	(DEFICIT) (If line 30 is more than line 29, subtract line 29 from line 30.	
	This is the amount of your deficit. Enter that amount here.)	32. (\$)

#### SECTION III. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Use the nonmarital column only if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage and you believe an item is "nonmarital," meaning it belongs to only one of you and should not be divided. You should indicate to whom you believe the item(s) or debt belongs. (Typically, you will only use this column if property/debt was owned/owed by one spouse before the marriage. See the "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms and section 61.075(1), Florida Statutes, for definitions of "marital" and "nonmarital" assets and liabilities.)

#### A. ASSETS:

DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S). List a description of each separate item owned by you (and/or your spouse, if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage). DO NOT LIST ACCOUNT NUMBERS. ✓ the box next to any asset(s) which you are	Current Fair Market Value	Nonmarital (√ correct column)	
requesting the judge award to you.		husband	wife
□ Cash (on hand)	\$		
□ Cash (in banks or credit unions)			
□ Stocks, Bonds, Notes			
□ Real estate: (Home)			
□ (Other)			
□ Other personal property			
□ Retirement plans (Profit Sharing, Pension, IRA, 401(k)s, etc.)			
□ Other			
$\Box \checkmark$ here if additional pages are attached.			
Total Assets (add column B)	\$		

#### **B. LIABILITIES:**

DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S). List a description of each separate debt owed by you (and/or your spouse, if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage). DO NOT LIST ACCOUNT NUMBERS. ✓ the box next to any debt(s) for which you	Current Amount Owed	Nonmarital (√ correct column)	
believe you should be responsible.		husband	wife
□ Mortgages on real estate: First mortgage on home	\$		
□ Second mortgage on home			
□ Other mortgages			
0			
Auto loans			
Charge/credit card accounts			
0			
□ Other			
$\Box \checkmark$ here if additional pages are attached.			
Total Debts (add column B)	\$		

#### C. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:

INSTRUCTIONS: If you have any **POSSIBLE assets** (income potential, accrued vacation or sick leave, bonus, inheritance, etc.) or **POSSIBLE liabilities** (possible lawsuits, future unpaid taxes, contingent tax liabilities, debts assumed by another), you must list them here.

Contingent Assets	Possible Value	Nonm (√ correc	arital t column)
✓ the box next to any contingent asset(s) which you are requesting the judge award to you.		husband	wife
	\$		
Total Contingent Assets	\$		

Contingent Liabilities	Possible Amount Owed		narital t column)
✓ the box next to any contingent debt(s) for which you believe you should be responsible.	Oweu	husband	wife
	\$		
Total Contingent Liabilities	\$		

#### SECTION IV. CHILD SUPPORT GUIDELINES WORKSHEET

( $\square$  Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(e), Child Support Guidelines Worksheet, MUST be filed with the court at or prior to a hearing to establish or modify child support. This requirement cannot be waived by the parties.) [ $\sqrt{}$  one only]

- A Child Support Guidelines Worksheet IS or WILL BE filed in this case. This case involves the establishment or modification of child support.
- A Child Support Guidelines Worksheet IS NOT being filed in this case. The establishment or modification of child support is not an issue in this case.

I certify that a copy of this document was  $[\sqrt{\text{one only}}]()$  mailed () faxed and mailed () hand delivered to the person(s) listed below on  $\{date\}$ 

Other party or his/her attorney:
Name:
Address:
City, State, Zip:
Fax Number:

Dated:

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this affidavit and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Address: City, State, Zip: Telephone Number: Fax Number:
Printed Name:
Address: City, State, Zip: Telephone Number: Fax Number:
City, State, Zip: Telephone Number: Fax Number:
Fax Number:
Fax Number:
by
NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or deputy clerk.]
deputy clerk.]
deputy elerk.j
deputy elerk.j
[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notar

I, {full legal name and trade name of nonlawyer}_	,
a nonlawyer, located at {street}	, { <i>city</i> },
{ <i>state</i> }, { <i>phone</i> }	, helped { <i>name</i> },
who is the [ $$ one only] petitioner or resp	ondent, fill out this form.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULE OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.902(c), FAMILY LAW FINANCIAL AFFIDAVIT

#### When should this form be used?

This form should be used when you are involved in a family law case which requires a <u>financial affidavit</u> and your individual gross income is \$50,000 OR MORE per year.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a **<u>notary public</u>**. You should then <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where the <u>petition</u> was filed and keep a copy for your records.

#### What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed or hand delivered to the other **<u>party</u>** in your case, if it is not served on him or her with your initial papers. This must be accomplished within 45 days of service of the petition.

#### Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** The words that are in "<u>bold underline</u>" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

#### Special notes...

If this is a domestic violence case and you want to keep your address confidential for safety reasons, do not enter the address, telephone, and fax information at the bottom of this form. Instead, file **Petitioner's Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, **C** Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(i).

The affidavit must be completed using **monthly** income and expense amounts. If you are paid or your bills are due on a schedule which is not monthly, you must convert those amounts. Hints are provided below for making these conversions.

Hourly - If you are paid by the hour	ir, you ma	y convert your income to mont	hly as foll	ows:
Hourly amount	×	Hours worked per week	=	Weekly amount
Weekly amount	×	52 Weeks per year		= Yearly
amount				
Yearly amount	÷	12 Months per year	=	<b>Monthly Amount</b>
<b>Daily</b> - If you are paid by the day,	you may c	convert your income to monthly	as follow	S:
Daily amount	×	Days worked per week	=	Weekly amount
Weekly amount	×	52 Weeks per year		= Yearly
amount				
Yearly amount	÷	12 Months per year	=	<b>Monthly Amount</b>
Weekly - If you are paid by the we	ek, you m	ay convert your income to mor	thly as fol	llows:
Weekly amount	×	52 Weeks per year	=	Yearly amount
Yearly amount	÷	12 Months per year	=	<b>Monthly Amount</b>
Bi-weekly - If you are paid every t	wo weeks	, you may convert your income	to monthl	y as follows:
Bi-weekly amount	×	26	=	Yearly amount
J	÷	F - J		<b>Monthly Amount</b>
Bi-monthly - If you are paid twice	per month	n, you may convert your incom	e to month	ly as follows:
Bi-monthly amount	×	2	=	<b>Monthly Amount</b>
v be converted in the same man	ner.			

Expenses may be converted in the same manner.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, S Florida Family Law Rules

of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

#### IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_ Division:

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

#### FAMILY LAW FINANCIAL AFFIDAVIT

(\$50,000 or more Individual Gross Annual Income)

, being I, {full legal name} \_\_\_\_ sworn, certify that the following information is true:

#### **SECTION I. INCOME**

1.	Date of Birth:	

2. My occupation is:	
----------------------	--

I am currently 3.

#### $\left[ \sqrt{all} \text{ that apply} \right]$

a. Unemployed

Describe your efforts to find employment, how soon you expect to be employed, and the pay you expect to receive:

b. Employed by:

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

City, State, Zip code: \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone Number:

Pay rate: \$\_\_\_\_\_() every week () every other week () twice a month

( ) monthly ( ) other:

If you are expecting to become unemployed or change jobs soon, describe the change you expect and why and how it will affect your income:

□ Check here if you currently have more than one job. List the information above for the second job(s) on a separate sheet and attach it to this affidavit.

c. Retired. Date of retirement:

Employer from whom retired:

	Address:				
	City, State, Zip code:	Telep	hone Nu	mber:	
LA		Your Income		•	ncome (if known)
	YEAR	\$	\$		-
PR	ESENT MONTHLY GROSS INC	OME:			
All mor	<b>amounts must be MONTHLY.</b> See the ins nthly. Attach more paper, if needed. Items i	tructions with this form to figure out mo ncluded under "other" should be listed	ney amoun separately	ts for anyth with separa	ing that is NOT paid te dollar amounts.
	Monthly gross salary or wages			1. \$ <u> </u>	
2.	Monthly bonuses, commissions, a	llowances, overtime, tips, and	similar		
_	payments			2	
3.	Monthly business income from partnerships, close corporations, and	/or independent contracts (Gross I	receipts		
	minus ordinary and necessary expe		:.)	2	
4.	(□ Attach sheet itemizing such inco Monthly disability benefits/SSI	ome and expenses.)		3	
	Monthly Workers' Compensation			4. <u> </u>	
<i>5</i> . 6.	Monthly Unemployment Compensation	ation		J	
0. 7.	Monthly pension, retirement, or an			0. <u> </u>	
	Monthly Social Security benefits	fully payments			
9.	Monthly alimony actually received			o	
	9a. From this case:				
	9b. From other case(s)	: Add 9a	and 9b	9.	
10.	Monthly interest and dividends			10.	
	Monthly rental income (gross re	ceipts minus ordinary and new	cessary		
	expenses required to produce incom	e) ( Attach sheet itemizing such :	income		
	and expense items.)			11	
	Monthly income from royalties, tru			12	
13.	Monthly reimbursed expenses and				
	reduce personal living expenses (	Attach sheet itemizing each ite	em and	10	
1.4	amount.)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		13	
14.	Monthly gains derived from dealing	in property (not including nonre	curring	1.4	
۸	gains)	(identify gamma)		14	
	y other income of a recurring nature			15	
				15. <u> </u>	
10.				10.	
17.	PRESENT MONTHLY GROSS	<b>INCOME</b> (Add lines 1–16) <b>T</b>	OTAL:	17.\$	

#### **PRESENT MONTHLY DEDUCTIONS:**

All amounts must be MONTHLY. See the instructions with this form to figure out money amounts for anything that is NOT paid monthly.

