

Assignment:

Student's Name:





# Hatchet

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
Comprehension of Novel	Demonstrates a limited understanding of the novel	Demonstrates some understanding of the novel	Demonstrates a considerable understanding of the novel	Demonstrates a thorough understanding of the novel
Content • Information and details relevant to focus	Elements are incomplete; key details missing	Some elements are complete; details missing	All required elements are complete; key details contain some description	All required elements are complete; enough description for clarity
Style  • Effective word choice and originality • Precise language	Little variety in word choice. Language vague and imprecise	Some varie Ch word choice. Language somewhat vague and imprecise	Good variety in word choice. Language Feedse and quite desocrative	Writer's voice is apparent throughout. Excellent choice of words. Precise language
Conventions • Spelling, language, capitalization, punctuation	Errors seriously interfere with the writer's purpose	Repeated errors in mechanics and usage	Some errors in convention	Few errors in convention

NEXT STEPS:			
WEAKNESSES:			
STRENGTHS:			



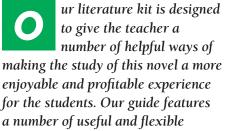


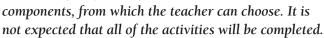


# **Teacher Guide**

Our resource has been created for ease of use by both **TEACHERS** and **STUDENTS** alike.

# Introduction





One advantage to this approach to the study of a novel is that the student can work at his or her own speed, and the teacher can assign activities that match the student's abilities.

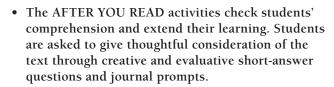
Our literature kit divides the novel by chapters and features reading comprehension and vocabulary questons. Themes include survival, adapting to one's environment, family relationships, coming of age, and isolation muchet provides a wealth of opportunity for classroom discussion because of its vivid portrayal of the central character, Brian, and his quest for survival that will change him for the rest of his life.

# How Is Our Literature Kit™ Organized?

# **STUDENT HANDOUTS**

**Chapter Activities** (in the form of reproducible worksheets) make up the majority of this resource. For each group of chapters, there are BEFORE YOU READ activities and AFTER YOU READ activities.

• The BEFORE YOU READ activities prepare students for reading by setting a purpose for reading. They stimulate background knowledge and experience, and guide students to make connections between what they know and what they will learn. Important concepts and vocabulary from the chapter(s) are also presented.



Six **Writing Tasks** and three **Graphic Organizers** are included to further develop students' critical thinking and writing skills, and analysis of the text. (*See page 6 for suggestions on using the Graphic Organizers.*) The **Assessment Rubric** (*page 4*) is a useful tool for evaluating students' responses to the Writing Tasks and Graphic Organizers.

# ELCY URE CUES

This resource contains three main types of pages, each with a different purpose and use. A **Picture Cue** at the top of each page shows, at a glance, what the page is for.



### **Teacher Guide**

• Information and tools for the teacher



### **Student Handout**

• Reproducible worksheets and activities

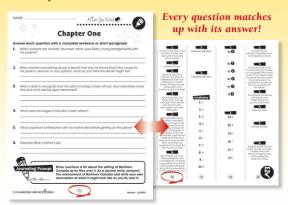


# Easy Marking™ Answer Key

• Answers for student activities

# EASY MARKING™ ANSWER KEY

Marking students' worksheets is fast and easy with this **Answer Key**. Answers are listed in columns—just line up the column with its corresponding worksheet, as shown, and see how every question matches up with its answer!









# **Graphic Organizers**

The three **Graphic Organizers** included in this **Literature Kit™** are especially suited to a study of **Hatchet**. Below are suggestions for using each organizer in your classroom, or they may also be adapted to suit the individual needs of your students. The organizers can be used on a projection system or interactive whiteboard in teacher-led activities, and/or photocopied for use as student worksheets. To evaluate students' responses to any of the organizers, you may wish to use the **Assessment Rubric** (on page 4).

回	Complete the following chart using details from <i>Natchet</i> .			
回	Conflict	Falling Action		
k	Antagonist	Point of View		
3	Anagonia	Point of Vicin		
9	Protagonist	Theme		
	Setting	Conclusion		

### LITERATURE ANALYSIS

This activity is a culminating activity resulting from classroom discussion and questioning inherent in the study of such a novel. The teacher may choose to do this analysis with a small group of students who are ready for this activity, or as a whole group with strong direction from the teacher. Students are required to identify such critical concepts as setting, protagonist/antagonist (if it applies), conflict, climax, falling action, point of view, theme, and concepts on. It is meant to serve as an effective wrap-up in the novel study. An enrichment activity might include a sinclar exercise comparing these traits with another novel with which the students are familiar. Found on Page 53.

### CHARACTER DEVELOPMENT

Brian spends 54 days alone in the Canadian wilderness and he faces many difficult struggles. For each of these struggles, he learns a valuable lesson. Have the students very nown the event and what they conclude Brian learned from this lesson. Found on Page 54.



