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# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Western Reserve Joint Fire District Mahoning County 111 South Main Street Poland, Ohio 44514

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Western Reserve Joint Fire District, Mahoning County, Ohio (the "Fire District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Fire District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fire District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Western Reserve Joint Fire District, Mahoning County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and FEMA Fire funds thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 1 describes.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the Fire District revised its financial presentation comparable to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standard No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 15, 2008, on our consideration of the Fire District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Western Reserve Joint Fire District Mahoning County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mary Taylor, CPA
Auditor of State

August 15, 2008

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

This discussion and analysis of Western Reserve Joint Fire District, Mahoning County, (the "Fire District") financial performance provides an overall review of the Fire District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2005 within the limitations of the Fire District's cash basis accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Fire District's financial activities as a whole; along with the review of the basic financial statements for the reader to enhance their understanding of the Fire District's financial activities.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key highlights for 2005 are as follows:

- The Fire District's total net assets decreased by \$190,053 (32%).
- The Fire District received and expended a grant, in the amount of \$667,516, from Federal Emergency Management Agency which was used to replace damaged equipment.
- The Fire District's cash receipts increased by \$681,449. This increase was largely due to the FEMA grant mentioned above.

#### **Using the Basic Financial Statements**

The annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 34, as applicable to the Fire District's cash basis of accounting.

#### **Report Components**

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Fire District. Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Fire District as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Fire District has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Fire District's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

#### Reporting the Fire District as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Fire District as a whole. This statement includes the financial activities of the primary government. The statement distinguishes between those activities of the Fire District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The Fire District has no business-type activities.

These two statements report the Fire District's net assets and changes in those assets. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Fire District's financial health. It tells the reader that, for the Fire District as a whole, the financial position of the Fire District has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the Fire District, nonfinancial information such as changes in property tax base and other local taxes, condition of assets, and the extent of any debt obligations will also need to be taken into consideration.

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities present one type of activity:

Governmental activities: generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions.

#### Reporting the Fire District's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Fire District's major funds – not the entity as whole. The Fire District establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Fire District are split into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - All of the Fire District's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Fire District's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Fire District's programs. The Fire District's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for nonmajor funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Fire District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and FEMA Fire Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements. The Fire District had no nonmajor funds to report.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

#### Reporting the Fire District's Most Significant Funds (Continued)

Proprietary Funds – When the Fire District charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. When the services are provided to the general public, the activity is reported as an enterprise fund. When the services are provided to other departments of the Fire District, the service is reported as an internal service fund. The Fire District had no enterprise or internal service funds to report.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Fire District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Fire District's programs. The Fire District had no fiduciary funds to report.

#### The Fire District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Fire District's net assets for 2005 compared to 2004 on a cash basis:

# (Table 1) **Net Assets**

	Governmental Activities				
	2005			2004	
Assets					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	399,796	\$	589,849	
Net Assets					
Restricted for:					
General fund encumbrances	\$	214,105	\$	81,394	
Unrestricted		185,691		508,455	
Total Net Assets	\$	399,796	\$	589,849	

The Fire District's net assets decreased by \$190,053 in 2005. This is mainly due to increased expenditures in 2005 related to tools, machinery, and equipment.

Table 2 reflects the changes in net assets on a cash basis in 2005 for governmental activities.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

# (Table 2) Statement of Activities

	Governme	ntal Activities	_
	General	FEMA Fire	•
	Fund	Fund	Totals
Cash Receipts:			
Local Taxes	\$ 512,921	\$ -	\$ 512,921
Intergovernmental	72,713	667,516	740,229
Earnings on Investments	15,289	-	15,289
Miscellaneous	95,340	-	95,340
Total Cash Receipts	696,263	667,516	1,363,779
Cash Disbursements:			
Current:			
Security of Persons and Property	184,645	-	184,645
General Government	509,084	667,516	1,176,600
Other	49,741	-	49,741
Debt Service:			
Redemption of Principal	138,869	-	138,869
Interest	3,977	-	3,977
Total Disbursements	886,316	667,516	1,553,832
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	(190,053)	-	(190,053)
Change in Net Assets	(190,053)	-	(190,053)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	589,849	-	589,849
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 399,796	\$ -	\$ 399,796

General receipts represent 51 percent of the Fire District's total receipts, and of this amount, 38 percent is from local taxes. The Fire District received and expended a FEMA SCBA grant during 2005 which comprised 49 percent of the Fire District's total receipts. Grant receipts will vary from year to year and are unpredictable.

