# GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

SUE A. KRUSE, TREASURER



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Board of Education Triway Local School District Wooster, Ohio 44691-9491

We have reviewed the Independent Auditor's Report of the Triway Local School District, Wayne County, prepared by Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 1999 through June 30, 2000. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Triway Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

JIM PETRO Auditor of State

December 15, 2000

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# TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

"SERVING OHIO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS"

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# Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Triway Local School District 3205 Shreve Road Wooster, Ohio 44691-9491

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Triway Local School District, Wayne County, (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Triway Local School District, Wayne County, as of June 30, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 10, 2000 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of the District, taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. November 10, 2000

# TRIWAY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2000

	Gove	Governmental Fund Tx	Tynes	Proprietary Fund Types	Fund Tymes	Fiduciary Fund Types	Account Groups	rolling	
				f morridor r	t did i Jpcs	code ama	General	General	Total
		Special	Capital		Internal	Trust and	Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorandum
	General	Revenue	Projects	Enterprise	Service	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS									
ASSETS:									
Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents									
and investments	\$1,271,950	\$146,924	\$598,771	\$136,894	\$169,431	\$31,977			\$2,355,947
Receivables (net of allowances									
Of Unicollectiones). Dronarty taxes - courrant and delinement	7 615 707		101 940						717 A37
ity taxes - current and denniquent	1,010,4	3	101,740	7					10,11,4
Accounts	51,440	64		19	17,756				69,321
Accrued interest.	14,350								14,350
Due from other governments	2,176			657					2,833
Prepayments	10,737								10,737
Materials and supplies inventory	11,912			39,302					51,214
Restricted assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and									
cash equivalents	240,288								240,288
Property, plant and equipment (net									
of accumulated depreciation where									
applicable)				75,133			\$11,631,160		11,706,293
OTHER DEBITS:									
Amount to be provided for retirement of									
general long-term obligations								\$1,543,680	1,543,680
	05001000	\$146,000	117 0029	770 0300	01 101	421 077	011 621 160	002 672 10	400 410 100
Total assets and other debits	\$6,218,350	\$140,988	\$/00,/11	\$252,047	\$18/,18/	351,977	\$11,631,160	\$1,545,680	\$20,712,100

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

# TRIWAY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO COMBINED BALANCE SHEET ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 2000

						Fiduciary			
	Gover	Governmental Fund Types	/bes	Proprietary Fund Types	Fund Types	Fund Types	Account Groups	roups	
		Cassial	losisto		[comotor]	- T	General	General	Total
	General	Special	Projects	Enterprise	Service	Agency	Assets	Obligations	Only)
LIABILITIES, EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS									à
LIABILITIES: Accounts navable	\$63.885	\$4 058			\$4 269				\$72.212
Accrued wages and benefits.	1,094,636	37,887		\$35,491	)    -  -				1,168,014
Compensated absences payable	8,289			6,884				\$833,136	848,309
Contracts payable	000		\$134,503	0				i d	134,503
Pension obligation payable	188,524			74,787	11 555			87,184	299,990
Deferred revenue	4,548,120		100,603	32,095					4,680,818
Due to students						\$23,087			23,087
Energy conservation notes payable.						0,000		623,360	623,360
Total liabilities	5,903,454	41,945	235,106	98,752	15,824	31,977	1	1,543,680	7,870,738
EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS: Investment in general fixed assets							\$11,631,160		11,631,160
Retained earnings: unreserved				153,295	171,363				324,658
Reserved for encumbrances	77,019	17,433	425,185						519,637 11,912
Reserved for prepayments	10,737								10,737
for appropriation	81,727		1,337						83,064
Reserved for budget stabilization  Designated for budget stabilization	240,288 259,759								240,288 259,759
Unreserved-undesignated	(366,546)	87,610	39,083						(239,853)
Total equity and other credits	314,896	105,043	465,605	153,295	171,363	•	11,631,160	1	12,841,362
Total liabilities, equity and other credits	\$6,218,350	\$146,988	\$700,711	\$252,047	\$187,187	\$31,977	\$11,631,160	\$1,543,680	\$20,712,100

