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Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Carroll County District Board of Health Carroll County P. O. Box 98 301 Moody Avenue SW Carrollton, Ohio 44615

To the District Board of Health:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carroll County District Board of Health, Carroll County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements and notes follow the cash accounting basis. This is a comprehensive accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District Board of Health, Carroll County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, TANF, Public Health Nursing and Septic Funds for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting Note 1 describes.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the District revised its financial presentation comparable to the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standard No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 17, 2007, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Carroll County District Board of Health Carroll County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Mary Taylor

Management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

August 17, 2007

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

The management's discussion and analysis of the Carroll County District Board of Health's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2005, within the limitations of the District's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash-basis basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2005 are as follows:

- \$ The total net cash assets of the District increased \$1,197, which represents a 0.42% increase over fiscal year 2004.
- \$ General cash receipts accounted for \$196,405 or 21.13% of total governmental activities cash receipts. Program specific cash receipts accounted for \$732,993 or 78.87% of total governmental activities cash receipts.
- \$ The District had \$928,201 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; \$732,993 of these cash disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General cash receipts (primarily taxes) of \$196,405 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major funds are the general fund, the TANF subsidy fund, the public health nursing fund and the septic fund. The general fund, the District's largest major fund, had cash receipts of \$205,759 in 2005. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund, totaled \$193,506 in 2005. The general fund's cash balance increased \$12,253 from 2004 to 2005.
- \$ The TANF subsidy fund, a District major fund, had cash receipts of \$136,383 in 2005. The TANF subsidy fund had cash disbursements of \$131,792 in 2005. The TANF subsidy fund cash balance increased \$4,591 from 2004 to 2005.
- The public health nursing fund, a District major fund, had cash receipts of \$116,496 and other financing sources of \$39,114 in 2005. The public health nursing fund had cash disbursements of \$181,425 in 2005. The public health nursing fund cash balance decreased \$25,815 from 2004 to 2005.
- \$ The septic fund, a District major fund, had cash receipts of \$45,050 in 2005. The septic fund had cash disbursements of \$47,378 in 2005. The septic fund cash balance decreased \$2,328 from 2004 to 2005.

Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's cash basis of accounting.

The Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis and Statement of Activities – Cash Basis provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting an aggregate view of the District's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, there are four major governmental funds. The general fund is the largest major fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Cash Basis answer the question, how did we do financially during 2005? These statements include *only net assets* using the *cash basis of accounting*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting takes into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in those assets on a cash basis. This change in net cash assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the cash basis financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, mandated federal and state programs and other factors.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

In the Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Cash Basis, Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including TANF subsidy, public health nursing, septic, and general government.

The Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities – Cash Basis can be found on page 11-12 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are classified as governmental funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the TANF Subsidy Fund, the Public Health Nursing Fund, and the Septic Fund. The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 8.

Governmental Funds

All of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various District programs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

Since the District is reporting on the cash basis of accounting, there are no differences in the Net Assets and fund cash balances or changes in Net Assets and changes in fund cash balances. Therefore, no reconciliation is necessary between such financial statements. The governmental fund statements can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a cash basis. The budgetary statements for the General Fund, the TANF Subsidy Fund, the Public Health Nursing Fund, and the Septic Fund are presented to demonstrate the District's compliance with annually adopted budgets. The budgetary statements can be found on pages 16-18 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-26 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets – Cash Basis provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net cash assets for 2005. Since the District did not prepare financial statements in this format for 2004, a comparative analysis of government-wide data has not been presented. In future years, when prior year information is available, a comparative analysis will be presented.

Net Cash Assets

	Governmental Activities 2005			
Assets Equity in pooled cash				
and cash equivalents	\$	285,938		
Total assets		285,938		
Net Assets				
Restricted		101,776		
Unrestricted		184,162		
Total net assets	\$	285,938		

The total net cash assets of the District increased \$1,197, which represents a 0.42% increase over fiscal year 2004.