Disbursements for general government make up the majority of expenditures for the Fire District. These expenditures are mostly made up of utilities, supplies, repairs, insurance and purchases of tools, machinery and equipment.

#### **Governmental Activities**

If you look at the Statement of Activities on page 12, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Fire District. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for General government, which account for \$1,176,600 and 76 percent of all governmental disbursements, respectively. Security of persons and property also represents a significant cost, about 12 percent. The next column of the Statement entitled "Program Receipts" identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service. The net Receipt (Disbursement) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

# (Table 3) Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	Net Cost
	of Services	of Services
	2005	2005
General Government	\$1,176,600	\$1,176,600
Security of Persons and Property	184,645	184,645
Other	49,741	49,741
Principal Retirement	138,869	138,869
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,977	3,977
Total Expenses	\$1,553,832	\$1,553,832

The dependence upon local tax receipts is apparent as over 33 percent of governmental activities are supported through these general receipts.

#### The Fire District's Funds

#### General

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Fire District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio. General Fund receipts were less than disbursements by \$190,053. This was largely due to the purchase of tools, machinery, and equipment.

Disbursements under Security of Persons and Property include, but are not limited to, payroll and employer-related contributions, and insurance. The Fire Districts cash disbursement for Security of Persons and Property decreased by \$54,641 during 2005 as compared to 2004.

#### FEMA Fire Fund

This fund accounts for proceeds from specific sources (other than from trusts or for capital projects) restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Fire District received and expended a grant, in the amount of \$667,516, from Federal Emergency Management Agency which was used to replace damaged equipment.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

#### **Fire District Budgeting Highlights**

The Fire District's board waived its budgetary requirements for the year ended December 31, 2005. However, the Fire District does utilize appropriations as a method of authorization to spend resources and set limits on disbursements.

Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts		
Budgeted Receipts	\$	1,330,171
Actual Receipts	\$	1,363,779
Variance - Favorable	\$	33,608
Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expend	ditu	res
Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expend	ditu	res
Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expendent Appropriation Authority		res 1,822,818
	\$	
Appropriation Authority	\$	1,822,818

The actual expenditures for Security of Persons and Property were \$355 less than appropriations, actual expenditures for other disbursements were \$220,259 less than appropriations, actual expenditures for debt service were \$2,154 less than appropriations, actual expenditures for General Government were \$8,028 less than appropriations, and actual expenditures for Capital Outlay were \$37,888 less than appropriations

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

The Fire District does not record capital assets in the accompanying basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets (acquisitions of property, plant and equipment) as disbursements. The Fire District had capital outlay disbursements of \$482,112 during the fiscal year 2005.

#### <u>Debt</u>

As of year ended December 31, 2005, the Fire District had no debt.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

#### **Current Issues**

The Fire District relies almost entirely on the tax levies approved by the voters. The Fire District also attempts to obtain grant funding that is available. The Fire District, along with the cooperation of other fire districts, expended the remaining grant funds from the FEMA SCBA grant during 2005. The Fire District undertook a renovation project, which cost approximately \$300,000, of their main station during 2005. The project was completed during 2006.

#### **Contact Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Fire District's finances and to reflect the accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in the report or requests for additional information should be directed to Mr. Peter L. Johnson, Clerk, Western Reserve Joint Fire District, Mahoning County, 111 South Main Street, Poland, Ohio 44514.

