

# 2005-2006 Alaska Hunting Regulations

Governing general, subsistence, and commercial uses of Alaska's wildlife

Effective July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006

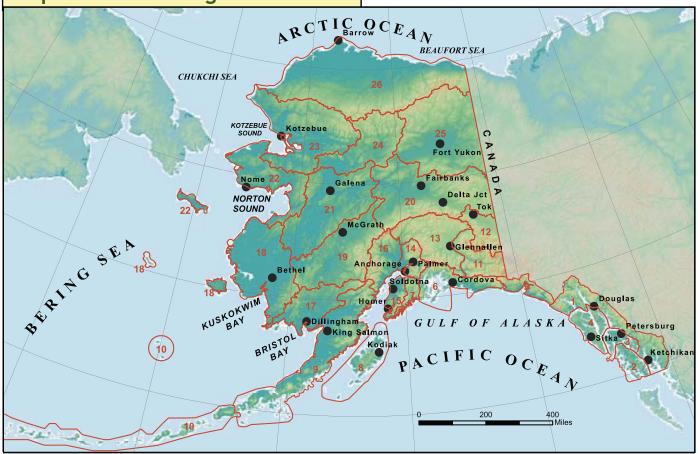




The regulations in this publication are taken from Title 5, Alaska Administrative Code and Title 16 of Alaska Statutes, both available for inspection at any Alaska Department of Fish and Game office. Other sections of Title 5, Alaska Administrative Code are included in the following publications: Miscellaneous Game Regulations, Trapping Regulations, and Waterfowl Regulations. These publications are also available at all Alaska Department of Fish & Game offices.

If an Alaska State Trooper, police officer, Bureau of Wildlife Enforcement Trooper, or authorized Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G) employee asks to see your license, tags, harvest tickets, permits, game, or any equipment used to take game, you must show any or all of these items.

#### Map of Game Management Units



**On the front cover:** Codie Wood, 12, of North Pole (center) took this 55" moose in 2002, during the Delta Bison Range Youth Moose hunt in Unit 20D. Wood was accompanied by her father, Randy, left, and younger brother, Austin, right, and Randy's hunting partner, Steve Geraghty, who took this photo. Austin took his first moose in 2003, at the age of 10.

Photographs seen throughout this publication have been used with permission from the owners, who submitted them by email or by mail to Alaska Department of Fish and Game, Wildlife Conservation, Information Management Division, at 333 Raspberry Road, Anchorage, AK 99518 for the departments consideration for use in this and other wildlife conservation publications. Photographs submitted cannot always be used and must be accompanied by an accurate hunt description that can be verified, and permission from the photographer for their use. Photos will not be returned, but may be picked up in Anchorage if arrangements are made in advance.

This publication released by the Alaska Department of Fish & Game was produced at a cost of \$0.38/copy to provide hunting regulations to the public, and was printed by the Anchorage Daily News. (AS 44.99.210). Comments or questions regarding this publication may be emailed to <a href="wchuntregs@fishgame.state.ak.us">wchuntregs@fishgame.state.ak.us</a> or mailed to Suzan Bowen, Alaska Dept of Fish and Game, 333 Raspberry Road, Anchorage, AK 99518-1599.



Dear Hunter,

You are holding in your hands one of the most important tools available to a person wanting to hunt in Alaska. As we plan our hunts and venture into the outdoors we usually focus on hunting implements, gear, and transportation arrangements, but in truth this regulations summary book is indispensable in preparing for a hunt and something no hunter should be without when actually afield.

It is no secret that as demand for our wildlife resources has increased so have the number and complexity of game regulations. Over time, as the Board of Game has worked to improve wildlife populations and distribute hunting opportunity among users, the result has been additional hunt requirements, finer-grained boundary descriptions, and variations between areas. As a result, this booklet has grown too, and is no longer the pamphlet that fit into my hip pocket when I first arrived in the state. This publication is our way of providing you with the information you need in order to hunt game according to the rules set in state law

Each winter the Division of Wildlife Conservation convenes a staff committee to re-work this regulations summary in order to give you hunting information you can rely on. This group consists of selected Wildlife Conservation employees from around the state who are familiar with hunt management in each of our regions and who have experience in helping the public understand our hunting rules. The committee makes sure that new or changed hunts resulting from Board of Game meetings are included in the new booklet and also revises the explanation of statewide regulations and various other regulatory requirements. Each year much effort goes into making these as clear and understandable as possible.

Perhaps the most significant change this year is the inclusion of better maps of the state's game management units. Long a goal of ours, we believe that this is a big step in presenting our information in a way that helps hunters. I hope you find the entire regulations summary book informative and helpful in getting organized for the hunting season. The hard work that goes into making this booklet should help you improve your chances for a successful experience.

Be safe!

Matt Robus



# STATE OF ALASKA

Dear Hunter,

Like many Alaskans, I learned to hunt at an early age. As a result, I have many treasured memories and wonderful tales that I enjoy sharing with my children, grandchildren, and friends. Hunting continues to be an important tradition in my family and an activity that I look forward to each year.

Alaska's hunting opportunities are unmatched. The prospects of harvesting caribou, muskox, dall sheep, brown bear, and moose offers many hunters a once-in-a-lifetime experience. For others, the seasonal game harvest is an important family activity or cultural tradition, and may be a principal source of food.

Our hunting heritage is deeply embedded in the spirit and history of Alaska and remains central to our economic and social well-being. We can preserve this important heritage by practicing safe, respectful, and responsible hunting techniques and by becoming active in wildlife management efforts toward habitat access, enhancement, and conservation.

Every hunter is responsible for knowing current regulations and bag limits, which may change from year to year. Please do not depend on a friend, guide, or family member to know the rules. We are all personally responsible for knowing and following the regulations affecting our hunts.

Please also consider a Hunter Education course for yourself, family member, or friend. Courses that provide training in firearms safety and wildlife conservation, and teach respect for our natural resources, landowners, and other hunters are available regularly throughout Alaska and the lower 48 states. We have conclusive evidence that shows Hunter Education dramatically reduces hunting-related firearm accidents. These courses have also brought about positive change in hunter skills, attitudes, and behavior.

In closing, I want to thank you for your interest in hunting and encourage your continued support of an important Alaska heritage. By purchasing a hunting license in Alaska, you are directly contributing to wildlife management in our state. Together we can enhance, protect, appreciate, and share the many wonderful hunting opportunities available in Alaska today and preserve them for future generations.

Best wishes for a safe and enjoyable hunt.

track IV. Symbl.

Sincerely yours,

Frank H. Murkowski Governor



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#### **GOVERNOR OF ALASKA**

Frank H. Murkowski



# COMMISSIONER OF FISH AND GAME

McKie Campbell

# DIRECTOR OF WILDLIFE CONSERVATION

Matt H. Robus

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This publication is an interpretive summary of the Alaska Hunting Regulations and contains rules which affect most hunters which have been simplified for your convenience. It is not a legal document and it is not quoted verbatim from state law. For further details, consult your local Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G), Division of Wildlife Conservation representative:

Anchorage	(907) 267-2137	Ketchikan	(907) 225-2475
Barrow	(907) 852-3464	King Salmon	(907) 246-3340
Bethel	(907) 543-2979	Kodiak	(907) 486-1880
Cordova	(907) 424-3215	Kotzebue	(907) 442-3420
Delta Junction	(907) 895-4484	McGrath	(907) 524-3323
Dillingham	(907) 842-2334	Nome	(907) 443-2271
Douglas	(907) 465-4265	Palmer	(907) 746-6300
Fairbanks	(907) 459-7206	Petersburg	(907) 772-3801
Galena	(907) 656-1345	Sitka	(907) 747-5449
Glennallen	(907) 822-3461	Soldotna	(907) 262-9368
Homer	(907) 235-8191	Tok	(907) 883-2971

Alaska Bureau of Wildlife Enforcement Troopers in the Department of Public Safety enforce the hunting regulations outlined in this summary booklet. If you have witnessed a violation and want to report it. Call the office nearest you from the list below:

Anchorage	(907) 269-5952	Homer	(907) 235-8573
Aniak	(907) 675-4352	Iliamna	(907) 571-1534
Bethel	(907) 543-5955	Juneau	(907) 465-4005
Big Lake	(907) 892-3474	Ketchikan	(907) 225-5111
Cantwell	(907) 768-4050	King Salmon	(907) 246-3307
Coldfoot	(907) 678-5211	Kodiak	(907) 486-4762
Cordova	(907) 424-3184	McGrath	(907) 524-3222
Craig(Klawock)	(907) 755-2291	Nome	(907) 443-2429
Delta Junction	(907) 895-4681	Palmer	(907) 745-4247
Dillingham	(907) 842-5351	Petersburg	(907) 772-3983
Dutch Harbor	(907) 581-1432	Seward	(907) 224-3935
Fairbanks	(907) 451-5350	Sitka	(907) 747-3254
Galena	(907) 656-1634	Soldotna	(907) 262-5312
Girdwood	(907) 783-0970	Talkeetna	(907) 733-2256
Glennallen	(907) 822-3263	Tok	(907) 883-4471
Haines	(907) 766-2533	Valdez	(907) 835-4307
Hoonah	(907) 945-3620	Wrangell	(907) 874-3215

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# Major changes in 2005-2006 regulations

This is a summary of some of the more significant regulation changes adopted by the Alaska Board of Game during the past year. This is NOT a complete list of all the changes. It is your responsibility to read this book carefully before going afield.

#### **Black Bear**

*Unit 6D*, shorten season to end June 10. Bear baiters will be required to complete a bear hunter clinic before obtaining a bear bait permit in the area next spring.

*Unit 14B*, increase bag limit to 3 bears.

#### **Brown Bear**

*Unit 3*, open registration permit hunt for residents only, Mar. 15 - May 31.

*Units 6A, 6B, and 6C*, eliminate 7 day, in-unit sealing requirement. Bears can now be sealed anywhere in the state, within 30 days of kill.

*Unit 16A*, outside Denali State Park, liberalize bag limit to one bear a year--does NOT count against the one bear every 4 year bag limit in other areas of the state.

*Unit 16B*, increase bag limit to 2 bears per year--does NOT count against the one bear every 4 year bag limit in other areas of the state.

Units 21B and 21C, reinstate resident tag fee requirement.

*Unit 17*, align and lengthen season unit-wide, Sept. 10 - May 25.

#### Caribou

*Unit 9D*, restrict resident bag limits—1 bull Aug. 10 - Sept. 30, 1 antlerless caribou remainder of the season, Nov. 15 - March 31.

*Unit 17B*, establish new nonresident closed area along river corridors. The area extending two miles on either side of, and including, the following rivers is CLOSED to nonresident hunting for caribou:

- 1) Nushagak River beginning at the southern Boundary of Unit 17B and extending north to Chichitnok River, and including Harris Creek, Klutaspuk Creek, King Salmon River and the Chichitnok River
- 2) Mulchatna River upstream to mouth of Chilchitna
- 3) Nuyakuk River extending west up to the falls
- 4) Koktuli River up to the mouth of the Swan River,
- 5) Stuyahok River to the confluence of the North/South Forks

#### Deer

*Units 1- 5*, all unused deer harvest tickets must be carried while hunting deer and must be validated in sequential order, beginning with harvest ticket number one.

*Unit 2*, all hunters will be required to obtain an additional harvest report form at the time they obtain deer harvest tickets.

#### Elk

*Unit 3*, establish late season registration hunt, Nov. 15 - Nov. 30, in same area as drawing hunts DE318 and DE321 and DE323, Etolin and Zarembo Islands.

#### Moose

*Unit 6B*, create new controlled use area for moose hunting. The area is closed to the use of any motorized vehicle for moose hunting until after 3:00 a.m. on the day following the day which any motorized vehicle is used for transportation, beginning Sept. 5 and ending Oct. 31.

*Unit 17B*, establish new nonresident registration permit hunt area along river corridors (listed under caribou) with limited number of permits. Season dates remain the same, Sept. 5 – Sept. 15.

#### **Mountain Goat**

*Units 6, 8, 11, and 14,* prohibit the taking of nannies with kids. The prohibition was already in place for goat hunts in Units 7, 13, and 15.

#### Wolves

Units 1, and 3-5, extend hunting season, August 1 - April 30.

Unit 9, extend hunting season, August 10 - May 25.

#### **Ptarmigan**

*Units 13A, 13B, and 13E,* reduce bag limit during the Dec. 1 - March 31 portion of the season to 5 per day, 10 in possession.

#### Miscellaneous

*Units 1 –4,* require a wounded black or brown bear to count against the bag limit of the hunter for the year.

*Unit 13B*, Clearwater Creek Controlled Use Area, extend the season for use of motorized vehicles for hunting bears, wolves, and small game to March 15 - June 30.

Registration permits will to be denied to people who have failed to previously report harvest in any other permit hunt. This is now a mandatory requirement.

NEW! Look for this symbol throughout the book. It indicates changes made since the last regulation book was published.

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# Hunting seasons, types of hunts, other resources

Hunting seasons and bag limits for big game are listed by unit on pages 34-107 of this book. Other game seasons and bag limits are listed in the back of the book (pages 108-110). Look up the species you want to hunt, check for an open season, and if it is listed as open, you may hunt it. If the species is not listed, you may NOT hunt that species.

Sometimes seasons need to be changed on short notice. When this happens, ADF&G issues Emergency Orders to protect a wildlife resource. Emergency Orders are as legally binding as regulations adopted by the Board of Game and statutes adopted by the legislature. Emergency Orders are posted at all ADF&G offices and on our web site at: <a href="http://http://hunt.alaska.gov/regulations/orders.cfm">http://hunt.alaska.gov/regulations/orders.cfm</a>.

#### Not familiar with this book?

First, read the statewide general information on pages 7-33. This information applies statewide.

Game Management Unit (unit) descriptions for each area of the state are listed beginning on page 34. In each unit listing, you will find the big game species you can hunt as well as the bag limits and seasons for each species. A map of each unit is included for your reference.

At the beginning of each set of unit pages, or on the map for that unit, restricted areas are clearly listed. Here you will learn which areas of that unit have restrictions or are closed to hunting, or where methods of access are controlled by state Board of Game regulation. Remember, these restrictions are in addition to any restrictions imposed by landowners (e.g., private or federal).

Statewide seasons and bag limits for fur animals, small game (except waterfowl), unclassified game, and deleterious exotic wildlife are on pages 108-110.

#### Make your hunt a legal hunt

When planning a hunt, you should determine the following details and be certain you understand the ADF&G definition of each, as all these components play a factor in ensuring your hunt is legal.

Who is going to hunt? (Are you a resident, nonresident, or nonresident alien, a youth hunter, or disabled?)

Where do you plan to hunt? (Which unit, which subunit? Is your hunt in a restricted area?)

**How** are you going to hunt? (Are there weapons restrictions or access restrictions?)

What species do you want to hunt? (Is there an open season for that species in the area you wish to hunt?)

When do you plan to hunt? (Seasons)

#### Types of hunting seasons

There are hunting seasons for residents and nonresidents. Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless otherwise noted.

Nonresidents are allowed to hunt when there is enough game to allow everyone to participate. When there isn't enough game, nonresident hunters are restricted or eliminated first. If more restrictions are necessary, seasons and bag limits may be reduced or eliminated for some residents.

#### Types of hunts

There are four types of hunts. Complete information on each type of hunt can be found on the following pages:

<ul> <li>General Season</li> </ul>	page 12
<ul> <li>Drawing</li> </ul>	page 13
<ul> <li>Registration</li> </ul>	page 13
• Tier II	page 13

#### Reporting your harvest

To protect, conserve, and enhance our wildlife populations in Alaska, ADF&G needs to know how many animals are taken by hunters. Therefore, ADF&G collects harvest information using a variety of methods:

Harvest reports are used in some general season hunts, permit reports are used in permit hunts, harvest surveys are used for deer, and sealing information is collected for other species.

ADF&G asks hunters to return harvest and permit reports even when no game was taken in order to help measure hunting pressure and hunter effort.

You can find more information regarding harvest and permit tickets and reports on pages 12 and 13.

#### Other information sources

Each spring and fall, we publish additional information regarding Drawing and Tier II Hunts in a separate supplement which can be found at ADF&G offices and vendors statewide. For more information on these hunts, see pg. 13.

Waterfowl regulations are available in mid-August at license vendors or ADF&G offices. To take waterfowl, if you are 16 years of age or older, you must have a hunting license, state and federal duck stamps, and follow the seasons and bag limits, and methods and means permitted.

Marine mammal harvest is controlled by the federal government. Contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service at (907) 786-3311 for information on hunting walrus, polar bears, and sea otters. Contact the U.S. Department of Commerce, National Marine Fisheries Service at (907) 586-7235 for information on hunting seals, sea lions, and beluga whales.

See page 8 for information on obtaining a copy of the federal subsistence regulations.

Remember, ignorance is no excuse --you must know the law!

Read and understand these hunting regulations before you hunt.

If you violate a game law, you are responsible for your actions.

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# Know who owns the land where you plan to hunt

# Land ownership and public access information

The Alaska Department of Natural Resources (DNR) and the U.S. Bureau of Land Management (BLM) maintain general land status records. Both agencies also maintain records indicating the availability of public access routes (roads, trails, campsites) that can be used to reach public lands and waters. Access and use of the State of Alaska's navigable and public waters is protected under the state constitution and statutes. Use of these waters, below the ordinary high water mark, does not require a permit from the upland owner. For more information on land status and access contact: DNR Public Information Center (Anchorage) 269-8400; BLM Public Information Center (Anchorage) 271-5960.

#### State lands

State lands are open to hunting unless they are closed by state, local, or municipal laws.

#### State Park lands

Parts of the state park system are open to hunting, but the laws about the discharge of firearms vary from park to park. For information, call the DNR Public Information Center at (907) 269-8400.

#### State Refuge lands

Most state refuge lands are open to hunting, but there may be access or registration requirements. For more information call the ADF&G office nearest the refuge where you plan to hunt.

#### Federal public lands

Subject to federal restrictions and closures, most federal public lands are open to hunting under these regulations; however, National Parks and National Park Monuments are closed to hunting under these regulations. Additionally, a indicates other federal lands that may have been closed or restricted by federal subsistence regulations. If you are planning to hunt on federal lands, consult the Subsistence Management Regulations for Federal Public Lands in Alaska for details. Calling federal agencies is also advised as in-season closures can occur

at any time and may not be reflected in their annual regulatory publication.

For more information or a copy of the federal regulations, contact: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Subsistence Management, (800) 478-1456, e-mail: subsistence@fws.gov, or on the web at <a href="http://alaska.fws.gov/asm/home.html">http://alaska.fws.gov/asm/home.html</a>.

You may also contact the following agencies by phone:

For National Parks and Preserves: National Park Service (907) 644-3534 or 644-3533

For National Wildlife Refuges: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (800) 478-1456

For National Recreation Areas: Bureau of Land Management (907) 271-5960

> For National Forests: U.S. Forest Service (907) 586-8806

#### Military lands

Civilians are allowed to hunt on some military lands; an access fee may be charged. Basic Hunter Education is required for all hunters on Army lands. Because of unexploded ammunition or military operations, civilians must check in with the military before hunting on their lands.

Military contact information		
Ft. Greely	873-1615	
Ft. Wainwright	353-9685	
Ft. Richardson	384-3046	
Eielson AFB	377-5182	
Elmendorf AFB	552-2436	

#### **Local restrictions**

Local, municipal, or federal governments may prohibit the discharge of firearms or access to an area. Check with the agency with jurisdiction for more information.

#### Private lands

State hunting regulations apply to private land, but do not guarantee access. Most of Alaska's land is in public ownership and managed by federal or state agencies. However, a significant portion of the state is in individual or corporate ownership. If you intend to hunt on private lands in Alaska, make sure you have permission from the land owner. If you will be hunting with a guide or using the services of a transporter, they should have a working knowledge of land ownership in the area where you will hunt. For additional information go to our hunting web site: http://www. wildlife.alaska.gov/hunt trap/hunting/ sources.cfm#private.

#### **Regional Native Corporation lands**

The largest private landowners in the state are the Native village and regional corporations. If you wish to hunt on these private lands, you must contact the appropriate land management office to determine if a land use permit and/or fees are required. Some of these lands are closed to use by non-stockholders. Use of private lands without the landowner's permission, other than those legally reserved for public access easements, is trespass.

Native corporation lands contact information		
Unit	Corporation	Phone
1-5	Sealaska	(907) 586-1512
6-7	Chugach	(907) 563-8866
8	Koniag	(907) 486-2530
9, 17	Bristol Bay	(907) 278-3602
10	Aleut	(907) 561-4300
11-13	Ahtna	(907) 822-3476
14-16	Cook Inlet	(907) 274-8638
18	Calista	(907) 279-5516
12,19-21 & 24-25	Doyon	(907) 459-2030
22	Bering Strait	(907) 443-5252
23	NANA	(907) 442-3301
26	Arctic Slope	(907) 852-8633

# Alaska resident licenses and big game tags

Tags, not to be confused with harvest tickets (shown on page 12), are numbered metal locking objects that must be purchased prior to hunting and placed on the animal upon harvest. Resident tags are not required for all species. In areas where a tag is required, it must be affixed, attached, or locked on the animal (skull or hide) immediately after the kill and must remain there until the animal is prepared for storage, consumed or exported.

#### Resident license requirements:

If you are	you will need
15 or under	no license required
16-59	license required
60 or over	. free permanent ID

Alaska residents ages 15 years or younger are not required to possess a license to hunt. Alaska residents ages 16 years or older must possess a valid license to hunt. Alaska residents ages 60 years or older may apply for a free permanent identification card in lieu of a license. In addition to a license, all hunters must carry any required harvest tickets, permits, tag(s) and/or duck stamps while hunting. Children under 10 years old are not allowed to have their own harvest tickets or permits. (See bag limit, page 14.)

#### Resident licenses

hunting	\$25
trapping	\$15
hunting and trapping	\$39
hunting and sport fishing	\$39
hunting, trapping	
and sport fishing	\$53
low income	\$5
waterfowl stamps	\$5

#### Resident tags

Residents are required to purchase tags only

when hunting brown bear & muskox:
brown/grizzly bear \$25
muskox
Nunivak Island, 22E, 26B East
bull\$500
cow\$25
Nelson Island
bull or cow\$25
Tier II hunts for muskox
Unit 22, 23, and 26
bull or cowno charge

#### Resident tags

Residents hunting for most species do not require a tag, but may require a harvest ticket. Residents must possess a locking tag before hunting brown/grizzly bears in most locations (see page 24), and before hunting muskoxen. Residents with a drawing or registration permit hunting muskoxen in Units 18, 22E, or 26B East must pay the appropriate tag fee. Residents hunting muskoxen in Tier II hunts in Units 22, 23, and 26 do not have to pay

the tag fee, but must possess a tag while hunting. This subsistence tag is available from ADF&G offices in Fairbanks, Barrow, Kotzebue and Nome.

#### An Alaska resident is...

- a person (including an alien) who is physically present in Alaska with the intent to remain indefinitely and make a home here, has maintained that person's domicile in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding this application for a license, and is not claiming residency or obtaining benefits under a claim of residency in another state, territory, or country; OR
- a member of the military service or U.S. Coast Guard who has been stationed in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding this application for a license; OR
- a dependent of a resident member of the military service or U.S. Coast Guard who has lived in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding this application for a license. A person who does not otherwise qualify as a resident may not qualify by virtue of an interest in an Alaska business. (AS 16.05.415).

If you have any questions about your residency call your local Alaska Bureau of Wildlife Enforcement (telephone numbers are listed on page 4).

#### Buying your licenses and tags

Licenses and big game locking tags must be purchased and are available from most license vendors (sporting goods stores, etc.) at http://www.state.ak.us/adfg/ admin/admhome.htm, by calling (800) 478-2376 or (907) 465-2376, or by mail from ADF&G's Licensing Section, P.O. Box 25525, Juneau, AK 99802. Hunting licenses and big game tags are valid from date of purchase through December 31 of that year (AS 16.05.350).

#### Low income licenses

You can buy a low income license for \$5 if your family earned less than \$8,200 (before taxes) for the preceding year, or if you obtained assistance during the preceding six months under any state or

federal welfare program. If requested, you must show proof of your income or welfare support. The \$5 license is for hunting, trapping and sport fishing; it is not a "subsistence" license -- you must still obtain any required harvest tickets, permits, or tags.

#### Special circumstances licenses Older Alaska residents

Resident hunters 60 years or older may obtain a free, permanent identification card. This replaces the annual sport fishing, hunting, and trapping licenses, and with this permanent ID, king salmon and state duck stamps are no longer required. However, any required harvest tickets, tags and permits are still needed.

#### Disabled veterans

Disabled veterans who are Alaska residents may qualify for a free hunting and fishing license. To receive this license you must have been honorably discharged from military service, be eligible for a loan under AS18.56.101, and be certified by the US Veteran's Administration as having incurred a 50 percent or greater disability during military service. Written proof from the VA is required at the time of application.

Other disabled residents can purchase a disabled license at the regular price. A disabled license pre-qualifies you for a proxy. The applicant must provide written proof that they receive at least 70% disability compensation from a government agency for a physical disability, or provide a written affidavit signed by a physician licensed to practice medicine in Alaska certifying that the person is at least 70% physically disabled.

Applications for special circumstances licenses are available at any Fish and Game office, but must be mailed to Alaska Department of Fish & Game Licensing Division, P.O. Box 25525, Juneau, AK 99802-5525 for processing. These licenses can **only** be issued by the Licensing Division in Juneau.

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# Nonresident/nonresident alien licenses and tags

Big game tags, metal locking objects that must be purchased and placed on the animal upon harvest, are required for all big game species. Harvest tickets may also be required. (See list below.)

#### A nonresident...

- is anyone who is not a resident of Alaska, but is a U.S. citizen.
- Nonresidents who hunt for sheep, goat, or brown bear must be accompanied in the field by a licensed guide or resident relative. See guide information at right.

#### A nonresident alien...

- is a citizen of a foreign country who is not a resident of the United States.
- Nonresident alien hunters must be accompanied in the field by an Alaska-licensed guide to hunt any big game animal.

All nonresidents, regardless of age, must have appropriate licenses. All nonresidents 10 years or older must also have appropriate tags and harvest reports. Nonresidents under the age of 10 will not be issued tags and harvest reports. (See *bag limit*, page 14.)

#### Nonresident big game tags

Nonresident and nonresident alien hunters must buy the appropriate locking tag before hunting a big game animal. Immediately after the kill, the tag must be locked on the animal. The tag must remain on the animal until the animal is prepared for storage, exported, or consumed. For animals such as bear, in units where the meat is not required to be salvaged, tags must be locked on the hide.

A big game tag may be used for a species of equal or lower value. For example, if you purchase a \$500 brown bear tag, but do not take a brown bear, and take a moose instead, you may use the bear tag on the moose, since the moose has a lesser tag value. You must then complete a harvest report for the moose, which requires that you obtain a harvest ticket before you hunt. However, you may not use a tag for an animal of a species you have already taken, unless the bag limit for that species is greater than one. A tag may not be used more than once, and two or more tags cannot be used on one animal.

#### Nonresident licenses

small game hunting\$ 20
(grouse, hare, ptarmigan, waterfowl,
cranes and snipe)
hunting (all game)\$85
hunting and trapping\$250
alien hunting (big game)\$300

#### Nonresident tags

(Prices are for one tag each)

	black bear	\$225
;	* brown/grizzly bear	\$500
	bison	
	caribou <sup>1</sup>	\$325
;	* Dall sheep <sup>1</sup>	\$425
	deer	
	elk	\$300
	moose <sup>1</sup>	\$400
;	* mountain goat	\$300
	muskox	
	wolf <sup>2</sup>	\$30
	wolverine	\$175

#### Nonresident alien tags:

(Prices are for one tag each)

×	* black bear	\$300
×	* brown/grizzly bear	\$650
k	* bison	\$650
×	* caribou¹	\$425
×	* Dall sheep <sup>1</sup>	\$550
×	* deer	\$200
×	* elk	\$400
×	* moose <sup>1</sup>	\$500
k	* mountain goat	\$400
k	* muskox	\$1,500
k	* wolf <sup>2</sup>	\$50
ķ	* wolverine	\$250

- \* guide required
- <sup>1</sup> harvest report required
- <sup>2</sup> a tag is not required for wolves in Units 12, 13, 16, 19, and 20; however, a guide is still required for nonresident aliens.

Vendors: You may issue harvest tickets whether or not a locking tag has been purchased for a particular species. Contact any ADF&G office if you have questions.

#### Guide information

Nonresidents who hunt brown bear, Dall sheep or mountain goats must be accompanied in the field by an Alaska-licensed guide or be accompanied in the field by an Alaska resident 19 years or older who is within the second-degree of kindred. This means he or she, if not a registered guide, must be your: father, mother, brother, sister, son, daughter, spouse, grandparent, grand-child, brother/sister-in-law, son/daughter-in-law, father/mother-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepsister, stepbrother, stepson, or stepdaughter.

Nonresident aliens (non-U.S. citizens) hunting any big game must be accompanied in the field by an Alaska-licensed guide.

Hunters should be aware that except for a registered or master guide it is illegal for anyone to provide for compensation any supplies, equipment, or services (other than transportation) to a big game hunter in the field. In other words, transporters and individuals cannot legally provide for compensation vehicles, fuel, bear bait and/or stations, camping, hunting, or game processing equipment or any hunting services such as cleaning of game, glassing, packing, etc. from a permanent or nonpermanent structure in the field or on a boat on saltwater. Licensed transporters may provide transportation services and accommodations (room and board) only at a personally-owned permanent structure in the field, or on a boat on saltwater. It is illegal for a transporter to accompany or remain in the field at a nonpermanent structure with a big game hunter who is a client of the person except as necessary to perform transportation services. Unlicensed individuals cannot legally provide transportation service or accommodations for compensation.

A current list of licensed guides, transporters, and general information on guiding is available on the web site at <a href="http://www.commerce.state.ak.us/occ/pgui.htm">http://www.commerce.state.ak.us/occ/pgui.htm</a> or may be obtained by mail for \$5 from Alaska Department of Community & Economic Development, Division of Occupational Licensing, P.O. Box 110806, Juneau, AK 99811-0806, (907) 465-2543.

### Military licenses and tags

All military personnel must comply with all Alaska regulations, regardless of where they hunt. License and tag requirements are explained below; however, harvest tickets or permits are also required, no matter where they hunt.

#### Resident military personnel

Active duty members of the military stationed in the state for the preceding 12 months, and their dependents living in the state for the preceding 12 months are considered residents. They must have appropriate resident licenses, harvest tickets, permits and tags to hunt anywhere in Alaska.

#### Nonresident military personnel hunting on military land

For the first 30 days, military personnel and their dependents must have a nonresident license and appropriate nonresident locking tags for big game hunting,

regardless of where in Alaska they hunt. Active duty members of the military (not including dependents) who have been on duty at an installation or facility within Alaska for more than 30 days but less than 12 months may hunt big game on military land open to hunting without a license or nonresident tags.

#### Nonresident military personnel hunting off military land

Active duty members of the military, and their dependents, who have been on duty for more than 30 days but less than 12 months and are permanently stationed in Alaska, are nonresidents for purposes of hunting anywhere other than military land in Alaska. In order to hunt big game, they must purchase a nonresident hunting license at full price and appropriate tag(s) at half of the nonresident rate. To hunt small game only, they must purchase a nonresident small game license.

Guide requirement: All nonresidents, including military personnel and their dependents hunting brown/grizzly bear, Dall sheep or mountain goat are required to be accompanied in the field by a registered guide or a relative within seconddegree of kindred who is 19 years or older and an Alaska resident (See page 10.)

# Disabled and elderly Alaskans

Definition of "70-percent disabled" - a person who presents to ADF&G either written proof that the person receives at least 70-percent disability compensation from a government agency for a physical disability or an affidavit signed by a physician licensed to practice medicine in the state, stating that the person is at least 70-percent physically disabled.

#### Proxy hunting for deer, caribou and moose

An Alaska resident (the beneficiary) may obtain an authorization allowing another Alaska resident (the proxy) to hunt deer, caribou, or moose for them if they are blind, 70-percent physically disabled, or 65 years of age or older.

Both beneficiary and proxy must have obtained licenses, regardless of age, and any necessary harvest tickets and/or permits, before applying for a Proxy Hunting Authorization at any ADF&G office or other issuing location. In addition, a written statement signed by an Alaska-licensed medical doctor stating the percentage of the disability is required if the beneficiary only qualifies due to disability. Either party may obtain the proxy hunting authorization form to be completed and signed by both parties.

Once validated, this authorization will allow the proxy to hunt for the beneficiary. As a proxy, you may hunt for the beneficiary and yourself at the same time, as long as the appropriate licenses, harvest tickets and/or permits for both hunters are in your possession. The beneficiary cannot hunt while the proxy is hunting for them, however, the beneficiary may fish while the proxy is hunting for them, with a copy of the appropriate fishing license.

A resident may not proxy hunt for more than one beneficiary at the same time. Likewise, a beneficiary may not have more than one person proxy hunting for them at the same time. A resident who is proxy hunting for another resident must have possession of the proxy form (validated by an authorized representative), the beneficiary's hunting license, permit, and all other documents issued to the beneficiary that are required by law as a condition of taking game for that hunt and species. In addition, the proxy hunter must also have a current hunting license and carry all the documents required by law as a condition of taking game for that hunt. For example, if a person wants to proxy hunt in an archery-only area, both the proxy and the beneficiary must have successfully completed a department-approved bow hunting education course (IBEP or equivalent).

The beneficiary is responsible for all harvest and permit reporting, whether or not the proxy is successful. The proxy is responsible for providing the beneficiary with the information necessary for the beneficiary to properly report. The proxy hunting authorization may not be used in federal subsistence registration hunts. Complete details of proxy hunting are available at ADF&G offices.

#### Other disability provisions

Those who are at least 70-percent physically disabled qualify for the special provisions outlined below:

A person with physical disabilities may take big game from a boat in Units 1-5, and may take black bear from a boat in Unit 6D, if they obtain a disability permit. Applications are available at the ADF&G office nearest the hunt area.

A person with physical disabilities may shoot game from a motorized vehicle in portions of Units 7 and 15 within the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge. This person must require a wheelchair for mobility, obtain a permit from ADF&G and be in compliance with Kenai National Wildlife Refuge regulations. ADF&G may require that the permit holder be accompanied by another hunter with a valid hunting license capable of assisting with the retrieval of game taken by the permit holder. For more information on acquiring a permit to hunt within the Kenai National Wildlife Refuge, contact the ADF&G office in Soldotna at (907) 262-9368.

For further information on disability provisions, contact the ADA coordinator at (907) 465-4100.











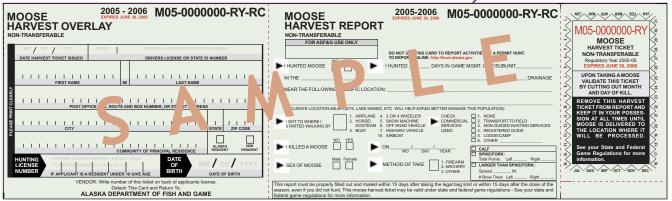


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# General season hunts, harvest tickets and reports

General season hunts are the least restrictive hunts. These hunts are generally open to most people and require less preplanning than permit hunts. They are not managed as conservatively as permit hunts and are subject to fewer emergency closures. These hunts are indicated in the Unit sections with the word "Harvest" in the "permit/ticket required" column. Reporting your harvest is mandatory for most big game species. You must submit a harvest report for every harvest ticket you possess (except deer), even if you did not hunt. The following information explains how to complete harvest tickets and reports.

Use this number when referencing your harvest report.



This portion stays with the vendor and is returned to Fish & Game for hunt administration.

Complete and return this portion, after your hunt. You may also report online at http://hunt.alaska.gov.

Complete this portion in the field if your hunt is successful.

#### Harvest tickets

Harvest tickets are required in general season hunts for deer, moose, caribou and sheep, and are available free from license vendors and ADF&G offices. They are valid from the date issued through the following June. Each harvest ticket number must be written on the back of your hunting license. The numbers of harvest tickets issued the previous calendar year which are still valid must be transferred to the back of a new hunting license.

Harvest tickets are not required for hunts where drawing, registration, or Tier II permits are required.

Your harvest ticket(s) must be carried in the field and must be validated by cutting out the month and day immediately upon taking game. You must keep each validated harvest ticket(s) in your possession until that animal has been delivered to the location where it will be processed for consumption. 5, you must use your harvest tickets in sequential order, and you must carry any unused tickets on your person whenever you are hunting.

Hunters under 10 years old at the start of the hunt cannot have their own big game bag limit, so they cannot have a harvest ticket. The young hunter is allowed to hunt only on behalf of an adult harvest ticket holder, and under the direct immediate supervision of that adult. The adult harvest ticket holder must be a licensed hunter, 18 or older, and is responsible for ensuring all legal requirements are met. (See *bag limit*, page 14.)

#### Harvest reports

Harvest tickets (except for deer) come with harvest reports attached to them. The report portion need not be carried in the field, but must be mailed or delivered within 15 days of taking the bag limit, or within 15 days after the close of the season, even if you did not hunt or did not take an animal. For deer, random surveys are mailed to hunters to gather harvest data.

#### Reporting online

In many cases, hunters may now report their hunting activities online at <a href="http://hunt.alaska.gov">http://hunt.alaska.gov</a>.

Filing your hunt reports electronically has many advantages over reporting by mail. Using this system, you can be sure we have received your report. Online reporting allows you to verify which reports you have filed and which you have not.

When you file online, you will immediately see a confirmation number, and you will receive a certified receipt by e-mail. If there is ever a question, we will accept this receipt as proof that you filed your report. There is no need to mail in reports for those hunts you have already reported online. And when you file electronically, you'll help save printing, postage, and labor costs. Not all hunts have this option available.

If you live north of the Yukon River and hunt caribou in that area, you do not need caribou harvest tickets/reports, but you must register with ADF&G or an authorized license vendor within the area.

If you give false information when applying for a license, permit, tag, or harvest ticket, these documents are void and you have broken the law. It is illegal to alter, change, loan, or transfer any license, permit, tag, or harvest ticket issued to you, and you may not use anyone else's license, tag, or harvest ticket. There is an exception provided for those who are blind, disabled, or 65 or older. (See *proxy hunting*, page 11.) (AS 16.05.405(a)). A person who has had hunting license privileges revoked/suspended in any other state may not purchase an Alaska license during the period of the revocation/suspension. (AS 16.05.330(d)).

#### Permit hunts

Hunters under 10 years old at the start of the hunt cannot have their own bag limit and cannot obtain a permit. (see bag limits, pg 14.)

When hunter demand is higher than a game population can sustain, harvest is often restricted by permits. Four kinds of permit hunts are used: drawing, registration, Tier II and community harvest. Each type of hunt is described below:

#### **Drawing permit hunts**

These hunts limit harvest by restricting the number of hunters. Hunters apply for permits (in May or November) and pay a nonrefundable application fee. Permits are selected by random lottery.

Prior to application for drawing permits, the applicant must obtain or have applied by mail or internet for the appropriate hunting license. If you have a hunting license, the license number must appear on the drawing permit application or the application will become void. This license requirement does not apply to nonresident military applying to hunt on military land or residents under the age of 16.

Details about permit hunts and applications are included in the Drawing Permit Hunt Supplements, available at hunting license vendors and ADF&G offices or online at <a href="http://wildlife.alaska.gov/license-form/permit/pmthunt.cfm">http://wildlife.alaska.gov/license-form/permit/pmthunt.cfm</a>.

Two drawing hunt periods are held each year. Spring hunt supplements are available in early May with an application deadline of May 31 and Winter hunt supplements are available in November with an deadline of December 6.

#### Registration permit hunts

These hunts do not usually limit the number of permits, although a few registration hunts limit the number of permits on a first-come-first-serve basis. Seasons will be closed if a harvest goal is met. Registration permit hunts are listed in this book and permits are issued at ADF&G offices and at limited locations in or near the hunt area. In most cases you must apply in person, but some hunts allow application by mail or online. Registration hunts have very specific hunt boundaries.

**NEW!** Note: a person may be limited to one big game registration permit at a time in Units 1, 17 and 20 E.

# For Residents Only: Tier II Subsistence permit hunts

These hunts are held when there isn't enough game to satisfy all subsistence needs. Hunters must answer questions on the application concerning their dependence on the game for their livelihood and availability of alternative resources. Applications are scored based on responses to the questionnaire and permits are issued to those with the highest scores. Details about Tier II sub-

sistence permit hunts and applications are included in a Tier II Permit Supplement which is available in early May at license vendors and ADF&G offices or online at <a href="http://wildlife.alaska.gov/license\_form/permit/pmthunt.cfm">http://wildlife.alaska.gov/license\_form/permit/pmthunt.cfm</a>. The application period for Tier II hunts is the month of May.

#### Community harvest permits

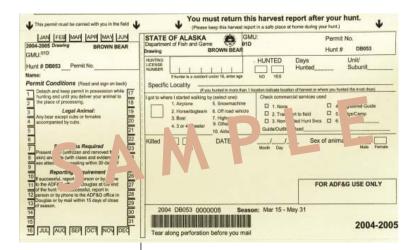
These permits may be issued to groups of people to hunt big game where the Board of Game has established a community harvest hunt area, and they are available only to Alaska residents. This type of permit accommodates local hunting practices and creates a group bag limit, rather than an individual bag limit. Hunters who sign up for a community harvest permit during a given regulatory year cannot also hunt for the same species under other regulations during the same regulatory year covered by the community harvest permit, except in specific circumstances. Other people can hunt in a Community Harvest Area; however, they will have an individual bag limit. There are currently two designated community harvest areas: Chalkyitsik and Yukon Flats.

Maps of hunt areas are available online at www.wildlife.alaska.gov/gis/index.cfm and the ADF&G office nearest to the hunt area.

# Permit harvest tickets and reports

Hunters who receive a permit in one of the above hunts agree to specific conditions and reporting requirements. Permits will to be denied to people who have failed to previously report harvest in any other permit hunt. This is now a mandatory requirement. The following conditions and procedures apply to permit harvest tickets and reports for all permit hunts:

- A permit harvest ticket is not valid until you sign it.
- You must carry the permit harvest ticket while hunting.
- You may not transfer your permit to another hunter (except by proxy authorization and community harvest).
- You may apply for a permit as an Alaska resident only if you qualify as a resident by the start date of the hunt.
- You must validate the permit harvest ticket by cutting out the month and day immediately upon taking game.
- You must keep the validated permit harvest ticket in your possession until the animal has been processed for consumption.
- Everyone issued a permit must complete and return the permit harvest report, including those who did not hunt, those who were unsuccessful, and those who were successful. If you fail to return the report, you will be ineligible for any permits the following regulatory year.
- You must complete and return the permit harvest report to ADF&G within the time period specified on the permit.



Complete this in the field if your hunt is successful.

Complete and return this portion, after your hunt. You may also report online at http://hunt.alaska.gov for some hunts.

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# Bag limit (the maximum number of animals of any one game species a person may take during a regulatory year)

Bag limits are assigned by unit or portions of units. A bag limit applies to a regulatory year (July 1 - June 30) unless otherwise specified, and includes animals taken for any purpose, including subsistence.