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

Revenues			Governmental	Fund Types		Fiduciary Fund Type	
Revenues:		General	*				,
Taxes	Revenues:						
Earnings on investments.	From local sources:						
Other local revenues.         121,495         \$25,137         \$848         397,480           Other revenue.         101,081         101,081         101,081         101,081         101,081           Intergovernmental - State.         6,923,592         235,149         873,635         8,823,276           Total revenues.         12,153,456         871,920         966,561         848         13,992,785           Expenditures.         Current:         Instruction:         Regular.         6,148,289         50,410         134,612         6,333,311           Special         952,905         274,223         136,592         122,7128           Vocational         305,981         305,981         305,981         136,5981           Other         78,942         78,942         133,508,981         133,508,981           Uppl 1         401,963         54,603         1,335         45,791         13,940           Optacional of Education         123,690         47,931         301,722         13,690         13,691         13,691         13,691         13,691         13,691         13,691         13,691         13,691         13,691         13,691         13,691         13,691         13,691         13,691	Taxes	\$4,877,694			\$92,926		\$4,970,620
Obher revenue.         101,081 Intergovermental - State.         6,923,592 and 6,923,59	Earnings on investments	129,594					129,594
Intergovermental - State.   6,923,592   235,149   873,635   36,634   361,633   361,634   361,634   361,633   361,634   361,6	Other local revenues	121,495	\$275,137			\$848	397,480
Intergovernmental - Federal   361,634   361,634   361,634   Total revenues   12,153,456   871,920   - 966,561   848   13,992,785   Expenditures:	Other revenue	101,081					101,081
Expenditures:   Current:   Curr	Intergovernmental - State	6,923,592	235,149		873,635		8,032,376
Current   Instruction: Regular.	Intergovernmental - Federal		361,634				361,634
Current   Instruction:	Total revenues	12,153,456	871,920		966,561	848_	13,992,785
Current   Instruction:	Expenditures:						
Regular         6,148,289         50,410         134,612         6,333,31   1,227,128         Special         9,529,05   274,223         31,612         1,227,128         305,981         1,227,128         305,981         305,790         301,722         300,701         301,722         301,722         300,722         301,722         300,725         301,725         301,725         301,725         301,725         301,725         301,725         301,725         301,725         301,725         301,725         301,725         301,725         301,725         301,725         301,726         301,726         301,726         301,726         301,726         301,726         301,726         301,726         301,726         301,727         301,726         301,727         301,727							
Special	Instruction:						
Octacional         305,981         78,942         305,981           Other         78,942         78,942         78,942           Support services:         78,942         78,942         78,942           Pupil         401,963         54,603         1,335         457,901           Instructional staff.         253,791         47,931         301,722           Board of Education.         1123,690         1,187,401         18,784           Administration         1,108,281         79,160         1,758         284,724           Business         72,500         72,500         72,500         72,500           Operations and maintenance         951,730         2,273         13,216         967,219           Pupil transportation.         1,114,855         16,0589         160,589           Community services.         189,850         189,850         189,850           Extracurricular activities         28,858         195,418         19,766         190,766           Principal retirement.         7,804         865,707         73,511           Interest and fiscal charges.         80         35,077         35,157           Total expenditures.         12,160,998         902,824         100,784         660	Regular	6,148,289	50,410		134,612		6,333,311
Note	Special	952,905	274,223				1,227,128
Support services:   Pupil	Vocational	305,981					305,981
Pupil         401,963         54,603         1,335         457,901           Instructional staff.         253,791         47,931         301,722           Board of Education.         123,690         123,690           Administration         1,108,281         79,160         1,758         284,724           Business         72,500         1,758         284,724           Business         72,500         2,273         13,216         967,219           Operations and maintenance         951,730         2,273         13,216         967,219           Pupil transportation         1,114,855         111,48,55         111,48,55         111,48,55           Central         151,633         8,956         50,707         189,850         189,850           Extracurricular activities         205,588         195,418         510,776         510,776         510,776           Debt service:         7,804         865,707         73,511         73,511         11         11,816         351,577         35,157         35,157           Total expenditures.         12,160,998         902,824         100,784         660,362         1,335         13,826,303           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         (7,542)         (30,904)	Other	78,942					78,942
Instructional staff.   253,791   47,931   301,722   Board of Education.   123,690   123,690   123,690   123,690   1,187,441   Fiscal   282,966   79,160   1,758   284,724   Business   72,500	Support services:						
Sample   S	Pupil	401,963	54,603			1,335	457,901
Administration 1,108,281 79,160 1,1784 282,966 1,781 284,724 Fiscal 282,966 1,758 284,724 Business 72,500 7	Instructional staff	253,791	47,931				301,722
Fiscal         282,966         1,758         284,724           Business         72,500         72,500         72,500           Operations and maintenance         951,730         2,273         13,216         967,219           Pupil transportation         1,114,855         106,589         11,148,55           Central         151,633         8,956         160,589           Community services         189,850         89,850         401,006           Extracurricular activities         205,588         195,418         510,776         510,776           Debt service:         7,804         \$65,707         35,157         35,157           Principal retirement         7,804         \$65,707         35,157         35,157           Total expenditures         12,160,998         902,824         100,784         660,362         1,335         13,826,303           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (7,542)         (30,904)         (100,784)         306,199         (487)         166,482           Other financing sources (uses):         10,000         100,784         110,784         110,784         110,784           Operating transfers out         (110,784)         10,000         100,784         -         - <td>Board of Education</td> <td>123,690</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>123,690</td>	Board of Education	123,690					123,690
Business         72,500           Operations and maintenance         951,730         2,273         13,216         967,219           Operations and maintenance         951,730         2,273         13,216         967,219           Pupil transportation         1,114,855         1,114,855         1,114,855           Central         151,633         8,956         160,589           Community services         189,850         189,850           Extracurricular activities         205,588         195,418         510,776           Facilities services         510,776         510,776           Debt services         7,804         \$65,707         73,511           Interest and fiscal charges         80         35,077         35,157           Total expenditures         12,160,998         902,824         100,784         660,362         1,335         13,826,303           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (7,542)         (30,904)         100,784         660,362         1,335         13,826,303           Other financing sources (uses):         (7,542)         (30,904)         100,784         660,362         1,335         110,784           Operating transfers in         10,000         100,784         10,784	Administration	1,108,281	79,160				1,187,441
Operations and maintenance         951,730         2,273         13,216         967,219           Pupil transportation.         1,114,855         1,114,855         160,589           Central.         151,633         8,956         189,850         189,850           Community services.         189,850         189,850         189,850           Extracurricular activities         205,588         195,418         510,776         510,776           Debt services.         7,804         \$65,707         73,511         111,776         73,511           Interest and fiscal charges.         80         35,077         35,157         35,157           Total expenditures.         12,160,998         902,824         100,784         660,362         1,335         13,826,303           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures.         (7,542)         (30,904)         (100,784)         306,199         (487)         166,482           Other financing sources (uses):         0         100,000         100,784         47,042         110,784           Operating transfers in .         (110,784)         10,000         100,784         -         -         2,837           Total other financing sources (uses).         (107,947)         10,000         100,784	Fiscal	282,966			1,758		284,724
Pupil transportation	Business	72,500					72,500
Central         151,633         8,956         160,589           Community services.         189,850         189,850         189,850           Extracurricular activities         205,588         195,418         401,006           Facilities services         510,776         510,776           Debt service:         77,804         \$65,707         73,511           Interest and fiscal charges.         80         35,077         35,157           Total expenditures.         12,160,998         902,824         100,784         660,362         1,335         13,826,303           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (7,542)         (30,904)         (100,784)         306,199         (487)         166,482           Other financing sources (uses):         10,000         100,784         110,784         110,784           Operating transfers in         (110,784)         10,000         100,784         -         -         2,837           Total other financing sources (uses):         (107,947)         10,000         100,784         -         -         2,837           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources (uses):         (107,947)         10,000         100,784         -         -         2,837           Exces	Operations and maintenance	951,730	2,273		13,216		967,219
Community services.         189,850 Extracurricular activities         189,850 and 1,006 Extracurricular activities         189,850 and 1,006 and 1,007 and		1,114,855					1,114,855
Extracurricular activities   205,588   195,418   310,776   510,7	Central	151,633	8,956				160,589
Facilities services   510,776   510,776   Debt service:   710,776   Pebt service:   72,804   \$65,707   73,511   Pebt services   80   35,077   35,111   Pebt services   80   35,077   35,117   Pebt services   12,160,998   902,824   100,784   660,362   1,335   13,826,303   Pebt services   13,826,303   Pebt services   12,160,998   902,824   100,784   660,362   1,335   13,826,303   Pebt services   13,826,303   Pebt services   10,000   100,784   10,009   Pebt services   10,000	Community services		189,850				189,850
Debt service:         Principal retirement         7,804         \$65,707         73,511           Interest and fiscal charges         80         35,077         35,157           Total expenditures         12,160,998         902,824         100,784         660,362         1,335         13,826,303           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (7,542)         (30,904)         (100,784)         306,199         (487)         166,482           Other financing sources (uses):         0perating transfers in         10,000         100,784         110,784         110,784           Operating transfers out         (110,784)         2,837         2,837         2,837           Total other financing sources (uses).         (107,947)         10,000         100,784         -         -         2,837           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses)         (115,489)         (20,904)         0         306,199         (487)         169,319           Fund balance, July 1.         437,088         125,947         0         159,406         487         722,928           Decrease in reserve for inventory         (6,703)         (6,703)         66,703         66,703         66,703		205,588	195,418				
Principal retirement         7,804         \$65,707         73,511           Interest and fiscal charges         80         35,077         35,157           Total expenditures         12,160,998         902,824         100,784         660,362         1,335         13,826,303           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures         (7,542)         (30,904)         (100,784)         306,199         (487)         166,482           Other financing sources (uses):         0perating transfers in         10,000         100,784         110,784         (110,784)           Operating transfers out         (110,784)         (110,784)         (110,784)         2,837         2,837           Total other financing sources (uses).         (107,947)         10,000         100,784         -         -         2,837           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses).         (115,489)         (20,904)         0         306,199         (487)         169,319           Fund balance, July 1.         437,088         125,947         0         159,406         487         722,928           Decrease in reserve for inventory.         (6,703)         (6,703)         (6,703)         (6,703)	Facilities services				510,776		510,776
Interest and fiscal charges	Debt service:						
Total expenditures. 12,160,998 902,824 100,784 660,362 1,335 13,826,303  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (7,542) (30,904) (100,784) 306,199 (487) 166,482  Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in 10,000 100,784 110,784 Operating transfers out (110,784) Proceeds from sale of assets 2,837 2,837  Total other financing sources (uses). (107,947) 10,000 100,784 2,837  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses) (115,489) (20,904) 0 306,199 (487) 169,319  Fund balance, July 1 437,088 125,947 0 159,406 487 722,928 Decrease in reserve for inventory (6,703)	Principal retirement			\$65,707			73,511
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	Interest and fiscal charges	80		35,077			35,157
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	Total expenditures	12 160 998	902 824	100 784	660 362	1 335	13 826 303
over (under) expenditures         (7,542)         (30,904)         (100,784)         306,199         (487)         166,482           Other financing sources (uses):         Operating transfers in         10,000         100,784         110,784           Operating transfers out         (110,784)         (110,784)         (110,784)           Proceeds from sale of assets         2,837         2,837           Total other financing sources (uses)         (107,947)         10,000         100,784         -         -         2,837           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses)         (115,489)         (20,904)         0         306,199         (487)         169,319           Fund balance, July 1         437,088         125,947         0         159,406         487         722,928           Decrease in reserve for inventory         (6,703)         (6,703)         (6,703)         (6,703)		12,100,220		100,701			15,020,505
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in	Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
Operating transfers in	over (under) expenditures	(7,542)	(30,904)	(100,784)	306,199	(487)	166,482
Operating transfers in	Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers out         (110,784)           Proceeds from sale of assets         2,837           Total other financing sources (uses)         (107,947)         10,000         100,784         -         -         2,837           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses)         (115,489)         (20,904)         0         306,199         (487)         169,319           Fund balance, July 1         437,088         125,947         0         159,406         487         722,928           Decrease in reserve for inventory         (6,703)         (6,703)         (6,703)         (6,703)			10.000	100.784			110.784
Proceeds from sale of assets		(110.784)	,	,			,
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses) . (115,489) (20,904) 0 306,199 (487) 169,319  Fund balance, July 1							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses) . (115,489) (20,904) 0 306,199 (487) 169,319  Fund balance, July 1	- -						
other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses) (115,489)       (20,904)       0       306,199       (487)       169,319         Fund balance, July 1	Total other financing sources (uses)	(107,947)	10,000	100,784			2,837
other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses) (115,489)       (20,904)       0       306,199       (487)       169,319         Fund balance, July 1	Excess (deficiency) of revenues and						
expenditures and other financing (uses)       (115,489)       (20,904)       0       306,199       (487)       169,319         Fund balance, July 1       437,088       125,947       0       159,406       487       722,928         Decrease in reserve for inventory       (6,703)       (6,703)       (6,703)       (6,703)							
Fund balance, July 1	· , ,	(115,489)	(20,904)	0	306,199	(487)	169,319
Decrease in reserve for inventory					ŕ	` '	•
	Fund balance, July 1	437,088	125,947	0	159,406	487	722,928
Fund balance, June 30							(6,703)
	Fund balance, June 30	\$314,896	\$105,043	\$0	\$465,605	\$0	\$885,544