 18. \$\_\_\_\_\_

 19. \_\_\_\_\_

 20. \_\_\_\_\_

- 18. Monthly federal, state, and local income tax (corrected for filing status and
  - allowable dependents and income tax liabilities)
    - a. Filing Status \_\_\_\_\_
    - b. Number of dependents claimed \_\_\_\_\_
- 19. Monthly FICA or self-employment taxes
- 20. Monthly Medicare payments

21. Monthly mandatory union dues	21
22. Monthly mandatory retirement payments	22
<ul> <li>23. Monthly health insurance payments (including dental insurance), excluding portion paid for any minor children of this relationship</li> <li>24. Monthly exact and added a bild generate the line point of the point of the</li></ul>	23
<ul> <li>24. Monthly court-ordered child support actually paid for children from another relationship</li> <li>25. Monthly a part and addimensional children id</li> </ul>	24
25. Monthly court-ordered alimony actually paid 25a. from this case: <u>\$</u>	
25b. from other case(s): Add 25a and 25b	25
26. TOTAL DEDUCTIONS ALLOWABLE UNDER SECTION 61.30,	
<b>FLORIDA STATUTES</b> (Add lines 18 through 25) <b>TOTAL:</b>	26. \$
<b>27. PRESENT NET MONTHLY INCOME</b> (Subtract line 26 from line 17)	27. \$

### SECTION II. AVERAGE MONTHLY EXPENSES

**Proposed/Estimated Expenses.** If this is a dissolution of marriage case **and** your expenses as listed below do not reflect what you actually pay currently, you should write "estimate" next to each amount that is estimated.

#### **HOUSEHOLD:**

1.	Monthly mortgage or rent payments	1.	\$
2.	Monthly property taxes (if not included in mortgage)	2.	
3.	Monthly insurance on residence (if not included in mortgage)	3.	
4.	Monthly condominium maintenance fees and homeowner's association fees	4.	
5.	Monthly electricity	5.	
6.	Monthly water, garbage, and sewer	6.	
7.	Monthly telephone	7.	
8.	Monthly fuel oil or natural gas	8.	
9.	Monthly repairs and maintenance	9.	
10.	Monthly lawn care	10.	
11.	Monthly pool maintenance		
12.	Monthly pest control		
13.	Monthly misc. household		
14.	Monthly food and home supplies	14.	
15.	Monthly meals outside home		
16.	Monthly cable t.v.	16.	
17.	Monthly alarm service contract	17.	
18.	Monthly service contracts on appliances		
19.	Monthly maid service		
Oth	ier:		
20.		20.	
21.			
22.			
23.			
24.		24.	

25.	SUBTOTAL (add lines 1 through 24)	25. \$
AUTOMOBILE:		
26. Monthly gasoline and oil		26. \$
27. Monthly repairs		27
28. Monthly auto tags and emissio	on testing	28
29. Monthly insurance		29
30. Monthly payments (lease or fin	nancing)	30
31. Monthly rental/replacements		31
32. Monthly alternative transporta	tion (bus, rail, car pool, etc.)	32.
33. Monthly tolls and parking		33
34. Other:		34
35.	SUBTOTAL (add lines 26 through 34)	35. \$
MONTHLY EXPENSES FOR	CHILDREN COMMON TO BOTH	
PARTIES:		
36. Monthly nursery, babysitting,	or day care	36. \$
37. Monthly school tuition		37
38. Monthly school supplies, book	xs, and fees	38
39. Monthly after school activities	5	39
40. Monthly lunch money		40
41. Monthly private lessons or tuto	oring	41
42. Monthly allowances	-	42
43. Monthly clothing and uniform	S	43
44. Monthly entertainment (movie	es, parties, etc.)	44
45. Monthly health insurance		45
46. Monthly medical, dental, press	criptions (nonreimbursed only)	46
47. Monthly psychiatric/psycholog	gical/counselor	47
48. Monthly orthodontic	-	48
49. Monthly vitamins		49
50. Monthly beauty parlor/barber	shop	50
51. Monthly nonprescription medi	cation	51
52. Monthly cosmetics, toiletries,	and sundries	52.
53. Monthly gifts from child(ren) t	o others (other children, relatives, teachers,	
etc.)		53
54. Monthly camp or summer activ	vities	54
55. Monthly clubs (Boy/Girl Scou	ts, etc.)	55
56. Monthly access expenses (for	nonresidential parent)	56
57. Monthly miscellaneous		57
58.	SUBTOTAL (add lines 36 through 57)	58. \$
MONTHLY EXPENSES FOR RELATIONSHIP: (other than co	<b>R</b> CHILD(REN) FROM ANOTHER urt-ordered child support)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		59. \$
60.		60.
61.		61.
62.		62.

en) of this       64. \$
64. \$
64. \$
65 66 67 68 rough 68) 69. \$ 70. \$ 71 72
66 67 68 rough 68) 69. \$ 70. \$ 71 72
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68.         rough 68)       69. \$         70. \$         71.         72.
68.         rough 68)       69. \$         70. \$         71.         72.
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rough 89) 90. \$

NAME OF CREDITOR(s):

91. \$
91. \$ 92
93.
94
95
96
97
98

99. <u> </u>		99
100.		100.
101.		101 102
102		102
104.	SUBTOTAL (add lines 91 through 103)	104. \$
105.	TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES:	
	(add lines 25, 35, 58, 63, 69, 90, and 104 of Section II, Expenses)	105. \$
SUM	MARY	
106.	TOTAL PRESENT MONTHLY NET INCOME (from line 27 of SECTION I. INCOME)	106. \$
107.	TOTAL MONTHLY EXPENSES (from line 105 above)	107. \$
108.	<b>SURPLUS</b> (If line 106 is more than line 107, subtract line 107 from line 106. This is the amount of your surplus. Enter that amount here.)	108. \$
109.	<b>(DEFICIT)</b> (If line 107 is more than line 106, subtract line 106 from line 107. This is the amount of your deficit. Enter that amount here.)	109. (\$)

### SECTION III. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

#### A. ASSETS (This is where you list what you OWN.)

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

**<u>STEP 1</u>: In column A,** list a description of each separate item owned by you (and/or your spouse, if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage). Blank spaces are provided if you need to list more than one of an item.

<u>STEP 2</u>: If this is a petition for dissolution of marriage, check the box in Column A next to any item that you are requesting the judge award to you.

STEP 3: In column B, write what you believe to be the current fair market value of all items listed.

<u>STEP 4</u>: Use column C only if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage and you believe an item is "nonmarital," meaning it belongs to only one of you and should not be divided. You should indicate to whom you believe the item belongs. (Typically, you will only use Column C if property was owned by one spouse before the marriage. See the "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms and section 61.075(1), Florida Statutes, for definitions of "marital" and "nonmarital" assets and liabilities.)

A ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) DO NOT LIST ACCOUNT NUMBERS.	B Current Fair Market Value	C Nonmarital (√ correct column)	
✓ the box next to any asset(s) which you are requesting the judge award to you.		husband	wife
$\Box$ Cash (on hand)	\$		
□ Cash (in banks or credit unions)			
□ Stocks/Bonds			

A ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) DO NOT LIST ACCOUNT NUMBERS.	B Current Fair Market Value	C Nonmarital (√ correct column)	
✓ the box next to any asset(s) which you are requesting the judge award to you.		husband	wife
□ Notes (money owed to you in writing)			
□ Money owed to you (not evidenced by a note)			
Real estate: (Home)			
Business interests			
□ Boats			
□ Other vehicles			
□ Retirement plans (Profit Sharing, Pension, IRA, 401(k)s, etc.)			
□ Furniture & furnishings in home			
□ Furniture & furnishings elsewhere			

A ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) DO NOT LIST ACCOUNT NUMBERS.	B Current Fair Market Value	C Nonmarital (√ correct column)	
✓ the box next to any asset(s) which you are requesting the judge award to you.		husband	wife
Collectibles			
□ Jewelry			
□ Life insurance (cash surrender value)			
□ Sporting and entertainment (T.V., stereo, etc.) equipment			
□ Other assets			
Total Assets (add column B)	\$		

#### B. LIABILITIES/DEBTS (This is where you list what you OWE.)

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

**<u>STEP 1</u>: In column A**, list a description of each separate debt owed by you (and/or your spouse, if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage). Blank spaces are provided if you need to list more than one of an item.

<u>STEP 2</u>: If this is a petition for dissolution of marriage, check the box in Column A next to any debt(s) for which you believe you should be responsible.

STEP 3: In column B, write what you believe to be the current amount owed for all items listed.

<u>STEP 4</u>: Use column C only if this is a petition for dissolution of marriage and you believe an item is "nonmarital," meaning the debt belongs to only one of you and should not be divided. You should indicate to whom you believe the debt belongs. (Typically, you will only use Column C if the debt was owed by one spouse before the marriage. See the "General Information for <u>Self-Represented</u> Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms and section 61.075(1), Florida Statutes, for definitions of "marital" and "nonmarital" assets and liabilities.)

A LIABILITIES: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) DO NOT LIST ACCOUNT NUMBERS.	B Current Amount Owed	C Nonmarital (√ correct column	
$\checkmark$ the box next to any debt(s) for which you believe you should be responsible.		husband	wife
□ Mortgages on real estate: First mortgage on home	\$		
□ Second mortgage on home			
□ Other mortgages			
□ Charge/credit card accounts			
□ Auto loan			
□ Auto loan			
□ Bank/Credit Union loans			
□ Money you owe (not evidenced by a note)			
□ Judgments			
□ Other			
Total Debts (add column B)	\$		

### C. NET WORTH (excluding contingent assets and liabilities)

 Total Assets (enter total of Column B in Asset Table; Section A)
 \$\_\_\_\_\_\_

 Total Liabilities (enter total of Column B in Liabilities Table; Section B)
 \$\_\_\_\_\_\_

## **TOTAL NET WORTH (Total Assets minus Total Liabilities)** (excluding contingent assets and liabilities)

\$\_\_\_\_

#### **D. CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

#### INSTRUCTIONS:

If you have any **POSSIBLE assets** (income potential, accrued vacation or sick leave, bonus, inheritance, etc.) or **POSSIBLE liabilities** (possible lawsuits, future unpaid taxes, contingent tax liabilities, debts assumed by another), you must list them here.

