MN Department of Labor and Industry Workers' Compensation Division PO Box 64221 St. Paul, MN 55164-0221 (651) 284-5032 or 1-800-342-5354

Fax: (651) 284-5731

# First Report of Injury See Instructions on Reverse Side

## PRINT IN INK or TYPE ENTER DATES IN MM/DD/YYYY FORMAT



DO NOT USE THIS SPACE

1. EMPLOYEE SOCIAL SECURITY # 2.		<b>Y#</b> 2. 0	SHA case #		me employee began on date of injury				am								
4. DATE OF CLAIMED INJURY 5. Time of injury			am 6.		Date of	death	# of depen			(if dea	ith						
7. EMPLOYEE Name (last, suffix, first, middle) 8. Gende M							9. Ma status	I	=	arried nmarrie	ed						
10. Home address 11.					11. Ho	ome pho	me phone #			12. Date of birth				13. Date	13. Date hired		
City State Z			Zip Code		14. Occupation			15	15. Regular department				16. Apprentice				
17. Average weekly wage   18. Rate per hour		19. Hours per day 20. Da week		ys per	Norma S	mal work schedule		Sun	status that a		pply)		Full time Seasonal		Part time Volunteer		
22. Tell us how the injury/illness occurred, what the employee was doing before the incident (give details), and what the injury/illness was. Examples: "Worker was driving lift truck with a pallet of boxes when the truck tipped, pinning worker's left leg under drive shaft." "Worker developed soreness in left wrist over time from daily computer key entry."																	
23. What was the injury or illness (include the part(s) of body)? Examples: chemical burn left hand, broken left leg, carpal tunnel syndrome in left wrist.  24. What tools, equipment, machines, objects, or substances were involved? Examples: chlorine, hand sprayer, pallet lift truck, computer keyboard.																	
25. Did injury occur on employer's premises?  26. Date  Yes No				of first	day of a	ay of any lost time 27. Employer paid for lost time on day of injury Yes No No lost time o											
Name and address of the place of the occurrence 28. Date el				employ	er notifi	er notified of injury 29. Date employer notified of lost time											
				30. Retur	n to wo	ork date		3	31. RT	W san	ne emp	oloyer No	32. F	RTW with re		tions No	
33. Treating physician	(name)			34. Exter Non			atment on-site b					Mine	or clin	ic/hospital			
				ergency ire majo	room Hospitalization more than 24 hours or medical anticipated												
36. <b>EMPLOYER</b> Legal	name		"-			37.	EMPLO'	YER DI	BA na	me (if	differer	nt)					
38. <b>Mailing</b> address						39.	Employe	er FEIN				40. Une	mploy	ment ID#			
City State Zip Code					41.	41. Employer's contact name and phone #											
42. Physical address (if different)					43.	43. Witness (name and phone) - if more than 1 attach a separate sheet											
City State Zip Code						44.	44. NAICS code 45. Date form completed										
46. INSURER name						51. CLAIMS ADMIN COMPANY (CA) name (check one)  Insurer  TPA											
47. Insured legal name and FEIN					52.	52. CA address											
48. Policy # (including effective dates) or self-insured certificate #					City	City State Zip Code											
49. Insurer FEIN 50. Date insurer received notice					53.	53. CA FEIN 54. CA claim #											
55. To be completed by the <b>CA</b> :				La	ate reaso	e reason code: Sa				in lieu	lieu of comp? Deat		ath result of injury?				

## **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS TO THE EMPLOYER**

**Employers, not employees,** are responsible for completing this form. The information is needed to determine liability and entitlement to benefits. You must file this form with your insurer, and give a copy to the employee and the employee's local union office. You are required to provide the employee with a copy of the Employee Information Sheet, which is available on the Department of Labor and Industry's web site at <a href="https://www.dli.mn.gov">www.dli.mn.gov</a>.