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

TRIWAY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
WAYNE COUNTY, OHIO
COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES. EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

		General		Sp	Special Revenue			Debt Service		0	Capital Projects		Total	Total (Memorandum only)	
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget Revised	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget Revised	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget Revised	Actual	Variance: Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: From local sources: Taxes. Earnings on investments	\$4,568,667 135,000 93,750	\$4,885,966 135,071 114,652	\$317,299 71 20,902	\$259,536	\$275,373	\$15,837				\$94,800	\$93,130	(\$1,670)	\$4,663,467 135,000 353,286	\$4,979,096 135,071 390,025	\$315,629 71 36,739
Other revenue	90,000 6,585,910	47,764 6,921,491	(42,236) 335,581	270,028	369.797	(34,879)				868,635	873,635	5,000	90,000 7,724,573 407 084	47,764 8,030,275 369,797	(42,236) 305,702 (37,287)
Total revenues.	11,473,327	12,104,944	631,617	936,648	880,319	(56,329)				963,435	966,765	3,330	13,373,410	13,952,028	578,618
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Recular	6.081.250	6.058.200	23.050	56.506	53.176	3.330				153.547	153.547	0	6.291.303	6.264.923	26.380
SpecialVocational	957,812	951,355	6,457	268,671	268,660	Ξ							1,226,483	1,220,015	6,468
Other Support services:	70,012	70,012	0										70,012	70,012	0
Pupil. Instructional staff.	439,719 273,450	433,580 263,473	6,139	57,236 54,345	57,236 46,762	7,583							496,955 327,795	490,816	6,139
Board of EducationAdministration	122,412 1,110,351	122,199 1,102,936	213 7,415	79,728	79,728	0							122,412 1,190,079	122,199 1,182,664	213 7,415
Fiscal Business	290,559 72,400	287,533 70,677	3,026							1,758	1,758	0	292,317 72,400	289,291 70,677	3,026
Operations and maintenance	977,740	963,427	14,313	2,273	2,273	0				16,216	16,216	0	996,229	981,916	14,313
Pupil transportation Central.	1,120,868 188,392	1,101,860	19,008 15,578	9,316	9,213	103							1,120,868 197,708	1,101,860 182,027	19,008
Community services	224,533	221,048	3,485	189,850 208,835	189,850 208,835	0 0				946,160	946,160	0	189,850 433,368 946,160	189,850 429,883 946,160	3,485 0
Debt service: Principal retirement							\$65,707	\$65,707	0\$				65,707 35,077	65,707 35,077	0 0
Total expenditures	12,247,170	12,134,818	112,352	926,760	915,733	11,027	100,784	100,784	0	1,117,681	1,117,681	0	14,392,395	14,269,016	123,379
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(773,843)	(29,874)	743,969	888'6	(35,414)	(45,302)	(100,784)	(100,784)	0	(154,246)	(150,916)	3,330	(1,018,985)	(316,988)	701,997
Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures Refund of prior year's (receipts)	5,823 (1,400)	6,824 (1,360)	1,001	900	900	c	66.001	90	c				5,823 (1,400)	6,824 (1,360)	1,001
Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out) Proceeds of sale of fixed assets	(110,784)	(110,784)	2 837	10,000	10,000	Đ	100,784	100,784	Þ				(110,784)	(110,784)	0 0 2.837
Total other financing sources (uses)	(106,361)	(102,483)	3,878	10,000	10,000	0	100,784	100,784	0				4,423	8,301	3,878
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses)	(880,204)	(132,357)	747,847	19,888	(25,414)	(45,302)	0	0	0	(154,246)	(150,916)	3,330	(1,014,562)	(308,687)	705,875
Fund balances, July 1Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,484,309 64,185	1,484,309 64,185	0 0	122,701 29,578	122,701 29,578	0 0				173,654 21,052	173,654 21,052	0 0	1,780,664	1,780,664	0 0
Fund balances, June 30	\$668,290	\$1,416,137	\$747,847	\$172,167	\$126,865	(\$45,302)	80	80	0\$	\$40,460	\$43,790	\$3,330	\$880,917	\$1,586,792	\$705,875

