## 2009 Personal Income Tax Booklet

Members of the<br>Franchise Tax Board<br>John Chiang, Chair<br>Betty T. Yee, Member<br>Michael C. Genest, Member

Important Due Dates. ..... 2
Do I Have to File? ..... 3
What's New and Other Important Information for 2009 ..... 4
Which Form Should I Use? ..... 5
Instructions for Form 540/540A ..... 7
Sales and Use Tax Rates by County ..... 18
Additional Information ..... 19
Frequently Asked Questions .....  20
Credit Chart ..... 21
Voluntary Contribution Fund Descriptions .....  22
How To Get California Tax Information ..... 23
Privacy Notice ..... 23
Form 540A, California Resident Income Tax Return ..... 25
Form 540, California Resident Income Tax Return .....  27
Schedule CA (540), California Adjustments — Residents ..... 31
Schedule D (540), California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment ..... 33
FTB 3885A, Depreciation and Amortization Adjustments ..... 35
FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals ..... 37
Form 540-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals ..... 38
Instructions for Form 540-ES ..... 41
Instructions for Schedule CA (540) ..... 43
Nonrefundable Renter's Credit Qualification Record ..... 50
FTB 3506, Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit ..... 51
Instructions for FTB 3506 ..... 53
2009 California Tax Table ..... 57
2009 California Tax Rate Schedules ..... 62
Automated Phone Service ..... 63

## Important Due Dates

When the due date falls on a weekend or holiday, the deadline to file and pay without penalty is extended to the next business day.

| April 15, 2010 | Last day to file and pay the 2009 amount you owe to avoid penalties and interest. ${ }^{*}$ See form FTB 3519 on page 37 for more information. <br> *If you are living or traveling outside the United States on April 15,2010 , the due dates for filing your return and paying your tax are <br> different. See form FTB 3519 on page 37 for more information. |
| :--- | :--- |
| October 15, 2010 | Last day to file or e-file your 2009 return to avoid penalties and interest computed from the original due date of April 15, 2010. |
| April 15, 2010 <br> June 15, 2010 <br> September 15, 2010 <br> January 18, 2011 | Due dates for 2010 estimated tax payments. Generally, you do not have to make estimated tax payments if your California withholding in <br> each payment period totals $90 \%$ of your required annal payment. Also, you do not have to make estimated tax payments if you will pay <br> enough through withholding to keep the amount you owe with your return under $\$ 500$ ( $\$ 250$ if married/registered domestic partner (RDP) <br> filing separately). However, if you do not pay enough tax either through withholding or by making estimated tax payments, you may have an <br> underpayment penalty. See Form 540-ES instructions on page 41 for more information. |

## \$\$\$ for You

Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) - EITC reduces your federal tax obligation, or allows a refund if no federal tax is due. You may qualify if:

- You earned less than $\$ 43,279$ ( $\$ 48,279$ if married filing jointly) and have qualifying children.
- You have no qualifying children and you earned less than $\$ 13,440$ ( $\$ 18,440$ if married filing jointly).
Call the IRS at 800.829.4477, when instructed enter topic 601, see your federal income tax booklet, or go to the IRS website at irs.gov and search for eitc assistant. Currently, no comparable state credit exists.
Refund of Excess State Disability Insurance (SDI) - If you worked for at least two employers during 2009 who together paid you more than $\$ 90,669$ in wages, you may qualify for a refund of excess SDI. See the instructions on page 13.


## Common Errors and How to Prevent Them

Help us process your return quickly and accurately. When we find an error, it requires us to stop to verify the information on the return, which slows processing. The most common errors consist of:

- Claiming the wrong amount of estimated tax payments
- Claiming the wrong amount of standard deduction or itemized deductions
- Making tax computation errors
- Calculating the wrong amount of total credits

To avoid errors and help process your return faster, use these helpful hints when preparing your return.

## Claiming estimated tax payments:

- Verify the amount of estimated tax payments claimed on your return matches what you sent to the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) for that year. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account to view your total estimated tax payments before you file your return.
- Verify the overpayment amount from your 2008 tax return you requested to be applied to your 2009 estimated tax.
- If the FTB records do not match the amount of estimated tax payments claimed, a "Return Information Notice" will be sent explaining the difference.