Filing this form is not an admission of liability. You must report a claim to your insurer whenever anyone believes that a work-related injury or illness that requires medical care or where lost time from work has occurred. If the claimed injury wholly or partially incapacitates the employee for more than three calendar days, the claim must be made on this form and reported to your insurer within ten days. Your insurer may require you to file it sooner. Failure to file within the ten days may result in penalties. It is important to file this form quickly to allow your insurer time to investigate the claim. Your insurer will report the injury to the Department of Labor and Industry (Department), when necessary. Self-insured employers have 14 days to report the injury to the Department, when necessary.

If the claim involves death or serious injury (including injuries that later result in death), you must notify the Department and your insurer within 48 hours of the occurrence. The claim can be reported initially to the Department by telephone (651-284-5041), fax (651-284-5731), or personal notice. The initial notice must be followed by the filing of this form with the Department within **seven** days of the occurrence.

## SEND THIS FORM TO YOUR INSURER IMMEDIATELY - DO NOT WAIT FOR THE DOCTOR'S REPORT

## SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS TO THE EMPLOYER ON COMPLETING THIS FORM

- Item 2: OSHA case #. Fill in the case number from the OSHA 300 log. This form contains all items required by the OSHA form 301.
- Items 17-21: Fill in all the wage information. If the employee does not work a regularly scheduled work week, attach a 26 week wage statement so your insurer can calculate the appropriate average weekly wage. Attach a separate sheet giving the weekly value of any meals, lodging, or 2nd income paid to the employee.
- Item 20: Fill in the average number of days per week that the employee works. Also include their normal work schedule, Sunday Saturday, by checking the appropriate boxes. If the employee's work schedule fluctuates from week-to-week, leave the boxes blank.
- Items 22-24: Be as specific as possible in describing: the events causing the injury; the nature of the injury (cut, sprain, burn, etc.), and the part(s) of body injured (back, arm, etc.); and the tools, equipment, machines, objects or substances involved.
- Item 26: Fill in the first day the employee lost any time from work (including time lost for medical treatment), even if you paid the
  employee for the lost time.
- Item 27: Check the appropriate box to indicate if there was lost time on the date of injury and whether you paid for that lost time.
- Item 28: Fill in the date you first became aware of the injury or illness.
- Item 29: Fill in the date you became aware that the lost time indicated in Item 26 was related to the claimed injury.
- Item 30: Leave the box blank if the employee has not returned to work by the time you file this form. If the employee has returned to work, fill in the date and answer the questions in Items 31 and 32. Notify your insurer if the employee misses time due to this injury after that date.
- Item 34: Check all the boxes that apply AT the time you file this form.
- Item 39: Fill in your Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN). For information, see <a href="www.usa.gov/Business/Busines
- Items 40 and 44: Fill in your Unemployment ID number and North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code, which are both assigned by the Minnesota Unemployment Insurance Program (651-296-6141).
- · Items 46-54: Your insurer or claims administrator will complete this information if you do not have it available.

## INSTRUCTIONS TO THE INSURER/CLAIMS ADMINISTRATOR (For first reports of injury filed on or after Jan. 1, 2014)

Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.231, and Minnesota Rules, part 5220.2530, insurers and self-insured employers must file with the Department's Workers' Compensation Division an electronic first report of injury, according to the requirements set out in sections 2 to 4 of the Minnesota implementation guide, in all cases where a first report of injury is required to be filed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176. The Minnesota implementation guide can be found on the Department's website at <a href="https://www.dli.mn.gov/WC/Edi.asp">www.dli.mn.gov/WC/Edi.asp</a>.

A first report of injury submitted by the insurer or self-insured employer in any other manner or format is not considered filed with the division, except for a written first report of injury on a paper form filed by a self-insured employer within seven days of death or serious injury.

If the claim does not involve lost time beyond the waiting period or potential permanent partial disability (PPD), or has not been requested to be filed by the Department, a first report of injury does **not** need to be filed.

This material can be made available in different forms, such as large print, Braille or audio. To request, call (651) 284-5032 or 1-800-342-5354 Voice or TDD (651) 297-4198.

