#### Pre-designation continued:

To pre-designate you must: On the date of your work injury you have health care coverage for injuries or illnesses that are not work related: The doctor is your regular physician, who shall be either a physician who has limited his or her practice of medicine to general practice or who is a board-certified or board-eligible internist, pediatrician, obstetrician-gynecologist, or family practitioner, and has previously directed your medical treatment, and retains your medical records; Your "personal physician" may be a medical group if it is a single corporation or partnership composed of licensed doctors of medicine or osteopathy, which operates an integrated multispecialty medical group providing comprehensive medical services predominantly for nonoccupational illnesses and injuries; Prior to the injury your doctor agrees to treat you for work injuries or illnesses; Prior to the injury you provided your employer the following in writing: (1) notice that you want your personal doctor to treat you for a work-related injury or illness, and (2) your personal doctor's name and business address

You may use the "pre-designation of personal physician" form included with this pamphlet. After you fill in the form, be sure to give it to your employer.

If your employer does not have an approved MPN, you may name your chiropractor or acupuncturist to treat you for work related injuries. The notice of personal chiropractor or acupuncturist must be in writing *before* you get hurt. You may use the form included in this pamphlet. After you fill in the form, be sure to give it to your employer. State law does not allow a chiropractor to continue as your treating physician after 24 visits.

#### WHAT IF THERE IS A PROBLEM?

If you have a concern, speak up. Talk to your employer or the claims administrator handling your claim and try to solve the problem. If this doesn't work, get help by trying the following:

# Contact the Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC) Information and Assistance (I&A) Unit

All 224 DWC offices throughout the state provide information and assistance on rights, benefits and obligations under California workers' compensation laws. I&A officers help resolve disputes without formal proceedings. Their goal is to get you full and timely benefits. Their services are free.

To contact the nearest I&A Unit, go to www.dwc.ca.gov and under "Workers' Compensation programs and units" click on "Information & Assistance Unit." At this site you will find fact sheets, guides and information to help you.

#### Consult with an Attorney

Most attorneys offer one free consultation. If you decide to hire an attorney, his or her fees may be taken out of some of your benefits. For names of workers' compensation attorneys, call the State Bar of California at (415) 538-2120 or go to their website at www.californiaspecialist.org. You may get a list of attorneys from your local I&A Unit.

# Optional Form PREDESIGNATION OF PERSONAL PHYSICIAN

In the event you sustain an injury or illness related to your employment, you may be treated for such injury or illness by your personal medical doctor (M.D.), doctor of osteopathic medicine (D.O.) or medical group if:

•On the date of your work injury you have health care coverage for injuries or illnesses that are not work related;

•The doctor is your regular physician, who shall be either a physician who has limited his or her practice of medicine to general practice or who is a board-certified or board-eligible internist, pediatrician, obstetrician-gynecologist, or family practitioner, and has previously directed your medical treatment, and retains your medical records;

•Your "personal physician" may be a medical group if it is a single corporation or partnership composed of licensed doctors of medicine or osteopathy, which operates an integrated multispecialty medical group providing comprehensive medical services predominantly for nonoccupational illnesses and injuries;

 Prior to the injury your doctor agrees to treat you for work injuries or illnesses;

•Prior to the injury you provided your employer the following in writing: (1) notice that you want your personal doctor to treat you for a work-related injury or illness, and (2) your personal doctor's name and business address.

You may use this form to notify your employer if you wish to have your personal medical doctor or a doctor of osteopathic medicine treat you for a work-related injury or illness and the above requirements are met.

#### NOTICE OF PREDESIGNATION OF PERSONAL PHYSICIAN Employee: Complete this section.

To:(Name of employer)	
(Name or employer)	
If I have a work-related injury or illne	ss, I choose to be treated by:
Name of doctor (M.D., D.O., or medic	al group)
Street address, city, state, ZIP	
	(telephone number)
Employee Name (please print)	
Employee Address	
Name of Insurance Company, Plan, or nonoccupational injuries or illnesses:	Fund providing health coverage for
Employee's Signature	Date:
Physician: I agree to this Predesignation	on:
Signature:	Date:
(Physician or Designated Employee of The physician is not required to sign the physician is not required to sign the designated employee of the physician other documentation of the physician be required pursuant to Title 8, Califon 12, 2016 (2); Title 8, California Code	the Physician or Medical Group); nis form, however, if the physician an or medical group does not sign, s agreement to be predesignated w rnia Code of Regulations, section