You may hunt a species if the bag limit in your hunt area is greater than the number of animals of that species you have already taken anywhere in the state. If the limit is greater, you may take the number of animals needed to reach the limit. For example: if you took one black bear from Unit 6 (which has a limit of one black bear) and then go to Unit 9 (which has a limit of three black bears), you may take up to two more black bears in Unit 9. But if you hunt in Unit 9 first (limit of three black bears) and kill one black bear, you may

not hunt black bear in Unit 6 (limit of one black bear) within the same regulatory year because you have attained the bag limit for that unit. When there is a hunting season and a trapping season for the same species, the bag limit under hunting regulations is separate from the bag limit for trapping. For example, the hunting bag limit in Unit 23 is two lynx. The trapping bag limit is three lynx. If you buy both a hunting and trapping license, you may take five lynx, two by hunting and three by trapping. Hunting bag limits are listed by unit in this book. Otherwise, see trapping regulations.

Animals disturbed while hunting do not count against your bag limit; however, a person who has wounded game should make every reasonable effort to retrieve and salvage that game.

Big game taken by a youth hunter is counted against the bag limit of the adult supervising their hunt.

A hunter who is younger than 10 may take big game only under the direct, immediate supervision of a licensed adult at least 18 years old. The animal taken must be counted against the adult's bag limit. The adult is responsible for ensuring that all legal requirements are met. Individuals must comply with big game tag requirements, if applicable, and adults must validate their harvest tickets or permits. (See harvest tickets, page 12.)

# Hunter Education in Alaska --- it's not just for kids

The Alaska Department of Fish and Game offers three types of Hunter Education Courses: Basic Hunter Education, Bowhunter Education (IBEP), and Muzzleloader Education.

ADF&G courses are taught by volunteer instructors in many areas of the state. These courses are popular and fill up quickly. Do *not* wait until the last minute to sign up. Call the nearest ADF&G office, visit the Hunter Education web site at <a href="https://www.huntereducation.alaska.gov">www.huntereducation.alaska.gov</a>, or call 907-267-2187 for information.

Requirements for young hunters intending to hunt in Units 7, 13, 14, 15, and 20:

If you are under 16 years of age, you must have either successfully completed a Basic Hunter Education course or be under the direct immediate supervision of a licensed hunter who has successfully completed a Basic Hunter Education course.

If you are 16 or older, and were born after January 1, 1986, you must have successfully completed a Basic Hunter Education course before you hunt.

If you have successfully completed a hunter education course elsewhere, check to see if it you need to attend the Alaska course. ADF&G recognizes approved hunter education courses from other states.

Requirements for all hunters:

All hunters must successfully complete a Basic Hunter Education course before hunting in the following areas:

- Eagle River Management Area (14C) for black bear and small game
- Anchorage Coastal Wildlife Refuge (14C -- shotgun hunters only)
- Mendenhall Wetlands State Game Refuge (1C); 15 years old or younger must be accompanied by an adult, or must have successfully completed a Basic Hunter Education course
- All Army lands
- Palmer/Wasilla Management Area (shotgun for big game)
- Hunter education is mandatory in all lower 49 states as well

Hunters wishing to hunt in a weapons restricted area (archery, muzzleloader, or shotgun) must successfully complete a course for the weapon with which they will be hunting. Certain Alaskan archery and muzzleloader drawing permit hunts also require the successful hunter to be in possession of a Basic Hunter Education card. Weapons certification does not satisfy the Basic Hunter Education course which may also be required, and Basic Hunter Education does not satisfy archery or muzzleloader certifications. Be sure to read your drawing permit application and *do not* wait until the last

minute to attend a Basic Hunter Education class. There are sufficient classes offered, but you must plan ahead.

#### **Hunter Education contact numbers:**

Southeast 907-586-4101 Southcentral 907-267-2373 Interior/Arctic 907-459-7375

#### **Hunter Education volunteers**

Each year, ADF&G trains volunteer instructors to provide quality training and education to thousands of Alaskans, teaching Basic Hunter Education, Archery and Muzzleloader Certification courses.

Common themes taught in each of these courses are hunter responsibility, ethics, wildlife conservation, management and the safe handling of firearms, muzzleloaders and archery equipment.

In 2004, these volunteers donated hundreds of hours of their time teaching 189 classes to nearly 3,000 students. Without their dedication, Alaska would not have a state Hunter Education program.

Thanks to their hard work, hunters of all ages, and especially young people, have received the solid foundation that will ensure the future of Alaska's rich hunting heritage.

# General hunting restrictions

#### You MAY NOT take game by:

- Shooting on, from, or across the driveable surface of any constructed road or highway.
- Driving, herding, harassing, or molesting game with any motorized vehicle such as an aircraft, snowmachine, motor boat, etc.
- Pursuing with a vehicle an animal that is fleeing.
- Taking game from a motorized land vehicle. You must be off or out of any motorized vehicle before shooting, EXCEPT:
- -- You may take game from a snow-machine if the motor has been shut off and the snowmachine is not moving.
- -- In Units 22 and 23, you may use a snowmachine to position caribou to select an animal for harvest provided that animals are not shot from a moving snowmachine.
- -- A snowmachine may be used to take a wolf in areas where wolf control implementation plans have been adopted by the Board of Game (BOG) or in Unit 19, and on non-federal lands in Unit 18, provided the animals are not shot from a moving snowmachine.
- Snowmachines and ATVs may be used to take wolves in Units 9B, 9C, 9E and 17, provided that animals are not shot from a moving snowmachine or ATV. This is not allowed on any National Park Service or National Wildlife Refuge lands unless approved by the federal agencies.
  - -- In Units 7 and 15 with a permit (see page 11).
  - Shooting animals from a moving snowmachine, EXCEPT
  - -- A snowmachine may be used to take a wolf in areas where wolf control implementation plans have been adopted by the Board of Game (BOG) as long as the moving snowmachine is not used to drive, harrass, herd, or molest a wolf (resulting in the animal altering its behavior).
  - Taking game from a motor-driven boat if the boat is still moving because of the motor, EXCEPT caribou may be taken from a moving motor-driven boat in Units 23 and 26.

- Shooting big game in Units 1-5 or black bear in Unit 6D from a boat, unless you have obtained a disability permit (see page 11).
- Using a helicopter for hunting or for transporting hunters, hunting gear, game meat, trophies, or any equipment used to pursue or retrieve game, EXCEPT helicopter use may be authorized to rescue hunters, gear, or game in a life-threatening situation.
- Using poison or other substances that temporarily incapacitate wildlife, without written permission from the Board of Game.
- Using a crossbow in a restricted weapons hunt, EXCEPT you may use a crossbow in any hunt that does not restrict weapons.
- Using a bow that shoots more than one arrow at a time.
- Using a machine gun, set gun, or shotgun larger than 10 gauge.
- Using a pit, fire, artificial light, laser sight, electronically-enhanced night vision scope, radio communication, cellular or satellite telephone, artificial salt lick, explosive, expanding as arrow, bomb, smoke, or chemical, EXCEPT:
  - Scent lures may be used with a black bear baiting permit, or for ungulates.
  - -- Rangefinders and electronic calls may be used.
  - -- Communications equipment may be used for safety; however, they may not be used to aid in the taking of game.
  - Artificial light may be used only in conjunction with a single, leashed dog in tracking and dispatching a wounded big game animal.
- Using a trap or a snare to take big game, fur animals, waterfowl, cranes or snipe, EXCEPT you may take grouse, hare, ptarmigan, or unclassified game with a snare (see definitions of fur animals and unclassified game, pages 22-23).
- Intentionally or negligently feeding moose, bear, wolf, fox, or wolverine, or intentionally leaving food or garbage in a manner that attracts these animals.

#### Some common violations

Leaving the kill site for any reason without first validating your harvest ticket or permit (see *Harvest tickets* on page 12 and *Permits* on page 13).

Failing to salvage all meat of big game animals (except wolves and wolverines) and wildfowl for human consumption. Some restrictions apply to bears taken at certain times of the year in specific areas. If you don't want all of the meat, contact someone in the nearest community and offer them the meat. You may legally transfer the meat to another person. (See *Salvage*, page 18, *Transfer of Possession*, page 19, and *Definition of Edible Meat* on page 22.)

Failing to leave evidence of sex naturally attached to the meat when the hunt is restricted to one sex. Antlers are not proof of sex, except for deer when the antlers are naturally attached to an entire carcass with or without the viscera. Horns are proof of sex for Dall sheep; both horns must be salvaged. In most units, the evidence of sex must remain attached to bears (See *Evidence of sex*, page 24).

Transporting antlers or horns to the departure point from the field (landing strip, trail head, road, river, etc.,) before bringing out the meat. Antlers or horns may be transported simultaneously with the last load of meat (See *Furs*, *hides*, *skulls*, page 19).

Leaving any part of a harvested animal on a public road or right-of-way is littering and is illegal. Leave guts, hides, etc., in the field, out of sight of roads and trails.

Driving a motorized land vehicle across or through a stream in which salmon, steelhead, sea run cutthroat, Dolly Varden, Arctic Char, sheefish, or whitefish spawn, rear, or migrate. Protected streams are listed in the Anadromous Waters Catalog and Atlas which may be viewed at DNR Habitat Management offices.

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# Big game hunting restrictions

Big game means black bear, brown/grizzly bear, bison, caribou, Dall sheep, Sitka black-tailed deer, elk, mountain goat, moose, muskox, wolf, and wolverine.

In addition to the general hunting restrictions listed on page 15, big game <u>MAY NOT</u> be taken by the following methods:

- Using a rimfire firearm EXCEPT you may use .22 caliber rimfire cartridges to take swimming caribou from a boat in Units 23 and 26.
- Shooting big game animals while they are swimming EXCEPT caribou in Units 23 and 26.
- Hunting big game with a muzzleloading rifle, unless it is at least .45 caliber or larger.
- Hunting big game with a muzzleloading rifle equipped with a scope during any special season for muzzleloading firearms only.
- Hunting big game with a bow, unless
- (a) the bow is at least:
  - (1) 40 pounds peak draw weight when hunting blacktailed deer, wolf, wolverine, black bear, Dall sheep, and caribou;
  - (2) 50 pounds peak draw weight when hunting mountain goat, moose, elk, brown/grizzly bear, muskox, and bison:
  - (b) the arrow is tipped with a broadhead, at least 20 inches in overall length, and at least 300 grains in total weight;
  - (c) the broadhead is:
    - (1) a fixed, replaceable or mechanical/retractable blade type broadhead when taking black-tailed deer, wolf, wolverine, black bear, Dall sheep and caribou;
    - (2) a fixed or replaceable blade type broadhead for taking mountain goat, moose, elk, brown/grizzly bear, muskox and bison; and
    - (3) not barbed
- Use of electronic devices or light attached to a bow, arrow, or arrowhead with the exception of a non-illuminating camera or the use of a lighted nock on the end of the arrow.
- Use of scopes or other devices attached to the bow or arrow for optical enhancement.
- Use of any mechanical device that anchors a nocked arrow at full or partial draw unaided by the bowhunter.
- Hunting with the aid or use of a dog, EXCEPT dogs may be used to hunt black bears under a nontransferable permit, issued to an individual who qualifies under the permit conditions established in 5 AAC 92.068; and a single, leashed dog may be used in tracking and dispatching a wounded big game animal.

- Taking a cub bear or a sow accompanied by cub(s). Cub bear means a brown/grizzly bear in 1st or 2nd year of life, or a black bear (including the cinnamon and blue color phases) in the 1st year of life.
- Use of bait, EXCEPT for black bears under specific conditions (see Baiting requirements, page 27, and the definition of bait, page 22).
- Shooting big game in Units 1-5 or black bear in Unit 6D from a boat, unless you have a permit for a physical disability (see Disability provisions, page 11).

#### Same day airborne:

It is against the law to hunt or help someone else take big game until 3:00 a.m. the day following the day you have flown. This does not apply if you have flown on a regularly scheduled commercial or commuter airplane.

You may hunt deer the same day airborne. You may hunt caribou the same day you have flown, Jan 1 - Apr 15 in Units 9B, 17B, that portion of 17C east of the Nushagak River, Unit 22 (where caribou season is open). You may hunt caribou in Unit 8 throughout the year, provided you are 300 feet from the airplane.

Communication equipment may not be used in the taking of game, or to aid in the taking of game.

#### Fur animal hunting restrictions

Fur animals means beaver, coyote, arctic fox, red fox, lynx, flying squirrel, ground squirrel, and red squirrel.

Fur animals <u>MAY NOT</u> be taken under the hunting regulations by the following methods:

- with a dog, trap, snare, net, or fish trap.
- by disturbing or destroying dens.
- the same day you have been airborne, unless you are at least 300 feet from the airplane.
- with a nonresident small game license.

#### Furbearer restrictions

River otter, marten, mink, weasel, muskrat, or marmot are furbearers and may be taken only under trapping regulations with a trapping license.

# Restricted weapons hunts regulations

Bow and arrow or muzzleloaders may be used to hunt during any open season unless otherwise restricted. "Certified bowhunters only" or "bow and arrow only" or "muzzleloader only" hunts or areas specifically exclude the use of other weapons, including crossbows.

Archery/Bow and Arrow
In any hunt or area specifically restricted to bow and arrow only, you MAY NOT:

- hunt with a crossbow
- hunt with a bow designed to shoot more than one arrow at a time
- hunt with expanding gas arrows, or
- hunt using chemicals or poisons or substances that temporarily incapacitate wildlife.

#### **Equipment:**

You <u>MAY NOT</u> hunt big game with a bow, *unless*:

- (a) the bow is at least:
  - (1) 40 pounds peak draw weight when hunting black-tailed deer, wolf, wolverine, black bear, Dall sheep, and caribou;
  - (2) 50 pounds peak draw weight when hunting mountain goat, moose, elk, brown/grizzly bear, muskox, and bison;
- (b) the arrow is tipped with a broadhead, at least 20 inches in overall length, and at least 300 grains in total weight;
- (c) the broadhead is:
  - a fixed, replaceable or mechanical/retractable blade-type broadhead when taking blacktailed deer, wolf, wolverine, black bear, Dall sheep and caribou;
  - (2) a fixed or replaceable blade type broadhead for taking mountain goat, moose, elk, brown/grizzly bear, muskox and bison; and
  - (3) not barbed.

You MAY NOT use electronic devices or lights attached to the bow, arrow, or arrowhead with the exception of a non-illuminating camera or a lighted nock on the end of the arrow.

You MAY NOT use scopes or other devices attached to the bow or arrow for optical enhancement.

You MAY NOT use any mechanical device that anchors a nocked arrow at full or partial draw unaided by the bowhunter.

#### Muzzleloader

You <u>MAY NOT</u> use a muzzleloading rifle:

- to hunt big game unless such a firearm is at least .45 caliber or larger.
- equipped with a scope during any permitted, registered, or special season hunt for muzzleloading rifles only.

#### **Definitions:**

"Bow" means a longbow, recurve bow or compound bow; that is, a device for launching an arrow which derives its propulsive energy solely from the bending and recovery of two limbs. The device must be hand-held and hand-drawn by a single and direct pulling action of the bowstring by the shooter with the shooter's fingers or a hand-held or wrist-attached release aid. The energy used to propel the arrow may not be derived from hydraulic, pneumatic, explosive or mechanical devices, but may be derived from the mechanical advantage provided by wheels or cams so long as the available energy is stored in the bent limbs of the bow. No portion of the bow's riser (handle) or an attachment to the bow's riser may contact, support or guide the arrow from a point rearward of the bowstring when strung and at rest. "Bow" does not include a crossbow or any device which has a gun-type stock or incorporates any mechanism that holds the bowstring at partial or full draw without the shooter's muscle power;

"Broadhead" means an arrowhead with two or more sharp cutting edges having a minimum cutting diameter of seven-eighths (7/8) inch:

"Bow peak draw weight" means the peak poundage at which the bow is drawn through or held at full draw by the shooter at the shooters draw length;

"Mechanical or retractable broadhead" means a broadhead with cutting edges that are retracted during flight and open upon impact to a minimum cutting diameter of not less than seven-eighths inch (7/8") and does not lock open after impact to create fixed barbs;

"Barbed" means an arrowhead with any fixed portion of the rear edge of the arrowhead forming an angle less than 90 degrees with the shaft when measured from the nock end of the arrow.

#### License requirements:

You must be in possession of a resident or nonresident hunting license and appropriate harvest ticket, permit and locking tag for all restricted weapons hunts. No special license or stamp is required.

#### **Education requirements**

#### **Bowhunters:**

An IBEP or equivalent certification is required to:

- hunt big game with a bow and arrow in any weapons restricted hunt.
- apply for drawing permits restricting the taking of big game by archery.
- hunt black bears over bait with a bow and arrow in Units 7 and 14-16.

ADF&G currently offers the International Bowhunter Education Program (IBEP) course through volunteer instructors. The course includes a shooting proficiency test. Names of instructors and course dates are available at regional ADF&G offices.

#### Muzzleloaders:

You may not hunt with a muzzleloading rifle in any hunt or area with weapon restrictions for the taking of big game unless you have successfully completed an ADF&G-approved muzzleloader hunter education course that includes ballistic limitations of muzzleloading weapons and a proficiency test.

#### **Shotgunners:**

You may not hunt for big game with a shotgun in a restricted weapons hunt unless you have successfully completed an ADF&G-approved basic hunter education course.

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# Salvage and possession of game

(Salvage of meat means to transport the edible meat to the location where it will be processed or consumed. See page 23.)

Successful hunters must validate their harvest ticket or permit immediately upon taking game. Once you have validated your harvest, you can begin to salvage. Edible meat in all cases must be salvaged, and the following information will help you understand what other requirements may be necessary for salvaging game.

#### Evidence of sex

Hides of all brown bears, and of black bears taken in Units 1-7, 11-17, 19D, and 20 must have the penis sheath or vaginal orifice naturally attached during transport or until sealed. (See *definitions*, *pages 22-23*).

If you kill a big game animal (other than a sheep) where the bag limit is restricted to one sex, you must keep enough of the sex organs (penis, scrotum, testicles, udder, teats, vaginal orifice) naturally attached to part of a rear quarter to show the sex of the animal. Antlers are not proof of sex, except for deer when the antlers are naturally attached to an entire carcass with or without the viscera.

Horns are evidence of sex for Dall sheep, and they must be kept with sheep meat until it is butchered or processed for storage. Horns may be transported simultaneously with the final load of meat.

#### Antler salvage

Antlers must be salvaged where there are antler restrictions. Antlers must remain naturally attached to the unbroken/ uncut skull plate if the required number of brow tines aren't present.

In all big game hunts with antler restrictions, you may not possess or transport the animal unless both antlers accompany the final load of meat.

#### Salvage of furs and hides

You must salvage the hide of a wolf, wolverine, coyote, fox, or lynx. You must also salvage either the hide or meat of beaver and ground squirrel.

You must salvage the entire hide (including claws attached) and skull of a brown/grizzly bear unless it was taken in (and not removed from) one of the subsistence hunt areas under a subsistence registration permit (see page 25). Salvage requirements for black bear are listed on page 26.

#### Meat salvage

Wanton waste of big game meat is an extremely serious offense punishable by a fine of up to \$5,000 and 1 year in jail.

You must salvage all of the meat of moose, caribou, sheep, mountain goat, wild reindeer, deer, elk, bison, muskox, spring black bear, and small game birds for which seasons and bag limits exist. You must also salvage either the hide or meat of beaver and ground squirrel; for birds, the breasts must be salvaged.

Big game meat you must salvage (excluding black bear) includes meat of the ribs, neck, brisket, front quarters as far as the distal joint of the radius-ulna (knee), hindquarters as far as the distal joint of the tibia-fibula (hock), and meat along the backbone between the front and hind quarters. It does not include meat of the head, guts, bones, sinew, and meat left on the bones after close trimming, or meat that has been damaged and made inedible by the bullet or arrow.

When the salvage of black bear meat is required, you must salvage the meat of the front quarters and hindquarters and meat along the backbone (backstrap). (See *bear information*, pages 24-27.)

Edible meat in all cases must be salvaged, however in some units meat must be left on the bone prior to Oct 1. Where meat of moose and/or caribou must be left on the bone, quarters may be cut into pieces, provided the meat remains naturally attached to the bone.

# Meat that must be left on bone when salvaged

FQ= front quarters HQ=hindquarters R = ribs

Unit	Caribou	Moose
9B	FQ, HQ	FQ, HQ
17	FQ, HQ,	FQ, HQ
18	FQ, HQ	FQ, HQ
19A, Ho	olitna/Hoholitn	a CUA
	FQ, HQ	FQ, HQ
19B	FQ, HQ	FQ, HQ
21A	FQ, HQ	FQ, HQ, R
21B, C,	D, E	
	None	FQ, HQ, R
23	FQ, HQ	FQ, HQ
24	FO. HO. R	FO. HO. R

You must salvage meat unless it has been stolen, taken or destroyed by a wild animal, lost to unanticipated weather conditions or other acts of God, or given to someone who accepts responsibility for salvaging and removing the meat from the field.

You may not possess the horns or antlers of a big game animal unless you also salvaged and removed the meat of the animal from the field. You may possess horns or antlers if they were given to you by someone who salvaged and removed the meat from the field, or if you have already eaten the meat of the animal you killed.



#### Hunters: help fight hunger in Alaska

Hunters have donated thousands of pounds of wild meat to charitable organizations in recent years. Such donations of unprocessed meat are legal and can represent a significant contribution to their programs. Hunters are encouraged to consider donating surplus or unneeded moose, caribou, or deer carcasses to Food Bank of Alaska. With prior

notification, some air carriers will fly donated carcasses to Anchorage at no cost to the hunter. Check with air carrier(s) in your hunt area before taking the carcass to an airport for flight information and other details. Food Bank of Alaska will pay for processing costs in Anchorage. The finished product will be donated to shelters, soup kitchens and more than 250 other agencies serving the needy statewide. Use the Transfer of Possession form on the inside back cover of this publication or create your own to donate the meat to Food Bank of Alaska. For further information on donating unprocessed game, call 907-272-3663.

# Transporting requirements

You must transport all meat to your departure point from the field (landing strip, trail head, road, river, etc.,) before transporting antlers or horns from the kill site. Antlers and horns may be transported simultaneously with the last load of meat. After leaving the field, antlers or horns being transported must be accompanied by all edible meat unless possession of the meat has been transferred to and accepted by someone else (see Transfer of Possession below).

Field means an area outside established year-round dwellings, businesses, or other developments usually associated with a city, town, or village. Field does not include permanent hotels or road houses on the state road system or state or federally maintained airports.

#### Transfer of possession

Transfer of possession form can be found on the inside back cover of this publication.

Unprocessed meat and other game parts may be transferred to others permanently (given as a gift) or may be transferred temporarily for the purpose of transport. In doing so, both you and the person taking possession must be able to provide a signed statement that includes: both of your names and addresses, when and where the game was taken, and what specific game or parts of game changed hands. You must show this statement and the meat to an ADF&G representative if asked. The statement may be created at the time of the request.

It is your responsibility to make sure that game is legally taken before you accept or transport it. If you accept game or parts of game from someone else, either permanently as a gift or temporarily in order to transport that game, it becomes your responsibility to salvage all edible meat for human consumption.

#### Illegally taken game

Any game animal taken illegally is the property of the state. If you mistakenly take an animal you thought was legal, you should salvage the meat and/or the hide and skull if required.

You may transport game taken illegally only if your purpose is to salvage and transport the game to the nearest office of ADF&G or Alaska Bureau of Wildlife Enforcement to surrender it to an authorized representative.

If you comply with this regulation, you will not be prosecuted for illegally possessing the animal, and you are less likely to be punished severely for illegally taking the animal.

You may not possess, transport, give away, receive, or barter any illegally taken game or game parts.

#### Road kills

Any wildlife killed or injured by a vehicle belongs to the state. If your vehicle hits and injures or kills a big game animal, you must notify the Alaska State Troopers, Bureau of Wildlife Enforcement, as soon as possible.

#### Marked or tagged game

If you take an animal that has been marked or tagged, you must notify the department when and where you took it. If sealing is required, any tag, collar, tattoo, or other identification must be retained with the hide until someone from the department has sealed it. In all cases, this identifying material must be returned to the department.

### Sealing requirements

Sealing means having an authorized ADF&G representative place a locking seal on an animal hide and/or skull.

Hunters must present the required items **unfrozen** (hide and skull for bears; hide only for lynx, wolf, and wolverine; ram horns attached to the skull plate for sheep) in person. The sealing officer asks questions about when, where and how the animal was taken, and may measure the skull and take some biological samples.

The seal must remain on the hide and/or skull until it has been transported from Alaska or until tanning process has begun.

If you are unable to bring in an animal for sealing within the required time, you must complete and sign a temporary sealing form so another person can have the animal sealed. This form must be presented at the time of sealing.

Where sealing is required, wolves, wolverine, lynx, sheep, brown bears, and black bears must be sealed within 30 days of the kill. (See *bear information*, pages 24-27).

#### Sealing is required for:

- brown/grizzly bears except those taken in and not removed from the brown bear subsistence areas under a subsistence registration permit (see *Bear hunting information*, pages 24-27)
- black bears taken in Units 1-7, 11-17, and 20
- black bear hides taken in Unit 19D between Jan 1-May 31, if removed from Unit 19.
- any untanned bear hide or skull transported or exported from Alaska
- sheep rams taken in areas with horn restrictions in Units 7, 9, 11-16, 19, 20, and 23-26
- lynx, wolf, and wolverine

Check the information relative to your particular hunt to see if there are sealing requirements.

Remember, all hides and skulls must be unfrozen at the time of sealing.

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# Exporting meat or other wildlife parts

# State export requirements: Raw furs

If you ship a raw skin of a beaver, coyote, fox, lynx, squirrel, wolf, or wolverine from Alaska, you must first obtain a raw fur export permit/report. The blue permit (shipping tag) with attached export report (postcard) is available from ADF&G, post offices and commercial cargo carriers. The raw fur export tag must be filled out and attached to any package containing raw fur. The post office or cargo carrier may not accept raw skins unless an export permit is attached. The preaddressed report card portion must be filled out and mailed.

# Federal export requirements: Shipping between states

If you ship any wildlife parts between states, packages must be conspicuously marked on the outside with both the name and address of the shipper and consignee, and an accurate list of the package contents by species and number of each species. As a courtesy, shipping tags that will satisfy the federal requirement of marking packages shipped between states are available from all ADF&G and Bureau of Wildlife Enforcement offices. While the shipping tags are not required, the information they request is required.

#### Shipping outside the United States

As well as the above requirements if you ship any wildlife parts or products out of the United States, federal regulations require that you complete a "Declaration of Importation or Exportation of Fish and Wildlife" (Form #3-177), available online at <a href="www.le.fws.gov/pdffiles/3-177-1.pdf">www.le.fws.gov/pdffiles/3-177-1.pdf</a>. In addition, if you ship hides, skulls, meat or products of brown/grizzly bears, black bears, wolves, lynx, or river otters out of the United States, you must first obtain a federal "CITES Export Permit". These forms are not available through ADF&G, but are available at the US Fish and Wildlife offices listed at right.



Captain Mel Grove of Elmendorf Air Force Base took his first black bear with a bow while hunting in Prince William Sound GMU 6D out of Valdez with his son, Seth.

#### Transporting to or through Canada

If you take any wildlife parts or products out of the United States, federal regulations require that you complete a "Declaration of Importation or Exportation of Fish and Wildlife" (Form #3-177) available online at <a href="www.le.fws.gov/pdffiles/3-177-1.pdf">www.le.fws.gov/pdffiles/3-177-1.pdf</a>. In addition, if you transport hides, skulls, meat, or products of brown/grizzly bears, black bears, wolves, lynx, or river otters you are required to have either a CITES permit or a "Personal Effects Exemption Certificate". This certificate will allow you to transport these items as noncommercial items accompanying personal baggage without a CITES permit into or through Canada to other states. For further information and forms, contact:

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Import/Export Office in Anchorage

(907) 271-6198

#### **Law Enforcement Offices**

in Fairbanks (907) 456-2335 in Ketchikan (907) 225-2254

or

Tetlin National Wildlife Refuge in Tok

(907) 883-5312

"Personal Effects Exemption Certificates" are also available at ADF&G offices in Juneau, Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka, Haines, Soldotna, and Tok.

# What's Happening and When?

**January** New hunting licenses, bear tags,

nonresident tags needed

**February** Plan your hunting trip, call for information

Winter Drawing permits awarded

March Spring Board of Game meeting

May Spring Drawing and Tier II permit materials

available. Applications due by end of month.

**June** Spring Drawing and Tier II permit

applications processed

**July** *New hunting regulation book available* 

Spring Drawing and Tier II permits awarded

New harvest tickets for the regulatory year

Aug-Sept Most fall hunting seasons begin. Proposals

due for Fall Board of Game meeting

**November** Fall Board of Game meeting.

Winter Drawing permit materials available.

**December** Winter Drawing permit applications due

Dec 6. Proposals due for Spring Board of

Game meeting.

# Use of game

#### Game taken under a hunting license <u>MAY NOT</u> be used for the following purposes:

(exceptions noted)

handicraft, page 22).

Buying, selling, or bartering of game meat, EXCEPT hares; caribou meat may be bartered in Units 22-26, but the bartered caribou meat cannot be taken out of these units.

Buying, selling, or bartering of any part of a black or brown/grizzly bear, EXCEPT an article of handicraft made from the fur of a bear. (See definition of

Buying, selling, or bartering of any untanned, unsealed beaver (EXCEPT in Units 12, 18-26), lynx, wolf, or wolverine pelt.

Buying, selling, or bartering of any big game animal skulls taken under a hunting license.

Buying, selling, or bartering horns or antlers, UNLESS they have been

naturally shed or have been completely removed from any part of the skull. However, in Unit 23, you MAY NOT remove caribou antlers from the skull and buy, sell or barter them, UNLESS they have been transformed into a handicraft (see definitions, page 22).

In Unit 23, you may buy, sell, or barter naturally shed, unmodified caribou antlers, AS LONG AS the pedicel is still attached to the antler.

In Unit 23, you may remove caribou antlers from the skull for your own use, but you MAY NOT sell them before they are transformed into a handicraft.

Buying, selling, bartering, advertising, or otherwise offering for sale or barter a big game trophy, including any trophy made from any part of a big game animal.

Using the meat of game as bait or food for pets and livestock. However, you MAY use the following as bait or food for pets or livestock:

- the skin, guts, heads, or bones of game legally taken or killed by vehicles, after the salvage of edible meat,
- brown bear meat (EXCEPT that taken under a subsistence brown bear management permit),
- black bear meat taken June 1 Dec 31 (as long as the black bear hide was salvaged),
- the skinned carcasses of furbearers and fur animals, and the meat from small game (other than birds) and unclassified game, and
- game that died of natural causes MAY be used as bait, AS LONG AS the game is not moved from the location where it was found. Natural causes does not include death caused by man.

# Emergency taking of game

#### In Defense of Life or Property

You may kill game animals in defense of your life or property if you did not provoke an attack or cause a problem by negligently leaving human or pet food or garbage in a manner that attracts wildlife and if you have done everything else you can to protect your life and property.

Property means your dwelling, means of travel, pets or livestock, fish drying racks, or other valuable property necessary for your livelihood or survival.

The meat of a game animal that you have legally taken becomes your property, but you may not kill another wild animal to protect the meat unless the meat is necessary for your livelihood or survival. In this situation you still must do everything possible to protect the meat (i.e., proper storage, scaring the scavenger, etc.,) before you may kill the scavenger.

Game animals taken in defense of life or property belong to the state. If you kill a brown/grizzly bear, black bear, wolf, wolverine or coyote, you must salvage the hide (in the case of a brown bear, the hide and the skull) and surrender them to the state. All bear hides must include the attached claws.

A surrendered bear hide and skull must have been completely removed from the carcass. If you kill any other big game animals in defense of life or property, you must salvage the meat.

You must also notify ADF&G or Alaska State Troopers, Bureau of Wildlife Enforcement immediately and you must surrender what you salvaged and fill out and submit a questionnaire concerning the circumstances within 15 days.

#### For Food in a Dire Emergency

If you are in a remote area and unintentionally run out of food and cannot expect to get food from another source soon enough, you may kill wildlife for food to save your life or prevent permanent health problems. If this happens, you must salvage all meat and surrender what is left to the state after your rescue. You will be asked to fill out a statement about the circumstances.

#### Hunter Harassment Law

It is against state law (AS 16.05.790) to intentionally obstruct or hinder another person's lawful hunting, fishing, trapping or viewing of fish and game. Illegal activities include positioning one's self in a location where human presence may alter the behavior of fish or game another person is pursuing. It is also illegal to create a sight, sound, smell, or physical stimulus to alter the behavior of fish and game another person is attempting to take.

The law does not prohibit lawful competitive practices among hunters, fishermen, or trappers.

Violators of this statute are subject to a fine of up to \$500 and/or up to 30 days in jail.

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#### **Definitions**

**airport** - an airport listed in the Federal Aviation Agency Alaska Airman's Guide and Chart Supplement.

**antler** - the annually cast and regenerated bony growth originating from the pedicle portion of the skull in members of the deer family.

antlerless - the absence of antlers.

ATV (all terrain vehicle) - a motorized tracked vehicle, or a vehicle with four or more wheels operated on land weighing less than 1,000 lbs. dry weight, except for snowmachines.

bag limit - the maximum number of animals of any one game species a person may take in the unit or portion of a unit in which the taking occurs. Animals disturbed in the course of legal hunting do not count toward the bag limit.

bait - any material, excluding scent lures, placed to attract an animal by its sense of smell or taste; bait does not include those parts of legally taken animals that are not required to be salvaged as edible meat if the parts are not moved from the kill site.

big game - black bear, brown/grizzly bear, bison, caribou, Sitka black-tailed deer, elk, mt. goat, moose, muskoxen, Dall sheep, wolf, and wolverine.

**boat** - a vehicle, vessel, or watercraft operated in or on water deep enough to float it at rest and includes hovercraft, airboats, personal watercraft, and amphibious vehicles.

**bow and arrow** - *see* bow hunting equipment definitions, *page 17*.

brow tine - is a tine emerging from the first branch or brow palm on the main beam of a moose antler and projecting forward; the brow palm is separated from the main palm by a wide bay; a tine originating in or after this bay is not a brow tine; see pages 30-31.

**brown bear** - Ursus arctos, including grizzly bears; the terms brown bear and grizzly bear are synonymous.

buck - a male deer

bull moose - a male moose

**calf** - a moose, caribou, elk, muskox, or bison less than 12 months old.

**cub bear** - a brown/grizzly bear in 1st or 2nd year of life, or a black bear (including the cinnamon and blue color phases) in the 1st year of life.

**dire emergency** - a situation in which a person:

- (A) is in a remote area;
- (B) is involuntarily experiencing an absence of food required to sustain life;
- (C) will be unable to perform the functions necessary for survival, leading to high risk of death or serious and permanent health problems, if wild game food is not immediately taken and consumed; and
- (D) cannot expect to obtain other food sources in time to avoid the consequences described in (C) above.

**domestic mammals** - *muskoxen*, *bison*, *elk*, *and reindeer*; *if they are lawfully owned*.

**domicile** - the true and permanent home of a person from which the person has no present intention of moving and to which the person intends to return when the person is away.

**drainage** - the area of land drained by a creek, stream, or river unless further defined in regulation.

drawing permit - a permit issued to a limited number of people selected by means of a lottery held for all people submitting valid applications for such permits and who agree to abide by the conditions specified for each hunt.

edible meat - Big game (except black bear): the meat of the ribs, neck, brisket, front quarters as far as the distal joint of the radius-ulna (knee), hindquarters as far as the distal joint of the tibia-fibula (hock), and the meat along the backbone between the front and hindquarters;

black bear: the meat of the front quarters and hindquarters and meat along the backbone (backstrap);

wildfowl: the meat of the breast;

However, edible meat of big game or wildfowl does not include: meat of the head, meat that has been damaged and made inedible by the method of taking; bones, sinew, and incidental meat reasonably lost as a result of boning or a close trimming of the bones; or viscera.

**field** - an area outside of established year-round dwellings, businesses, or other

developments usually associated with a city, town, or village; "field" does not include permanent hotels or roadhouses on the state road system or state or federally maintained airports.

**front quarter** - the front leg and shoulder, including the scapula, as far as the distal joint of the radius-ulna.

full curl horn - see page 28.

fur animal - beaver, coyote, arctic fox, red fox, lynx, squirrel, that has not been domestically raised; fur animal is a classification of animals subject to taking with a hunting license.

furbearer - beaver, coyote, arctic fox, red fox, lynx, marten, mink, weasel, muskrat, river otter, squirrel, marmot, wolf, or wolverine; furbearer is a classification of animals subject to taking with a trapping license.

game - any species of bird, reptile, or mammal, including a feral domestic animal, found or introduced in the state, except domestic birds and mammals; game may be classified by regulation as big game, small game, furbearers or other categories.

**grizzly bear** - the terms brown bear and grizzly bear are synonymous.

handicraft - a finished product in which the shape or appearance of the natural material has been substantially changed by skillful use of hands, such as sewing, carving, etching, scrimshawing, painting, or other means and which has substantially greater monetary and aesthetic value than the unaltered natural material alone.

harass - to repeatedly approach an animal in a manner which results in animal altering its behavior.

hide - see skin

**highway** - the driveable surface of any constructed road.

hindquarter - means the hind leg, excluding the pelvis, as far as the distal joint of the tibia-fibula (hock).

**household** - that group of people domiciled in the same residence.

hunting area - that portion of a game management unit where a season and a bag limit for a species are set.

**inboard motor** - any motor located within the confines of the boat.

#### **Definitions** (continued)

**meat-on-bone** - meat remains naturally attached to the bone. Requirements vary by area or type of hunt. Check specific hunt requirements.

**moose antler** - see the illustrations on page 30.

motorized land vehicle - any motorized vehicle operated on land; includes hovercraft and airboats.

naturally shed antler - any portion of an antler which has the base (burr) intact and has not been physically removed by cutting, sawing, or breaking from the skull.

**nonresident** - a person who is not a resident of the state.

**nonresident alien** - a person who is neither a citizen nor a permanent resident of the United States.

**peace officer** - a police officer of the state or a person authorized by the Commissioner of Fish and Game.

**permit hunt** - a hunt for which permits are issued on a drawing, registration, or Tier II hunt basis.

#### processed for human

**consumption -** prepared for immediate consumption or prepared in such a manner, and in an existing state of preservation, as to be fit for human consumption after a 15-day period.

**registration permit** - a hunting permit issued to a person who agrees to the conditions specified for each hunt; permits are issued in the order applications are received and are issued:

- (A) beginning on a date announced by the department and continuing throughout the season, or until the season is closed by emergency order when a harvest quota is reached;
- (B) beginning on a date announced by the department and continuing until a predetermined number of permits have been issued.

**regulatory year** - July 1 through June 30 of the following calendar year.

#### resident - a resident is:

• a person (including an alien) who is physically present in Alaska with the intent to remain indefinitely and make a home here, has maintained that person's domicile in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding this application for a license, and is not claiming residency or obtaining benefits under a claim of residency in another state, territory, or country; or

- a member of the military service or U.S. Coast Guard who has been stationed in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding this application for a license; or
- a dependent of a resident member of the military service or U.S. Coast Guard who has lived in Alaska for the 12 consecutive months immediately preceding this application for a license. A person who does not otherwise qualify as a resident may not qualify by virtue of an interest in an Alaska business.

salvage - to transport the edible meat, skull or hide, as required by statute or regulation, of a game animal or wildfowl to the location where the edible meat will be consumed by humans or processed for human consumption in a manner which saves or prevents the edible meat from waste, and preserves the skull or hide for human use.

**sealing** - the placement of an official marker or locking tag (seal) by an authorized representative of the ADF&G on an animal hide and/or skull, and may include:

- (A) collecting and recording biological information concerning the conditions under which the animal was taken;
- (B) measuring the specimen submitted for sealing;
- (C) retaining specific portions of the animal for biological information, such as a pre-molar tooth from a bear.

second-degree of kindred - a father, mother, brother, sister, son, daughter, spouse, grandparent, grandchild, brother-or sister-in-law, son- or daughter-in-law, father- or mother-in-law, stepfather, stepmother, stepsister, stepbrother, stepson, or stepdaughter.

skin, hide, and pelt - are all the same, and mean any untanned external covering of any game animal's body; but do not include a handicraft or other finished product; skin, hide, or pelt of a bear means the entire external covering with claws attached.

**small game** - all species of grouse, hares, rabbits, ptarmigan, and waterfowl, cranes, and snipe.

**snowmachine** - a motor vehicle of 850 pounds or less gross vehicle weight, primarily designed to travel over snow, and supported, in part by skies, belts, or tracks; snowmachine and snowmobile are equivalent terms.

take - taking, pursuing, hunting, fishing, trapping, or in any manner disturbing, capturing, or killing or attempting to take, pursue, hunt, fish, trap, or in any manner capture or kill fish or game.

three-quarter curl horn - see illustrations on page 28.

**Tier II** - when the board has identified a game population that is customarily and traditionally used for subsistence and where, even after non-subsistence uses are eliminated, it is anticipated that a reasonable opportunity to engage in the subsistence use cannot be provided to all eligible residents.

tine or point - see page 31.

**transport** - shipping, carrying, importing, exporting, or receiving or delivering for shipment, carriage, or export.

**trophy** - a mount of a big game animal, including the skin of the head (cape) or the entire skin, in a lifelike representation of the animal; trophy also includes a "European mount" in which the horns or antlers and the skull or a portion of the skull is mounted for display.

unclassified game - all species of game not otherwise classified in these definitions.

unit - one of the 26 geographical areas listed under Game Management Units in the codified hunting and trapping regulations and the Game Unit Maps of Alaska.

**year** - calendar year unless another year is specified.

Note: Some of these definitions appear elsewhere in this book, where they are most needed for reference. The form shown in other parts of the book may be slightly different if the editors felt a word change would help the reader better understand the intent of the language.

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# Important information for all bear hunters

#### Tag requirements

Nonresidents must purchase a locking tag in addition to their license to hunt either a black or brown/grizzly bear.

Resident hunters do not need a tag to take black bears, but must possess a \$25 locking tag if they want to hunt brown/grizzly bear in most areas of the state. No such locking tag is required in Unit 11, 13 (except Denali State Park), 16B, 19D, 20D, in that portion of Unit 20E outside of Yukon-Charley Rivers National Preserve, 21D, 22, 23, 25D, and in the brown bear subsistence hunt areas (see subsistence hunt areas on page 25) when hunting under state subsistence regulations. Big game tags are valid from the date of purchase through December 31 of that year.

Where tags are required, they must be locked on the hide immediately after the kill and must remain there until the hide is processed or exported.

Bear tags may not be transferred to another hunter. A nonresident bear tag may be used for any other species for which the tag fee is of equal or lesser value, but you must have a harvest ticket for that species.

A hunter less than 10 years old is not allowed to kill a bear, except under direct, immediate supervision of a licensed adult at least 18 years old. The bear would then be counted against the adult's bag limit. (See *bag limit*, pg. 14.)

#### Evidence of sex

If you take a brown/grizzly bear anywhere in the state or a black bear in Units 1-7, 11-17, 19D, or 20, evidence of sex (penis sheath or vaginal orifice) must remain attached to the hide until it is sealed.

In Units 1-4, a black or brown bear wounded by a hunter counts as the bag limit for the regulatory year. "Wounded" means there is sign of blood or other sign that the bear has been hit by a hunting projectile.

Nonresident brown/grizzly bear hunters must be accompanied in the field by a guide/outfitter or a resident relative within second-degree of kindred (See *Guide Information*, page 10).

#### Sealing requirements

Sealing means taking the skull and skin (with claws and evidence of sex attached) of the bear you killed to an officially designated "sealing officer." The skull must be skinned from the hide and both must be unfrozen.

The sealing officer asks questions about when, where, and how the bear was taken, measures the skull and may pull a small tooth or take other biological samples. Then the officer locks a metal or plastic seal on the hide and on the skull. The seal must remain on the skin until the tanning process begins and on the skull unless it is cleaned for display.

