



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

MADEIRA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HAMILTON COUNTY

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Madeira City School District Hamilton County 7465 Loannes Drive Cincinnati, Ohio 45243

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Madeira City School District, Hamilton County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Madeira City School District, Hamilton County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 29, 2011, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Madeira City School District Hamilton County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The federal awards expenditure schedule provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The federal awards expenditure schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

August 29, 2011

The discussion and analysis of Madeira City School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2011 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities increased \$621,953 which represents a 5% increase from 2010.
- General revenues accounted for \$17,987,089 in revenue or 87% of all revenues. Program specific evenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,662,919 or 13% of total revenues of \$20,650,008.
- The District had \$20,028,055 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,662,919 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$17,987,089 were also used to provide for these programs.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *Statement of Net Assets* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longerterm view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The General and Debt Service Funds are the major funds of the District.

Government-wide Financial Statements

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2011?" The Government-wide Financial Statements answer this question. These statements include *all assets* and *liabilities* using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, both financial and non-financial. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Government-wide Financial Statements, the District presents:

• Governmental Activities – Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, extracurricular activities and interest and fiscal charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major funds are presented in the Fund Financial Statements. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds.

Governmental Funds Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefits of parties outside the government. Fiduciary Funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

The District as a Whole

As stated previously, the Statement of Net Assets looks at the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2011 compared to 2010:

TT 1 1 1

| Table 1 | | | |
|--|-------------------------|---|--|
| Net Assets | | | |
| | Governmental Activities | | |
| | 2011 | 2010 | |
| Assets: | | | |
| Current and Other Assets | \$22,613,382 | \$23,613,273 | |
| Capital Assets | 30,889,916 | 30,245,919 | |
| Total Assets | 53,503,298 | 53,859,192 | |
| Liabilities: | | | |
| Other Liabilities | 10,768,100 | 10,713,394 | |
| Long-Term Liabilities | 29,400,971 | 30,433,524 | |
| Total Liabilities | 40,169,071 | 41,146,918 | |
| Net Assets: | | | |
| Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt | 3,328,301 | 1,403,540 | |
| Restricted | 3,549,539 | 4,997,513 | |
| Unrestricted | 6,456,387 | 6,311,221 | |
| Total Net Assets | \$13,334,227 | \$12,712,274 | |
| \$60,000,000 \$40,000,000 \$20,000,000 \$0 \$0 2011 | 2010 | Net Assets Liabilities Assets | |

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2011, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$13,334,227.

At year-end, capital assets represented 58% of total assets. Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, and equipment. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2011, was \$3,328,301. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$3,549,539 represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they must be used. The external restriction will not affect the availability of fund resources for future use.

Total assets remained relatively consistent from 2010 to 2011. Long-Term Liabilities decreased mainly due to the District making regularly scheduled debt payments.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

| | Governmental Activities | |
|---|-------------------------|--------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 |
| Revenues: | | |
| Program Revenues | | |
| Charges for Services | \$1,112,519 | \$1,069,853 |
| Operating Grants, Contributions | 1,542,400 | 1,342,730 |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | 8,000 | 366,000 |
| General Revenues: | | |
| Property Taxes | 12,627,670 | 12,877,859 |
| Grants and Entitlements | 4,833,159 | 4,981,587 |
| Other | 526,260 | 1,697,053 |
| Total Revenues | 20,650,008 | 22,335,082 |
| Program Expenses: | | |
| Instruction | 10,668,988 | 10,761,624 |
| Support Services: | | |
| Pupil and Instructional Staff | 1,518,780 | 1,479,834 |
| School Administrative, General | | |
| Administration, Fiscal and Business | 1,878,229 | 1,759,380 |
| Operations and Maintenance | 1,574,603 | 1,744,571 |
| Pupil Transportation | 780,486 | 767,148 |
| Central | 568,685 | 589,192 |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 974,686 | 846,874 |
| Extracurricular Activities | 555,695 | 520,444 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 1,507,903 | 1,311,705 |
| Total Program Expenses | 20,028,055 | 19,780,772 |
| Changes in Net Assets | 621,953 | 2,554,310 |
| Net Assets Beginning of Year | 12,712,274 | 10,157,964 |
| Net Assets End of Year | \$13,334,227 | \$12,712,274 |

Table 2Changes in Net Assets

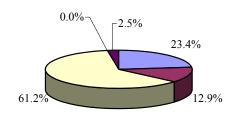
Governmental Activities

The District revenues are mainly from two sources. Property taxes levied for general and debt service purposes, and grants and entitlements comprised 85% of the District's revenues for governmental activities.

The District depends greatly on property taxes as a revenue source. The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenues generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

Thus Ohio districts do not receive additional property tax revenue from increases in appraisal values and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Property taxes made up 61% of revenue for governmental activities for the District in fiscal year 2011.

| | | Percent |
|----------------------|--------------|----------|
| Revenue Sources | 2011 | of Total |
| General Grants | \$4,833,159 | 23.4% |
| Program Revenues | 2,662,919 | 12.9% |
| General Tax Revenues | 12,627,670 | 61.2% |
| Investment Earnings | 5,302 | 0.0% |
| Other Revenues | 520,958 | 2.5% |
| | \$20,650,008 | 100.0% |



Instruction comprises 53% of governmental program expenses. Support services expenses were 32% of governmental program expenses. All other expenses including interest expense were 15%. Interest expense was attributable to the outstanding bond and borrowing for capital projects.

The District had a decrease in taxes revenue mainly due to a decrease in property tax receipts. The District had a decrease in other revenues from 2010 to 2011 due to the District receiving a one-time donation of approximately \$1.5 million to be used for energy conservation projects (geothermal wells at the high school, lighting reductions, occupancy sensors at all three District buildings, and an energy audit) throughout the District. Interest and fiscal charges increased mainly due to an increase in yearly accreted interest on the District's capital appreciation bonds.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for government activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

| | Total Cost o | Total Cost of Services | | Services |
|---|--------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2011 | 2010 | 2011 | 2010 |
| Instruction | \$10,668,988 | \$10,761,624 | (\$9,628,226) | (\$9,832,016) |
| Support Services: | | | | |
| Pupil and Instructional Staff | 1,518,780 | 1,479,834 | (1,429,764) | (1,379,177) |
| School Administrative, General | | | | |
| Administration, Fiscal and Business | 1,878,229 | 1,759,380 | (1,868,113) | (1,748,779) |
| Operations and Maintenance | 1,574,603 | 1,744,571 | (1,338,862) | (1,555,111) |
| Pupil Transportation | 780,486 | 767,148 | (766,294) | (767,148) |
| Central | 568,685 | 589,192 | (556,860) | (577,333) |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 974,686 | 846,874 | (44,945) | 5,765 |
| Extracurricular Activities | 555,695 | 520,444 | (224,169) | 163,315 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 1,507,903 | 1,311,705 | (1,507,903) | (1,311,705) |
| Total Expenses | \$20,028,055 | \$19,780,772 | (\$17,365,136) | (\$17,002,189) |

Table 3 Governmental Activities

The District's Funds

The District has two major governmental funds: the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund. Assets of the general fund comprised \$17,274,148 (76%) and the debt service fund comprised \$3,502,229 (15%) of the total \$22,613,382 governmental funds assets.