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

	Proprietary F	und Types	
	Enterprise	Internal Service	Total (Memorandum Only)
Operating revenues:			
Sales/charges for services	\$448,197	\$132,859	\$581,056
Total operating revenues	448,197	132,859	581,056
Operating expenses:			
Personal services	284,388		284,388
Contract services	40,805	9,371	50,176
Materials and supplies	313,917		313,917
Depreciation	6,643		6,643
Claims expense		100,750	100,750
Total operating expenses	645,753	110,121	755,874
Operating income (loss)	(197,556)	22,738	(174,818)
Nonoperating revenues:			
Operating grants	122,611		122,611
Federal commodities	73,191		73,191
Interest revenue	5,477		5,477
Total nonoperating revenues	201,279		201,279
Net income	3,723	22,738	26,461
Retained earnings July 1	149,572	148,625	298,197
Retained earnings June 30	\$153,295	\$171,363	\$324,658

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

	Proprietary Fu	ind Types	m . 1
	Enterprise	Internal Service	Total (Memorandum Only)
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from sales/service charges Cash payments for personal services	\$448,538 (280,351)	\$132,719	\$581,257 (280,351)
Cash payments for contract services	(40,805)	(9,742)	(50,547)
Cash payments for supplies and materials	(239,015)	(-,-,	(239,015)
Cash payments for claims expenses		(100,200)	(100,200)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities.	(111,633)	22,777	(88,856)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Cash received from operating grants	141,097		141,097
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	141,097	_	141,097
-			
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received	5 177		5 177
interest received	5,477_		5,477
Net cash provided by investing activities	5,477		5,477
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Acquisition of capital assets	(12,025)		(12,025)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities.	(12,025)		(12,025)
Net increase in			
cash and cash equivalents.	22,916	22,777	45,693
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	113,978	146,654	260,632
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$136,894	\$169,431	\$306,325
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	(\$197,556)	\$22,738	(\$174,818)
Depreciation	6,643		6,643
Federal donated commodities	73,191		73,191
Changes in assets and liabilities:	( 501		( 501
Decrease in supplies inventory	6,581 341	(140)	6,581 201
Decrease in accounts payable	341	(371)	(371)
Increase in accrued wages & benefits	1,415	(3,1)	1,415
Decrease in compensated absences payable	(662)		(662)
Increase in pension obligation payable	3,284		3,284
Increase in claims payable	(4,870)	550	550 (4,870)
Decrease in deferred revenue	(4,0/0)		(4,0/0)
Net cash provided by (used in)	(0111 (22)	000 777	(000.050
operating activities	(\$111,633)	\$22,777	(\$88,856)

THE NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS STATEMENT.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Triway Local School District (the "District") is located in Wayne County, including all of the Village of Shreve, and portions of Clinton, Franklin, Wooster, and Plain townships. The District serves an area of approximately 95 square miles.

The District was organized in 1960, in accordance with Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms.

The District currently operates 3 elementary schools, 1 middle school, and 1 comprehensive high school. The District employs 100 non-certified and 148 (including administrative) certified full-time and part-time employees to provide services to approximately 2,279 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups, which ranks it 247<sup>th</sup> out of approximately 660 public and community school districts in Ohio.

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

## NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

## A. The Reporting Entity

The District's reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 1992. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes for the organization. The financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The District has no component units. The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District.

# Jointly Governed Organizations

### Midland Council of Governments

The District is a member of the Midland Council of Governments, which was organized as a council-of-governments (COG) entity in accordance with Ohio statute. While the District and the other 21 members are assessed annual user fees for data services, none of the members retain an ongoing financial interest in the COG.

### Ashland County - West Holmes Joint Vocational School

The vocational school district is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) to provide vocational and special education needs of the students. The school accepts non-tuition students from the District as a member school, however, it is considered a separate political subdivision and is not considered to be part of the District.

### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

### **B.** Fund Accounting

The District uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, Proprietary and Fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in Proprietary Funds) are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The following are the District's Governmental Fund Types:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General fund balance is available to the District for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with applicable Ohio statute.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds and Trust Funds).

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary Funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following are the District's Proprietary Fund Types.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises--where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Trust and Agency Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. These include Expendable Trust and Agency Funds. Expendable Trust funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as Governmental funds. Agency funds are presented on a budgetary basis, with note disclosure, if applicable, regarding items which, in other funds, would be subject to accrual.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

### ACCOUNT GROUPS

To make a clear distinction between fixed assets related to specific funds and those of general government, and between long-term liabilities related to specific funds and those of general nature, the following account groups are used:

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all fixed assets of the District, other than those accounted for in the Proprietary Funds.

<u>General Long-Term Obligations Account Group</u> - This group of accounts is established to account for all long-term obligations of the District, other than those accounted for in the Proprietary Funds.

# C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All Governmental funds and the Expendable Trust fund are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All Proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary Fund Type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed for Governmental and Expendable Trust funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period, which for the District is sixty days after the June 30 year-end. Revenues accrued at the end of the year include interest, tuition, grants and entitlements (to the extent they are intended to finance the current fiscal year), and accounts (student fees and rent). Current property taxes measurable as of June 30, 2000, and which are intended to finance fiscal 2001 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenues. Delinquent property taxes measurable and available (received within 60 days) and amounts available as an advance on future tax settlements are recognized as revenue at year-end. Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue but not received by the District prior to June 30, 2000, are reflected as a reservation of fund balance for future appropriations. The District is prohibited by law from appropriating this revenue in accordance with ORC Section 5705.35, since an advance of revenue was not requested or received prior to the fiscal year-end.

The District reports deferred revenue on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the recognition of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Expenditures (decreases in net financial resources) are recognized in the period in which the fund liability is incurred with the following exceptions: general long-term obligation principal and interest are reported only when due; and the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave are reported as expenditures in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in Governmental funds.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

## **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

The Proprietary Funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported on the operating statement as an expense, with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

# D. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2000 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15 of the preceding year, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Wayne County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

## **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2000.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year.) Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. All funds, other than Agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. Short-term interest loans are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource, and are intended to be repaid.
- 6. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All departments/functions and funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.

## NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

- 8. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. The District had no supplemental appropriations during fiscal 2000.
  - Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the budgetary statements present comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures as elected by the District Treasurer.
- 9. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

Encumbrance accounting is utilized with District funds in the normal course of operations, for purchase orders and contract-related expenditures. An encumbrance is a reserve on the available spending authority due to commitment for a future expenditure and does not represent a liability. For Governmental Fund Types, encumbrances outstanding at year-end appear as a reservation of fund balance on a GAAP basis and as the equivalent of expenditures on a non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to demonstrate legal compliance. Note 15 provides a reconciliation of the budgetary and GAAP basis of accounting. Encumbrances for Enterprise funds are reported in Note 11.

## NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

### E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including Proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" (both unrestricted and restricted) on the combined balance sheet.

During 2000, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) and a certificate of deposit.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as non-negotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2000.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the General fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal 2000 totaled \$129,594, which included \$46,690 assigned from other funds of the District.