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# STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS – CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Governmental Activities
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ <u>399,796</u>
Total Assets	\$ <u>399,796</u>
Net Assets	
Restricted for: General fund encumbrances	\$214,105
Unrestricted	<u>185,691</u>
Total Net Assets	\$ <u>399,796</u>

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2005

				Program Receipts	`	arsements) Receipts nges in Net Assets
Governmental Activities	Di	sbursements	<u>Cap</u>	oital Grants	Govern	mental Activities
Security of Persons and Property	\$	184,645	\$	_	\$	(184,645)
General Government		694,488		-		(694,488)
Capital Outlay		482,112		667,516		185,404
Other		49,741		-		(49,741)
Debt Service:						
Redemption of Principal		138,869		-		(138,869)
Interest		3,977				(3,977)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,553,832	\$	667,516	\$	(886,316)
	Co	neral Receipt	.0			
		cal Taxes	.5			512,921
		ergovernmenta	1			72,713
		nings on Inve		S		15,289
		scellaneous	Stillelle	0		95,340
						_
	Tota	al General Receij	bts			696,263
	Cha	ange in Net As	ssets			(190,053)
	Nei	t Assets Beginnin	ng of Yea	ar		589,849
	Net	t Assets End of	Year		\$	399,796

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

#### STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2005

	<u>General</u>
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Assets	\$ <u>399,796</u> \$ <u>399,796</u>
Fund Balances	
Reserved:	
Reserved for Encumbrances	\$214,105
Unreserved:	
Undesignated, Reported in:	
General Fund	<u>185,691</u>
Total Balance	\$ <u>399,796</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

#### STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

		Governm	ental Fur	nds		
	(	FEMA Fire General Fund		_	Total Governmental Funds	
Receipts:						
Local Taxes	\$	512,921	\$	-	\$ 512,9	21
Intergovernmental		72,713	6	667,516	740,2	229
Earnings on Investments		15,289		-	15,2	289
Miscellaneous		95,340		-	95,3	<b>54</b> 0
Total Receipts		696,263	(	667,516	1,363,7	79
Disbursements:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property		184,645		-	184,6	45
General Government		509,084	6	667,516	1,176,6	
Other		49,741		-	49,7	'41
Debt Service:						
Redemption of Principal		138,869		-	138,8	369
Interest		3,977		-	3,9	77
Total Disbursements		886,316	6	667,516	1,553,8	32
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements		(190,053)		-	(190,0	953)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(190,053)		-	(190,0	053)
Fund balances - Beginning of Year		589,849		-	589,8	349
Fund balances - End of Year	\$	399,796	\$	-	\$ 399,7	'96

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

#### Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Receipts				(0-0)	
Property and Other Local Taxes	513,594	513,594	512,921	(673)	
Intergovernmental	68,759	68,759	72,713	3,954	
Interest Other		-	15,289	15,289	
Other	80,000	80,000	95,340	15,340	
Total receipts	662,353	662,353	696,263	33,910	
<b>Disbursements</b> Current:					
Security of Persons and Property	185,000	185,000	184,645	355	
General Government	35,000	35,000	26,972	8,028	
Capital Outlay	520,000	520,000	482,112	37,888	
Other	270,000	270,000	49,741	220,259	
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	140,000	140,000	138,869	1,131	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	5,000	5,000	3,977	1,023	
Total Disbursements	1,155,000	1,155,000	886,316	268,684	
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(492,647)	(492,647)	(190,053)	302,594	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(492,647)	(492,647)	(190,053)	302,594	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	589,849	589,849	589,849	-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	81,394	81,394	81,394		
Fund Balance End of Year	178,596	178,596	481,190	302,594	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

#### Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis FEMA Fire Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Receipts					
Intergovernmental	667,818	667,818	667,516	(302)	
Total receipts	667,818	667,818	667,516	(302)	
Disbursements					
General Government	667,818	667,818	667,516	302	
Total Disbursements	667,818	667,818	667,516	302	
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>			
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	-	-	-	-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	<u> </u>	<u> </u> .			
Fund Balance End of Year	-	-	-		

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

#### Note 1 – Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Western Reserve Joint Fire District, Mahoning County, (the Fire District) as a body corporate and politic. A five-member Board of Trustees governs the Fire District. Each political subdivision within the Fire District appoints two members with the fifth member being appointed by each on alternating years. Those subdivisions are Poland Township and Poland Village.