A Contingent Assets	B Possible Value	C Nonmarital (√ correct column)	
$\checkmark$ the box next to any contingent asset(s) which you are requesting the judge award to you.		husband	wife
	\$		
Total Contingent Assets	<u>\$</u>		

A Contingent Liabilities	B Possible Amount	C Nonmarital (√ correct column)	
✓ the box next to any contingent debt(s) for which you believe you should be responsible.	Owed	husband	wife
	\$		
Total Contingent Liabilities	\$		

**E. CHILD SUPPORT GUIDELINES WORKSHEET.**  $\square$  Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(e), Child Support Guidelines Worksheet, MUST be filed with the court at or prior to a hearing to establish or modify child support. This requirement cannot be waived by the parties. [ $\sqrt{}$  one only]

- A Child Support Guidelines Worksheet IS or WILL BE filed in this case. This case involves the establishment or modification of child support.
- A Child Support Guidelines Worksheet IS NOT being filed in this case. The establishment or modification of child support is not an issue in this case.

I certify that a copy of this financial affidavit was: ( ) mailed, ( ) faxed and mailed, or ( ) hand delivered to the person(s) listed below on *{date}*.

Other party or his/her attorney:
Name:
Address:
City, State, Zip:
Fax Number:

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this affidavit and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated: Signature of Party Printed Name: Address: City, State, Zip: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Telephone Number: \_\_\_\_\_ Fax Number: \_\_\_\_\_ STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF \_\_\_\_\_ Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on \_\_\_\_\_ by \_\_\_\_\_. NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK [Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or deputy clerk .] Personally known

IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [ 🖉 fill in all blanks]

Produced identification

Type of identification produced

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.932, CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE WITH MANDATORY DISCLOSURE

#### When should this form be used?

<u>Mandatory disclosure</u> requires each <u>party</u> in a <u>dissolution of marriage</u> case to provide the other party with certain financial information and documents. These documents must be provided by mail or hand delivery to the other party within 45 days of <u>service</u> of the petition for <u>dissolution of marriage</u> or supplemental petition for modification on the <u>respondent</u>. The mandatory disclosure rule applies to all original and <u>supplemental</u> dissolution of marriage cases, except simplified dissolution of marriage cases and cases where the respondent is served by <u>constructive service</u> and does not answer. You should use this form to notify the court and the other party that you have complied with the mandatory disclosure rule.

Each party must provide the other party with the documents listed in section 2 of this form if the relief being sought is permanent regardless of whether it is an initial or supplemental proceeding. Of the documents listed on this form, the <u>financial affidavit and child support guidelines worksheet</u> are the only documents that must be <u>filed</u> with the court and sent to the other party; all other documents should be sent to the other party but not filed with the court. If your individual gross annual income is under \$50,000, you should complete the Family Law Financial Affidavit (Short Form), Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b). If your individual gross annual income is \$50,000 or more, you should complete the Family Law Financial Affidavit, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(c).

In addition, there are separate mandatory disclosure requirements that apply to **temporary financial hearings**, which are listed in section 1 of this form. The party seeking temporary financial relief must serve these documents on the other party with the notice of temporary financial hearing. The responding party must either deliver the required documents to the party seeking temporary relief on or before 5:00 p.m., 2 business days before the hearing on temporary relief, **or** mail (postmark) them to the other party seeking temporary relief 7 days before the hearing on temporary financial relief. Any documents that have already been served under the requirements for temporary or initial proceedings, do not need to be reserved again in the same proceeding. If a supplemental petition is filed, seeking modification, then the mandatory disclosure requirements begin again.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your case is filed and keep a copy for your records. A copy of this form must be mailed **or** hand delivered to any other party in your case.

#### What should I do next?

After you have provided the other party all of the financial information and documents and have filed this form certifying that you have complied with this rule, you are under a continuing duty to promptly give the other party any information or documents that change your financial status or that make the information already provided inaccurate. You should not file with the clerk any of the documents listed in the certificate of compliance other than the financial affidavit and child support guidelines worksheet. Refer to the instructions regarding the **petition** in your case to determine how you should proceed after filing this form.

#### Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. For further information, see rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

#### Special notes...

You may provide copies of required documents; however, the originals must be produced for inspection if the other party requests to see them.

Although the financial affidavits are based on individual gross income, either party may ask the other party to complete the **Family Law Financial Affidavit**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(c), by serving the appropriate interrogatory form. (See **Standard Family Law Interrogatories**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.930(b) (original proceedings) or (c) (modification proceedings)).

Any portion of the mandatory disclosure rule may be modified by order of the <u>judge</u> or agreement of the parties. Therefore, you and your <u>spouse</u> may agree that you will not require each other to produce the documents required under the mandatory disclosure rule. This exception does **not** apply to the **Financial Affidavit**, Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c), which is required in all cases and cannot be waived.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

# IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_ Division:

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

#### CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE WITH MANDATORY DISCLOSURE

I, *{full legal name}*, certify that I have complied with the mandatory disclosure required by Florida Family Law Rule 12.285 as follows:

#### 1. FOR TEMPORARY FINANCIAL RELIEF, ONLY:

The date the following documents were served:  $\left[\sqrt{all that apply}\right]$ 

- a. Financial Affidavit (Filing of a Financial Affidavit cannot be waived.)
  - () Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) (short form)
  - ( ) Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(c) (long form)
- b. ( ) All personal (1040) federal tax, gift tax, and intangible personal property tax returns for the preceding year; or
  - ) Transcript of tax return as provided by IRS form 4506-T; or (
  - ) IRS forms W-2, 1099, and K-1 for the past year because the income tax return for the ( past year has not been prepared.
- c. Pay stubs or other evidence of earned income for the 3 months before the service of the financial affidavit.

#### 2. FOR INITIAL, SUPPLEMENTAL, AND PERMANENT FINANCIAL RELIEF:

The date the following documents were served:  $\left[\sqrt{all that apply}\right]$ 

- a. Financial Affidavit (Filing of a Financial Affidavit cannot be waived.)
  - () Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) (short form)
  - ( ) Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(c) (long form)
- b. ( ) All personal (1040) federal and state tax income returns, gift tax returns, and intangible personal property tax returns for the preceding 3 years;
  - ) IRS forms W-2, 1099, and K-1 for the past year because the income tax return for the ( past year has not been prepared.
- c. Pay stubs or other evidence of earned income for the 3 months before the service of the financial affidavit.
- d. A statement identifying the source and amount of all income for the 3 months before the service of the financial affidavit, if not reflected on the pay stubs produced.
- e. All loan applications and financial statements prepared for any purpose or used for any purpose within the 12 months preceding the service of the financial affidavit.
- f. All deeds to real estate in which I presently own or owned an interest within the past 3 years.

All promissory notes in which I presently own or owned an interest within the last 12 months. All present leases in which I own an interest.

- g. All periodic statements for the last 3 months for all checking accounts and for the last year for all savings accounts, money market funds, certificates of deposit, etc.
- h. All brokerage account statements for the last 12 months.
- i. Most recent statement for any pension, profit sharing, deferred compensation, or retirement plan (for example, IRA, 401(k), 403(b), SEP, KEOGH, etc.) and summary plan description for any such plan in which I am a participant or alternate payee.
- j. The declaration page, the last periodic statement, and the certificate for any group insurance for all life insurance policies insuring my life or the life of me or my spouse.
- \_\_\_\_\_ k. All health and dental insurance cards covering either me or my spouse and/or our dependent child(ren).
- \_\_\_\_\_ l. Corporate, partnership, and trust tax returns for the last 3 tax years, in which I have an ownership or interest greater than or equal to 30%.
- m. All credit card and charge account statements and other records showing my (our) indebtedness as of the date of the filing of this action and for the prior 3 months. All promissory notes on which I presently owe or owned within the past year. All lease agreements I presently owe.
- n. All premarital and marital agreements between the parties to this case.
- \_\_\_\_\_ o. If a modification proceeding, all written agreements entered into between the parties at any time since the order to be modified was entered.
- \_\_\_\_\_ p. All documents and tangible evidence relating to claims for special equity or nonmarital status of an asset or debt.
- q. Any court order directing that I pay or receive spousal support (alimony) or child support.

I certify that a copy of this document was  $[\sqrt{\text{one}} \text{ only}]()$  mailed (faxed and mailed () hand delivered to the person(s) listed below on  $\{date\}$ 

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the accuracy of my compliance with the mandatory disclosure requirements of Fla. Fam. L. R. P. 12.285 and that, unless otherwise indicated with specificity, this disclosure is complete. I further understand that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement or incomplete disclosure includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Other party or his/her attorney:

Name:		
Address:		
City, State, Zip	):	
Fax Number:		
Dated:		

Signature of Party	
Printed Name:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Telephone Number:	
Fax Number:	

#### STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF

Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on \_\_\_\_\_ by \_\_\_\_.

NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK

[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]

Personally known Produced identification Type of identification produced:

#### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE **BLANKS BELOW:** [fill in all blanks]

#### WAIVER OF MANDATORY DISCLOSURE

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE**

Rule 12.285, Florida Family Court Rules of Procedure, requires that each party to any Dissolution of Marriage action which may involve some financial/asset issues (except those cases specifically filed as a Simplified Dissolution of Marriage) provide certain documentation to the other party so that each will be fully informed about the financial circumstances of the opposition for settlement discussions and so that sufficient evidence may be presented to the Court for a proper decision on the financial issues if the case is not settled before trial. The Rule specifically lists the documents to be provided (known in general as "discovery"), at what stage of the proceeding disclosure must be made, and the extent of the disclosure necessary based upon the income and expenses of each party.

In many cases, however, it is not necessary to provide all of the documents listed in the Rule. This is usually when the parties have agreed by written Marital Settlement Agreement to a resolution of all of the potentially contested issues and are satisfied that the Agreement is fair to each and that each fully understood the financial circumstances of the opposing party at the time of making the Agreement. In those cases, the parties can agree to waive <u>most</u> of the disclosure requirements of Rule 12.285 (the requirement that each party file a completed Financial Affidavit **cannot** be waived and the Affidavit **must** be filed).

If both you and your spouse fit into the above category of litigants you may file a Waiver of Mandatory Disclosure with the Court. If you agree to waive everything (except the Financial Affidavit), check every line on the form. If you agree to waive only part of the "mandatory" disclosure, check only those items that each of you agree do not need to be reviewed before you appear in Court. The form needs to be signed by **both** you and your spouse.

Signing and filing the Waiver of Mandatory Disclosure form, however, does not guarantee that the documents will not be needed. The Judge or General Master who hears your case may want additional information before he/she can find that the Marital Settlement Agreement is, in fact, legally fair and equitable to both you and your spouse or is otherwise acceptable to the Court. Although this will not be known until the hearing, filing the Waiver of Mandatory Disclosure, if you are satisfied with your level of understanding, will be beneficial to the Court and will possibly avoid unnecessary delay in the proceedings.

### IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SIXTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

REF:	
UCN:	
Division:	

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

,

#### WAIVER OF MANDATORY DISCLOSURE

The undersigned parties to this action, pro se or through counsel, hereby waive the mandatory disclosure required by Rule 12.285, Fla. Fam. L.R.P., as follows, acknowledging that the requirement to file a financial affidavit <u>cannot</u> be waived:

(I.) FOR TEMPORARY RELIEF:

[4all that apply]

	a.	
		returns for the preceding year; or
		( ) Transcript of tax return as provided by IRS form 4506; or
		( ) IRS forms W-2, 1099, and K-1 for past year because the income tax return for
		the past year has not been prepared;
	b.	Pay stubs or other evidence of earned income for the 3 months before the service of
	-	the financial affidavit.
(II.)	FC	DR INITIAL, SUPPLEMENTAL, AND PERMANENT FINANCIAL RELIEF:
	a.	
	-	intangible personal property tax returns for the preceding 3 years; or
		( ) IRS forms W-2, 1099, and K-1 for past year because the income tax return for
		the past year has not been prepared;
	b.	Pay stubs or other evidence of earned income for the 3 months before the service of
		the financial affidavit.
	c.	A statement identifying the source and amount of all income for the 3 months before
	- ••	the service of the financial affidavit, if not reflected on the pay stubs produced.
	d.	All loan applications and financial statements prepared for any purpose or used for
	_ <b>u</b> .	any purpose within the 12 months preceding the service of the financial affidavit.
	e.	All deeds to real estate in which the other party presently owns or owned an interest
	<u> </u>	within the past 3 years. All promissory notes in which the other party presently owns
		or owned an interest within the last 12 months. All present leases in which the other
		party owns an interest.
	f.	All periodic statements for the last 3 months for all checking accounts and for the last
	_ 1.	year for all savings accounts, money market funds, certificates of deposit, etc.
	a	
	_g. _h	All brokerage account statements for the past 12 months.

plan description for any such plan in which the other party is a participant or alternate payee.

- i. The declarations page, the last periodic statement, and the certificate for any group insurance for all life insurance policies insuring my life or the life of my spouse.
- j. All health and dental insurance cards covering either me or my spouse and/or our dependent child(ren).
- k. Corporate, partnership, and trust tax returns for last 3 tax years, in which the other party has an ownership or interest greater than or equal to 30%.
- 1. All credit card and charge account statements and other records showing my(our) indebtedness as of the date of the filing of this action and for the prior 3 months. All promissory notes on which the other party presently owes or owed with the past year. All lease agreements either party presently owes.
  - m. All premarital and marital agreements between the parties to this case;
- n. If a modification proceeding, all written agreements entered into between the parties at any time since the order to be modified was entered.
- o. All documents and tangible evidence relating to claims for special equity or nonmarital status of an asset or debt.
  - \_\_\_\_\_p. Any court order directing that either party pay or receive spousal support (alimony) or child support.

Petitioner

Respondent

Date

Date

### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, THE NONLAWYER WHO HELPED YOU MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:

I, {name of nonlawyer}			, a nonlawyer, located at
{street}		<i>{city}</i>	{state},
{ <i>phone</i> }	, helped {name}		, who is the
[check one only]	petitioner or	respondent, fill out this form	n.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.910(b),

#### PROCESS SERVICE MEMORANDUM

#### When should this form be used?

You should use this form to give the sheriff's department (or private process server) instructions for serving the other **party** in your case with the **Summons: Personal Service on an Individual**,  $\square$  Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), and other papers to be served. On this form, you can tell the sheriff's department the best times to find the person at work and/or at home. You can also include a map to the other person's home or work place to help the sheriff find the person and deliver the summons. Do not forget to attach to the summons a copy of your initial petition and any other papers you want personally served on the other party.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your petition was filed and attach a copy to the **Summons: Personal Service on an Individual**,  $\square$  Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a). You should also keep a copy for your records.

#### Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** You should read the instructions for **Summons: Personal Service on an Individual**, **D** Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.910(a), for additional information.

#### Special notes...

If this is a domestic violence case and you want to keep your address confidential for safety reasons, do not enter your address, telephone, and fax information at the bottom of this form. Instead, write "confidential" in the spaces provided for that information and file **Petitioner's Request for Confidential Filing of Address**, **D** Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.980(i).

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**,  $\square$  Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR	COUNTY, FLORIDA
	Case No.:
	Division:
	,
Petitioner,	
and	
Respondent.	,
PROCESS SE	RVICE MEMORANDUM
	County, Florida; Division
Please serve the {name of accument(s)}	
in the above-styled cause upon:	
Party: {full legal name}	
Address or location for service:	
Work Address:	
If the party to be served owns, has, and/or is of weapon(s):	known to have guns or other weapons, describe what type
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:	
Dated:	Signature of Party
	*Printed Name:
	*Address:
	*City, State, Zip:
	*Telephone Number: *Fax Number:
confidential for safety reasons; instea	is information if your address or telephone number need to be kept ad write "confidential" in the spaces provided and file aw Form 12.980(i), Petitioner's Request for Confidential Filing of Address.

#### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE

**BLANKS BELOW:** [ *in all blanks*]

I, {full legal name and trade name of nonlawyer}\_\_\_\_\_\_, a nonlawyer, located at {street} \_\_\_\_\_\_, {city} \_\_\_\_\_\_, {state} \_\_\_\_\_\_, {phone} \_\_\_\_\_\_, helped {name} \_\_\_\_\_, who is the petitioner, fill out this form.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA FAMILY LAW RULES OF PROCEDURE FORM 12.910(a), SUMMONS: PERSONAL SERVICE ON AN INDIVIDUAL

#### When should this form be used?

This form should be used to obtain **personal service** on the other **party** when you begin your lawsuit. **Service** is required for **all** documents filed in your case. Service means giving a copy of the required papers to the other party using the procedure that the law requires. Generally, there are two ways to make service: (1) personal service, or (2) service by mail or hand delivery. A third method for service is called **constructive service**; however, the relief a court may grant may be limited in a case where constructive service has been used.

The law requires that certain documents be served by **personal service** if personal service is possible. **Personal service** means that a summons (this form) and a copy of the forms you are filing with the court that must be personally served are delivered by a deputy sheriff or private process server

- directly to the other party, **or**
- to someone over the age of fifteen with whom the other party lives.

Personal service is required for **all <u>petitions</u>**, including petitions for modification. You cannot serve these papers on the other party yourself or by mail or hand delivery. Personal service must be made by the sheriff's department in the county where the other party lives or works or by a private process server certified in the county where the other party lives or works.

In many counties, there are private process servers who, for a fee, will personally serve the summons and other documents that require personal service. You should look under "**process servers**" in the yellow pages of the telephone book for a list of private process servers in your area. You may use a private process server to serve any paper required to be personally served in a family law case **except** a petition for injunction for protection against domestic or repeat violence.

#### How do I start?

When you begin your lawsuit, you need to complete this form (summons) and a **Process Service Memorandum**,  $\mathbb{R}$  Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b). The forms should be typed or printed legibly in black ink. Next, you will need to take these forms and, if you have not already done so, <u>file</u> your petition with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where you live. You should keep a copy of the forms for your records. The clerk will sign the summons, and then the summons, a copy of the papers to be served, and the process service memorandum must be delivered to the appropriate sheriff's office or to a private process server for service on the other party.