# Story Map Complain social with the opprepriate details. Isting Time and Place) Challens (California Problem (California Problem (California Residence Residence Residence Residence Residence Residence Residence

### **STORY MAP**

Hatchet is an incredible novel dealing with themes of survival, isolation, coming of age, and being lost. Almost everything about this novel is unique: the setting (Canadian wilderness); character (Brian); the problem (being lost in the wild with only a hatchet); an intriguing plot, and unforgettable resolution. In the accompanying **Story Map**, students are asked to complete each section with details from the novel. Found on Page 55.



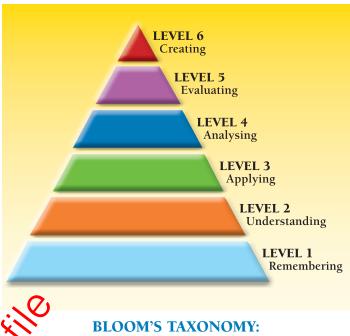




# Bloom's Taxonomy\* for **Reading Comprehension**

The activities in this resource engage and build the full range of thinking skills that are essential for students' reading comprehension. Based on the six levels of thinking in Bloom's Taxonomy, questions are given that challenge students to not only recall what they have read, but to move beyond this to understand the text through higher-order thinking. By using higher-order skills of applying, analyzing, evaluating and creating, students become active readers, drawing more meaning from the text, and applying and extending their learning in more sophisticated ways.

This **Literature** Kit<sup>™</sup>, therefore, is an effective tool for any Language Arts program. Whether it is used in whole or in part, or adapted to meet individual student needs, this resource provides teachers with the important questions to ask, inspiring students' interest and creativity, and promoting meaningful learning.



# **6 LEVELS OF THINKING**

\*Bloom's Taxonomy is a widely used tool by educators for classifying learning objectives, and is based on the work of Benjamin Bloom.

# Teaching Strategies

# ASS, SMALL GROUP AND INDEPENDENT STUDY WHCLE

This study guide contains the following activities:

**Before Reading Activities:** themes are introduced and thought-provoking questions put forward for the students to consider.

**Vocabulary Activities:** new and unfamiliar words are introduced and reviewed.

**After Reading Questions:** the first part of this section includes short answer questions dealing with the content of the text. The second part features questions that are more open-ended and feature concepts from the higher order of Bloom's Taxonomy.

Writing Tasks: creative writing assignments based on Bloom's Taxonomy that relate to the plot of the particular chapters.

**A comprehension quiz** is also included comprised of multiple-choice, true/false and short-answer questions.

**Graphic Organizers:** three

full-page reproducible sheets have been included and can be used for teaching purposes throughout the text.

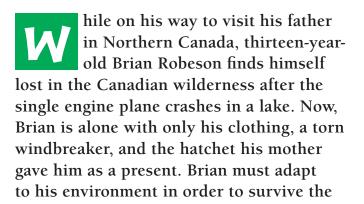
**Bonus Sheets** are also available online.

The study guide can be used in a variety of ways in the classroom depending on the needs of the students and teacher. The teacher may choose to use an independent reading approach with students capable of working independently. It also works well with small groups, with most of the lessons being quite easy to follow. Finally, in other situations, teachers will choose to use it with their entire class

Teachers may wish to have their students keep a daily reading log so that they might record their daily progress and reflections.

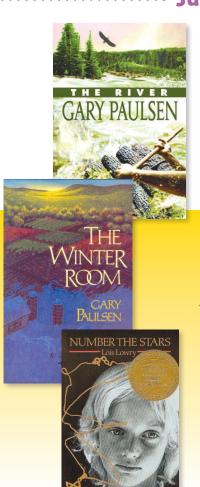


# Summary of the Story



mosquitoes, beavers, bears, wolves, moose, and even a tornado. While waiting for rescue, Brian must learn to fish, hunt, make a shelter, and above all, create fire. In his struggle for survival, Brian must overcome anger, self-pity, despair, loneliness, and a secret he has kept since his parents' divorce in order to survive.

# ····· Suggestions for Further Reading ···

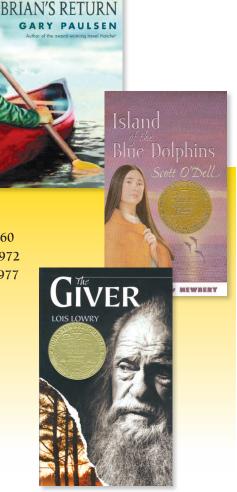


# OTHER BOOKS BY GARY PANESEN

Dogson 1985
The Wint Soom © 1989
Was Sig © 1990
The River © 1991
Irros s Winter © 1996
Brian's Return © 1999
Brian's Hunt © 2003

