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HIGHLIGHTS

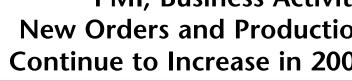
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PMI, Business Activity, **New Orders and Production** Continue to Increase in 2006



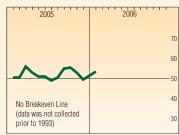
See the following pages for complete reports.

Manufacturing report	2
Non-Manufacturing	
report	3
Manufacturing charts	4
Non-Manufacturing	
charts	5





Manufacturing

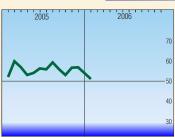


The Backlog of Orders Index indicates growth in manufacturers' backlogs and a decline in the number of new orders manufacturers have pending. A growing Backlog of Orders Index is a sign of a growing economy.

"In January, the Backlog of Orders Index rose above 50 percent indicating that manufacturers' backlogs are once again growing. The challenges of the last few months with regard to spot shortages due to the hurricanes in the Gulf Coast appear to have subsided."

Norbert J. Ore, C.P.M., ISM Manufacturing Business Survey Committee, chair.

Backlog of Orders Index



Employment Index

Non-Manufacturing

ISM's Non-Manufacturing Employment Index indicates the month-to-month change in the level of employment at non-manufacturing organizations. Members are asked to report change in their entire employment range including permanent, temporary and contract employees. Employment is a critical element of most non-manufacturing businesses and other organizations because it often is the largest resource used by them and the one which makes up the largest single element of their costs of doing business. From the recessionary period in 2001, it took until July of 2003 for the Non-Manufacturing Employment Index to show any month-to-month growth in employment. This illustrates the nature of employment as a lagging indicator of economic growth.

"The ISM Non-Manufacturing Employment Index has indicated growth in non-manufacturing employment for the past 18 months. This reflects continued economic growth in the non-manufacturing sector and in the overall economy during that period."

Ralph G. Kauffman, Ph.D., C.P.M., ISM Non-Manufacturing Business Survey Committee, chair.



IANUARY MANUFACTURING

PMI at 54.8%; New Orders, **Production Expanding; Deliveries** Slowing; **Prices Increasing**

conomic activity in the **manufacturing sector** grew in January for the 32nd consecutive month, while the overall economy grew for the 51st consecutive month, say the nation's supply executives in the latest Manufacturing ISM Report On Business®.

The manufacturing sector had another good month during January as measured by the ISM data. Both New Orders and Production remain relatively strong, and the panel of respondents is generally upbeat about their business. It appears that the sector

has recovered from the disruptions and dislocations caused by the hurricanes in the Gulf Coast. The Prices Index rose slightly during the month; however, the list of commodities reported "Up in Price" is significantly reduced from December.

ISM's PMI registered 54.8 percent in January. ISM's New Orders Index registered 58 percent. ISM's Production Index registered 56.6 percent in January, while the ISM Employment Index registered 51.3 percent. ISM's Supplier Deliveries Index registered 55.3 percent. ISM's Inventories Index is at 46.5 percent in January. ISM's Customers' Inventories Index registered 46 percent. ISM's Prices Index in January registered 65 percent.

ISM's Backlog of Orders Index for January increased to 53.5 percent from 49.5 percent in December. ISM's New Export Orders Index registered 58.5 percent. ISM's Imports Index is at 57 percent.

Analysis by Norbert J. Ore, C.P.M., chair of the Institute for Supply Management[™] Manufacturing Business Survey Committee; and group director, strategic sourcing and procurement, Georgia-Pacific Corporation.

Data for this report was collected in January 2006.

The January report reflects the U.S. Department of Commerce's recently completed annual adjustment to the seasonal factors used to calculate the indexes.

The 13 industries reporting growth in January — listed in order — are: Apparel; Primary Metals; Miscellaneous*; Textiles; Food; Transportation & Equipment; Fabricated Metals; Electronic Components & Equipment; Industrial & Commercial Equipment & Computers; Furniture; Instruments & Photographic Equipment; Rubber & Plastic Products; and Chemicals.

