

**INMATE LOAD AND SECURITY DESIGNATION FORM INSTRUCTIONS (BP-337)**

**INMATE LOAD DATA**

The Inmate Load Data section (Items 1 to 25) of the Inmate Load and Security Designation form (BP-337) records the physical and demographic information of inmates entered into SENTRY (the Bureau of Prisons' on-line database). In practice, inmates are entered into SENTRY whether or not the inmate's security level is scored (e.g., pre-trial detainees, material witnesses, etc.). Therefore, when the initial security designation data is entered into SENTRY it is essential that the load data is compared to the information contained in the Presentence Investigation Report (PSR), and that the information is updated or reconciled as appropriate.

1. REGISTER NUMBER					
2. LAST NAME		3. FIRST NAME		4. MIDDLE	5. SUFFIX
6. RACE	7. SEX	8. ETHNIC ORIGIN		9. DATE OF BIRTH	
10. OFFENSE/SENTENCE					
11. FBI NUMBER				12. SSN NUMBER	
13. STATE OF BIRTH			14. OR COUNTRY OF BIRTH		15. CITIZENSHIP
16. ADDRESS-STREET					
17. CITY		18. STATE	19. ZIP		20. OR FOREIGN COUNTRY
21. HEIGHT: FT ____ IN ____		22. WEIGHT:	23. HAIR COLOR		24. EYE COLOR
25. ARS ASSIGNMENT					

1. **REGISTER NUMBER.** The U.S. Marshals Service (USM) assigns an eight-digit register number to each inmate with the last three digits denoting the U.S. Marshals' judicial code. The format is five digits, hyphen, three digits.
2. **LAST NAME.** Twenty-four spaces are provided for the inmate's last name, which must match the name on the Judgment. The first character must be a letter. Each subsequent character must be a letter, space, hyphen, or apostrophe.
3. **FIRST NAME.** Twelve spaces are provided for the inmate's first name.

**NOTE:** Only the inmate's committed name (as it appears in

the Judgment) will be entered on the "Load Inmate" transaction. All other names (e.g., true name, aliases, nicknames, maiden name, etc.) will be entered into SENTRY using the "Update Nicknames and Aliases" transaction.

4. **MIDDLE.** Eight spaces are provided for the inmate's middle name.
5. **SUFFIX.** Three spaces are provided for any name suffixes (i.e., Jr., Sr., II). Suffix codes are found in the Name Suffix Code section of the SENTRY General Use Technical Reference Manual (TRM).
6. **RACE.** Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity are set by the Office of Management and Budget. Enter the appropriate code:

<u>CODE</u>	<u>RACE</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>
A	Asian	A person having origins in any of the Pacific Islands or any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.
B	Black or African American	A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.
I	American Indian or Alaska Native	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America), and who maintains tribal affiliation or community attachment.
W	White	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

7. **SEX.** Enter M = Male or F = Female.
8. **ETHNIC ORIGIN.** Enter the appropriate code.

<u>CODE</u>	<u>ETHNIC ORIGIN</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>
H	Hispanic or Latino	A person of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.
O	Not Hispanic or Latino	A person who does not meet the above definition.

9. **DATE OF BIRTH.** Ten spaces are provided for the inmate's birth date (MM-DD-YYYY); (e.g., July 2, 1981 = 07-02-1981). If the inmate's birth date is unknown or not available, enter 01-01-1800.
10. **OFFENSE/SENTENCE.** The offense(s), sentence imposed, and docket number (as specified in the Judgment) should be entered in the space provided. Additionally, if the inmate is admitted to another SENTRY facility, care should be taken to preserve existing information.
11. **FBI NUMBER.** Nine spaces are provided for the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) number. The FBI number can be any combination of letters and numbers and must be entered without spaces or dashes. It cannot duplicate an existing FBI number in SENTRY. This field must be left blank if the FBI number is unknown at the time the inmate is loaded.
12. **SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER (SSN).** Nine spaces are provided for the inmate's SSN. The number must be entered without dashes or spaces. It cannot duplicate an existing SSN in SENTRY. If the SSN is unknown, or the inmate has never been issued a SSN this field must be left blank. In cases where the inmate will not be issued a SSN (i.e., illegal aliens) a back slash may be entered.
13. **STATE OF BIRTH.** Two spaces are provided for the state code for the state in which the inmate was born. If entered, it must be a valid code from the State and Possession Code Table in the SENTRY General Use TRM.
14. **COUNTRY OF BIRTH.** If entered, it must be a valid code from the Country Code Table in the SENTRY General Use TRM.

