Get Ready - Stay Ready Personal Preparedness Plan



Volunteers Building Strong, Healthy, and Prepared COMMUNITIES



GET READY - STAY READY Personal Preparedness Plan

Are you prepared for an emergency? Emergencies and disasters can happen anytime and anywhere. They typically strike without warning and disrupt hundreds of thousands of lives each year. Each emergency and disaster has its own lasting effects on individuals, families, and communities. Through preparedness efforts, you can help reduce the fear and anxieties related to these unknown situations as well as reduce the immediate and long term risks to you and your families.

We recognize that emergency planning can be overwhelming if you attempt to think about every situation all at one time, so this program is designed to break it down into more manageable segments. The goal is to complete a comprehensive emergency plan and put together an all hazards disaster kit that is individualized to your needs.

We hope that you will find this information both easy to follow and very effective in preparing you and your loved ones for the best response possible to a real disaster situation. Remember, awareness and preparedness will save lives!

Sincerely,

The Mobile Medical Reserve Corp

PS - Please note that a basic 3-day supply is discussed throughout this plan as a minimum kit that can be used at home or taken with you in the event of an evacuation. After considering the needs of your household and the disasters or emergencies that may occur in your area, you may wish to increase your level of preparedness to be self sufficient for a longer period of time.

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COMMUNICATIONS PLAN

TASK 1: Prepare emergency contact cards for each household member to carry at all times.

Emergency Contact Cards

Your family may not be together when disasters strikes, so plan how you will contact and communicate with one another. An Emergency Contact Card should be made for all household members. The next page will provide you with the American Red Cross Emergency Contact Card. If you require more for your household, they can be viewed and printed by visiting the following link.

http://www.redcross.org/www-files/Documents/pdf/Preparedness/ECCard.pdf

- Print one card for each member of your household.
- Write the contact information for each household member, such as: work, school, and frequently visited places.
- Write the pre-arranged meeting place outside your home and outside your neighborhood. Include a phone number if available.
- Add any specific comments or information, including allergies.
- Fold the card so it fits in your pocket, wallet or purse. (Laminating the cards will protect against wear, tear and water).
- Carry the card with you so it is available in the event of a disaster or other emergency.
- Consider sending one to your child's school to keep on file.
- Identify a family member or friend that lives out-of-state for household members to notify they are safe.



Emergency Contact Card

Other Important Information		Other Important Information
Emorgonov Contact Card	Fold Here	
Emergency Contact Card This card is for:		Emergency Contact Card
Person you should contact:		This card is for: Person you should contact:
Phone number(s):		Phone number(s):
Out-of-town contact:		Out-of-town contact:
Phone number(s):		Phone number(s):
Where to meet:		Where to meet:
Dial 911 for Emergencies!		Dial 911 for Emergencies!
Other Important Information		Other Important Information
Other Important Information		Other Important Information
Other Important Information		Other Important Information
Other Important Information		Other Important Information
Other Important Information		Other Important Information
Other Important Information		Other Important Information
Other Important Information		Other Important Information
Other Important Information		Other Important Information
	Fold Here	
Emergency Contact Card	Fold Here	Emergency Contact Card
Emergency Contact Card This card is for:	Fold Here	Emergency Contact Card This card is for:
Emergency Contact Card This card is for: Person you should contact:	Fold Here	Emergency Contact Card
Emergency Contact Card This card is for:	Fold Here	Emergency Contact Card This card is for: Person you should contact:
Emergency Contact Card This card is for: Person you should contact: Phone number(s):	Fold Here	Emergency Contact Card This card is for: Person you should contact: Phone number(s):
Emergency Contact Card This card is for: Person you should contact: Phone number(s): Out-of-town contact:	Fold Here	Emergency Contact Card This card is for: Person you should contact: Phone number(s): Out-of-town contact:
Emergency Contact Card This card is for: Person you should contact: Phone number(s):	Fold Here	Emergency Contact Card This card is for: Person you should contact: Phone number(s):
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Emergency Contact Card This card is for: Person you should contact: Phone number(s): Out-of-town contact: Phone number(s):	Fold Here	Emergency Contact Card This card is for: Person you should contact: Phone number(s): Out-of-town contact: Phone number(s):