The Fire District's management believes the financial statements present all activities for which the Fire District is financially accountable.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government.

#### **Primary Government**

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Fire District. The Fire District provides fire protection and rescue services within the Fire District and by contract to areas outside the Fire District.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

As discussed further in Note 2.C, the financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. Following are the more significant of the Fire District's accounting policies.

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The Fire District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Fire District as a whole. This statement includes the financial activities of the primary government. The statement distinguishes between those activities of the Fire District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The Fire District has no business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the Fire District at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Fire District's governmental activities.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Fire District is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and receipts of interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Fire District's general receipts.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

During the year, the Fire District segregates transactions related to certain Fire District functions or activities in one operating fund. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Fire District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The Fire District uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The Fire District classifies its funds into the following types:

#### Governmental Funds

The Fire District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The Fire District's major funds are the General Fund and FEMA Fire Fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Fire District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio. The FEMA Fire Fund received grant proceeds from the Federal Emergency Management Agency which were used to replace damaged equipment.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

The Fire District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Fire District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Fire District are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### D. <u>Budgetary Process</u>

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Fire District may appropriate.

**Appropriations:** The appropriations ordinance is the Fire District's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Fire District. The legal level of control has been established at the fund, department, and object level for all funds. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

**Estimated Resources:** The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Fire District Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificated of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Fire District.

**Encumbrances:** The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Fire District during the year.

#### E. Cash and Investments

Fire District records identify the purchase of specific investments by specific funds.

To improve cash management, cash received by the Fire District is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Fire District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts, respectively.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Interest earnings are allocated to the Fire District's General Fund according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2005 was \$15,289.

#### F. Restricted Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and investments are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. None of the Fire District's assets are restricted.

#### G. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Fire District's cash basis of accounting.

#### H. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Fire District recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 8 and 9, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

#### I. Long-Term Obligations

The Fire District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

#### J. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

The Fire District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### K. Fund Balance Reserves

The Fire District reserves any portion of fund balances which is not available for appropriation or which is legally segregated for a specific future use. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund balance which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund balance reserves have been established for encumbrances.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

#### Note 3 - Change in Basis of Accounting

Last year the Fire District reported fund financial statements by fund type using the regulatory basis of accounting as prescribed by the State Auditor's Office. This year the Fire District has implemented the cash basis of accounting described in note 2. The fund financial statements now present each major fund in a separate column with nonmajor funds aggregated and presented in a single column, rather than a column for each fund type.

The transition from the regulatory basis of accounting to the cash basis of accounting generated no changes to fund balance/equity as previously reported at December 31, 2004.

#### Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the General fund and the FEMA Fire fund prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (cash basis) (and outstanding year end advances are treated as an other financing source or use (budgetary basis) rather than as an interfund receivable or payable (cash basis)). The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to \$214,105 for the General fund.

#### Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the Fire District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Fire District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Fire District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the Fire District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

#### Note 5 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Fire District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

#### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Fire District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, \$306,491 of the Fire District's bank balance of \$406,491 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Fire District's name.

The Fire District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Fire District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

#### **Note 6 - Property Taxes**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property located in the Fire District. Real property tax receipts received in 2005 represent the collection of 2004 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2005 were levied after October 1, 2004, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2004, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Tangible personal property tax receipts received in 2005 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of 2005 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received in 2005 were levied after October 1, 2004, on the true value as of December 31, 2004. Tangible personal property is currently assessed at 25 percent of true value for capital assets and 23 percent for inventory. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The full tax rate for all Fire District operations for the year ended December 31, 2005, was \$2.8 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property upon which 2005 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property		
Residential/Agricultural	\$	276,486,620
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral		16,003,790
Public Utility		10,943,220
Tangible Personal Property		3,344,308
Total Assessed Value		306,777,938

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the Fire District. The County Auditor periodically remits to the Fire District its portion of the taxes collected.