# NOTICE OF PERSONAL CHIROPRACTOR OR PERSONAL ACUPUNCTURIST

If your employer or your employer's insurer does not have a Medical Provider Network, you may be able to change your treating physician to your personal chiropractor or acupuncturist following a work-related injury or illness. In order to be eligible to make this change, you must give your employer the name and business address of a personal chiropractor or acupuncturist in writing prior to the injury or illness. Your claims administrator generally has the right to select your treating physician within the first 30 days after your employer knows of your injury or illness. After your claims administrator has initiated your treatment with another doctor during this period, you may then, upon request, have your treatment transferred to your personal chiropractor or acupuncturist.

NOTE: If your date of injury is January 1, 2004 or later, a chiropractor cannot be your treating physician after you have received 24 chiropractic visits unless your employer has authorized additional visits in writing. The term "chiropractic visit" means any chiropractic office visit, regardless of whether the services performed involve chiropractic manipulation or are limited to evaluation and management. Once you have received 24 chiropractic visits, if you still require medical treatment, you will have to select a new physician who is not a chiropractor. This prohibition shall not apply to visits for postsurgical physical medicine visits prescribed by the surgeon, or physician designated by the surgeon, under the postsurgical component of the Division of Workers' Compensation's Medical Treatment Utilization Schedule.

You may use this form to notify your employer of your personal chiropractor or acupuncturist.

Your Chiropractor or Acupuncturist's Information:

(Name of chiropractor or acupuncturist)	
(Street address, city, state, zip code)	
(Telephone number)	
Employee Name (please print):	
Employee's Address:	
Employee's Signature	
Date:	

Title 8, California Code of Regulations, section 9783.1. (Optional DWC Form 9783.1 Effective date July 1, 2014)



# Time of Hire Notification for Injured Workers

Workers' Compensation Company:
AIMS
PO Box 269120
Sacramento, California 95826
(916) 563-1900 Phone
(916) 563-1919 Fax

#### WHAT IS WORKERS' COMPENSATION?

If you get hurt on the job, your employer is required by law to pay for workers' compensation benefits. You could get hurt by:

One event at work: Hurting your back in a fall, getting burned by a chemical that splashes on your skin, getting hurt in a car accident while making deliveries.

#### OR

Repeated exposures at work: Hurting your wrist from using vibrating tools or losing your hearing because of constant loud noise.

#### OR

Workplace crime: You get hurt in a store robbery or physically attacked by an unhappy customer.

## Discrimination Is Illegal

It is illegal under Labor Code section 132a for your employer to punish or fire you because you:

- File a workers' compensation claim
- Intend to file a workers' compensation claim
- · Settle a workers' compensation claim
- Testify or intend to testify for another injured worker

If it is found that your employer discriminated against you, he/she may be ordered to return you to your job. Your employer may also be made to pay for lost wages, increased workers' compensation benefits and costs and expenses set by state law.

#### What are the Benefits?

#### Medical care:

Paid for by your employer to help you recover from an injury or illness caused by work. Doctor visits, hospital visits, physical therapy, lab tests and x-rays are some of the medical services that may be provided. These services should be necessary to treat your injury. There are limits on some services such as physical and occupational therapy and chiropractic care. All medical care may be subject to utilization review and approval.

#### Temporary disability benefits:

Payments if you lose wages because your injury prevents you from doing your usual job while recovering. The amount you may get is up to two-thirds of your wages. There are minimum and maximum payment limits set by state law. You will be paid every two weeks if you are eligible. For most injuries, payments may not exceed

104 weeks within five years from your date of injury.

Temporary disability (TD) stops when you return to work, when the doctor releases you for work or your injury has improved as much as it's going to.

#### Permanent disability benefits:

Payments if you don't recover completely. You will be paid every two weeks if you are eligible. There are minimum and maximum weekly payment rates established by state law. The amount of payment is based on:

- o Your doctors medical reports
- o Your age
- Your occupation

### Supplemental job displacement benefits:

This is a voucher for up to \$6,000 that you can use for retraining or skill enhancement at an approved school, books, tools, licenses or certification fees or other resources to help you find a new job. You are eligible for this voucher if:

You have a permanent disability

 Your employer does not offer regular,
 modified or alternative work within 60 days
 after the claims administrator receives a doctor's report saying you have made a maximum medical recovery.