# OTHER RECOMMENDED RESOURCES

Scott O'Dell, Island of the Blue Dolphins © 1960
Jean Craighead George, Julie of the Wolves © 1972
Barbara Smucker, Underground to Canada © 1977
Sid Fleischman, The Whipping Boy © 1987
Lois Lowry, Number the Stars © 1989
Lois Lowry, The Giver © 1993
Louise Moeri, Save Queen of Sheba © 1994









# List of Vocabulary

# **CHAPTER 1**

- bushplane instruments altitude currents drone divorce rudder banked slewed gratitude lurched
- lashed odor hatchet handgrip stout riveted hokey rethreaded grimacing thrumming coma

### **CHAPTERS 2 TO 3**

- turbulence procedures lurched horizon trembling cowing altimeter depress transmission hesitation
- propeller hurtling throttle rebelled wallow wrenching raked batch spiraling

### **CHAPTER 4**

- hammered grunting hoarse keening scrunched remnants swarming horde desperation agony abating
- collapse hummocks wincing mound splops blurks

#### CHAPTER 5

- blister raged murky teetered trickle stooped stagger fractic amphibious roared asset cawing
- slewed gradually sloshing

### **CHAPTERS 6 TO 7**

- diminish glacier pulverized overhang blisters chart sighing tart driftwood disgust interlaced
- twinge welted matted receded ripe crude rotted clusters gorge hind wuffling rustled trotted
- drenched rivulets seepage

### **CHAPTERS 8 TO 10**

- musty graves hammered slithering skiller straining scraping rasping quill segment gestures
- stiffened scotched ignite tinder kindling sputtered haunches exasperation tendrils plucked painstaking
- smoldered dweller squatted crackle smeared eddied swirled dusk stirred intervals regulate sloshing
- squatted dormant quickened heaped convulse roaringly

### **CHAPTERS 11 TO 13**

- reburying inwardly snaggly gnarled trotted waded flailing tapered crude hefted thrusting telegraphed
- overripe persistent whine bluff swiveling waggle abrupt flock gutted clouddown extent shafts
- hummock precise splinters infuriating refracts wiggling swell exulted smeared

### **CHAPTERS 14 TO 15**

- rectify vital smoldering fragment confines devastating sulfurous corrosive seared slashing impaired
- thrashing mesh bearings darted enclosure chattered exasperated deafening streamlined banded ignited

### **CHAPTERS 16 TO 17**

- tattered slivers stump stickler flurry detach muck sputtered hunched pegs downpour bellowed
- unduly incessant savagely ruefully stymied pronounced eddy rivets fuselage shuddered murky

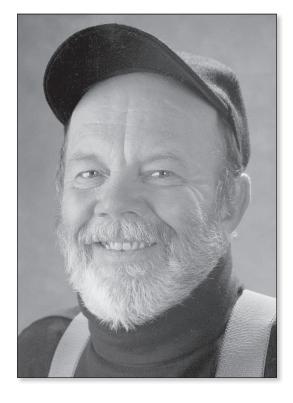
# **CHAPTERS 18 TO EPILOGUE**

- stabilizer hack frenzied snarl anchored wheezed substantial eeled wobbled instinctive heaving
- surging butane sheath antiseptic encased grime frizzed unwittingly consumed wiry immensely
- furor plentiful scarce



# Gary Paulsen

orn May 17, 1939 in Minneapolis, Minnesota, Gary Paulsen became interested in reading at a very young age after a librarian gave him a book to read. At the age of 14, Paulsen ran away from home to join a carnival, where he acquired a taste for adventure. Paulsen first realized that he would become a writer suddenly while working as a satellite technician for an aerospace firm in California. One night, he walked off the job and never returned. Paulsen spent the next year in Hollywood as a magazine proofreader, working on his own writing at night. He then left California for a rented cabin on a lake in northern Minnesota. By the end of the winter, he had completed his first novel, The Special War. Paulsen has written more than 175 books and 200 articles and short stories for young readers. Paulsen's work features the outdoors and highlights themes such as coming of where the main character must master the art of survival in isolation as a rite of passage to manhood and rewrity. In 1983, Paulsen entered his first Iditarod, a 1,150-mile Alaskan dog sled race, and in 1985, he completed his second. When he suffered from an attack of angina — a sostriction of the



airways — he was forced to give up his dow. After a 20-year absence from dog sledding, Paulsen was scheduled to compete in the 2005 idiarod, only to back out shortly before the start of the race. He then participated in 2006, but had to finish after only two days. Paulsen and his wife Ruth spend their time between a home in New Mexico and a house in the Pacific.

# Did You Know?

- Paulsen has had many different jobs such as an engineer, construction worker, ranch hand, truck driver, and sailor.
- Three of Paulsen's books, Hatchet, Dogsong, and The Winter Room are all Newbery Honor Books.
- The novel Brian's Winter is a sequel to Hatchet, stemming from an alternate ending.