IF THE OTHER PARTY LIVES IN THE COUNTY WHERE SUIT IS FILED: Ask the clerk in your county about any local procedures regarding service. Generally, if the other party lives in the county in which you are filing suit and you want the sheriff's department to serve the papers, you will file the summons along with a **Process Service Memorandum**,  $\mathbb{S}$  Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), with the clerk and the clerk will forward those papers to the sheriff for service. Make sure that you attach a copy of the papers you want personally served to the summons. You may also need to provide the sheriff with a stamped envelope addressed to you. This will allow the sheriff to send the proof of service to you,

after the sheriff serves your papers on the other party. However, in some counties the sheriff may send the proof of service directly to the clerk. If you are instructed to supply a self-addressed, stamped envelope and you receive the proof of service, you should file the proof of service with the clerk after you receive it from the sheriff. Also, you will need to find out how much the sheriff charges to serve the papers. Personal checks are not accepted. You should attach to the summons a cashier's check or money order made payable to the sheriff, and either give it to the clerk for delivery to the sheriff or send all of the paperwork and the fee to the sheriff yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. The costs for service may be waived if you are indigent.

If you want a private process server to serve the other party, you should still bring the summons to the clerk's office and have the clerk sign it for you. You should deliver the summons, along with the copy of your initial petition and any other papers to be served, and a **Process Service Memorandum**,  $\square$  Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), to the private process server. The private process server will charge you a fee for serving the papers. After service is complete, proof of service by the private process server. The private process server will be filed with the clerk. You should discuss how this will occur with the private process server.

IF THE OTHER PARTY LIVES IN ANOTHER COUNTY: If the other party lives in another county, service needs to be made by a sheriff in the county where the other party lives or by a private process server certified in the county where the other party lives. Make sure that you attach a copy of the papers you want personally served to the summons as well as the **Process Service Memorandum**, **C** Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b). If you want the sheriff to serve the papers, the clerk may send your papers to that sheriff's office for you, or you may have to send the papers yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. Either way, you will need to provide the sheriff with a stamped envelope addressed to you. This will allow the sheriff to send the proof of service to you, after the sheriff serves your papers on the other party. You should file the proof of service with the clerk after you receive it from the sheriff. Also, you will need to find out how much the sheriff charges to serve the papers. Personal checks are not accepted. You should attach to the summons a cashier's check or money order made payable to the sheriff, and either give it to the clerk for delivery to the sheriff or send all of the paperwork and the fee to the sheriff yourself. The clerk will tell you which procedure to use. The costs for service may be waived if you are indigent.

If you want a private process server to serve the other party, you should still bring the summons to the clerk's office where the clerk will sign it for you. You should deliver the summons, along with the copy of your initial petition and any other papers to be served, and a **Process Service Memorandum**,  $\square$  Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.910(b), to the private process server. The private process server will charge you a fee for serving the papers. After service is complete, proof of service by the private process server.

IF THE OTHER PARTY CANNOT BE LOCATED OR DOES NOT LIVE IN FLORIDA: If, after you have made a diligent effort to locate the other party, you absolutely cannot locate the other party, you may serve the other party by publication. Service by publication is also known as <u>constructive service</u>. You may also be able to use constructive service if the other party does not live in Florida. However, Florida courts have only limited jurisdiction over a party who is served by constructive service and may have only limited jurisdiction over a party living outside of Florida regardless of whether that party is served by constructive or personal service; that is, the judge's power to order the other party to do certain things may be limited. For example, the judge may be able to grant your request for a divorce, but the judge may not be able to address issues such as child support, spousal support (alimony), or division of property or debts.

Regardless of the type of service used, if the other party once lived in Florida but is living outside of Florida now, you should include in your petition a statement regarding the length of time the party lived in Florida, if any, and when. For example: "Respondent last lived in Florida from  $\{date\}$  \_\_\_\_\_\_ to  $\{date\}$  \_\_\_\_\_\_

This area of the law is very complex and you may need to consult with an attorney regarding the proper type of service to be used in your case if the other party does not live in Florida or cannot be located.

#### What happens when the papers are served on the other party?

The date and hour of service are written on the original summons and on all copies of it by the person making the service. The person who delivers the summons and copies of the petition must file a proof of service with the clerk or provide a proof of service to you for filing with the court. It is your responsibility to make sure the proof of service has been returned to the clerk and placed in your case file.

#### Where can I look for more information?

Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms. For further information regarding service of process, see chapters 48 and 49, Florida Statutes, and rule 1.070, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, as well as the instructions for Notice of Action for Dissolution of Marriage,  $\square$  Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.913(a), and Affidavit of Diligent Service and Inquiry,  $\square$  Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.913(b).

#### Special notes...

If you have been unable to obtain proper service on the other party within **120 days** after filing your lawsuit, the court will dismiss your lawsuit against the other party unless you can show the court a good reason why service was not made within **120 days**. For this reason, if you had the local sheriff serve the papers, you should check with the clerk every couple of weeks after completing the service papers to see if service has been completed. You may need to supply the sheriff with a new or better address. If you had a private process server or a sheriff in another county serve the papers, you should be in contact with that person or sheriff until you receive proof of service from that person or sheriff. You should then file the proof of service with the clerk immediately.

If the other party fails to respond, i.e., fails to file a written response with the court, within **20 days** after the service of the summons, you are entitled to request a <u>default</u>. See the instructions to **Motion for Default**,  $\square$  Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922 (a), and **Default**, Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(b), for further information. You will need to file a **Nonmilitary Affidavit**,  $\square$  Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.912(b), before a default may be granted.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these

forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**,  $\square$  Florida Family Law Rules of\_Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

### IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ IN AND FOR

JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,

\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_\_
Division: \_\_\_\_\_\_

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

#### SUMMONS: PERSONAL SERVICE ON AN INDIVIDUAL ORDEN DE COMPARECENCIA: SERVICIO PERSONAL EN UN INDIVIDUO CITATION: L'ASSIGNATION PERSONAL SUR UN INDIVIDUEL

TO/PARA/A: {enter other party's full legal name} \_\_\_\_\_\_, {address(including city and state)/location for service} \_\_\_\_\_\_.

#### **IMPORTANT**

A lawsuit has been filed against you. You have **20 calendar days** after this summons is served on you to file a written response to the attached complaint/petition with the clerk of this circuit court, located at: {*street address*}

A phone call will not protect you. Your written response, including the case number given above and the names of the parties, must be **filed** if you want the Court to hear your side of the case.

If you do not file your written response on time, you may lose the case, and your wages, money, and property may be taken thereafter without further warning from the Court. There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may call an attorney referral service or a legal aid office (listed in the phone book).

If you choose to file a written response yourself, at the same time you file your written response to the Court, you must also mail or take a copy of your written response to the party serving this summons at:

{Name and address of party serving summons}

Copies of all court documents in this case, including orders, are available at the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office. You may review these documents, upon request.

You must keep the Clerk of the Circuit Court's office notified of your current address. (You may file Notice of Current Address, <sup>®</sup> Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915.) Future papers in this lawsuit will be mailed to the address on record at the clerk's office.

WARNING: Rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, requires certain automatic disclosure of documents and information. Failure to comply can result in sanctions,

including dismissal or striking of pleadings.

#### IMPORTANTE

Usted ha sido demandado legalmente. Tiene veinte (20) dias, contados a partir del recibo de esta notificacion, para contestar la demanda adjunta, por escrito, y presentarla ante este tribunal. Localizado en: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Una llamada telefonica no lo protegera. Si usted

desea que el tribunal considere su defensa, debe presentar su respuesta por escrito, incluyendo el numero del caso y los nombres de las partes interesadas. Si usted no contesta la demanda a tiempo, pudiese perder el caso y podria ser despojado de sus ingresos y propiedades, o privado de sus derechos, sin previo aviso del tribunal. Existen otros requisitos legales. Si lo desea, usted puede consultar a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a una de las oficinas de asistencia legal que aparecen en la guia telefonica.

Si desea responder a la demanda por su cuenta, al mismo tiempo en que presente su respuesta ante el tribunal, usted debe enviar por correo o entregar una copia de su respuesta a la persona denominada abajo.

Si usted elige presentar personalmente una respuesta por escrito, en el mismo momento que usted presente su respuesta por escrito al Tribunal, usted debe enviar por correo o llevar una copia de su respuesta por escrito a la parte entregando esta orden de comparencencia a:

Nombre y direccion de la parte que entrega la orden de comparencencia:

Copias de todos los documentos judiciales de este caso, incluyendo las ordenes, estan disponibles en la oficina del Secretario de Juzgado del Circuito [Clerk of the Circuit Court's office]. Estos documentos pueden ser revisados a su solicitud.

Usted debe de manener informada a la oficina del Secretario de Juzgado del Circuito de su direccion actual. (Usted puede presentar \_\_\_\_\_\_ el Formulario: Ley de Familia de la Florida 12.915, [<sup>®</sup>] Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915], Notificacion de la Direccion Actual [Notice of Current Address].) Los papelos que se presenten en el futuro en esta demanda judicial seran env ados por correo a la direccion que este registrada en la oficina del Secretario.

ADVERTENCIA: Regla 12.285 (Rule 12.285), de las Reglas de Procedimiento de Ley de Familia de la Florida [Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure], requiere cierta revelacion automatica de documentos e informacion. El incumplimient, puede resultar en sanciones, incluyendo la desestimacion o anulacion de los alegatos.

#### **IMPORTANT**

Des poursuites judiciaries ont ete entreprises contre vous. Vous avez 20 jours consecutifs a partir de la date de l'assignation de cette citation pour deposer une reponse ecrite a la plainte ci-jointe aupres de ce tribunal. Qui se trouve a:  $\{L'Adresse\}$  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Un simple coup de telephone est insuffisant pour vous proteger; vous etes obliges de deposer votre reponse ecrite, avec mention du numero de dossier ci-dessus et du nom des parties nommees ici, si vous souhaitez que le tribunal entende votre cause. Si vous ne deposez pas votre reponse ecrite dans le delai requis, vous risquez de perdre la cause ainsi que votre salaire, votre argent, et vos biens peuvent etre saisis par la suite, sans aucun preavis ulterieur du tribunal. Il y a d'autres obligations juridiques et vous pouvez requerir les services immediats d'un avocat. Si vous ne connaissez pas d'avocat, vous pourriez telephoner a un service de reference d'avocats ou a un bureau

d'assistance juridique (figurant a l'annuaire de telephones).