General Fund: Fund balance at June 30, 2011 was \$7,905,532, an increase in fund balance of \$485,250 from 2010. The primary reason for the increase in the fund balance was due to an increase in revenue in lieu of taxes.

Debt Service Fund: Fund balance at June 30, 2011 was \$2,158,210, a decrease in fund balance of \$214,152 from 2010. The primary reason for the decrease in fund balance was due to a decrease in taxes revenue.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2011, the District amended its general fund budget. The District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management. During the course of the year, the District revised the Budget in an attempt to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures.

For the General Fund, the original budget basis revenue was \$15,910,215, compared to final budget estimates of \$15,714,809. The difference between the original budget basis and final budget was \$195,406, which was mostly due to decreases in taxes and intergovernmental revenue estimates.

The District's ending unobligated cash balance was \$5,554,128.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2011, the District had \$30,889,916 invested in land, buildings and improvements, and equipment. Table 4 shows fiscal 2011 balances compared to fiscal 2010:

Table 4 Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

| | Government | Governmental Activities | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | 2011 | 2010 | | |
| Land | \$963,381 | \$963,381 | | |
| Construction in Progress | 0 | 92,677 | | |
| Buildings and Improvements | 29,140,018 | 28,336,357 | | |
| Equipment | 786,517 | 853,504 | | |
| Total Net Capital Assets | \$30,889,916 | \$30,245,919 | | |

Overall, net capital assets increased mainly due to current additions exceeded current year depreciation expense.

See Note 6 to the basic financial statements for further details on the District's capital assets.

Debt

At June 30, 2011, the District had \$28,628,465 in bonds and capital leases outstanding, \$1,472,094 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes debt outstanding.

Madeira City School District **Management's Discussion and Analysis** For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

(Unaudited)

| | Governmental Activities | | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------|--|
| | 2011 | 2010 | |
| General Obligation Bonds: | | | |
| 2003 School Improvement Refunding Bonds: | | | |
| Current Interest | \$2,100,000 | \$2,555,000 | |
| Capital Appreciation | 19,994 | 19,994 | |
| Accretion of Interest | 230,584 | 0 | |
| 2005 School Improvement Bonds: | | | |
| Current Interest | 1,350,000 | 1,715,000 | |
| Capital Appreciation | 365,000 | 365,000 | |
| Accretion of Interest | 453,377 | 350,115 | |
| 2006 School Improvement Refunding Bonds: | | | |
| Current Interest | 21,230,000 | 21,665,000 | |
| Capital Appreciation | 2,060,000 | 2,060,000 | |
| Accretion of Interest | 382,889 | 298,498 | |
| Premium on Refunding Bonds | 1,409,115 | 1,476,216 | |
| Deferred Amount on Refunding Bonds | (1,310,706) | (1,373,120) | |
| Capital Leases | 338,212 | 359,283 | |
| Total Bonds and Capital Leases | \$28,628,465 | \$29,490,986 | |

Table 5 Outstanding Debt, at Year End

See Note 7-9 to the basic financial statements for further details on the District's long-term obligations.

For the Future

A challenge facing the District is the future of state funds. On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court found the state's school funding system unconstitutional but declined to retain jurisdiction of the matter meaning the decision included no timeline for compliance or accountability for lack of compliance. The District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

In June of 2005, the State legislature passed House Bill 66. House Bill 66 phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general business, telephone, and telecommunications companies, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property began being phased out in 2006 and will be eliminated by 2009. The tax on telephone and telecommunication property will begin being phased out in 2009 and will be eliminated by 2011. The tax is being phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. In the first five years, school districts were reimbursed fully for the lost revenue and in the following seven years the reimbursements were supposed to be phased out. HB1, 2009-2011 State biennium budget, included language to postpone the phase down of the reimbursement from 2011 to 2014. The phase down % remained unchanged so therefore in 2014 the reimbursement would have dropped to 50%. However, HB153, 2011-2013 State biennium budget, included language that revised the phase down of the tangible tax reimbursement. Madeira City Schools will lose most of the remaining tangible tax reimbursement in 2012 and the small remaining balance in 2013.

In July, 2009, Ohio's Governor signed HB1, the state biennium budget bill. Included in the bill was a complete overhaul of the school funding model for all school districts in Ohio. The Ohio Evidence-Based Model (OEBM) replaced the long-standing foundation formula that was declared unconstitutional by the Ohio Supreme Court. Due to the economic crisis the OEBM was going to be phased in. Fiscal Years 2010 and 2011 were funded using the partially phased in OEBM.

In June, 2011, Ohio's Governor signed HB153, the state biennium budget bill for 2012 and 2013. Language included in HB153 eliminated the OEBM funding model. As of this date a new funding model has not been developed. The district has been guaranteed the same basic level of funding in Fiscal Year 2012 as in Fiscal Year 2011.

Due to the uncertain and ever changing State budget allocation to public schools, the district will be required to manage carefully and prudently the resources currently available. With careful planning the monitoring of the District's finances, the District's management is confident that the District can continue to provide a quality education for our students and provide a secure financial future. The District has submitted ballot language to the Hamilton County Board of Elections for a continuous 6.9 mill operating levy on the November, 2011 ballot.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Susan Crabill, Treasurer at Madeira City School District, 7465 Loannes Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio 45243. Or E-mail at scrabill@madeiracityschools.org.

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Madeira City School District Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

| | Governmental Activities |
|---|----------------------------|
| Assets: | ¢0.004.710 |
| Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments | \$8,004,712 |
| Restricted Cash and Investments Receivables: | 340,527 |
| Taxes | 12 000 044 |
| Accounts | 13,088,844 26,310 |
| | 1,152,989 |
| Intergovernmental | 963,381 |
| Nondepreciable Capital Assets | , |
| Depreciable Capital Assets, Net | 29,926,535 |
| Total Assets | 53,503,298 |
| Liabilities: | |
| Accounts Payable | 322,730 |
| Accrued Wages and Benefits | 2,153,300 |
| Retainage Payable | 71,244 |
| Accrued Interest Payable | 95,673 |
| Contracts Payable | 421,535 |
| Deferred Revenue | 7,703,618 |
| Long-Term Liabilities: | |
| Due Within One Year | 1,672,866 |
| Due In More Than One Year | 27,728,105 |
| Total Liabilities | 40,169,071 |
| Net Assets: | |
| Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt | 3,328,301 |
| Restricted for: | |
| Debt Service | 2,149,074 |
| Capital Projects | 79,831 |
| Special Education | 565,857 |
| Disadvantaged Children | 124,967 |
| Set-Aside | 269,283 |
| Other Purposes | 360,527 |
| Unrestricted | 6,456,387 |
| Total Net Assets | \$13,334,227 |