## Claiming standard deduction or itemized deductions:

- See Form 540/540A, line 18 instructions and worksheets for the amount of standard deduction or itemized deductions you can claim.
Computing your tax:
- Verify the total tax amount on Form 540/540A, line 64 is calculated correctly.
- Go to fth.ca.gov and search for tax calculator to compute your tax with the tax calculator or with the tax tables.
- Locate the correct tax amount from the tax table (page 57) and transfer it to your return correctly.
- Verify any affected schedule to ensure that the total tax amount is correctly transferred over.


## Calculating total credits:

- Verify the total credits on Form 540/540A, line 47 to ensure the amount is calculated correctly.
By using the helpful hints above, you assist in preventing delays in processing your return and unnecessary account adjustments.
-UnitedStates Census 2010

Census Day is April 1, 2010 - The 2010 Census is a count of everyone living in the United States. This count is mandated by the U.S. Constitution. You should receive your 2010 Census questionnaire in mid-March. The 2010 questionnaire is one of the shortest in history. It's just 10 questions and it takes about 10 minutes to complete. Every year Californians pay taxes to the Federal government. Every decade Californians have an opportunity to receive money back from the Federal government through the census. Don't let California go undercounted.
For more information, visit www.census.gov and www.californiacompletecount.org.

Page 2 Personal Income Tax Booklet 2009

## Do I Have to File?

## Steps to Determine Filing Requirement

Step 1: Is your gross income (all income received from all sources in the form of money, goods, property, and services that are not exempt from tax) more than the amount shown in the California Gross Income chart below for your filing status, age, and number of dependents? If yes, you have a filing requirement. If no, go to Step 2.
Step 2: Is your adjusted gross income (federal adjusted gross income from all sources reduced or increased by all California income adjustments) more than the amount shown in the California Adjusted

Gross Income chart below for your filing status, age, and number of dependents? If yes, you have a filing requirement. If no, go to Step 3.
Step 3: If your income is less than the amounts on the chart you may still have a filing requirement. See "Requirements for Children with Investment Income" and "Other Situations When You Must File" on this page. Do those instructions apply to you? If yes, you have a filing requirement. If no, go to Step 4.
Step 4: Are you married/RDP filing separately with separate property income? If no, you do not have a filing requirement. If yes, prepare a return. If you owe tax, you have a filing requirement.

| On 12/31/09, my filing status was: | and on $12 / 31 / 09$, my age was: <br> (If your 65 th birthday is on January 1 , 2010, you are considered to be age 65 on December 31, 2009) | California Gross Income Dependents |  |  | California Adjusted Gross Income Dependents |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 0 | 1 | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ \text { or more } \end{gathered}$ | 0 | 1 | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ \text { or more } \end{gathered}$ |
| Single or Head of household | Under 65 65 or older | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 14,622 \\ & 19,522 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17,889 \\ & 21,972 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20,339 \\ 23,932 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11,698 \\ & 16,598 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14,965 \\ & 19,048 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17,415 \\ & 21,008 \end{aligned}$ |
| Married/RDP filing jointly Married/RDP filing separately (The income of both spouses/RDPs must be combined; both spouses/RDPs may be required to file a tax return even if only one spouse/RDP had income over the amounts listed.) | Under 65 (both spouses/RDPs) 65 or older (one spouse/RDP) 65 or older (both spouses/RDPs) | $\begin{aligned} & 29,245 \\ & 34,145 \\ & 39,045 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32,512 \\ & 36,595 \\ & 41,495 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34,962 \\ & 38,555 \\ & 43,455 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23,396 \\ & 28,296 \\ & 33,196 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26,663 \\ & 30,746 \\ & 35,646 \end{aligned}$ | 29,113 <br> 32,706 <br> 37,606 |
| Qualifying widow(er) | Under 65 65 or older |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 17,889 \\ & 21,972 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 20,339 \\ & 23,932 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 14,965 \\ & 19,048 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 17,415 \\ & 21,008 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Dependent of another person Any filing status | Any age | More than your standard deduction (Use the California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents on page 9 to figure your standard deduction.) |  |  |  |  |  |

## Requirements for Children with Investment Income

Federal law allows parents' election to report a child's interest and dividend income from a child 18 and under or a student under age 24 on their return. California allows you to report your child's interest and dividend income on your return if they are under age 14. For each child under age 14 who received more than $\$ 1,900$ of investment income in 2009, complete Form 540 and form FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Children Under Age 14 with Investment Income, to figure the tax on a separate Form 540 for your child.
If you qualify, you may elect to report your child's income of \$9,500 or less (but not less than \$950) on your return by completing form FTB 3803, Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends. To make this election, your child's income must be only from interest and/or dividends. To get form FTB 3800 or FTB 3803, see "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63 or go to ftb.ca.gov.