The balance of government-wide unrestricted net cash assets of \$184,162 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The table below shows the changes in net cash assets for fiscal year 2005.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

Change in Net Cash Assets

	Governmental Activities 2005
Cash Receipts:	
Program cash receipts:	
Charges for services and sales	\$ 279,100
Operating grants and contributions	453,893
Total program cash receipts	732,993
General cash receipts:	
Taxes	157,776
Unrestricted grants	7,874
Other	30,755
Total general cash receipts	196,405
Total cash receipts	929,398
Cash Disbursements:	
Salaries	458,453
Supplies	70,901
Equipment	31,076
Contracts - Repairs	199
Contracts - Services	101,673
Rentals	41,141
Travel	14,513
Fringe Benefits	127,007
Advertising and printing	4,980
Remittance to State	15,846
Other	62,412
Total cash disbursements	928,201
Change in net cash assets	1,197
Net cash assets at beginning of year	284,741
Net cash assets at end of year	\$ 285,938

Governmental Activities

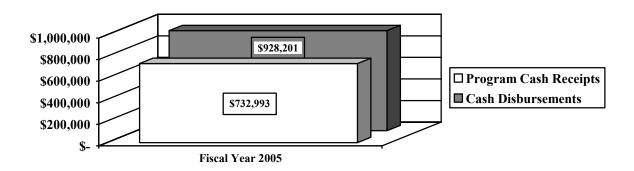
Governmental cash assets increased by \$1,197 in 2005 from 2004.

Salaries represent the largest expenditure of the District. In 2005, salary cash disbursements totaled \$458,453, or 49.39% of total governmental cash disbursements. Salary expenditures were supported by \$124,926 in direct charges to users for services.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2005. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax receipts and unrestricted state grants and entitlements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

Governmental Activities - Program Cash Receipts vs. Total Cash Disbursements



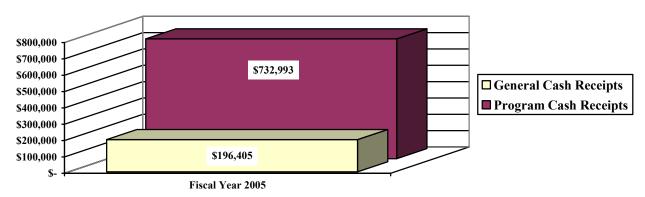
Governmental Activities

	Tot S	Net Cost of Services 2005		
Cash disbursements:				
Current:				
Salaries	\$	458,453	\$	98,634
Supplies		70,901		(5,689)
Equipment		31,076		3,809
Contracts - Repairs		199		(966)
Contracts - Services		101,673		26,737
Rentals		41,141		25,509
Travel		14,513		1,784
Fringe benefits		127,007		9,582
Advertising and printing		4,980		1,668
Remittance to state		15,846		8,635
Other		62,412		25,505
Total	<u>\$</u>	928,201	\$	195,208

The dependence upon general cash receipts for governmental activities is apparent; with 21.03% of cash disbursements supported through taxes and other general cash receipts during 2005.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

Governmental Activities - General and Program Cash Receipts



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting.

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund cash balance of \$285,938, which is \$1,197 above last year's total of \$284,741. The schedule below indicates the fund cash balance and the total change in fund cash balance as of December 31, 2005 and December 31, 2004, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	Fund Cash Balance December 31, 2005	Fund Cash Balance <u>December 31, 2004</u>	Increase (Decrease)		
Major Funds:					
General	\$ 77,222	\$ 64,969	\$ 12,253		
TANF Subsidy	9,627	5,036	4,591		
Public Health Nursing	25,374	51,189	(25,815)		
Septic	44,895	47,223	(2,328)		
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	128,820	116,324	12,496		
Total	\$ 285,938	\$ 284,741	\$ 1,197		

General Fund

The general fund, the District's largest major fund, had cash receipts of \$205,759 in 2005. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund, totaled \$193,506 in 2005. The general fund's cash balance increased \$12,253 from 2004 to 2005.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash receipts of the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

		2005 Amount	 2004 Amount	Percentage Change	
Cash Receipts:					
Taxes	\$	157,776	\$ 63,308	149.22 %	
Intergovernmental		7,874	7,812	0.79 %	
Charges for services		13,563	33,868	(59.95) %	
Other		26,546	 <u>-</u>	100.00 %	
Total	<u>\$</u>	205,759	\$ 104,988	95.98 %	