ANY PERSON WHO, WITH INTENT TO DEFRAUD, RECEIVES WORKERS' COMPENSATION BENEFITS TO WHICH THE PERSON IS NOT ENTITLED BY KNOWINGLY MISREPRESENTING, MISSTATING, OR FAILING TO DISCLOSE ANY MATERIAL FACT IS GUILTY OF THEFT AND SHALL BE SENTENCED PURSUANT TO SECTION 609.52, SUBDIVISION 3.

## SUPERVISOR'S REPORT OF ACCIDENT

(PLEASE READ AND FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS ON BACK)

EVERY ACCIDENT SHOULD BE INVESTIGATED AND THE CAUSES CORRECTED SO THAT MORE ACCIDENTS WILL NOT OCCUR. DO NOT OVERLOOK THE SO-CALLED "UNIMPORTANT" CASES, BECAUSE, EXCEPT FOR "CHANCE" THEY COULD ALSO HAVE BEEN SERIOUS. IT IS ONLY BY THOROUGH INVESTIGATION THAT MANY OF THE REAL CAUSES CAN BE DETERMINED AND CORRECTED.

NAME OF EMPLOYEE	COMPANY	DEPT.					
DATE OF ACCIDENT	TIME DID EMPLOYE	EE LOSE TIME FROM WORK? YES NO					
HOURS LOST ON DATE OF ACCIDENT	HAS E	EMPLOYEE RETURNED TO WORK? YES NO					
JOB TITLE	SERVICE WITH THE COMPANY	Y YEARS IN PRESENT JOB					
GIVE US YOUR HONEST COMMENTS ON QUESTIONS BELOW. WE ARE NOT TRYING TO BLAME ANYONE. YOUR OPINION MAY HELP US PREVENT ACCIDENT REPETITION.							
<ol> <li>DID INJURED PERSON VIOLATE ANY</li> <li>WAS NECESSARY PROTECTIVE EQ</li> <li>DID POOR HOUSEKEEPING CONTRI</li> <li>DID HORSEPLAY CAUSE THE INJUR</li> <li>WAS IT CAUSED BY SOMETHING WI</li> <li>SHOULD A GUARD BE PROVIDED?</li> <li>DID ANY BODILY DEFECT CONTRIBI</li> <li>WAS IT CAUSED BY AN UNSAFE AC</li> </ol>	INSTRUCTED IN SAFE AND EFFICIENT METHOY INSTRUCTIONS? UIPMENT WORN? (IF APPLICABLE) BUTE TO INJURY?	NO YES   YES   YES   NO   YES   NO   YES   NO   YES   YES   NO   YES   YES					
<b>ACCIDENT</b> . (DESCRIBE WHAT INJURED WAS DOING AT TIME OF ACCIDENT, WHAT HAPPENED, WHO WAS INVOLVED, NATURE OF INJURY, PART OF BODY AFFECTED.)							
WITNESSES' NAMES  UNSAFE ACTS. (WHAT DID THE EMPLOYEE O		IIDMENT RIJII DING OD DDEMISES WAS INVOLVEDZ)					
UNSAFE CONDITIONS. (WHAT UNGUARDED OR UNSAFE CONDITION OF MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT, BUILDING OR PREMISES WAS INVOLVED?)  ACTIONS TAKEN. (WHAT DID YOU DO TO CORRECT THE CONDITIONS WHICH CAUSED THIS INJURY?)							
REMEDIES. (WHAT SHOULD YOUR ORGANIZATION DO TO PREVENT OTHER INJURIES LIKE THIS?)							
NAME OF DOCTOR OR HOSPITAL	CTOR OR HOSPITAL? YES NO IF YES	DATE OF INITIAL VISIT					
AS SUPERVISOR, DO YOU FEEL THAT THIS INJURY SHOULD BE COVERED UNDER WORKERS' COMPENSATION?  YES NO							
REPORT SUBMITTED BY		DATE					

## COMPLETION INSTRUCTIONS FOR SUPERVISORS' REPORT OF ACCIDENT (SRA)

The primary purpose of the SRA is to investigate the accident. It is also used to report the accident to the central office where the First Report of Injury is then completed by administrative personnel. The SRA should be filled out as soon as possible after the accident.