Part of the sealing requirement is that you sign the sealing certificate. If you can't get your bear to a sealing officer in person, you must complete and sign a temporary sealing form available from the department. You must also make sure that someone takes the bear and the temporary certificate to the sealing officer within the time required.

If you are a nonresident and kill a brown/ grizzly bear while on a guided hunt or while hunting with a resident second- degree kindred relative, both you and your guide or resident relative must sign the sealing certificate or temporary sealing certificate. Black bears taken in Units 1-7, 11-17, and 20 must be sealed within 30 days of the kill. In Unit 19D East, black bears must be sealed.

In the remainder of Unit 19D, black bears taken Jan 1 - May 31 need not be sealed unless removed from Unit 19. Black bears taken by nonresidents on Kuiu Island, in Unit 3, must be sealed within 14 days of kill and must not be removed from Units 1-4 until sealed.

All brown/grizzly bears must be sealed. Brown/grizzly bears taken in most units must be sealed within 30 days of the kill. Special sealing requirements apply within the brown bear subsistence hunt areas when bears are taken under a subsistence registration permit (see *subsistence hunt areas* on page 25). Any of these time limits can be shortened by ADF&G.

If you kill a brown/grizzly bear in Unit 8 you may not take the bear out of that unit until it has been sealed. If you kill a brown/grizzly bear in Unit 20E you may not take the bear out of that unit, except to Tok, until it has been sealed.

You may not transport or export from Alaska any untanned bear skin or skull until it has been sealed.



Seth Grove, 15, of Big Lake, with his first black bear taken while bow hunting in Prince William Sound in 2003 with his father, Capt. Mel Grove.

# Brown/grizzly bear bag limits

Depending on where you hunt, brown/grizzly bear bag limits are either one-bear-every-four-regulatory-years, one bear every regulatory year, or two bears every regulatory year (A regulatory year is July 1 through June 30).

#### One bear every four regulatory years

If you kill a bear in any of these "one bear every four regulatory years" areas: Units 1-5, 6D, 7-10, and the portions of 13E and 16A that are within Denali State Park, 14, 15, and 22C, you may kill a bear in any "one bear every regulatory year" area during the next regulatory year, but you may NOT kill a bear in any "one bear every four regulatory year" area for four regulatory years.

#### One bear every regulatory year

If you kill a bear in any of these "one bear every regulatory year" areas in Units 6A, 6B, 6C, 11,12, 13 and 16A (except the portions of 13E and 16A that are within Denali State Park), 17-21, 22A, 22B, 22D, 22E, 23-26, you may kill a bear in any legal area of the state during the next regulatory year.

#### Two bears every regulatory year

You may kill two bears every regulatory year in Unit 16B or 20E. Additionally, if you kill a bear in any other legal area of the state, you may kill one more bear in Unit 16B or 20E during the same regulatory year. You may kill a bear in any legal area of the state during the next regulatory year.

#### **Attention All Hunters:**

You may not hunt brown/grizzly bears over bait or scent lures.

In units with a brown/grizzly bear bag limit of one bear every four regulatory years

If your last successful hunt was Your next opportunity to hunt is

fall 01 - spring 02.......fall 05 - spring 06
fall 02 - spring 03.......fall 06 - spring 07
fall 03 - spring 04......fall 07 - spring 08
fall 04 - spring 05......fall 08 - spring 09
fall 05 - spring 06......fall 09 - spring 10

# Brown/grizzly bear subsistence hunting

Resident hunting by subsistence registration permit for brown/grizzly bears used for food is allowed in Unit 9B, all drainages in Unit 9E that drain into the Pacific Ocean between Cape Kumliun and the border of Unit 9E and 9D, Unit 17, Unit 18, that portion of Units 19A and 19B downstream of and including the Aniak River drainage, Unit 21D, Unit 22, all drainages in Unit 23 except for the Baldwin Peninsula north of the Arctic Circle, Unit 24, and Unit 26A. Hunters may hunt under an alternate set of regulations adopted to better allow subsistence use of brown bears. General brown bear hunting seasons remain in effect in these areas.

In these registration subsistence hunts, the bag limit is one bear every regulatory year under a subsistence registration permit. Taking a brown bear in one of these areas under a subsistence permit does not count in the one bear every four regulatory years bag limit restriction in other units.

The following information compares the requirements of the subsistence versus general regulations within the brown bear subsistence areas:

#### Subsistence hunting

- one bear per regulatory year
- meat must be salvaged for human consumption
- no tag required but you must register to hunt
- hide and skull need not be sealed unless removed from subsistence area or presented for commercial tanning; if sealing is required it must be completed by an authorized sealing agent; at the time of sealing the skin of the head and front claws are removed and kept by ADF&G.
- no use of aircraft for subsistence hunting in Units 21D, 22, 23 except the Baldwin Peninsula, 24, and 26A. See units for season dates.

#### General hunting

- \$25 tag required
- see units for seasons
- see units for bag limits
- hide and skull must be sealed by an authorized sealing agent statewide

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• meat need not be salvaged

See unit pages (34-107) for information on where subsistence permits are available. For specific information on hunts listed in unit pages, please call the ADF&G office in or nearest the subsistence area where you want to hunt.

Important information regarding the use of snowmachines:

You may not drive, harass, herd, or molest a bear with any motorized vehicle such as a snowmachine. While you may use a motorized vehicle to locate a bear, you may not use a motorized vehicle to pursue a bear that is fleeing. In addition, you cannot use a snowmachine to drive a bear to another hunter.

# Other bear regulations

You MAY NOT take black or brown/grizzly bear cubs or sows accompanied by cubs. Cub bear means a brown/grizzly bear in 1st or 2nd year of life, or a black bear (including cinnamon and blue color phases) in the 1st year of life.

You <u>MAY NOT</u> buy, sell, or barter any part of a bear except an article of handicraft made from the fur of a bear.

You <u>MAY NOT</u> hunt or kill brown/grizzly bears within one-half mile of garbage dumps or landfills (AS16.05.782).

You MAY use the carcass of a skinned brown/grizzly, or a black bear taken June 1 - Dec 31, as animal food or bait. (See *Use of game*, page 21).

Except in the Brown Bear Subsistence Areas, you are not required to keep the meat of a brown/grizzly bear. If you take a brown/grizzly bear in any of these subsistence areas under a registration permit for subsistence purposes, you are required to salvage all meat for human consumption; salvage of the hide or skull is optional.

If you wish to hunt black bears with dogs, you must first obtain a permit from the ADF&G office nearest the area you wish to hunt. You cannot hunt brown/grizzly bears with dogs.

Bears killed in defense of life or property must be skinned and the hide (with claws and evidence of sex attached) turned over to the state.

In the case of a brown/grizzly bear the skull must also be turned over to the ADF&G representative (see *Emergency taking of game*, page 21).



Eric Jennings, 11, of Eagle River, with his first black bear, taken in Unit 7 in spring of 2004.



You MAY NOT hunt black bears over bait or scent lures, except under a bait station permit.

#### Estimated Maximum Weights of Some Alaska Big Game Species

This table is an estimate of the maximum weight that the hunter might expect to handle and transport from the field for Alaska big game animals.

species	live adult	carcass	boned-out
	weight	weight	carcass
	lbs.	$lbs^{.a}$	$lbs^{.b}$
moose	1650	990	564
caribou	500	300	171
bison	2000	1200	684
elk	1350	810	462
mt. goat	280	168	96
Dall sheep	230	138	79
muskox	800	480	274
Sitka black-tailed deer	200	120	68
black bear	350	210	120
brown bear	1250	750	428

a Weight following removal of viscera, head, hide, and lower legs.

#### Salvage of Black Bears

From Jan 1 - May 31, in Units 1-7, 11-17, and 20 the hide, skull, and meat must be salvaged and removed from the field; from June 1 - Dec 31, the hide and skull must be salvaged and removed from the field.

From Jan 1 - May 31, in Units 9-10, 18, 19 (except 19D), and 21-26, the meat must be salvaged and removed from the field; from June 1 - Dec 31 either the hide or meat must be salvaged and removed from the field. Bears taken Jan 1 - May 31 may not be used for pet food or bait.

For Unit 19D: In 19D-East the hide and skull must be salvaged and sealed. In the remainder of 19D either the hide or meat must be salvaged.

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b Weight of carcass meat after all bones are removed.

# Black bear baiting requirements

You may establish bait stations for black bears in certain areas after obtaining a permit from the department (see chart on this page.) Black bear baiting is subject to the following restrictions:

You must be at least 16 years old to obtain a bait station.

Before you set up a bait station, you must register at an ADF&G office. You will get a sign to post at your station. If you choose not to use this sign, you must place some other sign that clearly identifies the site as a "Black Bear Bait Station," and displays the bear baiting permit number assigned by ADF&G, your hunting license number and hunting license numbers of others who hunt over that bait station.

You may register your bait station 15 days before the start of the season; however, bait may not be present until the season is open.

You <u>MAY NOT</u> register a bait station in Units 6D, 7, 14A, 14B, 15, 16A, or 20B unless you have successfully completed an ADF&G approved bear baiting clinic.

Bowhunters wishing to hunt black bears over bait in Units 7 and 14-16 are required to complete an IBEP or equivalent course.

ADF&G may prohibit black bear baiting in local areas.

You may place bait at only two bait stations at the same time. All bait must be biodegradable. The parts of fish and game that may be legally used as bait are heads, bones, guts, skin, or other parts of legally taken game not required to be salvaged. (See page 21). You may also use scent lures with a baiting permit. In addition, for Units 7 and 15, fish or fish parts may not be used for bait.

You MAY NOT set up a bait station within one-quarter mile of a publicly maintained road, trail, the Alaska Railroad, the Unit 14 shorelines of the Susitna River and Little Susitna River south of the Parks Highway bridge; the Unit 16 shorelines of the Susitna River, Yentna River below the confluence with the Skwentna River, the Deshka River (Kroto Creek) below the confluence with Trapper Creek, and Alexander Creek; or Unit 7 or 15 shorelines of the Kenai River, Kasilof River, and Swanson River.

You <u>MAY NOT</u> set up a bait station within one mile of a house (including your own home), or other permanent dwelling including seasonally occupied cabins, a developed recreational facility or campground.

You MAY NOT use bait in Unit 1D, that portion of the Chilkat Peninsula south of the Haines Highway, and within 1 mile of the Haines Highway, Lutak Road, the Porcupine Mine road to the confluence of the Porcupine and Klehini rivers, and the Chilkat Lake road from the Porcupine Bridge to Chilkat Landing on the Tsirku River.

You <u>MAY NOT</u> take money, bartered goods, or services from someone who uses your bait station. This does not apply to licensed guides who personally accompany clients at the bait station site.

You <u>MAY NOT</u> intentionally obstruct or hinder a bait station registrant's feasibility of taking game by using the station without the registrant's written permission.

In areas where the bag limit is greater than one, ADF&G may limit the number of bears taken over bait as a condition of registration.

You must remove bait, litter, and equipment from the bait station site when hunting is completed. This includes any contaminated soil.

#### Areas open for bear baiting

Bait Area	Date of Use	Requirements
	, a portion of 1D, 2, 3, 5 t in Denali State Park),	
	April 15 - June 15	P
Unit 6D:	April 15 - June 10	P, BBC
` -	t Resurrection Creek an 14B, 15, and Unit 16A Park):	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
	April 15 - June 15	P/BBC/IBEP
	19 (except 19D East), 2 5 (except 25D):	20 (except 20B),
	April 15 - June 30	
	ripin 15 same 50	P
Unit 19D Eas	<u> </u>	P
Unit 19D Eas	<u> </u>	
Unit 19D Eas	t:	P P P
Unit 19D Eas Unit 20B:	t: April 15 - June 30	P P
 Unit 20B: 	t: April 15 - June 30 Sept 1 - Sept 30	P P P/BBC
 Unit 20B: 	t: April 15 - June 30 Sept 1 - Sept 30 April 15 - June 30	P P P/BBC
Unit 20B: Unit 21D and	t: April 15 - June 30 Sept 1 - Sept 30 April 15 - June 30 24 within the Koyukuk	P/BBC
Unit 20B: Unit 21D and	t: April 15 - June 30 Sept 1 - Sept 30  April 15 - June 30  24 within the Koyukuk April 15 - June 30	P/BBC Controlled

P= permit required

BBC = bear baiting clinic required. *In order to obtain a registra*tion permit in these areas the applicant must have attended a bear baiting clinic.

IBEP=bowhunter education required. In order to hunt with a bow and arrow and obtain a registration permit in these areas, bowhunters must be IBEP certified.

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# Identifying a legal ram

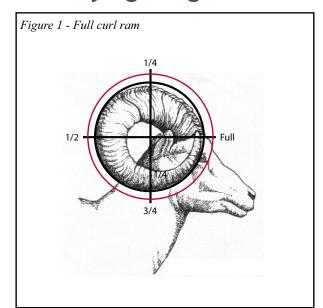


Figure 3 - Annual horn rings

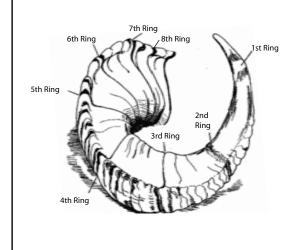
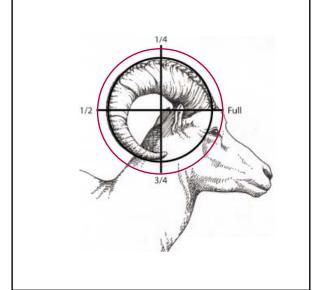


Figure 4 - 3/4 curl ram



#### A legal ram under a full-curl regulation is:

A full curl ram, whose tip of at least one horn has grown through 360° of a circle described by the outer surface of the horn, as viewed from the side (see figure 1).

A ram with the tips of both horns broken, or broomed (see figure 2).

A ram at least 8 years old as determined by counting annual horn rings and segments (see figure 3). Because of false annuli, and narrow horn segments on older rams, it is difficult and risky to age a ram in the field by counting horn rings. If a ram's horns are not legal based on degree of curl or broken tips, you are responsible for counting at least 8 true annuli before attempting to take the ram.

#### A legal ram under a three-quarter curl regulation is:

A three-quarter curl ram, whose tip of at least one horn has grown through 270° of a circle described by the outer surface of the horn, as viewed from the side (see figure 4).

#### Ram horn sealing requirements:

Horns from rams harvested in areas with horn restrictions (see yellow box below) must be sealed. The horns, along with the harvest or permit report, must be presented to an ADF&G representative for sealing within 30 days of the date of kill, or sooner if permit requires. Horns must be attached to the skull plate for sealing purposes.

Sheep rams taken in areas with horn restrictions in Units 7, 9, 11-16, 19, 20, and 23-26 must be sealed.

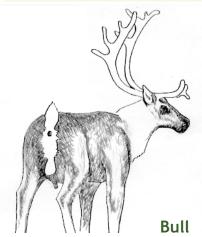
Figure 2 - Ram with both horns broken (broomed.)



noto courtesy Brad Fir

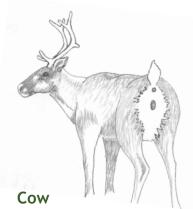
# Identifying a legal caribou

The caribou bag limit is restricted to one sex for at least a portion of the season in part or all of Units 9, 12, 13, 15, 16, and Units 18 through 26.



#### Caribou Hunters:

Know Your Targets
Cows and young bulls
may look alike when
their tails are down.



- 1. The best method to identify bulls is to determine the presence of a penis sheath. On young bulls (one to three years old) the sex organs are less apparent. The white rump patch is narrower on bulls than cows.
- 2. Antlers are well developed (3+ feet) in mature bulls. Young bulls typically have smaller antlers with relatively small brow tine/shovel development, and often can not be distinguished from a cow using antler development alone.
- 1. The vaginal opening (the lower and larger of two dark oval areas) is apparent when viewed carefully from the rear. The white rump patch is wider on cows than bulls.
- 2. The antlers of cows are smaller than those of most bulls, with the exception of many yearling bulls and a small percentage of 2-year-old bulls.

Most cow caribou have antlers from June through April of the following year. Bull caribou have antlers from May through part of the winter. The oldest bulls drop antlers first, sometimes as early as November, while young bulls (yearlings and 2-year-olds) may not drop their antlers until April.

#### Special meat salvage requirements:

Edible meat must be salvaged. In addition, caribou taken before October 1 in Unit 9B, Unit 17, Unit 18, those portions of Unit 19A within the Holitna/Hoholitna Controlled Use Area, Unit 19B, Unit 21A, and Unit 23, the edible meat of the front quarters and hindquarters must remain naturally attached to the bone until the meat has been transported from the field or is processed for human consumption, and in Unit 24 the edible meat of the ribs also must remain naturally attached to the bone. (See Salvage, page 18.)

# Identifying a legal (mature) muskoxen

#### **Adult Cow**

- horn bases are small, partially hidden by light-colored hair
- little or no horn visible above the eyes
- small horn diameter
- only the 'hooks' of the horn are easily seen
- body size is 10 to 30% smaller than a bull



#### **Adult Bull**

- large prominent 'boss' covering the forehead
- little or no hair between horn bases
- overall, horns are much more massive than a cow
- horns may be broomed or broken
- old bulls often solitary or found in pairs

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Caution: Black horn tips are common on bulls, but may also be present on cows.

Under some light conditions, the white hair on a cow forehead can be mistaken for a 'boss' on a bull.

For tips on hunting muskox, visit <a href="http://www.wildlife.alaska.gov">http://www.wildlife.alaska.gov</a>.

# Identifying a legal moose in antler restricted hunts

In many units regulations restrict the harvest of bull moose to a specific antler size or configuration. The accompanying illustrations provide general assistance to hunters in field identification of moose antler size and configuration. It must be emphasized, however, that moose antlers vary considerably, and each hunter is responsible for determining that a moose is legal before attempting to take it.

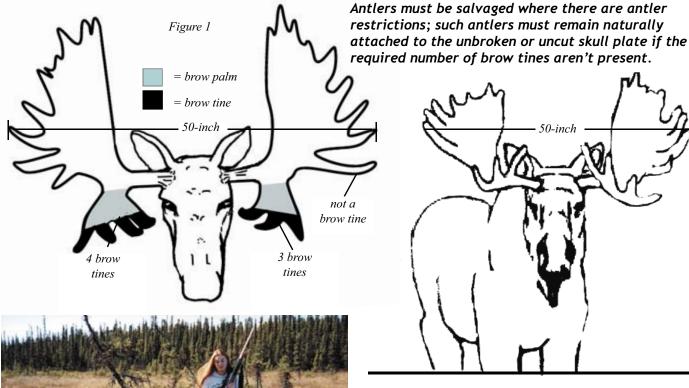
#### Legal bull moose in areas with a 50-inch antler OR number of brow tines restriction:

Antler restrictions are defined by both an antler spread and a brow tine restriction. The brow tine portion of the 50-inch antler restriction is intended to help verify a legal moose if the hunter is uncertain about antler spread. If uncertain about the antler spread, count brow tines. If uncertain about the number of brow tines, don't shoot!

50-inch antlers means the antlers of a bull moose with a spread of 50 inches or more measured in a straight line perpendicular to the center line of the skull. (See figure 1 below.)

In some areas of the state, bulls with antlers less than 50 inches wide are legal if they have at least 3 brow tines on EITHER side. In other areas, bulls with antlers less than 50 inches wide must have at least 4 brow tines on EITHER side to be legal. Be sure to check the regulations for the brow tine minimum requirement in the area you are hunting.

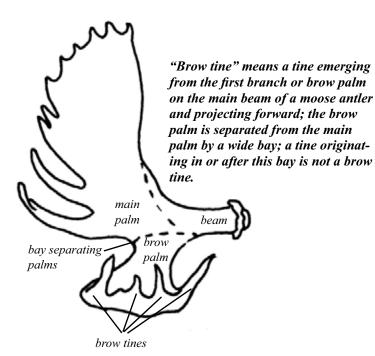
However, if the antlers are 50 or more inches wide, it doesn't matter how many brow tines are present, the moose is legal. Likewise, if the moose has the required number of brow tines, it is legal regardless of the antler spread.



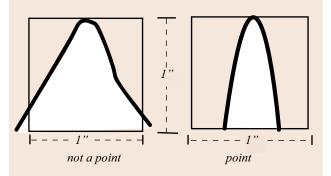


Natalie Palmer, then 18, of Palmer, took this 3 brow-tine moose with a 43" rack while hunting with her father, Dave Palmer, in Unit 16A in September 2001.

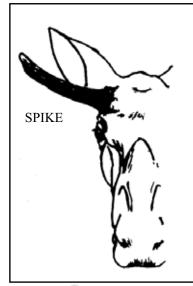
To accurately identify and count brow tines, bulls must be viewed from the front; viewing from the side runs a risk of counting main palm points as brow tines. On bulls with substantially less than 50-inch antler spreads, distinguishing legal brow tines can be difficult. Brow tines emerge from the brow palm or from near the base of the antler and typically project forward.



#### Identifying a point or tine:



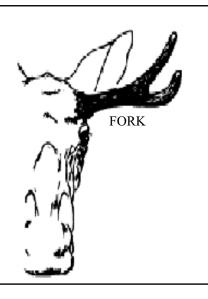
A point or tine is an antler projection at least one inch long, and longer than it is wide, with the width measured one inch or more from the tip.



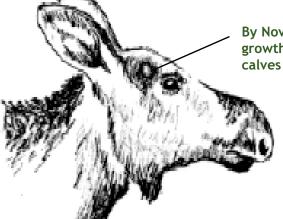
# Legal bull moose in areas with a spike-fork restriction

A bull is legal if it has one antler on either side that is a SPIKE (1 point) or a FORK (2 points). The antler on the other side can be any configuration.

Bulls with palmated antlers (paddles) seldom are legal under the "spike or fork" requirement.



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By November, some male calves have a small amount of antler growth (1-2 inches) covered with hair and skin. These are still calves and are not legal in a spike-fork hunt.

To better understand the spike-fork 50-inch antler restriction, check out the video 'Is This Moose Legal?' at your nearest ADF&G office.

For some hunts, viewing of this video is required prior to hunting.

**Special meat salvage requirements:** Edible meat must be salvaged. In addition, moose taken before October 1 in Unit 9B, Unit 17, Unit 18, those portions of Unit 19A within the Holitna/Hoholitna Controlled Use Area, Unit 19B, and Unit 23, the edible meat of the front quarters and hindquarters must remain naturally attached to the bone until the meat has been transported from the field or is processed for human consumption, and in Units 21 and 24 the edible meat of the ribs <u>also</u> must remain naturally attached to the bone. (See Salvage, page 18.)

### Firearms advisory for nonresident aliens

New federal regulations are now in effect for temporarily importing firearms and ammunition into the United States.

- 1. Non-resident aliens (someone who is neither a citizen nor a permanent resident of the United States) must provide U.S. Customs with a pre-approved U.S. import permit and evidence that they fall into an exemption category (e.g., by providing a valid Alaska hunting license/permit) before they will be allowed to import firearms or ammunition.
- 2. The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF) issues the required import permit. This permit can be obtained by completing a form (Form 6 Part 1, Application and Permit for Importation of Firearms, Ammunition and Implements of War), which is available from the ATF or on the ATF Web site. It can take 6 to 12 weeks to process the application so the permit should be applied for well in advance.
- 3. The application form for the import permit must be accompanied by a copy of an Alaska (or other U.S.) hunting license.

Contact Information:
Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms
Firearms and Explosives Imports Branch
Telephone: (202) 927-8320
Web site: www.atf.treas.gov/

# Canadian firearms restrictions

New Canadian laws significantly restrict transportation of firearms through Canada

Canadian transport policy for firearms requires prior planning. To transport a regular rifle and/or shotgun you must pay a \$50 fee (Canadian) and fill out a firearms declaration form. You may now receive an "Authorization to Transport" (ATT) permit to transport a handgun through Canada. This permit must be authorized BEFORE you arrive at the border. If not, your handgun may be confiscated. The handgun cannot have a barrel length shorter than 4 1/4 inches (105 mm), cannot fire a .25 or .32 caliber bullet and may need to be in a locked case. An ATT permit is free, however you will still have to register and pay the \$50 fee. For more information or to order a copy of the Firearms Act, its regulations, application forms and other Canadian Firearms Centre publications, contact them at:

1-800-731-4000 (Ext. 9026) or www.cfc.gc.ca e-mail: canadian.firearms@justice.gc.ca

Mel Cheek of Anchorage took his first caribou about 80 miles south of Bethel. Mel and his hunting partner were both successful on this hunt, although weather delayed their return to Bethel by several freezing, windy days.





11 year-old Kelsey Brush of Soldotna waits with her father, Greg Brush, for pick-up on a Kodiak Island beach after her first harvest, a fork-horn Sitka Blacktail deer.

# How Alaska's hunting regulations are changed

Alaska has a very public process of setting hunting regulations. The Board of Game determines the hunting regulations and meets at least twice a year. The board does not have time to consider every topic in the regulations at every meeting, so it deals with topics on a rotating basis. After the agenda for the next meeting is set, the board issues a "Call for Proposals," which is sent to various agencies, groups, and individuals and is published in Alaska newspapers.

Advisory committees were created to provide a local forum to discuss and make recommendations on fish and wildlife issues before the board. There are currently 81 local fish and game advisory committees. Advisory committees typically meet sometime prior to the call for proposal deadline and develop proposals relating to the committee's concerns. Advisory committees meet after proposals are published to comment and provide reasons opposing or supporting proposals.

Any individual or group in the state can propose a change in a hunting regulation. If you wish to propose a change in a regulation, please do the following:

- When possible, use the printed proposal form available at local ADF&G offices or boards support section.
- Use clear, concise wording on your proposal.
- State the Alaska Administrative Code number (for example, 5 AAC 92.990) for the regulation you want to change, or provide the general heading and page number in the present regulation book. (See *defini*tions, pages 22-23 for an example).
- State the problem you are trying to correct and list the reasons why you want the regulation changed.
- Submit your proposal before the deadline and be sure to allow sufficient time for mailing.
- Questions? Call Boards Support at (907) 465-4110 or (907) 267-2354.

The following list references the species listed in this book and the Alaska Administrative Code that specifically addresses each species, 5 AAC 85.xxx, where .xxx is the species under consideration. For example, 5 AAC 85.015 details seasons and bag limits pertinent to black bear.

# Management of predator populations

The wolf is one of the world's most fascinating and well-studied animals. Alaskans are fortunate to have an estimated 7,700-11,200 wolves in our state. Wolves have never been threatened or endangered in Alaska, and inhabit all of their traditional range except within the largest cities.

Wolves and bears are very effective and efficient predators of caribou, moose, deer and other wildlife. In most of Alaska, humans also rely on the same species for food. In Alaska's Interior, predators kill more than 80 percent of the moose and caribou that die during an average year, while humans kill less than 10 percent. In most of the state, predation holds prey populations at levels far below what could be supported by the habitat in the area. Predation is an important part of the ecosystem, and all ADF&G wolf management programs, including control programs, are designed to sustain wolf populations in the future.

When the Board of Game determines that people need more moose and/or caribou in a particular area, and restrictions on hunting aren't enough to allow prey populations to increase, predator control programs may be needed. Hunting and trapping rarely reduce wolf numbers enough to increase prey numbers or harvests.

Wolf control is NOT a form of hunting and trapping. The state authorizes selected applicants to remove wolves using aerial and/or same-day-airborne methods to reduce predation pressure upon depleted moose and caribou populations. In these areas, wolf numbers will be temporarily reduced, but wolves will not be permanently eliminated from any area. Successful programs will result in increased human harvests of moose and caribou and will allow healthy wolf populations to continue to thrive across the state.

The following wolf control programs are underway on about 6% of Alaska's total land area.

Unit 13 - area consists of all lands (except federal lands) within Units 13A, 13B, 13C, and that portion of 13E east of the Alaska Railroad.

**Unit 16B, mainland -** area consists of all non-federal lands within Unit 16B excluding Kalgin Island.

Units 19A and 19B, Central Kuskokwim - area consists of all non-federal lands in Units 19A and 19B.

**Unit 19D, East** - area consists of that portion of Unit 19D upstream from, but not

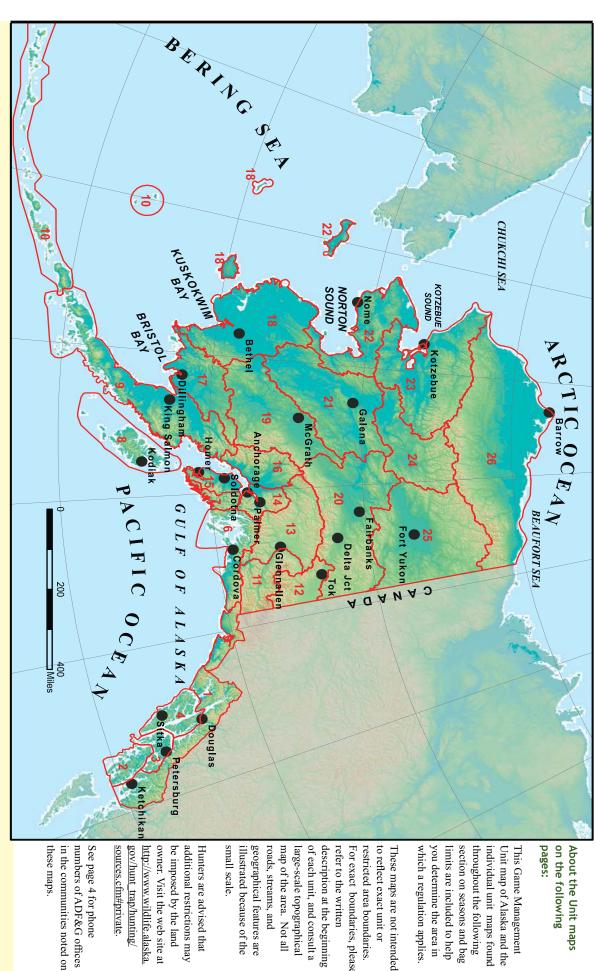
including, the Selatna River drainage and the Black River drainage.

Unit 20A area consists of Unit 20A, except for the following areas: the Fort Wainwright and Fort Greely Military Reservations, Clear Air Force Station, and that portion of Unit 20A south and west of a line beginning at the east end of the Moody Bridge where it intersects with the Unit 20A boundary, then north along the boundary of Unit 20A to a point exactly one mile east of the George Parks Highway, then south on a line paralleling the George Parks Highway at a distance of one mile, to the southern boundary of Unit 20A.

Unit 20D area consists of Unit 20D except for the portions of Unit 20D within the Ft. Greely Military Reservation and that portion including the Goodpaster drainage upstream from and including Central Creek, the entire drainage of the South Fork of the Goodpaster River, the Healy River drainage, and Billy and Sand Creeks.

**Units 12 and 20E** area consists of all of Units 12 and 20E but does not apply to any National Park Service or National Wildlife Refuge lands not approved by the federal agencies.

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Maps of permit hunt areas and state restricted areas are available online at http://www.wildlife.alaska.gov/gis/index.cfm

pages: on the following About the Unit maps

which a regulation applies you determine the area in section on seasons and bag throughout the following Unit map of Alaska and the limits are included to help individual unit maps found This Game Management

geographical features are of each unit, and consult a map of the area. Not all These maps are not intended roads, streams, and large-scale topographical description at the beginning refer to the written For exact boundaries, please to reflect exact unit or illustrated because of the restricted area boundaries.

See page 4 for phone http://www.wildlife.alaska. owner. Visit the web site at be imposed by the land additional restrictions may gov/hunt\_trap/hunting/ Hunters are advised that sources.cfm#private.

# How to Use The Unit Pages

Use this guide to help you identify the information being provided on the following pages.

Same Management Unit

area description of the unit and any subunits (Red numbers in text correspond State restricted areas in the unit can be found either on the unit map or at the beginning of the unit text. with red numbers on map)

Bag limits are listed in red by hunt area species name and

reference to other statewide requirements can be found in this yellow box. Registration permits have specific pickup locations and dates they are available. This information can be found in the hunt description, as shown.

Red star indicates that federal restrictions exist. Check federa regulations

bag limits and seasons for unless noted. Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents. Each hunt area lis

# Jnit 17 Bristol Bay

Unit 17: drainages into Bristol Bay and the Bering Sea between Etolin Point and Cape Newenham and all islands between these points, including Hagemeister Island and the Walrus Islands;

Unit 17A: the drainages between Cape Newenham and Cape Constantine, and Hagemeister Island and the Walrus Islands;

Unit 17B: the Nushagak River drainage upstream from and including the Mulchatna River drainage and the Wood River drainage upstream from the outlet of Lake Beverley;

Unit 17C: the remainder of Unit 17; See map on page 74 for State restricted areas in Unit 17.

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Black Bear	lack Bear . Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide See pages xx-xx for bear information and salvage requirements.		
Unit 17: Residents: Tw Nonresidents: One bea	Unit 17: Residents: Two bears		Aug 1-May 31 Aug 1-May 31

# See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Brown/Grizzly Bear · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide.

Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.

Unit 17: One bear every regulatory year	NEI	🕶 Sept 10-May 25
In addition to other regulations, subsistence regulations for residents only listed on page 25 apply		
to the following hunt: Residents: One bear every regulatory year by permit available at King		
Salmon or Dillingham beginning July I	RB500	Sept 1-May 31

# In areas indicated by a 🕄 Federal restrictions exist see page 8.

Meat taken in Unit 17 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the frontquarters and hind

# Caribou . In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou. quarters until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption

For Mulchatna Herd information, call 907-267-2308.

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S	ss 🚺 Unit 17A, all drainages east of Right Hand Point: Residents: up to Five caribou	Harvest m	ay be announced
S	Nonresidents: no open season	JU	open season
/e	Unit 17A: Nonresidents: no open season	JU	open season
(6)	Remainder of Unit 17A: Residents: Five caribou (only one may be a bull from Aug 1-Nov 30) Harvest Aug 1-Mar 31	HarvestAl	ug 1-Mar 31
	Unit 17B, that portion in the Unit 17B Nonresident Closed Area:		
	Residents: Five caribou (only one may be a bull from Aug 1-Nov 30)	HarvestAı	ug 1-Apr 15
	Nonresidents: NEW no open season	JU	open season
sts	Remainder of Unit 17B and that portion of Unit 17C east of the Wood River and		
or	Wood River Lakes: Residents: Five caribou (only one may be a bull from Aug 1-Nov 30)	HarvestAL	ug 1-Apr 15

Wood River Lakes: **Residents: Five caribou** (only one may be a bull from Aug I-Nov 30) Remainder of Unit 17C: Residents: up to Five caribou. Nonresidents: One caribou

Nonresidents:

# RB500

number appears, the first vermit required column: letter determines which where a permit hunt ype of hunt/ticket or type of permit is required:

Harvest=general R=registration D=drawing T=Tier II

> may be announced no open season

... Aug 1-Apr 15

Harvest... Harvest.

Harvest.

season

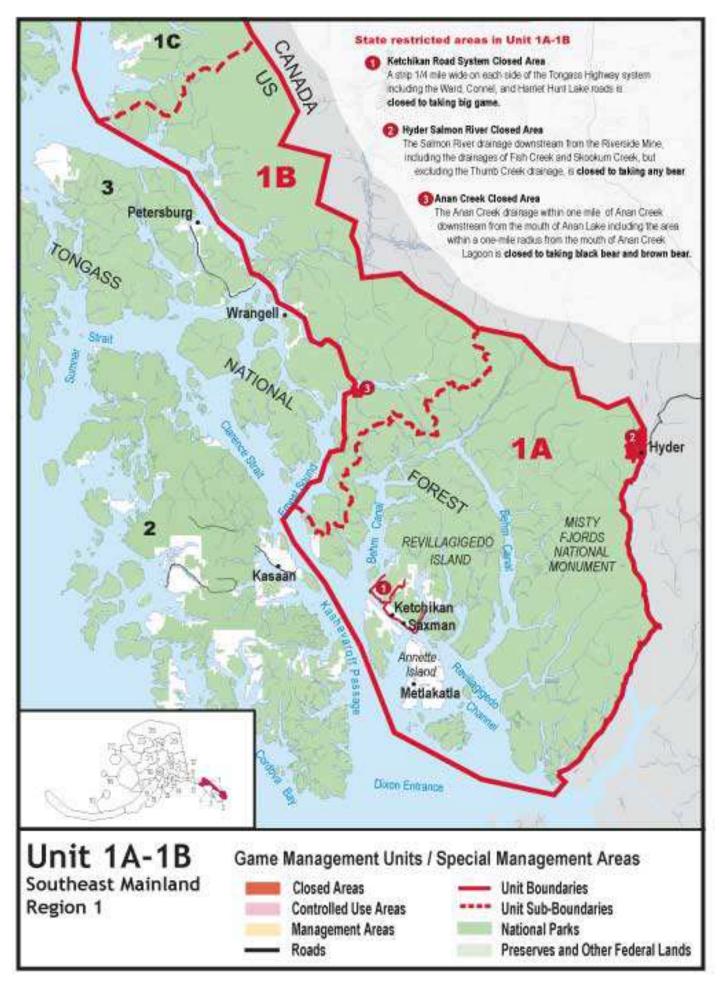


changes that have been

regulation book was published. made since the last

This symbol identifies

open season dates



## Unit 1 Southeast Mainland

**Unit 1:** all mainland drainages from Dixon Entrance to Cape Fairweather, and those islands east of the center line of Clarence Strait from Dixon Entrance to Caamano Point and all islands in Stephens Passage and Lynn Canal north of Taku Inlet;

Unit 1A: all drainages south of the latitude of Lemesurier Point, including drainages into Behm Canal and excluding drainages into Ernest Sound:

**Unit 1B:** all drainages between the latitude of Lemesurier Point and the latitude of Cape Fanshaw, and including all drainages of Ernest Sound and Farragut Bay, and including the islands east of the center lines of Frederick Sound, Dry Straits (between Sergief and Kadin Islands), Eastern Passage, Blake Channel (except Blake Island), Ernest Sound and Seward Passage;

**Unit 1C:** that portion draining into Stephens Passage and Lynn Canal north of Cape Fanshaw and south of the latitude of Eldred Rock, including Berners Bay, Sullivan Island, and all mainland portions north of Chichagof Island and south of the latitude of Eldred Rock, and excluding drainages into Farragut Bay;

Unit 1D: that portion lying north of the latitude of Eldred Rock, excluding Sullivan Island and the drainages of Berners Bay.

See maps on pages 36 and 39 for state restricted areas in Unit 1.

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Black Bear · Evidence	es 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. To of sex must remain naturally attached to hide. Colored bear may not be taken in Unit 1C		
	ıt not more than one may be a blue or glacier bear		•
Brown/Grizzly E	• See pages 24-27 for bear information and s • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied to Evidence of sex must remain naturally atta	by a guide.	
Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka OR One bear every four regulatory Unit 1D: One bear every four regu Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka or by n	r regulatory years by permit, available in person in Dougla a or by mail from Douglas beginning Aug 16 y years by permit available beginning Mar 3ulatory years by permit available in person in Douglas, Ha nail from Douglas, beginning Aug 16 y years by permit available beginning Mar 3	RB062 RB072 iines, RB050	Mar 15-May 31 Sept 15-Dec 31
remain attached to the	unting of deer allowed. one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to entire carcass with or without viscera. st be validated in sequential order, and unused tickets mus		
Unit 1B: Two bucks	and Sullivan Islands: Four deer total: Bucks Any deer	Harvest Harvest Harvest Harvest Harvest Harvest	Aug 1-Dec 31 Aug 1-Sept 14 Sept 15-Dec 31 Aug 1-Dec 31
•	-772-3801) within five days of taking an elk.		
• Taking of males is • Information on sex	encouraged. x identification available with permits. ers must be accompanied by a guide (see page 10).		Aug 1-Dec 31
Unit 1A: Revillagigedo Island, exc divide between Carroll Creek and the Orchard Lake, Shrimp Bay & Gedn Haines, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka Unit 1A, Remainder of Revillagige Unit 1B, that portion north of Brad One goat by permit available in pe by mail from Ketchikan beginning Ju	rept that portion west of Carroll Inlet and Creek, west of the south fork of Orchard Creek, south of Orchard Creek, and Pass: One goat by permit available in person in Dougla, or by mail from Ketchikan beginning July 16	las, RG002	no open season
, 1	e Cleveland Peninsula south of the divide between		no onon concon

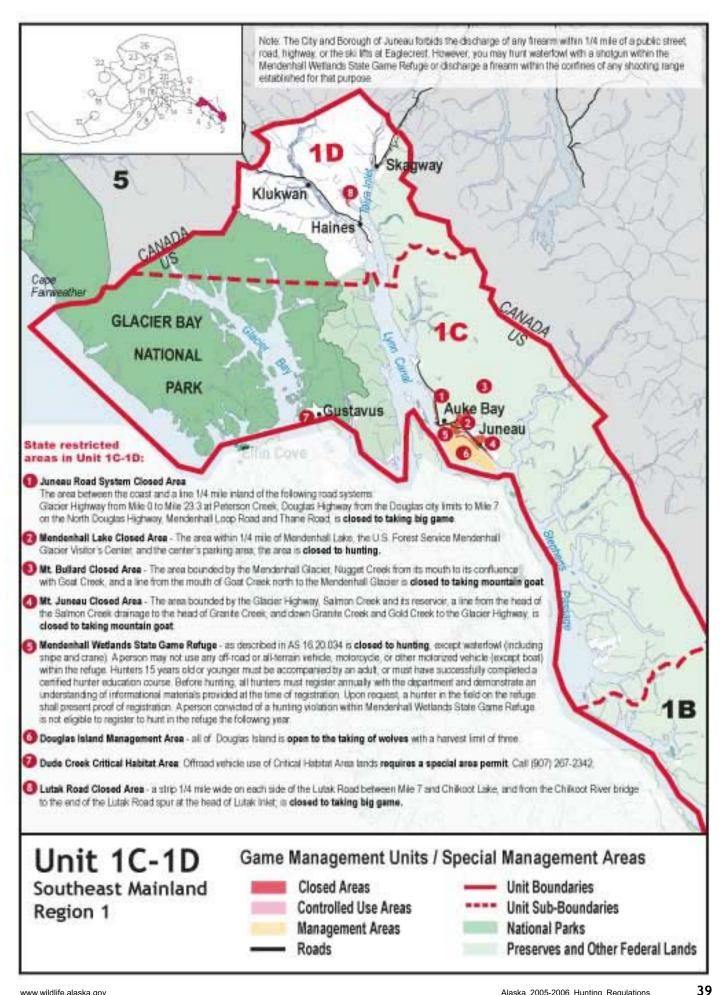
<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 12-13.