AT A GLANCE JANUARY ISM MANUFACTURING SURVEY

the manufacturing

seasonally adjusted

	JAN.	DEC.	% POINT		RATE OF	TREND*
INDEX	INDEX	INDEX	CHANGE	DIRECTION	CHANGE	(MONTHS)
PMI	54.8	55.6	-0.8	Growing	Slower	32
New Orders	58.0	59.1	-1.1	Growing	Slower	33
Production	56.6	57.8	-1.2	Growing	Slower	33
Employment	51.3	53.6	-2.3	Growing	Slower	8
Supplier Deliveries	55.3	52.9	+2.4	Slowing	Faster	31
Inventories	46.5	47.3	-0.8	Contracting	Faster	10
Customers' Inventories	46.0	48.0	-2.0	Too Low	Faster	56
Prices	65.0	63.0	+2.0	Increasing	Faster	6
Backlog of Orders	53.5	49.5	+4.0	Growing	From Contracting	1
New Export Orders	58.5	54.3	+4.2	Growing	Faster	38
Imports	57.0	52.8	+4.2	Growing	Faster	49

Overall Economy	Growing	Slower	51
Manufacturing Sector	Growing	Slower	32

*Number of months moving in current direction. Indexes reflect newly released seasonal adjustment factors.

UP IN PRICE Aluminum (6); Aluminum Products (2); Caustic Soda

(21); Chemicals (24); Copper (8); Copper Products (2); Corrugated Containers (3)*; Energy (12); Natural Gas (42)*; Nickel; Oil Products; Paper; Plastics (18); Resins (7)*; Rubber (3); Steel (28); and Titanium.

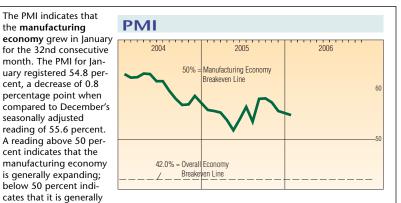
DOWN IN PRICE

Corrugated Containers*; Natural Gas*; Propylene; and Resins (2)*.

IN SHORT SUPPLY

Titanium is the only commodity reported in short supply.

* Reported as both up and down in price. Note: The number of consecutive months the commodity is listed is indicated after each item.



contracting. A PMI in excess of 42 percent, over a period of time, generally indicates an expansion of the overall economy. The January PMI indicates that both the overall economy and the manufacturing sector are growing. The past relationship between the PMI and the overall economy indicates that the PMI for January (54.8 percent) corresponds to a 4.4 percent increase in real gross domestic product (GDP) on an annual basis.

Report On Business®

JANUARY NON-MANUFACTURING

Business Activity at 56.8%; New Orders Index at 56%; Employment Index at 51.1%

Business activity in the non-manufacturing sector increased in January 2006, say the nation's purchasing and supply executives in the latest Non-Manufacturing ISM *Report On Business*[®].

Non-manufacturing business activity increased for the 34th consecutive month in January. Business Activity and New Orders increased at slower rates in January than in December. Imports, Employment and New Export Orders also increased at slower rates while Prices increased at the same rate as in December. Eight of 16 non-manufacturing industry sectors report increased activity in January compared to 11 that reported increased activity in December. While in almost all indexes growth declined in January, they are still above the value of "50" indicating that growth continues, but at slower rates of growth. Members' comments in January continue to be generally positive concerning current business conditions. Several members mention concerns about the continued high level of energy prices and rising interest rates. The Prices Index held steady this month, but remains in a historically high range for the ISM Non-Manufacturing Business Survey. The overall indication in January is continued economic growth in the non-manufacturing sector, but at slower rates of increase.

ISM's Non-Manufacturing Business Activity Index registered 56.8 percent in January. The New Orders Index registered 56 percent. ISM's Non-Manufacturing Employment Index for January registered 51.1 percent. The Supplier Deliveries Index is at 54.5 percent.

Find it at www.ism.ws

To see the full text and all the charts in the report, visit the ISM Web site at www.ism.ws and select the **ISM** *Report On Business*[®] link from the menu at the left. Links to regional business survey reports can be found on ISM's Web site at the same location. Analysis by Ralph G. Kauffman, Ph.D., C.P.M., chair of the Institute for Supply Management[™] Non-Manufacturing Business Survey Committee; and coordinator of the Supply Chain Management Program, University of Houston–Downtown.