Adapted from Minnesota Emergency Readiness Education & Training, Ready.gov, and CDC / Dallas County MRC 081107

		nay not be together when disasters strikes, so hat you will do in different situations.
Out-of-State Contact Name:		Tel. No.:
In-State Contact Name:		Tel. No.:
0	<u>ber</u> (including pets) along	nember and keep it up-to-date. <u>Include a</u> with age, allergies, primary physician,
Name:	Social Security Nur	mber:
Date of Birth:	Important Medical	Information:
		mber:
Date of Birth:	Important Medical	Information:
Name:	Social Security Nur	mber:
Date of Birth:	Important Medical	Information:
Name:	Social Security Nur	mber:
Date of Birth:	Important Medical	Information:

II. Important Contact Information

Doctor:	Tel. No.:
Doctor:	
Pediatrician:	Tel No
Pharmacy:	Tel No
Dentist:	Tel No
Orthodontist:	Tel No
Veterinarian/Kennel:	Tel No
Local Animal Shelter:	Tel No
Pet's Microchip Co.:	_ Tel No
Religious Affiliation:	_ Tel No
Minister:	Tel No

Home Owner's Insurance:	Tel No
Medical Insurance:	Tel No.
Pet Insurance:	_ Tel No
Other	_ Tel No

III. Where to Go In an Emergency

Home
Address:
Tel. No
Neighborhood Meeting Place:
Out-of-Neighborhood Meeting Place:
<u>School(s)</u>
Name of School:
Address:
Tel. No.:
Evacuation Location:
Name of School:
Address:
Tel. No.:
Evacuation Location:
Work
Name of Work:
Address:
Tel. No.:
Evacuation Location:
Name of Work:
Address:
Tel. No.:
Evacuation Location:

IV. Important Emergency Telephone Numbers (Make a copy of this page and post near telephones)

FIRE:	911	or	
POLICE:	911	or	
POISON (CONTROL	.:	
GAS COM	1PANY:		
ELECTRIC	C COMPA	NY:	
WATER:			
TELEPHC	NE SERV	ICE:	
OTHER			
	1 • •		
V. Find the fol	<u>lowing in</u>	your no	ome and write down their location
V. Find the fol Fire Exting	-	-	
	-	-	
	guisher(s):	-	
Fire Exting	guisher(s):	-	
Fire Exting	guisher(s): tector(s):	-	
Fire Exting Smoke De	guisher(s): tector(s): ater:	-	
Fire Exting Smoke De Water Hea	guisher(s): tector(s): ater: Off Valve:	-	

WATER

TASK 3: Prepare and store at least a 72 hour supply of water for all household members.

How Much:

You should store at least <u>one gallon of water per person per day</u> (two quarts for drinking and two quarts for food preparation/ sanitation) and <u>one ounce of water per pound per pet (canine and feline)</u> <u>per day</u>. To determine adequate quantities, take the following into account:

- Individual needs vary, depending on age, physical condition, activity, diet, and climate.
- Children, nursing mothers, and ill people need more water.
- Very hot temperatures can double the amount of water needed.
- A medical emergency might require additional water.

How to Store:

To prepare the safest and most reliable emergency supply of water, it is recommended you purchase commercially bottled water. Keep bottled water in its original container and do not open it until you need to use it. Observe the expiration or "use by" date.

If you are preparing your own containers of water:

It is recommended you purchase food-grade water storage containers from surplus or camping supplies stores to use for water storage. Before filling with water, thoroughly clean the containers with dishwashing soap and water, and rinse completely so there is no residual soap.

If you choose to use your own storage containers, choose two-liter plastic soft drink bottles – not plastic jugs or cardboard containers that have had milk or fruit juice in them. Milk protein and fruit sugars cannot be adequately removed from these containers and provide an environment for bacterial growth when water is stored in them. Cardboard containers also leak easily and are not designed for long-term storage of liquids. Also, do not use glass containers, because they can break and are heavy.