An analysis of the Treasurer's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

## NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

### F. Inventory

Inventories for all Governmental funds are valued at cost (first-in/first-out method). The purchase method is used to account for inventories. Under the purchase method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased; however, material amounts of inventories at period end are reported as assets of the respective fund, which are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation even though they are a component of reported assets.

Inventories of Proprietary funds are valued at the lower of cost (first-in/first-out method) or market and expensed when used rather than when purchased.

# G. Prepayments

Prepayments for Governmental funds represent cash disbursements which have occurred and are therefore not current expendable resources. These items are reported as fund assets on the balance sheet using the allocation method, which amortizes their cost over the periods benefitting from the advance payment. At period-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future Governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is reserved by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset.

## H. Fixed Assets and Depreciation

# 1. General Fixed Assets Account Group

General fixed assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$1,000 and a useful life of less than five years. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. No depreciation is recognized for assets in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. The District has not included infrastructure in the General Fixed Asset Account Group.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

### 2. Proprietary Funds

Equipment reflected in these funds are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost and updated for the cost of additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date donated. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets. Depreciation has been provided, where appropriate, on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives.

Asset	Life (Years)
Buildings	25 - 50
Furniture, Fixtures and	
Minor Equipment	5 - 20
Vehicles	4 - 6

# I. Intergovernmental Revenues

In Governmental funds, entitlements and non-reimbursable grants (to the extent such grants and entitlements relate to the current fiscal year) are recorded as receivables and revenue when measurable and available. Reimbursement type grants are recorded as receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Grants for Proprietary fund operations (excluding commodities) are recognized as revenue when measurable and earned. The District currently participates in various state and federal programs categorized as follows:

<u>Entitlements</u> <u>Non-Reimbursable</u>	Grants
---	--------

General Fund
State Foundation Program
State Property Tax Relief
Capital Project Fund
State Property Tax Relief
Title VI-B
State Property Tax Relief
Title VI
Drug Free School
Public School Preschool

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

Non-Reimbursable Grants - (continued) Reimbursable Grants

Special Revenue Funds - (continued) General Fund

Goals 2000 School Bus Purchases
Ohio Reads Driver Education
Class Size Reduction Vocational Education
Library Services and Technology Travel/Salary

Summer Intervention

<u>Capital Project Fund</u> <u>Proprietary</u> National So

Capital Project FundNational School Lunch ProgramSchool NetNational School Breakfast Program

Special Milk Program

Government Donated Commodities

Grants and entitlements amounted to over 57% of the District's operating revenue during the 2000 fiscal year.

### J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, <u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>, a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off <u>or</u> other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement.

### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty (50) or greater with at least ten (10) years of service; or twenty (20) years' service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

Accumulated vacation and severance of Governmental Fund Type employees meeting the above requirements have been recorded in the appropriate Governmental Fund as a current liability to the extent that the amounts are expected to be payable within the current available period. The balance of the liability is recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. Vacation and sick leave for employees meeting the above requirements who are paid from Proprietary funds is recorded as an expense when earned.

## **K.** Long-Term Obligations

In general, Governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from Governmental funds are reported as a liability in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group to the extent that they will not be paid with current available expendable financial resources. Payments made more than sixty days after year-end are generally considered not to have been paid with current available financial resources. Bonds, capital leases, and long-term loans are reported as a liability of the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group until due.

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by Proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate Proprietary funds.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

## **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

## L. Statutory Reserves

The District is required by state law to set aside certain General fund (cash basis) revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the reserve activity was as follows:

		Capital		dget lization
	Textbooks	Acquisition	Reserved	Designated
Balance 7/1/99	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$151,576	\$348,471
Required Set-Aside	266,137	266,137	88,712	
District Allocation from				
Designated to Reserved				(88,712)
Offset Credits		(433,150)		
Qualifying Expenditures	(266,296)			
Total	<u>\$ (159)</u>	<u>\$(167,013</u> )	<u>\$240,288</u>	<u>\$259,759</u>
Cash balance/qualifying carry forward to FY 2001	<u>\$ 159</u>	<u>\$ 167,013</u>	<u>\$240,288</u>	<u>\$259,759</u>

The District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero, these extra amounts are being carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years. During fiscal 1999, the District elected to set-aside \$348,471 in excess of the statutory requirement for budget stabilization. During fiscal year 2000, the District elected to allocate its current required set-aside from its 1999 excess designated amount. The remaining excess amount of \$259,759 is reported as designated fund balance on the combined balance sheet.

A schedule of the restricted assets at June 30, 2000 follows:

Total amount restricted for budget stabilization \$240,288

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

# **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

# M. Fund Equity

Reserved fund balances indicate that portion of fund equity which is not available for current appropriation or is legally segregated for a specific use. Fund balances are reserved for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, tax revenue unavailable for appropriation and budget stabilization. The reserve for property taxes represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriation under State statute. The unreserved portions of fund equity reflected for the Governmental funds are available for use within the specific purposes of those funds.

Designated fund balances represents planned actions for additional monies set-aside by the District for budget stabilization.

### N. Interfund Transactions

Transactions between funds during the normal course of operations may occur. These may include:

- 1. Transfers of resources from one fund to another fund. The resources transferred are to be expended for operations by the receiving fund and are recorded as operating transfers, with the exception of Agency funds, which do not report transfers of resources as operating transfers.
- 2. Reimbursements from one fund to another are treated as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and a reduction in expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund.
- 3. Short-term interfund loans made pursuant to Board of Education Resolution are reflected as "interfund loans receivable or payable." Such interfund loans are repaid in the following fiscal year.
- 4. Quasi-external transactions are similar to the purchase of goods or services from a vendor; i.e., the fund which provides a service records revenue, and the fund which receives that service records an expenditure/expense.
- 5. Residual equity transfers are non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity, generally made when a fund is closed.

## NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

## **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)**

6. Long-term interfund loans that will not be repaid within the next year are termed "advances" and are shown as reservations of fund balances on the combined balance sheet for those funds that report advances to other funds as assets because they are not spendable, available resources.

An analysis of the District's interfund transactions for fiscal year 2000 is presented in Note 5.

### O. Statement of Cash Flows

In September 1989, the GASB issued Statement No. 9, <u>Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting</u>. The District has presented a statement of cash flows for its Enterprise funds. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers cash equivalents to include all short term investments (maturity of 90 days or less from date of purchase).

### P. Financial Reporting for Proprietary and Similar Fund Types

The District's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting". The District accounts for its proprietary activities in accordance with all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and its predecessors issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

# Q. Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the General Fund are classified as restricted assets because their use is completely restricted by State legislation. This reserve is required by State statute and can be used only after receiving approval from the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. See Note 2.L. for statutory reserves.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### R. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

# S. Memorandum Only - Total Columns

Total columns on the General Purpose Financial Statements are captioned (Memorandum Only) to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

### **NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE**

### **Deficit Fund Balances**

Fund balances at June 30, 2000 included the following individual fund deficits:

	Deficit Balances
Special Revenue Funds	
Summer Intervention	\$ (12)
Title VI-B	(11,525)
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	(138)

These funds complied with Ohio State law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year end. These deficit balances are caused by the application of GAAP, namely in the reporting of a liability for accrued wages and benefit obligations attributable to the fiscal year.

