

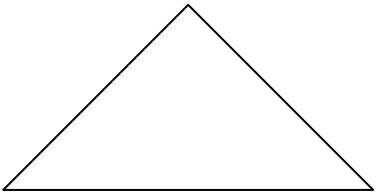
<p>1. [6+4 points]</p> <p>Graph all points by projecting them onto the given unit circle centered at the origin. Note: Each tic mark is <math>\frac{1}{2}</math>.</p>	<p>( a, b)</p>	<p>projection</p>	
	<p>( -2 , 3/2 )</p>		
	<p>( <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> , 0 )</p>		
	<p>( 2 , -2 )</p>		

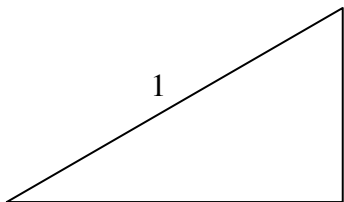
<p>2. [10 points]      Write the specified identity with the given variable.</p>	
<p>Pythagorean Identity with <math>\phi</math></p>	<p>Pythagorean Identity with <math>\theta</math> (Another form)</p>
<p>Tangent Identity with <math>\alpha</math></p>	<p>Pythagorean Identity with <math>\beta</math> (Yet another form)</p>

3. [4 points] Greek table fill-in.



beta	
	$\phi$
alpha	
	$\gamma$

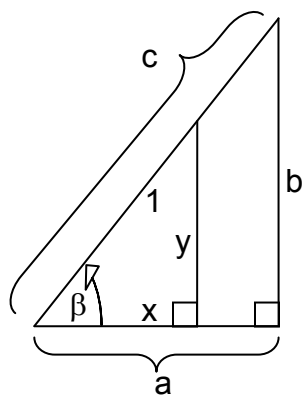
4. [4+4 points] Label each Special Triangle.

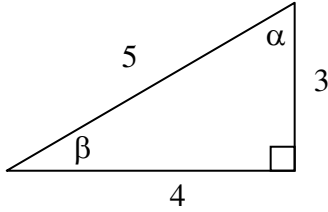
Degree  $\angle$ s , number sides


Radian  $\angle$ s , number sides


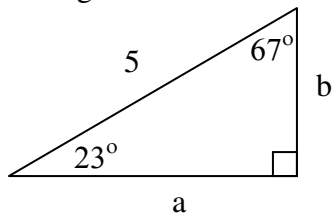
5. [6 points] Complete the table for the similar triangle diagram.

	Small 	Large 
Tan $\beta$	=	=
Sin $\beta$	=	=
Cos $\beta$	=	=



6. [6 points] Write the correct number ratios for the given triangle.


$\beta = \text{ArcCos}(\text{_____})$	$\text{Cos}(\alpha) =$
$\beta = \text{ArcSin}(\text{_____})$	$\text{Sin}(\alpha) =$
$\beta = \text{ArcTan}(\text{_____})$	$\text{Tan}(\alpha) =$

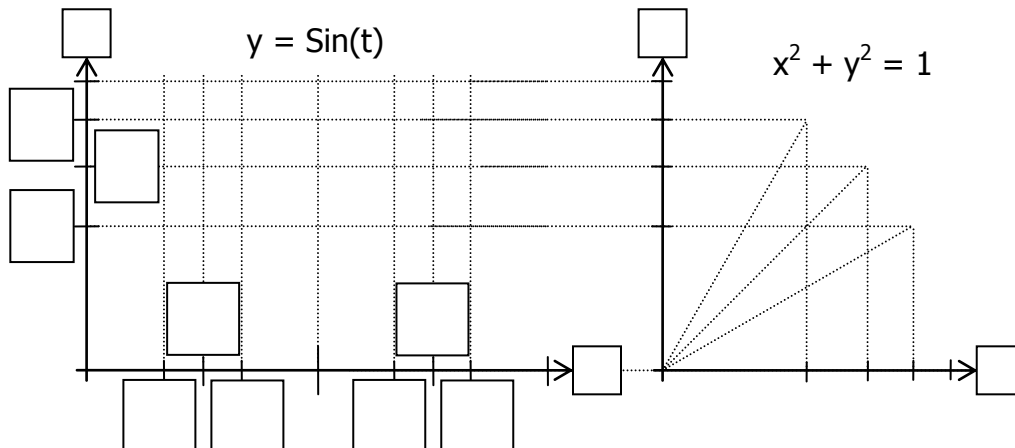
7. [7 points] Complete the expressions for the given sides.