**NOTE:** SENTRY will not allow "US" to be entered if a "state of birth" is entered (Item 13 above).

15. **CITIZENSHIP.** Enter the country code that corresponds to the inmate's citizenship. This must be a valid code from the Country Code Table in the SENTRY General Use TRM. Do not rely on the inmate's current place of residence to determine citizenship. Special emphasis must be placed on the accuracy of citizenship at the time of the inmate's admission.
16. **ADDRESS - STREET.** At least twenty-eight spaces are provided for the inmate's street number and name as listed in the PSR as "legal address." Enter any combination of alphanumeric characters.
17. **CITY.** Fifteen spaces are provided for the inmate's city of residence as listed in the PSR as "legal address." If entered, a state or foreign country must be entered.
18. **STATE.** Two spaces are provided for the state code. If entered, it must be a valid state code found under State Possession Code, SENTRY General Use TRM. Enter country code under Item 20 if residence is not in the United States or one of its territories or commonwealths.
19. **ZIP CODE.** Five spaces are provided for the zip code. It must be entered when a state code has been entered. If not available, the city, state, and zip code of the USMS Office assigning the register number will be entered. An accurate zip code is important because it is used by SENTRY to determine mileage between the inmate's legal residence and designated institution.
20. **FOREIGN COUNTRY.** Two spaces are provided for the country code. If entered, it must be a valid country code from the Country Code Table of the SENTRY General Use TRM. "US" may not be entered as the country code. This field must be completed if a state or zip code is not entered in the address field (see Items 18 & 19 above).
21. **HEIGHT.** Height must be entered in a measurement of feet and inches. Values in feet (FT) must be 1 through 9. Values in inches (IN) must be 00 through 11.
22. **WEIGHT.** Weight values must be 001-999 and represent pounds.
23. **HAIR.** Two spaces are provided for the color code. If entered, it must be a valid code found under the Hair Color Code, SENTRY General Use TRM.



applied to the initial term of confinement; it may not be applied to any subsequent Supervised Release, Mandatory Release or parole Violation return to custody.

5a. **VOLUNTARY SURRENDER DATE.** If the court has provided for voluntary surrender, enter the date of the voluntary surrender in this block. If the court provided for voluntary surrender but did not provide a specific date for the surrender, the DSCC will contact the court to establish a mutually agreeable date.

**NOTE:** In cases where the court allows the inmate to voluntarily surrender but the inmate will not receive (-3) points on this item the date will still be entered on this item.

5b. **VOLUNTARY SURRENDER LOCATION.** The DSCC will note whether the inmate is to voluntarily surrender to the USMS or to the designated institution.

## 6. MONTHS TO RELEASE

6. MONTHS TO RELEASE _____
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This item reflects the estimated number of months the inmate is expected to be incarcerated. Consecutive federal sentences will be added together for classification purposes. Federal sentences may have different beginning dates, based on the Judgment Order. There may even be a computation in SENTRY with a beginning date in the future. Based on the inmate's sentence(s), enter the total number of months remaining, less 15% (for sentences over 12 months), and credit for any jail time served. This item is not figured into the security point total but impacts the Sentence Length Public Safety Factor.

**Example:** An adult convicted of Breaking and Entering under the Sentence Reform Act is sentenced to eight years. The expected length of incarceration is (96 months x 85% = 81.6 months). Round to the nearest whole number to get 82 and subtract any jail time credit (180 days) = 76 months to release.