Madeira City School District Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

| | | | | | Net (Expense) Revenue |
|---|--------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Program Revenues | | | and Changes in Net Assets |
| | | Charges for | Operating Grants | Capital Grants | Governmental |
| | Expenses | Services and Sales | and Contributions | and Contributions | Activities |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | |
| Instruction: | | | | | |
| Regular | \$8,232,577 | \$116,386 | \$92,490 | \$0 | (\$8,023,701) |
| Special | 2,319,271 | 9,288 | 792,319 | 0 | (1,517,664) |
| Vocational | 0 | 0 | 123 | 0 | 123 |
| Other | 117,140 | 25,597 | 4,559 | 0 | (86,984) |
| Support Services: | | | | | |
| Pupil | 1,163,177 | 38,003 | 6,240 | 0 | (1,118,934) |
| Instructional Staff | 355,603 | 1,078 | 43,695 | 0 | (310,830) |
| General Administration | 44,941 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (44,941) |
| School Administration | 1,221,333 | 10,116 | 0 | 0 | (1,211,217) |
| Fiscal | 504,699 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (504,699) |
| Business | 107,256 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (107,256) |
| Operations and Maintenance | 1,574,603 | 13,695 | 222,046 | 0 | (1,338,862) |
| Pupil Transportation | 780,486 | 0 | 14,192 | 0 | (766,294) |
| Central | 568,685 | 0 | 11,825 | 0 | (556,860) |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 974,686 | 574,830 | 354,911 | 0 | (44,945) |
| Extracurricular Activities | 555,695 | 323,526 | 0 | 8,000 | (224,169) |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 1,507,903 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (1,507,903) |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$20,028,055 | \$1,112,519 | \$1,542,400 | \$8,000 | (17,365,136) |

| General Revenues: | |
|---|--------------|
| Property Taxes Levied for: | |
| General Purposes | 10,747,727 |
| Debt Service Purposes | 1,879,943 |
| Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs | 4,833,159 |
| Revenue in Lieu of Taxes | 383,076 |
| Unrestricted Contributions | 10,000 |
| Investment Earnings | 5,302 |
| Other Revenues | 127,882 |
| Total General Revenues | 17,987,089 |
| Change in Net Assets | 621,953 |
| Net Assets Beginning of Year | 12,712,274 |
| Net Assets End of Year | \$13,334,227 |

Madeira City School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

| | General | Debt Service | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|--|------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments | \$5,597,971 | \$1,412,210 | \$994,531 | \$8,004,712 |
| Restricted Cash and Investments | \$5,597,971 293,796 | \$1,412,210 0 | 46,731 | \$8,004,712 340,527 |
| Receivables: | 293,790 | 0 | 40,751 | 540,527 |
| Taxes | 10,998,825 | 2,090,019 | 0 | 13,088,844 |
| Accounts | 480 | 2,090,019 | 25,830 | 26,310 |
| Intergovernmental | 383,076 | 0 | 769,913 | 1,152,989 |
| Total Assets | 17,274,148 | 3,502,229 | 1,837,005 | 22,613,382 |
| Liabilities and Fund Balances: | | | | |
| Liabilities: | 10(000 | <u>^</u> | | |
| Accounts Payable | 186,939 | 0 | 135,791 | 322,730 |
| Accrued Wages and Benefits | 1,936,762 | 0 | 216,538 | 2,153,300 |
| Compensated Absences | 154,469 | 0 | 0 | 154,469 |
| Retainage Payable Contracts Payable | 24,513 135,570 | 0 0 | 46,731 285,965 | 71,244 421,535 |
| Deferred Revenue | 6,930,363 | 1,344,019 | 283,903 769,913 | 9,044,295 |
| Deteried Revenue | 0,930,303 | 1,544,019 | /09,915 | 9,044,293 |
| Total Liabilities | 9,368,616 | 1,344,019 | 1,454,938 | 12,167,573 |
| Fund Balances: | | | | |
| Restricted | 269,283 | 2,158,210 | 17,368 | 2,444,861 |
| Committed | 0 | 0 | 476,805 | 476,805 |
| Unassigned | 7,636,249 | 0 | (112,106) | 7,524,143 |
| Total Fund Balances | 7,905,532 | 2,158,210 | 382,067 | 10,445,809 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$17,274,148 | \$3,502,229 | \$1,837,005 | \$22,613,382 |

| Madeira City School District |
|--|
| Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to |
| Net Assets of Governmental Activities |
| June 30, 2011 |

| June 30, 2011 | | |
|--|----------------------|--------------|
| Total Governmental Fund Balance | | \$10,445,809 |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. | | 30,889,916 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. | | |
| Delinquent Property Taxes Intergovernmental | \$570,764 769,913 | |
| | | 1,340,677 |
| In the statement of net assets interest payable is accrued when incurred, whereas in the governmental funds interest is reported as a liability only when it will require the use of current financial resources. | | (95,673) |
| Some liabilities reported in the statement of net assets do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds. | | |
| Compensated Absences | | (618,037) |
| Long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. | - | (28,628,465) |
| Net Assets of Governmental Activities | - | \$13,334,227 |
| | | |

| | | Debt | Other Governmental | Total Governmental |
|--|--------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | General | Service | Funds | Funds |
| Revenues: | General | Service | Tullus | Fullus |
| Taxes | \$10,762,885 | \$1,881,978 | \$0 | \$12,644,863 |
| Revenue in lieu of taxes | 383,076 | \$1,881,978 0 | 0 | 383,076 |
| Tuition and Fees | 30,547 | 0 | 114,271 | 144,818 |
| Investment Earnings | 11,639 | 1,040 | 711 | 13,390 |
| Intergovernmental | 4,578,873 | 268,345 | 1,121,732 | 5,968,950 |
| Extracurricular Activities | 80,080 | 200,545 | 268,979 | 349,059 |
| Charges for Services | 10,116 | 0 | 588,525 | 598,641 |
| Other Revenues | 72,732 | 0 | 143,151 | 215,883 |
| Sulei Revenues | 12,132 | 0 | 145,151 | 215,005 |
| Total Revenues | 15,929,948 | 2,151,363 | 2,237,369 | 20,318,680 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| Instruction: | | | | |
| Regular | 7,281,390 | 0 | 160,099 | 7,441,489 |
| Special | 1,695,293 | 0 | 569,813 | 2,265,106 |
| Other | 69,268 | 0 | 4,559 | 73,827 |
| Support Services: | | | | |
| Pupil | 1,095,609 | 0 | 59,191 | 1,154,800 |
| Instructional Staff | 342,787 | 0 | 37,102 | 379,889 |
| General Administration | 44,941 | 0 | 0 | 44,941 |
| School Administration | 1,253,918 | 0 | 0 | 1,253,918 |
| Fiscal | 481,854 | 24,769 | 0 | 506,623 |
| Business | 54,841 | 0 | 0 | 54,841 |
| Operations and Maintenance | 1,313,360 | 0 | 235,689 | 1,549,049 |
| Pupil Transportation | 779,482 | 0 | 933 | 780,415 |
| Central | 484,027 | 0 | 11,825 | 495,852 |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 970 | 0 | 955,217 | 956,187 |
| Extracurricular Activities | 308,130 | 0 | 233,684 | 541,814 |
| Capital Outlay | 162,109 | 0 | 1,658,277 | 1,820,386 |
| Debt Service: | - , | | ,, · · | <u> </u> |
| Principal Retirement | 241,071 | 1,255,000 | 0 | 1,496,071 |
| Interest and Fiscal Charges | 15,648 | 1,085,746 | 0 | 1,101,394 |
| - | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | 15,624,698 | 2,365,515 | 3,926,389 | 21,916,602 |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | 305,250 | (214,152) | (1,689,020) | (1,597,922) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): | | | | |
| Issuance of Capital Leases | 220,000 | 0 | 0 | 220,000 |
| Transfers In | 0 | 0 | 40,000 | 40,000 |
| Transfers (Out) | (40,000) | 0 | 0 | (40,000) |
| | | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 180,000 | 0 | 40,000 | 220,000 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 485,250 | (214,152) | (1,649,020) | (1,377,922) |
| | | | | |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year | 7,420,282 | 2,372,362 | 2,031,087 | 11,823,731 |

| Madeira City School District |
|--|
| Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes |
| in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities |
| For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: |

