

Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority

Mitt Romney Governor Kerry Healey Lt. Governor John Cogliano Secretary and MBTA Chairman Daniel A. Grabauskas General Manager

### Application For Leave Under The Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (FMLA) For the Care of an Immediate Family Member

REVISED 02/01/06

### FMLA – Page 1 to be completed by employee

Name		Emj	ployee #	
Address	STREET	CITY	STATE	ZIP
Home Phone:				
Job Title		Da	ate Of Hire	
Department		At	rea #	

Please check the qualifying reason for your request: (Check and complete only one)

 □ Care of a family member with serious health condition: (Choose one below)

 Legal Spouse □
 Son □
 Daughter □
 Mother □
 Father □

Family Member's Printed Name:\_\_\_\_

 Family Member's Signature:
 Date:

 (By signing this form I am authorizing the release of attached medical information to the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority.)

\*Paternity/Childbirth - Estimated Date of Delivery \_\_\_\_\_

\*Adoption/Foster Care - Estimated Date of Event

\*If I am applying for Paternity or Adoption/Foster Care, I also am applying for any benefits I may be entitled to under the Massachusetts Maternity Leave (MML). If eligible for leave under FMLA, and/or the MML, I understand that the Authority shall apply any leave entitlement concurrently, unless otherwise designated by the Authority.

Employee's Signature:

Date:

Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority, Ten Park Plaza, Boston, MA 02116-3974

#### FMLA – Page 2 to be completed by family member's Attending Medical Practitioner, only

is under my care.

- 1. Please provide a description of his/her condition. (See page 4 – Definitions for FMLA qualifying factors.)
- 2. Please describe in detail the reasons why the employee who is applying for this coverage is needed to care for the family member, (e.g. support with ADL's, transportation to medical appointments dispensation of medications, etc.):

There are three (3) types of FMLA Leave: Continuous, Irregular/Intermittent and Reduced. Please read definitions on page 4 and indicate which type this employee will need to adequately care for his/her family member.

### **Continuous**

If the employee requires a Continuous Leave (see definition on page 4), please provide the expected duration that the family member will be incapacitated, including the employee's first day of absence and a date when you anticipate he/she will be able to return to work. (If the leave is necessary due to childbirth, please provide the estimated date of delivery if childbirth has not occurred at the time when this application is completed.)

•	Date of patient incapacity:	
•	Maternity Leave/Estimated Date of Delivery:	
•	Date employee to be absent from work:	Expected Return to Work

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### □ Irregular/Intermittent

If the employee requires Irregular/Intermittent absences to care for the family member (see definition on page 4), due to the health condition or its treatment, please provide the following information:

An estimate length of time your patient will require care from the employee; (NOTE: if medical condition is "lifelong", FMLA coverage will need to be renewed every 12 months;)

Begin Date:		End Date:		
1 to 7 days	8 to 16 days	17 to 29 days	30 to 44 days	
45 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	91 to 1	30 days	
previous history of Once per month	"frequency" of absences. I incapacity. Please check the Twice per month times per month; please en	appropriate time fi Three times pe	ame: r month	ite based on his/her
Additional clarify	ving information:			
An estimate of th	e "duration" of the avera	age absence. Pleas	se check the approp	priate time frame:
1 to 3 hours	4 to 7 hours	One day	Two Days	Three Days
Over three da	ays but less than seven	Other (please e	explain)	

### FMLA – Page 3 to be completed by family member's Attending Medical Practitioner, only

### **Reduced**

If the employe requires a **Reduced Leave** schedule to care for the family member (see definition on page 4), please define the schedule, including the specific length of time he/she will require for this accommodation.

1 to 2 hours per occurrence

2 to 4 hours per occurrence

Reduce work hours per day \_\_\_\_\_ hours per day for \_\_\_\_\_ weeks

Describe the prescribed treatment (physical therapy requiring special equipment, dialysis, chemotherapy).

Signature of Medical Practitioner completing this form Name of Medical Practitioner (Please Print Clearly)		Date Title		
Address	City	State	Zip Code	

When this form is completed by Attending Physician, it should be submitted to: MBTA FMLA Unit 10 Park Plaza, 4th Floor, Rm 4810, Boston, MA 02116 Phone (617) 222-5751 Fax (617) 222-3353

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**1. CONTINUOUS LEAVE**: a leave of absence for which the employee is unable to work for an uninterrupted period of time (up to 12 weeks), e.g., surgery and recovery, terminal stages of an illness, recovery from an injury, or for childbirth, adoption or foster care placement. If not childbirth, adoption or foster care placement, continuous leave must include one or more of the following criteria to be considered a serious health condition under <u>FMLA regulations</u>:

- (a) <u>Inpatient care</u> (i.e., an overnight stay) in a hospital, hospice or residential medical care facility, including any period of incapacity<sup>1</sup> or subsequent treatment in connection with, or consequent to such inpatient care.
- (b) A period of incapacity of <u>more than three (3) consecutive calendar days</u> (including any subsequent treatment or period of incapacity relating to the same condition), involving:
  - <u>Treatment<sup>2</sup> two or more times</u> by a health care provider, by a nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health care provider, or by a provider of health care services (e.g., physical therapist) under orders of, or on referral by, a health care provider; or,
  - <u>Treatment</u> by a health care provider on <u>at least one occasion</u> which results in a regimen of continuing treatment<sup>3</sup> under the supervision of the health care provider.
- (c) <u>A period of incapacity which is permanent or long-term due to a condition for which treatment</u>
- <u>may not be effective.</u> The employee must be under the continuing supervision of, but need not receiving active treatment by, a health care provider. Examples include Alzheimer's, a severe stroke, or the terminal stages of a disease.