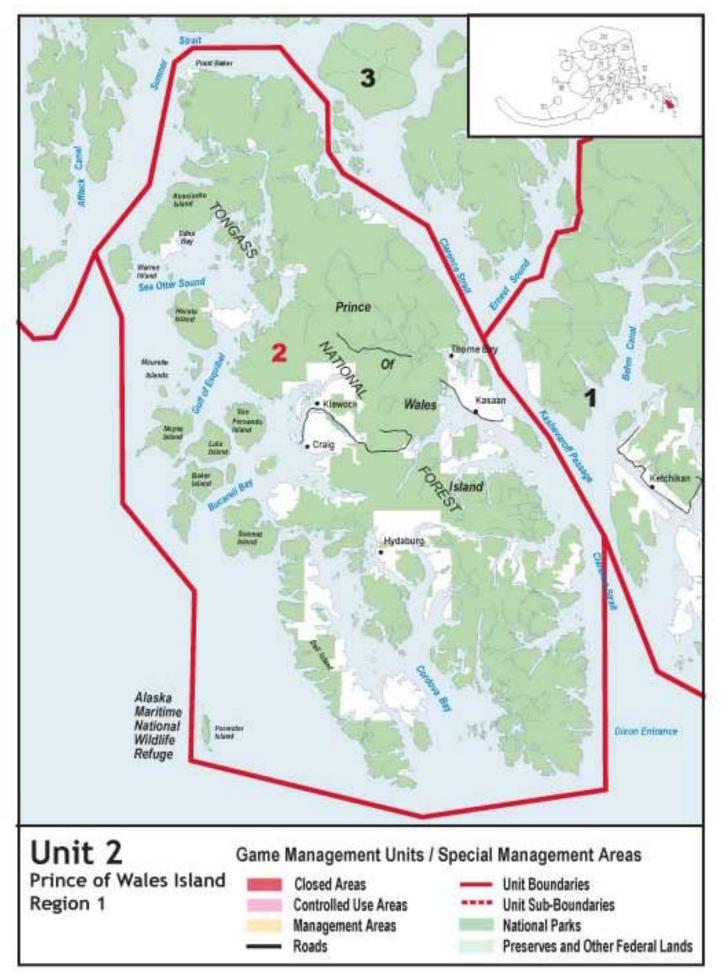
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species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Goat continued		
Remainder of Units 1A and 1B: One goat by permit available in person in Douglas, Haines,		
Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka, or by mail from Ketchikan beginning July 1616	RG001	. Aug 1-Dec 31
Jnit 1C, that portion draining into Lynn Canal and Stephens Passage between Antler River and		
Eagle Glacier/ River: One goat by permit available in person in Douglas, Haines, Petersburg,		
or by mail from Douglas beginning July 16	RG012	.Oct 1-Nov 30
Unit 1C, that portion draining into Stephens Passage between Eagle Glacier/River and the mouth		
of Little Sheep Creek:		.no open season
Unit 1C, that mainland portion draining into the south bank of Little Sheep Creek, Gastineau		
Channel south of Little Sheep Creek, Stephens Passage, and Taku Inlet between the mouth of Little		
Sheep Creek and Taku Glacier: One goat by bow and arrow only by permit available in		
Douglas, Haines, Petersburg, or by mail from Douglas beginning July 1616	RG014 <b>NEW</b>	Aug 1-Nov 30
Unit 1C, drainages of the Chilkat Range south of the south bank of the Endicott River: One goat		
by permit available in Douglas, Haines, Petersburg, or by mail from Douglas beginning July 16	RG015	.Sept 1-Nov 30
Remainder of Unit 1C: One goat by permit available in person in Douglas, Haines,		
Petersburg, or by mail from Douglas beginning July 16	RG013	. Aug 1-Nov 30
Unit 1D, that portion south of the Klehini River/Chilkat River and that portion south of the		
Katzehin River: One goat by permit available in person in Douglas, Haines, Petersburg, or		
by mail from Douglas beginning July 16		
Unit 1D, that portion between Taiya Inlet/River and White Pass & Yukon Railroad		.no open season
<b>Unit 1D,</b> that portion north or east of the Chilkat River and west of the Ferebee River/Glacier:		
One goat by permit available in person in Douglas, Haines, Petersburg, or by mail from		
Douglas beginning July 16	RG023	.Sept 15-Nov 15
Remainder of Unit 1D: One goat by permit available in person in Douglas, Haines,		
Petersburg, or by mail from Douglas beginning July 16	RG024	.Sept 15-Nov 30
<ul> <li>In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.</li> <li>Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31.</li> <li>In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31.</li> <li>In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the Unit 1A: One bull by permit available in person in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Wrangell</li> </ul>	he meat.	
MOOSE • Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the sex of t	he meat.	.Sept 15-Oct 15
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the sex of the sex	he meat.	.Sept 15-Oct 15
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the sex of the sex	ne meat. RM022	·
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the sex of the sex	ne meat RM022	.Sept 15-Oct 15
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the sex of the sex	RM022	.Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the Unit 1A: One bull by permit available in person in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Wrangell for by mail from Ketchikan beginning Aug 16	RM022	.Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the Unit 1A: One bull by permit available in person in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Wrangell for by mail from Ketchikan beginning Aug 16	RM022	.Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the sex must remain naturally attached t	RM022	.Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the Unit 1A: One bull by permit available in person in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Wrangell for by mail from Ketchikan beginning Aug 16	ne meat RM022 RM038 DM033/035 DM041	.Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15
**MOOSE ** Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31.  ** In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the sex of the sex	ne meat RM022 RM038 DM033/035 DM041	.Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the Unit 1A: One bull by permit available in person in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Wrangell for by mail from Ketchikan beginning Aug 16	ne meat RM022 RM038 DM033/035 DM041	.Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the Unit 1A: One bull by permit available in person in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Wrangell for by mail from Ketchikan beginning Aug 16	RM022	.Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15
**In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the Unit 1A: One bull by permit available in person in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Wrangell for by mail from Ketchikan beginning Aug 16	RM022	.Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15
**In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the Inc.  In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the Inc.  In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the Inc.  In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the Inc.  In all hunts limited to the Inc	RM022	.Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15 .Sept 15-Oct 15
**NOOSE **Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31.  **In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the limit of the lim	RM022	. Sept 15-Oct 15 . Nov 10-Dec 10
**NOOSE • Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31.  • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the Unit 1A: One bull by permit available in person in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Wrangell for by mail from Ketchikan beginning Aug 16.  Unit 1B: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side, by permit available in person in Douglas, Kake, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka, for Wrangell, or by mail from Petersburg beginning Aug 16.  OR One bull by permit.  Unit 1C, that portion south of Point Hobart, including all Port Houghton drainages:  One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side, by permit available in person in Douglas, Kake, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka, or Wrangell, for by mail from Petersburg beginning Aug 16.  Unit 1C, west of Excursion Inlet and north of Icy Passage (Gustavus hunt area):  One bull by permit available in person in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka, or by mail from Douglas beginning Aug 16.  One antlerless moose  Remainder of Unit 1C: One bull by permit available in person in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka, or by mail from Douglas beginning Aug 16.	RM022	. Sept 15-Oct 15 . Nov 10-Dec 10
**NOOSE * Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31.  **In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the sex of the bull by permit available in person in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Wrangell for by mail from Ketchikan beginning Aug 16	RM022	. Sept 15-Oct 15 . Nov 10-Dec 10
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31.  • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the sum of the su	RM022	. Sept 15-Oct 15 . Nov 10-Dec 10 . Sept 15-Oct 15
**NOOSE ** Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31.  ** In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the Unit 1A: One bull by permit available in person in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Wrangell for by mail from Ketchikan beginning Aug 16	RM022	. Sept 15-Oct 15 . Nov 10-Dec 10 . Sept 15-Oct 15
**Noose** Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tine are defined on pages 30-31.  **In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the Unit 1A: One bull by permit available in person in Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, and Wrangell for by mail from Ketchikan beginning Aug 16	RM022	. Sept 15-Oct 15 . Nov 10-Dec 10 . Sept 15-Oct 15 . Sept 15-Oct 15

Unit 1: One wolverine. Nov 10-Feb 15

<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 12-13.



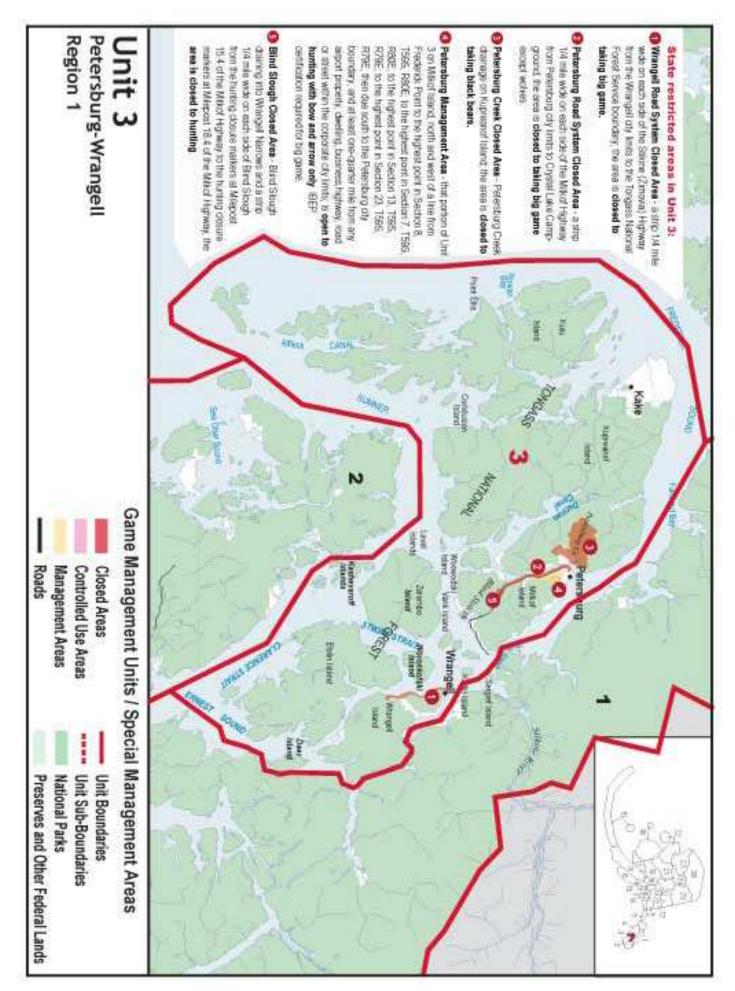


## Unit 2 Prince of Wales Island

Unit 2: Prince of Wales Island and all islands west of the center lines of Clarence Strait and Kashevarof Passage, south and east of the center lines of Sumner Strait, and east of the longitude of the westernmost point of Warren Island. No state restricted areas in Unit 2.

species / bag l	imits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Black	Bear	<ul> <li>See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.</li> <li>Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.</li> </ul>		
		bears, no more than one of which may be a blue or glacier bear		
<ul> <li>Federal restrictions exist in areas indicated by a  (see page 8).</li> <li>NEW Harvest report forms are required for all Unit 2 deer hunters.</li> <li>NEW Harvest tickets must be validated in sequential order, and unused tickets must be carried when you hunt.</li> <li>Same-day airborne hunting of deer allowed.</li> <li>In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat or antlers must remain naturally attached to the entire carcass with or without viscera.</li> </ul>				
Unit 2: Four	bucks		Harvest	<b>A</b> ug 1-Dec 31
Elk · Rep	ort to Peter	sburg (907) 772-3801 within 5 days of kill.		
Unit 2: One	elk			Aug 1-Dec 31
Wolf • H	ides must b	re sealed within 30 days of kill.		
Unit 2: Five	wolves			Dec 1-Mar 31
Wolve	rine.	Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.		
				Nov 10-Feb 15

<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.



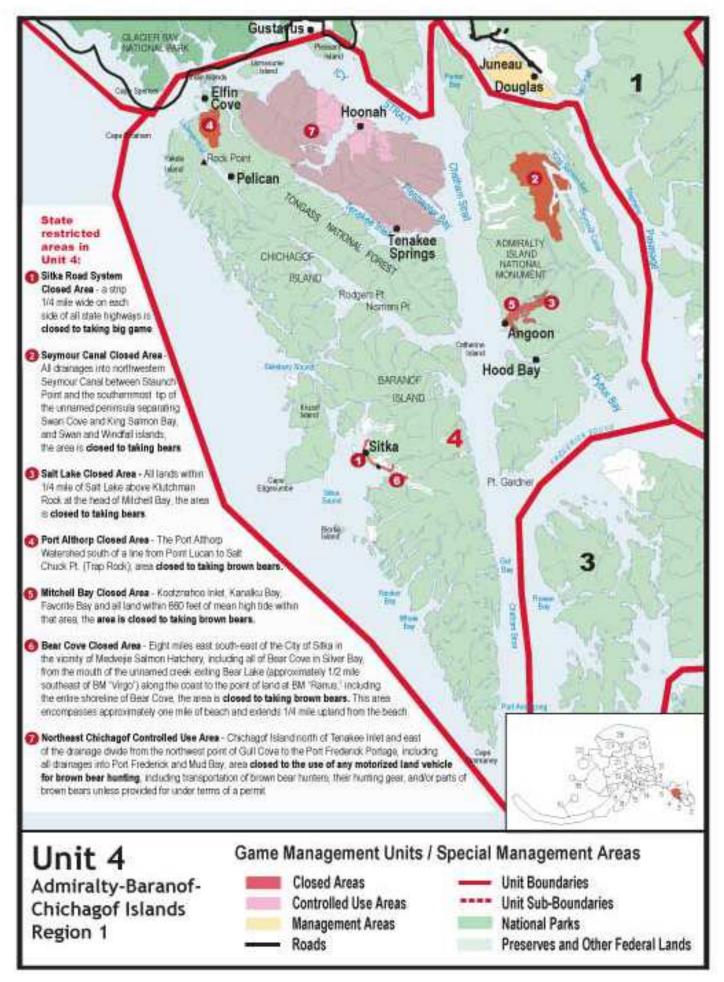
## Unit 3 Petersburg-Wrangell

Unit 3: All islands west of Unit 1B, north of Unit 2, south of the center line of Frederick Sound, and east of the center line of Chatham Strait, including Coronation, Kuiu, Kupreanof, Mitkof, Zarembo, Kashevarof, Woronkofski, Etolin, Wrangell, and Deer islands.

See map on page 42 for State restricted areas in Unit 3.

Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. required\* open season • See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. Black Bear • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. • Nonresidents must report to Petersburg (907) 772-3801 within 5 days of taking a black bear on Kuiu Island. Nonresidents: One bear Sept 1-Jun 30 • See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Brown/Grizzly Bear • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. Unit 3: Residents: One bear every four regulatory years by permit available in person at Douglas, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka and Wrangell, or by mail from Petersburg beginning Mar. 1..... NEW RB075............... Mar 15-May 31 Nonresidents: no open season NEW! Harvest tickets must be validated in sequential order, and unused tickets must be carried when you hunt. • Same-day-airborne hunting of deer allowed. Deer • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached to meat or antlers must remain naturally attached to the entire carcass with or without viscera. K • Report to Petersburg (907) 772-3801 within 5 days of kill for hunts in Remainder of Unit 3. Unit 3, bounded by a line beginning at the intersection of Sumner Strait and Clarence Strait, running southeast following the midline of Clarence Strait, down the midline of Snow Passage, then east of the Kashevarof Islands back to the midline of Clarence Strait down to its intersection with Ernest Sound, then northeast following the midline of Ernest Sound, excluding Niblack Islands, to its intersection with Zimovia Strait, then northwest following the western shoreline of Zimovia Strait to its intersection with Chichagof Passage, then west along the midline of Chichagof Passage to its intersection with Stikine Strait, then northerly along the midline of Stikine Strait, west of Vank Island, to its intersection with Sumner Strait, then northwest along the midline of Sumner Strait back to the point of beginning: **OR One bull** by permit available in person at Douglas, Kake, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka and • In bag limit "bull" means male moose. MOOSE • Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers/brow tine defined on pages 30-31. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. Unit 3: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side, available by permit in person in Douglas, Kake, Ketchikan, Petersburg, Sitka, and Unit 3, Mitkof Island: One bull by permit....... Sept 15-Oct 15 Olf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. Wolverine • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. 

\*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 12-13.

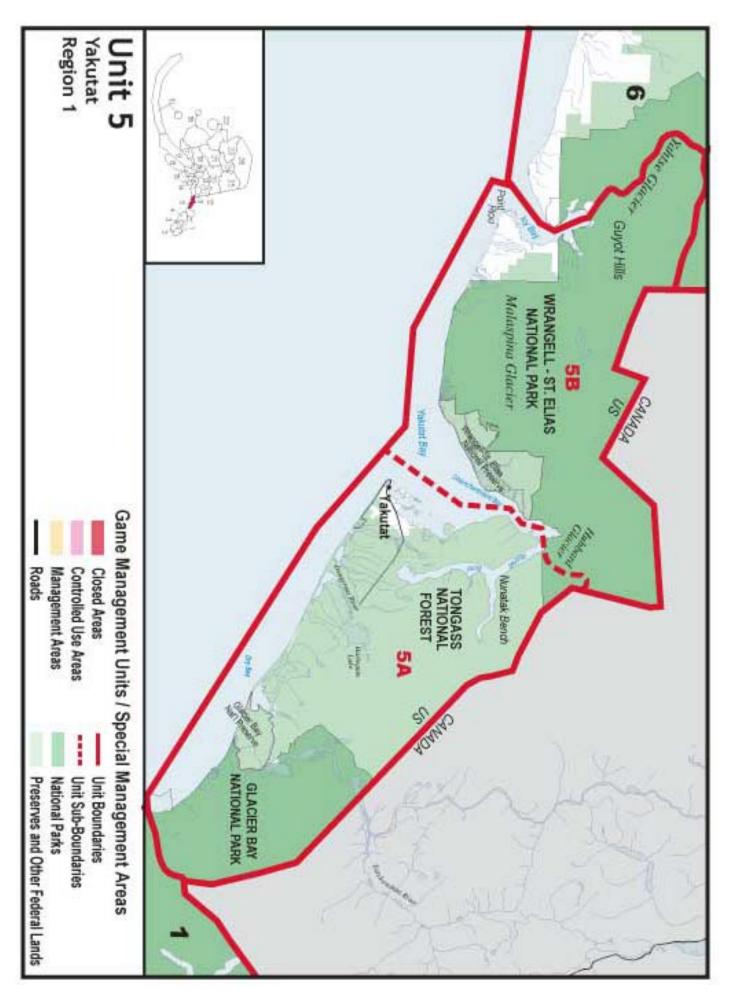


## Unit 4 Admiralty-Baranof-Chichagof Islands

**Unit 4:** All islands south and west of Unit 1C and north of Unit 3, including Admiralty, Baranof, Chichagof, Yakobi, Inian, Lemesurier, and Pleasant islands. **See map on page 44 for State Restricted Areas in Unit 4.** 

Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. open season required\* • See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Brown/Grizzly Bear • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. Unit 4: (outside drainages) Chichagof Island south and west of a line which follows the crest of the island from Rock Point (58° N. lat., 136°21' W. long.), to Rodgers Point (57°35' N. lat., 135°33' W. long.), including Yakobi and other adjacent islands; Baranof Island south and west of a line which follows the crest of the island from Nismeni Point (57°34' N. lat., 135°25' W. long.), to the entrance of Gut Bay (56°44' N. lat., 134°38' W. long), including the drainages into Gut Bay, Kruzof Island, and other adjacent islands: One bear every four regulatory years, by permit, available in person in Douglas, Remainder of Unit 4: One bear every four regulatory years, by permit, available in person in NEW! Harvest tickets must be validated in sequential order, and unused tickets must be carried when you hunt. • Same-day-airborne hunting of deer allowed. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat or antlers must remain naturally attached to the entire carcass with or without viscera. Unit 4, Chichagof Island east of Port Frederick and north of Tenakee Inlet including all Any deer ...... Sept 15-Dec 31 • Taking of males is encouraged. Goat • Information on sex identification available with permits. Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10). Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. Wolverine • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. 

\*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 12-13.



## Unit 5 Yakutat

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Unit 5: Gulf of Alaska drainages and islands between Cape Fairweather and center line of Icy Bay, including Guyot Hills;

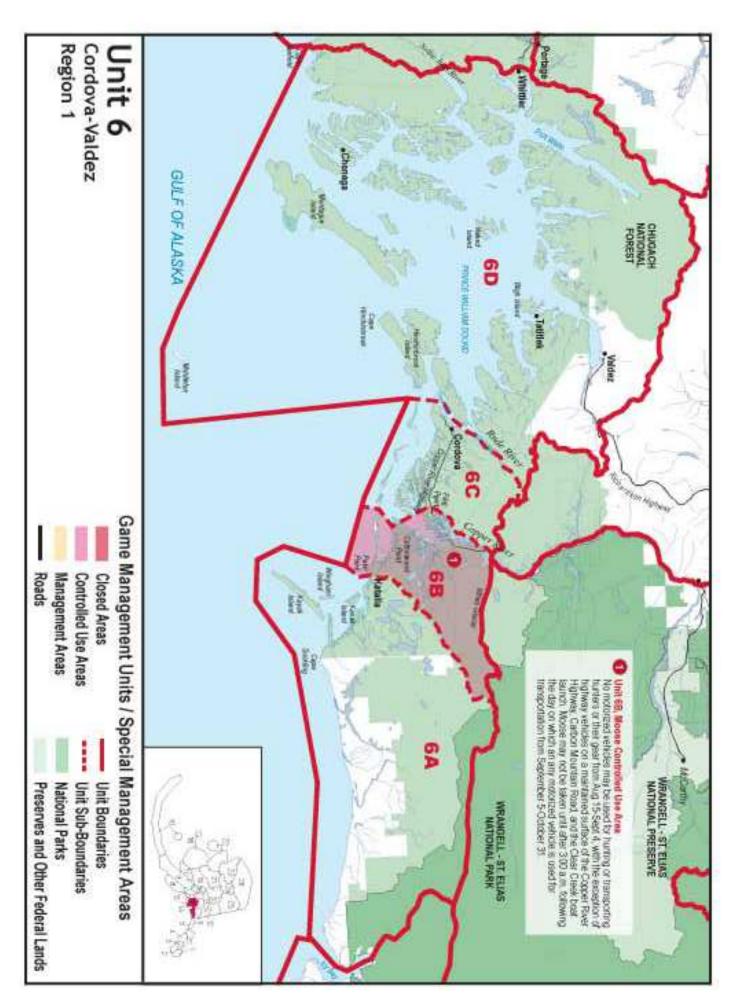
Unit 5A: all drainages east of Yakutat Bay, Disenchantment Bay, and the eastern edge of Hubbard Glacier, and includes the islands of Yakutat and Disenchantment Bays;

Unit 5B: the remainder of Unit 5. No state restricted areas in Unit 5

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
	es 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. e of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.		
Jnit 5: Residents: Two bears, no	t more than one of which may be a blue or glacier bear		
Brown/Grizzly B	<ul> <li>See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting it</li> <li>Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by</li> <li>Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached</li> </ul>	a guide.	
Yakutat or by mail from Douglas beg	tory years, by permit, available in person in Douglas or inning Aug 16 years by permit, beginning Aug 16		
• Same-day-airborne hu • In all hunts limited to must remain naturally	one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached attached to the entire carcass with or without viscera.	to the meat or antlers	
• Nonresident hunters	couraged. lentification available with permits. must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information on in Douglas or Yakutat or by mail from Douglas	, page 10).	
	on in Douglas or Takulai or by mali from Douglas	RG170	Aug 1-Dec 31
MOOSE • In bag limit, "moo.	by a See Federal restrictions exist, see page 8.  See means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male is to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attack		
Nunatak Fiords, and east of the east s	gell-St. Elias National Park, north and east of Russell and ide of East Nunatak Glacier to the Canadian Border wrmit, available in person in Douglas or Yakutat or by mail	from	
Douglas beginning Aug 16	by permit, available in person in Douglas or Yakutat or		Nov 15-Feb 1!
y mail from Douglas beginning Aug	oy permit, avaitable in person in Bouglas or Takutal or 16able in person in Douglas or Yakutat or by mail from	RM061	Oct 15-Nov 15
	uote in person in Douglas or Takuta or by mait from	RM062	Sept 1-Dec 15
<b>Wolf</b> • Hides must be sealed w	ithin 30 days of kill.		
Jnit 5: Five wolves			EWI. Aug 1-April 30
Wolverine · Hides mus	t be sealed within 30 days of kill.		

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Alaska 2005-2006 Hunting Regulations



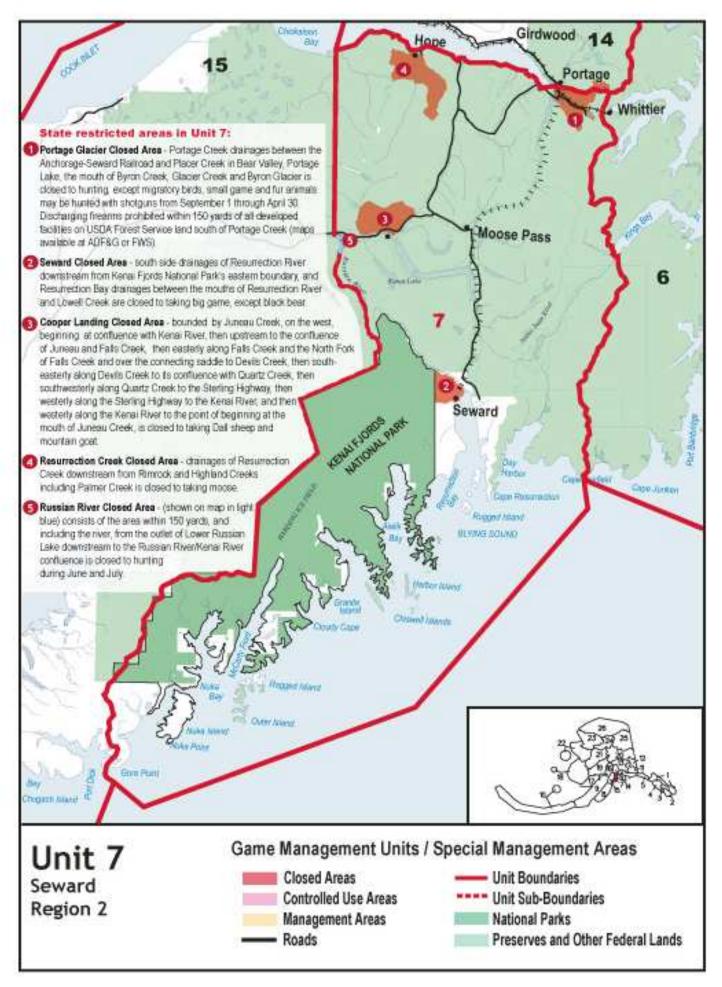
## Unit 6 Cordova-Valdez

See map on page 48 for Unit descriptions and state restricted areas in Unit 6.

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Black Bear · Black bears may no	bear information and salvage requirements. t be taken from a boat in Unit 6D. st remain naturally attached to the hide.		
Unit 6A and 6B: One bear Unit 6C: One bear Unit 6D: One bear			Sept 1-Jun 30
Brown/Grizzly Bear	<ul> <li>See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting</li> <li>Nonresident hunters must be accompanied b</li> <li>Evidence of sex must remain naturally attack</li> </ul>	y a guide.	
Unit 6A, 6B, and 6C: One bear every regular Unit 6D, Montague Island: Residents: One available in person in Anchorage or Cordova or Nonresidents	atory year	ug 1 RB100	Oct 15-Nov 30 no open season
• Same-day-airborne hunting of d	<u> </u>		Oct 13-May 23
Deer • In all hunts limited to one sex, ex	eer anowea. vidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the entire carcass with or without viscera.	to the meat or antlers	
Nonresidents: Four deer total: Bucks	eereer	Harvest Harvest	Oct 1-Dec 31 Aug 1-Sept 30
Goat ** Information on sex identification	s prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged.		Oct 1-bec 31
Unit 6A and 6B: One goat, by permit available Glennallen, Palmer, Soldotna, and Valdez begin. Unit 6C: One goat, by permit available in per. OR One goat, by permit available on Nov. 4, up	ning Aug 1son in Cordova on Oct 7	RG202-226 RG230/232	Oct 8-Oct 16
Unit 6D: One goat, by permit available in personal Glennallen, Palmer, Soldotna, and Valdez (Hook	son in Anchorage, Cordova, Fairbanks,		
MOOSE • In bag limit, "moose" means	and brow tines defined on pages 30-31. an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male x, evidence of sex must remain naturally attacl		
Unit 6A, all drainages into the Gulf of Alaska,	from Cape Suckling to Palm Point:		
Residents: One bull by permit available in per		DM162	Sept 1-Nov 30
Remainder of Unit 6A: Residents: One bu with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side Nonresidents: One bull with 50-in. antlers on	r 3 or more brow tines on at least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Nov 30
Unit 6B: Residents: One bull by permit avail.  Nonresidents: One bull by permit  Unit 6C: Residents: One bull by permit		DM167	no open season Sept 1-Oct 31
Nonresidents: Unit 6D: One bull			
Wolf · Hides must be sealed within 30 day			
Unit 6: Five wolves			Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine · Hides must be sealed	within 30 days of kill.		
Unit 6: One wolverine			Sept 1-Mar 31

<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 12-13.

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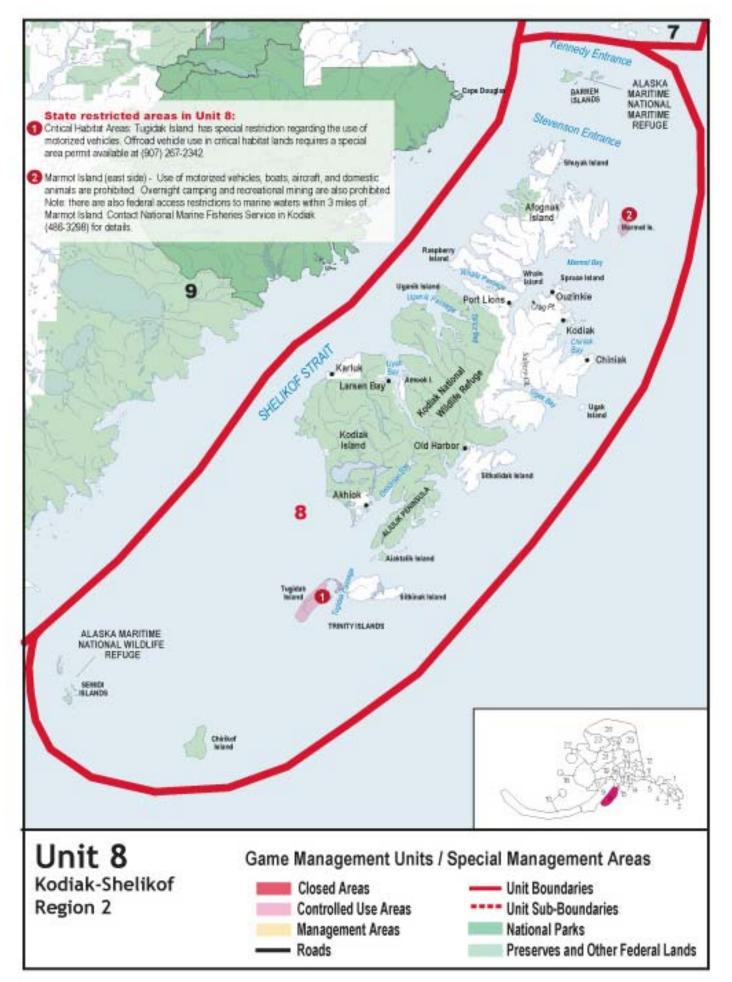


## Unit 7 Seward

Unit 7: Gulf of Alaska drainages between Gore Point and Cape Fairfield, including the Nellie Juan and Kings River drainages, and including the Kenai River drainage upstream from the Russian River, the drainages into the south side of Turnagain Arm west of and including the Portage Creek drainage, and east of 150° W. long., and all Kenai Peninsula drainages east of 150° W. long., from Turnagain Arm to the Kenai River. See map on page 50 for State restricted areas in Unit 7.

species / bag l	limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Black	Bear See pages 24-	27 for bear information and salvage requirements. xx must remain naturally attached to the hide.		
		ar: One bear		
Brown	/Grizzly Bea	<ul> <li>See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting</li> <li>Nonresident hunters must be accompanied</li> <li>Evidence of sex must remain naturally attack</li> </ul>	by a guide.	
		years by permit available in person in Anchorage,	RB160	Oct 15-Oct 31
Caribo	<b>U</b> • In bag limit "caribou	" means an animal of either sex.		
Jnit 7, north	of the Sterling Highway and	west of the Seward Highway: One caribou		
Goat ·	Maps and information on s	ids is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged. sex identification available at ADF&G offices. be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information	n, page 10).	
		orage, Palmer, Soldotna, or Homer beginning Oct		
Moose	<ul> <li>Spike-fork, 50-inch ant</li> <li>In bag limit, "moose" n</li> </ul>	Federal restrictions exist, see page 8. lers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31. means animal of either sex; "bull" means a male more sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally atta		
<b>Init 7,</b> west of Resurrection Contraction	of the Resurrection Creek Tr Creek Closed Area: One but witnes on one side	Area rail, north of the Sterling Highway and outside the ll with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with milers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on		
one side by per <b>Jnit 7,</b> Placer	rmitr River drainages, and that p	ortion of Placer Creek drainages (Bear Valley)		
Remainder o	of Unit 7: One bull with sp	One bull by permit  pike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or mor	re	
Sheep	• Nonresident hunters mu	est be accompanied by a guide (see Guide Informan I horn and drawings on page 28. meat from the field.		Aug 20-36pt 2
Creek, east thr north of the St	rough the divide south of Tro erling Highway; One ram	Dike Creek and a straight line from the source of Diout Lake to Juneau Creek, west of Juneau Creek, and with full-curl horn or larger by permitest of the Seward Highway, and north and east of	d	Aug 10-Sept 2
Kenai Lake: OOR One ewe	One ram with full curl horn by permit	or larger by permitll-curl horn or larger	DS154	Aug 10-Sept 2
Wolf. <sub>H</sub>	lides must be sealed within .	30 days of kill.		
		v two may be taken within the Kenai National Wildli	ife Refuge	Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolve	rine • Hides must be s	ealed within 30 days of kill.		
Init 7: One				Sent 1-Mar 31

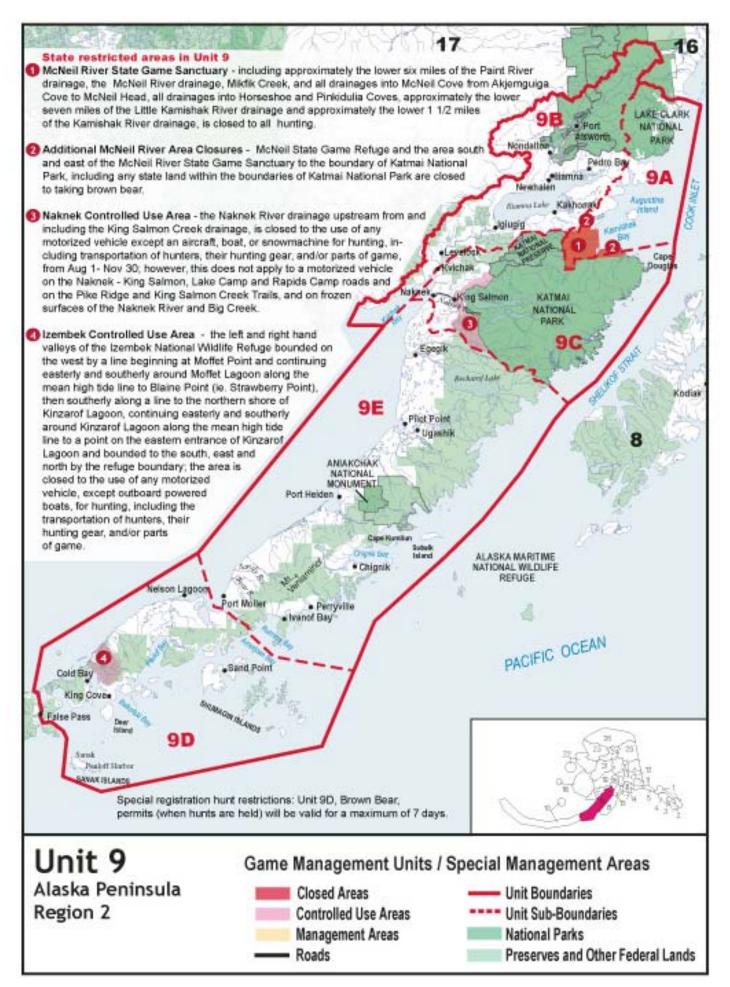
: **7: One wolverine** Sept 1-Ma\*\*
\*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 12-13.



## Unit 8 Kodiak-Shelikof See map on page 52 for State restricted areas in Unit 8.

Unit 8: All islands southeast of the centerline of Shelikof Strait, including Kodiak, Afognak, Whale, Raspberry, Shuyak, Spruce, Marmot, Sitkalidak, Amook, Uganik, and Chirikof islands, the Trinity Islands, the Semidi Islands, and other adjacent islands.

Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. open season required\* See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information.
Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. Brown/Grizzly Bear • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. Unit 8, Kodiak Island east of a line from the mouth of Saltery Creek to Crag Point, and Spruce Island: One bear every four regulatory years, by permit available in person in Kodiak DB201-229..... Oct 25-Nov 30 DB231-259..... Apr 1-May 15 Caribou · Same-day-airborne hunting of caribou allowed. • Same-day-airborne hunting of deer allowed. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat or antlers must remain naturally attached to the entire carcass with or without viscera. Unit 8: Kodiak Island north of a line from the head of Settlers Cove to Crescent Lake (57°52' N., 152°58' W.) including Peregrebni Peninsula, and east of a line from the outlet of Crescent Lake to Mount Ellison Peak and from Mount Ellison Peak to Pokati Point at Whale Passage, and that portion of Kodiak Island east of a line from the mouth of Saltery Creek to the mouth of Elbow Elk • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. Unit 8, Raspberry Island: One elk by permit. DE702/704/706. Oct 1-Nov 30 Unit 8, Southwest Afognak, that portion of Afognak Island and adjacent islands south and west of a line from head of Back Bay (58° 05.3' N, 152° 45.7' W) to Hatchery Peak (58° 07.2' N, 152° One elk by permit available in person in Kodiak, Anchorage, Palmer, Soldotna, Fairbanks, and Unit 8, Eastern Afognak, that portion of Afognak Island east of main north-south logging road (1100 road) from the Danger Bay logging camp (58° 08.2' N, 152° 32.9' W north to its terminus at Discoverer Bay (58° 19.6' N, 152° 21.8' W) and adjacent islands west of Marmot Strait: One elk by permit....... DE721/723...... Sept 25-Oct 22 One elk by permit available in person in Kodiak, Anchorage, Palmer, Soldotna, Fairbanks, One elk by permit available from Kodiak, Anchorage, Palmer, Soldotna, Fairbanks, and NEW! Shooting of nannies with kids is prohibited. Goat • Information on sex identification available with permits, taking of males is encouraged. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10). **Residents: One goat** by permit, avalable Oct 14-Oct 22 in person as follows: Permit RG471-471-Port Lions; RG474-Port Lions, Larsen Bay; RG475-Larsen Bay, Akhiok, Port Lions, Old Harbor; RG476-Old Harbor; RG477-Akhiok, Larsen Bay, Old Harbor; RG 478-479 (bow hunters



## Unit 9 Alaska Peninsula

Unit 9: The Alaska Peninsula and adjacent islands, including drainages east of False Pass, Pacific Ocean drainages west of and excluding the Redoubt Creek drainage, drainages into the south side of Bristol Bay, drainages into the north side of Bristol Bay east of Etolin Point, and including the Sanak and Shumagin islands;

**Unit 9A**: that portion of Unit 9 draining into Shelikof Strait and Cook Inlet between the southern boundary of Unit 16 (Redoubt Creek) and the northern boundary of Katmai National Park and Preserve;

Unit 9B: Kvichak River drainage;

Unit 9C: Alagnak (Branch) River drainage, Naknek River drainage, and all land and water within Katmai National Park & Preserve;

Unit 9D: all Alaska Peninsula drainages west of a line from the southernmost head of Port Moller to the head of American Bay, including the Shumagin Islands and other islands of Unit 9 west of the Shumagin islands;

Unit 9E: the remainder of Unit 9. See map on page 54 for State restricted areas in Unit 9.

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Black Bear · See pages 24-27 f	for bear information and salvage requirements.		
			no closed season
Brown/Grizzly Bear	<ul> <li>See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting infor</li> <li>Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a g</li> <li>Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to</li> </ul>	uide.	
OR One bear every four regulatory years Unit 9B: One bear every four regulatory year OR One bear every four regulatory years Unit 9C, Naknek River drainage: One bear person in King Salmon beginning Aug 27 (Air	arsarsarsarsevery four regulatory years by permit available in craft not allowed).	RB361	May 10-25* Sept 20-Oct 21* May 10-25* Sept 1-Oct 31
Remainder of Unit 9C: One bear every fo OR One bear every four regulatory years Unit 9D: south and west of a line from Moffe	permit beginning Apr 25 (Aircraft not allowed)ur regulatory years		October 1-21*
of Old Man's Lagoon: One bear every four r OR by permit beginning April 25 (permits only Remainder of 9D: One bear every four reg OR One bear every four regulatory years Unit 9E: One bear every four regulatory year.	regulatory years. (permits only valid for seven days) y valid for seven days)gulatory yearsgulatory	RB372	May 10-25* October 1-21* May 10-25* October 1-21*
*Bear hunts above open only in fall of odd-nu In addition to other regulations, subsistence the following hunts: Unit 9B: Residents Ol King Salmon or Dillingham beginning July 1.	NLY: One bear every year by permit available in		·
and 9D: Residents ONLY: One bear every y	between Cape Kumliun and border of Unit 9E wear by permit available in King Salmon or	RB500	Nov 1—Dec 31

### Caribou

- In areas indicated by a 😯 Federal restrictions exist, see page 8.
- In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male caribou.
- Meat taken in Unit 9B prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

<b>Unit 9A</b> and that portion of Unit 9C within the Alagnak River drainage:		
Residents: One caribou	Harvest	Aug 1-Mar 31
Nonresidents: One bull	Harvest	Aug 1-Mar 31
Unit 9B: Residents: Five caribou total, however, only one bull may be taken July 1-Nov 30	Harvest	July 1-Apr 15
Nonresidents: One caribou See page 16 "same day airborne" for Unit 9B caribou	Harvest	Aug 1-Apr 15
Unit 9C, that portion north of the Naknek River and south of the Alagnak River drainage:		
Residents: One caribou by permit	TC505	Aug 10-Sept 20
OR	TC505	Nov 15-Feb 28
OR up to Three caribou by permit during winter season. NEW!	RC504	to be announced

	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Caribo	<b>U</b> continued		
		TCFOF	A 40 C 20
	f Unit 9C: Residents: One bull by permit		
	by permit		
	darta One bull		
	dents: One bull		
	rless caribou NEWI		
	: One bull		
	dents: One bull by permit		
OR One bull b	by permit	1C505	Nov 1-Apr 30
Moose	<ul> <li>Meat taken in Unit 9B, prior to Oct 1 must remain on the bones of the front until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.</li> <li>In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male to 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.</li> <li>In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached</li> </ul>	moose.	uarters,
Unit 94: One	bull	Harvest	Sent 1-Sent 1F
	dents: One bull		
	dents. One but		
	: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side		
Unit 9C, that p	portion draining into the Naknek River:		
Residents: On	ne bull	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
Nonresidents:	: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on one side	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 15
Remainder of	f Unit 9C: Residents: One bull	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
OR One bull		Harvest	Dec 15-Jan 15
	: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at		
	dents: One bull		
	<u></u>		no open seaso
	<b>dents:</b> One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more		
	nt least one side		
		Harvest	Dec 1-Jan 20
Nonresidents:	: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at	Harvest	

Unit 9: One wolverine Sept 1-Mar 31

\*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

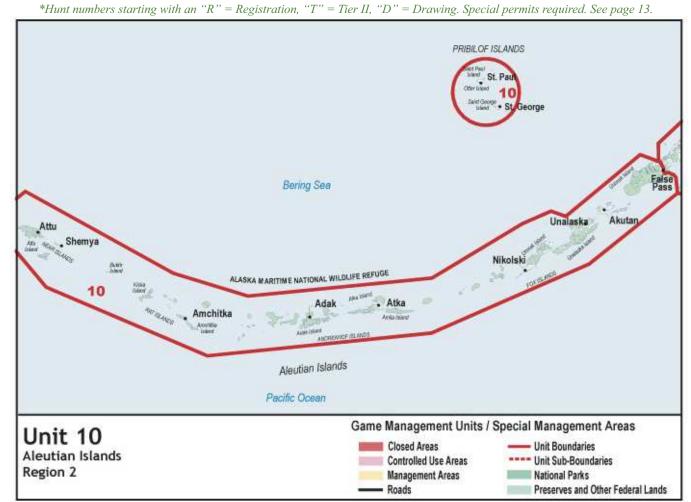
## Unit 10 Aleutian Islands

Unit 10: The Aleutian Islands, Unimak Island, and the Pribilof Islands. No state restricted areas in Unit 10.