#### Note 7 - Risk Management

The Fire District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. Covered risks include comprehensive property, general liability, automobile, crime, emergency apparatus, portable equipment, and umbrella.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

#### Note 7 - Risk Management (Continued)

There were no significant reductions in coverage from prior years and claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years. The Fire District is in a group rating plan administered by Comp Management for State Workers' Compensation. The Fire District's rate is based on accident history and administrative costs. At a minimum of every two years the Fire District reviews insurance coverage.

#### Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Fire District participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or (800) 222-7377.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the members of all three plans, except those in law enforcement or public safety participating in the traditional plan, were required to contribute 8.5 percent of their annual covered salaries. Members participating in the traditional plan who were in law enforcement contributed 10.1 percent of their annual covered salary; members in public safety contributed 9 percent. The Fire District's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2005 was 9.55 percent, except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety. For those classifications, the Fire District's pension contributions were 12.7 percent of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The Fire District's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$16,736, \$10,878, and \$8,730 respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2005, 2004 and 2003.

#### Social Security System

All employees not otherwise covered by the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System are required to contribute to Social Security. The Fire District's liability is 6.2% of wages paid.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 (Continued)

#### Note 9 - Postemployment Benefits

#### Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB *Statement No. 12*. A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2005 local government employer contribution rate was 13.55 percent of covered payroll (16.7 percent for public safety and law enforcement); 4.00 percent of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2004, include a rate of return on investments of 8 percent, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4 percent compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .50 percent and 6.3 percent based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase between 1 to 6 percent annually for the next eight years and 4 percent annually after eight years.

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25 percent of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually.

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was 376,109. Actual employer contributions for 2005 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$16,736. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2004, (the latest information available) were \$10.8 billion. The actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$29.5 billion and \$18.7 billion, respectively.

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. The HCPP restructures OPERS' health care coverage to improve the financial solvency of the fund in response to increasing health care costs. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, which will allow additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

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# FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

FEDERAL GRANTOR  Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures	
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			
Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	667,516	
Total		\$667,516	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

# NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

#### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule (the "Schedule") summarizes activity of the Fire District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### **NOTE B - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS**

Certain Federal programs require that the Fire District contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The Fire District has complied with the matching requirements. The expenditure of non-Federal matching funds is not included on the schedule.



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Western Reserve Joint Fire District Mahoning County 111 South Main Street Poland, Ohio 44514

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Western Reserve Joint Fire District (the "Fire District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Fire District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 15, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Fire District's internal control over financial reporting to determine our auditing procedures to express our opinions on the financial statements and not to opine on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts material to the financial statements we audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider material weaknesses.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Fire District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Western Reserve Joint Fire District
Mahoning County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Trustees, and federal awarding agencies. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA
Auditor of State

August 15, 2008



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ITS MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Western Reserve Joint Fire District Mahoning County 111 South Main Street Poland, Ohio 44514

To the Board of Trustees:

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Western Reserve Joint Fire District (the "Fire District") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that apply to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2005. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Fire District's major federal program. The Fire District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Fire District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Fire District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Fire District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Fire District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2005.

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The Fire District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Fire District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Western Reserve Joint Fire District
Mahoning County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Its Major
Federal Program and On Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with
OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be timely detected by employees when performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Trustees, and federal awarding agencies. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

Mary Taylor

August 15, 2008

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 DECEMBER 31, 2005

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA # 97.044 – Assistance to Firefighters Grant.	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No	

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### None

#### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



# Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

# WESTERN RESERVE JOINT FIRE DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 25, 2008