(\$1,377,922)

Governmental funds report capital asset additions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of the difference between capital asset additions and depreciation in the current period.

\$1,729,030 Capital assets used in governmental activities (1,084,159) Depreciation Expense 644,871 Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. The amount of the proceeds must be removed and the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets must be recognized. This is the amount of the difference between the proceeds and the gain or loss. (874) Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Delinquent Property Taxes (\$17,193) Interest (8,088)Intergovernmental 356,609 331,328 Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term 1,496,071 liabilities in the statement of net assets. In the statement of activities interest expense is accrued when incurred, whereas in governmental funds an interest expenditure is reported 7,035 when due. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences \$154,988 Amortization of Bond Premium 67,101 Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding (62, 414)Bond Accretion (418,231) (258,556) Proceeds from capital lease issues are an other financing source in the funds, but a debt issue increases long-term liabilities in the statement

 of net assets.
 (220,000)

 Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities
 \$621,953

| | Agency |
|--|----------|
| Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables: | \$83,262 |
| Accounts | 1,540 |
| Total Assets | 84,802 |
| Liabilities: | |
| Accounts Payable | 5,075 |
| Other Liabilities | 79,727 |
| Total Liabilities | \$84,802 |

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Note 1 - Description of the District

The District was chartered by the Ohio State Legislature. In 1949 state laws were enacted to create local Boards of Education. Today, the District operates under current standards prescribed by the Ohio State Board of Education as provided in division (D) of Section 3301.07 and Section 119.01 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The District operates under a locally elected five member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by its charter or further mandated by state and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the District's instructional and support facilities staffed by 66 non-certificated personnel and 131 certificated teaching and 7 administrative personnel to provide services to students and other community members.

The District currently operates 1 elementary school (grades K-4), 1 middle school (grades 5-8), and 1 senior high school (grades 9-12).

Reporting Entity

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board [GASB] Statement 14, the financial reporting entity consists of a primary government. The District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments.

There are no component units combined with the District for financial statement presentation purposes, and it is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Consequently, the District's financial statements include only the funds of those organizational entities for which its elected governing body is financially accountable. The District's major operations include education, pupil transportation, food service, and maintenance of District facilities. The District contracts with outside organizations for pupil transportation and food service.

The following activities are included within the reporting entity:

Within the District boundaries, St. Gertrude Elementary School is operated as a private school. Current State legislation provides funding to this parochial school. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial schools. The activity of this State money by the District is reflected in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

The District is associated with five organizations, of which four are defined as jointly governed organizations and the fifth is a group insurance consortium. These organizations include the Unified Purchasing Cooperative of Ohio River Valley, Great Oaks Institute of Technology and Career Development, Hamilton/Clermont Cooperative Association/Computer Consortium, the Greater Cincinnati Insurance Consortium and the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchases Council (Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program).

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets. Fiduciary Funds are not included in entity-wide statements.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general obligation bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations from governmental resources when the District is obligated in some manner for the payment.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodian in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District has a student activity agency fund which accounts for assets and liabilities generated by student managed activities.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the actual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, included property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: property taxes available for advance, grants and interest.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2011, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2012 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents amounts under the accrual basis of accounting for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not yet been met because such amounts have not yet been earned.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

Cash received by the District is pooled for investment purposes. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the financial statements.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2011 amounted to \$11,639, \$1,040 for debt service fund and \$711 for other governmental funds.

Capital Assets

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars (\$1,000). The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated, except land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is allocated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

| Description | Estimated Lives | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Buildings and Improvements | 10 - 50 years | |
| Equipment | 5 - 20 years | |

Compensated Absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time, when earned, for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences are recognized when due. The related liabilities are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured.

The District's policies regarding compensated absences are determined by the state laws and/or negotiated agreements. In summary, the policies are as follows:

| Vacation | Certified | Administrators | Non-Certificated |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| How earned | Not Eligible | 15-20 days for each service year depending on length of service. | 10-20 days for each service year depending on length of service. |
| Maximum Accumulation | Not Applicable | 15-20 days | 10-20 days |
| Vested | Not Applicable | As Earned | As Earned |
| Termination Entitlement | Not Applicable | Paid upon Termination | Paid upon Termination |
| Sick Leave | | | |
| How Earned | 1 1/4 days per month of employment (15 days per year) | 1 1/4 days per month of employment (15 days per year) | 1 1/4 days per month of employment (15 days per year) |
| Sick Leave | Certified | Administrators | Non-Certificated |
| Maximum Accumulation | 220 | 220 | 220 |
| Vested | As Earned | As Earned | As Earned |
| Termination Entitlement | Per Contract | Per Contract | Per Contract |

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. Of the District's \$3,549,539 in restricted net assets, none were restricted by enabling legislation.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the Statement of Net Assets.

As a general rule the effect of interfund (internal) activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statement of activities. The interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting*, the District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The following categories are used:

Nonspendable – resources that are not in spendable form (inventory) or have legal or contractual requirements to maintain the balance intact.

Restricted – resources that have external purpose restraints imposed on them by providers, such as creditors, grantors, or other regulators.

Committed – resources that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government at its highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Education.

Assigned – resources that are intended to be used for specific purposes as approved through the District's formal purchasing procedure by the Treasurer.

Unassigned – residual fund balance within the General Fund that is not restricted, committed, or assigned. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from incurred expenses for specific purposes exceeding amounts which had been restricted, committed or assigned for said purposes.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. The District considers committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be uses.

<u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent equity in pooled and investments set-aside to establish a textbook reserve and retainage held for vendors. Restricted assets in the other governmental funds represent cash and investments for retainage held for vendors.

Note 3 - Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

The District maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments."

State statute requires the classification of monies held by the District into three categories:

<u>Active Monies</u> - Those monies required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the District. Such monies must by law be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand.

<u>Inactive Monies</u> – Those monies not required for use within the current two year period of designated depositories. Ohio law permits inactive monies to be deposited or invested as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designated depositories, or as savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to passbook accounts.