#### Death benefits:

Payments to your spouse, children or other dependents if you die from a job injury or illness. The amount of payment is based on the number of dependents. The benefits are paid every two weeks at a rate of at least \$224 per week. In addition, workers' compensation provides a burial allowance.

#### Other benefits:

You may file a claim with the Employment Development Department (EDD) to get state disability benefits when workers' compensation benefits are delayed, denied or have ended. There are time restrictions so for more information, contact the local office of EDD or go to their Website www.edd.ca.gov.

If your injury results in a permanent disability (PD) and the state determines that your PD benefit is disproportionately low compared to your earning loss, you may qualify for additional money from the Department of Industrial Relation's special earnings loss supplement program also known as the return to work program. If you have questions or think you qualify, contact the Information & Assistance Unit by going to www.dwc.ca.gov and looking under "Workers' Compensation programs and units" for the "Information & Assistance Unit" link or visit the DIR website at www.dir.ca.gov.

## Workers' Compensation Fraud Is a Crime

Any person who makes or causes to be made any knowingly false statement in order to obtain or deny workers' compensation benefits or payments is guilty of a felony. If convicted, the person will have to pay fines up to \$150,000 and/or serve up to five years in jail.

#### WHAT SHOULD I DO IF I HAVE AN INJURY?

#### Report your injury to your employer:

Tell your supervisor right away no matter how slight the injury may be. Don't delay - there are time limits. You could lose your right to benefits if your employer does not learn of your injury within 30 days. If your illness is one that develops over time, report it as soon as you learn it was caused by your job.

If you cannot report to the employer or don't hear from the claims administrator after you have reported your injury, contact the claims administrator yourself.

on responsible for

You may be able to find the name of your employer's workers' compensation insurer at www.caworkcompcoverage.com. If no coverage exists or coverage has expired, contact the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement at www.dir.ca.gov/DLSE as all employees must be covered by law.

#### Get emergency treatment if needed:

If it's a medical emergency, go to an emergency room right away. Tell the medical provider who treats you that your injury is job related. Your employer may tell you where to go for follow up treatment.

# Emergency telephone numbers:

Call 911 for an ambulance, fire department or police. For non-emergency medical care, contact your employer, the workers' compensation Claims Administrator.

## Fill out a DWC-1 claim form and give it to your employer

Your employer must give you a DWC-1 claim form within one working day after learning about your injury or illness. Complete the employee portion, sign and give it back to your employer. Your employer will then file your claim with the claims administrator. Your employer must authorize treatment within one working day of receiving the DWC-1 claim form.

If the injury is from repeated exposures, you have one year from when you realized your injury was job related to file a claim.

In either case, you may receive up to \$10,000 in employer-paid medical care until your claim is either accepted or denied. The claims administrator has up to 90 days to decide whether to accept or deny your claim. Otherwise, your case is presumed payable.

Your employer or the claims administrator will send you "benefit notices" that will advise you of the status of your claim.

#### More about Medical Care

# What is a Primary Treating Physician (PTP)?

This is a doctor with overall responsibility for treating your injury or illness. He/she may be:

- The doctor you name in writing before you get hurt on the job
- A doctor from the medical provider network (MPN)
- The doctor chosen by your employer during the first 30 days of injury if your employer does not have an MPN
- The doctor you chose after the first 30 days if your employer does not have an MPN

# What is a Medical Provider Network (MPN)?

An MPN is a select group of health care providers who treat injured workers. Check with your employer to see if they are using an MPN.

If you have not named a doctor before you get hurt and your employer is using an MPN, you will see an MPN doctor. After your first visit, you are free to choose another doctor from the MPN list.

#### What is Pre-designation?

Pre-designation is when you name your personal medical doctor to treat you if you are hurt and or sustain an illness related to your employment. The doctor must be a medical doctor (M.D.), doctor of osteopathic medicine (D.O.) or a medical group with an M.D. or D.O. (See next page).