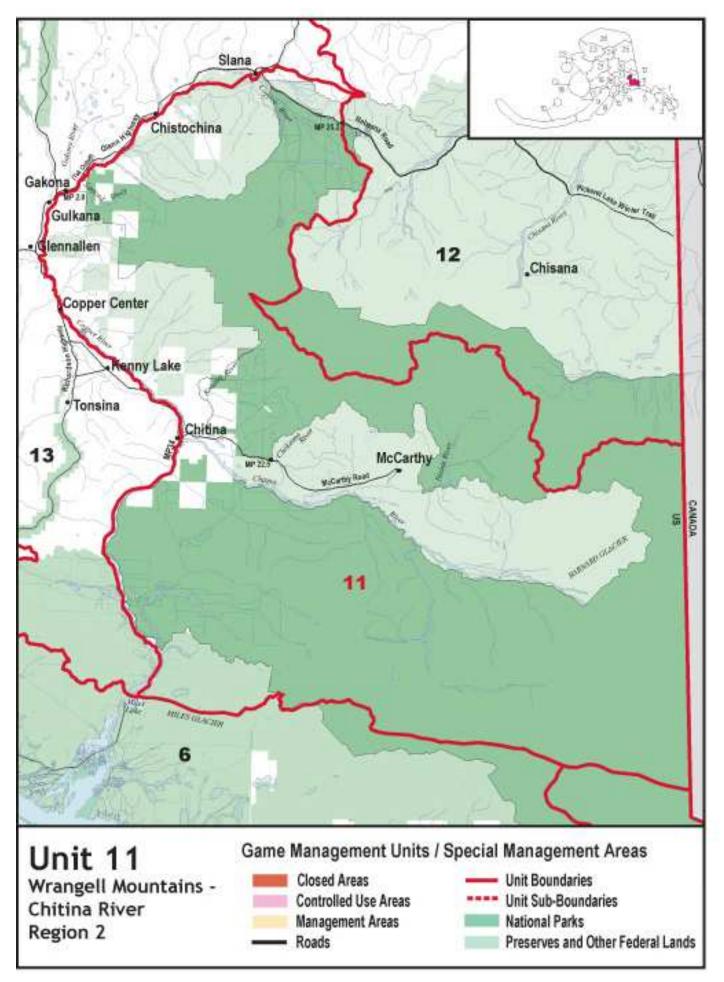
Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. required\* open season • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. Brown/Grizzly Bear • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. • See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Caribou OR One caribou ........ Harvest ........... Nov 15 - Mar 31 Wolf · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. Wolverine • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

The small of scale with 50 mays of min

Unit 10: One wolverine Sept 1 - Mar 31



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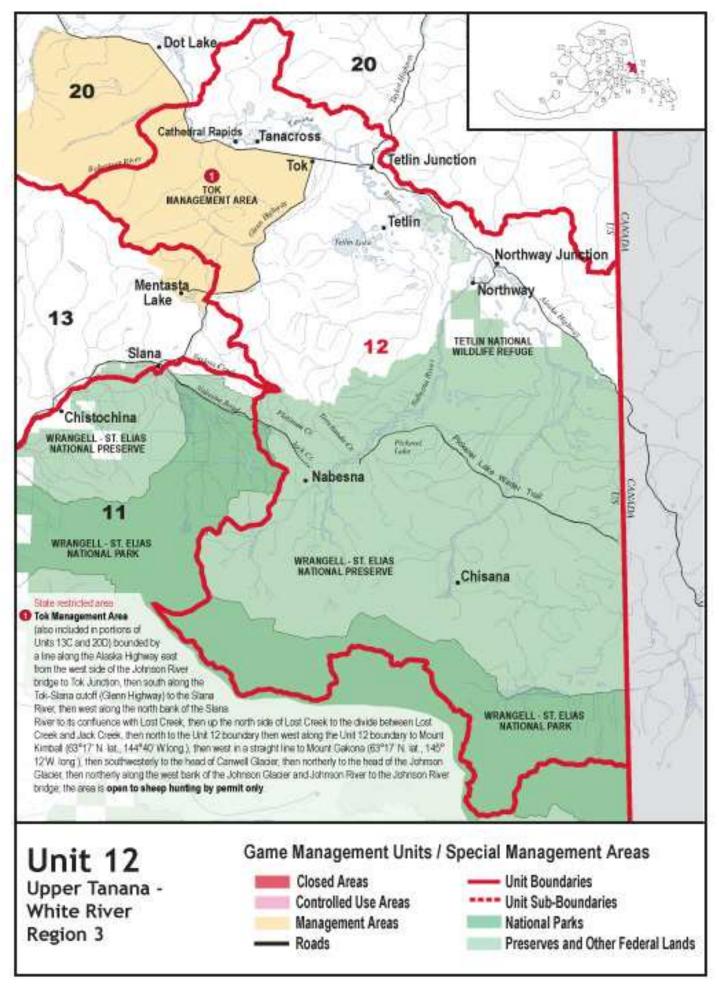
# Unit 11 Wrangell Mountains - Chitina River Unit 11: That area draining into the headwaters of the Copper River south of Suslota Creek and the area drained by all tributaries into the

Unit 11: That area draining into the headwaters of the Copper River south of Suslota Creek and the area drained by all tributaries into the east bank of the Copper River between the confluence of Suslota Creek with the Slana River and Miles Glacier.

No state restricted areas in Unit 11.

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Black Bear · Evidence	ce of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.		
Unit 11: Three bears			no closed seaso
Brown/Grizzly B	<ul> <li>See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting</li> <li>Nonresident hunters must be accompanied bear no resident tag required.</li> <li>Evidence of sex must remain naturally attach</li> </ul>	y a guide.	
Unit 11: One bear every regulator	y year		Aug 10-June 15
Bison			
Glacier and west of a line from Mou	outh of the Nadina River, Nadina Glacier, and Sanford nt Sanford to Mount Wrangell to Long Glacier, west of five regulatory years by permit	DI454	Sept 1-Mar 31
• Information on sex to Nonresident hunters  Unit 11: One goat by permit available.	es with kids is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged. identification available with permits. Is must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Informatio able in person in Anchorage, Fairbanks, or Glennallen, or	<b>n, page 10).</b> · by	Sept 1-Nov 30
* Spike-fork, 50-inc	ch antlers, and brow tines defined on page 30-31. cose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a maled to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attache	e moose.	
Unit 11: One bull with spike-fork of	antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more		Aug 20-Sept 20
Sheep See definition of Horns must acco	nters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Inform full-curl horn, three-quarter curl, and drawings on page ompany meat from the field. be sealed within 30 days of kill.		
	h three-quarter curl or largercurl horn or larger		
Wolf • Hides must be sealed	within 30 days of kill.		
			Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine · Hides mil	ust he sealed within 30 days of bill		
	ist be sedied within 30 days of kill.		Sept 1-Jan 31
	an " $R$ " = Registration " $T$ " = Tier $H$ " $D$ " = Drawing Sp		•

<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.



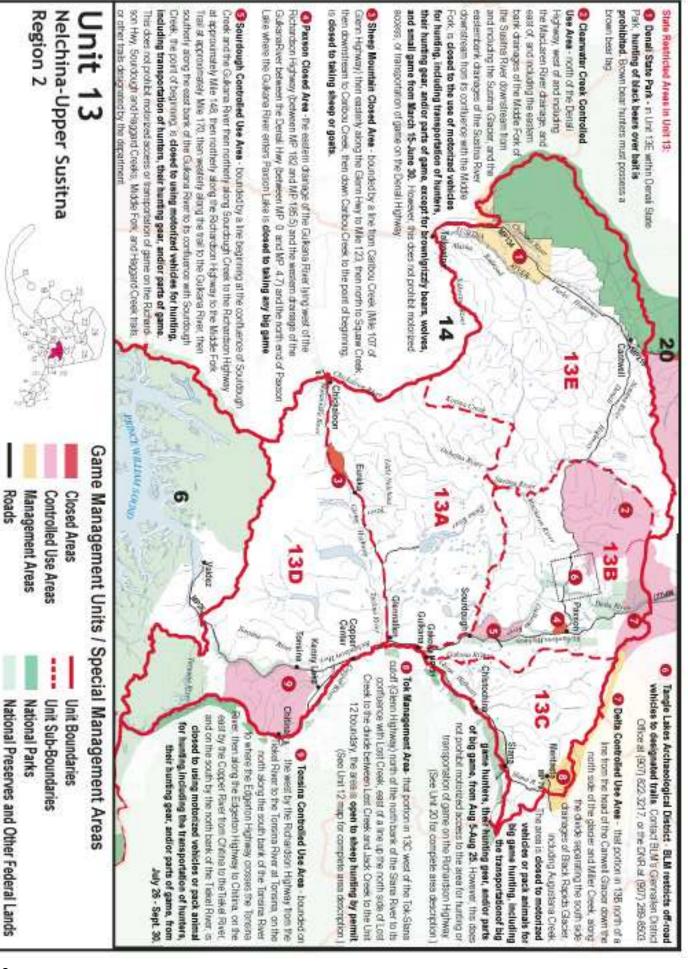
## Unit 12 Upper Tanana-White River

Unit 12: Tanana River drainage upstream from the Robertson River, including all drainages into the east bank of the Robertson River, and the White River drainage in Alaska, but excluding the Ladue River drainage. See map page 60 for State restricted areas in Unit 12.

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
	es 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. e of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.		
	e of see must remain naturally attached to the muct		no closed seaso
		1 1 111	
Brown/Grizzly B	<ul> <li>Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached.</li> <li>Nonresident hunters must be accompanied.</li> <li>See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting.</li> </ul>	by a guide.	
Unit 12: One bear every regulator	y year		Aug 10-June 30
	"caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain natural		<u>.</u>
	(Tok Cutoff) and south of the Alaska Highway within th	e	
Tok River drainage:		Harvost	Cont 1 Cont 20
<b>Unit 12</b> , west of the Glenn Highway	(Tok Cutoff) and south of the Alaska Highway excluding		
	Residents: One bull by permit available online at		
	Junction, Tok, and Fairbanks beginning Aug 2		
Contained of one 12.			по орен зеазон
	k or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow		
		Harvest	Aug 24-Aug 28
			Sept 8-Sept 17
•	e-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow to		Sent 8-Sent 17
	and south of the winter trail running southeast from Picke		эерг ө эерг т
Lake to the Canadian border:	-		
	tlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side		·
	s: One bull		
	nch antlers or 4 or more brow tines on at least one side		
	en anners or y or more oron times on at least one state		эерг о эерг 17
	ers must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Inform	ation, page 10).	
	full-curl horn and drawings on page 28.		
• Horns must accor	npany meat from the field. be sealed within 30 days of kill.		
	: One ram with full curl horn or larger every four regula	tom:	
			Aug 10-Sept 20
	with full curl horn or larger		
Wolf • Hides must be sealed w	ithin 30 days of kill.		
Unit 12: Five wolves	anii 30 aays oj kai.		Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine · Hides mu.			
Jnit 12: One wolverine			Sept 1-Mar 31

<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

www.wildlife.alaska.gov Alaska 2005-2006 Hunting Regulations



## Unit 13 Nelchina-Upper Susitna

Unit 13: That area westerly of the east bank of the Copper River from Miles Glacier and including the Slana River drainages north of Suslota Creek; the drainages into the Delta River upstream from Falls Creek and Black Rapids Glacier; the drainages into the Nenana River upstream from the southeast corner of Denali National Park at Windy; the drainage into the Susitna River upstream from its junction with the Chulitna River; the drainage into the east bank of the Chulitna River upstream to its confluence with Tokositna River; the drainages of the Chulitna River (south of Denali National Park) upstream from its confluence with the Tokositna River; the drainages into the north bank of the Tokositna River upstream to the base of the Tokositna Glacier; the drainages into the Tokositna Glacier; the drainages into the east bank of the Susitna River between its confluence with the Talkeetna and Chulitna Rivers; the drainages into the north and east bank of the Talkeetna River and including the Talkeetna River, to its confluence with Clear Creek, the eastside drainages of a line going up the south bank of Clear Creek to the first unnamed creek on the south, then up that unnamed creek to lake 4408, along the northeast shore of lake 4408, then southeast in a straight line to the northernmost fork of the Chickaloon River; the drainages into the east bank of the Chickaloon River below the line from lake 4408; the drainages of the Matanuska River above its confluence with the Chickaloon River;

Unit 13A: bounded by a line beginning at the Chickaloon River bridge at Mile 77.7 on the Glenn Highway, then along the Glenn Highway to its junction with the Richardson Highway, then south along the Richardson Highway to the foot of Simpson Hill at Mile 111.5, then east to the east bank of the Copper River, then northerly along the east bank of the Copper River to its junction with the Gulkana River, then northerly along the west bank of the Gulkana River to its junction with the West Fork of the Gulkana River, then westerly along the west bank of the West Fork of the Gulkana River to its source, an unnamed lake, then across the divide into the Tyone River drainage, down an unnamed stream into the Tyone River, then down the Tyone River to the Susitna River, then down the southern bank of the Susitna River to the mouth of Kosina Creek, then up Kosina Creek to its headwaters, then across the divide and down Aspen Creek to the Talkeetna River, then southerly along the boundary of Unit 13 to the Chickaloon River bridge, the point of beginning;

Unit 13B: bounded by a line beginning at the confluence of the Copper River and the Gulkana River, then up the east bank of the Copper River to the Gakona River, then up the east bank of the Gakona River and Gakona Glacier to the boundary of Unit 13, then westerly along the boundary of Unit 13 to the Susitna Glacier, then southerly along the west bank of the Susitna Glacier and the Susitna River to the Tyone River, then up the Tyone River and across the divide to the headwaters of the West Fork of the Gulkana River, then down the West Fork of the Gulkana River to the confluence of the Gulkana River and the Copper River, the point of beginning;

Unit 13C: Unit 13 east of the east bank Gakona River and Gakona Glacier;

Unit 13D: Unit 13 south of Unit 13A;

Unit 13E: the remainder of Unit 13. See map on page 62 for State restricted areas in Unit 13. Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. required\* open season Black Bear Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. • See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Unit 13: Three bears \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ no closed season • See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Brown/Grizzly Bear

Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide.

Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. • No resident tag required, except in Denali State Park. Bison A youth resident hunter 12-17 years old, who has successfully completed a Basic Certified Hunter Education Course, may hunt on behalf of an adult Unit 13 Tier II permit holder, under the direct immediate supervision Caribou of the permit holder, who is responsible for insuring that all legal requirements are met. • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex. • Nelchina Herd information (phone: 267-2304) • Taking of nannies with kids is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged. • Information on sex identification available with permits. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10).

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<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

open season

- Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.
- In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

NEW A youth resident hunter 12-17 years old, who has successfully completed a Basic Certified Hunter Education Course, may hunt on behalf of an adult Unit 13 Tier II permit holder, under the direct immediate supervision of the permit holder, who is responsible for insuring that all legal requirements are met.

Unit 13: Residents: One bull by permit	TM300	Aug 15-Aug 31
OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines		3 3
on at least one side	Harvest	Sept 1—Sept 20
Nonresidents:		no open season

• Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10).

- · See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28.
- Sheep. Horns must accompany meat from the field.
  - Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 13, that portion within the Tok Management Area:		
One ram with full curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit	DS102	Aug 10-Sept 20
Unit 13, that portion within the Delta Controlled Use Area:		
One ram with full curl horn or larger by permit	DS203-204	Aug 10-Sept 20
Remainder of Unit 13: One ram with full curl horn or larger.	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20

 No nonresident tag required. • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 13: Ten wolves per day.......Aug 10-Apr 30

#### Wolverine • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

\*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

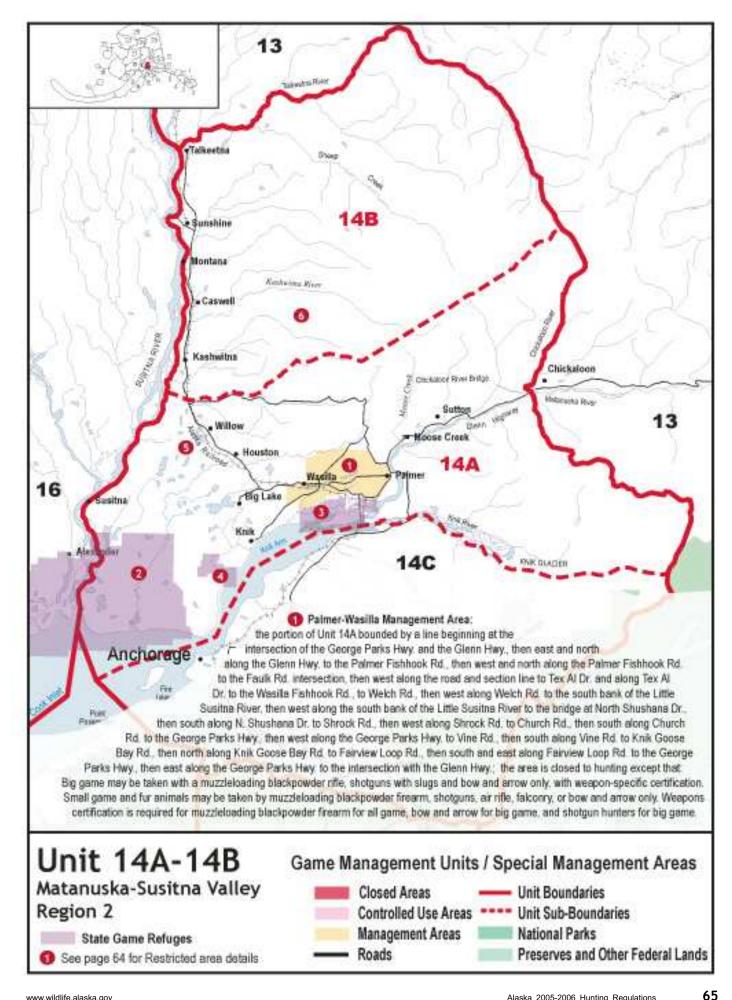
### Matanuska-Susitna Valley

See page 66 for 14A and 14B boundary descriptions. State restricted areas:

- 1 Palmer-Wasilla Management Area see map page 65.
- Susitna Flats Game Refuge has several restrictions regarding use of motorized vehicles, boats, and aircraft. Off-road vehicles weighing less than 1000 lbs. GVW can be used on all lands Nov 9 -Mar 31, provided there is at least a 12-inch snow cover and sufficient ground frost to prevent penetration of or disturbance to the soil surface or plant roots, but used only on existing graveled roads and within 1/8 mile of mean high tide April 1 - Nov 8. You cannot use a motorboat May 15 - Aug 31 on the Theodore River upstream from private parcel USS#3956. Aircraft landing or take-off is prohibited in the designated waterfowl habitat zone along the coast from April 1 through May 15 (map available at (907) 267-2342).
- 3 Palmer Hay Flats State Game Refuge has restrictions regarding use of motorized vehicles, boats and aircraft. No off-road vehicles may be used within one-half mile of the Glenn Hwy. Off-road vehicles (including snowmachines) weighing less than 1000 lbs. GVW may be used on the rest of the refuge only Nov 9-March 31, provided there is at least a 12-inch snow cover and sufficient ground frost to prevent penetration of or disturbance to the soil surface or plant roots. In addition, ice cover on wetlands or other water bodies must be of sufficient thickness to support the weight-bearing load of the off-road vehicle. Off road vehicles may also be used in a posted 100-yard wide corridor extending from Cottonwood Creek on the western edge of

the refuge along the north bank of Palmer Slough and Knik Arm to a sign at the end of the trail Aug 15-Nov 15. Motorized watercraft are allowed year round on the Knik River, the Matanuska River and on Knik Arm. On Wasilla Creek (Rabbit Slough) motorized watercraft can be used year-around except on week-ends from July 15-Aug 15. On all other refuge waters, you may use a motorized watercraft with a motor of 20 h.p. or less Aug 16-Mar 31. Aircraft landing or take-off is prohibited Apr 1-Nov 9.

- 4 Goose Bay State Game Refuge has special restrictions regarding the use of motorized vehicles. Off-road vehicles weighing less than 1000 lbs. GVW can be used on all refuge lands Nov 9-Mar 31, provided there is at least a 12-inch snow cover and sufficient ground frost to prevent penetration of or disturbance to the soil surface or plant roots. In addition, ice cover on wetlands or other water bodies must be of sufficient thickness to support the weight-bearing load of the off-road vehicle and on established trails located within the electrical transmission line right-of-way Aug 31-Nov 8 (AS 16.20.030).
- 5 Nancy Lake State Recreation Area has special restrictions regarding the use of firearms and off-road vehicles.
- 6 Willow Mountain Critical Habitat Area has special restrictions regarding the use of motorized vehicles. For more information call (907) 267-2342.



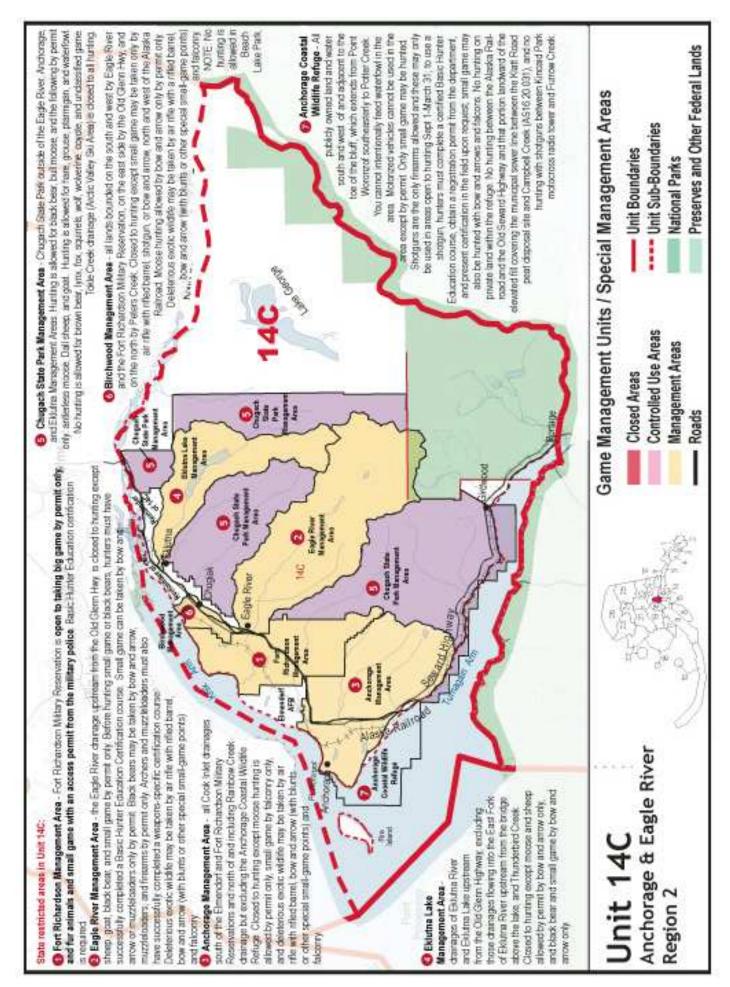
## Unit 14A & 14B: Matanuska-Susitna Valley

Unit 14: drainages into the north side of Turnagain Arm west of and excluding the Portage Creek drainage, drainages into Knik Arm excluding drainages of the Chickaloon and Matanuska Rivers in Unit 13, drainages into the north side of Cook Inlet east of the Susitna River, drainages into the east bank of the Susitna River downstream from the Talkeetna River, and drainages into the south and west bank of the Talkeetna River to its confluence with Clear Creek, the westside drainages of a line going up the south bank of Clear Creek to the first unnamed creek on the south, then up that unnamed creek to lake 4408, along the northeast shore of lake 4408, then southeast in a straight line to the northernmost fork of the Chickaloon River;

Unit 14A: drainages in Unit 14 bounded on the west by the east bank of the Susitna River, on the north by the north bank of Willow Creek and Peters Creek to its headwaters, then east along the hydrologic divide separating the Susitna River and Knik Arm drainages to the outlet creek at lake 4408, on the east by the eastern boundary of Unit 14, and on the south by Cook Inlet, Knik Arm, the south bank of the Knik River from its mouth to its junction with Knik Glacier, across the face of Knik Glacier and along the north side of Knik Glacier to the Unit 6 boundary;

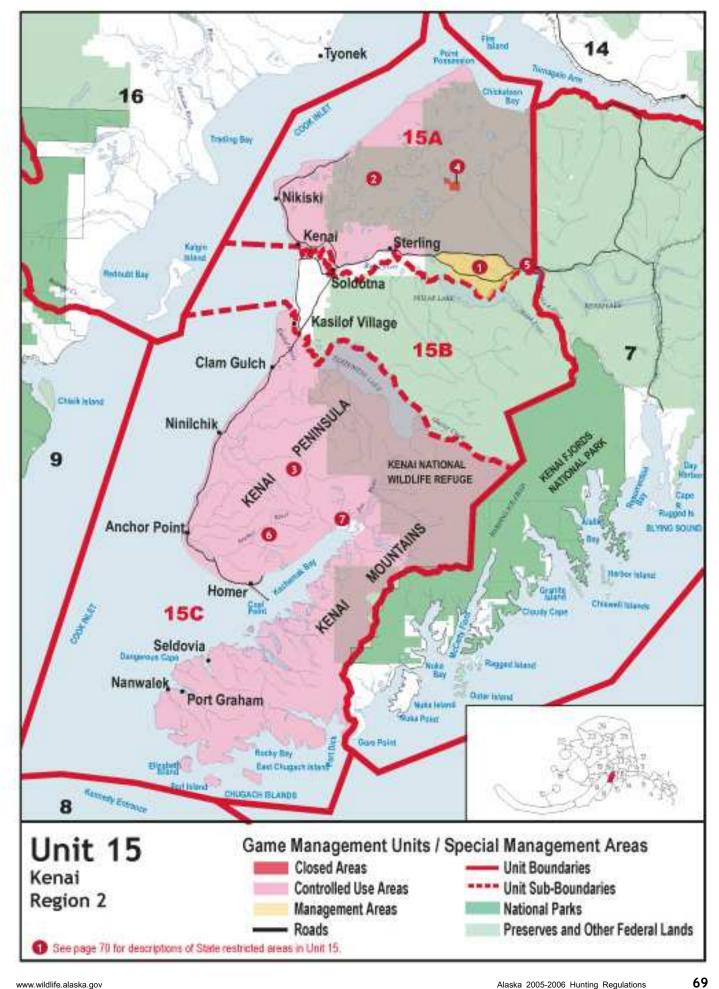
Unit 14B: that portion of Unit 14 north of Unit 14A;

See pages 64-65 for State restric	cted areas in Unit 14A and 14B.		
species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
• Evidence	es 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. e of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.		
D /6 : 1 D	See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting in		
Brown/Grizzly B	<ul> <li>Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by</li> <li>Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached</li> </ul>		
Unit 14A & 14B: One bear every for	our regulatory years		Sept 1-May 31
Caribou · In bag limit "ca	ribou" means an animal of either sex.		no opon soason
• Information on sex ia • Nonresident hunters	th kids is prohibited. Taking of males is encouraged. lentification available with permits. must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, j	page 10).	
	anuska River: son in Anchorage, Palmer, and Soldotna beginning Aug 22 14B:		
MOOSE • In bag limit, "moo	h antlers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31. ese" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male n I to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to	noose. o the meat.	
or more brow tines on at least one side	ith spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 le by bow and arrow only	Harvest	Aug 10-Aug 17
tines on at least one side;	or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow		
Nonresidents: One bull, with spike	ite-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more		
<b>OR One bull</b> , with spike-fork antlers	w and arrow onlyor 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on		
Unit 14B: One bull, with spike-fork	antlers or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow ti	nes	
OR One bull, with spike-fork antlers	or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines		
• Nonresident hunte • See definition of f	ers must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information full-curl horn and drawings on page 28.  be sealed within 30 days of kill and must accompany meat	on, page 10).	Aug 20-Sept 30
Unit 14A and 14B: One ram with f	full curl horn or larger	•	Aug 10-Sept 20
11011	d within 30 days of kill.		
			Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine · Hides mus			
	e "P" = Positivation "T" = Tion H "P" = Durning Coosid		



## Unit 14C: Anchorage & Eagle River

	A. See page 67 for State restricted areas in Hunts are open to both residents	permit/ticket	
species / bag limits	and nonresidents unless noted	required*	open season
Black Bear : See pages 24-27 for be Evidence of sex must	ear information and salvage requirements.		
Init 14C: Lower Eagle River Valley: One bear b	•		
<b>nly</b> by permit available in person in Anchorage ar			
and by permit available in person in Anchorage are assic hunter education and weapons certification re		PI 450	Sept 6-May 31
Init 14C: Upper Eagle River Valley, including a p		. KL430	sept o-may s i
One bear by permit available in person in Anchord			
Basic hunter education required		RI 460	Sent 6- June 15
Init 14C: Remainder of Eagle River, Fort Richard			
Unit 14C: Eklutna Management Area: One bear I			
Jnit 14C: Remainder of Chugach State Park Mana			
Remainder of Unit 14C: One bear			
	ee pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting infor		
Brown/Grizzly Bear $egin{smallmatrix} N_i & P_i & P_i \end{bmatrix}$	onresident hunters must be accompanied by a g vidence of sex must remain naturally attached t	uide. o the hide.	
<b>Init 14C:</b> Eagle River, Ft Richardson, Elmendorf,	•		
State Park Management Areas			no open season
Remainder of Unit 14C: One bear			•
	hibited. Taking of males is encouraged.		
Goat • Information on sex identification a		-a.	
	mpanied by a guide (See Guide Information, pag	ge 10).	
Init 14C, east fork of Eklutna River, Eagle River,			
One goat by permit		. DG852-858	Sept 6-Oct 15
Remainder of Unit 14C, Twentymile/Lake Georg			
One goat by permit available in Anchorage, Palme		. RG868/869	<i>S</i> ept 1-Oct 15
OR One goat by bow and arrow only by permit			
and Soldotna beginning Aug 22		. RG878/879	Oct 16-Oct 31
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, an	nd brow tines defined on pages 30-31.		
	in animal of either sex; "bull" means a male mo		
<ul> <li>In all hunts limited to one sex, e</li> </ul>	evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to	the meat.	
<b>Jnit 14C,</b> Fort Richardson Management Area: On	e moose by muzzleloader only by permit	. DM422-423	Sept 6-Jan 15
OR One moose by bow and arrow only by peri			
Jnit 14C, Elmendorf Air Force Base: One moose			
Jnit 14C, Ship Creek drainage above Fort Richard			
Jnit 14C, Birchwood Management Area: One mo	oose by bow and arrow only by permit	. DM448-449	Sept 6-Sept 30
Init 14C, Anchorage Management Area: Reside			
y shotgun or muzzleloader only by permit	NEW	DM666	Oct 20-Nov 30
Jnit 14C, Eklutna Lake Management Area: One l			
ıvailable in person in Anchorage, and Palmer begii			
<b>Init 14C,</b> Twentymile River drainage: One bull be		. DM210	Aug 20-Sept 30
Remainder of 14C: One bull with spike-fork ant			
nore brow tines on at least one side			
OR Residents: One antlerless moose by permi	<i>t</i>	. DM441/443	.Sept 6-Sept 30
Nonresident hunters must be ac	companied by a guide (See Guide Information,	page 10).	
Sheep • See definition of full-curl horn	and drawings on page 28.		
	in 30 days of kill and must accompany meat from	•	Aug 10 Copt 20
Jnit 14C: One ram with full-curl horn or larg OR One ewe by permit			
OR One sheep by bow and arrow only by perm			
			•
Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days	of kill.		
Remainder of 14C (outside of special manageme	nt areas): Five wolves		Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine • Hides must be sealed win	thin 30 days of kill		
Remainder of 14C (outside of special manageme	nt areas). One wolverine		Sent 1- lan 31
	III areas /. Otto WULVELIIIC		cpt I Jall J I



### Unit 15 Kenai

**Unit 15:** that portion of the Kenai Peninsula and adjacent islands draining into the Gulf of Alaska, Cook Inlet, and Turnagain Arm from Gore Point to the point where longitude line 150°00' W. crosses the coast line of Chickaloon Bay in Turnagain Arm, including that area lying west of longitude 150°00'W. to the mouth of the Russian River, thence southerly along the Chugach National Forest boundary to the upper end of Upper Russian Lake; and including the drainages into Upper Russian Lake west of the Chugach National Forest boundary;

Unit 15A: that portion north of the north bank of the Kenai River and the north shore of Skilak Lake;

Unit 15B: that portion south of the north bank of the Kenai River and the north shore of Skilak Lake, and north of the north bank of the Kasilof River, the north shore of Tustumena Lake, Glacier Creek, and Tustumena Glacier;

Unit 15C: the remainder of Unit 15. State restricted areas in Unit 15:

1 Skilak Loop Management Area - bounded by a line beginning at the easternmost junction of the Sterling Highway and the Skilak Loop Road (Mile 58), then due south to the south bank of the Kenai River, then southerly along the south bank of the Kenai River to its confluence with Skilak Lake, then westerly along the north shore of Skilak Lake to Lower Skilak Lake campground, then northerly along the Lower Skilak Lake campground road and the Skilak Loop Road to its westernmost junction with the Sterling Highway (Mile 75.1), then easterly along the Sterling Highway to the point of beginning, is closed to hunting and trapping except that small game and fur animals may be taken from October 1 through March 1 by firearms (no firearm may be discharged within 1/4 mile of any campground) and moose by permit only.

2 Kenai Controlled Use Area - Unit 15A north of the Sterling Highway. The area is closed during moose hunting season to the use of aircraft for hunting moose, including transportation of moose hunters, their hunting gear, and/or moose parts. However, this does not apply after 12:01 a.m. September11 and does not apply to transportation of a moose hunter or moose parts by aircraft to or from a publicly owned airport in the controlled use area.

3 Lower Kenai Controlled Use Area - the area is closed to anyone using a motorized vehicle (except an aircraft or boat) for moose hunting, including the transportation of moose hunters, their

hunting gear, and/or parts of moose, from September 11-14, and September 17-20. However, this does not apply to the use of a motorized vehicle on a state or borough maintained highway or on graveled portions of Oilwell, Brody and Tustumena Lake roads, or driveways used for direct access to a primary residence or business.

4 Kenai Moose Research Center Closed Area - that area within the outer boundary fences of the Kenai Moose Research Center, located west and south of Coyote and Vixen Lakes is closed to all hunting.

**5** Russian River Closed Area - the area within 150 yards, and including the river, from the outlet of Lower Russian Lake downstream to the Russian River/Kenai River confluence, then continuing downstream 700 yards along the bank of the Kenai River, is **closed to hunting for the months of June and July.** 

6 Anchor River/Fritz Creek - restricted to offroad vehicles less than 1,000 pounds dry weight on designated trails only, however off road vehicles less than 1000 pounds dry weight may be used to retrieve downed animals during lawful hunting seasons. The use of snow machines and ORV's is authorized on designated trails and all lands within the Anchor River Fritz Creek Critical Habitat Area from Nov 1 through Mar 31 when sufficient snow cover or sufficient ground frost is present to prevent damage to vegetation.

Fox River Flats - restricted to offroad vehicles less than 1,000 lbs. dryweight on designated trails only.

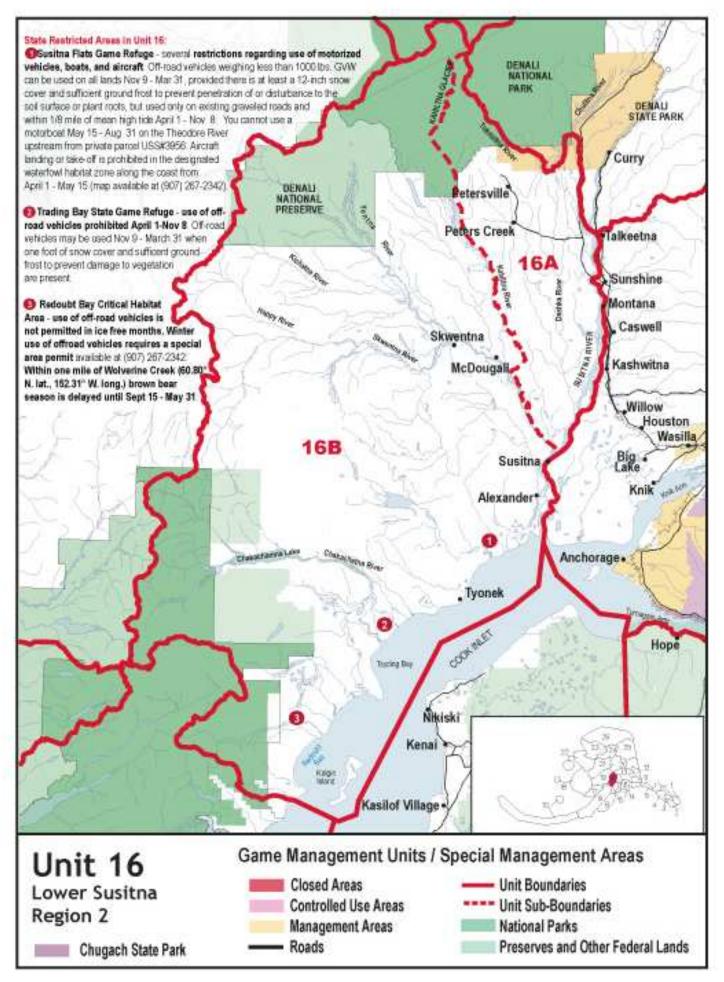
species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
	es 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirement e of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.	ts.	
Unit 15: Two bears per regulatory			
			•
Brown/Grizzly B	<ul> <li>See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting</li> <li>Nonresident hunters must be accompanied</li> <li>Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached</li> </ul>	l by a guide.	
	ntory years, by permit available in person in Homer, t 10	RB160	Oct 15-Oct 31
Caribou • In bag limit "c	aribou" means an animal of either sex.		
Unit 15B, within the Kenai National One bull may be taken by permit	Wildlife Refuge Wilderness Area:		
Goat • Information on sex id	th kids is prohibited. The taking of males is encouraged lentification available with permits. must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Informatio		
Windy Rivers, across the Windy River	ginning at the mouth of Rocky River, up the Rocky and /Jakolof Creek Divide and down Jakolof Creek to its mo	outh:	Aug 1-Oct 15
OR One goat by permit available in S	Soldotna, Homer, Anchorage or Palmer beginning Oct 2	8 RG364-365	Nov 1-Nov 30
Remainder of Unit 15: One goat $i$	by permit Soldotna, Homer, Anchorage or Palmer beginning Oct 2	DG354-363	Aug 10-Oct 15

Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

#### Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 15: One wolverine Sept 1—Mar 31

<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.



# Unit 16 Lower Susitna

Unit 16: The drainages into Cook Inlet between Redoubt Creek and the Susitna River, including Redoubt Creek drainage, Kalgin Island, and the drainages on the west side of the Susitna River (including the Susitna River) upstream to its junction with the Chulitna River; the drainages into the west side of the Chulitna River (including the Chulitna River) upstream to the Tokositna River, and drainages into the south side of the Tokositna River upstream to the base of the Tokositna Glacier, including the drainage of the Kanikula Glacier;

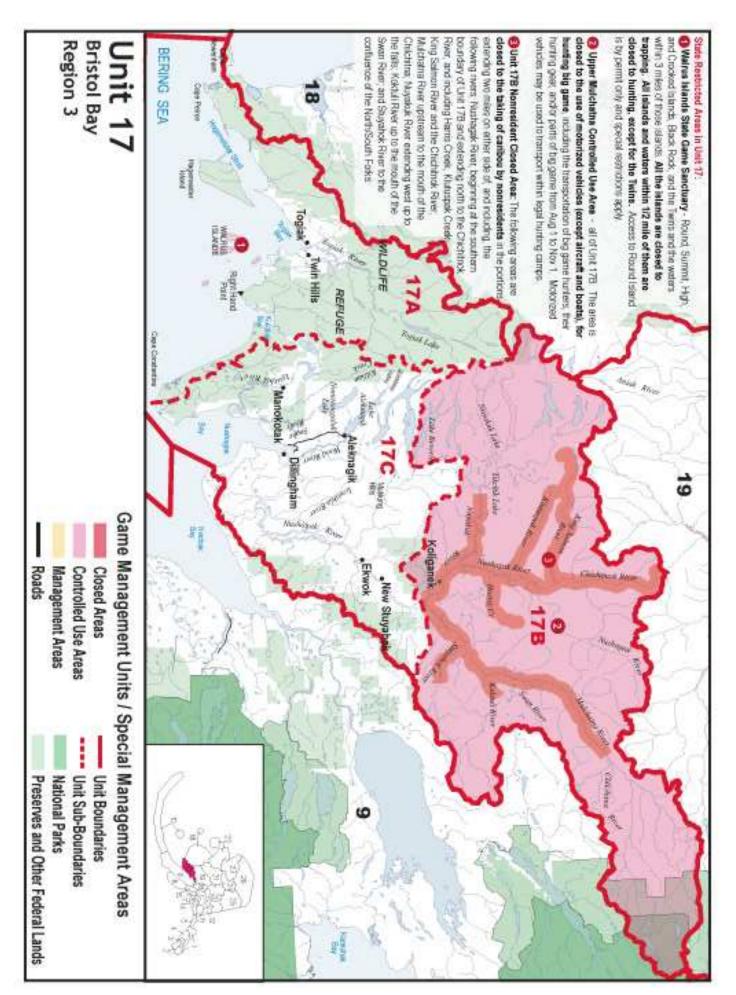
**Unit 16A:** that portion of Unit 16 east of the east bank of the Yentna River from its mouth upstream to the Kahiltna River, east of the east bank of the Kahiltna River, and east of the Kahiltna Glacier;

Unit 16B: the remainder of Unit 16; See map on page 72 for State restricted areas in Unit 16.

