PRENUPTIAL QUESTIONNAIRE, including convalidations (c. 1067) (Arch) Diocese of _____



Groom:		Bride:		
Groom: Full Legal Name			Full Legal Name	
Place of Marriage Ceremony: c. 1118			I	Date of Ceremony:
c. 1118	Church	City/State	(Include a copy of	Date of Ceremony: of executed civil marriage license in the file.)
Witnesses:		and		
Person(s) providing marriage pr	eparation:			
Priest/Deacon officiating at mar	riage ceremony:			
Permission granted (if needed) b	oy:		I	Date of Permission: mission from the Catholic's proper pastor.
cc. 1115; 1118, §1—If officiat	ing at a marriage of a Catho	lic who is not a par	ishioner, secure per	mission from the Catholic's proper pastor.
Delegation granted (if needed) be c. 1111—If officiating at a man	egation granted (if needed) by: Date of Delegation: Date of Delegation: Date of Delegation: Date of Delegation from that pastor or local ordinary (also cf. c. 137).			
(Priest, deacon or designated	l lay pastoral assistant is	to complete this	form. Groom and	l bride are to be interviewed separately.)
		GROOM		
Full Name:		Da	te/Place of Birth	
Address:				
Address (with Apartment	/Unit #)	County	City/St	ate/Zip Code
Phone: Home/Work/Ce	dlular: (Area Code) Number		Email:	
				Rite:
Mother's Name:(Inclu	ide mother's maiden name)	Re	eligion:	Rite:
				atin)
Date of Baptism:	Place:			
+ If not baptized, secure a <i>disp</i> + If baptized non-Catholic, sec Secure: recent Catholic bapti If Catholic:	ensation from disparity of we bure a permission for a Catho smal certificate or proof of	worship/cult (c. 108 blic to marry a bapt baptism for baptize	Church 6, §2). ized non-Catholic (City/State
→Date of Profession of Fai (If applicable, secure rece	ent POF certificate.)	Place	Church	City/State
→Have you received First I				
Date:	Place:			
			1	City/State
→Have you received Confin		(If no, encour	age him to be confi	rmed <i>if possible</i> before marriage—c. 1065, §1.)
Date:	Place:	Church		City/State
→Within what parish do yo	ou live?			•
 Do you agree to answer all qu How long have you known ea Do you regularly participate i Have you ever been married b 	nestions truthfully?neth other?neth other?neth practice of your fait pefore (church; civil; come by blood (c. 1091), ma	Dated Dated Dated Dated Dated Dated Dated Dated Dated Date Date Date Date Date Date Date Date	. 1085 (If yes, co	
of chastity in a religious instit	tute (c. 1088); abduction	(c. 1089); crime (c. 1090); public p	oropriety (c. 1093)?

Type or print clearly.

8. 9. 10 11 12 13 14 15 *F	Have you or your fiancée experienced or been treated for any mental or drug-related difficulties? (cc. 1057; 1095)	Yes* Yes	No* No No No No No No No
**	**PARISH SEAL***	Place signed	
Sig	gnature of Groom	Date signed	
Sig	gnature ☐ Priest or ☐ Deacon or ☐ Designated Lay Pastoral Assistant → → →	Type/print name	
	PREVIOUS MARRIAGI If you are presently in a non-Catholic union and seeking to be married this convalidation an act of the will by which you intend to enter into • A Catholic who exchanges marital vows in any non-Catholic form is not married validly in the eyes of the Catholic Church • The Church is not 'blessing' this union. A valid marriage be Date of present non-Catholic union: How many times were you married before and it ended in divorce, cive List name(s) of previous spouse(s); name of church(s) or place(s) of name (s) or place(s) of name (s).	in the Catholic Church (convalidation), is your consent a valid Catholic marriage? (c. 1157)	No* on). ense.
	→Explain how the groom is free to marry in the Catholic Church. (Vissued only by the Catholic Church, one cannot marry in the Catholic Former spouse is deceased. Attach a copy of the death certificate. □ For every failed marriage: Attach a decree of nullity for: □ Former OR attach a decree of dissolution for: □ Pauline Privilege; □ Privilege of (arch)diocese that issued the decree: □ Protocol number and date of the Catholic decree: □ NOTE: No provisional date for a marriage ceremony may be set Indicate how compliance with any Tribunal stipulations occur.	olic Church.) e. al Case; □ Prior Bond; □ Lack of Canonical Form or □ Covilege of the Faith or □ Rátum et non consummátum. until the <u>final</u> Decree(s) of Nullity/Dissolution is obta	Other.