## Other Situations When You Must File

If you have a tax liability for 2009 or owe any of the following taxes for 2009, you must file Form 540.

- Tax on a lump-sum distribution.
- Tax on a qualified retirement plan including an Individual Retirement Arrangement (IRA) or an Archer Medical Savings Account (MSA).
- Tax for children under age 14 who have investment income greater than \$1,900 (see paragraph above).
- Alternative minimum tax.
- Recapture taxes.
- Deferred tax on certain installment obligations.
- Tax on an accumulation distribution from a trust.


## Filing Status

Use the same filing status for California that you used for your federal income tax return, unless you are in a same-sex marriage (explained under What's New on page 6) or a registered domestic partnership (RDP). If you are a same-sex married individual or an RDP and file single for federal, you must file married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing
separately for California. If you are a same-sex married individual or an RDP and file head of household for federal purposes, you may file head of household for California purposes only if you meet the requirements to be considered unmarried or considered not in a domestic partnership.
Exception: If you file a joint return for federal purposes, you may file separately for California if either spouse was:

- An active member of the United States armed forces or any auxiliary military branch during 2009.
- A nonresident for the entire year and had no income from California sources during 2009.
Community Property States: If the spouse earning the California source income is domiciled in a community property state, community income will be split equally between the spouses. Both spouses will have California source income and they will not qualify for the nonresident spouse exception.
If you had no federal filing requirement, use the same filing status for California that you would have used to file a federal income tax return.
If you filed a joint return and either you or your spouse/RDP was a nonresident for 2009, file the Long or Short Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return.

Registered Domestic Partners (RDP) - RDPs under California law must file their California income tax return using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. RDPs have the same legal benefits, protections, and responsibilities as married couples unless otherwise specified.
If you entered into a same sex legal union in another state, other than a marriage, and that union has been determined to be substantially equivalent to a California registered domestic partnership, you are required to file a California income tax return using either the married/ RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. For more information on what states have legal unions that are considered substantially equivalent, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for attorney general.
For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California registered domestic partner (RDP), unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP they refer to
both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.
Single - If any of the following was true on December 31, 2009:

- You were not married or an RDP.
- You were divorced under a final decree of divorce, legally separated under a final decree of legal separation, or terminated your registered domestic partnership.
- You were widowed before January 1, 2009, and did not remarry or enter into another registered domestic partnership in 2009.
Married/RDP Filing Jointly - If any of the following is true:
- You were married or an RDP as of December 31, 2009, even if you did not live with your spouse/RDP at the end of 2009.
- Your spouse/RDP died in 2009 and you did not remarry or enter into another registered domestic partnership in 2009.
- Your spouse/RDP died in 2010 before you filed a 2009 return.


## Married/RDP Filing Separately

- Community property rules apply to the division of income if you use the married/RDP filing separately status. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status, FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners, FTB Pub. 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Married Couples, FTB Pub. 1051A, Guidelines for Married/RDP Filing Separate Returns, or FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.
- You cannot claim a personal exemption credit for your spouse/RDP even if your spouse/RDP had no income, is not filing a return, and is not claimed as a dependent on another person's return.
- You may be able to file as head of household if your child lived with you and you lived apart from your spouse/RDP during the entire last six months of 2009.


## Head of Household

For the specific requirements that must be met to qualify for head of household filing status, get FTB Pub. 1540, California Head of Household Filing Status Information. In general, head of household filing status is for unmarried individuals and certain married individuals or RDPs living apart who provide a home for a specified relative. You may be entitled to use head of household filing status if all of the following apply:

- You were unmarried and not in a registered domestic partnership, or you met the requirements to be considered unmarried or considered not in a registered domestic partnership on December 31, 2009.
- You paid more than one-half the cost of keeping up your home for the year in 2009.
- For more than half the year, your home was the main home for you and one of the specified relatives who by law can qualify you for head of household filing status.
- You were not a nonresident alien at any time during the year.