$5 = \sqrt{(\text{_____})}$	$b = \sqrt{(\text{_____})}$
$a = \text{_____} \cdot \text{Cos}(\text{_____})$	$b = \text{_____} \cdot \text{Sin}(\text{_____})$
$a = \text{_____} \cdot \text{Tan}(\text{_____})$	$b = \text{_____} / \text{Tan}(\text{_____})$

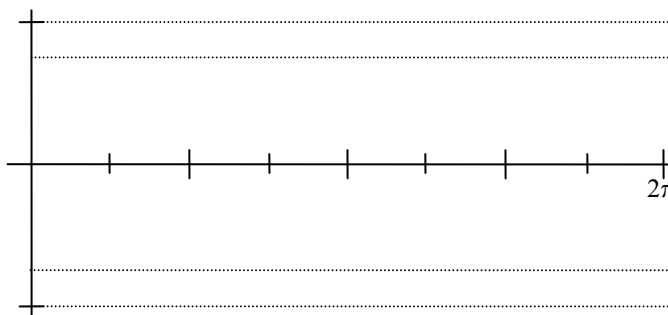
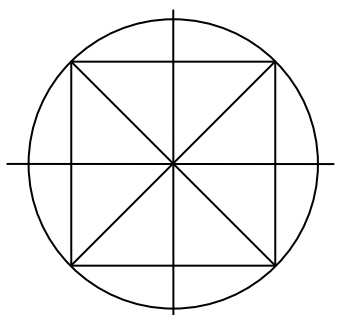
8. [17+7+9+6 points]

Graphing.

Draw both graphs and fill in the boxes below.



Graph *one full waveform* of the curve  $x = -\cos(t)$ .



Complete this table of 5 distinct points at the larger tic marks above (quadrantal angles).

t	0				
x					

Complete this table of 4 distinct points at the smaller tic marks above.

t				
x				

Use your graphs to find two solutions to each equation.

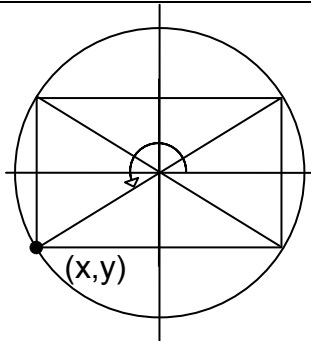
$$\sin(t) = +\sqrt{3}/2$$

t		
---	--	--

$$-\cos(t) = +\sqrt{2}/2$$

t		
---	--	--

9. [3+16+4 points] Rectangle diagram. Complete everything as done in class.



Draw the three other angles on the diagram above in standard position.

Angle	$\phi$	$360^\circ - \phi$	$180^\circ - \phi$	$\phi + 180^\circ$
degrees	210°			
radians				
Coterminal $\angle$				
Quadrant				

On the unit circle, the above point (x,y) has coordinates ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ ) .

10. [12 points] Memorization Sentences (Fill-in)

In \_\_\_\_\_ mode on your calculator

\_\_\_\_\_ ( 45 ) = 1 and

\_\_\_\_\_ ( 1 ) = 45 .

An angle in \_\_\_\_\_ position has its vertex at the origin and its

\_\_\_\_\_ side on the positive half of the \_\_\_\_\_.

A triangle with sides a, b, c (where \_\_\_\_\_ is the

\_\_\_\_\_ side) is right iff

(if and only if) the Pythagorean Formula,

\_\_\_\_\_ holds.

We use the Tangent of an \_\_\_\_\_ to find

a \_\_\_\_\_ triangle's \_\_\_\_\_.

*end*

*Over please*