BRIDE

Full Name:		Date/I	Place of Birth:			
	Include maiden n	iame				
Address:						
Address: Address (with Apartic	nent/Unit #)	County	City/State/Z	Zip Code		
			Email:			
Phone: Home/Wor	k/Cellular: (Area Code) Numb	er				
Eather's Name:		Daligi	an:	Dito		
Father's Name:						
Mother's Name:		Religi	on:	Rite:		
(.	Include mother's maiden name	.)				
Bride's Religion:		Rite (i	f other than Latin))		
Date of Rantism:	Place.					
Date of Baptism:	1 lacc	C	hurch	City/Sta	ate	
+ If not baptized, secure a	dispensation from disparity of e, secure a permission for a Catl	worship/cult (c. 1086, §2	2).			
	baptismal certificate or proof or				edom to Ma	arry.
100 4 1						
If Catholic: → Date of Profession of	f Faith:	Place:				
(If applicable, secure	Faith:recent POF certificate.)		hurch	City/Sta	ite	
→Have you received F	irst Eucharist? □Yes □No					
Date:	Place:					
		Church		City/State		
→Have you received C	onfirmation? ☐Yes ☐No	(If no, encourage	her to be confirmed	d if possible before marriag	ge—c. 106	5, §1.)
Date:	Place:					
		Church		City/State		
→Within what parish d	o you live?					
		Parish				
1. Do you agree to answer a	-					
2. How long have you know						
3. Do you regularly particip	•					·
4. Have you ever been marr	` ' '		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	10,		
5. Are you related to your fi					∐Yes*	∐No
6. Are you or your fiancé bo		-			□1 7 #	Път
	institute (c. 1088); abduction	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		• , ,	∐ Y es*	∐No
7. Have you or your fiancée		-			□V*	□N ₁ °
	(cc. 1057; 1095)					
8. Have you signed a prenup						_
9. Do you understand and as	, ,			• /	🔲 1 03	шио
	of self for the total well being			-	ПҮеѕ	□No*
, -	ntercourse since marriage in	•	-	-		□No*
	the right to have children an					□No*
d) To make an uncondi	tional, permanent commitme	ent, lasting until the de	ath of your spous	e? (cc. 1056; 1102, §1).	□Yes	□No*
	r spouse? (c. 1056)					□No*
	freely and without any forc					□No*
10. To be asked if there is su						
11. Are you placing any con	` ′	•		•		
12. Does your fiancé, as far	as you know, agree to your	answers?			□Yes	□No*