Tax revenues increased as a result of higher amounts collected in 2005. Fees, licenses and permits decreased due to fewer charges to customers and fewer licenses and permits issued.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2005 mount	2004 mount	Percentage <u>Change</u>	
Cash Disbursements				
Salaries	\$ 23,375	\$ 13,508	73.05 %	
Supplies	965	2,374	(59.35) %	
Equipment	246	1,771	(86.11) %	
Contracts - Repairs	-	83	(100.00) %	
Contracts - Services	3,653	-	100.00 %	
Rentals	30,600	13,800	121.74 %	
Travel	4,130	4,120	0.24 %	
Fringe benefits	4,686	4,293	9.15 %	
Remittances to state	8,126	5,358	51.66 %	
Other	 16,909	 7,786	117.17 %	
Total	\$ 92,690	\$ 53,093	74.58 %	

Although the percentage of change for all expenditure items was significant the actual dollar amount change is not significant. The largest increase of \$16,800 was in rental expense. This increase was due to additional rentals for equipment in 2005 that did not occur in 2004. Salaries and Fringe benefits expenditure changes are a direct result of personnel changes within the District. Overall, cash disbursements increased \$39,597 from 2004.

TANF Subsidy Fund

The TANF subsidy fund, a District major fund, had cash receipts of \$136,383 in 2005. The TANF subsidy fund had cash disbursements of \$131,792 in 2005. The TANF subsidy fund cash balance increased \$4,591 from 2004 to 2005.

Public Health Nursing Fund

The public health nursing fund, a District major fund, had cash receipts of \$116,496 and received \$39,114 in transfers from the general fund during 2005. The public health nursing fund had cash disbursements of \$181,425 in 2005. The public health nursing fund cash balance decreased \$25,815 from 2004 to 2005.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005 UNAUDITED

Septic Fund

The septic fund, a District major fund, had cash receipts of \$45,050 in 2005. The septic fund had cash disbursements of \$47,378 in 2005. The septic fund cash balance decreased \$2,328 from 2004 to 2005.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, final budget basis receipts of \$126,769 were more than original budget estimates of \$88,260. Actual cash receipts of \$205,759 were more than final budget estimates by \$78,990. The final budgetary basis disbursements of \$112,172 were increased \$23,912 from original budget estimates of \$88,260. The actual budgetary basis disbursements of \$196,589 were \$84,417 more than the final budget estimates.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements. The District had equipment disbursements of \$31,076 during fiscal year 2005.

Debt Administration

The District does not have any long-term obligations at December 31, 2005.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ms. Valerie Wohlwend, Fiscal Officer, Carroll County District Board of Health, 301 Moody Ave, P.O. Box 98, Carrollton, OH 44615.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	285,938		
Total assets.		285,938		
Net assets:				
Restricted for:				
Other purposes:				
Public health nursing		25,374		
Septic		44,895		
Food service		15,069		
General environment		16,438		
Unrestricted		184,162		
Total net assets	\$	285,938		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Net (Cash Disbursements) Cash Receipts and Changes in Net Cash

				Program (Changes in Net Cash Assets			
	Cash Disbursements		Charges for Services		Operating and Contributions		Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities:								
Current:								
Salaries	\$	458,453	\$	124,926	\$	234,893	\$	(98,634)
Supplies		70,901		48,214		28,376		5,689
Equipment		31,076		2,410		24,857		(3,809)
Contracts - Repairs		199		1,165		50.006		966
Contracts - Services		101,673		15,730		59,206		(26,737)
Rentals		41,141		6,861		8,771		(25,509)
Travel/Expenses		14,513		2,855		9,874		(1,784)
Fringe Benefits		127,007		50,367		67,058 923		(9,582)
Advertising and printing		4,980 15,846		2,389		923		(1,668)
Other		62,412		7,211 16,972		19,935		(8,635) (25,505)
Other		02,412		10,972		19,933		(23,303)
Totals	\$	928,201	\$	279,100	\$	453,893		(195,208)
	Property Genera	Cash Receipts and other taxes lead purposes	vied fo	or: 				157,776
		nd entitlements no						7,874
	Miscella	neous						30,755
	Total ger	neral cash receipts						196,405
	Change i	n net cash assets.						1,197
	Net cash	assets at beginn	ing of	year				284,741
	Net cash	assets at end of	year .				\$	285,938