Si vous choisissez de deposer vous-meme une reponse ecrite, il vous faudra egalement, en meme temps que cette formalite, faire parvenir ou expedier une copie au carbone ou une photocopie de votre reponse ecrite a la partie qui vous depose cette citation.

Nom et adresse de la partie qui depose cette citation:

Les photocopies de tous les documents tribunals de cette cause, y compris des arrets, sont disponible au bureau du greffier. Vous pouvez revue ces documents, sur demande.

Il faut aviser le greffier de votre adresse actuelle. (Vous pouvez deposer  $\square$  Florida Supreme\_Court Approved Family Law Form 12.915, Notice of Current Address.) Les documents de l'avenir de ce proces seront envoyer a l'adresse que vous donnez au bureau du greffier.

ATTENTION: La regle 12.285 des regles de procedure du droit de la famille de la Floride exige que l'on remette certains renseignements et certains documents 4a la partie adverse. Tout refus de les fournir pourra donner lieu a des sanctions, y compris le rejet ou la suppression d'un ou de plusieurs actes de procedure.

#### THE STATE OF FLORIDA

TO EACH SHERIFF OF THE STATE: You are commanded to serve this summons and a copy of the complaint in this lawsuit on the above-named person.

DATED: \_\_\_\_\_

CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

(SEAL)

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Deputy Clerk

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.912(b), NONMILITARY AFFIDAVIT

#### When should this form be used?

#### You should use this form when ALL of the following statements are true:

- The other person in your case has been served, whether by **<u>personal service</u>** or <u>**constructive**</u> <u>**service**</u>.
- The other person in your case has not responded to your petition.
- You are requesting that the court enter a <u>default</u> judgment against the other person.
- You **ABSOLUTELY KNOW FOR CERTAIN** that the other person is **NOT** in the military service.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should sign the form before a <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy clerk</u>. You must <u>file</u> the original of this form with the <u>clerk of the</u> <u>circuit court</u> when you file your**Motion for Default**, **Context** The Form 12.922(a). You must also attach copies of all verifications of nonmilitary service that you received from each branch of the United States' military service. You should keep a copy for your records.

#### Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**,  $\square$  Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

# IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_ Division: \_\_\_\_\_

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

#### NONMILITARY AFFIDAVIT

I, *{full legal name}*, being sworn, certify that the following information is true:

 $\left[ \sqrt{all} \text{ that apply} \right]$ 

_	1. I know of my own personal knowledge that Respondent is not on active duty in the armed
	services of the United States.

2. I have inquired of the armed services of the United States and the U.S. Public Health Service to determine whether the Respondent is a member of the armed services and am attaching certificates stating that Respondent is not now in the armed services.

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this affidavit and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

DATED:	
	Signature of Petitioner
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
STATE OF FLORIDA	Fax Number:
COUNTY OF	
	by

NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK

[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]

Personally known

Produced identification 

Type of identification produced \_\_\_\_\_

### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE

**BLANKS BELOW:** [ *in all blanks*]

I, {full legal name and trade name of nonlawyer} \_\_\_\_\_\_, a nonlawyer, located at {street} \_\_\_\_\_\_, {city} \_\_\_\_\_\_, {state} \_\_\_\_\_\_, {phone} \_\_\_\_\_\_, helped {name} \_\_\_\_\_\_,

who is the petitioner, fill out this form.

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORMS 12.922(a), MOTION FOR DEFAULT, and 12.922(b), DEFAULT

#### When should these forms be used?

If the other **party** has failed to **file** or **serve** any documents within 20 days after the date of service of your **petition**, you may ask the **clerk of the circuit court** to enter a **default** against him or her by filling out this form and filing it with the court. Generally, a default allows you to obtain an earlier **final hearing** to finish your case. Once the default is signed by the clerk, you can request a **trial** or final hearing in your case.

To obtain a default, you will need to complete <u>Motion for Default</u>,  $\square$  Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(a). You will then need to file your motion for default along with the **Default**,  $\square$  Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.922(b), so that the clerk can enter a default for you if your motion is proper.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should file the original with the **clerk of the circuit court** in the county where you filed your petition and keep a copy for your records.

#### What should I do next?

After the default has been entered, you must ask for a hearing, so that the <u>judge</u> can consider your petition. To do this, you must contact the clerk's office, <u>family law intake staff</u>, or <u>judicial assistant</u> to schedule a hearing and file a **Notice of Hearing (General)**,  $\square$  Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, with the clerk. A copy of the notice of hearing must be mailed or hand-delivered to each party in the case. You must send a notice of final hearing to the defaulted party.

#### Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** For further information, see rule 1.500, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, concerning defaults and rule 1.140, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, concerning the time within which a party can file an answer or other responsive pleading to a petition. See also rule 12.080, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

#### Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**,  $\square$  Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

### IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Division:

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

#### **MOTION FOR DEFAULT**

#### TO THE CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT:

### PLEASE ENTER A DEFAULT AGAINST RESPONDENT WHO HAS FAILED TO RESPOND TO THE PETITION.

I certify that a copy of this document was  $[\sqrt{\text{one only}}]()$  mailed () faxed and mailed () hand delivered to the person(s) listed below on  $\{date\}$ .

### Other party or his/her attorney:

Name:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Fax Number:	

Dated:

Signature of Petitioner
Printed Name:
Address:
City, State, Zip:
Felephone Number:
Fax Number:

### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [ ≠ fill in all blanks]

I, {full legal name and trade if	name of nonlawyer} .		,
a nonlawyer, located at {street,	l	, {city}	,
{ <i>state</i> }	_, {phone}	, helped {name}	,
who is the petitioner, fill out this	s form.		

### IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: Division:

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

#### DEFAULT

A default is entered in this action against Respondent for failure to serve or file a response or any paper as is required by law.

Dated:

CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

(SEAL)

By: \_\_\_\_\_ Deputy Clerk

I certify that a copy of this document was  $[\sqrt{one only}]()$  mailed () faxed and mailed () hand delivered to the person(s) listed below on {date}

Other party or his/her attorney:

Name:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Fax Number:	

Dated:

Signature of Petitioner	
Printed Name:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Telephone Number:	
Fax Number:	

#### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE **BLANKS BELOW** [ In fill in all blanks]

	III III <b>ali</b> Ulaliksj		
I, {full legal name and tra	de name of nonlawyer} _		,
a nonlawyer, located at {str	eet}	, {city}	,
{state}	, {phone}	, helped {name}	,
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 . 0		

who is the petitioner, fill out this form.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.902(f)(2), MARITAL SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE WITH PROPERTY BUT NO DEPENDENT OR MINOR CHILD(REN)

#### When should this form be used?

This form should be used when a **Petition for Dissolution of Marriage with Property but no Dependent** or Minor Child(ren),  $\square$  Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.901(b)(2), has been <u>filed</u> and the <u>parties</u> have reached an agreement on some or all of the issues at hand.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. **Both** parties must sign the agreement and have their signatures witnessed by a **notary public** or **deputy clerk**. After completing this form, you should file the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where the <u>petition</u> was filed and keep a copy for your records.

You should then refer to the instructions for your petition, <u>answer</u>, or answer and <u>counterpetition</u> concerning the procedures for setting a hearing or <u>trial</u> (<u>final hearing</u>).

#### Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** The words that are in "<u>bold underline</u>" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see chapter 61, Florida Statutes, and the instructions for the petition and/or answer that were filed in this case.

#### Special notes...

### This form does not act to transfer title to the property. Such transfer must be done by deed or supplemental final judgment.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**,  $\square$  Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

## IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: Division:

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

#### MARITAL SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT FOR DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE WITH PROPERTY BUT NO DEPENDENT OR MINOR CHILD(REN)

We, {Husband's full legal name} and {Wife's full legal name} being sworn, certify that the following statements are true:

We were married to each other on *{date}* \_\_\_\_\_. 1

- 2. Because of irreconcilable differences in our marriage (no chance of staying together), we have made this agreement to settle once and for all what we owe to each other and what we can expect to receive from each other. Each of us states that nothing has been held back, that we have honestly included everything we could think of in listing our assets (everything we own and that is owed to us) and our debts (everything we owe), and that we believe the other has been open and honest in writing this agreement.
- 3. We have both filed a Family Law Financial Affidavit, S T Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.902(b) or (c). Because we have voluntarily made full and fair disclosure to each other of all our assets and debts, we waive any further disclosure under rule 12.285, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure
- Each of us agrees to execute and exchange any papers that might be needed to complete this 4. agreement, including deeds, title certificates, etc.

#### SECTION I. MARITAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

A. Division of Assets. We divide our assets (everything we own and that is owed to us) as follows: Any personal item(s) not listed below is the property of the party currently in possession of the item(s).