These GAAP deficits will be funded by anticipated future intergovernmental revenues or other subsidies not recognized and recorded at June 30.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

## NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public moneys deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, Notes, Debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities:

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

# NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt instruments rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Cash on Hand: At year end, the District had \$3,800 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the combined balance sheet as part of "Equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents and investments", but is not included in the total amount of deposits reported below.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

## NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

The following information classifies deposits and investments by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, <u>Deposits With Financial Institutions</u>, <u>Investments</u> (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements.

*Deposits:* At year-end the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$1,074,044 and the bank balance was \$1,120,745 (both amounts include \$500,000 in non-negotiable certificates of deposit, but are exclusive of payroll clearance accounts). Of the bank balance:

- 1. \$300,000 was covered by federal depository insurance.
- 2. \$820,745 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District held to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments: The District's investments are required to be categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District at year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the District or its agent in the District's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the District's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name. STAR Ohio is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physcial or book entry form.

	Fair
	Value
Not Subject to Categorization:	
Investment in State	
Treasurer's Investment Pool	<u>\$1,518,391</u>
Total Investments	<u>\$1,518,391</u>

The classification of cash and cash equivalents, and investments on the combined balance sheet is based on criteria set forth in GASB statement No. 9 entitled, <u>Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-Expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting.</u>

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

# NOTE 4 - EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the combined balance sheet per GASB Statement No. 9 and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 is as follows:

	Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	Investments	
GASB Statement No. 9	\$ 2,596,235	\$	0
Investments of the Cash			
Management Pool:			
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	(1,518,391)	1,513	8,391
Cash on Hand	(3,800)		
GASB Statement No. 3	<u>\$ 1,074,044</u>	<u>\$1,513</u>	<u>8,391</u>

## **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

The following is a summarized reconciliation of the District's operating transfers for fiscal year 2000:

<u>Fund</u>	Transfers In	Transfers (Out)
General Fund		\$(110,784)
Special Revenue Fund District Managed Student Activity	\$ 10,000	
<u>Debt Service Fund</u>	100,784	
Totals	<u>\$110,784</u>	<u>\$(110,784</u> )

### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Distributions from the second half of the calendar year occur in a new fiscal year and are intended to finance the operations of that year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the District.

Real property taxes and public utility taxes are levied after November 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value.

Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property, as well as land and improvements. Real property is assessed at 35% of market value and personal property is assessed at 100% of market value except for the personal property of rural electric companies which is assessed 50% of market and railroads which are assessed at 29%.

Tangible personal property taxes attach as a lien and are levied on January 1 of the current year. Tangible personal property assessments are 25% of true value. The first \$10,000 of assessed value is exempt from taxation. The District receives a state subsidy in lieu of tax revenue which would otherwise have been collected.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2000 taxes were collected are as follows:

	1999 Second-Half Collections		2000 First-Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential				
and Other Real Estate	\$115,492,160	78.53	\$134,951,300	79.24
Public Utility Personal	12,927,239	8.79	15,573,600	9.14
Tangible Personal Property	18,648,167	12.68	19,792,907	11.62
	<u>\$147,067,566</u>	<u>100.00</u>	\$170,317,807	<u>100.00</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:				
Operations	\$41.20		\$41.20	
Permanent improvement	1.00		1.00	

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

# **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due January 20; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due January 20 with the remainder payable by June 20.

The Wayne County Treasurer collects property tax on behalf of the District. The County Auditor periodically remits to the District its portion of the taxes collected. These tax "advances" are based on statutory cash flow collection rates. Final "settlements" are made each February and August.

Accrued property taxes receivable represent delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, personal property and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2000. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, they are not (exclusive of advances) intended to finance current year operations. The net receivable (total receivable less amount available intended to finance the current year) is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

Taxes available for advance and recognized as revenue but not received by the District prior to June 30, 2000, are reflected as a reservation of fund balance for future appropriations. The District is prohibited by law from appropriating this revenue in accordance with ORC Section 5705.35, since an advance of revenue was not requested or received prior to the fiscal year-end. Available tax advances at June 30, 2000 totaled \$81,727 in the General fund and \$1,337 in the Permanent Improvement fund.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2000 consisted of taxes, accounts (tuition and student fees), interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements (to the extent such grants and/or entitlements relate to the current fiscal year). All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes and the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of Federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of receivables follows:

	Amounts
General Fund	
Taxes - current and delinquent	\$4,615,497
Accounts	51,440
Accrued Interest	14,350
Capital Projects Fund Taxes - current and delinquent	101,940
Internal Service Fund	
Accounts	17,756

### **NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS**

The following changes occurred in the General Fixed Assets Account Group during the year:

	Balance July 1, 1999	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2000
Land/ Improvements	\$ 764,271	\$ 16,502	\$ 0	\$ 780,773
Buildings	5,196,444	59,271		5,255,715
Furniture/Equipment	2,888,212	186,627		3,074,839
Vehicles	1,132,027	251,172		1,383,199
Textbooks	829,183	ŕ		829,183
Construction in Progress	0	307,451		307,451
Total	<u>\$10,810,137</u>	<u>\$821,023</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	\$11,631,160

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

## **NOTE 8 - FIXED ASSETS - (Continued)**

A summary of the Proprietary fixed assets at June 30, 2000 follows:

Furniture and Equipment \$ 329,013 Less: Accumulated Depreciation (253,880)

Net Fixed Assets \$ 75,133

### NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In previous fiscal years, the District has entered into capital leases for copiers and computers. The terms of each agreement provide options to purchase the equipment. Each lease meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement No. 13 of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term.

Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the Combined Financial Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the Governmental Fund Types and Expendable Trust funds. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis. General fixed assets acquired by lease have been capitalized in the General Fixed Asset Account Group in the amount of \$145,014, which is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. A corresponding liability was recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. Principal payments in the 2000 fiscal year totaled \$7,804, which retired the District's capital lease obligation. The District exercised its bargain purchase option, and took title to the equipment. This amount is reflected as debt service principal retirement in the General fund.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

#### **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Energy conservation notes outstanding are general obligations of the District, for which the District's full faith and credit are pledged for repayment. Accordingly, these notes are accounted for in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. Payments of principal and interest relating to these notes are recorded as expenditures in the Debt Service fund; however, unlike general obligation bonds, Ohio statute allows for the issuance of energy conservation notes without voter approval, and the subsequent repayment of the notes from operating revenues.

A. The following is a description of the District's notes outstanding as of June 30, 2000:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Balance	Retired in	Balance
<u>Purpose</u>	Rate	Date	Date	07/01/99	Fiscal 2000	06/30/00
Energy Conservation Notes	6.05%	5/20/92	05/18/13	<u>\$689,067</u>	<u>\$(65,707)</u>	\$623,360
Total Notes				<u>\$689,067</u>	<u>\$(65,707</u> )	\$623,360

B. The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for the energy conservation notes:

Year Ending June 30	Principal on Energy Conservation Notes	Interest on Energy Conservation Notes	Total
2001	\$ 67,283	\$ 31,283	\$ 98,566
2002	68,861	27,501	96,362
2003	34,102	24,185	58,287
2004	35,786	22,502	58,288
2005	37,676	20,611	58,287
2006 - 2010	219,286	72,151	291,437
2011 - 2013	160,366	14,496	174,862
Total	<u>\$623,360</u>	<u>\$212,729</u>	\$836,089

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

#### **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

C. During the year ended June 30, 2000, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. Compensated absences are presented net of actual increases and decreases because of the practicality of determining these values. Compensated absences and the pension obligation will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid.

