Superior Court of California, San Luis Obispo Family Court Services Intake Form

What is this form for? You and your child/children's other parent have been referred to Family Court Services for help with developing a parenting plan for your child or children. Professionals in family court services are trained as mediators and on other topics related to family court cases, including child development and domestic violence. The information collected on this form will be used to help the mediator decide how to best help you with your particular case. You will receive a written copy of the mediation outcome form the mediator provides to the court before the form goes to the court.

Today's date:	Case #:	Next hearing date:		
Your full name:		Other parent's name:		
Your birth date:	Age:			
Address:		City/State/Zip:		
Daytime phone:		e-mail:		
Employer:	How long?	Position:		
Are you repres	sented by an attorney in this case?			
Children involved in this case First name M.I. Last Name Age Date of Birth School and grade				
	our home (and how are they related			
Have you been to mediation with the other parent before?YesNo Have you been to the co-parenting class (Children: the Challenge in Divorce) yet?YesNo Please describe your current parenting schedule:				

involved or is involved in other court cases. If there are other cases related to this one, please let us know:
Detailed questions: Mediators need to know about your case so that your appointment is as helpful to you as possible. Please answer the following questions:
 Have either you or the other parent said that there are concerns about family violence?
anything you would like to briefly write to the mediator about this now? 4. Do you have any concerns about your safety around the other parent? Yes No If yes, the mediator will talk with you about your concerns, but is there anything you would like to briefly write to the mediator about this now?
 5. Do you have any concerns about mediating (talking about your case and plans for parenting your children) with the other parent in the same room? Yes No 6. Please provide the following dates, if applicable, as well as you can estimate: Date of marriage:
Your case may be one where a "separate session" must be provided. If there are allegations or a history of domestic violence, or if there is a restraining order in your case, you have the right to meet with the mediator without the other party upon request ("separate session"). In a case with allegations or a history of domestic violence, even if you do not ask for a separate session, the mediator will speak with each parent separately before meeting with you together (or during or after if the domestic violence comes up during the session). A request for a separate session is not viewed as evidence of lack of cooperation. Are you asking for a separate session at this time?YesNo If you are unsure about whether you need to meet separately, would you like to speak with the mediator privately about the mediation process?YesNo

Support Person If a restraining order has been issued to protect you, a support person is allowed to go with you any mediation orientation or session, including separate sessions. However, the mediator may exclude a support person if the support person participates in the mediation, acts as an advocate, or if their being there interferes with mediation.

Substance abuse: Do you have concerns about drug or alcohol use or abuse by the other parent? YesNo Mental health concerns impacting child currently: If you have concerns about mental health issues in this case, please briefly describe:				
Child/ren's resider Holiday/Vacation t Child care Parent/Child relati Domestic violence Child abuse, negled	Time with each parent in school year Authority/Decision-making Transportation Onship Supervision/Discipline Creating peaceful communication Alcohol/Drug Abuse			

Confidentiality

Mediation sessions are private and the mediator may not share information from those sessions with just anybody. You should not assume information you share separately with the mediator may be kept confidential from the other party, however, you may tell the mediator if there is information you are providing that may put you at risk if it is shared.

Mediators and staff must make reasonable efforts to keep residential addresses, work addresses, and contact information-including but not limited to telephone numbers and e-mail addresses-confidential in all cases and on all Family Court Services documents.

What if we reach an agreement? Your agreement will be submitted to the court only after all parties (including their attorneys) have signed the document.

What if we <u>do not</u> reach an agreement? The mediator may make recommendations to the court regarding counseling and education and the court's procedure for gathering information. These recommendations may include the following:

- a. Attorney for the child
- b. Counseling for the children and/or parents
- c. Parenting classes
- d. Abbreviated custody investigation
- e. Full custody investigation
- f. Psychological evaluation
- g. Drug and alcohol assessment
 - The mediator **will not** make recommendations to the court regarding your children's living arrangements.
 - The only communication between the mediator and an attorney of record will be a copy of the **Mediation Outcome Report Form** or a faxed copy of the proposed agreement.

What information goes to the judge?

Mediation will end with either a written parenting plan of the parties' agreement or a mediator's recommendation on the **Mediation Outcome Report Form** that is given to the attorneys or the parties before the recommendation is presented to the court. The mediator will not make a custody recommendation to the court.

What information goes to people outside the court?

There are certain situations in which mediators are required or permitted to reveal information without your permission. They are not required to inform you of their actions in this situation.

If you threaten violence to another person, the mediator may be required to inform the intended victim and the appropriate law enforcement agencies.

If you are likely to harm yourself unless protective measures are taken, the law may permit the mediator to take appropriate actions to ensure your safety.

If the mediator has reasonable cause to suspect abuse and/or neglect of children, elderly or dependent adults, or if such is reported to the mediator, that mediator may be required by law to report to an appropriate protective agency and/or the police.