Wife shall receive as her own and Husband shall have no further rights or responsibilities regarding 1. these assets:

ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) WIFE SHALL RECEIVE (To avoid confusion at a later date, describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any title/deed/account	Current Fair Market Value
□ Cash (on hand)	\$
□ Cash (in banks/credit unions)	

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(f)(2), Marital Settlement Agreement for Dissolution of Marriage with Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) (9/00)

ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) WIFE SHALL RECEIVE	Current Fair
(To avoid confusion at a later date, describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any title/deed/account	Market Value
□ Stocks/Bonds	
□ Notes (money owed to you in writing)	
□ Money owed to you (not evidenced by a note)	
□ Real estate: (Home)	
□ (Other)	
□ Business interests	
□ Automobiles	
□ Boats	
□ Other vehicles	
□ Retirement plans (Profit Sharing, Pension, IRA, 401(k)s, etc.)	
Furniture & furnishings in home	
□ Furniture & furnishings elsewhere	
□ Collectibles	
□ Jewelry	
Life insurance (cash surrender value)	
□ Sporting and entertainment (T.V., stereo, etc.) equipment	
□ Other assets	

ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) WIFE SHALL RECEIVE (To avoid confusion at a later date, describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any title/deed/account	Current Fair Market Value
Total Assets to Wife	\$
2 Unshand shall receive as his own and Wife shall have no further rights on response	ibiliting maganding

2. Husband shall receive as his own and Wife shall have no further rights or responsibilities regarding these assets:

ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) HUSBAND SHALL RECEIVE (To avoid confusion at a later date, describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any title/deed/account described below is wife's, husband's or both.)	Current Fair Market Value
□ Cash (on hand)	\$
□ Cash (in banks/credit unions)	
•	
□ Stocks/Bonds	
□ Notes (money owed to you in writing)	
0	
<u> </u>	
□ Money owed to you (not evidenced by a note)	
□ Real estate: (Home)	
□ (Other)	
Business interests	
Automobiles	
<u> </u>	
□ Boats	
Other vehicles	
<u> </u>	
Retirement plans (Profit Sharing, Pension, IRA, 401(k)s, etc.)	
□ Furniture & furnishings in home	
□ Furniture & furnishings elsewhere	

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(f)(2), Marital Settlement Agreement for Dissolution of Marriage with Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) (9/00)

ASSETS: DESCRIPTION OF ITEM(S) HUSBAND SHALL RECEIVE (To avoid confusion at a later date, describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any title/deed/account described below is wife's, husband's or both.)	Current Fair Market Value
Collectibles	
□ Jewelry	
Life insurance (cash surrender value)	
□ Sporting and entertainment (T.V., stereo, etc.) equipment	
□ Other assets	
Total Assets to Husband	\$

B. Division of Liabilities/Debts. We divide our liabilities (everything we owe) as follows:

1. Wife shall pay as her own the following and will not at any time ask Husband to pay these debts/bills:

LIABILITIES: DESCRIPTION OF DEBT(S) TO BE PAID BY WIFE (To avoid confusion at a later date, describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any mortgage, note, or account described below is wife's, husband's, or both.)	Monthly Payment	Current Amount Owed
□ Mortgages on real estate: (Home)	\$	\$
□ (Other)		
□ Charge/credit card accounts		
□ Auto loan		
□ Auto loan		
□ Bank/credit union loans		

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(f)(2), Marital Settlement Agreement for Dissolution of Marriage with Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) (9/00)

LIABILITIES: DESCRIPTION OF DEBT(S) TO BE PAID BY WIFE (To avoid confusion at a later date, describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any mortgage, note, or account described below is wife's, husband's, or both.)	Monthly Payment	Current Amount Owed
□ Money you owe (not evidenced by a note)		
□ Judgments		
□ Other		
Total Debts to Be Paid by Wife	\$	\$
2. Husband shall pay as his own the following and will not at any time ask	Wife to pay th	ese debts/bills:
LIABILITIES: DESCRIPTION OF DEBT(S) TO BE PAID BY HUSBAND (To avoid confusion at a later date, describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any mortgage, note or account described below is wife's, husband's, or both.)	Monthly Payment	Current Amount Owed
□ Mortgages on real estate: (Home)	\$	\$
□ (Other)		
Charge/credit card accounts		
□ Auto loan		
□ Auto loan		
□ Bank/credit union loans		
□ Money you owe (not evidenced by a note)		
□ Judgments		
□ Other		

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.902(f)(2), Marital Settlement Agreement for Dissolution of Marriage with Property but No Dependent or Minor Child(ren) (9/00)

LIABILITIES: DESCRIPTION OF DEBT(S) TO BE PAID BY HUSBAND (To avoid confusion at a later date, describe each item as clearly as possible. You do not need to list account numbers. Where applicable, include whether the name on any mortgage, note or account described below is wife's, husband's, or both.)	Monthly Payment	Current Amount Owed
Total Debts to Be Paid by Husband	\$	\$

C. Contingent Assets and Liabilities (listed in Section III of our <u>Family Law</u> Financial Affidavits) will be divided as follows:

SECTION II. SPOUSAL SUPPORT (ALIMONY)	(If you have not agreed on this matter, write "n/a"
on the lines provided.)	

 $\left[ \sqrt{\text{one only}} \right]$ 

1		C	•	• • • •	1		1 1	41 4	
	Each of us	torever (	gives iin	any right to	snousa	sunnort (	alimonv	) that we may	v have
 1.	Lach of us	IUICICI g	sives up	any nghi to	spousa	support	annony	i mat we ma	y mave.

2. ( ) HUSBAND ( ) WIFE agrees to pay spousal support (alimony) in the amount of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ every ( ) week ( ) other week ( ) month, beginning {*date*} \_\_\_\_\_ and continuing

until {*date or event*} \_\_\_\_\_\_ and continuing until {*date or event*} \_\_\_\_\_\_ and continuing Explain type of alimony (temporary, permanent, rehabilitative, and/or lump sum) and any other

Explain type of alimony (temporary, permanent, rehabilitative, and/or lump sum) and any other specifics:

 $[\checkmark if applies]()$  Life insurance in the amount of to secure the above support, will be provided by the obligor.

**SECTION III. OTHER** 

**SECTION IV.** We have not agreed on the following issues:

I certify that I have been open and honest in entering into this settlement agreement. I am satisfied with this agreement and intend to be bound by it.

Dated:

Signature of	Husband	
Printed Name:		

\_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

City, State, Zip:

Telephone Number:	
Fax Number:	

#### STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF

Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on \_\_\_\_\_ by \_\_\_\_\_.

NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
-------------------------------

[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]

 Personally known
 Produced identification
Type of identification produced

### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [ ∠ fill in all blanks]

I, {full legal name and trade	name of nonla	1wyer},
a nonlawyer, located at {street	}	, {city},
{ <i>state</i> }	, {phone}	, helped {Husband's name},
who is the [ $$ one only] p	etitioner or	respondent, fill out this form.

### I certify that I have been open and honest in entering into this settlement agreement. I am satisfied with this agreement and intend to be bound by it.

Dated:	
	Signature of Wife
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
	Telephone Number:
	Fax Number:
STATE OF FLORIDA	
COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on _	by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK

[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]

 Personally known

 Produced identification

 Type of identification produced

#### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE

BLANKS BELOW: [ 🖉 fill in all blanks]

I, {full legal name and trade name of nonlawyer} \_\_\_\_\_,

a nonlawyer, located at {street	₿	, {city},
{state}	, {phone}	, helped { <i>Wife's name</i> },
who is the [ $$ one only] p	etitioner or	_ respondent, fill out this form.

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.902(i),

#### AFFIDAVIT OF CORROBORATING WITNESS

#### When should this form be used?

This form may be used to prove residency in a **dissolution of marriage** proceeding. To get a divorce in Florida, either the husband or the wife must have lived in Florida for at least 6 months before filing the petition. Residency may be proved by a valid Florida driver's license, Florida identification card, or voter's registration card (issue date of document must be at least 6 months before the date the case is actually filed with the clerk of the circuit court), or the testimony or **affidavit** of someone other than you or your spouse. This form is used to prove residency by affidavit. The person signing this form must know that you have lived in the State of Florida for at least 6 months before the date you signed your **petition** for dissolution of marriage.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink, and signed in the presence of a <u>notary public</u> or <u>deputy</u> <u>clerk</u>. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where the petition was filed and keep a copy for your records.

#### What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed or hand delivered to the other party in your case, if it is not <u>served</u> on him or her with your initial papers.

#### Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** The words that are in "<u>bold underline</u>" in these instructions are defined there. For further information, see section 61.021, Florida Statutes or section 61.052(2), Florida Statutes.

#### Special notes...

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**,  $\square$  Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900(a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

#### IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: Division:

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

#### AFFIDAVIT OF CORROBORATING WITNESS

\_\_\_\_\_, being sworn, certify that I, {full legal name} the following statements are true: I am a resident of the State of Florida. I have known {name} since {approximate date} \_\_\_\_\_, (more than 6 months before the date of filing the petition in this action) and know of my own personal knowledge that this person has resided in the State of Florida for at least 6 months before the date of this affidavit. I have attached a copy of my Florida driver's license or Florida identification card to this affidavit.

I understand that I am swearing or affirming under oath to the truthfulness of the claims made in this affidavit and that the punishment for knowingly making a false statement includes fines and/or imprisonment.

Dated:	
	Signature of Corroborating Witness
	Printed Name:
	Address:
	City, State, Zip:
STATE OF FLORIDA	Telephone Number:
COUNTY OF	
Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on _	by
	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
	[Print, type, or stamp commissioned name of notary or clerk.]
Personally known	
Produced identification	
Type of identification produced	

### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [ ≠ fill in all blanks]

I, {full legal name and trade name of nonlawyer}

a nonlawyer, located at {street	}	, {city},
{state}	, {phone}	, helped {name},

\_\_\_\_\_

who is the [ $\sqrt{}$  one only] \_\_\_\_ petitioner or \_\_\_\_ respondent, fill out this form.