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND CASH FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2005

	(General		ΓANF ubsidy		olic Health Nursing		Septic		Other vernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Cash assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	¢	77,222	¢	9,627	•	25 274	¢	44,895	¢	128,820	¢	205.020
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	<u> </u>	11,222	<u> </u>	9,027	<u> </u>	25,374	<u> </u>	44,893	<u> </u>	128,820	<u> </u>	285,938
Total assets	\$	77,222	\$	9,627	\$	25,374	\$	44,895	\$	128,820	\$	285,938
Fund cash balances: Unreserved, undesignated, reported in: General fund. Special revenue funds	\$	77,222	\$	9,627	\$	25,374	\$	- 44,895	\$	128,820	\$	77,222 208,716
1												
Total fund cash balances	\$	77,222	\$	9,627	\$	25,374	\$	44,895	\$	128,820	\$	285,938

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	General	TANF Subsidy	Public Health Nursing	Septic	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash receipts:	¢ 157.776	¢	¢	¢.	¢	\$ 157.776
Taxes	\$ 157,776 7,874	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 317,510	,,,,,
Intergovernmental	7,874	136,383	-	45.050	80,080	461,767
Fees, licenses and permits	13,563	-	116,496	45,050	23,911	125,130 153,970
Other	26,546	-	110,490	-	4,209	30,755
	205,759	136,383	116,496	45,050	425,710	929,398
Total cash receipts	203,739	130,383	110,490	45,030	423,710	929,398
Cash disbursements:						
Current:						
Salaries	23,375	89,249	97,208	28,582	220,039	458,453
Supplies	965	7,792	23,879	3,709	34,556	70,901
Equipment	246	162	440	470	29,758	31,076
Contracts - Repairs	-	-	199	-	-	199
Contracts - Services	3,653	242	23,980	3,840	69,958	101,673
Rentals	30,600	6,760	978	498	2,305	41,141
Travel/Expenses	4,130	5,220	507	39	4,617	14,513
Fringe benefits	4,686	22,367	21,965	5,365	72,624	127,007
Advertising and printing	-	-	294	-	4,686	4,980
Remittances to State	8,126	-	450	-	7,270	15,846
Other	16,909	-	11,525	4,875	29,103	62,412
Total cash disbursements	92,690	131,792	181,425	47,378	474,916	928,201
Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over						
(under) cash disbursements	113.069	4,591	(64,929)	(2,328)	(49,206)	1,197
(unidot) cust also also mente :			(0.3,22)	(2,520)	(13,200)	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Advances in	-	-	-	-	9,500	9,500
Advances out	(9,500)	-	-	-		(9,500)
Transfers in	-	-	39,114	-	52,202	91,316
Transfers out	(91,316)					(91,316)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(100,816)		39,114		61,702	-
Net change in fund cash balances	12,253	4,591	(25,815)	(2,328)	12,496	1,197
Fund cash balances						
at beginning of year	64,969	5,036	51,189	47,223	116,324	284,741
Fund cash balances at end of year	\$ 77,222	\$ 9,627	\$ 25,374	\$ 44,895	\$ 128,820	\$ 285,938

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Rudgot	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Budgetary basis receipts:	Originar		Metual	(Tregative)	
Taxes	\$ 54,873	\$ 78,814	\$ 157,776	\$ 78,962	
Intergovernmental	5,479	7,869	7,874	5	
Charges for services	9,437	13,555	13,563	8	
Other	18,471	26,531	26,546	15	
Total budgetary basis receipts	88,260		205,759	78,990	
Budgetary basis disbursements: Current:					
Salaries	15,450	25,100	24,153	947	
Supplies	2,000	2,369	1,024	1,345	
Equipment	1,500	265	246	1,545	
Contracts - Repairs	500	17	240	17	
Contracts - Services.	2,500	3,900	3,739	161	
Rentals	23,600		31,618	(8,218)	
Travel/Expenses	5,500	5,600	4,347	1,253	
Fringe benefits	2,210	3,516	4,930	(1,414)	
Remittances to State	7,350	10,870	8,396	2,474	
Other	17,650		17,320	8,815	
Total budgetary basis disbursements	78,260		95,773	5,399	
Excess of budgetary basis receipts					
over budgetary basis disbursements	10,000	25,597	109,986	84,389	
Other financing uses:					
Transfers out	-	-	(91,316)	(91,316)	
Advances out	(10,000)		(9,500)	1,500	
Total other financing uses	(10,000)	(11,000)	(100,816)	(89,816)	
Net change in fund cash balance	-	14,597	9,170	(5,427)	
Fund cash balance at beginning of year	54,056	54,056	54,056	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	10,913	10,913	10,913	-	
Fund cash balance at end of year	\$ 64,969	\$ 79,566	\$ 74,139	\$ (5,427)	