Type or	print clearly.	
13. Is	there any important fact about you which you have not shared wit	h your fiancé?Yes* 🔲 No
	g., addictions, illness, trouble with the law; indebtedness; sterility;	
	or a bride under age 18, do your parents consent to this marriage? (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	by you have any children from any previous relationship?	
	yes, have the moral and civil responsibilities to any former spouse c. 1071,§1, 3°; 1136; 1689) If no or there is some question about	
	ain below any response that included an asterisk (*). For #9a-f and #4-6, see impediments on page 5. Contact the Tribunal/Chancery.	
PA	ARISH SEAL	
		Place signed
Signati	ure of Bride	Date signed
Signati	ure □ Priest or □ Deacon or □ Designated Lay Pastoral Assistant → →	→ Type/print name
	PREVIOUS MARRIA	GE(S) of BRIDE
	you are presently in a non-Catholic union and seeking to be married is convalidation an act of the will by which you intend to enter into A Catholic who exchanges marital vows in any non-Catho form is not married validly in the eyes of the Catholic Chu The Church is not 'blessing' this union. A valid marriage by	o a valid Catholic marriage? (c. 1157)□Yes □No* lic ceremony without a dispensation from canonical
Da	ate of present non-Catholic union:	Attach a copy of that civil marriage license.
* Но	ow many times were you married before and it ended in divorce, c st name(s) of previous spouse(s); name of church(s) or place(s) of	ivil annulment or death of the previous spouse?
	For every failed marriage: Attach a decree of nullity for: For OR attach a decree of dissolution for: Pauline Privilege; P	nolic Church.) ate. mal Case; □ Prior Bond; □ Lack of Canonical Form or □ Other.
. .	Protocol number and date of the <i>Catholic</i> decree:	
N	IOTE: No provisional date for a marriage ceremony may be se Indicate how compliance with any Tribunal stipulations or	t until the <u>final</u> Decree(s) of Nullity/Dissolution is obtained. curred prior to any marriage ceremony (c. 1684).

- + When a Catholic marries a non-Catholic, either non-baptized or baptized non-Catholic, the Catholic must make the following declaration and promise so that a *dispensation* from disparity of worship/cult (c. 1086, §2) or a *permission* for a Catholic to marry a baptized non-Catholic (c. 1124) will be granted by the local ordinary or his delegate:
 - I reaffirm my faith in Jesus Christ and with God's help I intend to continue living that faith in the Catholic Church. (c. 1125, 1°)
 - I promise to do all in my power to share the faith I have received with our children by having them baptized and reared as Catholics. (c. 1125, 1°)

The above declaration and promise is to be completed and signed on the (Arch) Diocesan Petition for a Canonical Dispensation or Permission for a Mixed Marriage.

REFERENCE GUIDE: Always contact the Tribunal/Chancery with any questions! **Brief Definitions of Marriage Impediments (cc. 1083-1094)**

Divine Natural Law Impediments that no dispensation may be granted by anyone, neither Rome nor a diocesan bishop:

Impotence (c. 1084, §1): Antecedent and perpetual incapacity of groom/bride to perform a complete conjugal act (marital sexual intercourse). Sterility (the inability to impregnate or to conceive) is not an impediment (c. 1084, §3).

Prior Bond (Ligamen c. 1085): A person with a presumably valid prior bond cannot marry again as long as the first spouse is living. If a Catholic decree of declaration of nullity is granted by a Catholic Tribunal, then one is free to marry. But it is a decree of nullity, not a dispensation.

Consanguinity (blood relationships c. 1091): One can never marry in the direct line any ancestor and descendant, both legitimate and natural (grandparent, parent, child, grandchild) or in the second degree of the collateral line (brother and sister) (c. 1078, §3).

Ecclesiastical Law Impediments that a diocesan bishop or other local ordinary may dispense (c. 1078, §1):

Age (c. 1083)—Males must be 16 years old; females must be 14 years old. The day of birth is not computed in the age. One completes the 16th or 14th year at the close of the day (midnight) on one's birthday (c. 203).

Disparity of Worship/Cult (c. 1086): A marriage between a Catholic and a non-baptized person.

Perpetual Vow of Chastity (c. 1088): Must petition diocesan bishop if the person is a member of a diocesan right institute. If it is a *pontifical* right institute, see below for impediments that only Holy See may dispense.

Abduction (c. 1089): A marriage between a man and a woman whom he abducts or detains in order to marry.

Consanguinity (blood relationships c. 1091): Although a dispensation can be granted for the third degree (uncle/niece; aunt/nephew) and for the fourth degree (first cousins) in the collateral line to marry, they cannot secure legally a marriage license in Texas. But if a couple is in a civilly, recognized marital union and desire to marry (convalidation), a dispensation may be granted.

Affinity (relationships from a valid marriage, death or dissolution of bond, c. 1092): One cannot marry in the direct line in any degree (marrying a deceased/dissolved spouse's grandparent, parent or spouse's child or grandchild from a different relationship).