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
	7 for bear information and salvage requirements. x must remain naturally attached to the hide.		
			no closed seaso
Brown/Grizzly Bear	<ul> <li>See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting info</li> <li>Special Restrictions in Redoubt Bay Critical Ha</li> <li>No resident tag required in 16B.</li> <li>Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a</li> <li>Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached</li> </ul>	bitat Area. guide.	
	pear every four regulatory yearsv regulatory year NEWek (60.80° N.lat, 152.31° W. long.)		
	ry regulatory year . <b>NEW</b> I		
Caribou : In bag limit "bull" m	neans male caribou. o one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally atta	ched to the meat.	
Jnit 16A: One bull		Harvest	
<ul> <li>Spike-fork, 50-inch antl</li> <li>In bag limit, "moose" m</li> <li>In all hunts limited to on</li> </ul>	ers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31. weans an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male m he sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attache	oose.	3
<ul> <li>Spike-fork, 50-inch antl</li> <li>In bag limit, "moose" m</li> <li>In all hunts limited to on</li> </ul>	ers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31. weans an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male m he sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attache	oose.	3 1
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antl • In bag limit, "moose" m • In all hunts limited to on  Unit 16A: One bull with spike-fork or 50-in at least one side by bow and arrow on  OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch ant	ers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.  Leans an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male me sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines alsy	noose.  In the meat.  In the meat.  In the meat.	Aug 10-Aug 17
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antl • In bag limit, "moose" m • In all hunts limited to on  Unit 16A: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch ant least one side by bow and arrow on  OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch ant least one side  Juit 16B, Kalgin Island: One moose by	ers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.  Leans an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male me sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines ally	noose.  In the meat.  In the m	Aug 10-Aug 17
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antl • In bag limit, "moose" m • In all hunts limited to on  Unit 16A: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch ant  In all hunts limited to on  OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch ant  I least one side  Joit 16B, Kalgin Island: One moose by  Homer, and Palmer beginning Aug 1  Remainder of Unit 16B: Residents: One	ers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.  Leans an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male me sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines only.  Light or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at an animal permit available in person in Anchorage, Soldotna,  e bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers	Harvest	Aug 10-Aug 17 Aug 20-Sept 30 Aug 20-Sept 20
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antl • In bag limit, "moose" m • In all hunts limited to or  Unit 16A: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch ant least one side by bow and arrow on  OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch ant least one side	ers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31. Leans an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male me sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines only. Let or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at the permit available in person in Anchorage, Soldotna,	Harvest	Aug 10-Aug 17 Aug 20-Sept 30 Aug 20-Sept 20 Sept 1-Sept 20 Nov 15-Feb 28
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antl • In bag limit, "moose" m • In all hunts limited to on  Unit 16A: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch ant least one side by bow and arrow on  OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch ant least one side	ers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.  leans an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male me sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines soly.  lers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at the permit available in person in Anchorage, Soldotna, the bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers ast one side	Harvest	Aug 10-Aug 17 Aug 20-Sept 30 Aug 20-Sept 20 Sept 1-Sept 20 Nov 15-Feb 28
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antl • In bag limit, "moose" m • In all hunts limited to on  Unit 16A: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch ant least one side by bow and arrow on the spike one side one s	ers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.  leans an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male me sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines soly.  lers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at the permit available in person in Anchorage, Soldotna, the bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers ast one side	Harvest	Aug 10-Aug 17 Aug 20-Sept 30 Aug 20-Sept 20 Sept 1-Sept 20 Nov 15-Feb 28 no open season
• Spike-fork, 50-inch antl • In bag limit, "moose" m • In all hunts limited to on  Unit 16A: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch ant least one side by bow and arrow on the spike one side one s	ers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.  leans an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male me sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines only	Harvest	Aug 10-Aug 17 Aug 20-Sept 30 Aug 20-Sept 20 Sept 1-Sept 20 Nov 15-Feb 28 no open season
Spike-fork, 50-inch anti- In bag limit, "moose" me In all hunts limited to one In all least one side by bow and arrow one In all east one side by bow and arrow one In all east one side by bow and arrow one In all east one side by bow and arrow one In all east one side by bow and arrow one In all east one side by bow and arrow one In all east one side by bow and arrow one In all hunts limited to one In all hunts limited	ers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.  leans an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male me sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines only	Harvest	Aug 10-Aug 17 Aug 20-Sept 30 Aug 20-Sept 20 Sept 1-Sept 20 Nov 15-Feb 28 no open season
Spike-fork, 50-inch anti- In bag limit, "moose" me In all hunts limited to one In all least one side by bow and arrow one In all east one side by bow and arrow one In all east one side by bow and arrow one In all east one side by bow and arrow one In all east one side by bow and arrow one In all east one side by bow and arrow one In all east one side by bow and arrow one In all east one side by bow and arrow one In all hunts limited to one In all	ers, and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.  Leans an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male me sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines only.  Let or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at a male me sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached inch antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at a more brow tines on at a more permit available in person in Anchorage, Soldotna,  Let bull with spike-fork antlers or 50-inch antlers ast one side a guide (See Guide Information of the secompanied by a guide (See Guide Information of the sec	Harvest	Aug 10-Aug 17 Aug 20-Sept 30 Aug 20-Sept 20 Sept 1-Sept 20 Nov 15-Feb 28 no open season

<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

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# Unit 17 Bristol Bay

Unit 17: drainages into Bristol Bay and the Bering Sea between Etolin Point and Cape Newenham and all islands between these points, including Hagemeister Island and the Walrus Islands;

Unit 17A: the drainages between Cape Newenham and Cape Constantine, and Hagemeister Island and the Walrus Islands;

Unit 17B: the Nushagak River drainage upstream from and including the Mulchatna River drainage and the Wood River drainage upstream from the outlet of Lake Beverley;

Unit 17C: the remainder of Unit 17: See map on page 74 for State restricted areas in Unit 17.

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Black Bear	<ul> <li>Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.</li> <li>See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.</li> </ul>		
Unit 17: Residents: Tw Nonresidents: One bea	o bearsar		Aug 1-May 31 Aug 1-May 31
Brown/Griz	• See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a government of the Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to	uide.	
In addition to other regul to the following hunt: Re	y regulatory year	<u>,                                     </u>	

- In areas indicated by a Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- Meat taken in Unit 17 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the frontquarters and hind

- quarters until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.

  In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou.
  - For Mulchatna Herd information, call 907-267-2308.
  - · In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 17A, all drainages east of Right Hand Point: Residents: up to Five caribou  Nonresidents:	Harvest	may be announced
Unit 17A: Nonresidents:		
Remainder of Unit 17A: Residents: Five caribou (only one may be a bull from Aug 1-Nov 30)		
Unit 17B, that portion in the Unit 17B Nonresident Closed Area:  Residents: Five caribou (only one may be a bull from Aug 1-Nov 30) "same day airborne"  Nonresidents: NEW!	Harvest	Aug 1-Apr 15 no open season
Remainder of Unit 17B and that portion of Unit 17C east of the Wood River and		
Wood River Lakes: Residents: Five caribou (only one may be a bull from Aug 1-Nov 30)		
Nonresidents: One caribou		
Remainder of Unit 17C: Residents: up to Five caribou	Harvest	may be announced
Nonresidents:		no open season

### • Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines defined on page 30-31.

- Meat taken in Unit 17 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
- In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

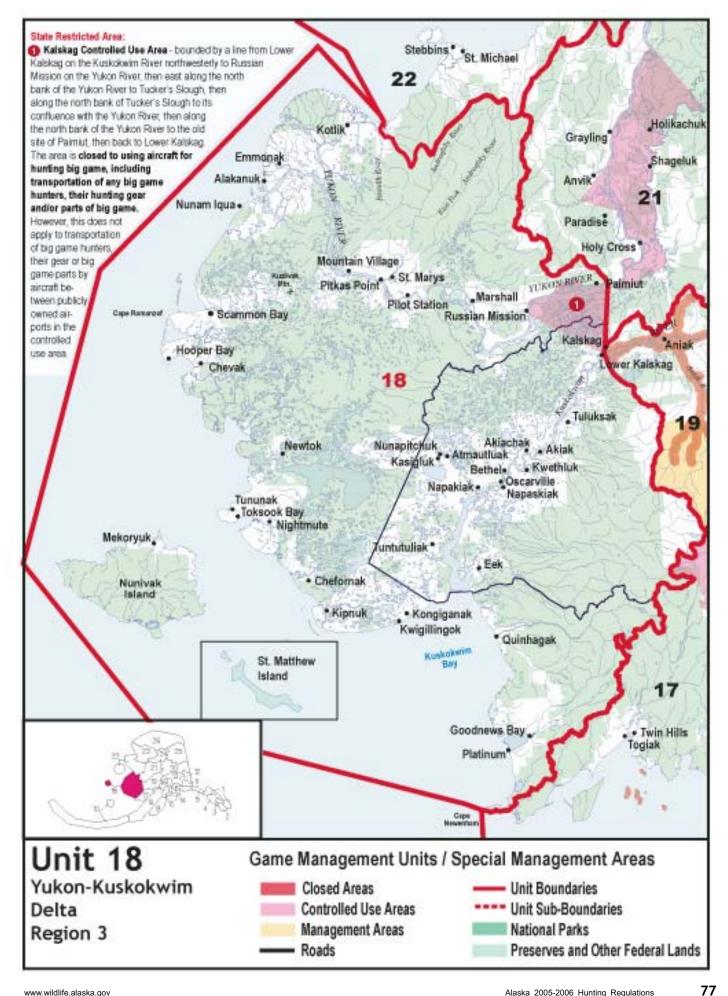
Unit 17A: Residents: One bull by permit available in person in Togiak beginning Aug 15	RM573	Aug 25-Sept 20
OR One antlered bull, up to a 14-day season may be announced Dec 1- Jan 31 by permit		
available in person in Togiak, Dillingham and Manakotak	RM575	may be announced
Nonresidents:		no open season
Unit 17B, all drainages of the Mulchatna River upstream from and including the Chilchitna River		·
drainage: <b>Residents:</b> One bull by permit available in person in Dillingham and Nushagak River		
villages July 15-Aug 31	RM583	Aug 20-Sept 15
<b>OR One bull</b> with spike-fork or 50-in. antlers or antlers with 3 or more brow tines on at		
least one sideleast one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-in. antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one		
side (Nonresident orientation requirement, see page 80)	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 15

<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

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Moose continued			open season
Unit 17B, that portion in the Unit 17B Nonresident	Closed Area:		
<b>Residents:</b> One bull by permit available in person			
River villages July 15-Aug 31	_	RM583	Aug 20-Sept 15
<b>OR One bull</b> with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or an			/ (45 20 00)
at least one side		Harvest	Sent 1-Sent 15
<b>OR One bull</b> by permit available in person in Dillin			эере т эере тэ
beginning Oct 25beginning Oct 25		RM585	Dec 1-Dec 31
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or an			
at least one side by permit in person in Dillingham Ju			
(Nonresident orientation requirement, see page 80)		NEW RM587	Sent 5-Sent 15
Remainder of Unit 17B: Residents: One bull $b$		HEW MANDO7	эерс э эерс тэ
and Nushagak River villages July 15 - Aug 31		PW283	Aug 20-Sept 15
OR One bull with a spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or			Aug 20 3cpt 13
on at least one side		Harvest	Sent 1-Sent 15
<b>OR One bull</b> by permit available in person in Dilling		I Idi vest	зерс 1-зерс 13
beginning Oct 25beginning Oct 25	gnam ana Nusnagak Kiver viitages	DM505	Doc 1-Doc 31
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or an		NNJOJ	Dec 1-Dec 31
tines on at least one side. (Nonresident orientation r		Harvost	Cont E Cont 1E
,		nai vest	зерт э-зерт тэ
Unit 17C, that portion including Iowithla drainage,			
Wood River and south of Aleknagik Lake and east of			
Snake River: <b>Residents: One bull</b> by permit availa		DUEGO	
River Villages July 15-Aug 31		RM583	Aug 20-Sept 15
<b>OR One bull</b> with a spike-fork or with 50-inch antle			
at on at least one side			
Nonresidents:			no open season
Unit 17C, that portion west of Killian Creek, Nunav			
Residents: One antlered bull by permit		RM583	Aug 20-Sept 15
OR One bull with a spike-fork or with 50-inch antle			
at on at least one side		Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
One antlered bull, up to a 14-day season may be a			
available in person in Togiak, Dillingham and Manol			
Nonresidents:			no open season
Remainder of Unit 17C: Residents: One bull $by$			
and Nushagak River villages July 15 - Aug 31		RM583	Aug 20-Sept 15
<b>OR One bull</b> with a spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or	antlers with 3 or more brow tines		
on at least one side		Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
<b>OR One bull</b> by permit available in person in Dilling	gham and Nushagak River villages		
beginning Oct 25		RM585	Dec 1-Dec 31
Nonresidents:			no open season
Walf	A		
Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days o	f kill.		
Unit 17: Ten wolves per day		<u></u>	Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine · Hides must be sealed with	in 30 days of kill.		_
Unit 17: One wolverine			Sept 1-Mar 31
Nonresidents:			•

<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

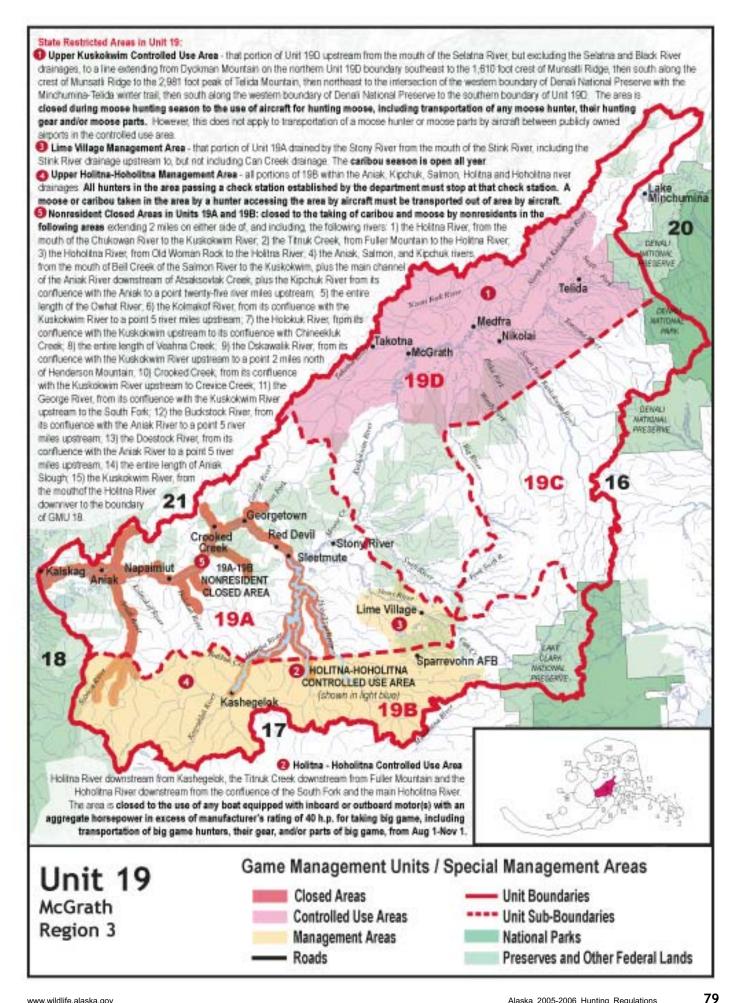


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# Unit 18 Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta

Unit 18: That area draining into the Yukon and Kuskokwim rivers downstream from a straight line drawn between Lower Kalskag and Paimiut and the drainages flowing into the Bering Sea from Cape Newenham on the south to and including the Pastolik River drainage on the north; Nunivak, St. Matthew, and adjacent islands between Cape Newenham and the Pastolik River;

See map on page 77 for State restricted areas in Unit 18. Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. open season required\* Black Bear · See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. Brown/Grizzly Bear · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. • See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. **Residents:** One bear every regulatory year by permit available in Barrow, Bethel, Kotzebue, • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male caribou. Caribou . Meat taken prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. Nonresidents: One bull Harvest ...... Sept 1-Sept 30 • In areas indicated by Federal restrictions exist. See page 8. Meat taken prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters Moose until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption. • In bag limit, "bull" means a male moose. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. Unit 18, Lower Kuskokwim Closed Area: easterly of a line from the mouth of the Ishkowik River to the closest point of Dall Lake then to easternmost point of Takslesluk Lake then along the Kuskokwim Unit 18, that portion south of the Eek River drainage and north of the Goodnews River drainage: Residents: One bull Harvest ...... Sept 1-Sept 30 Remainder of Unit 18: Residents: One bull Harvest ------ Sept 1-Sept 30 Nonresidents: One bull Sept 1—Sept 30 · Muskox tag required. Muskox • In all hunts evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. Unit 18, Nunivak Island: one bull by permit **OR** One cow by permit (5 permits available) in person in Bethel ADF&G office beginning Aug. 23, 8 a.m. RX060....... Sept 1-Sept 30 OR One cow by permit (number of permits to be announced) available in person at the Mekoryuk City Office beginning Jan. 27, 8 a.m. and (5 permits available) in person at the Bethel ADF&G office beginning Jan 24, 8 a.m. RX061 ....... Feb 1-Mar 15 **OR** One cow by permit (number of permits to be announced) available in person in Nightmute beginning Jan 20, 8 a.m. RX071...... Feb 1-Mar 25 Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill. Wolverine • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.



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# Unit 19 McGrath

Unit 19: All drainages into the Kuskokwim River upstream from a straight line drawn between Lower Kalskag and Paimiut.

Unit 19A: That area drained by the Kuskokwim River downstream from and including the Moose Creek drainage on the north bank and downstream from and including the Stony River drainage, excluding that portion listed in Unit 19B.

**Unit 19B:** Unit 19 drained by the Aniak River upstream from and including the Salmon River; that area drained by the Holitna River upstream from and including Bakbuk Creek; that area south of a line running directly between the mouth of Bakbuk Creek on the Holitna River and the radar dome at Sparrevohn Air Force Base including that area drained by the Hoholitna River upstream from that line; and the drainage of the Stony River upstream from and including the drainage of Can Creek.

**Unit 19C:** Unit 19 south and east of a line from Benchmark M1.26 (approximately 1.26 miles south of the northwest corner of the original Mt. McKinley National Park Boundary) to Lone Mountain, and thence due west to Big River; the drainage of Big River upstream from the intersection of this line; and the drainage of Swift River upstream from and including the drainage of the North Fork.

Unit 19D East: the portion of Unit 19D upstream from, but not including, Selatna River drainage and Black River drainage.

Unit 19D: The remainder of Unit 19. See map on page 79 for State restricted areas in Unit 19.

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Black Bear.	See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.		
Unit 19: Three bears	See pages 27 27 year court trijet man san age requirements		.no closed season
	from the Selatna and Black River drainages:		
Two additional bears $by$	y permit available in McGrath or by mail beginning July 1	RL338	no closed season
Brown/Griz	<ul> <li>No resident tag required in Unit 19D.</li> <li>See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information in Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guarantee.</li> <li>Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to</li> </ul>	uiue.	
Units 19A and 19D: One	e bear every regulatory year		Aug 10-June 30
Units 19B and 19C: One	e bear every regulatory year		Sept 1-May 31
In addition to the other reg	gulations, subsistence regulations apply to the hunt listed below (see		
	ortions of Units 19A and B, downstream of and including the Aniak		
River drainage: Residents	s ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by permit available in Galena,		
Fairbanks, and McGrath b	beginning July 1	RB601	Aug 10-June 30
Bison			
	ry five regulatory years by permit		
OR One bison by permit.  • Me	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna C	ontrolled Use Ar	Mar 1-Mar 31 ea, and Unit 19B,
• Mo Caribou fo • In	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna C ust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until ren r human consumption. bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male	Ontrolled Use Arnoved from the fie	Mar 1-Mar 31 ea, and Unit 19B,
• Ma • Ma • Ma • Ma • Ma • In • In	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna C ust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until ren r human consumption. bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attac	Controlled Use Armoved from the fiest caribou.  Sched to the meat.	Mar 1-Mar 31 ea, and Unit 19B,
Caribou  Caribou  One bison by permit of the second of the	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna C ust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until remain consumption.  bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attacknappenent Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouth	Controlled Use Armoved from the fiest caribou.  Sched to the meat.	Mar 1-Mar 31 ea, and Unit 19B,
Caribou  Caribou  Moreover for a line of the Stink River, including the sti	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna Coust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until remain the hones of the front quarters and hindquarters until remain human consumption.  bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attack. Management Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouthing the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek.	Ontrolled Use Are noved from the fiest caribou. Ched to the meat.	Mar 1-Mar 31 ea, and Unit 19B, eld or processed
Caribou  . Mo . In . In . In . Unit 19A, Lime Village M of the Stink River, includir drainage: Residents: Fou	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna Coust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until renor human consumption.  bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attack. Management Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouthing the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek ar caribou total: Bulls	Controlled Use Are noved from the fiest caribou. The dother meat.  The Harvest	Mar 1-Mar 31  ea, and Unit 19B, eld or processed July 1-Jun 30
Caribou  . Ma . ma . for . In . In . Unit 19A, Lime Village N of the Stink River, includir drainage: Residents: Fou OR Any caribou	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna C ust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until ren r human consumption.  bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attac danagement Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouthing the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek ur caribou total: Bulls	Controlled Use Are noved from the fiew caribou. The the dother meat.  Harvest	Mar 1-Mar 31  ea, and Unit 19B, eld or processed July 1-Jun 30 Aug 10-Mar 31
Caribou  . Ma . ma . for . In . In . Unit 19A, Lime Village N of the Stink River, includir drainage: Residents: Fou OR Any caribou	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna Coust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until renor human consumption.  bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attack. Management Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouthing the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek ar caribou total: Bulls	Controlled Use Are noved from the fiew caribou. The the dother meat.  Harvest	Mar 1-Mar 31  ea, and Unit 19B, eld or processed July 1-Jun 30 Aug 10-Mar 31
Caribou  OR One bison by permit.  Market Mar	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna Coust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until renor human consumption.  bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attack danagement Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouthing the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek ur caribou total: Bulls	Controlled Use Are noved from the field caribou. The ched to the meat.  Harvest Harves	Mar 1-Mar 31  ea, and Unit 19B, eld or processed July 1-Jun 30 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 10-Mar 31
Caribou  . Ma . mm . fo . In . In . In . In . Unit 19A, Lime Village N of the Stink River, includir drainage: Residents: Fou OR Any caribou	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna Coust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until renor human consumption.  bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attack an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attack and an agement Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouthing the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek ar caribou total: Bulls  ou  in the Nonresident Closed Area: Residents: Five caribou;	Controlled Use Are noved from the field caribou.  Sched to the meat.  Harvest	Mar 1-Mar 31  ea, and Unit 19B, eld or processed July 1-Jun 30 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 10-Mar 31
Caribou  . Ma . Ma . In	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna Coust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until remain human consumption.  bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attack Management Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouthing the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek ur caribou total: Bulls  ou	Controlled Use Are noved from the field caribou.  Sched to the meat.  Harvest	Mar 1-Mar 31  ea, and Unit 19B, eld or processed July 1-Jun 30 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 1-Apr 15 no open season
Caribou  . Ma . In	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna Coust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until remark human consumption.  bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attack Management Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouthing the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek are caribou total: Bulls  ou	Controlled Use Are noved from the field caribou.  Ched to the meat.  Harvest	Mar 1-Mar 31  ea, and Unit 19B, ald or processed July 1-Jun 30 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 1-Apr 15 no open season Aug 1-Apr 15
Caribou  Market Stink River, including drainage: Residents: Fou OR Any caribou Nonresidents: one caribou Units 19A and 19B with however, no more than one Nonresidents: Market Stink Remainder of Unit 19A may be taken Aug 1 - Nov. Nonresidents: One caribou Nonresidents: One Carib	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna Coust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until remark human consumption.  bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attack Management Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouthing the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek are caribou total: Bulls  ou  in the Nonresident Closed Area: Residents: Five caribou;  e bull may be taken Aug 1 - Nov 30	Controlled Use Are noved from the field use Are noved from the field caribou.  Ched to the meat.  Harvest	Mar 1-Mar 31  ea, and Unit 19B, ald or processed July 1-Jun 30 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 1-Apr 15 no open season Aug 1-Apr 15 Aug 1-Apr 15
Caribou  More bison by permit  More for In  In  Unit 19A, Lime Village N  of the Stink River, includir drainage: Residents: Fou  OR Any caribou  Nonresidents: one carib Units 19A and 19B with however, no more than one Nonresidents: Remainder of Unit 19A  may be taken Aug 1 - Nov  Nonresidents: One cari Unit 19C: One bull	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna Coust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until renor human consumption.  bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attack Management Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouthing the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek are caribou total: Bulls  ou in the Nonresident Closed Area: Residents: Five caribou;  e bull may be taken Aug 1 - Nov 30	Controlled Use Are noved from the field use Are noved from the field caribou.  Ched to the meat.  Harvest	Mar 1-Mar 31  ea, and Unit 19B, eld or processed July 1-Jun 30 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 1-Apr 15 no open season Aug 1-Apr 15 Aug 1-Apr 15 Aug 1-Apr 15 Aug 1-Apr 20
Caribou  . Ma . In	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna Coust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until remark human consumption.  bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attack Management Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouthing the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek are caribou total: Bulls  ou  in the Nonresident Closed Area: Residents: Five caribou;  the bull may be taken Aug 1 - Nov 30	Controlled Use Are noved from the field use Are noved from the field caribou.  The ched to the meat.  Harvest	Mar 1-Mar 31  ea, and Unit 19B, eld or processed July 1-Jun 30 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 1-Apr 15 aug 1-Apr 15 Aug 1-Apr 15 Aug 10-Sept 20 Aug 10-Sept 20
Caribou  . Manual Manua	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna Coust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until remain human consumption.  bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attack danagement Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouthing the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek are caribou total: Bulls  ou	DI352  Controlled Use Are noved from the fiew caribou.  Ched to the meat.  Harvest	Mar 1-Mar 31  ea, and Unit 19B, ald or processed July 1-Jun 30 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 1-Apr 15 no open season Aug 1-Apr 15 Aug 1-Apr 15 Aug 10-Sept 20 Aug 10-Sept 20 Nov 1-Jan 31
Caribou  . Ma  . In  . In  . In  . In  . In  Unit 19A, Lime Village N  of the Stink River, includir drainage: Residents: Fou  OR Any caribou  Nonresidents: one carib  Units 19A and 19B with however, no more than one Nonresidents: Remainder of Unit 19A  may be taken Aug 1 - Nov  Nonresidents: One cari  Unit 19C: One bull  Unit 19D, except the drai  OR One caribou  OR Up to five caribou	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna Coust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until remain rhuman consumption.  bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attack Management Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouthing the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek are caribou total: Bulls  ou  in the Nonresident Closed Area: Residents: Five caribou;  by bull may be taken Aug 1 - Nov 30.  A and 19B: Residents: Five caribou; however, no more than one bull 30.  ibou (Nonresident orientation requirement, below).  unages of the Nixon Fork River: Residents: One bull.	DI352  Controlled Use Are noved from the field caribou.  Ched to the meat.  Harvest	Mar 1-Mar 31  ea, and Unit 19B, eld or processed July 1-Jun 30 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 1-Apr 15 no open season Aug 1-Apr 15 Aug 1-Apr 15 Aug 10-Sept 20 Aug 10-Sept 20 Nov 1-Jan 31 may be announced
Caribou  In  Unit 19A, Lime Village N of the Stink River, includir drainage: Residents: Fou OR Any caribou Nonresidents: one carib Units 19A and 19B with however, no more than one Nonresidents: Remainder of Unit 19A may be taken Aug 1 - Nov Nonresidents: One cari Unit 19C: One bull Unit 19D, except the drai OR One caribou OR Up to five caribou Nonresidents: One bull	eat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna Coust remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until remain human consumption.  bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means male all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attack danagement Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouthing the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek are caribou total: Bulls  ou	DI352  Controlled Use Are noved from the fiew caribou.  Ched to the meat.  Harvest	Mar 1-Mar 31  ea, and Unit 19B, and or processed July 1-Jun 30 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 10-Mar 31 Aug 1-Apr 15 no open season Aug 1-Apr 15 Aug 10-Sept 20 Aug 10-Sept 20 Nov 1-Jan 31 may be announced Aug 10-Sept 20

Orientation Requirement for Nonresident Moose and Caribou Hunters in Unit 19B - A nonresident hunter in Unit 19B must attend a department-approved hunter orientation course or must be accompanied by a registered guide or resident family member within the second-degree of kindred. For further information contact ADF&G at Fairbanks (907) 459-7206 or Anchorage at (907) 267-2137.

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permit/ticket

required\*

- Meat taken prior to October 1 in Unit 19A within the Holitna-Hoholitna Controlled Use Area, and Unit 19B must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or processed for human
- Moose . 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on page 30-31.
  - In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
  - In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

<b>Unit 19A,</b> Lime Village Management Area, that portion drained by the Stony River from the mouth of the Stink River, including the Stink River drainage upstream to, but not including the Can Creek		
drainage: <b>Residents: Two antiered bulls</b> by permit	TM684	Δυσ 10-Sent 25
OR Two antiered bulls by permit		
Remainder of Unit 19A: Residents: One antlered bull by permit available in person in all		
villages within 19A, July 11 - Aug 26	RM640	Sept 1-Sept 20
Nonresidents:		
Unit 19B, within the Nonresident Closed Area: Residents: One antlered bull by permit		'
available in person in all villages within 19A, July 11 - Aug 26	RM640	Sept 1-Sept 20
<b>OR One bull</b> with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 20
Nonresidents:		no open season
Remainder of Unit 19B: Residents: One antlered bull by permit available in person in		·
all villages within 19A, July 11 - Aug 26	RM640	Sept 1-Sept 20
OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-in. antlers or with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 20
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines		
on at least one side. (Nonresident orientation requirement, see page 80)	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 20
Unit 19C: Residents: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more		
brow tines on at least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 20
<b>OR One bull</b> by permit available in person in McGrath and Nikolai beginning Dec 30.		
Aircraft not allowed Jan 1 - Feb 28		
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-in. antlers or with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 20
Unit 19D: Kuskokwim River drainage upstream from the Selatna and Black river drain-		
ages, excluding Takotna River drainage upstream of Takotna village:		
Residents: One antlered bull by permit available in McGrath, Nikolai, Medfra and Takotna		
July 11-Aug 26		
Nonresidents:		no open season
Unit 19D: Takotna River drainage upstream of Takotna village:		
Residents: One antlered bull by permit available in McGrath, Nikolai, Medfra and Takotna		
July 11-Aug 26		
Nonresidents:		no open season
Unit19D that portion between and including Cheeneetnuk and Gagaryah river drainages,		
excluding that portion within 2 miles of the Swift River: Residents: One bull		
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-in antlers or with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side		
Remainder of Unit 19D: Residents: One bull		
Nonresidents:		no open season

### Sheep

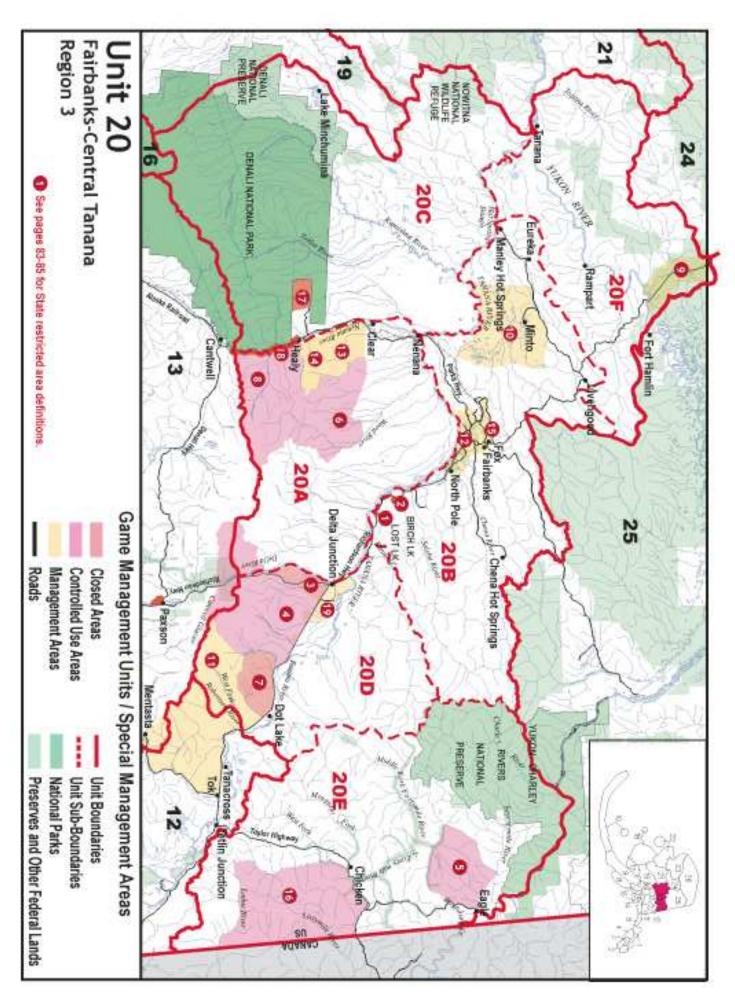
- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10).
- See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28.
- · Horns must accompany meat from the field.
- Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

- Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.
- No nonresident tag required.
- For wolves taken in 19D East report to McGrath (524-3323) within 10 days of the kill.

### Wolverine • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 19: One wolverine Sept 1-Mar 31

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# Unit 20 Fairbanks - Central Tanana

**Unit 20:** the Yukon River drainage upstream from and including the Tozitna River drainage to and including the Hamlin Creek drainage, drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from and including the Charley River drainage, the Ladue River and Fortymile River drainages, and the Tanana River drainage north of Unit 13 and downstream from the east bank of the Robertson River;

**Unit 20A:** that portion of Unit 20 bounded on the south by the Unit 13 boundary, bounded on the east by the west bank of the Delta River, bounded on the north by the north bank of the Tanana River from its confluence with the Delta River downstream to its confluence with the Nenana River, and bounded on the west by the east bank of the Nenana River (Seventeenmile Slough);

Unit 20B: drainages into the north bank of the Tanana River from and including Hot Springs Slough upstream to and including the Banner Creek drainage;

Unit 20C: that portion of Unit 20 bounded on the east by the east bank of the Nenana River and on the north by the north bank of the Tanana River downstream from the Nenana River;

**Unit 20D:** that portion of Unit 20 bounded on the east by the east bank of the Robertson River and on the west by the west bank of the Delta River, and drainages into the north bank of the Tanana River from its confluence with the Robertson River downstream to, but excluding, the Banner Creek drainage;

**Unit 20E:** drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from and including the Charley River drainage and the Ladue River drainage;

Unit 20F: the remainder of Unit 20. See map on page 87 and the following three pages for State restricted areas in Unit 20.

1 Lost Lake (Mile 306.1 Richardson Highway) - the area within 1/2 mile of the lake is closed to the taking of big game with firearms and crossbows.

2 Birch Lake (Mile 306 Richardson Highway) & Harding Lake (MP 319 Richardson Highway)- the area within 1/2 mile of these lakes is closed to taking big game.

3 Delta Junction Management Area - Unit 20D bounded by a line beginning at the confluence of Donnelly Creek and the Delta River, then up Donnelly Creek to Richardson Highway (MP 238), then north along the east side of the highway to the "12-mile crossing trail" (Mile 252.4) then east along the south side of the "12-mile crossing trail" and across Jarvis Creek to the 33-mile loop road, then northeast along the 33-mile loop road to the intersection with the Alaska Highway (MP 1414), then southeast along the north side of the Alaska Highway to the bridge at Sawmill Creek (MP 1403.9), then down the west bank of Sawmill Creek to its confluence with Clearwater Creek and down the south bank of Clearwater Creek to its confluence with the Tanana River, then down the Tanana River to its confluence with the Delta River, and upstream along the east bank of the Delta River to the point of beginning at Donelly Creek, the area is open to moose hunting by permit only.

4 Delta Controlled Use Area - beginning at the confluence of Miller Creek and the Delta River then west to Vertical Angle Bench mark (VABM) Miller, then west to include all drainages of Augustana Creek and Black Rapids Glacier, then north and east to include all drainages of McGinnis Creek to its confluence with the Delta River, then east in a straight line across the Delta River to the east bank of the Delta River, then north along the east bank to a point opposite the intersection of the Alaska and Richardson Highways then east in a straight line to the intersection of the Alaska and Richardson Highways, then east along the Alaska Highway, to the west bank of the Johnson River, then south along the west bank of the Johnson River and Johnson Glacier to the head of the Canwell Glacier, then west along the north bank of the Canwell Glacier, and Miller Creek to the Delta River. The area is closed to any motorized vehicle or pack animal for big game hunting, including the transportation of big game hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of big game, Aug 5-25. However, this does not prohibit motorized access to the area for hunting, or transportation of game on the Richardson Highway, or the use of aircraft at the Charlie Boyd airstrip (63°29'30" N.lat., 144°50'45" W. long.) along the Johnson River.

**5** Glacier Mountain Controlled Use Area - Unit 20E bounded by a line beginning at mile 140 of the Taylor Hwy, then north along the highway to Eagle, then west along the cat trail from Eagle to Crooked

Creek, then from Crooked Creek southwest along the west bank of Mogul Creek to its headwaters on North Peak, then west across North Peak to the headwaters of Independence Creek, then southwest along the west bank of Independence Creek to its confluence with the North Fork of the Fortymile River, then easterly along the south bank of the North Fork of the Fortymile River to its confluence with Champion Creek, then across the North Fork of the Fortymile River to the south bank of Champion Creek and easterly along the south bank of Champion Creek to its confluence with Little Champion Creek, then northeast along the east bank of Little Champion Creek to its headwaters, then northeasterly in a direct line to mile 140 on the Taylor Highway. The area is closed to any motorized vehicle for hunting, including transportation of hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of game, from Aug 5-Sept 20. However, this does not prohibit motorized access via, or transportation of game on, the Taylor Highway.

6 Wood River Controlled Use Area Unit 20A bounded on the north by the south side of the Rex Trail beginning at its intersection with the east bank of the Totatlanika River, then easterly along the Rex Trail to Gold King airstrip, then from Gold King airstrip along the trail's extension along the north side of Japan Hills to the Wood River; bounded on the east by the east bank of the Wood River, including the Wood River drainage upstream from and including the Snow Mountain Gulch Creek drainage; bounded on the south by the divide separating the Yanert River drainage from the drainages of the Healy Creek, Moody Creek, Montana Creek, and the Wood River; and bounded on the west by the east bank of the Nenana River from the divide separating the drainage of the Yanert River and Montana Creek north to Healy Creek, then easterly along the south bank of Healy Creek to the north fork of Healy Creek, then along the north fork of Healy Creek to its headwaters, then along a straight line to the headwaters of Dexter Creek, then along the east bank of Dexter Creek to the Totatlanika River, and then down the east bank of the Totatlanika River to the Rex Trail. The area is closed to the use of any motorized vehicle, except aircraft for big game hunting including the transportation of any big game hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of big game, Aug 1-Sept 30; however, this does not prohibit motorized access via, or transportation of game on, the Parks Highway.

Macomb Plateau Controlled Use Area Unit 20D, south of the Alaska Highway, draining into the south side of the Tanana River between the east bank of the Johnson River upstream to Prospect Creek, and the east bank of Bear Creek (Mile 1357.3). The area is closed to any motorized vehicle for hunting including the transportation of hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of game, from August 10-Sept 30 except for a floatplane on Fish Lake, and motorized

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vehicles, including aircraft, to, from, and on the Dry Creek Airstrip at Mile 1379 Alaska Highway.

**8** Yanert Controlled Use Area - Unit 20A drained by the Nenana River upstream from and including the Yanert Fork drainage. The area is closed to any motorized vehicle, except aircraft, for big game hunting, including transportation of big game hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of big game. However, this does not prohibit motorized access via, and transportation of game on, the Parks Highway.

9 Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area (DHCMA) - Units 20, 24, 25, and 26 extending five miles from each side of the Dalton Highway, including the driveable surface of the Dalton Highway, from the Yukon River to the Arctic Ocean, and including the Prudhoe Bay Closed Area. The area within the Prudhoe Bay Closed Area is closed to the taking of big game; the remainder of the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area is closed to hunting; however, big game, small game, and fur animals may be taken in the area by bow and arrow only. Aircraft and boats may be used to transport hunters, their gear, or parts of game within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area. A snowmachine may be used to transport hunters, their hunting gear, or parts of game across the management area from land outside the management area to access land on the other side of the management area. No motorized land vehicle may be used to transport hunters, their hunting gear, or parts of game, within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area, EXCEPT licensed highway vehicles may be used on the following designated roads: 1) Dalton Highway; 2) Bettles Winter Trail during periods when BLM and the City of Bettles announce that the trail is open to winter travel; 3) Galbraith Lake road from the Dalton Highway to the BLM campground at Galbraith Lake, including the gravel pit access road when the gate is open; 4) Toolik Lake Road, excluding the driveway to the Toolik Lake Research Facility; 5) The Sagavanirktok River access road two miles north of Pump Station 2; 6) any constructed roadway or gravel pit within 1/4 mile of the Dalton Highway. Any hunter traveling on the Dalton Highway must stop at any check station operated by the department within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area.

Minto Flats Management Area - Unit 20B bounded by the Elliott Highway beginning at Mile 118, then northeasterly to mile 96, then east to the Tolovana Hotsprings Dome, then east to the Winter Cat Trail, then along the Cat Trail south to the Old Telegraph Trail at Dunbar, then westerly along the trail to a point where it joins the Tanana River three miles upstream from Old Minto, then along the north bank of the Tanana River (including all channels and sloughs except Swan Neck Slough\*), to the confluence of the Tanana and Tolovana Rivers and then northerly to the point of beginning. (\*Note: The area between Swan Neck Slough and the Tanana River is within the Minto Flats Management Area.) Aircraft or airboats may not be used for moose hunting or to transport moose, moose hunters or moose hunting equipment within the Management Area.

13C and 20D) bounded by a line along the Alaska Highway east from the west side of the Johnson River bridge to Tok Junction, then south along the Tok-Slana cutoff (Glenn Highway) to the Slana River, then west along the north bank of the Slana River to its confluence with Lost Creek, then up the north side of Lost Creek to the divide between Lost Creek and Jack Creek, then north to the Unit 12 boundary then west along the Unit 12 boundary to Mount Kimball (63°17' N.lat., 144°40' W.long.), then west in a straight line to Mount Gakona (63°17' N.lat., 145°12' W.long.), then southwesterly to the head of Canwell Glacier, then northerly to the head of the Johnson Glacier, then northerly along the west bank of the Johnson Glacier and Johnson River to the Johnson River bridge; the area is open to sheep hunting by permit only.

Fairbanks Management Area - that portion of Unit 20B bounded by a line from the confluence of Rosie Creek and the Tanana River, northerly along Rosie Creek to the middle fork of Rosie Creek through section 26 to the Parks Highway, then east along the Parks Highway to Alder Creek, then upstream along Alder Creek to its confluence with Emma Creek, then upstream along Emma Creek to its headwaters, then northerly along the hydrographic divide between Goldstream Creek drainages and Cripple Creek drainages to the summit of Ester Dome, then down Sheep Creek to its confluence with Goldstream Creek, then easterly along Goldstream Creek to Sheep Creek Road, then north on Sheep Creek Road to Murphy Dome Road, then west on Murphy Dome Road to Old Murphy Dome Road, then east on Old Murphy Dome Road to the Elliot Highway, then south on the Elliot Highway to Davidson Ditch, then southeasterly along the Davidson Ditch to its confluence with the tributary to Goldstream Creek in Section 29, then downstream along the tributary to its confluence with Goldstream Creek, then in a straight line to First Chance Creek, then up First Chance Creek to the summit of Tungsten Hill, then southerly along Steele Creek to its intersection with the Trans-Alaska Pipeline right-of-way, then southeasterly along the easterly edge of the Trans-Alaska Pipeline right-of-way to the Chena River, then along the north bank of the Chena River to the Moose Creek dike, then southerly along the Moose Creek dike to its intersection with the Tanana River, and then westerly along the north bank of the Tanana River to the point of beginning. The area is open to moose hunting by bow and arrow. Ferry Trail Management Area - Unit 20A bounded on the north by

the Rex Trail; bounded on the west by the east bank of the Nenana River from its intersection with the Rex Trail south to the divide forming the north boundary of the Lignite Creek drainage; bounded on the south by that divide easterly and southerly to the headwaters of Sanderson Creek at Usibelli Peak, then along a southwesterly line to the confluence of Healy Creek and Coal Creek, then upstream easterly along the south bank of Healy Creek to the north fork of Healy Creek, then along the north fork of Healy Creek to its headwaters; bounded on the east by a straight line from the headwaters of Healy Creek to the headwaters of Dexter Creek, then along Dexter Creek to the Totatlanika River, then down the east bank of the Totatlanika River to the Rex Trail. Open to caribou hunting by permit only.