**NOTE:** Enter 540 months for death penalty cases, life sentences, and Parolable life sentences for which a parole date has not been established.

**7. SEVERITY OF CURRENT OFFENSE**

7. SEVERITY OF CURRENT OFFENSE	0 = LOWEST 1 = LOW MODERATE	3 = MODERATE 5 = HIGH	7 = GREATEST	
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Enter the appropriate number of points that reflect the most severe documented instant offense behavior regardless of the conviction offense. For multiple offenses, the highest score will be used in scoring the current offense. Staff will consider the offense behavior on all sentences, including federal sentences that have a future beginning date or a previous D.C. or state sentence if there was no physical release from custody.

**NOTE:** This will require DSCC staff to make reasonable efforts to obtain documentation.

Severity is determined by using the Offense Severity Scale (Appendix A).

**Example:** According to the PSR, the individual was involved in an Assault With Serious Injury (Greatest severity level) but pled guilty to a Simple Assault (Moderate severity level). Assign the points on the basis of the more severe documented behavior, i.e., assign 7 points (Greatest severity level).

**In determining "Severity of Current Offense" staff must review the Statement of Reasons (SOR) and ensure the information provided is appropriately used in classifying the inmate.**

**Example:** According to the PSR the individual was involved in a drug conspiracy responsible for distribution of 31 grams of Cocaine Base "Crack", but was individually only responsible for 2 grams, he/she would be scored as Moderate Severity for this item. However, the SOR, indicates the Sentencing Judge found the individual responsible for less than 1 gram; therefore, the appropriate scoring should be Low Moderate severity.

● **PROCEDURES FOR PAROLE, MANDATORY RELEASE, SPECIAL PAROLE TERM, OR SUPERVISED RELEASE VIOLATORS**

If the violation was the result of new criminal conduct, regardless of conviction status, use the new criminal conduct for scoring "Severity of Current Offense" (see Appendix A). If the violation behavior was a technical violation, score the "Severity of Current Offense" as Low Moderate.

The original offense behavior which occurred prior to the violation is considered past behavior and is not used in determining "Severity of Current Offense."

● **PROCEDURES FOR PROBATION VIOLATORS**

The original offense behavior that resulted in probation should be used for scoring "Severity of Current Offense" (see Appendix A). However, if the new criminal conduct (violation behavior) is more severe than the original offense behavior, then use this behavior for scoring "Severity of Current Offense." **The most severe documented behavior between the original offense and the violation behavior will be used for scoring "Severity of Current Offense."**

**8. CRIMINAL HISTORY SCORE**

8. CRIMINAL HISTORY SCORE	0 = 0-1 2 = 2-3	4 = 4-6 6 = 7-9	8 = 10-12 10 = 13 +	
8a. SOURCE OF DOCUMENTED CRIMINAL HISTORY	____ - PRESENTENCE INVESTIGATION REPORT ____ - NCIC III			

Enter the appropriate number of Criminal History Points (CHP). SENTRY will automatically convert the CHP to the Bureau's Criminal History Score (CHS).

The CHS is derived from the US Sentencing Guidelines Criminal History Points, as reflected in the final judgment and the SOR. If not found in either the Judgment or SOR, use the points assessed by the USPO in the PSR.

In some cases the Criminal History Points are not available (i.e., when the PSR is waived, on offenses committed prior to November 1, 1987, state cases, and military and D.C. Code offenders). Under these circumstances the Criminal History Score will be derived from the criminal history documented in the NCIC III Report according to the following procedures:

- (a) Add 3 points for each prior sentence of imprisonment exceeding one year and one month;
- (b) Add 2 points for each prior sentence of imprisonment of at least sixty days not counted in (a);
- (c) Add 1 point for each prior conviction not counted in (a) or (b), up to a total of 4 points for this item; and,

- (d) Add 2 points if the instant offense is a revocation accompanied by a new state or federal conviction, or if the instant offense occurred while under federal supervision including incarceration, probation, parole or supervised release.