Public Propriety (c. 1093): If after an invalid marriage or public concubinage (cohabitation), a man cannot marry a woman's mother or her daughter from a different relationship OR a woman cannot marry a man's father or his son from a different relationship. Adoption (c. 1094): An adopted person cannot marry his/her adopted grandparents, parents or siblings.

Ecclesiastical Law Impediments that only the Holy See may dispense:

Sacred Orders (c. 1087): Must petition Rome for a Dispensation from Obligations Arising from Sacred Order of Presbyterate or Diaconate, including that from Celibacy (c. 1078, §2, 1°).

Perpetual Vow of Chastity (c. 1088): Must petition Rome if the person is a member of a pontifical right institute (c. 1078, §2, 1°). Crime (c. 1090): One kills one's own spouse to marry another person or one kills the spouse of an intended spouse so as to marry that person. OR if two people conspire to bring about the death of the spouse of one of them for any reason, they invalidly attempt

marriage together (c. 1078, §2, 2°).

Other Important Information

- → If the groom and/or bride are a Catholic Rite other than Latin, contact the Tribunal/Chancery.
- → Secure any permission/dispensation from the Catholic bishop in whose diocese the Catholic groom/bride lives, regardless of where the marriage ceremony will occur.
 - If a Catholic is marrying a non-baptized person, secure a dispensation from disparity of worship/cult (c. 1086, §2).
 - If a Catholic is marrying a baptized non-Catholic, secure a *permission* for a Catholic to marry a baptized non-Catholic (c.1124).
 - If a Catholic will be married by a non-Catholic officiant, secure a dispensation from canonical form (c. 1127, §2).
- → If officiating at a marriage of a Catholic who is not a parishioner, secure permission from the Catholic's proper pastor (cc.1115; 1118.§1).
- → Assigned parish priest/deacon *normally* has the faculty to officiate at any marriage ceremony within one's parish territory. If officiating at a marriage outside your assigned parish, secure delegation from that pastor or local ordinary (c.1111; also cf. c.137).
- → Secure a recent Baptismal or Profession of Faith (POF) certificate (issued within the last 6 months, with any sacramental notations
- listed on the back) for the Catholic.
- → Secure proof of baptism (Baptismal certificate, letter from minister or witness) for a baptized non-Catholic.
- → Secure if required Witness Affidavits of Freedom to Marry for the groom and for the bride.
- →Importance of reception of all three sacraments of initiation prior to marriage: Baptism, Confirmation and Eucharist. c. 842, §2.
 - Confirmation prior to marriage highly encouraged if possible, though not required (c. 1065, §1).
 - Encouraged to receive Eucharist and Penance regularly (c. 1065, §2).
 - A valid marriage is a sacrament when both spouses are baptized validly. A valid marriage between a baptized person and a non-baptized person (or between two non-baptized persons) is not sacrament. (c. 1055, §2)
- → Types of marriage ceremonies (cc. 1119; 846, §1) from the Rite of Marriage (©1969):
 - Rite of Celebrating Marriage during Mass #8, 19-38 (Normally for 2 Catholics; may occur for a Catholic and a baptized, non-Catholic, provided "except that, according to the general law, communion is not given to the non-Catholic." #8; cf. c.844, §83-4).
 - Rite of Celebrating Marriage Outside Mass #8, 39-54 (Normally for a Catholic and a *baptized* non-Catholic).
 - Rite of Celebrating Marriage Between a Catholic and an *Unbaptized* Person #8, 55-66 (Only rite to be used for *unbaptized*).
- →Marriage file is stored *normally* in the parish where the marriage ceremony with canonical form occurred (c. 1121, §1). Canonical form=Canon 1108: marrying before a Catholic priest or deacon and two witnesses.
- →Marriage file is stored in the parish where the prenuptial investigation and the request for the dispensation from canonical form occurred when a marriage ceremony occurred without canonical form (c. 1121, §3).
- → If the marriage ceremony is to occur outside your diocese, this marriage file is to be sent to your Tribunal/Chancery.