Healy-Lignite Management Area - Unit 20A that includes the entire Lignite Creek drainage, and that portion of the Nenana River drainage south of the Lignite Creek drainage and north of a boundary beginning at the confluence of the Nenana River and Healy Creek, then easterly along the south bank of Healy Creek to its confluence with Coal Creek, then northeasterly to the headwaters of Sanderson Creek at Usibelli Peak. Open to hunting by bow and arrow only.

(5) Creamer's Field Migratory Waterfowl Refuge - In this portion of Unit 20B hunting and trapping are allowed by registration only. The department may use its discretionary authority to implement the management plan for the refuge. Weapons restrictions apply.

by the east bank of the Dennison Fork of the Fortymile River from the Boundary Cutoff of the Taylor Highway to the confluence with the unnamed creek that drains north from Son Mountain, then south along the east bank of this creek to the top of Son Mountain; on the south by a straight line east from the top of Son Mountain to the north bank of the Ladue River, then along the north bank of the Ladue River to the Alaska-Canada border; on the east by the Alaska-Canada border; and on the north by the Boundary Cutoff of the Taylor Highway; the area is closed to the use of any motorized land vehicle for hunting, including the transportation of hunters, their hunting gear, and/or parts of game, Aug 24-Sept 30. However, this does not prohibit motorized access or transportation of game on the Nine Mile and Liberty Creek trails, Alaska-Canada border, the Boundary Cutoff of the Taylor

Highway, or other trails designated by the department.

17 Stampede Closed Area - Unit 20C, west of Savage River bounded by Denali National Park is closed to the taking of wolves.

18 Nenana Canyon Closed Area - Units 20A and 20C: those portions bounded by a line beginning at the intersection of the Units 20A and 13E boundary and a point exactly one mile east of the George Parks Highway, then southwest along the Units 20A and 13E boundary to the boundary of Denali National Park and Preserve, then north along the boundary of Denali National Park and Preserve to its intersection with the west bank of the Nenana River at Moody Bridge (MP242.9), then across the Moody Bridge to the Unit 20A boundary, then north along the boundary of Unit 20A to a point exactly one mile east of the George Parks Highway, then south on a line paralleling the George Parks Highway at a distance of one mile, to the point of beginning, is closed to the taking of wolves.

19 Bison Range Youth Hunt Management Area - the area consists of 2 field complexes within the Delta Junction Bison Range in Unit 20D as follows: (i) the Panoramic Field hunting area is located 3/4 mile

south of the Alaska Highway between Milepost 1404.0 and 1407.6, and bounded by a line beginning at the northeast corner (latitude/longitude 63°53.299"/145°14.714"), then northwest 3.5 miles to 63°54.956"/145° 20.767", then southwest 2.4 miles to 63° 53.206"/145°23.232", then southeast 1.5 miles to 63° 52.537"/145° 20.758", then northeast 1.0 mile to  $63^{\circ} 53.301"/145^{\circ}19.659"$ , then southeast 2.0 miles to  $63^{\circ}$ 52.330"/145°16.075", then northeast 1.0 miles to the beginning point; and (ii) the Gerstle Field hunting area is located 3/4 mile south of the Alaska Highway between MP1394.1 and 1396.8, and bounded by a line beginning at the northeast corner (latitude/longitude 63°48.984"/ 144°57.766"), then northwest 2.9 miles to 63°50.242"/145°02.874", then southwest 1.1 miles to 63°49.102"/145°04.197", then southeast 2.3 miles to 63°48.239"/145°00.339", then northeast 1.6 miles to the beginning point. The area is open to moose hunting by permit only and is closed to motorized vehicles for hunting July 1-Sept 30, including the transportation of hunters, their hunting gear or parts of game, in the management area.

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Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. required\* open season

### Black Bear

- See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.
- Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.

Unit 20: Three bears \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ no closed season

### Brown/Grizzly Bear · Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.

- See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information.
- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide.
- No resident tag required in Unit 20D and 20E outside of the Yukon-Charley Rivers National Preserve.
- Bears taken in Unit 20E must be sealed in Unit 20E or Tok.

Unit 20A: One bear every regulatory year	Sept 5-May 31
Unit 20D: One bear every regulatory year	
Unit 20E: Two bears every regulatory year	_
Units 20B, 20C and 20F: One bear every regulatory year	

### **Bison**

### Caribou

• In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou.

- Fortymile herd information 267-2310.
- In hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to meat.

In name timica to one sex, exactice of sex must remain naturally attached	i io meui.	
Unit 20A: One bull by permit	DC827	Aug 10-Sept 20
Unit 20B, south and east of the Steese Highway (Fortymile herd):		
Residents: One caribou by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> , or in person in Tok,		
Delta Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks, Central, Douglas, Anchorage, and Palmer beginning Aug 2	RC860	Aug 10-Sept 30
OR One caribou by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Tok, Delta		
Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks and Central beginning Nov 16	RC867	Dec 1-Feb 28
Nonresidents: One bull by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Tok,		
Delta Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks, Central, Douglas, Anchorage, and Palmer beginning Aug 2	RC860	Aug 10-Sept 20
Unit 20B, north and west of the Steese Hwy, north and east of the Elliott Hwy to its inter-		
section with the Dalton Hwy, and east of the Dalton Hwy (White Mtn herd): One bull	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20
<b>OR One caribou</b> by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Fairbanks and		
Central beginning Nov 16	RC879	Dec 1-Mar 31
Remainder of Unit 20B: One bull		
Unit 20C		no open season
<b>Unit 20D,</b> north of the south bank of the Tanana River (Fortymile herd):		
<b>Residents:</b> One caribou by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Tok,		
Delta Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks, Central, Douglas, Anchorage, and Palmer beginning Aug 2		Aug 10-Sept 30
<b>OR One caribou</b> by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Tok, Delta Junction,		
Eagle, Fairbanks, and Central beginning Nov 16	RC867	Dec 1-Feb 28

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Caribou continued			
Delta Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks, Central	lable online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Tok, , Douglas, Anchorage, and Palmer beginning Aug 2	RC860	Aug 10-Sept 20
online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in <u>l</u>	comb herd): <b>Residents: One bull</b> by permit available Delta Junction, Tok, and Fairbanks beginning Aug 2		
Unit 20E (Fortymile herd): Residents: (hunt.alaska.gov or in person in Tok, Delta	One caribou by permit available online at Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks, Central, Douglas,		·
OR One caribou by permit available only	ine at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Tok, Delta		
Nonresidents: One bull by permit avai	beginning Nov 16lable online Nov 16lable online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Tok, , Douglas, Anchorage, and Palmer beginning Aug 2		
Unit 20F, east of the Dalton Highway an	d south of the Yukon River (White Mtn herd):		
Central beginning Nov 16	ine at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Fairbanks and		
Unit 20F, north of the Yukon River: Resi	d south of the Yukon River: One bulldents*: One caribou	Harvest	Aug 10-Mar 31
*If you live north of the Yukon River and must register with ADF&G or an author	hunt caribou in that area, you do not need caribou har rized representative within the area.	vest tickets/repor	ts but you

Moose

- Spike-fork, 50-inch antlers, and brow tines defined on page 30-31.
- In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 20A, the Ferry Trail Management Area, Wood River Controlled Use Area, Healy-Lignite		
Management Area and the Yanert Controlled Use Area: <b>Residents: One bull</b> with spike-fork		
or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 25
<b>OR One antlerless moose</b> by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in		
Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Anchorage, and Soldotna beginning Aug 17	RM764	Sept 1-Dec 10
<b>OR One bull</b> with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		·
least one side by muzzleloader only by permit	.DM766	Nov 1-Nov 30
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 25
<b>OR One bull</b> with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side		
by muzzleloader only by permit	MDM766	Nov 1-Nov 30
Remainder of Unit 20A: Residents: One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers		
with 3 or more brow tines on at least one side.	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 25
OR One antlerless moose by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person		
in Fairbanks, Delta Junction, Tok, Anchorage, and Soldotna beginning Aug 17	RM764	Sept 1-Dec 10
<b>Nonresidents:</b> One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 25
Unit 20B, Fairbanks Management Area:		
One bull with spike-fork or greater antlers by bow and arrow only	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 30
OR		
OR One antlerless moose by bow and arrow only by permit. However, no person may take a		
calf or cow accompanied by a calf	DM788	Sept 1-Sept 30
OR by permit	DM788	Nov 21-Nov 27
OR Unit 20B, Creamer's Field Migratory Waterfowl Refuge: One antlerless moose		
by muzzleloading rifle only by permit. However, no person may take a calf or cow		
accompanied by a calf	DM789	Nov 21-Nov 27
Unit 20B, Minto Flats Management Area: Residents: One moose by limited permit		
available in person in Minto and Nenana on Aug 16 and Jan 4. One permit per household	RM775	Sept 1-Sept 25
OR		
OR One bull with spike-fork or 50-inch antlers, or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side	Harvest	Sept 11-Sept 25
Nonresidents:		no open season

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Moose continued			
Unit 20B, the drainage of the Middle (East)	Fork of the Chena River and the Salcha		
	Goose Creek: One bull	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 20
	e bull		
Unit 20C: Residents: One bull; however,	white-phased or partial albino (more than 50		
percent white) moose may not be taken		Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 20
Nonresidents: One bull; however, white-p	hased or partial albino (more than 50		
		Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 15
Unit 20D, south of the north bank of the Tar	nana River and east of the west bank of		
the Johnson River, except that portion within	the Robertson River drainage south of the		
confluence of east and west forks, and within	1 mile west of the west fork:		
Residents: One bull		Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
Nonresidents:			no open season
Unit 20D, within the Robertson River drains			
	Residents: One bull	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antle	ers, or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side		Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 15
Unit 20D, south of the north bank of the Tar	nana River and west of the west bank of the		
Johnson River, except the Delta Junction Man	nagement Area and the Bison Range Youth Hunt		
	ith spike-fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with		
		Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antle			
least one side		Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 15
Unit 20D, within the Bison Range Youth Hu			
fork or 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or m			
	······································	DM792	Sept 1-Sept 30
Unit 20D, within the Delta Junction Manage			
	inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines		
		DM790	Sept 1-Sept 15
	ers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side by permit		DM790	Sept 5-Sept 15
<b>Unit 20D,</b> within the Healy River drainage:			
		Harvest	Aug 15-Aug 28
00.0			Sept 1-Sept 15
Nonresidents: One bull			
Unit 20E, draining into the Middle Fork of t			
	nts: One bull	Harvest	Aug 24-Aug 28
	ers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
		Harvest	Sept 8-Sept 17
	bull by permit available in person in Tok, Delta		seles a seles
	ig 17; may not possess RC860 at same time as RM865	RM865	Aug 24-Aug 28
	g 17, may not possess freedow at same time as finaless.		
	Controlled Use Area		
* *	ers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one		
	elta Junction, Eagle and Fairbanks beginning Aug 17;		
• •	65	RM865	Sept 8-Sept 17
	stream from but not including the Hess Creek		11pt 0 30pt 17
	inage: Residents: One bull	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 20
	mage. Residents. One but		
	idents: One bull		
	dents. One but		
	bull		
	but		
	- Pagistration "T" - Tier II "D" - Drawing Special		

\*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

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### Sheep

- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10).
- See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28.
- · Horns must accompany meat from the field.
- · Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 20, within the Tok Management Area:		
One ram with full curl horn or larger every four regulatory years by permit	DS102	Aug 10-Sept 20
Unit 20, within the Delta Controlled Use Area:		
One ram with full curl horn or larger by permit	DS203/204	Aug 10-Sept 20
Unit 20D north of the Alaska Highway and that portion of Unit 20E encompassing		
Mt. Harper south of Joseph Creek and the headwaters of the Charley River:		
One ram with full curl horn or larger by permit	DS206	Aug 10-Sept 20
Remainder of Unit 20: One ram with full curl horn or larger	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20

Wolf No nonresident tag required.
Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 20: Five wolves Aug 10-Apr 30

Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 20: One wolverine Sept 1-Mar 31

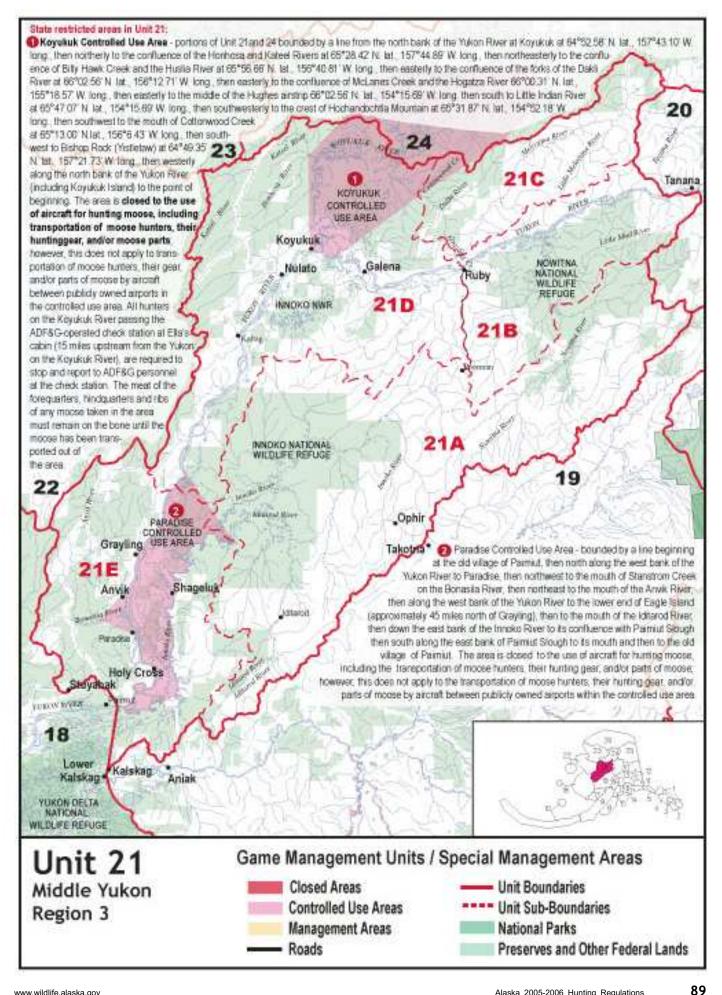
\*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.



Travis B. Smith, 14, harvested this bison in November 2004 near Delta Junction, Alaska. The bison, part of the Delta herd, was over 10 feet long with tail, and weighed about 1200 pounds.



Mary LeFebvre with a forked horn bull taken in Fall 2003 during the archery season on the Kenai Peninsula.



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## Unit 21 Middle Yukon

Unit 21: Middle Yukon drainages into the Yukon River upstream from Paimiut to but not including the Tozitna River drainage on the north bank, and to but not including the Tanana River drainage on the south bank, and excluding the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from the Dulbi River drainage;

Unit 21A: the Innoko River drainage upstream from and including the Iditarod River drainage, and the Nowitna River drainage upstream from the Little Mud River;

Unit 21B: the Yukon River drainage upstream from Ruby and east of the Ruby-Poorman Road, downstream from and excluding the Tozitna River and Tanana River drainages, and excluding the Nowitna River drainage upstream from the Little Mud River, and excluding the Melozitna River drainage upstream from Grayling Creek;

Unit 21C: the Melozitna River drainage upstream from Grayling Creek, and the Dulbi River drainage upstream from and including the Cottonwood Creek drainage;

Unit 21D: the Yukon River drainage from and including the Blackburn Creek drainage upstream to Ruby, including the area west of the Ruby-Poorman Road, excluding the Koyukuk River drainage upstream from the Dulbi River drainage, and excluding the Dulbi River drainage upstream from Cottonwood Creek;

Unit 21E: the Yukon River drainage from Paimiut upstream to but not including the Blackburn Creek drainage, and the Innoko River drainage

downstream from the Iditarod River drainage. See map on page 89 for State restricted areas in Unit 21. Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. open season required\* Black Bear • See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. Unit 21: Three bears no closed season • See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Brown/Grizzly Bear · No resident tag required in 21D. • Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. In addition to other regulations, subsistence regulations also apply to the hunt below: (see special requirements on page 25) Unit 21D: Residents ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by • Meat taken in Unit 21A prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption. • In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou.

• In hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to meat.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Unit 21A: One bull	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20
Unit 21B, north of the Yukon River and downstream from Ukawutni Creek:		no open season
Remainder of Unit 21B: One caribou	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 30
Unit 21C, Dulbi River drainage and Melozitna River drainage downstream from Big Creek		
Remainder of Unit 21C: One caribou	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 30
Unit 21D, north of the Yukon River and east of the Koyukuk River:		
Residents*: Two caribou may be taken during winter season		
Nonresidents:		
Remainder of Unit 21D: Residents*: Five caribou per day: Bulls		
Cows		
Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Bulls		
Cows	Harvest	July 1-May 15
Unit 21E: One caribou		
AND Two additional caribou may be taken during winter season	Harvest	to be announced

\*If you live north of the Yukon River and hunt caribou in that area, you do not need caribou harvest tickets/reports but you must register with ADF&G or an authorized representative within the area.

### Moose

- 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.
- Meat taken in Unit 21 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
- In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

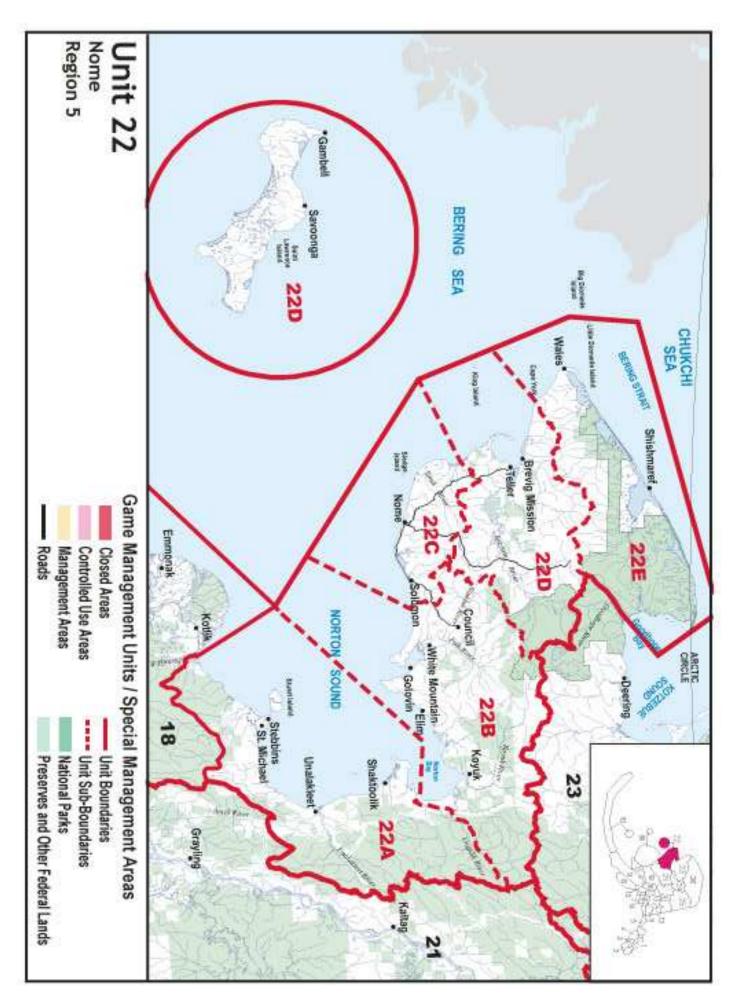
Unit 21A, within the Nowitna River drainage: Residents: One antlered bull	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 25
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 20
Remainder of Unit 21A: Residents: One antlered bull	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 25

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Moose continued			
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers of	r antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
		Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 25
Jnit 21B: Residents: One bull by permit, avai			
icense vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&			
			Sept 5-Sept 25
* *			
		/DM808	Sept 5-Sept 25
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or			
		/DM808	Sept 5-Sept 20
Jnit 21C, the Dulbi River drainage: Residents:			
nunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors in		D1102.4	C E C 2 E
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or		DIMO 1 Z	sept 5-sept 25
	antiers with 4 or more brow tines on at	DM812	Sont 5-Sont 25
	l		
lonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers of		Hai vest	зерт э-зерт 2.
	uniters with 4 or more brow lines on at	Harvest	Sent 5-Sent 25
Jnit 21D, within the Koyukuk River drainage wo		Hai vest	зерт э-зерт 2.
	at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person at license vendors		
	beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed	BW834	Sent 5-Sent 25
	Deginning Aug 20. Trophy value will be destroyed		
* *			
	r antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one	1 101 7 0 5 0	Dec 1 Dec 10
		DM820	Sept 5-Sept 25
<b>Jnit 21D,</b> that portion north of the Yukon River a		5711020	<i>э</i> срс <i>э</i> эсрс 23
	at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person at license vendors		
	beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed		Sept 5-Sept 25
* *			
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or			
east one side by permit		DM815	Sept 5-Sept 25
Jnit 21D, that portion within the Koyukuk Contr	colled Use Area:		
Residents: One bull by permit, available at Ella	a's Cabin Check-station, Huslia or Hughes		
	value will be destroyed		
OR One bull by permit		DM828/830	Sept 5-Sept 25
		Harvest	Dec 1-Dec 10
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or			
one side by permit			
		DM827/829	Sept 5-Sept 25
	I		
		Harvest	Dec 1-Dec 10
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or			
		Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 25
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or			6
on at least one side		Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 25
Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 day	or of the bill		
Jnit 21: Five wolves			Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine	111 20 1 61 111		
Wolverine · Hides must be sealed w	oithin 30 days of the kill.		
Init 21: One wolvering			Sept 1-Mar 31

<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

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# Unit 22 Seward Peninsula and Southern Norton Sound

**Unit 22:** the Seward Peninsula and adjacent mainland drained by all streams flowing into Norton Sound: Unit 22 consists of Bering Sea, Norton Sound, Bering Strait, Chukchi Sea, and Kotzebue Sound drainages from, but excluding, the Pastolik River drainage in southern Norton Sound to, but not including, the Goodhope River drainage in southern Kotzebue Sound and all adjacent islands in the Bering Sea between the mouths of the Goodhope and Pastolik rivers:

Unit 22A: Norton Sound drainages from, but excluding, the Pastolik River drainage to, and including, the Ungalik River drainage, and Stuart and Besboro islands;

Unit 22B: Norton Sound drainages from, but excluding, the Ungalik River drainage to, and including, the Topkok Creek drainage;

**Unit 22C:** Norton Sound and Bering Sea drainages from, but excluding, the Topkok Creek drainage to, and including, the Tisuk River drainage, and King and Sledge islands;

Unit 22D: that portion of Unit 22 draining into the Bering Sea north of but not including the Tisuk River to and including Cape York, and St. Lawrence Island:

Unit 22E: Bering Sea, Bering Strait, Chukchi Sea, and Kotzebue Sound drainages from Cape York to, but excluding, the Goodhope River drainage, and including Little Diomede Island and Fairway Rock. No state restricted areas in Unit 22.

Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. required\* open season Black Bear · See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements. Unit 22: Three bears \_\_\_\_\_\_\_no closed season • See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information. Brown/Grizzly Bear · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide. · No resident tag required. • Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide. In addition the following subsistence regulations apply in Unit 22, (See requirements on page 25) Unit 22 (except 22C) Residents ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by permit available in **Unit 22C: Residents: One bear** *every regulatory year by permit available in* • In areas indicated by a Federal restrictions exist. See page 8. Caribou · In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou. • In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat. Cows Harvest July 1-May 15 Unit 22D, that portion in the Kougarok, Kuzitrin, Pilgrim, American, and Agiapuk River Unit 22E, that portion east of and including the Sanaguich River drainage: Nonresidents: Five caribou total ....... may be announced

### requir

### Moose

- In areas indicated by a Federal restrictions exist. See page 8.
- 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.
- In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 22A, that portion north of and including the Tagoomenik and Shaktoolik River		
drainages: Residents: One bull	Harvest	Aug 1-Sept 30
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		5 . 4 5 . 4 4
least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 14
Unit 22A, that portion in the Unalakleet River drainage and all drainages flowing into		
Norton Sound north of the Golsovia River drainage and south of the Tagoomenik and		45.6 + 25
Shaktoolik river drainages: <b>Residents: One bull</b>		
Nonresidents:		· ·
Remainder of Unit 22A: Residents: One bull		
OR One antiered bull	Harvest	Dec 1-Dec 31
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		5 . 4 5 20
least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 30
Unit 22B, that portion east of the Darby Mountains, including the drainages of the		
Kwiniuk, Tubutulik, Koyuk, and Inglutalik rivers: Residents: One bull		
OR One antiered bull	Harvest	Nov 1-Dec 31
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side	Harvest	Nov 1-Dec 31
Remainder of Unit 22B: Residents: One bull by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u>		
or in person in Nome or at license vendors in Teller, White Mountain, and Golovin beginning Aug 1.		
Season will be closed by emergency order when 23 bulls are taken.		Sept 1-Sept 14
<b>OR</b> One antlered bull by permit available in person at ADF&G in Nome or at license vendors in		
Teller, White Mountain, and Golovin beginning Dec 1		
Nonresidents:		no open season
<b>Unit 22C: Residents: One bull</b> by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person at		
ADF&G in Nome beginning Aug 1 at 9 a.m. Season closed by emergency order when 40 bulls taken		
OR One antlerless moose by permit up to 5 permits available in Nome on July 14 at 9 a.m	RM850	Sept 15-Sept 30
<b>OR</b> by permit; up to 15 permits available in person in Nome on July 14 at 9 a.m: permits issued		
first-come first-served, one permit per household	RM852	Sept 15-Sept 30
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Nome beginning Aug 1	RM840	Sept 1-Sept 14
Unit 22D, that portion within the Kougarok, Kuzitrin, and Pilgrim River drainages:		
<b>Residents:</b> One bull by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person at ADF&G in Nome		
or at license vendors in Teller, White Mountain, and Golovin beginning Aug 1. Season will be closed by		
emergency order when 33 bulls are taken	RM840	Sept 1-Sept 14
OR One antlered bull, season may be announced Jan 1-Jan 31 by permit available in person at		
ADF&G in Nome or at license vendors in Teller, White Mountain, and Golovin beginning Dec 1	RM849	may be announced
Nonresidents:		no open season
Unit 22D, Southwest, that portion west of the Tisuk River drainage, west of the west bank of the		
unnamed creek originating at the unit boundary opposite the headwaters of McAdam's Creek to		
its confluence with Canyon Creek, and west of the west bank of Canyon Creek to its confluence		
with Tuksuk Channel: <b>Residents: One bull</b> by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or		
in person at ADF&G in Nome or at license vendors in Teller, White Mountain and Golovin		
beginning Aug 1. Season closed by emergency order when 8 bulls are taken	RM840	Sept 1-Sept 14
<b>OR One antlered bull</b> , season may be announced Jan 1-Jan 31 by permit, available ADF&G		
office in Nome or at license vendors in Teller, White Mountain, and Golovin beginning Dec 1	RM849	may be announced
Nonresidents:		-
Remainder of Unit 22D: Residents: One bull		
OR One bull		
OR One moose, however no person may take a calf or a cow accompanied by a calf		
OR One antiered bull		
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least		
one side by permit; 6 permits available at Nome ADF&G beginning July 1, 9 a.m	RM842	Sept 1-Sept 14
Unit 22E: Residents: One bull		
Nonresidents:		_
*Hunt numbers starting with an " $R$ " = Registration " $T$ " = Tier II " $D$ " = Drawing Special		

\*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

Muskox

- No open muskox hunting season for nonresidents.
- In areas indicated by a 🗘 Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- Aircraft may NOT be used to transport muskox hunters, muskox, or muskox hunting gear in Tier II hunts.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.
- Tag fee waived for Tier II hunting. Tier II muskox tag required.

Unit 22A:		no open season
Unit 22B, within the Fox River drainage upstream of the Fox River bridge, and within one mi of the Fox River bridge, and within one mile of the Council Road east of the Fox River bridge Residents: One bull by permit.	e:	Nov 1-Mar 15
Remainder of Unit 22B: Residents: One bull by permit		
Unit 22C, west of the west bank of the Bonanza River, north of the north bank of Bonanza Cl		Aug 1 Mai 13
and Safety Sound, east of the east bank of the flowage connecting Safety Sound with the conflu		
of the Eldorado and Flambeau rivers, and east of and including the Eldorado River drainage:	ichice	
Residents: One bull by permit	TY100	Aug 1-Sept 30
Unit 22C, west of the west bank of the Sinuk River:	17100	Aug 1 Jept 30
Residents: One bull by permit	TY101	Feb 1-Mar 15
Nonresidents:		
Remainder of Unit 22C:		•
Unit 22D Southwest, west of the Tisuk River drainage, west of the west bank of the unnamed		no open season
originating at the unit boundary opposite the headwaters of McAdam's Creek to its confluence		
Canyon Creek, and west of the west bank of Canyon Creek to its confluence with Tuksuk Chan		
Residents: One bull by permit		Sont 1-Mar 15
OR One muskox by permit		•
Unit 22D, the Pilgrim River drainage: Residents: One bull by permit		
OR One muskox by permit		
Remainder of Unit 22D: Residents: One bull by permit		
OR One muskox by permit		
Unit 22E: Residents: One bull by permit		
OR One muskox by permit		
OR One bull 4 years old or older by permit	DX098	Feb 1-Mar 15
Wolf · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.		
Unit 22: Five wolves		Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.		
Unit 22: One wolverine		Sept 1-Mar 31

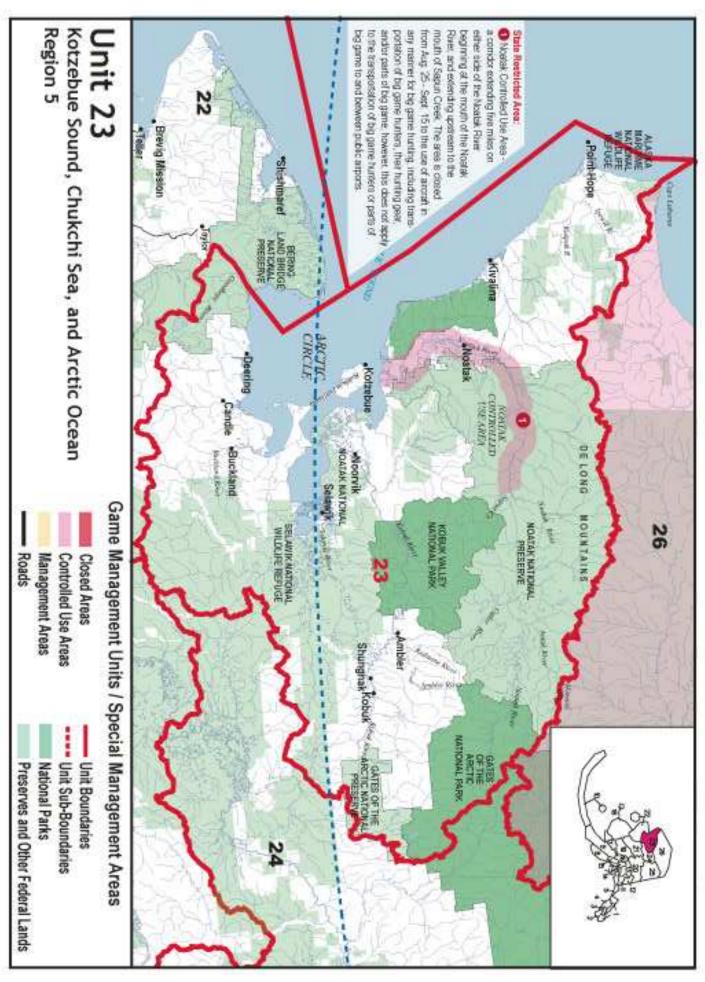
<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.



After about 45 minutes of calling, Mike Harrington of Eagle River took this 53" bull moose in Unit 13 during the fall of 2002.

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# Unit 23 Kotzebue

Unit 23: Kotzebue Sound, Chukchi Sea, and Arctic Ocean drainages from and including the Goodhope River drainage to Cape Lisburne. See map on page 96 for State restricted areas in Unit 23.

Hunts are open to both residents permit/ticket species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. open season required\*

### **Black Bear** • See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.

Unit 23: Three bears no closed season

# Brown/Grizzly Bear : No resident tag required. No resident hunters must be accompanied by a guide.

- See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information.
- Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.

Unit 23: Residents: One bear every regulatory year		Aug 1-May 31
Nonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit		
OR by permit		•
In addition to the above regulations, subsistence regulations also apply in all drainages in Unit 23		
except for the Baldwin Peninsula north of the Arctic Circle (see special requirements on p. 25)		
Residents ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by permit available in Barrow, Bethel,		
Kotzebue, Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	RB700	Aug 1-May 31

### Caribou

- In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou.
- Meat taken in Unit 23 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 23: Residents*: Five caribou per day: Bulls	Harvest	no closed season
Cows		
Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Bulls		
Cows	Harvest	July 1-May 15

\*If you live north of the Yukon River and hunt caribou in that area, you do not need caribou harvest tickets/reports, but you must register with ADF&G or an authorized representative within the area.

• 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.

- In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
- Moose Meat taken in Unit 23 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters and hindquarters until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
  - In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 23, north of and including Singoalik River drainage:		
Residents: One bull by permit available in person at license vendors within		
Unit 23 villages June 1-July 15	RM880	July 1-Oct 31
<b>OR One moose</b> by permit; however, no person may take a calf or a cow accompanied by a calf.		
Permit available in person at license vendors within Unit 23 villages June 1-July 15	RM880	Nov 1-Dec 31
OR One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 20
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side by permitleast one side by permit	DM871	Sept 1-Sept 20
Remainder of Unit 23: Residents: One bull by permit available in person at license vendors		
within Unit 23 villages June 1-July 15	RM880	Aug 1-Oct 31
<b>OR One moose</b> by permit however, no person may take a calf or a cow accompanied by a calf.		_
Permit available in person at license vendors within Unit 23 villages June 1-July 15	RM880	Nov 1-Dec 31
OR One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 20
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines		
on at least one side by permit	DM871-877	Sept 1-Sept 20

<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

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### species / bag limits

### Muskox

- No open muskox hunting season for nonresidents.
- In areas indicated by a Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- · Aircraft may NOT be used to transport muskox hunters, muskox, or muskox hunting gear in Tier II hunts.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.
- Tag fee waived for Tier II hunting. Tier II muskox tag required.

Unit 23: the Seward Peninsula west of and including the Buckland River drainage:		
Residents: One bull by permit	TX106	Aug 1-Mar 15
OR One muskox by permit	TX106	Jan 1-Mar 15
Unit 23: that portion north and west of the Noatak River: Residents: One bull by permit	TX107	Aug 1-Mar 15
Remainder of Unit 23:		no open season

- In areas indicated by a 😭 Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10).
- See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28.
- · Horns must accompany meat from the field.
- Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill, except registration hunts in Unit 23.
- Sheep hunting may be shortened or closed by emergency order, please contact ADF&G before hunting.

		~
<b>Unit 23</b> , north of Rabbit Creek, Kiyak Creek and the Noatak River, and west of Aniuk River ("De Long Mountains") <b>Residents: One sheep</b> by permit available at ADF&G offices in		
Barrow, Kotzebue & Unit 26A vendors	RS388	Aug 10-Apr 30
OR One ram with full curl horn or larger		
Nonresidents: One ram with full curl horn or larger	DS384	Aug 10-Sept 20
Unit 23, south of Rabbit Creek, Kiyak Creek and Noatak River, and west of Cutler and Redstone		
Rivers ("Baird Mountains")		no open season
Remainder of Unit 23, ("Schwatka Mountains"): Residents: One ram full curl or larger		
<b>OR Three sheep</b> by permit, available at ADF&G offices in Barrow and Kotzebue	RS389	Aug 1-Apr 30
Nonresidents: One ram with full curl horn or larger	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20
Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.		
Unit 23: Twenty wolves		Aug 10-Apr 30
	_	<u> </u>

Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 23: One wolverine ....... Sept 1-Mar 31

### Rabies information

Rabies is a viral disease of the central nervous system which occurs in wild animal populations and is nearly always fatal. Humans can become infected through the bite of a rabies-infected animal (generally a fox, wolf, or dog) or through exposure of an open cut or scratch to saliva of an infected animal. For this reason, plastic or rubber gloves should be worn when skinning foxes or wolves.

Most diseased animals act strangely; being unnaturally withdrawn, overly friendly or "mad." The latter action, one in which the animal will bite or attack anything including other animals, people or objects, is most often associated with rabies. "Dumb" rabies also occurs, however, and should be recognized as being equally dangerous. Paralysis, usually of the lower jaw, is its first recognizable symptom.

If you are bitten by an animal suspected to be rabid, wash the wound thoroughly with copious amounts of soap and water and seek medical aid immediately. If exposed or bitten by a domestic animal suspected of being rabid, the animal should be confined for a minimum of 10 days—if it shows signs of disease, local health officials should be notified. To confirm presence of rabies in a wild animal, send the frozen, undamaged head to a virology laboratory, using the following procedures: (1) Wear plastic or rubber gloves when handling animals; (2) Wrap head in absorbent materials and place in plastic bag—secure bag. (3) Place plastic bag in leak-proof container with some refrigerant material; (4) Remove gloves and wash hands—burn gloves; (5) Wrap package and freeze immediately if possible. Call the number listed below for information on mailing. When mailing, mark package PERISH-ABLE and ship prepaid via fastest means to laboratory. Call laboratory and notify as to flight and arrival time.

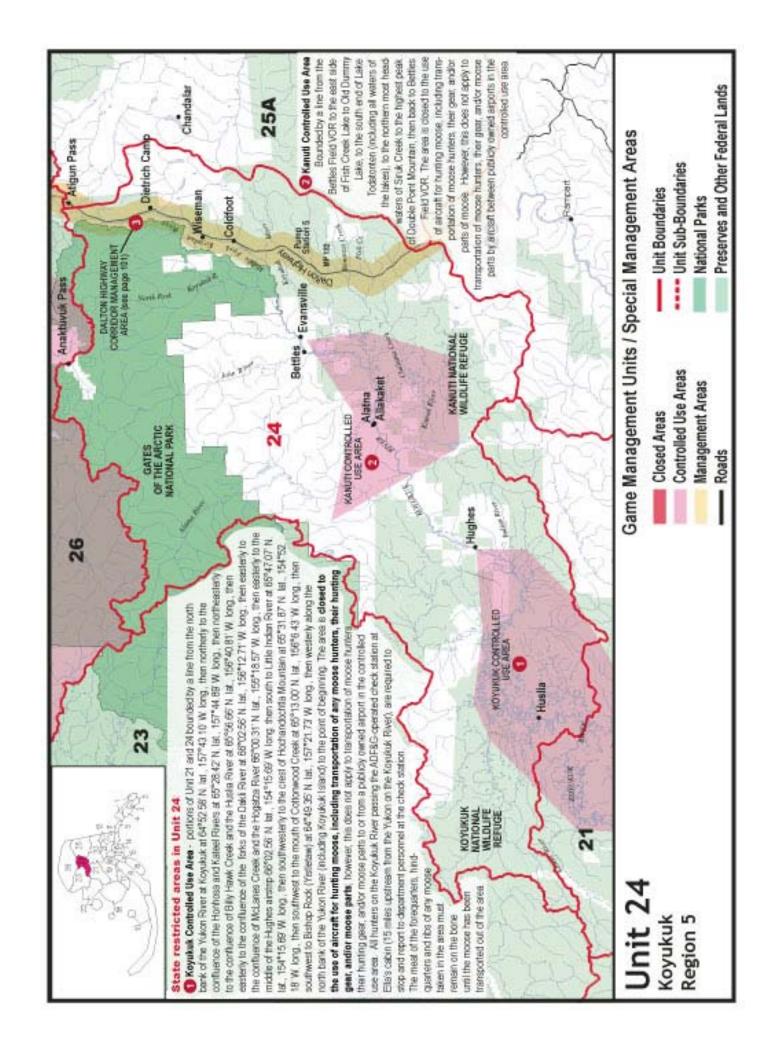
Specimens from animals suspected to be rabid should be sent to:

> Alaska State Virology Laboratory Arctic Health Research Bldg., Room 239 University of Alaska Campus Fairbanks, AK 99775 Telephone: 907-474-7017

Questions regarding treatment to human exposures should be immediately referred to:

> Department of Health and Social Services Section of Epidemiology (907) 269-8000 or 1-800-478-0084 Rapid reports Message 1-800-478-1700

<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.



# Unit 24 Koyukuk

Unit 24: Koyukuk River drainage upstream from but not including the Dulbi River drainage.

See map on page 99 for State restricted areas in Unit 24.

species / bag limits and nonresidents unless noted. required\* open season

### Black Bear · See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.

Unit 24: Three bears no closed season

Hunts are open to both residents

### Brown/Grizzly Bear · Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide.

• See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information.

permit/ticket

- Evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the hide.

In addition to other restrictions, subsistence regulations apply to the following hunt in Unit 24 (see special requirements on page 25) Residents ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by 

### Caribou

- In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou.
- Meat taken in Unit 24 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 24, south of the south bank of the Kanuti River, upstream from and including that portion of the Kanuti-Kilolitna River drainage, bounded by the southeast bank of the Kodosin-Nolitna Creek, then downstream along the east bank of the Kanuti-Kilolitna River to its confluence with the Kanuti Cows Harvest July 1-May 15 

- In areas indicated by a 😭 Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- Meat taken in Unit 24 prior to October 1 must remain on the bones of the front quarters, hindquarters, and ribs until removed from the field or is processed for human consumption.

- MOOSE Brow tines and 50-inch antlers defined on page 30-31.
  - In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
  - In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

Unit 24, west of the Hogatza River drainage and west of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: Residents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed..... RM834...... Sept 5-Sept 25 Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one **Unit 24,** east of the Dakli River drainage and east of the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area, and west of the Kanuti Controlled Use Area, the Tanana-Allakaket Winter trail and the Alatna River drainage: Residents: One bull by permit available online at hunt.alaska.gov or in person at license vendors in Units 21B, 21D, 24, and ADF&G in Fairbanks beginning Aug 26. Trophy value will be destroyed .... RM834 ...... Sept 5-Sept 25 Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one **Unit 24,** that portion within the Koyukuk Controlled Use Area: Residents: One bull by permit, available at Ella's Cabin, Huslia, or Hughes beginning Aug 26. **Nonresidents: One bull** with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side by permit ...... DM823/825 DM827/829...... Sept 5-Sept 25

<sup>\*</sup>If you live north of the Yukon River and hunt caribou in that area, you do not need caribou harvest tickets/reports, but you must register with ADF&G or an authorized representative within the area.