<u>Interim Monies</u> – Those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Ohio law permits interim monies to be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- (1) Bonds, notes, or other obligations of or guaranteed by the United States, or those for which the faith of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest.
- (2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal governmental agency.
- (3) No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions.
- (4) Interim deposits in the eligible institutions applying for interim monies to be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including, but limited to, passbook accounts.
- (5) Bonds, and other obligations of the State of Ohio.
- (6) The Ohio State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio).
- (7) Commercial paper and banker's acceptances which meet the requirements established by Ohio Revised Code, Sec. 135.142.
- (8) Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy for deposits is any balance not covered by depository insurance will be collateralized by the financial institutions with pledged securities. As of June 30, 2011, \$5,163,394 of the District's bank balance of \$5,413,394 was exposed to custodial risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

Ohio Revised Code Chapter 135, Uniform Depository Act, authorizes pledging of pooled securities in lieu of specific securities. Specifically, a designated public depository may pledge a single pool of eligible securities to secure repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution, provided that all times the total value of the securities so pledged is at least equal to 105% of the total amount of all public deposits secured by the pool, including the portion of such deposits covered by any federal deposit insurance.

W.

Investments

As of June 30, 2011, the District had the following investments:

| | | Weighted Average |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|
| Investment Type | Fair Value | Maturity (Years) |
| Federal Home Loan Bank | \$593,028 | 0.45 |
| Federal Home Loan Mortgage | 65,286 | 0.46 |
| Federal Farm Credit Bank | 144,960 | 1.48 |
| Federal National Mortgage Association | 667,923 | 2.35 |
| U.S. Treasury Note | 95,232 | 0.29 |
| Discount Commercial Paper | 997,330 | 0.40 |
| Money Market Funds | 501,071 | 0.00 |
| Total Fair Value | \$3,064,830 | |
| | | |
| Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity | | 0.82 |

Interest Rate Risk - In accordance with the investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to three years.

Credit Risk – It is the District's policy to limit its investments that are not obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government to investments which have the highest credit quality rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investments in Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Farm Credit Bank, U.S. Treasury Note and Money Market Funds were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Fitch ratings and Aaa by Moody's Investment Service. The District's investments in Discount Commercial Paper was rated A-1+ by Standard & Poor's ratings and P-1 by Moody's Investment Service.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District's investment policy allows investments in Federal Agencies or Instrumentalities. The District has invested 19% in Federal Home Loan Bank, 2% in Federal Home Loan Mortgage, 22% in Federal National Mortgage Association, 5% in Federal Farm Credit Bank, 33% in Discount Commercial Paper, 3% in U.S. Treasury Note, and 16% in Money Market Funds.

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the District's securities are either insured and registered in the name of the District or at least registered in the name of the District.

Note 4 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year, were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property at 88 percent of true value (with certain exceptions) and on real property at 35 percent of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2011 (other than public utility property tax) represents the collection of 2011 taxes levied against local and interexchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property tax on business inventory, manufacturing machinery and equipment, and furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. The October 2008 tangible personal property tax settlement was the last property tax settlement for general personal property taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2011 were levied after April 1, 2010, on the value as of December 31, 2010. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

Madeira City School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Tangible personal property taxes paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. The District receives property taxes from Hamilton County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2011, are available to finance fiscal year 2012 operations. The amount available for advance can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes that became measurable as of June 30, 2011. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance \$4,260,000 in the General Fund and \$746,000 in the Debt Service Fund.

The assessed value, by property classification, upon which taxes collected in 2011 were based as follows:

| | Amount |
|--------------------------|---------------|
| Agricultural/Residential | |
| and Other Real Estate | \$312,735,790 |
| Public Utility Personal | 4,621,230 |
| Total | \$317,357,020 |
| | |

Note 5 – Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2011, consisted of taxes, accounts, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

| | Beginning Balance | Additions | Deletions | Ending Balance |
|---|----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Governmental Activities | Bulunee | / ruditions | Defetions | Bulunee |
| Capital Assets, not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$963,381 | \$0 | \$0 | \$963,381 |
| Construction in Progress | 92,677 | 1,473,834 | 1,566,511 | 0 |
| Total Capital Assets, not being | | | | |
| depreciated | 1,056,058 | 1,473,834 | 1,566,511 | 963,381 |
| Capital Assets, being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings and Improvements | 33,823,660 | 1,740,693 | 0 | 35,564,353 |
| Equipment | 2,274,344 | 81,014 | 1,000 | 2,354,358 |
| Total Capital Assets, being depreciated: | 36,098,004 | 1,821,707 | 1,000 | 37,918,711 |
| Totals at Historical Cost | 37,154,062 | 3,295,541 | 1,567,511 | 38,882,092 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | |
| Buildings and Improvements | 5,487,303 | 937,032 | 0 | 6,424,335 |
| Equipment | 1,420,840 | 147,127 | 126 | 1,567,841 |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation | 6,908,143 | 1,084,159 | 126 | 7,992,176 |
| Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net | \$30,245,919 | \$2,211,382 | \$1,567,385 | \$30,889,916 |

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

| Instruction: | |
|---|-------------|
| Regular | \$811,291 |
| Special | 36,991 |
| Other Instruction | 43,313 |
| Support Services: | |
| Pupil | 2,994 |
| Instructional Staff | 572 |
| School Administration | 4,084 |
| Fiscal | 655 |
| Business | 52,415 |
| Operations and Maintenance | 29,537 |
| Pupil Transportation | 71 |
| Central | 71,533 |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 16,822 |
| Extracurricular Activities | 13,881 |
| Total Depreciation Expense | \$1,084,159 |

Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities

The change in the District's long-term obligations during the year consists of the following:

| | | Maturity | Beginning | | | Ending | Due In |
|---|-------|----------|--------------|-----------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Rate | Dates | Balance | Additions | Deletions | Balance | One Year |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | |
| General Obligation Bonds: | | | | | | | |
| 2003 School Improvement Refunding Bonds - | | | | | | | |
| Current Interest | 5.75% | 12/1/16 | \$2,555,000 | \$0 | (\$455,000) | \$2,100,000 | \$490,000 |
| Capital Appreciation | | | 19,994 | 0 | 0 | 19,994 | 0 |
| Accretion of Interest | | 12/1/33 | 0 | 230,584 | 0 | 230,584 | 0 |
| 2005 School Improvement Bond - | | | | | | | |
| Current Interest Bonds | 2.00% | 12/1/15 | 1,715,000 | 0 | (365,000) | 1,350,000 | 360,000 |
| Capital Appreciation | 4.10% | | 365,000 | 0 | 0 | 365,000 | 0 |
| Accretion of Interest | 4.10% | | 350,115 | 103,262 | 0 | 453,377 | 0 |
| 2006 School Improvement Refunding Bonds - | | | | | | | |
| Current Interest | | 12/1/32 | 21,665,000 | 0 | (435,000) | 21,230,000 | 450,000 |
| Capital Appreciation | | 12/1/20 | 2,060,000 | 0 | 0 | 2,060,000 | 0 |
| Accretion of Interest | | | 298,498 | 84,391 | 0 | 382,889 | 0 |
| Premium | | 12/1/32 | 1,476,216 | 0 | (67,101) | 1,409,115 | 0 |
| Deferred Amount | | | (1,373,120) | 0 | 62,414 | (1,310,706) | 0 |
| Total General Obligation Bonds | | | 29,131,703 | 418,237 | (1,259,687) | 28,290,253 | 1,300,000 |
| Capital Leases: | | | | | | | |
| 2007 Telephone Lease | 4.73% | 6/1/12 | 37,947 | 0 | (18,528) | 19,419 | 19,419 |
| 2007 Tech Lease | 4.78% | 7/1/10 | 69,726 | 0 | (69,726) | 0 | 0 |
| 2008 Computer Lease | 4.27% | 9/1/11 | 90,117 | 0 | (44,117) | 46,000 | 46,000 |
| 2010 Computer Lease | 4.27% | 7/1/12 | 161,493 | 0 | (51,540) | 109,953 | 53,798 |
| 2011 Computer Lease | 4.27% | 7/1/13 | 0 | 220,000 | (57,160) | 162,840 | 52,877 |
| Total Capital Leases | | | 359,283 | 220,000 | (241,071) | 338,212 | 172,094 |
| Total Long-Term Liabilities | | | 29,490,986 | 638,237 | (1,500,758) | 28,628,465 | 1,472,094 |
| Compensated Absences | | | 942,532 | 51,963 | (221,989) | 772,506 | 200,772 |
| Total Governmental Activities | | | \$30,433,518 | \$690,200 | (\$1,722,747) | \$29,400,971 | \$1,672,866 |