Data for this report was collected in January 2006.

The January report reflects the U.S. Department of Commerce's recently completed annual adjustment to the seasonal factors used to calculate the indexes.

ISM's Non-Manufacturing Inventories Index registered 55 percent in January. The Prices Index registered 67.2 percent. The Non-Manufacturing Backlog of Orders Index registered 52.5 percent in January. The New Export Orders Index registered 58 percent in January, and ISM's Imports Index registered 49.5 percent. The Inventory Sentiment Index registered 63 percent.

UP IN PRICE

Airfares (10); Aluminum (2); Asphalt/Asphalt Products (3); Batteries — Automotive and Other; Beef* (3); Cement; Concrete (2); Copper (29); Copper Products (various) (3); Corn (2); Corrugated (3); #1 Diesel Fuel (11); #2 Diesel Fuel (13); Electricity (2); Freight Charges (7); Fuel (26); Gasoline* (26); Lumber — Pine, Spruce and Treated; Metals; Natural Gas (8); Office Supplies; Paper (24); Petroleum; Petroleum Goods/Products; Plastics/Plastic Products (7); Plastic Bags (2); Postal Rates; Rental Vehicles; Roofing Materials*; Soybean Meal (2); Steel/ Steel Products (2); Tomatoes (2); and Unleaded Gasoline.

DOWN IN PRICE

Beef*; Gasoline*; Memory/Memory Products; Poultry; Roofing Materials*; and Seafood/Shrimp.

IN SHORT SUPPLY

Drywall; Roofing Materials; and Stretch Film.

* Reported as both up and down in price.

Note: The number of consecutive months the commodity is listed is indicated after each item.

NON-MANUFACTURING VS. MANUFACTURING										
Non-Manufacturing							Manufacturing			
SURVEY QUESTION	JAN. INDEX	DEC. INDEX	% POINT CHANGE	DIRECTION	RATE OF CHANGE	TREND* (MONTHS)	JAN. INDEX	DEC. INDEX	% POINT CHANGE	
Business Activity/ Production	56.8	61.0	-4.2	Increasing	Slower	34	56.6	57.8	-1.2	
New Orders	56.0	62.2	-6.2	Increasing	Slower	34	58.0	59.1	-1.1	
Employment	51.1	56.9	-5.8	Increasing	Slower	18	51.3	53.6	-2.3	
Supplier Deliveries	54.5	56.5	-2.0	Slowing	Slower	53	55.3	52.9	+2.4	
Inventories	55.0	56.0	-1.0	Increasing	Slower	3	46.5	47.3	-0.8	
Prices	67.2	67.2	0.0	Increasing	At Same Rate	46	65.0	63.0	+2.0	
Backlog of Orders	52.5	54.0	-1.5	Increasing	Slower	12	53.5	49.5	+4.0	
New Export Orders	58.0	61.5	-3.5	Increasing	Slower	7	58.5	54.3	+4.2	
Imports	49.5	56.5	-7.0	Decreasing	From Increasing	1	57.0	52.8	+4.2	
Inventory Sentiment	63.0	59.0	+4.0	"Too High"	Greater	104	N/A	N/A		
Customers' Inventories	N/A	N/A					46.0	48.0	-2.0	
Non-Manufacturing ISM Report On Business® data is seasonally adjusted for Business Activity, New Orders, Prices and Employment. Manufacturing ISM Report On Business® data is seasonally adjusted except for Backlog of Orders, Prices, Imports and Customers' Inventories. Indexes reflect newly released seasonal adjustment factors.								*Number of months moving in same direction.		