If storing water in plastic soda bottles, follow these steps:

Thoroughly clean the bottles with dishwashing soap and water, and rinse completely so there is no residual soap. Sanitize the bottles by adding a solution of 1 teaspoon of non-scented liquid household chlorine bleach to a quart of water. Swish the sanitizing solution in the bottle so that it touches all surfaces. After sanitizing the bottle, thoroughly rinse out the sanitizing solution with clean water.

Filling Water Containers:

Fill the bottle to the top with regular tap water. If the tap water has been commercially treated from a water utility with chlorine, you do not need to add anything else to the water to keep it clean. If the water you are using comes from a well or water source that is not treated with chlorine, add two drops of non-scented liquid household chlorine bleach to the water. Tightly close the container using the original cap. Be careful not to contaminate the cap by touching the inside of it with your finger.

Place the date of water preparation on the outside of the container so that you know when you filled it. Store in a cool, dark place. <u>Replace the water every six months</u> if not using commercially bottled water.

Water Purification:

If you need to purify water and do not have any purification tablets or are unable to boil water for 10 minutes, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and U.S. Department of Health and Human Services suggest the following:

Water	Bleach (if Water is Clear)	Bleach (if Water is Cloudy)	
1 gallon	8 drops (1/8 tsp)	16 drops (1/4 tsp)	
5 gallons	½ teaspoon	1 teaspoon	
5 ganons			
Use liquid chlo	rine bleach (5.25% hypochlorite).	Wait 30 minutes before drinking.	

FOOD

TASK 4: Collect & store at least a 72 hour food supply for all household members.

The following are things to consider when putting together your food supplies:

- Avoid foods that will make you thirsty. Choose salt-free crackers, whole grain cereals, and canned foods with high liquid content.
- Stock canned foods, dry mixes, and other staples that do not require refrigeration, cooking, water, or special preparation. You may already have many of these on hand.
- Include a manual can opener.
- Include special dietary needs.

Supplies	
Ready-to-eat meats, fruits, and vegetables	
Canned or boxed juices, milk, and soup	
High-energy foods such as peanut butter, jelly, low-sodium crackers, granola bars, and trail mix	
Vitamins	
Special foods for infants or persons on special diets	
Cookies	
Instant coffee	
Cereals	
Powdered milk	
Other:	
Other:	

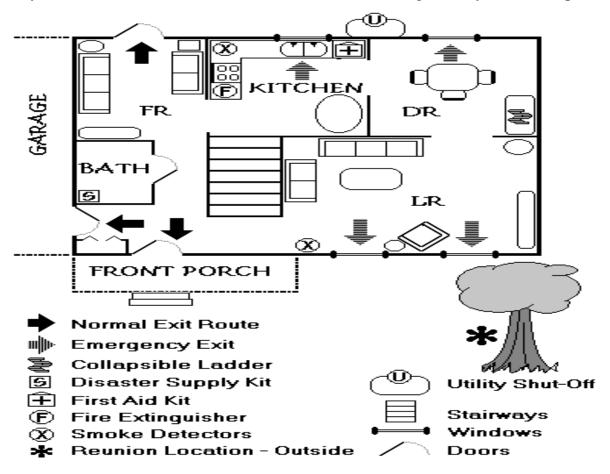
- Keep canned foods in a dry place where the temperature is cool.
- Store boxed food in tightly closed plastic or metal containers to protect from pests and to extend its shelf life.
- Throw out any canned good that becomes swollen, dented, corroded or becomes expired.
- Use foods before they go bad, and replace them with fresh supplies.
- Place new items at the back of the storage area and older ones in the front.
- Change stored items every six months.
- Be sure to write the date you store it on all containers.

EMERGENCY EVACUATION PLAN

TASK 5: Create an Emergency Evacuation Plan.