<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
Moose continued			
Arctic National Park: Residents: On	ainages on private lands within the Gates of the  e bull		-
Unit 24, the North Fork Koyukuk Ri	ver drainage on private lands within the Gates of the Arctic		·
OR Residents: One bull		Harvest	Dec 1-Dec 10
Unit 24, all drainages to the north of and Henshaw Creek drainages, except	the Koyukuk River between and including the Alatna River, that portion of the Alatna River drainage within Gates of One bull		·
OR Residents: One bull			
	ch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on	Harvest	Sent 5-Sent 25
Unit 24, all drainages to the north of drainage, to and including the North F John River and North Fork Koyukuk I	the Koyukuk River upstream from the Henshaw Creek fork Koyukuk River drainage, except that portion of the River drainages within Gates of the Arctic National Park:		
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-ind Unit 24, the Dalton Highway Corrido	ch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on one side or Management Area, except that portion in the North	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 25
Nonresidents: one bull with 50-inc	ents: One bull by bow and arrow only by permit		
Remainder of Unit 24: Residents	: One bullch antlers or 4 or more brow tines on at least one side	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 25
<ul> <li>In areas indicated by Nonresident hunter</li> <li>See definition of furms</li> <li>Horns must accomp</li> </ul>	by Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  rs must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, ll-curl horn and drawings on page 28.  pany meat from the field.  mainder of Unit 24 must be sealed within 30 days of kill.		зерт э-зерт 25
	es of the Arctic National Park:		

Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

Unit 24: Five wolves Aug 10-Apr 30

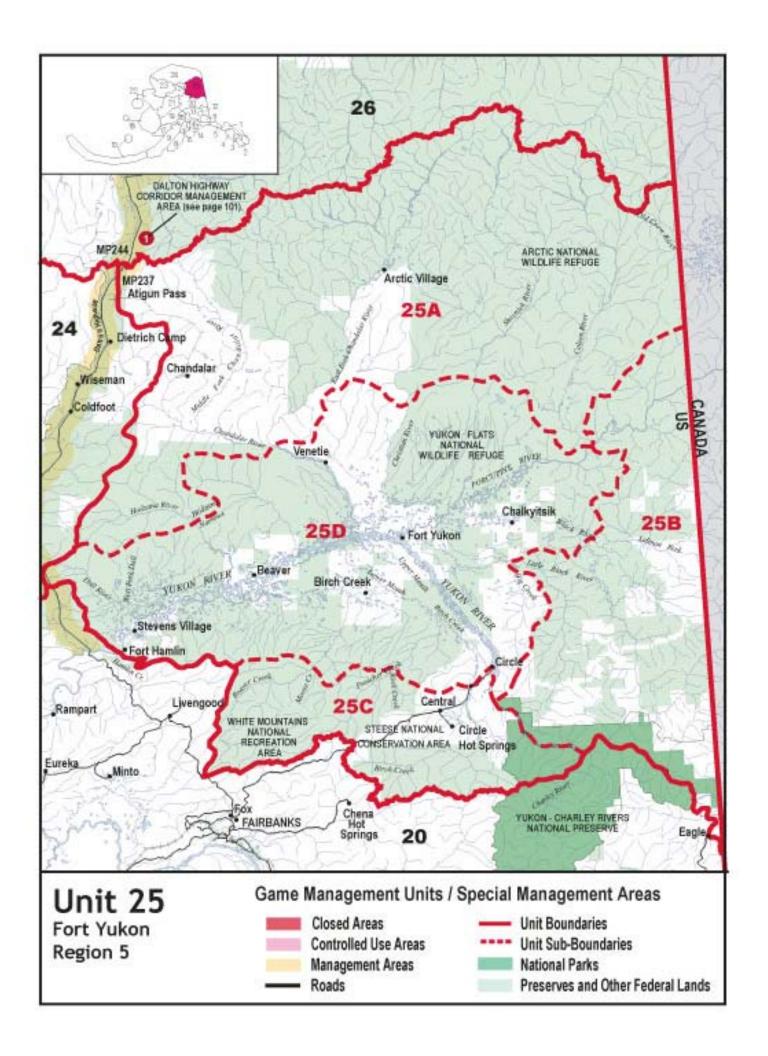
### Wolverine • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.

\*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

### **Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area (DHCMA)**

Units 20, 24, 25, and 26 extending five miles from each side of the Dalton Highway, including the driveable surface of the Dalton Highway, from the Yukon River to the Arctic Ocean, and including the Prudhoe Bay Closed Area. The area within the Prudhoe Bay Closed Area is closed to the taking of big game; the remainder of the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area is closed to hunting; however, big game, small game, and fur animals may be taken in the area by bow and arrow only. Aircraft and boats may be used to transport hunters, their gear, or parts of game within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area. A snowmachine may be used to transport hunters, their hunting gear, or parts of game across the management area from land outside the management area to access land on the other side of the management area. No motorized land vehicle may be used to transport hunters, their hunting gear, or parts of game, within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area, EXCEPT licensed highway vehicles may be used on the following designated roads: 1) Dalton Highway; 2) Bettles Winter Trail during periods when BLM and the City of Bettles announce that the trail is open to winter travel; 3) Galbraith Lake road from the Dalton Highway to the BLM campground at Galbraith Lake, including the gravel pit access road when the gate is open; 4) Toolik Lake Road, excluding the driveway to the Toolik Lake Research Facility; 5) The Sagavanirktok River access road two miles north of Pump Station 2; 6) any constructed roadway or gravel pit within 1/4 mile of the Dalton Highway. Any hunter traveling on the Dalton Highway must stop at any check station operated by the department within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area.

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# Unit 25 Fort Yukon

**Unit 25:** The Yukon River drainage upstream from but not including the Hamlin Creek drainage, and excluding drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from the Charley River;

Unit 25A: the Hodzana River drainage upstream from the Narrows, the Chandalar River drainage upstream from and including the East Fork drainage, the Christian River drainage upstream from Christian, the Sheenjek River drainage upstream from and including the Thluichohnjek Creek, the Coleen River drainage, and the Old Crow River drainage;

**Unit 25B:** the Little Black River drainage upstream from but not including the Big Creek drainage, the Black River drainage upstream from and including the Salmon Fork drainage, the Porcupine River drainage upstream from the confluence of the Coleen and Porcupine rivers, and drainages into the north bank of the Yukon River upstream from Circle, including the islands in the Yukon River;

Unit 25C: the drainages into the south bank of the Yukon River upstream from Circle to the Unit 20E boundary, the Birch Creek drainage upstream from the Steese Highway bridge (MP 147), the Preacher Creek drainage upstream from and including the Rock Creek drainage, and the Beaver Creek drainage upstream from and including the Moose Creek drainage;

Unit 25D: the remainder of Unit 25.

See map on page 102 for state restricted areas in Unit 25.

species / bag limits	permit/ticket required*	open season
Black Bear • See pages 24-27 for bear information and salvage requirements.		
Unit 25, except 25D: Three bears Unit 25D: Residents: Three bears OR Three bears by permit Nonresidents: Three bears	Community	no closed season no closed season
<ul> <li>No resident tag required in Unit 25D.</li> <li>See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting info</li> <li>Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a general companied by a g</li></ul>	guide.	
Unit 25A and 25B: One bear every regulatory year. Unit 25C: One bear every regulatory year. Unit 25D: Residents: One bear every regulatory year OR. Nonresidents: One bear every regulatory year. OR.		Sept 1-May 31 July 1-Nov 30 Mar 1-June 30 Sept 1-Nov 30
• In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached		
Units 25A and 25B: Residents: Ten caribou*  Nonresidents: Five caribou  Unit 25C: west of the east bank of the mainstem of Preacher Creek to its confluence with American Creek, then west of the east bank of American Creek (White Mtn. herd):	Harvest	July 1-Apr 30
One bull.  OR One caribou by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person at Fairbanks and Central beginning Nov 16		
Anchorage, and Palmer beginning Aug 2  OR One caribou by permit available online at <a href="https://hunt.alaska.gov">hunt.alaska.gov</a> or in person in Tok, Delta  Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks and Central beginning Nov 16		
Nonresidents: One bull by permit available online at <a href="https://www.nut.alaska.gov">https://www.nut.alaska.gov</a> or in person in Tok, Delta Junction, Eagle, Fairbanks, Central, Douglas, Anchorage, and Palmer beginning Aug 2 Unit 25D, drained by the west fork of the Dall River, west of 150° W. long: One bull*	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 30
Remainder of Unit 25D: Residents: Ten caribou*  Nonresidents: Five caribou	Harvest	July 1-Apr 30

<sup>\*</sup>If you live north of the Yukon River and hunt caribou in that area, you do not need caribou harvest tickets/reports, but you must register with ADF&G or an authorized representative within the area.

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### Moose

- In areas indicated by a 😵 Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- 50-inch antlers and brow tines defined on pages 30-31.
- In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain naturally attached to the meat.

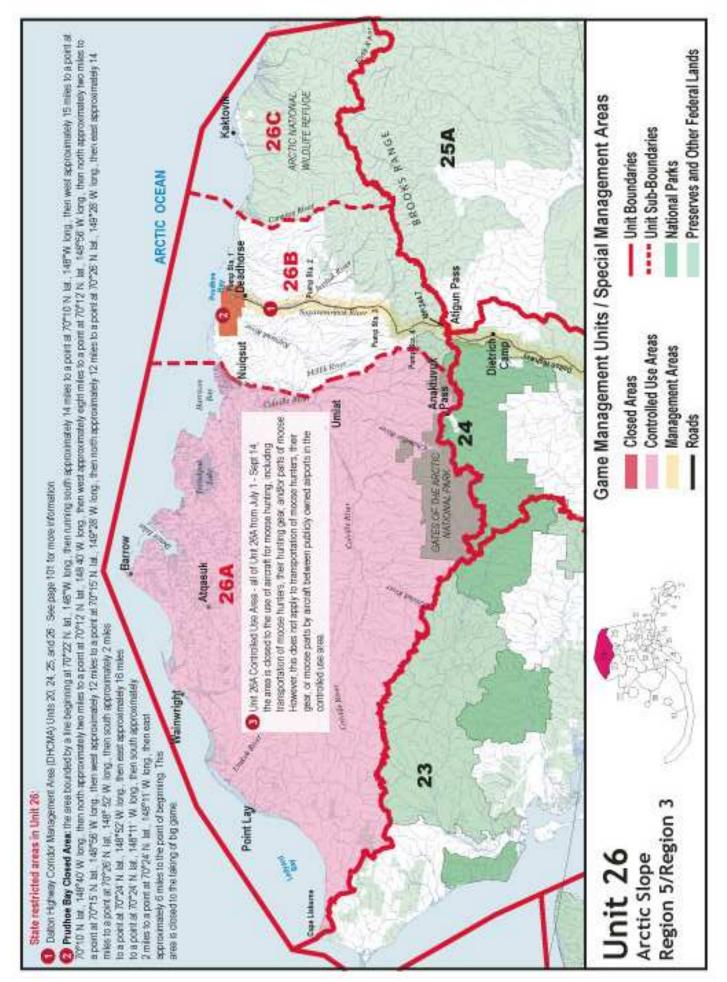
Unit 25A, within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area:		
Residents: One bull by bow and arrow only by permit	DM920	Sept 1-Sept 25
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one		
side by bow and arrow only by permit		
Remainder of Unit 25A, Residents: One bull		
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-in. antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side.	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 25
Unit 25B, within the Porcupine River drainage upstream from, but excluding the		
Coleen River drainage: Residents: One bull		
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-in. antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side	Harvest	Sept 10-Sept 25
Remainder of Unit 25B: Residents: One bull	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 25
OR	Harvest	Dec 1-Dec 15
OR One bull by permit	CM001	Sept 5-Sept 25
OR	CM001	Dec 1-Dec 15
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or antlers with 4 or more brow tines on at		
least one side		
Unit 25C: Residents: One bull	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 15
Nonresidents: One bull	Harvest	Sept 5-Sept 15
Unit 25D, lying west of a line extending from the Unit 25D boundary on Preacher Creek, then		
downstream along Preacher Creek, Birch Creek, and Lower Mouth Birch Creek to the Yukon River,		
then downstream along the north bank of the Yukon River (including islands) to the confluence of		
the Hadweenzik River, then upstream along the west bank of the Hadweenzic River to the con-		
fluence of Forty and one-half Mile Creek, then upstream along Forty and one-Half Mile Creek to		
Nelson Mountain on the Unit 25D boundary: <b>Residents: One bull</b> by permit	TM940	Aug 25-Feb 28
Nonresidents:		
Remainder of Unit 25D: Residents: One bull	Harvest	Sept 10-Sept 20
OR	Harvest	.Feb 18-Feb 28
OR One bull by permit		
OR by permit		
Nonresidents: One bull with 50-inch antlers or with 4 or more brow tines on at least one side	Harvest	Sept 10-Sept 20

- In areas indicated by a 🚷 Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10).

- **Sheep** See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28.
  - · Horns must accompany meat from the field.
  - Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill except registration hunt in Unit 25A.

Unit 25A, east of the Middle Fork Chandalar River:		
Residents: One ram with full-curl horn or larger	Harvest	. Aug 10-Sept 20
<b>OR Three sheep</b> by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in Fairbanks, Ft.		
Yukon and Kaktovik beginning Sept 23. The use of aircraft for access to hunt sheep and to transport		
harvested sheep is prohibited in this hunt except into and out of the Arctic Village and Kaktovik		
airports. No motorized access from the Dalton Highway	RS595	. Oct 1-Apr 30
Nonresidents: One ram with full-curl horn or larger	Harvest	. Aug 10-Sept 20
Remainder of Unit 25A: One ram with full-curl horn or larger	Harvest	. Aug 10-Sept 20
Remainder of Unit 25: One ram with a full curl horn or larger		
Wolf • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.		
Unit 25 except 25C: Ten wolves Unit 25C: Five wolves		. Aug 10-Apr 30 . Aug 10-Apr 30
Wolverine • Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.		
Unit 25: One wolverine		.Sept 1-Mar 31

<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See pages 12-13.



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Unit 26 Arctic Slope

Unit 26: the Arctic Ocean drainages between Cape Lisburne and the Alaska-Canada border, including Firth River drainage;

Unit 26A: lying west of Itkillik River drainage, and west of the east bank of the Colville River between the mouth of the Itkillik River and the Arctic Ocean;

Unit 26B: east of Unit 26A, west of the west bank of the Canning River, and west of the west bank of the Marsh Fork of the Canning River; Unit 26C: the remainder of Unit 26.

See map on page 105 for state restricted areas in Unit 26.

Unit 26A. One bear every regulatory year  Junit 26B, that portion within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area:  Lesidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  Mar 1-May 31  Nonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  Mar 1-May 31  Nonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  Mar 1-May 31  Sept 1-Dec 31  Mar 1-May 31  Lonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  Mar 1-May 31  Lonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  Mar 1-May 31  Lonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  Mar 1-May 31  Lonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit  Mar 1-May 31  Lonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit  Mar 1-May 31  Lonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit  Mar 1-May 31  Lonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit  Mar 1-May 31  Lonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit  Mar 1-May 31  Lonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit  Longe 1 Longe 1 Longe 2 Longe 2 Longe 2 Longe 3  Longe 2 Longe 2 Longe 3 Longe	species / bag limits	Hunts are open to both residents and nonresidents unless noted.	permit/ticket required*	open season
See pages 24-27 for additional bear hunting information.  Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide.  Evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the hide.  Init 26A: One bear every regulatory year with by bow and arrow only.  DB990.  Sept 1-Dec 31  Mar 1-May 31  Son Cone bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only.  DB987.  Sept 1-Dec 31  Mar 1-May 31  Son Cone bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only.  DB997.  Mar 1-May 31  Sept 1-Dec 31  Mar 1-May 31  Sept 1-Dec 31  DB997.  Mar 1-May 31  Sept 1-Dec 31  Aug 10-June 30  Aug 20-May 31  Land Interest indicated by a \$\partial Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  Land Interest indicated by a \$\frac{\partial Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  Land Interest indicated by a \$\frac{\partial Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  Land Interest indicated by a \$\frac{\partial Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  Land Interest indicated by a \$\frac{\partial Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  Land Interest indicated by a \$\frac{\partial Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  Land Interest indicated by a \$\frac{\partial Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  Land Interest indicated by a \$\frac{\partial Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  Land Interest indicated by a \$\frac{\partial Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  Land Interest indicated by a \$\frac{\partial Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  Land Interest indicated by a \$\frac{\partial Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  Land Interest indicated by a \$\frac{\partial Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  Land Interest indicated by a \$\frac{\partial	Black Bear · See pages 24-27 fo.	r bear information and salvage requirements.		
Prown/Grizzly Bear  • Namesident hunters must be accompanied by a guide.  • Evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the hide.  Init 26A: One bear every regulatory year  — Aug 20-May 31  Init 26B, that portion within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area:  Residents: One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  — Mar 1-May 31  Nonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  — Mar 1-May 31  Nonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  — Mar 1-May 31  Nonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  — Sept 1-Dec 31  Mar 1-May 31  Nonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  — Sept 1-Dec 31  Mar 1-May 31  Nonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit  — DB997  — Mar 1-May 31  Init 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit  — DB997  — Mar 1-May 31  Init 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit  — National one of the following hum in Unit 26A: (see page 2.5, unbistience regulations) phy to the following hum in Unit 26A: (see page 2.5, unbistience regulations) phy to the following hum in Unit 26A: (see page 2.5, unbistience regulations): Residents ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by permit, available in Barrow, Bethel, Kotzebue, Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1  — In areas indicated by a  Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  Caribou  — In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou per day: Bulls — Cows — Harvest — July 1-May 15  Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Bulls — Cows — Harvest — July 1-May 15  Nonresidents: Two bulls total: One bull by bow and arrow only — Harvest — July 1-Sept 30  Nonresidents: Two caribou total: One bull by bow and arrow only — Harvest — July 1-Sept 30  Nonresidents: Two caribou — Harvest — July 1-Apr 30  Nonresidents: Five caribou — Harvest — July 1-Apr 30  Nonresidents: Five caribou — Harvest — July 1-Apr 30  Nonresi	Unit 26: Three bears			no closed seaso
Unit 26B, that portion within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area:  Residents: One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by permit DB987. Sept 1-Dec 31  RR One bear every regulatory year by permit DB987. Sept 1-Dec 31  RR One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory yea	Brown/Grizzly Bear	Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a g	guide.	
Unit 26B, that portion within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area:  Residents: One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only  RR One bear every regulatory year by permit DB987. Sept 1-Dec 31  RR One bear every regulatory year by permit DB987. Sept 1-Dec 31  RR One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997. Mar 1-May 31  Inti 26C: One bear every regulatory yea	Unit 26A: One bear every regulatory year			Aug 20-May 31
Residents: One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only.  AR One bear every regulatory year by bow and arrow only.  BR One bear every regulatory year by bow and arrow only.  BOR One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only.  BOR One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only.  BOR One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only.  BOR One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only.  BOR One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only.  BOR One bear every regulatory year by permit.  BOR One bear every regulatory year.  Aug 10-June 30.  Aug 10-June 30.  Aug 10-June 30.  Aug 20-May 31.  Caribou.  In areas indicated by a Pederal restrictions exist see page 8.  In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou.  In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  Cows.  Harvest.  July 1-May 15.  Residents: Five caribou total: Bulls.  Cows.  Harvest.  July 1-May 15.  Residents: Two caribou total: One bull by bow and arrow only.  Harvest.  July 1-May 15.  Bulls by bow and arrow only.  Harvest.  July 1-Sept 30.  Any caribou by bow and arrow only.  Harvest.  July 1-Sept 30.  Any caribou by bow and arrow only.  Harvest.  July 1-Apr 30.  Horresidents: Two caribou total: One, then west approximately 22 miles to 70°10" N. lat., and 49°36" W. long, then following the east bank of the Kuparuk River to a boint at 70°10" N. lat., and 49°36" W. long, then following the east bank of the Kalubik River to the Arctic Ocean:  Residents: True caribou.  Any caribou.  Harvest.  July 1-Apr 30.  Remainder of Unit 26B: Residents*: Two caribou total:				3 ,
Nonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only D8987. Sept 1-Dec 31 D8907 Mar 1-May 31 D8907 Mar 1-May 31 D8000 D80000 D8000 D80000 D8000 D80000 D8000			DB990	Sept 1-Dec 31
Rone bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only.  DB997	OR One bear every regulatory year by bow a	nd arrow only		Mar 1-May 31
Rone bear every regulatory year by permit by bow and arrow only.  DB997	Nonresidents: One bear every regulatory year	ar by permit by bow and arrow only	DB987	Sept 1-Dec 31
Remainder of Unit 26B: Residents: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB987 Sept 1-Dec 31 Nonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997 Mar 1-May 31 Dirit 26C: One bear every regulatory year by permit DB997 Mar 1-May 31 Dirit 26C: One bear every regulatory year ment of the following hunt in Unit 26A: (see page 25, unbistence regulations apply to the following hunt in Unit 26A: (see page 25, unbistence regulations): Residents ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by permit, wealbastence regulations): Residents ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by permit, wealbastence regulations): Residents ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by permit, wealbastence regulations): Residents ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by permit, wealbastence regulations and license vendors beginning July 1 RB697 Aug 20-May 31  **In areas indicated by a **D** Federal restrictions exist see page 8.**  **In areas indicated by a **D** Federal restrictions exist see page 8.**  **In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.**  **In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.**  **In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.**  **In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.**  **In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.**  **In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.**  **In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.**  **In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.**  **In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.**  **In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.**  **In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally t				
Nonresidents: One bear every regulatory year by permit  DR One bear every regulatory year by permit  DR One bear every regulatory year by permit  DB One bear every regulatory year by permit  In addition, subsistence regulations apply to the following hunt in Unit 26A: (see page 25, ubsistence regulations): Residents ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by permit, evailable in Barrow, Bethel, Kotzebue, Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1  In areas indicated by a  Pederal restrictions exist see page 8.  Caribou In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou per day: Bulls  Cows Harvest  July 1-May 15  Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Bulls.  Cows  Cows  Cows  Unit 26B: within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area Residents*: Two caribou total: One bull by bow and arrow only.  Harvest  July 1-Sept 30  Any caribou by bow and arrow only  Harvest  July 1-Sept 30  Julit 26B: Northwest portion: north of 69°30' and west of the east bank of the Kuparuk River to a boint at 70°10' N. lat., 149°04' W. long., then following the east bank of the Kalubik River to the Arctic Ocean:  Residents: Two bulls  Residents: Two caribou  Any caribou  Harvest  July 1-Apr 30  Any caribou  Any caribou  Any caribou  Harvest  July 1-Apr 30  Any caribou  Any caribou  Harvest  July 1-Apr 30				
Unit 26C: One bear every regulatory year.  In addition, subsistence regulations apply to the following hunt in Unit 26A: (see page 25, publishence regulations): Residents ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by permit, wailable in Barrow, Bethel, Kotzebue, Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1.  In areas indicated by a  Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou.  In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou per day: Bulls.  Cows. Harvest. July 1-May 15  Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Bulls.  Cows. Harvest. July 1-May 15  Unit 26B: within the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area  Residents*: Two caribou total: One bull by bow and arrow only. Harvest. July 1-Sept 30  Any caribou by bow and arrow only. Harvest. July 1-Sept 30  Nonresidents: Two bulls total: One bull by bow and arrow only. Harvest. July 1-Sept 30  Sulls by bow and arrow only. Harvest. July 1-Sept 30  Julit 26B: Northwest portion: north of 69°30' and west of the east bank of the Kuparuk River to a boint at 70°10' N. lat., 149°04' W. long., then west approximately 22 miles to 70°10' N. lat. and 49°56' W. long., then following the east bank of the Kalubik River to the Arctic Ocean:  Residents** Ten caribou  Any caribou total: Bulls Harvest. July 1-Apr 30  Any caribou. Harvest. July 1-Sept 30  Any caribou. Harvest. July 1-Sept 30  Any caribou. Harvest. July 1-Apr 30  Julit 26C: Residents*: Ten caribou total: Bulls Harvest. July 1-Apr 30  Nonresidents: Five caribou. Harvest. July 1-Apr 30	Nonresidents: One bear every regulatory year	ar by permit	DB987	Sept 1-Dec 31
In addition, subsistence regulations apply to the following hunt in Unit 26A: (see page 25, subsistence regulations): Residents ONLY: One bear every regulatory year by permit, available in Barrow, Bethel, Kotzebue, Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1	<b>OR One bear</b> every regulatory year by permit .		DB997	Mar 1-May 31
**In areas indicated by a **Defeat every regulatory year by permit, available in Barrow, Bethel, Kotzebue, Nome, and license vendors beginning July 1. RB697. Aug 20-May 31 **In areas indicated by a **Defeat restrictions exist see page 8.**  **In hag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou. **In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.**  **July 1-May 15**  **In areas indicated by a **Defeat restrictions exist see page 8.**  **In hag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou. **In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.**  **July 1-May 15**  **In areas indicated by a **Defeat remain attached naturally to the meat.**  **July 1-May 15**  **July 1-Sept 30**  **July 1-Apr 3				Aug 10-June 30
In areas indicated by a  Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  In areas indicated by a  Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou.  In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou per day: Bulls.  Cows.  Harvest.  In oclosed sease Cows.  Harvest.  July 1-May 15  Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Bulls.  Cows.  Harvest.  July 1-May 15  July 1-Sept 30  Any caribou by bow and arrow only.  Harvest.  July 1-Sept 30  Ronresidents: Two bulls total: One bull by bow and arrow only.  July 1-Sept 30  Bulls by bow and arrow only.  July 1-Sept 30  Bulls by bow and arrow only.  July 1-Sept 30  July 1-Sept 30  Solint 26B: Northwest portion: north of 69°30' and west of the east bank of the Kuparuk River to a boint at 70°10' N. lat., 149°04' W. long., then west approximately 22 miles to 70°10' N. lat. and 49°56' W. long., then following the east bank of the Kalubik River to the Arctic Ocean:  Residents: Ten caribou  Remainder of Unit 26B: Residents*: Two caribou total: Bulls  Any caribou.  Harvest.  July 1-Apr 30  Ronresidents: Two bulls  Harvest.  July 1-Apr 30  Any caribou.  Harvest.  July 1-Apr 30  Nonresidents: Ten caribou total: Bulls  Any caribou.  Harvest.  July 1-Apr 30  Nonresidents: Five caribou  Harvest.  July 1-Apr 30  Nonresidents: Five caribou.  Harvest.  July 1-Apr 30				
In areas indicated by a  Federal restrictions exist see page 8.  In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou.  In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  Unit 26A: Residents: Five caribou per day: Bulls.  Cows.  Harvest.  July 1-May 15  Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Bulls.  Cows.  Harvest.  July 1-May 15  July 1-May 15  July 1-Sept 30  Any caribou by bow and arrow only.  Harvest.  July 1-Sept 30  Any caribou by bow and arrow only.  Harvest.  July 1-Sept 30  Bulls by bow and arrow only.  Harvest.  July 1-Sept 30  Oct 1-Apr 30  Bulls by bow and arrow only.  Harvest.  July 1-Sept 30  Oct 1-Apr 30  July 1-Sept 30  Bulls by bow and arrow only.  Harvest.  July 1-Sept 30  Any caribou west approximately 22 miles to 70°10' N. lat. and 49°56' W. long., then following the east bank of the Kalubik River to the Arctic Ocean:  Residents: Ten caribou  Nonresidents: Five caribou  Any caribou.  Harvest.  July 1-Apr 30  Nonresidents: Two bulls  Harvest.  July 1-Sept 30  Any caribou.  Harvest.  July 1-Apr 30  Harvest.  July 1-Apr 30  Nonresidents: Two bulls  Harvest.  July 1-Apr 30				
* In bag limit "caribou" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male caribou.  * In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  * In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  * In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  * In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  * In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  * In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  * In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  * In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  * In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  * In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  * In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  * In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  * In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  * In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.  * In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally 1. Apr 30  * Nonresidents: Two bulls total: Bulls on caribou total: Bulls harvest July 1-Apr 30  * Any caribou harvest July 1-Apr 30  * Nonresidents: Ten caribou total: Bulls harvest July 1-Apr 30  * Nonresidents: Five caribou harvest July 1-Apr 30  * Nonresidents: Five car	available in Barrow, Bethel, Kotzebue, Nome, a	nd license vendors beginning July 1	RB697	Aug 20-May 31
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Cows	Nonresidents: Five caribou total: Bulls			
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Any caribou by bow and arrow only Harvest Oct 1-Apr 30 Nonresidents: Two bulls total: One bull by bow and arrow only Harvest July 1-Sept 30 Bulls by bow and arrow only Harvest Oct 1-Apr 30  Unit 26B: Northwest portion: north of 69°30' and west of the east bank of the Kuparuk River to a boint at 70°10' N. lat., 149°04' W. long., then west approximately 22 miles to 70°10' N. lat. and 49°56' W. long., then following the east bank of the Kalubik River to the Arctic Ocean:  Residents:* Ten caribou Harvest July 1-Apr 30 Remainder of Unit 26B: Residents*: Two caribou total: Bulls Harvest July 1-Sept 30 Any caribou Harvest July 1-Apr 30 Ronresidents: Two bulls Harvest July 1-Apr 30 Nonresidents: Ten caribou total: Bulls Harvest July 1-Apr 30			Harvest	July 1-Sept 30
Bulls by bow and arrow only				
Unit 26B: Northwest portion: north of 69°30' and west of the east bank of the Kuparuk River to a point at 70°10' N. lat., 149°04' W. long., then west approximately 22 miles to 70°10' N. lat. and 49°56' W. long., then following the east bank of the Kalubik River to the Arctic Ocean:  Residents:* Ten caribou	Nonresidents: Two bulls total: One bull b	y bow and arrow only	Harvest	July 1-Sept 30
point at 70°10' N. lat., 149°04' W. long., then west approximately 22 miles to 70°10' N. lat. and 49°56' W. long., then following the east bank of the Kalubik River to the Arctic Ocean:  Residents:* Ten caribou Harvest July 1-Apr 30 Harvest Oct 1-Apr 30 Any caribou Harvest Harvest Harvest Harvest Harvest July 1-Sept 30 Any caribou Harvest Harvest July 1-Apr 30 Harvest July 1-Apr 30 Harvest Harvest Harvest July 1-Apr 30 Harvest Harve	Bulls by bo	w and arrow only	Harvest	Oct 1-Apr 30
A9°56' W. long., then following the east bank of the Kalubik River to the Arctic Ocean:  Residents:* Ten caribou	Unit 26B: Northwest portion: north of 69°30' a	nd west of the east bank of the Kuparuk River to a		
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Jnit 26C: Residents*: Ten caribou total: BullsHarvestJune 23-June 3Any caribouHarvestJuly 1-Apr 30Honresidents: Five caribouHarvestJuly 1-Apr 30				
Any caribou Harvest July 1-Apr 30 Nonresidents: Five caribou Harvest July 1-Apr 30				
Nonresidents: Five caribou Harvest July 1-Apr 30				
	-			

<sup>\*</sup>Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 12-13.

\*If you live north of the Yukon River and hunt caribou in that area, you do not need caribou harvest tickets/reports, but you must

register with ADF&G or an authorized representative within the area.

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permit/ticket

required\*

### Moose

- In areas indicated by a 😯 Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- The use of aircraft for moose hunting is prohibited in Unit 26A
- In bag limit, "moose" means an animal of either sex; "bull" means a male moose.
- In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.

Unit 26A, that portion west of 156° 00' W. longitude and north of 69° 20' N. latitude:		
Residents: One moose, a person may not take a calf or a cow accompanied by a calf;	Harvest	July 1-Aug 31
OR One bull	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 14
Nonresidents		no open season
Nonresidents Unit 26A, that portion in Colville River drainage downstream from and including Chandler River:		•
Residents: One bull		
Nonresidents		no open season
Remainder of Unit 26A: Residents: One bull	Harvest	Sept 1-Sept 14
Nonresidents		no open season
Unit 26B and 26C		no open season

· Aircraft may not be used to transport muskox hunters, muskox, or muskox hunting gear in Tier II and registration hunts.

- Muskox \*No access by ORVs or snowmachines from the Dalton Highway.

  \*Trophy value of muskox skulls taken in Tier II and registration hunts will be destroyed if removed from the Unit.
  - In all hunts limited to one sex, evidence of sex must remain attached naturally to the meat.
  - Tag fee waived for subsistence hunting. Muskox tag required.

Unit 26A, east of 153° W. longitude, and Unit 26B west of the Dalton Highway:		
Residents: One muskox by permit	TX108	Aug 1-Mar 31
Unit 26B, east of the Dalton Highway Corridor Management Area:		
Residents: One muskox by permit, available in Nuiqsut and Kaktovik beginning Jan 2	RX110	to be announced
Remainder of Unit 26:		no open season

### Sheep

- In areas indicated by a 😯 Federal restrictions exist see page 8.
- Nonresident hunters must be accompanied by a guide (See Guide Information, page 10).
- See definition of full-curl horn and drawings on page 28.
- · Horns must accompany meat from the field.
- Ram horns must be sealed within 30 days of kill in full-curl horn restricted hunts.

Units 26A, west of the Etivluk River (DeLong Mts):		
<b>Residents: One sheep</b> by permit, available at ADF&G offices in Barrow and Kotzebue	RS388	Aug 10-Apr 30
Nonresidents:		no open season
Unit 26A, east of Etivluk River excluding Gates of the Arctic National Park (Schwatka Mts):		
Residents: One ram with full curl horn or larger	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20
<b>OR Three sheep</b> by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or at ADF&G offices in Barrow		
and Kotzebue		
Nonresidents: One ram with full-curl horn or larger	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20
<b>Units 26A and 26B,</b> private lands within the Gates of the Arctic National Park:		
Residents: Three sheep		
Nonresidents:		
Remainder of Units 26A and Unit 26B: One ram with full curl horn or larger		
Unit 26C: Residents: One ram with full-curl horn or larger	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20
<b>OR Three sheep</b> by permit available online at <u>hunt.alaska.gov</u> or in person in		
Fairbanks, Ft. Yukon, and Kaktovik beginning Sept 23	RS595	Oct 1-Apr 30
The use of aircraft for access to hunt sheep and to transport harvested sheep is prohibited in this		
hunt except into and out of the Arctic Village and Kaktovik airports. No motorized access from the		
Dalton Highway.		
Nonresidents: One ram with full-curl horn or larger	Harvest	Aug 10-Sept 20
• Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.		
Unit 26: Ten wolves		Aug 10-Apr 30
Walverine		
Wolverine · Hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.		

\*Hunt numbers starting with an "R" = Registration, "T" = Tier II, "D" = Drawing. Special permits required. See page 13.

www.wildlife.alaska.gov Alaska 2005-2006 Hunting Regulations

Unit 26: One wolverine Sept 1-Mar 31

# Fur Animals, Small Game, Unclassified Game and Deleterious Exotic Wildlife

If you want to take mink, marten, muskrat, weasel, marmot, or river otter you must buy a trapping license and follow trapping regulations. You may take beaver, wolf, wolverine, coyote, fox, lynx, or squirrels under either a hunting license or a trapping license, but you must follow the seasons, bag limits, and methods and means permitted by that license.

### Fur Animals • See fur animal restrictions, page 16.

Species, Unit and bag limits	open season
Beaver • Either the meat or hide of beaver must be salvaged.	
Units 1-17, 19-21 (except 21E), and 24-26: Units 18, 22, and 23: No limit Unit 21E: No limit	no closed seasor
Coyote • Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G.	
Units 1-5, 18, 22, 23, and 26A: Two coyotes Units 6-11, 13, 14, 15-17, 21, 24, 25, 26B and 26C: Ten coyotes Units 12, 19, and 20: Ten coyotes per day	Aug 10-Apr 30
Arctic Fox · Including white and blue phases	
Units 9, 17, 18, and 22-26: Two foxes	
Red Fox • Including cross, black, and silver color phases. • Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G.	
Unit 1-7, and 15	Sept 1-Feb 15
Lynx hides must be sealed within 30 days of kill.  • Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G.	
Units 1-6, 8, and 10: Units 7, 11, 13, and 15: Two lynx Units 9 and 17: Two lynx Units 12 and 20E: Two lynx Units 14 and 16: Two lynx Unit 18: Two lynx Unit 20A, 20B, 20D, and that portion of 20C east of the Teklanika River: Two lynx Remainder of Unit 20 and Unit 25C: Two lynx Units 19, 21, 24, and remainder of 25: Two lynx Units 22, 23, and 26: Two lynx	Nov 10-Jan 31 Nov 10-Feb 28 Nov 1-Mar 15 Jan 1-Jan 31 Nov 10-Mar 31 Dec 15-Jan 31 Dec 1-Jan 31 Nov 1-Feb 28
• Including red, ground, and flying squirrel. • Either the meat or hide of a ground squirrel must be salvaged. • Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G.	
Units 1-26; No limit	no closed seasor

Unit and bag limits open season

- Including spruce, blue, ruffed, and sharp-tailed grouse
- **Grouse** Area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G.
  - Season begins later -- the day after Labor Day -- in Unit 14C.

Units 1-6: Five per day, ten in possession	Aug 1-May 15
possession may be ruffed grouse	Aug 10-Mar 31
Units 8 and 10:	no open season
Units 9, 17-19, 21-24, and 26: Fifteen per day, thirty in possession	
Unit 11: Fifteen per day, thirty in possession	Aug 10-Mar 31
Units 13, 14, and 16: Fifteen per day, thirty in possession of which not more than two per day and four in possession may be ruffed grouse.	Aug 10-Mar 31
Unit 20D, that portion lying west of the east bank of the Johnson River and south of the north	
bank of the Tanana River: <b>Ten per day</b> , <b>by falconry only</b> , <i>ten in possession, provided that not more than two per day and two in possession may be sharp-tailed grouse</i>	Aug 10-Aug 24
<b>Fifteen per day</b> , thirty in possession, provided that not more than five per day and ten in possession may be sharp-tailed grouse	Aug 25-Mar 31
Units 12, remainder of Unit 20, and Unit 25: Fifteen per day, thirty in possession	Aug 10-Mar 31

- Snowshoe and arctic hare
- Hare Area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G.
  - Season begins later -- the day after Labor Day -- in Unit 14C.

Unit 1-5: Five per day.	Sept 1-Apr 30
Units 6-13, 14B, 15-26: No limit	no closed season
Unit 14A, 14C: Five per day	no closed season

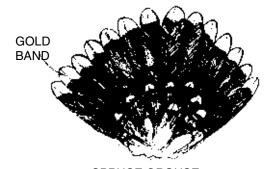
- Willow, rock, and white-tailed ptarmigan
- Ptarmigan · Area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G.
  - Some seasons begin later -- the day after Labor Day -- in Unit 14C.

Unit 1-6 (except 6D): Twenty per day, forty in possession	. Aug 1-May 15
Units 6D, 7, 11, 13C, 13D, 14,15, and 16: Ten per day, twenty in possession	. Aug 10-Mar 31
Units 13A,13B, and 13E: Ten per day, twenty in possession	. Aug 10-Nov 30
Five per day, ten in possession	. Dec 1-Mar 31
Units 8-10, 17-19, 21, 24-25 (except 25C), and in Unit 26B, the Dalton Highway Corridor and	
Prudhoe Bay Closed Area: Twenty per day, forty in possession	. Aug 10-Apr 30
Units 12, 20 and 25C: Twenty per day, forty in possession	. Aug 10-Feb 28
Five per day, ten in possession	. Mar 1-Apr 30
Unit 22: Twenty per day, forty in possession	. Sept 1-Apr 30
Unit 23 and 26 (except in Unit 26B, within the Dalton Highway Corridor and Prudhoe Bay Closed Area):	
Fifty per day, one hundred in possession	. Aug 10-June 15

### **Identifying Ruffed and Spruce Grouse**



**RUFFED GROUSE** mottled gray/brown bird with black tail band



SPRUCE GROUSE dark brown to black bird with gold band on tip of tail

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### Unclassified game

Unit and bag limits open season Shrew, Mouse, Porcupine • Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G. Cormorant Units 10, 17, 18, 22, and 23: Residents: No limit; however, a bird may be taken only if used for food or clothing, and no bird or part of a bird may be sold or offered for sale......no closed season Nonresidents: no open season Crow Snowy Owl Units 17, 18, 22, 23, and 26: Residents: No limit; however, a bird may be taken only if used for food or clothing, and no bird or part of a bird may be sold or offered for sale......no closed season Nonresidents: no open season Feral Non-Native Game Birds \* Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G. Deleterious exotic wildlife · If unconfined or unrestrained Unit and bag limits open season Starling, English Sparrow, Raccoon, Norway Rat, Rockdove (Pigeon), Belgian Hare · Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G. Feral Ferret, Feral Swine · Special area restrictions in Unit 14C. Handout available at Anchorage ADF&G. Units 1-26: No limit.....



Christopher Harrington, 11, of Eagle River, harvested this Spruce Grouse in Unit 13 in Fall 2003 while hunting with his father, Mike Harrington.

Hunter's Copy

**Transfer of Possession Form**5 AAC 92.135(a) for both permanent (given as a gift) or temporary transfer for the purpose of transport

Hunter's Information		
Name:	License number:	
Address:	City:	State Zip
Species taken:	Specific Parts Transferr	ed:
Moose	Front Quarters	Hind Quarters:
Sheep	Ribs	Neck
Caribou	Brisket	Back strap
Bear	Horns/Antlers	Other:
Other:		
Date of kill: Kill location	on:	
Recipient to retain permanent possessi	on of meat and/or other game parts	
Recipient to transport and then return p	ossession to hunter	
Hunter's Signature:	1	Date
Recipient's Information:		
Name:		
Address:	City:	State Zip
Recipient's Signature:	ī	Date
Hunter's Information Name:	License number:	
Address:	City:	State Zip
Species taken:	Chapitia Darta Transform	
	Specific Parts Transferr	ed:
Moose	Front Quarters	ed:  Hind Quarters:
Moose Sheep		_
	Front Quarters	Hind Quarters:
Sheep	Front Quarters Ribs	Hind Quarters: Neck Back strap
Sheep Caribou	Front Quarters Ribs Brisket	Hind Quarters:  Neck Back strap
Sheep Caribou Bear	Front Quarters Ribs Brisket Horns/Antlers	Hind Quarters: Neck Back strap Other:
Sheep Caribou Bear Other:	Front Quarters Ribs Brisket Horns/Antlers	Hind Quarters: Neck Back strap Other:
Sheep Caribou Bear Other: Date of kill:	Front Quarters Ribs Brisket Horns/Antlers on: on of meat and/or other game parts	Hind Quarters: Neck Back strap Other:
Sheep Caribou Bear Other: Date of kill: Recipient to retain permanent possessi	Front Quarters Ribs Brisket Horns/Antlers  on: on of meat and/or other game parts cossession to hunter	Hind Quarters: Neck Back strap Other:
Sheep Caribou Bear Other: Kill location Recipient to retain permanent possession Recipient to transport and then return p	Front Quarters Ribs Brisket Horns/Antlers  on: on of meat and/or other game parts cossession to hunter	Hind Quarters: Neck Back strap Other:
Sheep Caribou Bear Other: Date of kill: Recipient to retain permanent possessi Recipient to transport and then return p	Front Quarters Ribs Brisket Horns/Antlers  on:  on of meat and/or other game parts possession to hunter	Hind Quarters: Neck Back strap Other:
Sheep Caribou Bear Other: Date of kill: Recipient to retain permanent possessi Recipient to transport and then return put that the state of the stat	Front Quarters Ribs Brisket Horns/Antlers  on: on of meat and/or other game parts cossession to hunter	Hind Quarters: Neck Back strap Other:

# Alaska Fish and Wildlife Safeguard

Alaska's Fish and Wildlife Safeguard pays cash for information on poachers.



# How can you help?

Call 800-478-3377

If you see or hear of a fish or wildlife violation, call the toll-free number above to report it.

You can also contribute to the reward fund which makes the program possible.

Contributions are tax deductible.

Checks should be made payable to Alaska Fish and Wildlife Safeguard and mailed to: 5700 Tudor Road, Anchorage, AK 99507