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) TANF SUBSIDY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

		Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Dudgetow hasis vessints.	Original		<u>Final</u>				(N	egative)
Budgetary basis receipts:	¢	91.066	¢	126 202	¢	127 202	ď	1
Intergovernmental	\$	81,066	\$	136,382	\$	136,383	\$	1
Total budgetary basis receipts		81,066		136,382		136,383		<u>l</u>
Budgetary basis disbursements:								
Current:								
Salaries		97,903		94,976		89,249		5,727
Supplies		7,728		4,260		7,792		(3,532)
Equipment		_		_		162		(162)
Contracts - Services		-		_		242		(242)
Rentals		7,260		9,076		6,760		2,316
Travel/Expenses		5,527		6,810		5,220		1,590
Fringe benefits		22,618		23,252		22,367		885
Incentives		250		43		-		43
Other		1,100		5,463		-		5,463
Total budgetary basis disbursements		142,386		143,880		131,792		12,088
Net change in fund cash balance		(61,320)		(7,498)		4,591		12,089
Fund cash balance at beginning of year		1,632		1,632		1,632		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,404		3,404		3,404		-
Fund cash balance at end of year	\$	(56,284)	\$	(2,462)	\$	9,627	\$	12,089

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) PUBLIC HEALTH NURSING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
)riginal	Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Budgetary basis receipts:								
Charges for services	\$	109,537	\$	116,496	\$	116,496	\$	
Total budgetary basis receipts		109,537		116,496		116,496		
Budgetary basis disbursements:								
Current:								
Salaries		74,000		99,178		98,358		820
Supplies		28,000		33,233		24,160		9,073
Equipment		500		500		445		55
Contracts - Repairs		300		500		215		285
Contracts - Services		25,000		28,321		24,137		4,184
Rentals		2,000		1,000		995		5
Travel/Expenses		650		1,837		530		1,307
Fringe benefits		13,350		17,357		22,386		(5,029)
Advertising and printing		550		639		299		340
Remittances to State		1,200		1,315		459		856
Other		11,000		15,148	-	11,586		3,562
Total budgetary basis disbursements		156,550		199,028		183,570		15,458
Excess of budgetary basis receipts								
over budgetary basis disbursements		(47,013)		(82,532)	-	(67,074)		15,458
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		36,777		39,114		39,114		_
Total other financing sources		36,777		39,114		39,114		
Net change in fund cash balance		(10,236)		(43,418)		(27,960)		15,458
Fund cash balance at beginning of year		39,007		39,007		39,007		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		12,182		12,182		12,182		
Fund cash balance at end of year	\$	40,953	\$	7,771	\$	23,229	\$	15,458

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) SEPTIC FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Oı	riginal	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Budgetary basis receipts:								
Fees, licenses and pemits	\$	50,000	\$	45,050	\$	45,050	\$	-
Total budgetary basis receipts		50,000		45,050		45,050		-
Budgetary basis disbursements:								
Current:								
Salaries		20,000		29,100		28,979		121
Supplies		12,000		12,444		3,751		8,693
Equipment		500		500		476		24
Contracts - Repairs		500		600		-		600
Contracts - Services		3,400		5,400		3,862		1,538
Rentals		6,000		1,573		511		1,062
Travel/Expenses		300		450		41		409
Fringe benefits		3,435		5,835		5,480		355
Advertising and printing		2,000		200		-		200
Remittances to State		200		700		-		700
Other		13,000		18,314		4,928		13,386
Total budgetary basis disbursements		61,335		75,116		48,028		27,088
Net change in fund cash balance		(11,335)		(30,066)		(2,978)		27,088
Cash basis balance at beginning of year		33,242		33,242		33,242		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	-	13,981	-	13,981	-	13,981		
Cash basis balance at end of year	\$	35,888	\$	17,157	\$	44,245	\$	27,088