The SRA is incomplete or delayed, corrective action may also be delayed. A delay in taking corrective action will probably result in the occurrence of a similar accident

The initial information asked for at the top of the SRA concerning the injured person's name, occupation, age job history and loss of time from work is self-explanatory, but very necessary for eventual completion of the First Report of Injury.

The following is a line-by-line set of instructions for completing of the SRA by the **Supervisor** of the injured employee. Concrete examples of important parts of the form are given for your use. This report should not be completed by the injured employee.

#### **QUESTIONS**

- 1. Was proper instruction given to the employee on how to do the job safely? Supervisors should instruct their employees on how to do the job efficiently and safely.
- 2. Referred to in question #1.
- 3. The supervisor should have told the employee what personal protective equipment is necessary to do the job. Did the employee wear the personal protective equipment when this job was being done?
- 4. Was the work area clean and well organized? i.e., scraps on the floor, blocked aisles, wet floor, spilled food, etc.
- 5. Was there inadequate supervision? Did horseplay or practical jokes contribute to the accident?
- 6. Was the injured person using equipment that was unsafe and in need of repair? i.e., broken ladder, bad electric cord on drill, etc.
- 7. Would a guard prevent another accident from happening? i.e., guard around the belts and pulleys, railing properly in place, guard on saw, etc.
- 8. Did this person have any bodily defects which might have helped cause the accident? i.e., poor vision, previous back injury, etc.
- 9. Most injuries are caused in part by unsafe acts. An Unsafe Act is something that the injured person or another person did, that he or she should not have done, which led to the accident. Below is a list of the most common unsafe acts and contributing factors:
  - 1. Operating without authority
  - 2. Failure to warn or secure
  - 3. Operating at unsafe speed
  - 4. Making safety devices inoperative
  - Using equipment, tools, materials or vehicles unsafely
  - 6. Using defective equipment, materials, tools or Vehicles
- 7. Failure to use personal protective equipment
- 8. Failure to use equipment provided (except personal protective equipment)
- 9. Unsafe loading, placing and mixing
- Unsafe lifting and carrying (including insecure grip)
- 11. Taking an unsafe position

- 12. Adjusting, clearing jams, cleaning machinery in motion
- 13. Distracting, teasing
- 14. Poor housekeeping practices
- 15. Disregard of instructions
- 16. Lack of knowledge or skill17. Act of other than injured
- 18. Others.....

10. The accident should have been reported immediately to the supervisor; was it?

#### Accident

- 1. Describe what the injured was doing at the time of the accident. .
- 2. What happened? .
- 3. Who was involved?
- 4. What injuries resulted?

Example: John was drilling a hole in the ceiling and chips of plaster fell into his eye. (This answers questions 1 and 2.) John got chips of plaster in his eye resulting in a scratch to his eye. John was wearing his prescription glasses. (This answers questions 3 and 4.)

Note the names of witnesses, if any.

## **Unsafe Act**

efer to question 9 above and examples of Unsafe Acts. Example: John was not wearing proper personal protective equipment.

#### **Unsafe Conditions**

- 1. Defective tools, equipment, substances
- 2. Unsafe design or construction
- 3. Hazardous arrangement
- 4. Improper illumination

- 5. Improper ventilation
- 6. Improper dress
- 7. Poor housekeeping
- 8. Congested area
- 9. Othe

Action Taken Example: John has been re-instructed to wear proper personal protective equipment such as goggles or face shield when drilling overhead.

Remedy Example: Standard safety policy should be adopted that requires use of personal protective equipment. This policy should be strictly enforced by the supervisors.

Medical Care: Include all medical information that is known at this time. Do not delay the completion of this form for more complete information.

As supervisor, do you feel that this injury should be covered under workers' compensation benefits? As a general rule, if the employee is injured while at work, that injury is covered under workers' compensation. However, if you as supervisor, have reason to suspect that the injury did not occur at work, please tell us. This is only an opinion and by itself will not deny benefits.