General obligation bonds will be paid from the debt service fund. Capital leases will be paid from the general fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at year end are as follows:

| | General Obligation Bonds | | | Capit | onds | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Fiscal Year Ending June 30 | Principal | Interest | Total | Principal | Interest | Total |
| 5 | 1 | | | <u>\$0</u> | | |
| 2012 | \$1,300,000 | \$1,158,792 | \$2,458,792 | 20 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 2013 | 1,190,000 | 1,113,875 | 2,303,875 | 135,000 | 265,000 | 400,000 |
| 2014 | 535,000 | 1,064,763 | 1,599,763 | 120,000 | 285,000 | 405,000 |
| 2015 | 560,000 | 1,038,600 | 1,598,600 | 110,000 | 305,000 | 415,000 |
| 2016 | 605,000 | 939,350 | 1,544,350 | 12,671 | 62,675 | 75,346 |
| 2017-2021 | 770,000 | 4,484,256 | 5,254,256 | 2,067,329 | 2,892,488 | 4,959,817 |
| 2022-2026 | 6,900,000 | 3,906,952 | 10,806,952 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2027-2031 | 8,650,000 | 2,416,662 | 11,066,662 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2032-2033 | 4,170,000 | 331,538 | 4,501,538 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | \$24,680,000 | \$16,454,788 | \$41,134,788 | \$2,445,000 | \$3,810,163 | \$6,255,163 |

Note 8 - Prior Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included on the District's financial statements. On June 30, 2011, \$23,350,000 of bonds outstanding that were considered defeased were paid off by the District.

Note 9 - Capital Leases

The District has capital leases for a phone system, various technology equipment and computers.

The leases meet the criteria of capital lease as defined by statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one that transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments will be made from the General Fund.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of fiscal year end.

| Fiscal Year | |
|---|----------------|
| Ending June 30, | Long-Term Debt |
| 2012 | \$183,658 |
| 2013 | 115,774 |
| 2014 | 57,160 |
| Total Minimum Lease Payments | 356,592 |
| Less: Amount Representing Interest | (18,380) |
| Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments | \$338,212 |

Capital assets acquired under capital leases in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13 are as follows:

Equipment

\$707,024

Note 10 - Pension Plans

School Employees Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits; annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by state statute per Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary and District is required to contribute 14% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care fund) of the System. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2011, the allocation to pension and death benefits is 11.81%. The remaining 2.19% of the 14% employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Funds. The District's contributions to SERS for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$318,960, \$281,112, and \$250,476, respectively; 58% has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100% for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description

The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school, community school, college, university, institution, or other agency controlled, managed and supported, in whole or in part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof. Additional information or copies of STRS Ohio's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* can be requested by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad Street, Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling toll-free 1-888-227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio web site at www.strsoh.org.

Plan Options

New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation among various investment choices. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated to investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the DB Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

DB Plan Benefits

Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation for every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

DC Plan Benefits

Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Combined Plan Benefits

Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

Eligible faculty of Ohio's public colleges and universities may choose to enroll in either STRS Ohio or an alternative retirement plan (ARP) offered by their employer. Employees have 120 days from their employment date to select a retirement plan.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or equivalent lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for DB Plan participants.

The DB and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalizations, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the DB Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Funding Policy

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers.

Contribution requirements and the contributions actually made for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, were 10% of covered payroll for members and 14% for employers. The District's contributions to STRS for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$1,172,880, \$1,169,376, and \$1,163,820, respectively; 84% has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100% for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

Note 11- Post Employment Benefits

School Employees Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description

In addition to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) administers two postemployment benefit plans.

Medicare Part B Plan

The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2011 was \$96.40 for most participants, but could be as high as \$369.10 depending on their income; SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2011, the actuarially required allocation was .76%. District contributions for the year ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$17,315, \$15,260 and \$13,418, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

Health Care Plan

ORC 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The ORC provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' postemployment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the postemployment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 105(e). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14% contribution to the Health Care Fund. At June 30, 2011, the health care allocation was 1.43%. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statues provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2011, the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District contributions assigned to health care for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$32,579, \$9,237, and \$74,427, respectively; 52% has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100% for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. The report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description

STRS Ohio administers a pension plan that is comprised of: a Defined Benefit Plan; a selfdirected Defined Contribution Plan and a Combined Plan that is a hybrid of the Defined Benefit and the Defined Contribution Plan.

Ohio law authorized STRS Ohio to offer a cost-sharing, multiple-employer health care plan. STRS Ohio provides access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums.

Pursuant to 3307 of the Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties can view the most recent *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by requesting a copy by calling toll-free 1-888-227-7877.

Funding Policy

Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. Of the 14% employer contributions rate, 1% of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care for the year ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009. The 14% employer contribution rate is the maximum rate established under Ohio law. The District contributions for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$83,777, \$83,526, and \$83,130, respectively; 84% has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100% for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

Note 12 - Contingent Liabilities

Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds.

However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District as of June 30, 2011.

Litigation

The District's attorney estimates that all other potential claims against the District not covered by insurance resulting from all other litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the District.

Duke Energy Contingency

In June, 2010 Duke Energy notified School District customers in southwest Ohio that it had appealed its personal property valuation with the Ohio Department of Taxation and was going to reduce its tax payments while the appeal was in process. The impact on the District is estimated at \$84,373 per year if Duke wins the appeal. Duke indicated that it would begin deducting half that amount from its tax payments beginning in fiscal year 2011. The District believes that the valuation method used by the Ohio Department of Taxation is correct and will be upheld. However, the District has adjusted it's forecasted tax revenues to reflect this change and has sufficient cash reserves to cover the repayment of taxes that would be necessary if Duke wins the appeal.