An emergency evacuation plan is useful not only for disasters, but also for fires or other incidents in your home. When creating an evacuation plan for your home it is important to remember the following:

- Identify two escape routes from each room.
- Identify the location of any throw ladder, or other special equipment.
- Identify the location of fire extinguishers, smoke detectors, first aid kits, disaster 72 hour kit.
- Identify the locations of the shutoffs for gas, water, and electricity (contact utility company for guidance on preparation and response regarding gas appliances and service to your home. If you smell gas or hear a blowing or hissing noise, open a window and get everyone out quickly. Turn off the gas using the outside main valve if you can, and call the gas company from a neighbor's home.)
- Draw your floor plan, and then draw your evacuation routes and a meeting place.
- If you live in a two-story home, make one drawing for each story.
- Identify outside hazards (fences, trees, power lines, etc.).
- Identify where to meet NEAR the home (e.g., next door neighbor's mailbox)
- Identify where to meet OUTSIDE the IMMEDIATE AREA (e.g., nearby restaurant parking lot)



FIRST AID SUPPLY KIT

TASK 6: Gather the suggested supplies to create your First Aid Supply Kit.

Adhesive bandages (band aids) , various sizes	
5 " x 9 " sterile dressing	
Conforming roller gauze bandage	
Triangular bandages, sling	
2" and 4" sterile gauze pads	
Roll 3" cohesive bandage	
Germicidal hand wipes or waterless, alcohol-based hand sanitizer or moist wipes	
Antiseptic wipes	
Pairs large, medical grade, non-latex gloves	
Tongue depressor blades	
Adhesive tape, 2" width	
Antibacterial ointment	
Cold pack	
Scissors (small, personal)	
Tweezers	
Assorted sizes of safety pins	
Cotton balls	
Thermometer	
Tube of petroleum jelly or other lubricant	
Sunscreen	
CPR breathing barrier, such as a face shield	
Eye wash	
Rubbing alcohol	
Hydrogen Peroxide	
First aid manual	
Eye dropper	
First Aid guide book:	
Other:	

DOCUMENTS AND KEYS

TASK 7: Make copies of all the suggested important documents and store with your disaster kit. Make an extra set to give to a friend or family member outside of your immediate city.

Item	
Personal identification	
Cash and coins	
Credit cards	
Cell phone (s)	
Extra set of house keys and car keys	
Other:	
Copies of the following	
Birth certificate(s)	
Marriage certificate / Divorce certificate	
Legal custody, visitation, guardianship or adoption papers	
Driver's license (s)	
Social Security cards	
Passports	
Wills	
Deeds	
Inventory of household goods (<u>include pictures</u> of your home including all rooms, new editions and valuable items)	
Insurance papers (medical, homeowner's, auto, etc.). Review policies for adequate coverage.	
Immunization records	
Bank and credit card account numbers	
Stocks and bonds	
Emergency contact list and phone numbers	
Map of the area	
Proof of Address (copy of utility bill)	
Pet's medical records and microchip number	
Other:	

EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

TASK 8: Based on the types of disasters that are prone to your area, collect as many of the suggested items below to protect and shelter your household members for 72 hours.

Tools		Kitchen Items		
Portable, battery-powered radio or television and extra batteries		Manual can opener		
NOAA Weather Radio		Mess kits or paper cups, plates, and plastic utensils		
Flashlight and extra batteries		All-purpose knife		
Regular telephone that is not cordless OR satellite radio		Household liquid bleach to treat drinking water		
Matches in a waterproof container (or waterproof matches) or Grill lighter wand		Sugar, salt, pepper		
Shut-off wrench		Aluminum foil and plastic wrap		
Duct tape		Resealable plastic bags		
Plastic sheeting/Tarp		Small cooking stove and a can of		
Scissors		cooking fuel (if food must be cooked)		
Whistle		Comfort Items		
Signal flare		Games		
Compass		Cards		
Work gloves		Books		
Paper, pens, and pencils		Toys for kids		
Fire extinguisher, small canister, ABC-type		Colored pencils (crayons melt) and coloring books/notepads		
Needles and thread] Other Items		
Coil of ½" rope		Disposable camera		
Staple Gun		City map		
Hammer, pliers, screwdriver		Poncho/Rain Gear		
Rubber bands		Battery-operated travel alarm clock		
Other:		Other:		

SANITATION AND HYGIENE SUPPLIES

TASK 9: Gather the following supplies to ensure your sanitation and hygiene needs. The bucket suggested below can store the items, and act as a latrine, if necessary. The two, 1-gallon zip lock bags would then be useful to store the items in.