The documentation used to assess the Criminal History Points must be provided as specified in all cases.

**9. HISTORY OF VIOLENCE**

9. HISTORY OF VIOLENCE		NONE	>15 YEARS	10-15 YEARS	5-10 YEARS	<5 YEARS
MINOR		0	1	1	3	5
SERIOUS		0	2	4	6	7

Enter the appropriate number of points that reflect any history of violence, considering only those acts for which there are documented findings of guilt (i.e., DHO, Court, Parole, Mandatory Release, or Supervised Release Violation). This item includes the individual's entire background of criminal violence, excluding the current term of confinement.

**Exception:** Any institution disciplinary hearing (UDC or DHO) finding that a prohibited act was committed during the current term of confinement will be scored as a history item. DSCC staff must review the Chronological Disciplinary Record (CDR) for inmates who were previously housed in a federal institution or contract facility. Any violent act(s) reflected on the CDR must be scored as a history item. State disciplinary findings must be scored unless there is documentation that the state disciplinary proceedings did not afford due process protection to the inmate.

Severity of violence is determined by the offense behavior regardless of the conviction/finding of guilt offense. History of Violence points combine both seriousness and recency of prior violent incidents to assess the propensity for future violence. Therefore, if there is more than one incident of violence, score the combination of seriousness and recency that yields the highest point score. Prior periods of incarceration will be considered a "history" item if the inmate was physically released from custody and then returned to serve either a violation or a new sentence. In determining time frames, use the date of the documented behavior. Documented information from a juvenile, Youth Corrections Act (YCA) or District of Columbia Youth Rehabilitation Act (DCYRA) adjudication can be used unless the record has been expunged or vacated.

Minor History of Violence - Aggressive or intimidating behavior which is not likely to cause serious bodily harm or death (e.g.,

simple assault, fights, domestic disputes, etc.) There must be a finding of guilt.

Serious History of Violence - Aggressive or intimidating behavior which is likely to cause serious bodily harm or death (e.g., aggravated assault, domestic violence, intimidation involving a weapon, incidents involving arson or explosives, rape, etc.). There must be a finding of guilt.

**Example:** If an offender was found guilty of homicide 20 years ago and a simple assault 3 years ago, assign 5 points for the simple assault. Or in another case, the offender had guilty findings for homicide 12 years ago; aggravated assault 8 years ago; and fighting 2 years ago, score 6 points for the aggravated assault 8 years ago.

**NOTE:** Attempted suicide, self-mutilation and possession of weapons are not applicable behaviors for History of Violence scoring. In addition, verbal threats (such as Code 203- Threatening Bodily Harm) are to be viewed as minor violence.

**10. HISTORY OF ESCAPE OR ATTEMPTS**

10. HISTORY OF ESCAPE OR ATTEMPTS	NONE	>15 YEARS	10-15 YEARS	5-10 YEARS	<5 YEARS
MINOR	0	1	1	2	3
SERIOUS	0	3(S)	3(S)	3(S)	3(S)

Enter the appropriate number of points that reflect the escape history of the individual considering only those acts for which there are documented findings of guilt (i.e., DHO, Court, Parole, Mandatory Release, or Supervised Release Violation). Escape history includes the individual's entire background of escapes or attempts to escape from confinement, or absconding from community supervision, excluding the current term of confinement.

**Exception:** Any institution disciplinary hearing (UDC or DHO) finding that a prohibited act was committed during the current term of confinement will be scored as a history item. DSCC staff must review the Chronological Disciplinary Record (CDR) for inmates who were previously housed in a federal institution or contract facility. Any escape(s) or attempt(s) reflected on the CDR must be scored as a history item. State disciplinary findings are to be scored unless there is documentation that the state disciplinary proceedings did not afford due process protection to the inmate.