	Balance July 1, 1999	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2000
Compensated Absences Pension Obligation Energy Conservation Notes Capital Lease Obligation	\$ 840,278 87,672 689,067 7,804	\$87,184	\$ (7,142) (87,672) (65,707) (7,804)	\$ 833,136 87,184 623,360 0
TOTAL	<u>\$1,624,821</u>	<u>\$87,184</u>	<u>\$(168,325</u> )	<u>\$1,543,680</u>

## D. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness for energy conservation measures shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2000 are a voted debt margin of \$15,328,594, an unvoted debt margin of \$170,318, and an unvoted energy conservation debt margin of \$909,499.

#### **NOTE 11 - SEGMENT INFORMATION - ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

The District maintains one enterprise fund which provides lunchroom/cafeteria services, therefore segment information for the year ended June 30, 2000 is not presented. The Enterprise fund had \$15,915 of encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2000.

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

#### **NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District has established a Self Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss for dental benefits offered to employees. Under this program, the Self Insurance Fund provides coverage for each claim, capped at \$88,619 annually for all claims. The plan is administered by Mutual Health Services, Inc. The District purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Fund and for all other risks of loss, including health, life, fleet, property and casualty, and district-wide liability. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in the amounts of insurance coverage from fiscal 1999.

All funds of the District participate in the program and make payments to the Self- Insurance Fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay claims and actual amounts needed to pay fixed costs (premiums for stop-loss coverage and medical conversion and administrative fees and services). For fiscal year 2000, the District paid into the Self Insurance Fund a monthly premium of \$19.27 for single coverage, and \$64.28 for family coverage. The District's independent third-party administrator has actuarially determined that \$11,555 is a good and sufficient provision for all unmatured claim obligations (including both reported but unpaid claims and incurred but not reported claims, as well as an allowance for claim settlement expenses on the estimated unpaid claims) as of June 30, 2000.

The claims liability of \$11,555 reported in the fund at June 30, 2000 is based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues," as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims. Changes in claims activity for the past three fiscal years are as follows:

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current <u>Year Claims</u>	Claim Payments	Balance at End of Year
2000	11,005	101,300	(100,750)	11,555
1999	7,588	98,782	(95,365)	11,005
1998	5,528	80,166	(78,106)	7,588

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

#### **NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

The District retains all reserves, in anticipation of future claims. For the fiscal 2000 plan year, the District's reserves amounted to over \$140,000.

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 14. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

#### OSBA WORKER'S COMPENSATION GROUP RATING

For fiscal year 2000, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

#### A. SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides basic retirement and disability benefits, cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is established by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 45 North Fourth Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3634.

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Plan members are required to contribute 9 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which was 14 percent for 2000; 5.55 percent was the portion to fund pension obligations. The contribution rates of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the School Employees Retirement Board, up to maximum amounts allowed by State statute. The adequacy of the contribution rates is determined annually. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were, \$257,671, \$243,208, and \$210,525, respectively; 51 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$125,076, which represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds and the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

#### B. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS), a costsharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Teachers Retirement Board. STRS provides basic retirement benefits, disability, survivor, and health care benefits based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

STRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for STRS. The report may be obtained by writing to the State Teachers Retirement System, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771.

Plan members are required to contribute 9.3 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent; 6 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000, 1999, and 1998 were \$957,017, \$901,168, and \$852,529, respectively; 84 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2000 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 1999 and 1998. \$151,714, which represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2000, is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

#### C. SOCIAL SECURITY SYSTEM

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2000, members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

#### **NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

The District provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS), and to retired non-certified employees and their dependents through the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs, and reimbursement of monthly Medicare premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the Systems based on authority granted by State statute. Both systems are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The State Teachers Retirement Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Most benefit recipients are required to pay a portion of health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By Ohio law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds shall be included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For this fiscal year, the Board allocated employer contributions equal to 8 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Reserve Fund. For the District, this amount equaled \$546,867 during the 2000 fiscal year.

STRS pays health care benefits from the Health Care Reserve Fund. The balance in the Fund was \$2.783 billion at June 30, 1999. As of July 1, 1999, eligible benefit recipients totaled 95,796. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, net health care costs paid by STRS were \$249,929,000.

For SERS, coverage is made available to service retirees with ten or more fiscal years of qualifying service credit, disability, and survivor benefit recipients. Members retiring on or after August 1, 1989, with less than twenty-five years of service credit must pay a portion of their premium for health care. The portion is based on years of service up to a maximum of 75 percent of the premium.

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

#### **NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

For this fiscal year, employer contributions to fund health care benefits were 8.45 percent of covered payroll. In addition, SERS levies a surcharge to fund health care benefits equal to 14 percent of the difference between a minimum pay and the member's pay, pro-rated for partial service credit. For fiscal year 2000, the minimum pay has been established at \$12,400. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, provides for maintenance of the asset target level for the health care fund.

The target level for the health care reserve is 150 percent of annual health care expenses. Expenses for health care at June 30, 1999, were \$126,380,984 and the target level was \$189.6 million. At June 30, 1999 SERS had net assets available for payment of health care benefits of \$188 million. SERS has approximately 51,000 participants currently receiving health care benefits. For the School District, the amount to fund health care benefits, including the surcharge, equaled \$142,534 during the 2000 fiscal year.

#### NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The Combined Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - All Governmental Fund Types is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for Governmental funds (GAAP basis).

# NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

## **NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)**

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the governmental funds are as follows:

## Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

### Governmental Fund Types

	General <u>Fund</u>	Special Revenue <u>Funds</u>	Capital Projects Funds
Budget Basis	\$(132,357)	\$(25,414)	\$(150,916)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	48,512	(8,399)	(204)
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(122,280)	(7,150)	(97,662)
Net Adjustment for Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(5,464)		
Adjustment for Encumbrances	96,100	20,059	554,981
GAAP Basis	<u>\$(115,489</u> )	<u>\$(20,904</u> )	<u>\$ 306,199</u>

#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

#### **NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2000.

#### **B.** Litigation

The District is involved in no litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

#### C. School Funding Decision

On March 24, 1997, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered a decision declaring certain portions of the Ohio school funding plan unconstitutional. The Court stayed the effect of its ruling for one year to allow the State's legislature to design a plan to remedy the perceived defects in that system. Declared unconstitutional was the State's "school foundation program", which provides significant amounts of monetary support to this District. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the District received \$6,071,059 of school foundation for its General fund.