Item	
Medium-sized plastic bucket with tight lid	
Washcloth and towel	
Towelettes, soap, hand sanitizer	
Toothpaste, toothbrush	
Shampoo	
Comb, brush	
Deodorant	
Sunscreen	
Razor, shaving cream	
Lip balm	
Insect repellent	
Feminine supplies	
Heavy-duty plastic garbage bags and ties for personal sanitation uses and toilet paper	
Disinfectant	
A small shovel for digging a latrine	
Toilet paper	
Contact lens solutions	
Mirror	
Two, 1-gallon size zip lock bags	
Other:	
Other:	

MEDICINE KIT SUPPLIES

TASK 10: Collect the suggested prescription and non-prescription supplies below and inventory current prescription(s) used by your household members. Be sure to update the list periodically.

Supplies	
Aspirin and non-aspirin pain reliever	
Anti-diarrhea medication	
Antacid (for stomach upset)	
Laxative	
Vitamins	
Allergy relief medication	
Prescriptions	
Pet's medication	
Extra eyeglasses/contact lenses	
Hearing aid batteries:	
Other:	
Other:	

Prescriptions:

Household Member Name (including pets)	Rx

CLOTHING AND BEDDING

TASK 11: Based on the unique needs of your household, collect the following clothing and bedding supplies to keep each member protected from any harsh weather elements.

Item	
Complete change of clothes	
Sturdy shoes or boots	
Rain gear & Rain boots	
Hat and gloves	
Extra socks	
Extra underwear	
Thermal underwear	
Sunglasses	
Blankets	
Sleeping bags	
Pillows	
Other:	
Other:	
Other:	
Other:	

HOME HAZARD HUNT

TASK12: Spend some time with your household members identifying hazards in and outside of your home. Minimize the impact of an emergency or disaster by safeguarding your home. Anything that can move, fall, break or cause a fire is a potential hazard.

- Check batteries in smoke alarms every six months and make sure they are on each level of your home and outside every bedroom
- Repair defective electrical wiring and leaky gas connections
- Fasten shelves securely
- Place heavy objects on lower shelves
- Hang pictures and mirrors away from beds
- Brace overhead light fixtures
- Strap water heater to wall studs
- Repair cracks in ceilings or foundations
- Place oily polishing rags or waste in covered metal cans and store away from main dwelling
- Store pesticides and flammable products away from heat sources
- Clean and repair chimneys, flue pipes, vent connectors and gas vents
- Unless local officials advise otherwise, or there is immediate threat to life or safety, leave natural gas on because you will need it for heating and cooking when you return home. If you turn your gas off, a licensed professional is required to turn it back on, and it may take weeks for a professional to respond.
- If high winds are expected, cover the outside of all windows of your home. Use shutters that are rated to provide significant protection from windblown debris or fit plywood coverings (pre-measured, holes drilled, etc) over all windows. Damage happens when wind gets inside a home through a broken window, door or damaged roof. <u>Tape does not prevent windows from breaking and is not recommended.</u>
- If flooding is expected, consider using sand bags to keep water away from your home. It takes two people about one hour to fill and place 100 sandbags, giving you a wall one foot high and 20 feet long. Make sure you have enough sand, burlap or plastic bags, shovels, strong helpers and time to place them properly.

Identify potential risks inside your home: _____

Identify potential risks outside your home: _____

CHILDREN'S ACTIVITY SURVIVAL KIT

TASK 13: You may have to leave your home during a disaster and sleep somewhere else for a while. Put together your own Children's Activity Survival Kit so you will have things to do and share with other kids. These can all be stored in a backpack or duffel bag.