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Carroll County District Board of Health, Carroll County, (the "District") as a body corporate and politic. A five-member Board and a Health Commissioner govern the District. The District's services include individual water systems, food service operations, trailer parks and recreation areas for public use, public health nursing services and issues health-related licenses and permits. The Health District's management believes these basic financial statements present all activities for which the Health District is financially responsible.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

The District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraph.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is a concept development to meet the needs of governmental entities in which legal or other restraints require the recording of specific receipts and disbursements. The transactions of each fund are reflected in a self-balancing group of accounts. The District classifies each fund as either governmental, proprietary or fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - The District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants) and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>TANF Subsidy Fund</u> - This fund receives grant money and fees to operate the program in Carroll County.

<u>Public Health Nursing Fund</u> - This fund receives subdivision tax money and fees to operate the nursing program within Carroll County.

<u>Septic Fund</u> - This fund receives charges for services money to provide environmental service related to individual water systems.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for grants and other resources, and capital projects whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds - These funds are used to account for activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that costs of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The District does not have any proprietary funds.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District does not have any fiduciary funds.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The District has no business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the District at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements and program receipts for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the District is responsible.

Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental program is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the general receipts of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

D. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure and amendments thereto. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the District to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Carroll County Treasurer is the custodian for the District's cash and investments. The County's cash and investment pool holds the District's cash and investments, which are reported at the County Treasurer's carrying amount. Deposits and investments disclosures for the County as a whole may be obtained from the Carroll County Treasurer, 1195 S. Lisbon Street, Carrollton, Ohio 44615.

F. Capital Assets

Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment purchased are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

G. Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the basis of accounting used by the District (See Note 2.A.).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Long-Term Obligations

The District's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for long-term obligations. Proceeds of loans are reported as cash when received and principal and interest are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

I. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Health District recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 5 and 6, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

J. Net Assets

Net assets are reported as restricted when enabling legislation or creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments have imposed limitations on its use.

The District first applies restricted resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

NOTE 3 - CHANGE IN BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

For the year ended December 31, 2003, the District reported fund financial statements by fund type using the regulatory basis of accounting as prescribed by the State Auditor's Office. This year the District has implemented the cash basis of accounting as described in Note 2. The fund financial statements now present each major fund in a separate column with nonmajor funds aggregated and presented in a single column, rather than a column for each fund type.

NOTE 4 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles: and
- Errors and omissions.

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The District participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit.

Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to established and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 E. Town St., Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705.

For the year ended December 31, 2005, the members of all three plans, except those in law enforcement or public safety participating in the traditional plan, were required to contribute 8.5% of their annual covered salaries. Members participating in the traditional plan who were in law enforcement contributed 10.1% of their annual covered salary; members in public safety contributed 9%. The District's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2005 was 9.55%, except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety. For those classifications, the District's pension contributions were 12.7% of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's contributions to OPERS for the year ended December 31, 2005 was \$41,166; these contributions were sufficient to fulfill the requirements.

NOTE 6 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) provides postretirement health care coverage to age and service retirees with ten or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with either the traditional or combined plans. Health care coverage for disability recipients and primary survivor recipients is available. Members of the member-directed plan do not qualify for postretirement health care coverage. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit as described in GASB Statement No. 12, "Disclosure of Information on Postemployment Benefits other than Pension Benefits by State and Local Government Employers". A portion of each employer's contribution to the traditional or combined plans is set aside for the funding of postretirement health care based on authority granted by State statute. The 2005 local government employer contribution rate was 13.55% of covered payroll (16.70% for public safety and law enforcement); 4.00% of covered payroll was the portion that was used to fund health care.