Note 13 - Jointly Governed Organizations

Unified Purchasing Cooperative of Ohio River Valley - The Unified Purchasing Cooperative of Ohio River Valley is a jointly governed organization among a two county consortium of school districts. The Unified Purchasing Cooperative was organized under the Hamilton Clermont Cooperative Association to benefit member districts with a more economically sound purchasing mechanism for general school, office, and cafeteria supplies. The Unified Purchasing Cooperative organization is governed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organization, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments.

Madeira City School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Great Oaks Institute of Career Technology and Development - The Great Oaks Institute of Career Technology and Development is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative each of the participating school districts' elected board. The Institute possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Great Oaks Institute of Career Technology and Development, Rob Giuffré, who serves as Treasurer, at 3254 East Kemper Road, Cincinnati, Ohio 45241.

Hamilton/Clermont Cooperative Association – The District is a participant in the Hamilton/Clermont Cooperative Association (H/CCA) which is a computer consortium. H/CCA is an association of 24 public school districts within the boundaries of Hamilton and Clermont Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of H/CCA consists of the superintendents and/or treasurers of the participating members. H/CCA is not accumulating significant financial resources nor is it experiencing fiscal stress that may cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on members in the future. Financial information can be obtained from the H/CCA, Al Porter, Director, at 7615 Harrison Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio 45231-3107.

Greater Cincinnati Insurance Consortium – The District is a member of the Greater Cincinnati Insurance Consortium (GCIC) which is a group insurance consortium. The consortium has 13 member schools and provides a wide range of group insurance benefits to each member schools employees and dependents and designated beneficiaries. The purpose of the consortium is to establish and maintain a fund to provide and/or purchase health insurance, dental insurance, life insurance and other insurance benefits to employees, their dependents and designated beneficiaries. The consortium is governed by a Board of Directors made up from one representative of each school district/service center.

Note 14 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2011, the District contracted with the Indiana Insurance Company and Cincinnati Insurance Company for property and general liability insurance and boiler machinery insurance.

Boiler and machinery coverage has a \$1,000 deductible. General liability is provided by Indiana Insurance Company with \$1,000,000 each occurrence \$2,000,000 aggregate limit. Commercial Umbrella Liability Insurance is provided by Indiana Insurance Company with \$5,000,000 each occurrence and \$5,000,000 aggregate limit. Vehicles are covered by Indiana Insurance Company with a \$1,000 deductible. Public official bond insurance is provided by Ohio Casualty Insurance Company. The Treasurer is covered by a bond in the amount of \$50,000. The Superintendent and Board President are covered by bonds in the amount of \$20,000 each. The District has elected to provide employee medical, dental and life insurance through Greater Cincinnati Insurance Consortium. The employees share the cost of the monthly premium for the coverage with the Board.

Madeira City School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Also, there were no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Note 15 - Insurance Purchasing Pool

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchases Council - The District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchases Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), represented by Hunter Consulting Company, an insurance purchasing pool. The EPC is a council of governments governed by a constitution and an Executive Board elected by the membership. Each member district has an EPC representative. The paid staff of the EPC is limited to a Director, Financial Officer, and Administrative Assistant, in addition to a 3 member benefits team. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee for the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Note 16 – Accountability

The following individual fund had a deficit in fund balance at year end:

| Fund | Deficit |
|---------------------|---------|
| Special Revenue: | |
| Career Development | \$181 |
| Education Jobs | 32,937 |
| Title II Eisenhower | 76,013 |
| Title VIB | 2,975 |

The deficit in fund balance was primarily due to accruals in GAAP. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and will provide operating transfers when cash is required not when accruals occur.

Note 17 - Fund Balance Reserves For Set-Asides

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

| | Textbooks | Capital Acquisition |
|---|-----------|------------------------|
| Set Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2010 | \$212,221 | \$0 |
| Current Year Set Aside Requirements | 222,000 | 222,000 |
| Qualified Disbursements | (164,938) | (333,174) |
| Set Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2011 | \$269,283 | (\$111,174) |
| Restricted Cash as of June 30, 2011 | \$269,283 | \$0 |

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts for capital maintenance reserve to below zero, these extra amounts may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years. Qualifying disbursements for capital maintenance reserve during the year were \$333,174, which exceeded the required set-aside and reserve balance. Qualifying disbursements for textbook reserve during the year and carried over from last year were \$164,938.

Note 18 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions at June 30, 2011, consisted of the following funds for transfers in and out:

| | Transfers | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|----------|--|
| | In | Out | |
| General Fund | \$0 | \$40,000 | |
| Other Governmental Funds | 40,000 | 0 | |
| | | | |
| Total All Funds | \$40,000 | \$40,000 | |

Interfund balance/transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budget authorizations; to segregate and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

Note 19 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

| Fund Balances | General | Debt Service | Other Governmental Funds | Total |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| | General | Service | runus | Total |
| Restricted for: | \$2 (0, 2 02 | | # 0 | ¢2(0,202 |
| Instructional Materials (Textbooks) | \$269,283 | \$0 | \$0 | \$269,283 |
| Athletic | 0 | 0 | 4,207 | 4,207 |
| Career Education | 0 | 0 | 1,473 | 1,473 |
| Food Service Operations | 0 | 0 | 5,512 | 5,512 |
| Debt Service Payments | 0 | 2,158,210 | 0 | 2,158,210 |
| Capital Improvements | 0 | 0 | 6,176 | 6,176 |
| Total Restricted | 269,283 | 2,158,210 | 17,368 | 2,444,861 |
| Committed to: | | | | |
| Student and Staff Support | 0 | 0 | 32,400 | 32,400 |
| Extracurricular Activities | 0 | 0 | 62,430 | 62,430 |
| School Supplies | 0 | 0 | 58,224 | 58,224 |
| After School Programs | 0 | 0 | 249,871 | 249,871 |
| Capital Improvements | ů 0 | 0 | 73,655 | 73,655 |
| Other Purposes | 0 | 0 | 225 | 225 |
| Total Committed | 0 | 0 | 476,805 | 476,805 |
| Unassigned (Deficit) | 7,636,249 | 0 | (112,106) | 7,524,143 |
| Total Fund Balance | \$7,905,532 | \$2,158,210 | \$382,067 | \$10,445,809 |