Fleeing or Eluding Arrest, Failure to Appear for traffic violations, Absconding, runaways from foster homes and similar

behavior should not to be scored under the Escape History item, even if clearly documented, but should be considered on a case-by-case basis under the Management Variable "Greater Security." Failure to Appear or Flight to Avoid Prosecution for any offense however, must be counted when there is a documented finding of guilt.

In determining time frames, use the date of the documented occurrence. Documented information from a juvenile, YCA, or DCYRA adjudication can be used unless the record has been expunged or vacated.

Minor History of Escape - An escape from an open institution or program (e.g., minimum security facility, CCC, furlough) not involving any actual or threat of violence. Also includes military AWOL, Bail Reform Act, Flight to Avoid Prosecution, and Absconding from Community Supervision. There must be a finding of guilt except as previously noted.

Serious History of Escape - An escape from secure custody with or without threat of violence. Also includes escapes from an open facility or program with actual threat of violence. There must be a finding of guilt. S = 3 points and requires application of PSF L.

#### 11. TYPE OF DETAINER

11. TYPE OF DETAINER	0 = NONE	3 = MODERATE	7 = GREATEST	
	1 = LOWEST/LOW	5 = HIGH		

Enter the appropriate number of points that reflect detainer status. Refer to the Offense Severity Scale, Appendix A. Determination is based on the offense of the most serious detainer.

- If there is a pending charge, points based on the documented behavior are assigned on the "Type of Detainer" item. If the pending charges or detainer involve a probation violation, use the most severe documented behavior in the original offense as the basis for assigning points in scoring the detainer.

If law enforcement officials indicate a firm intent to lodge a detainer, consider it lodged. Score a concurrent state sentence as a detainer only if it is expected that the state sentence will exceed the federal sentence. However, score consecutive state sentences, lodged state detainers, and/or state parole violation terms/warrants as detainers.

- Consecutive federal sentences are ordinarily not lodged as detainers because federal sentences are computed as they are received. If there is more than one sentence, the most severe offense will be used as "Severity of Current Offense."

**Example:** For an individual with two detainers for Violation of Firearms Act (Moderate severity level) and one for Extortion (High severity level), use High = 5 points and enter "5".

- No points will be awarded for U.S. Parole Commission warrants (adjudicated or unadjudicated). However, the original offense behavior will be factored into the criminal history points and the violation behavior (including new offense behavior) will be scored as the instant offense.
- No points will be awarded for ICE detainers. However, each case will be carefully reviewed to determine whether the PSF for Deportable Alien is applicable.

12. **AGE**

12. AGE	0 = 55 and over 2 = 36 through 54	4 = 25 through 35 8 = 24 or less	
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SENTRY will automatically enter the appropriate number of points based on the inmate's date of birth. Staff do not have to manually enter an offender's age or points on the BP-337. If the offenders date of birth is unknown, SENTRY will default to a score of 4 points.

13. **EDUCATION LEVEL**

13. EDUCATION LEVEL	0 = Verified High School Degree or GED 1 = Enrolled in and making satisfactory progress in GED Program 2 = No verified High School Degree/GED and not participating in GED Program	
13a. HIGHEST GRADE COMPLETED _____		

Enter the appropriate number of points that reflect the inmate's verified education level at the time of designation.

In addition to the points assigned for the education level, the highest grade completed (HGC) will also be recorded on the BP-337. For example, an inmate who began, but did not complete the 7<sup>th</sup> grade will be given a 6 in the HGC field. Similarly, a GED will be given a 12, a college graduate a 16, a Master's degree an 18, and a Ph.D. a 21 (the maximum allowed) in the HGC field. The

value entered for the HGC should, unless missing, be consistent with the points assessed for the inmates education level. If missing, enter a "U" for unknown.

**14. DRUG/ALCOHOL ABUSE**

14. DRUG/ALCOHOL ABUSE	0 = Never/>5 Years	1 = <5 Years	
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Enter the appropriate number of points that reflect drug or alcohol abuse by the inmate. Examples of drug or alcohol abuse include: a conviction of a drug or alcohol related offense, a parole or probation violation based on drug or alcohol abuse, positive drug test, a DUI, detoxification, etc. Absent any information similar to the above, an inmate's self-report is sufficient to score this item. If this information is unknown enter a "U" and the item will be scored as zero.