For a child to qualify as your foster child for head of household purposes, the child must either be placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by order of a court.
For more information, get FTB Pub. 1540 at ftb.ca.gov or see code 934 on page 63 to order FTB Pub. 1540 by telephone.
Qualifying Widow(er) with Dependent Child
Fill in the circle on Form 540/540A, line 5 and use the joint return tax rates for 2009 if all five of the following apply:

- Your spouse/RDP died in 2007 or 2008 and you did not remarry or enter into another registered domestic partnership in 2009.
- You have a child, stepchild, adopted child, or foster child whom you can claim as a dependent.
- This child lived in your home for all of 2009. Temporary absences, such as for vacation or school, count as time lived in the home.
- You paid over half the cost of keeping up your home for this child.
- You could have filed a joint return with your spouse/RDP the year he or she died, even if you actually did not do so.


## What's New and Other Important Information for 2009

## Differences between California and Federal Law

In general, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 2005. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for conformity. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, the instructions for California Schedule CA ( 540 or 540NR), and the Business Entity tax booklets.
The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpayers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R\&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpayers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.

## 2009 Tax Law Changes/What's New

Tax Increase - Beginning on January 1, 2009, the tax rate increased by 0.25\%.

Dependent Exemptions Credits - Beginning on January 1, 2009, the dependent exemption credit decreased from $\$ 309$ to $\$ 98$ per dependent exemption.
Home Credit - For taxable years beginning on or after March 1, 2009, and before March 1, 2010, a home credit against net tax will be allowed for the purchase of a never been occupied home in an amount equal to the lesser of five percent of the purchase price of a qualified principal residence or ten thousand dollars $(\$ 10,000)$. For more information, go
to fth.ca.gov and search for home credit or get FTB Pub. 3528, New Home Credit.
California Film and Television Tax Credit - For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, a film and television credit against the net tax will be allowed. The credit, which is allocated and certified by the California Film Commission, is $20 \%$ of expenditures attributable to a qualified motion picture and $25 \%$ of production expenditures attributable to an independent film or a TV series that relocates to California. The California Film Commission will accept applications on a first come, first served basis beginning on July 1, 2009. For more information, go to film.ca.gov and search for incentives.
New Jobs Credit - For taxable years beginning on or after January 1 , 2009, a new jobs credit against net tax will be allowed for a qualified employer in the amount of $\$ 3,000$ for each qualified full-time employee hired during the taxable year that increases the employer's number of full-time employees over the previous year. This is determined on an annual full-time equivalent basis. Any credits not used in the taxable year may be carried forward up to eight years. For more information go to fth.ca.gov and search for new jobs or get form FTB 3527, New Jobs Credit.
Natural Heritage Preservation Credit - The funding for the Natural Heritage Preservation Credit is available beginning January 1, 2010, until June 30, 2015. Currently there is no funding available to award or claim credits for the period from July 1, 2008, to December 31, 2009. However, carryover is not affected for previously awarded credits.
Mandatory Electronic Payments - You are required to remit all your payments electronically once you make an estimate or extension payment

## Which Form Should I Use?


e-file and you won't have to decide which form to use! The software will select the correct form for you.

Were you and your spouse/RDP residents during the entire year 2009?
Yes. Check the chart below to see which form to use.
No. Use the Long or Short Form 540NR. To download or order the California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Booklet, go to ftb.ca.gov or see page 23, "Where to Get Income Tax Forms and Publications."