2. **INTERMITTENT LEAVE:** a medically necessary leave taken in separate/episodic periods of time due to a single illness or injury, rather than for one continuous period of time, and may include leave of periods from one hour, or more to several weeks. Examples of intermittent leave would include leave taken on an occasional basis for medical appointments, a period of incapacity due to pregnancy, or for prenatal care, or leave taken several days at a time spread over a period of six months, such as for chronic conditions. In order to be considered a serious health condition under <u>FMLA regulations</u>, a chronic health condition must meet all of the following criteria:

- (a) Requires **periodic visits** for treatment by a health care provider, or by a nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health care provider;
- (b) Continues over an extended period (including recurring episodes of a single underlying condition)
- (c) Requires multiple treatments (including any period of recovery therefrom) by a health care provider or by a provider of health care services under orders of, or on referral by, a health care provider, either for restorative surgery after an accident or other injury, or for a condition that would likely result in a period of incapacity of more than three (3) consecutive calendar days in the absence of medical intervention or treatment, such as cancer (chemotherapy, radiation, etc.) or kidney disease (dialysis).

**3. REDUCED LEAVE SCHEDULE** : a medically necessary leave schedule that reduces the usual number of hours per workweek, or hours per workday, of an employee who has a chronic, or permanent long term condition. In order for an illness or injury to qualify under <u>FMLA regulations</u> the criteria must include the following:

(a) Multiple treatments (including any period of recovery therefrom) by a health care provider or by a provider of health care services under orders of, or on referral by, a health care provider, either for restorative surgery after an accident or other injury, or for a condition that would likely result in a period of incapacity of more than three (3) consecutive calendar days in the absence of medical intervention or treatment, such as cancer (chemotherapy, radiation, etc.) or kidney disease (dialysis).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Incapacity", for the purpose of FMLA, is defined as the inability to work, attend school or perform other regular daily activities due to the serious health condition, treatment therefore, or recovery therefrom.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> **Treatment** includes examinations to determine if a serious health condition exists and evaluations of the condition. Treatment does not include routine physical examinations, eye examinations or dental examinations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A regimen of continuing treatment includes, for example, a course of prescription medication (e.g., an antibiotic) or therapy requiring special equipment to resolve or alleviate the health condition. A regimen of treatment does not include the taking of over-the-counter medications such as aspirin, antihistamines, or salves; or bed-rest, drinking fluids, exercise, and other similar activities that can be initiated without a visit to a health care provider.

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# Your Rights Under The Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993

FMLA requires covered employers to provide up to 12 weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave to "eligible" employees for certain family and medical reasons. Employees are eligible if they have worked for a covered employer for at least one year, and for 1,250 hours over the previous twelve (12) months.

### **Reasons For Taking Leave:**

Unpaid leave must be granted for any of the following reasons:

- To care for the employee's child after birth, or placement for adoption or foster care;
- To care for the employee's spouse, son or daughter, or parent, who has a serious health condition; or
- For a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the employee's job.

At the employee's or employer's option, certain kinds of paid leave may be substituted for unpaid leave.

### Advance Notice and Medical Certification:

The employee may be required to provide advance leave notice and medical certification. Taking of leave may be denied if requirements are not met.

- The employee ordinarily must provide 30 days advance notice when the leave is "foreseeable."
- The employer may require medical certification to support a request for leave because of a serious health condition, and may require second or third opinions (at the employer's expense) and a fitness for duty report to return to work.

Job Benefits and Protection:

• For the duration of FMLA leave, the employer must maintain the employee's health coverage under any "group health plan."

- Upon return from FMLA leave, most employees must be restored to their original or equivalent positions with equivalent pay, benefits, and other employment terms.
- The use of FMLA leave cannot result in the loss of any employment benefit that accrued prior to the start of an employee's leave.

### Unlawful Acts By Employers:

FMLA makes it unlawful for the employer to:

- interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of any right provided under FMLA;
- discharge or discriminate against any person for opposing any practice made unlawful by FMLA, or for involvement in any proceeding under or relating to FMLA.

### Enforcement:

- The U.S. Department of Labor is authorized to investigate and resolve complaints of violations.
- An eligible employee may bring a civil action against an employer for violations.

FMLA does not affect any Federal or State law prohibiting discrimination, or supersede any State or local law or collective bargaining agreement, which provides greater family or medical leave rights.

### For Additional Information:

Contact the nearest office of the Wage and Hour Division listed in most telephone directories under U.S. Government, Department of Labor.