Note 20 – Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2011, the District has implemented Governmental Accounitng Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." GASB 54 does not effect the calculation of the District's fund balance but it shifts the focus of fund balance reporting from the availability of fund resources for budgeting to the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in funds can be spent.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

| | General Fund | | | | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance from Final Budget | |
| Revenues: | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$10,836,157 | \$10,703,070 | \$10,708,885 | \$5,815 | |
| Revenue in lieu of taxes | 232,301 | 229,448 | 229,573 | 125 | |
| Tuition and Fees | 35,279 | 34,846 | 34,865 | 19 | |
| Investment Earnings | 4,922 | 4,861 | 4,864 | 3 | |
| Intergovernmental | 4,633,292 | 4,576,387 | 4,578,873 | 2,486 | |
| Extracurricular Activities | 80,673 | 79,682 | 79,725 | 43 | |
| Charges for Services | 10,236 | 10,111 | 10,116 | 5 | |
| Other Revenues | 77,355 | 76,404 | 76,446 | 42 | |
| Total Revenues | 15,910,215 | 15,714,809 | 15,723,347 | 8,538 | |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| Instruction: | | | | | |
| Regular | 7,759,947 | 7,715,780 | 7,510,643 | 205,137 | |
| Special | 1,800,818 | 1,790,568 | 1,742,963 | 47,605 | |
| Other | 71,567 | 71,160 | 69,268 | 1,892 | |
| Support Services: | | | | | |
| Pupil | 1,139,082 | 1,132,599 | 1,102,487 | 30,112 | |
| Instructional Staff | 351,728 | 349,726 | 340,428 | 9,298 | |
| General Administration | 46,433 | 46,168 | 44,941 | 1,227 | |
| School Administration | 1,227,811 | 1,220,823 | 1,188,365 | 32,458 | |
| Fiscal | 498,194 | 495,359 | 482,189 | 13,170 | |
| Business | 59,945 | 59,604 | 58,019 | 1,585 | |
| Operations and Maintenance | 1,414,878 | 1,406,825 | 1,369,422 | 37,403 | |
| Pupil Transportation | 811,938 | 807,317 | 785,853 | 21,464 | |
| Central | 542,684 | 539,595 | 525,249 | 14,346 | |
| Operation of Non-Instructional Services | 1,002 | 996 | 970 | 26 | |
| Extracurricular Activities | 322,182 | 320,348 | 311,831 | 8,517 | |
| Capital Outlay | 167,490 | 166,537 | 162,109 | 4,428 | |
| Total Expenditures | 16,215,699 | 16,123,405 | 15,694,737 | 428,668 | |
| Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures | (305,484) | (408,596) | 28,610 | 437,206 | |
| Other Einen ainer Sources (Uses). | | | | | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers (Out) | (41,328) | (41,093) | (40,000) | 1,093 | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (41,328) | (41,093) | (40,000) | 1,093 | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (346,812) | (449,689) | (11,390) | 438,299 | |
| Fund Balance Beginning of Year (includes prior year encumbrances appropriated) | 5,565,518 | 5,565,518 | 5,565,518 | 0 | |
| Fund Balance End of Year | \$5,218,706 | \$5,115,829 | \$5,554,128 | \$438,299 | |

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

<u>Note 1 – Budgetary Process</u>

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriations resolution and the certificate of estimated resources which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Board. The legal level of control has been established by Board at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year 2011.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Board during the year.

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Combined Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance for governmental fund types and expendable trust funds (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances in and advances out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions.

Madeira City School District Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

| | General |
|----------------------------|------------|
| GAAP Basis | \$485,250 |
| Revenue Accruals | (206,601) |
| Expenditure Accruals | 276,983 |
| Issuance of Capital Leases | (220,000) |
| Encumbrances | (347,022) |
| Budget Basis | (\$11,390) |

Net Change in Fund Balance

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MADEIRA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HAMILTON COUNTY

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

| Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title | Pass Through Entity Number | Federal CFDA Number | Receipts | Disbursements |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION | | | | |
| Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: | | | | |
| Special Education Cluster: | | | | |
| Special Education Grants to States (IDEA part B) | 3M20 | 84.027 | \$284.770 | \$286,151 |
| IDEA Preschool Grant | 3C50 | 84.173 | 7,171 | 7,171 |
| ARRA-IDEA Part B | 3DJ0 | 84.391 | 167.897 | 170.440 |
| ARRA-IDEA Preschool | 3DL0 | 84.392 | 5,649 | 5,649 |
| | | | | |
| Total Special Education Cluster | | _ | 465,487 | 469,411 |
| | | | | |
| Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I) | 3M00 | 84.010 | 27,527 | 27,743 |
| Safe and Drug Free Schools | 3D10 | 84.186 | 20 | 120 |
| Title II-D - Educational Technology State Grants | 3S20 | 84.318 | 189 | 189 |
| Title II-A - Improving Teacher Quality State Grants | 3Y60 | 84.367 | 34,376 | 34,376 |
| ARRA-State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) Education State Grants | GRF | 84.394 | 226,605 | 226,605 |
| Education Jobs | 3ET0 | 84.410 | 118,883 | 118,883 |
| Bassad through the Great Oplic Institute of Technology | | | | |
| Passed through the Great Oaks Institute of Technology & Career Development: | | | | |
| Carl Perkins/Vocational Education | N/A | 84.048 | 2 5 2 7 | 0.457 |
| Can Perkins/vocational Education | N/A | 04.040 | 3,537 | 2,457 |
| Total U.S. Department of Education | | - | 876,624 | 879,784 |
| Totals | | _ | \$876,624 | \$879,784 |

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

MADEIRA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HAMILTON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports Madeira City School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Madeira City School District Hamilton County 7465 Loannes Drive Madeira, Ohio 45243

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Madeira City School District, Hamilton County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 29, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Corporate Centre of Blue Ash, 11117 Kenwood Road, Blue Ash, Ohio 45242 Phone: 513-361-8550 or 800-368-7419 Fax: 513-361-8577 www. auditor.state.oh.us Madeira City School District Hamilton County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters

Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, board of education, and federal awarding agencies, and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Jare Yost

Dave Yost Auditor of State

August 29, 2011



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Madeira City School District Hamilton County 7465 Loannes Drive Cincinnati, Ohio 45243

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Madeira City School District, Hamilton County, Ohio (the District), with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each the District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

Madeira City School District Hamilton County Independent Accountants' Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Manor Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance with a federal program compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, board of education, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

August 29, 2011

MADEIRA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HAMILTON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2011

(d)(1)(i) **Type of Financial Statement Opinion** Unqualified (d)(1)(ii) Were there any material control weaknesses No reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? Were there any significant deficiencies in No (d)(1)(ii) internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? (d)(1)(iii) Was there any reported material No noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? Were there any material internal control (d)(1)(iv) No weaknesses reported for major federal programs? Were there any significant deficiencies in (d)(1)(iv) No internal control reported for major federal programs? Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion Ungualified (d)(1)(v)(d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under No §.510(a)? Major Programs (list): Special Education Cluster (CFDA (d)(1)(vii) #84.027. 84.173, 84.391 and 84.392) Type A: > \$ 300,000 Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs (d)(1)(viii) Type B: all others (d)(1)(ix) Low Risk Auditee? No

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

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Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURE

Madeira City School District Hamilton County 7465 Loannes Drive Madeira, Ohio 45243

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code, Section 117.53, states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Madeira City School District (the District) has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on December 13, 2010 to include violence within a dating relationship within its definition of harassment, intimidation or bullying.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

August 29, 2011

Corporate Centre of Blue Ash, 11117 Kenwood Road, Blue Ash, Ohio 45242 Phone: 513-361-8550 or 800-368-7419 Fax: 513-361-8577 www. auditor.state.oh.us This Page is Intentionally Left Blank.



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

MADEIRA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

HAMILTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 13, 2011

> 88 East Broad Street, Fifth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 Fax: 614-466-4490 www.auditor.state.oh.us