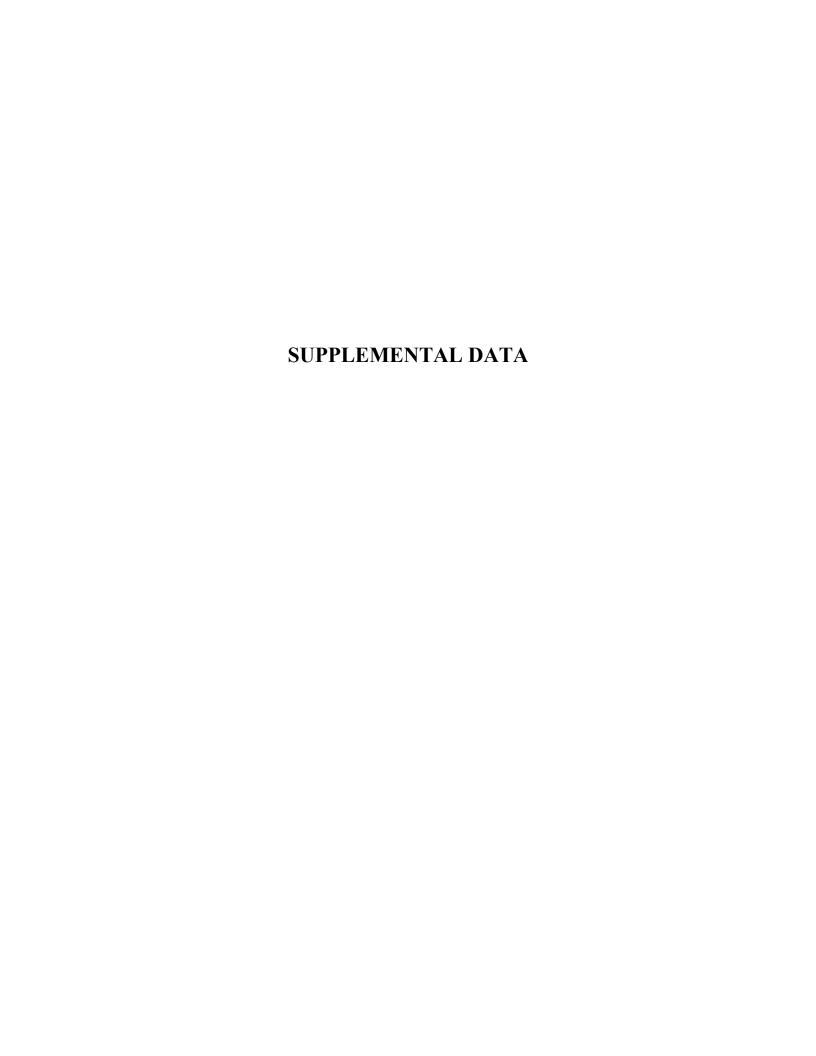
#### NOTES TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

#### **NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)**

Since the Supreme Court ruling, numerous pieces of legislation have been passed by the State General Assembly in an attempt to address the issues identified by the Court. The Court of Common Pleas in Perry County reviewed the new laws and, in a decision issued on February 26, 1999, determined they are not sufficiently responsive to the constitutional issues raised under the "thorough and efficient" clause of the Ohio Constitution. The State appealed the decision made by the Court of Common Pleas to the Ohio Supreme Court. On May 11, 2000, the Ohio Supreme Court rendered an opinion on this issue. The Court concluded, "...the mandate of the (Ohio) Constitution has not been fulfilled." The Court's majority recognized efforts by the Ohio General Assembly taken in response to the Court's March 24, 1997, decision, however, it found seven "...major areas warrant further attention, study, and development by the General Assembly...," including the State's reliance on local property tax funding, the state's basic aid formula, the school foundation program, as discussed above, the mechanism for, and adequacy of, funding for school facilities, and the existence of the State's School Solvency Assistance Fund, which the Court found took the place of the unconstitutional emergency school loan assistance program.

The Court decided to maintain jurisdiction over these issues and continued the case at least until June 15, 2001.

As of the date of these financial statements, the District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this ongoing litigation will have on its future State funding under this program (these programs) and on its financial operations.



## TRIWAY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

SUB GRA	L GRANTOR/ INTOR/ M TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(D) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	OTHER FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(D) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS	OTHER FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
PASSED	PARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE THROUGH THE PARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
(A) (C) (A) (C)	Nutrition Cluster: Food Distribution School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Special Milk Program	10.550 10.553 10.555 10.556	N/A N/A N/A N/A	\$1,139 131,112 3,126	\$68,321	\$1,139 131,112 3,126	\$73,191
	Total U. S. Department of Agriculture and Nutrition Cluster			135,377	68,321	135,377	73,191
PASSED	PARTMENT OF EDUCATION THROUGH THE PARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
	Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981 - Title I Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981 - Title I Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981 - Title I Education Consolidation and Improvement Act of 1981 - Title I	84.010 84.010 84.010 84.010	50591-C1-S1-99 50591-C1-SD-99 50591-C1-S1-00 50591-C1-SD-00	0 0 145,847 15,986		20,010 68 119,562 15,986	
	Total Title I			161,833		155,626	
	Assistance to States for Education of Handicapped Children - Title VI-B	84.027	50591-6B-SF-99P	136,710		134,021	
	Drug Free Schools Drug Free Schools	84.186 84.186	50591-DR-S1-99 50591-DR-S1-00	8,162 9,557		8,162 4,275	
	Total Drug Free Schools			17,719		12,437	
	Goals 2000 Subsidy	84.276	50591-G2-S2-99	0		9,300	
	Innovative Education - Program Strategies - Title VI Innovative Education - Program Strategies - Title VI	84.298 84.298	50591-C2-S1-99 50591-C2-S1-00	1,487 10,501		1,487 5,444	
	Total Title VI			11,988		6,931	
	Class Size Reduction	84.340	50591-CR-S1-00	32,592		32,592	
	Total U. S. Department of Education			360,842		350,907	
PASSED	AL FOUNDATION FOR THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES THROUGH THE IBRARY OF OHIO:						
	Library Services and Technology	45.310	50591-I-Jj-98	8,955		20,955	
	Total National Foundation for the Arts and the Humanities			8,955		20,955	
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$505,174	\$68,321	\$507,239	\$73,191

Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.

The Food Distribution Program is a noncash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at fair market prices.

Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis. This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

## TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

"SERVING OHIO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS"

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## Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Required By Government Auditing Standards

Board of Education Triway Local School District 3205 Shreve Road Wooster, Ohio 44691-9491

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of Triway Local School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000, and have issued our report thereon dated November 10, 2000. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Triway Local School District's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Board of Education Triway Local School District

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Triway Local School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. We noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that do not require inclusion in this report, that we have reported to management of Triway Local School District in a separate letter dated November 10, 2000.

This report is intended for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the Triway Local School District and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. November 10, 2000

## TRIMBLE, JULIAN & GRUBE, INC.

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# Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Its Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*

Board of Education Triway Local School District 3205 Shreve Road Wooster, Ohio 44691-9491

### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Triway Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2000. Triway Local School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Triway Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Triway Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *OMB Circular A-133*, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and *OMB Circular A-133* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance occurred with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Triway Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Triway Local School District's compliance with those requirements.

Board of Education Triway Local School District

In our opinion, Triway Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2000.

### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Triway Local School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Triway Local School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with *OMB Circular A-133*.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the Board of Education of Triway Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Trimble, Julian & Grube, Inc. November 10, 2000

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505

# TRIWAY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WAYNE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2000

## 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other reportable control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other reportable internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505

# TRIWAY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WAYNE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2000

### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS (Continued)

(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program:	Title I; CFDA#84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



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# TRIWAY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT WAYNE COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED
JANUARY 16, 2001