|  | Form 540 2EZ <br> Form not included in this booklet. If you qualify to use Form 540 2EZ, see "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 23 to download or order this form. | Form 540A | Form 54 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Filing Status | Single, married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, qualifying widow(er) | Any filing status | Any filing status |
| Dependents | 0-3 allowed | All dependents you are entitled to claim | All dependents you are entitled to claim |
| Amount of Income | Total income of: <br> - $\$ 100,000$ or less if single or head of household <br> - $\$ 200,000$ or less if married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) You cannot use Form 540 2EZ if you (or your spouse/RDP) can be claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer, and your TOTAL income is less than or equal to $\$ 11,187$ if single; $\$ 22,324$ if married/ RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); or $\$ 15,124$ if head of household. | Any amount of income | Any amount of income |
| Sources of Income | Only income from: <br> - Wages, salaries, and tips <br> - Taxable interest, dividends, and pensions <br> - Taxable scholarship and fellowship grants (only if reported on Form(s) W-2) <br> - Capital gains from mutual funds (reported on Form 1099DIV, box 2a only) <br> - Unemployment compensation reported on Form 1099-G <br> - Paid Family Leave Insurance <br> - U.S. social security benefits <br> - Tier 1 and tier 2 railroad retirement payments | Only income from: <br> - Wages, salaries, and tips <br> - Interest and dividends <br> - Taxable scholarship and fellowship grants <br> - Capital gains from mutual funds (reported on Form 1099DIV, box 2a only) <br> - Unemployment compensation reported on Form 1099-G <br> - Paid Family Leave Insurance <br> - U.S. social security benefits <br> - Tier 1 and tier 2 railroad retirement payments <br> - Fully and partially taxable IRA distributions, pensions, and annuities <br> - Alimony | All sources of income |
| Adjustments to Income | No adjustments to income | Allowed if the amount is the same as your federal adjustments to income. If you claimed educator expenses or the tuition and fees deduction, do not file Form 540A. Instead file Form 540. | All adjustments to income |
| Standard Deduction | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
| Itemized Deductions | No itemized deductions | Allowed if the amount is the same as your federal itemized deductions (except for state, local, and foreign taxes paid) | All itemized deuctions |
| Payments | Only withholding shown on Form(s) W-2 and 1099-R | - Withholding shown on Form(s) W-2 and 1099-R <br> - Estimated tax payments <br> - Payments made with extension voucher <br> - Excess State Disability Insurance (SDI) or Voluntary Plan Disability Insurance (VPDI) | - Withholding shown on Form(s) W-2, W-2G, 1099, 592B , and 593 <br> - Estimated tax payments <br> - Payments made with extension voucher <br> - Excess State Disability Insurance (SDI) or Voluntary Plan Disability Insurance (VPDI) |
| Tax Credits | - Personal exemption credit <br> - Senior exemption credit <br> - Up to three dependent exemption credits <br> - Nonrefundable renter's credit | - Personal exemption credit <br> - Senior exemption credit <br> - Blind exemption credit <br> - Dependent exemption credit <br> - Nonrefundable renter's credit <br> - Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit | All tax credits |
| Other Taxes | Only tax computed using the 540 2EZ Table | - Tax computed using the tax table <br> - Mental Health Services Tax | All taxes |

If you qualify to use 5402 EZ or 540A, you may be eligible to use CalFile.
Visit ftb.ca.gov and search for calfile. It's fast, easy, and free.
If you don't qualify for CalFile, you qualify for e-file.
Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for efile.

## What's New and Other Important Information for 2009 (continued from page 4)

exceeding $\$ 20,000$ or you file an original return with a total tax liability over $\$ 80,000$ for any taxable year that begins on or after January 1, 2009. Once you meet this threshold, all subsequent payments regardless of amount, tax type, or taxable year must be remitted electronically. The first payment that would trigger the mandatory e-pay requirement does not have to be made electronically. Individuals that do not send the payment electronically will be subject to a one percent noncompliance penalty.
You can request a waiver from mandatory e-pay if one or more of the following is true

- You have not made an estimated tax or extension payment in excess of $\$ 20,000$ during the current or previous taxable year.
- Your total tax liability reported for the previous taxable year did not exceed \$80,000.
- The amount you paid is not representative of your total tax liability. Electronic payments can be made using Web Pay on FTB's website, electronic funds withdrawal (EFW) as part of the e-file return, or your credit card. For more information or to obtain the waiver form, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for mandatory epay.
Conformity - For updates regarding the following federal act, go to ftb. ca.gov and search for conformity.
- American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