**15. SECURITY POINT TOTAL**

15. SECURITY POINT TOTAL	
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Enter the sum of Items 5 through 14.

**16. PUBLIC SAFETY FACTORS**

16. PUBLIC SAFETY FACTORS	<b>A-NONE</b> <b>B-DISRUPTIVE GROUP (males only)</b> <b>C-GREATEST SEVERITY OFFENSE (males only)</b> <b>F-SEX OFFENDER</b> <b>G-THREAT TO GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS</b> <b>H-DEPORTABLE ALIEN</b>	<b>I-SENTENCE LENGTH (males only)</b> <b>K-VIOLENT BEHAVIOR (females only)</b> <b>L-SERIOUS ESCAPE</b> <b>M-PRISON DISTURBANCE</b> <b>N-JUVENILE VIOLENCE</b> <b>O-SERIOUS TELEPHONE ABUSE</b>	
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See Chapter 5, pages 7-13 for a description of Public Safety Factors and their application.

**17. REMARKS**

17. REMARKS

A brief explanation of the current offense(s) is required in the "Remarks" section. Similarly, Pre-Sentence Investigation Report information relevant to other scoring items that may have an impact on the designation process or the transportation of the inmate (e.g., medical or psychiatric information, or arrest behavior with no conviction) must also be noted in this section. Refer to Appendix C, Standard Abbreviations/Terms. Also, the

individual scoring the case will enter his or her initials at the end of the "Remarks" section.

**18. OMDT REFERRAL**

18. OMDT REFERRAL (YES/NO) _____
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The Medical Designator, Office of Medical Designations Transportation (OMDT), must review all cases in which there is a physical or mental health concern. Enter "Y" (yes) or N (no) in this category. The response will determine which daily log will reflect the designation information.

**DESIGNATION AND SENTENCE COMPUTATION CENTER ACTION - INITIAL DESIGNATION**

It is extremely important for Designators to communicate on a regular basis to ensure that designation decisions are consistent. The Correctional Programs Division encourages the need for communication and consistency to all Designators.

- 1. FACILITY DESIGNATED.** Enter the mnemonic code for the institution designated (Refer to "Enter Initial Designation," SENTRY General Use TRM).
- 2. CUSTODY ASSIGNMENT.** Enter the initial custody assignment in accordance with Table 4-1.

**Table 4-1**

LEVEL OF INSTITUTION INITIALLY DESIGNATED	INITIAL CUSTODY ASSIGNMENT
Minimum	OUT
Low	IN
Medium	IN
High	IN, unless initial designation is to USP Marion or ADX Florence, in which case the initial custody assignment is MAXIMUM.
Administrative	IN, unless inmate is Minimum security level and designation was not for security reasons, in which case the initial custody assignment is OUT.

3. **DESIGNATOR.** The Designator will enter his or her initials.

4. **REASON FOR DESIGNATION.** Designators will use this section to document whether the primary reason for designation was for security reasons or for management reasons.

- Enter "S" if the inmate's security level is the primary reason for designation and the placement is within normal guidelines. If "S" is entered, SENTRY will not permit an entry in the "Management Reason" field.
- Enter "M" if a Management Variable is the primary reason for designation and placement is outside normal guidelines. When "M" is entered, you must enter the appropriate Management Variable(s) (e.g., B = Judicial Recommendation, D = Release Residence, etc.) under the Management Reason item. While one MGTV is generally sufficient, a maximum of three MGTVs may be entered into SENTRY. In the unlikely event that an inmate's designation facility is inconsistent with his or her MSL, at least one additional non-MSL MGTV must be added to support and explain the inconsistency.
- When it is necessary to place an inmate at a particular institution temporarily in order to receive a parole hearing, a secondary designation is required. The DSCC will notify the Warden of the secondary institution via GroupWise. Following the hearing, the institution where the inmate was first placed should review the secondary designation and contact the DSCC if the results of the hearing indicate that a change in the secondary designation is required.