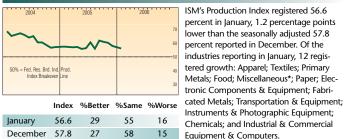
NON-MANUFACTURING VS. MANUFACTURING



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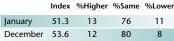


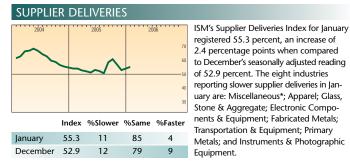
PRODUCTION



EMPLOYMENT







INVENTORIES



ISM's New Orders Index grew in January with a reading of 58 percent. The index is 1.1 percentage points lower than the seasonally adjusted 59.1 percent registered in December. Thirteen industries reported increases during January: Apparel; Primary Metals; Miscellaneous*; Transportation & Equipment; Textiles; Food; Furniture; Rubber & Plastic Products; Industrial & Commercial Equipment & Computers; Fabricated Metals; Electronic Components & Equipment; Chemicals; and Paper.

ISM's Employment Index expanded for

the eighth consecutive month in January,

registering 51.3 percent and compared

to the seasonally adjusted 53.6 percent

registered in December. The eight indus-

during January are: Apparel; Glass, Stone

& Aggregate; Primary Metals; Miscella-

neous*; Transportation & Equipment;

Industrial & Commercial Equipment &

tronic Components & Equipment.

Computers; Fabricated Metals; and Elec-

Manufacturers' inventories declined in Jan-

ISM's Inventories Index registered 46.5 per-

cent, indicating a faster rate of liquidation

when compared to December's seasonally

adjusted 47.3 percent. The seven industries

reporting higher inventories in January are:

graphic Equipment; Wood & Wood Prod-

ucts; Furniture; Printing & Publishing; and

Textiles; Apparel; Instruments & Photo-

uary for the 10th consecutive month, as

tries reporting growth in employment

2004 2005 2006

CUSTOMERS' INVENTORIES



The January Customers' Inventories Index is at 46 percent, 2 percentage points lower than the 48 percent reported in December. This is the 56th consecutive month that the index has registered below 50 percent. Three industries reported higher customers' inventories during January: Instruments & Photographic Equipment; Paper; and Food.

ISM's Prices Index registered 65 percent in

January, indicating an increase in pricing

activity when compared to December. In

Furniture; Transportation & Equipment;

Miscellaneous*: Industrial & Commercial

January, 14 industries reported paying

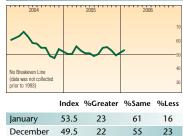
higher prices: Printing & Publishing;

Chemicals; Rubber & Plastic Products;

PRICES



BACKLOG OF ORDERS



Equipment & Computers; Glass, Stone & Aggregate; Fabricated Metals; Food; Wood & Wood Products; Primary Metals; Electronic Components & Equipment; and Instruments & Photographic Equipment. ISM's Backlog of Orders Index registered 53.5 percent, indicating manufacturers'

backlogs in January are expanding when compared to December. The nine industries reporting an increase in order backlogs during the month are: Miscellaneous*; Transportation & Equipment; Apparel; Primary Metals; Furniture; Instruments & Photographic Equipment; Food; Fabricated Metals; and Chemicals.



December



IMPORTS



ISM's New Export Orders Index for January registered 58.5 percent, 4.2 percentage points higher than December's seasonally adjusted index of 54.3 percent. The 11 industries reporting growth in new export orders in January are: Primary Metals; Apparel; Printing & Publishing; Instruments & Photographic Equipment; Industrial & Commercial Equipment & Computers; Chemicals; Food; Electronic Components & Equipment; Transportation & Equipment; Rubber & Plastic Products; and Fabricated Metals

The ISM Imports Index registered 57 percent in January. The 12 industries reporting growth in import activity for January are: Textiles; Apparel; Furniture; Primary Metals; Miscellaneous*; Transportation & Equipment; Food; Electronic Components & Equipment: Fabricated Metals: Instruments & Photographic Equipment; Chemicals; and Industrial & Commercial Equipment & Computers. Beginning with the January 2006 report, the Imports Index no longer meets the criteria for seasonal adjustments.

*Miscellaneous — a preponderance of iewelry, toys, sporting goods and musical instruments.

Food

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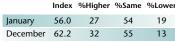


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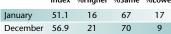
NEW ORDERS





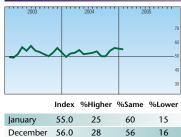
EMPLOYMENT







INVENTORIES



ISM's Non-Manufacturing Business Activity Index in January decreased to 56.8 percent from December's seasonally adjusted 61 percent. The industries reporting the highest rates of growth of business activity in January are: Insurance; Business Services; Utilities; Mining; and Transportation. The industries reporting contraction of business activity in January are: Agriculture; Wholesale Trade; Real Estate; Retail Trade; and Construction.