Some suggested items for the Kids Activity Survival Kit:

- A factual and /or children's book about (earthquakes, hurricanes and tornados, rain, storms, floods, and fires)
- A few of your child's favorite books
- Non-toxic marking pens, crayons, pencils, and plenty of paper
- Scissors and glue
- Manipulative toys such as LEGOS
- 2 favorite small toys such as an action figure or doll
- 1 or 2 board games, table puzzles
- Favorite stuffed animal or puppet
- Small play vehicles such as an ambulance, fire truck, helicopter, dump truck, police car, tractor
- Small people figures to use with toys
- Favorite blanket and/or pillow
- Picture of the family, including pets
- "Keep safe" box with a few treasures of little things your child feels are special
- Video games
- Portable DVD players (with car adaptor and extra batteries) and movies
- Music (I Pods or MP3 players)

It is important to make copies and include in your kit, your child (ren)'s immunization record and medical information including any prescription medication.

PET EMERGENCY SUPPLIES AND TRAVELING KITS

TASK 14: The best thing you can do for yourself and your pet(s) is to be prepared. Use the suggested list below to create an emergency supply kit for your pet(s).

Some suggested items for your Pet Emergency Supply and Traveling Kit:

- 3-7 days' worth of canned (pop-top) or dry food
- Disposable litter trays (aluminum roasting pans are perfect)
- Litter or paper toweling
- Baking soda for excretion odors
- Hand held shovel
- Disposable garbage bags for clean-up
- Liquid dish soap and disinfectant
- Pet feeding dishes
- Extra harness, leash, and yard stake
- Photocopies of medical records, Microchip Number
- Waterproof container with a two-week supply of any medicine your pet needs
- Bottled water, at least 72 hour supply for each pet (one ounce water, per pound, per pet)
- A traveling bag, crate or sturdy carrier, ideally one for each pet
- Blanket (for scooping up a fearful pet)
- Recent photos of your pets (in case you are separated)
- Toys

WILL YOUR PET(S) BE SAFE DURING EVACUATION?

The ASPCA offers a free pet safety pack that includes a pet rescue window decal to alert rescue personnel that pets are inside your home (<u>www.aspca.org</u>). If you evacuate with your pets, and if time allows, write "EVACUATED" across the decal.

Identify a friend or family member who can care for your pet, preferably outside of your city:

Name:	
Address:	
Phone (1):	Phone (2):

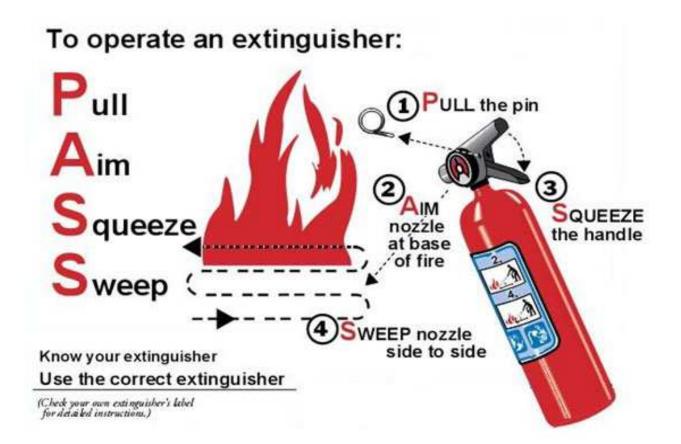
Identify pet shelters in your area in the event you need to evacuate during an emergency:

Name:	
Address:	
Phone:	
• -	f <mark>riendly hotels</mark> in areas in which you may evacuate to during an emergency: betswelcome.com/milkbone/routeframe.html
Hotel:	
Address:	
Phone (1):	
Hotel:	
Address:	
Phone (1):	

- It is important to keep your pets ID tags up-to-date. Shelters do not usually accept animals that are not up to date on their vaccines. Consider listing two telephone numbers: your cell phone and the telephone number of a friend or family member outside of your city.
- You may also **consider getting your pet micro-chipped.** Make sure your Vet has the name of the Microchip Company and the phone number of the company from which your pet's Microchip came from.