5. **MANAGEMENT VARIABLES.** See Chapter 5, pages 1-6 for a description of Management Variables and their application.

6. **REMARKS.** The Designator will enter any relevant information not already recorded that may have an impact on the designation process or the transportation of the inmate.

BP-337 INMATE LOAD AND SECURITY DESIGNATION FORM

FEDERAL BUREAU OF PRISONS

INMATE LOAD DATA			
1. REGISTER NUMBER			
2. LAST NAME		3. FIRST NAME	4. MIDDLE
5. SUFFIX	6. RACE	7. SEX	8. ETHNIC ORIGIN
9. DATE OF BIRTH			
10. OFFENSE/SENTENCE			
11. FBI NUMBER		12. SSN NUMBER	
13. STATE OF BIRTH		14. OR COUNTRY OF BIRTH	15. CITIZENSHIP
16. ADDRESS-STREET			
17. CITY	18. STATE	19. ZIP	20. OR FOREIGN COUNTRY
21. HEIGHT FT ____ IN ____	22. WEIGHT ____ LBS	23. HAIR COLOR	24. EYE COLOR
25. ARS ASSIGNMENT			
SECURITY DESIGNATION DATA			
1. JUDGE	2. REC FACILITY	3. REC PROGRAM	4. USM OFFICE
5. VOLUNTARY SURRENDER STATUS      0 = NO      (-3) = YES			
IF YES, MUST INDICATE: 5a. VOLUNTARY SURRENDER DATE: _____			
5b. VOLUNTARY SURRENDER LOCATION: _____			
6. MONTHS TO RELEASE _____			
7. SEVERITY OF CURRENT OFFENSE	0 = LOWEST 1 = LOW MODERATE	3 = MODERATE 5 = HIGH	7 = GREATEST
8. CRIMINAL HISTORY SCORE	0 = 0-1 2 = 2-3	4 = 4-6 6 = 7-9	8 = 10-12 10 = 13 +
8a. SOURCE OF DOCUMENTED _____ - PRESENTENCE INVESTIGATION REPORT or _____ - NCIC III			
9. HISTORY OF VIOLENCE	NONE 0 MINOR 0 SERIOUS 0	>15 YEARS 1 10-15 YEARS 2	5-10 YEARS 3 3 6
10. HISTORY OF ESCAPE OR ATTEMPTS	NONE 0 MINOR 0 SERIOUS 0	>15 YEARS 1 3 (S)	>10 YEARS 1 3 (S)
11. TYPE OF DETAINDER	0 = NONE 1 = LOWEST/LOW MODERATE	3 = MODERATE 5 = HIGH	7 = GREATEST
12. AGE	0 = 55 and over 2 = 36 through 54	4 = 25 through 35 8 = 24 or less	
13. EDUCATION LEVEL	0 = Verified High School Degree or GED 1 = Enrolled in and making satisfactory progress in GED Program 2 = No verified High School Degree/GED and not participating in GED Program		
13a. HIGHEST GRADE COMPLETED _____			
14. DRUG/ALCOHOL ABUSE	0 = Never/>5 Years	1 = <5 Years	
15. SECURITY POINT TOTAL			
16. PUBLIC SAFETY FACTORS	A-NONE B-DISRUPTIVE GROUP (males only) C-GREATEST SEVERITY OFFENSE (males only) F-SEX OFFENDER G-THREAT TO GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS H-DEPORTABLE ALIEN	I-SENTENCE LENGTH (males only) K-VIOLENT BEHAVIOR (females only) L-SERIOUS ESCAPE M-PRISON DISTURBANCE N-JUVENILE VIOLENCE O-SERIOUS TELEPHONE ABUSE	
17. REMARKS			
18. OMDT REFERRAL (YES/NO) _____			