Benefits are advance-funded using the entry age actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions, based on OPERS's latest actuarial review performed as of December 31, 2005, include a rate of return on investments of 6.50%, an annual increase in active employee total payroll of 4.00% compounded annually (assuming no change in the number of active employees) and an additional increase in total payroll of between .50% and 6.30% based on additional annual pay increases. Health care premiums were assumed to increase at the projected wage inflation rate (4.00%) plus and an additional factor ranging from .50% to 6.00% for the next nine years. In subsequent years, (10 and beyond) health care costs were assumed to increase at 4.00%.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 6 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

All investments are carried at market. For actuarial valuation purposes, a smoothed market approach is used. Assets are adjusted to reflect 25% of unrealized market appreciation or depreciation on investment assets annually.

The number of active contributing participants in the traditional and combined plans was 376,109 as of December 31, 2005. Actual employer contributions for 2005 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$17,243. The actual contribution and the actuarially required contribution amounts are the same. OPERS's net assets available for payment of benefits at December 31, 2005 were \$11.1 billion. At December 31, 2005, the actuarially accrued liability and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability were \$31.3 billion and \$20.2 billion, respectively.

In December 2001, the Board adopted the Health Care "Choices" Plan. The Choices Plan will be offered to all persons newly hired in an OPERS covered position after January 1, 2004, with no prior service credit accumulated toward health care coverage. Choices will incorporate a cafeteria approach, offering a broader range of health care options. The Plan uses a graded scale from ten to thirty years to calculate a monthly health care benefit. This is in contrast to the ten-year "cliff" eligibility standard for the present Plan.

The benefit recipient will be free to select the option that best meets their needs. Recipients will fund health care costs in excess of their monthly health care benefit. The Plan will also offer a spending account feature, enabling the benefit recipient to apply their allowance toward specific medical expenses, much like a Medical Spending Account.

On September 9, 2004 the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. The HCPP restructures OPERS' health care coverage to improve the financial solvency of the fund in response to skyrocketing health care costs.

Under the HCPP, retirees eligible for health care coverage will receive a graded monthly allocation based on their years of service at retirement. The Plan incorporates a cafeteria approach, offering a broad range of health care options that allow benefit recipients to use their monthly allocation to purchase health care coverage customized to meet their individual needs. If the monthly allocation exceeds the cost of the options selected, the excess is deposited into a Retiree Medical Account that can be used to fund future health care expenses.

NOTE 7 - CONTINGENT LIABILITY

LITIGATION

The District is not currently involved in litigation that the District's legal counsel anticipates a loss.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2005, consisted of the following, as reported in the fund financial statements:

	<u>Transfer From</u>
<u>Transfer to</u>	General
Public Health Nursing Nonmajor Governmental	\$ 39,114 52,202
Total	\$ 91,316

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. All transfers were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.15.

B. Advances for the year ended December 31, 2005, consisted of the following, as reported in the fund financial statements:

	Adva	nce From
Advance To	G	eneral_
Nonmajor Governmental	\$	9,500

The advances are expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTE 9 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances on the cash basis, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements and Changes in Fund Cash Balance – Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budget basis and the cash basis is outstanding year-end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budget) rather than a reservation of fund balance (cash).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the cash basis statement to the budgetary basis statement for the general fund and major special revenue funds:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

NOTE 9 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

Net Change in Fund Cash Balance

			Public							
	General		TANF Subsidy			Health Nursing		Septic		
Cash Basis	\$	77,222	\$	9,627	\$	25,374	\$	44,895		
Adjustment for Encumbrances		(3,083)		<u>-</u>		(2,145)		(650)		
Budget Basis	\$	74,139	\$	9,627	\$	23,229	\$	44,245		



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Carroll County District Board of Health Carroll County P. O. Box 98 301 Moody Avenue SW Carrollton, Ohio 44615

To the District Board of Health:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Carroll County District Board of Health, Carroll County, (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 17, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with its applicable accounting basis, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a more-than-inconsequential financial statement misstatement.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies resulting in more than a remote likelihood that the District's internal control will not prevent or detect a material financial statement misstatement.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all internal control deficiencies that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated August 17, 2007.

Carroll County District Board of Health
Carroll County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
And on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Government's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Health. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Mary Taylor, CPA
Auditor of State

August 17, 2007



Mary Taylor, CPA Auditor of State

DISTRICT BOARD OF HEALTH CARROLL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MAY 29, 2008