INJURY PREVENTION AND HOUSEHOLD PREPAREDNESS TIPS

- Learn First Aid and CPR
- Post emergency telephone numbers by telephones (program into cell phone)
- Show responsible household members how to shut off the home's gas and main water valve
- Secure your water heater and major appliances
- Replace batteries on smoke detectors twice a year during daylight savings time
- Remove any objects above your bed, such as picture frames, hanging plants, etc...
- Place beds away from windows
- Keep a pair of sturdy, closed-toe shoes and flashlight under or next to your bed
- Keep exits clear at all times
- Purchase a throw ladder if you live in a multiple story home
- Practice evacuation drills every six months
- Do not call 911 unless there is an emergency
- Keep a fire extinguisher in the house and the garage (at a minimum, an ABC type)
- Teach everyone in the house how to use a fire extinguisher (P.A.S.S)



KIT LOCATIONS AND MAINTENANCE

Since you do not know where you will be when an emergency occurs, prepare supplies for home, work, and vehicles. When storing home items, consider designating two areas, if possible, in the event damage to your home causes you to be unable to retrieve the items.

Home	Work	Car
Your disaster supply kit should contain essential food, water, and supplies for at least three days.	This kit should be in one container, and ready to "grab and go" in case you are	In case you are stranded, keep a kit of emergency supplies in your car.
Keep this kit in a designated place and have it ready in case you have to leave your home quickly. Make sure all household members know where the kit is kept.	evacuated from your workplace. Make sure you have	This kit should contain food, water, first aid supplies, flares, jumper cables, small hammer & shovel and
Additionally, you may want to consider	food and water in the kit. Also, be sure to	seasonal supplies.
having supplies for sheltering for up to two weeks.	have comfortable walking shoes at your workplace in case an evacuation requires walking long distances.	Walking shoes, sweatshirt, hat, raincoat or poncho

UPDATE your plan every six months OR when there is a change to important information.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

IMPORTANT TELEPHONE NUMBERS and WEBSITE RESOURCES

Alabama Department of Public Health (ADPH) 1-800-ALA-1818 / www.adph.org ADPH Center for Emergency Preparedness: 1-866-264-4073 / www.adph.org/cep Alabama Emergency Management Agency: 1-205-280-2275 / www.ema.alabama.gov American Red Cross: 251-438-2571 / www.redcross.org EPA - Safe Water Hotline: 1-800-426-4791 FEMA: 1-800-621-FEMA (3362) / www.fema.gov Mobile County Emergency Management Agency: 251-460-8000 / www.mcema.net Mobile County Health Department: 251-690-8106 / www.mobilecountyhealth.org Mobile Medical Reserve Corps: 251-544-2196 / www.MobileMRC.org Mobile SPCA: 251-633-3531 / www.mobilespca.org National Response Center: Toxic Chemical and Oil Spills: 1-800-424-8802 2-1-1 Connects Alabama: Health & human service info and referral / www.211connectsalabama.org www.disasterhelp.gov www.moreprepared.com www.redcrossalcoast.org www.ready.gov www.dogster.com / www.catcarehq.com http://www.petswelcome.com/milkbone/routeframe.html



MOBILE MEDICAL RESERVE CORPS PERSONAL PREPAREDNESS COMMITMENT

Thank you for participating with the Mobile Medical Reserve Corps by committing to develop a personal plan for you and your family to prepare in advance of an emergency. This activity is a part of the volunteer commitment to serve with the Mobile Medical Reserve Corps. Once you have completed your personal preparedness plan, sign and return this form for placement in your training file. If you have any suggestions for improvement of this plan, please indicate below or email comments to Elizabeth Williams, Coordinator, Mobile Medical Reserve Corps at the following:

ewilliams@mobilecountyhealth.org Phone: 251-544-2196 Fax: 251-690-8891

Name:		 	
Address:			
– Phone No.	Home:		
	Work:		
	Cell:		
Signature	2	 _ Date	
Suggestion	is or Comments:		