Forms for use with:

# **Motion to/for**

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR**

#### **MOTION TO/FOR**

Before a Judge (or in certain instances, a General Master/Hearing Officer) can hear your case, you must first put in writing <u>what</u> you are asking the Court to do and <u>why</u>. Usually this is done in the form of a *Motion*. Some examples of Motions you might file are:

Motion to Compel Discovery Motion to Continue Motion to Clarify Motion for Contempt\*

Once you have filled out the Motion, (see attached example) you must file the original with the Clerk of Court and mail a copy to the other party in your case. If the other party has an attorney, you should mail a copy to the attorney instead. You must schedule your Motion for a Hearing before the assigned Judge or a General Master/Hearing Officer. You must coordinate a mutually agreeable time and date for the Hearing, and give no less than 5 (five) working days advance Notice of Hearing to the opposing party or attorney, in writing. See the Instructions to the "Notice of Hearing" forms to learn more about how to schedule your case for a Hearing.

#### \*If this Motion is filed after a Final Judgment has been entered:

- (1) the Motion should be set for Hearing before a General Master.
- (2) the Motion should <u>not</u> be used to modify any provisions of a Final Judgment. Instead, a Supplemental Petition must be filed.

### <u>MOTION EXAMPLE</u> IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE <u>6<sup>TH</sup></u> JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR <u>(county name, where case is filed)</u> COUNTY, FLORIDA

**REF: (your pinellas county case number)** 

UCN: <u>(your statewide unform case number)</u> Division: (court division of your case)

(The name of the person who filed the case originally),

Petitioner,

and

(The name of the other party in this case) ,

Respondent.

#### MOTION TO/FOR: (What you are asking for)

(<u>Your name</u>), respectfully moves this Honorable Court to grant this Motion to/for (<u>What you are asking for</u>), and as grounds therefore would show:

1.(Why you think you should get what you are asking for)

2.\_\_\_\_ 3. 4.

\* <u>The below section must be completed</u>. Here you are certifying that you have provided a copy of your pleadings to the other party, and how you did so. THIS SECTION MUST NOT BE LEFT BLANK OR INCOMPLETE.

#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy hereof has been furnished by mail/hand delivery/personal service to the persons listed below this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_.

Party or their attorney(if represented)			Other			
Name			Name			
Address_			Address_			
City	State	Zip	City	State	Zip	
Telephon	e No	_	Telephon	e No	_	
Telefax N	No		Telefax N	lo		
DATED:						

\*<u>This section must be completed by you.</u> All pleadings must be signed. A return address or p.o. box is required.

Signature of p	arty signing	certificate	and plea	ding
Printed name_				
Address				

Telephone (area code and number)

Telefax (area code and number)

## IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

	REF:
	UCN:
	Division:
Petitioner,	,
and	
	,
Respondent.	/
MOTI	ON TO/FOR:
,	respectfully moves this Honorable Court to grant
	, and as grounds therefore would show:
1	
2	
3	
4	
CERTIFICA	<u>TE OF SERVICE</u>
	copy hereof has been furnished by mail/hand
delivery/personal service to the persons lister	d below this day of, 20
Party or their attorney(if represented)	Other
Name	Name
Address	Address
City         State         Zip	City State Zip
Telephone No Telefax No	Telephone No Telefax No

Sixth Judicial Circuit Local Form, Motion to/for - Reviewed 2/2006

Signature of party signing certificate and pleading
Printed name
Address

City State Zip

Telephone (area code and number)

Telefax (area code and number)

### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM THEY MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW:

I, (name of nonlawyer	r)		_, a nonlawyer, located at
(street)		(city)	(state)
(phone)	, helped (	name)	, who is the
[check one only]	_petitioner or	_respondent, fill out this form.	

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.924, NOTICE FOR TRIAL

#### When should this form be used?

Generally, the court will have <u>trials</u> (or <u>final hearings</u>) on contested cases. This form is to be used to notify the court that your case is ready to be set for trial. Before setting your case for trial, certain requirements such as completing <u>mandatory disclosure</u> and <u>filing</u> certain papers and having them <u>served</u> on the other <u>party</u> must be met. These requirements vary depending on the type of case and the procedures in your particular circuit. In some circuits you must complete <u>mediation</u> or a <u>parenting course</u> before you can set a final hearing by using a **Notice of Hearing (General)**, **D** Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, or other appropriate notice of hearing form. Other circuits may require that you set the trial using an **Order Setting Trial**. Contact the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u>, <u>family law intake staff</u>, or <u>judicial</u> <u>assistant</u> to determine how the <u>judge</u> assigned to your case sets trials. For further information, you should refer to the instructions for the type of form you are filing.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the clerk of the circuit court in the county where your case is filed and keep a copy for your records.

#### What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed **or** hand delivered to the other party in your case.

#### Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** For further information, see rule 12.440, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure.

#### Special notes...

These family law forms contain **<u>orders</u>** and **<u>final judgments</u>**, which the judge may use. You should ask the clerk of court, family law intake staff, or judicial assistant if you need to bring one of these forms with you to the hearing or trial. If so, you should type or print the heading, including the circuit, county, case number, division, and the parties' names, and leave the rest blank for the judge to complete at your hearing or trial.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of a **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**,  $\square$  Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

### IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Case No.: Division:

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

#### **NOTICE FOR TRIAL**

Pursuant to rule 12.440, Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure, the party signing below states that the case is ready to be set for trial. The estimated time needed for the parties to present their cases is: *{hours}*.

I certify that a copy of this document was  $\sqrt[]{}$  one only $\sqrt[]{}$  ( ) mailed ( ) faxed and mailed ( ) hand delivered to the person(s) listed below on {date}

Other party or his/her attorney:

Name:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip: _	
Fax Number:	

Dated:

Signature of Party	/
Printed Name:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Telephone Number:	
Fax Number:	

#### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE **BLANKS BELOW:** [ *in all blanks*]

I, {full legal name and tra	de name of nonl	awyer}	,
a nonlawyer, located at {str	reet}	, {city}	,
{state}	, {phone}	, helped {name}	,
who is the $[\sqrt{\text{one only}}]$	_ petitioner or	_ respondent, fill out this form.	

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR FLORIDA SUPREME COURT APPROVED FAMILY LAW FORM 12.923, NOTICE OF HEARING (GENERAL)

#### When should this form be used?

Anytime you have set a hearing before a judge, you must send notice of the <u>hearing</u> to the other party. **IMPORTANT**: If your hearing has been set before a general magistrate, you should use **Notice of Hearing Before General Magistrate**, **D** Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.920(c). If your hearing has been set before a child support enforcement hearing officer, you should use **Notice of Hearing (Child Support Hearing Officer)**, **D** Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.921.

This form should be typed or printed in black ink. After completing this form, you should <u>file</u> the original with the <u>clerk of the circuit court</u> in the county where your case was filed and keep a copy for your records.

#### What should I do next?

A copy of this form must be mailed **or** hand delivered to the other party in your case. If a **default** has been entered, you must still send this form to the other party to notify the other party of the **final hearing**.

#### Where can I look for more information?

**Before proceeding, you should read "General Information for Self-Represented Litigants" found at the beginning of these forms.** For further information on serving notices of hearing, see rule 1.090(d), Florida Civil Rules of Procedure.

#### Special notes...

To set a hearing date and time, you will usually have to make a good-faith effort to coordinate a mutually convenient date and time for you, the other parties in the case, and the judge, except in certain emergency situations. Some circuits may have additional procedural requirements that you must follow when you notify the court and other parties of your scheduled hearing. Therefore, before you complete this form, you should contact the clerk's office, **family law intake staff**, or **judicial assistant** for information regarding the proper procedure to follow.

Remember, a person who is NOT an attorney is called a nonlawyer. If a nonlawyer helps you fill out these forms, that person must give you a copy of **Disclosure from Nonlawyer**,  $\square$  Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure Form 12.900 (a), before he or she helps you. A nonlawyer helping you fill out these forms also **must** put his or her name, address, and telephone number on the bottom of the last page of every form he or she helps you complete.

## IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE \_\_\_\_\_\_ JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND FOR \_\_\_\_\_\_ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Ref. No.:	
UCN:	
Division:	

Petitioner,

and

Respondent.

#### **NOTICE OF HEARING (GENERAL)**

[ 🖾 fill in **all** blanks]

{name of other party} \_\_\_\_\_ TO:

There will be a hearing before Judge {name}			, on	
{date}	, at { <i>time</i> }	m., in Room	of the	
Courthouse, located a	nt: {address}			on
the following issues				

hour(s)/ \_\_\_\_ minutes have been reserved for this hearing.

This part to be filled out by the court or to be filled in with information you obtained from the court:

If you are a person with a disability who needs any accommodation in order to participate in this proceeding, you are entitled, at no cost to you, to the provision of certain assistance. Within two (2) working days of your receipt of this (describe notice/order)\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_please contact the Human Rights Office, 400 S. Ft. Harrison Ave., Ste. 300, Clearwater, FL 33756, (727)464-4062(V/TDD).

If you are represented by an attorney or plan to retain an attorney for this matter, you should notify the attorney of this hearing.

If this matter is resolved, the moving party shall contact the judge's office to cancel this hearing.

Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.923, Notice of Hearing (General) (10/04)

I certify that a copy of this document was  $[\sqrt{\text{one only}}]()$  mailed () faxed and mailed () hand delivered to the person(s) listed below on  $\{date\}$ .

Other	party	or	his/her	attorney:
ът				

Name:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Fax Number:	
Dated:	

Signature of Part	v
Printed Name:	
Address:	
City, State, Zip:	
Telephone Number:	
Fax Number:	

### IF A NONLAWYER HELPED YOU FILL OUT THIS FORM, HE/SHE MUST FILL IN THE BLANKS BELOW: [ ∠ fill in all blanks]

I, {full legal name and trade name of nonlawyer},				
a nonlawyer, located at {street}		, {city}	,	
{state}	, {phone}	, helped {name}	,	
who is the [ $$	one only] petitioner or	respondent, fill out this form.		