ISM's Non-Manufacturing New Orders

from December's seasonally adjusted

62.2 percent. Industries reporting the

highest rates of growth of new orders in

January are: Entertainment; Mining; Insur-

ance; Transportation; and Health Services.

The industries reporting contraction of

new orders in January are: Agriculture;

Real Estate; Retail Trade; and Wholesale

ISM's Non-Manufacturing Employment

Index for January is 51.1 percent, a drop of

5.8 percentage points from December's sea-

Trade.

Index decreased to 56 percent in January

PRICES



ISM's Non-Manufacturing Prices Index for January is 67.2 percent, the same as the seasonally adjusted rate it registered in December. The industries reporting the highest rates of increase in prices paid in January are: Entertainment; Transportation; Business Services; Insurance; and Utilities. No industry is reporting price decreases in January.

BACKLOG OF ORDERS



ISM's Non-Manufacturing Backlog of Orders Index registered 52.5 percent in January, 1.5 percentage points less than the 54 percent reported in December. The industries reporting the highest rates of increase in order backlogs in January are: Utilities; Mining; Construction; Finance & Banking; and Business Services. Industries reporting decreases in backlog of orders in January are: Agriculture; Communication; Wholesale Trade; Public Administration; and Retail Trade.

ISM's Non-Manufacturing New Export

Orders Index for January is 58 percent,

compared to December's 61.5 percent.

are: Insurance; Mining; Other Services*;

Wholesale Trade; and Business Services.

export orders in January are: Communica-

Industries reporting decreases in new

tion and Public Administration.

The industries reporting the highest rates

of increase in new export orders in January

NEW EXPORT ORDERS



IMPORTS



The ISM Non-Manufacturing Imports Index registered 49.5 percent in January, 7 percentage points less than the 56.5 percent reported in December. The industries reporting an increase in the use of imports in January are: Entertainment; Transportation; Mining; Utilities; and Wholesale Trade. Industries reporting a decrease in the use of imports in January are: Business Services; Public Administration; Other Services*; and Retail Trade.

INVENTORY SENTIMENT



The ISM Non-Manufacturing Inventory Sentiment Index in January registered 63 percent, 4 percentage points higher than the 59 percent reported in December. The industries reporting the highest rates of feeling that their inventories are too high in January are: Insurance; Entertainment; Communication; Other Services*; and Wholesale Trade. Industries reporting that their inventories are too low in January are: Public Administration and Utilities.

*Other Services — Hotels, Rooming Houses, Camps and Other Lodging Places; Personal Services; Automotive Repair, Services and Parking; Miscellaneous Repair Services; Educational Services; Social Services; Museums, Art Galleries, and Botanical and Zoological Gardens; Membership Organizations; Engineering, Accounting, Research, Management and Related Services; and Miscellaneous Services

February 2006

www.ism.ws

sonally adjusted 56.9 percent. The industries reporting the highest rates of growth in employment in January are: Mining; Insurance; Transportation; Public Administration; and Other Services*. Industries reporting the highest rates of reduction in employment in January are: Entertainment; Agriculture; Wholesale Trade; Finance & Banking; and Construction.

The ISM Non-Manufacturing Supplier Deliveries Index registered 54.5 percent in January, 2 percentage points lower than in December. The industries reporting the highest rates of slowing in supplier deliveries in January are: Utilities; Mining; Real Estate; Other Services*; and Construction. The industries reporting faster supplier deliveries in January are: Transportation and Communication.

ISM's Non-Manufacturing Inventories

Index registered 55 percent in January,

(although at a slower rate of increase)

compared to December. The industries

reporting the highest rates of increase in

Communication; Mining; Health Services;

inventory decreases in January are: Enter-

tainment; Finance & Banking; and Other

inventories in January are: Agriculture;

and Utilities. The industries reporting

Services*.

indicating an increase in inventories