Estimated Tax Payments - Installments due for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2010, shall be 30\% of the required annual payment for the 1st required installment, $40 \%$ of the required annual payment for the 2nd required installment, no installment is due for the 3rd required installment, and $30 \%$ of the required annual payment for the 4th required installment.
Taxpayers with a tax liability less than \$500 (\$250 for married/RDP filing separately) do not need to make estimated tax payments.
Same-Sex Married Couples - Married couples must file their California income tax returns using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/ RDP filing separately filing status. On May 26, 2009, the California Supreme Court ruled that the Proposition 8 constitutional amendment is valid and only marriage between a man and a woman is recognized in California. However, the court also held that same-sex couple marriages performed in California after 5:00 p.m. on June 16, 2008, and before November 5, 2008, are valid marriages for California purposes. For more information, get FTB Pub. 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Married Couples or go to ftb.ca.gov and search for same sex married couples.
Same-Sex Marriages Outside the State of California - On October 11 2009, the Governor signed Senate Bill 54, which provides that a marriage between two persons who have entered into a same-sex marriage outside the State of California prior to November 5, 2008, that was valid by the laws of the jurisdiction in which the marriage was contracted, is valid in California. The bill also provides that a marriage between two persons who have entered into a same-sex marriage outside the State of California on or after November 5, 2008, that was valid by the laws of the jurisdiction in which the marriage was contracted have the same rights and responsibilities as spouses with the sole exception of the designation of "marriage."
Consequently, beginning in taxable year 2010, persons who have entered into a same-sex marriage outside the State of California that is valid according to the laws of the jurisdiction in which the marriage was contracted must file their California income tax return using either the joint or separate filing status.

Southern California Wildfires 2008 - For tax treatment information for victims of wildfires in Los Angeles and Ventura counties that commenced in October 2008 or November 2008 and wildfires in Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, and Santa Barbara counties that commenced in November 2008, get FTB Pub. 1034, Disaster Loss How to Claim a State Tax Deduction.
Santa Barbara Wildfires - For tax treatment information for victims of the Santa Barbara county wildfires that commenced in May 2009, get FTB Pub. 1034.

## Other Important Information

Net Operating Loss - For taxable years beginning in 2008 and 2009, California has suspended the net operating loss (NOL) carryover deduction. Taxpayers may continue to compute and carryover an NOL during the suspension period. However, taxpayers with net business income of less than $\$ 500,000$ or with disaster loss carryovers are not affected by the NOL suspension rules.
The carryover period for suspended losses is extended by:

- Two years for losses incurred in taxable years beginning before January 1, 2008.
- One year for losses incurred in taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2009.
Also, NOL carryovers and the number of taxable years to which the loss may be carried are modified. For more information, see form FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations - Individuals.
NOL carrybacks shall not be allowed for any net operating losses attributable to taxable years beginning before January 1, 2011. For more information on NOL carrybacks, see form FTB 3805V.
Business Tax Credit Limitation - For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2010, there is a limitation on the application of business tax credits for taxpayers whose net business income is $\$ 500,000$ or more. The limitation is equal to 50 percent of the net tax before the application of any credits.
Round Cents to Dollars - Round cents to the nearest whole dollar. For example, round $\$ 50.50$ up to $\$ 51$ or round $\$ 25.49$ down to $\$ 25$. If you do not round, the FTB will disregard the cents.

Direct Deposit Refund - You can request a direct deposit refund on your tax return whether you e-file or file a paper return. Be sure to fill in the routing and account numbers carefully and double-check the numbers for accuracy to avoid it being rejected by your bank.
ReadyReturn - If you are single and your income is only from wages, you may qualify for ReadyReturn. It simplifies the filing process by pre-filling a tax return with information the state already has. For more information and to see if you qualify, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for readyreturn or call 800.338.0505.
Withholding on California Real Estate - For transactions occurring on or after January 1, 2007, that require withholding, a seller of California real estate may elect an alternative to withholding $31 / 3$ percent of the total sales price. The seller may elect an alternative withholding amount based on the maximum tax rate for individuals, corporations, or banks and financial corporations, as applied to the gain on the sale. The seller is required to certify under penalty of perjury the alternative withholding amount to the FTB. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, the buyer is required to withhold on each installment sale payment if the sale of California real property is structured as an installment sale.
Tax Shelter - If the individual was involved in a reportable transaction, including a listed transaction, the individual may have a disclosure requirement. Attach federal Form 8886, Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement, to the back of the California return along with any other supporting schedules. If this is the first time the reportable transaction is disclosed on the return, send a duplicate copy of the federal Form 8886 to the address below. The FTB may impose penalties if the individual fails to file federal Form 8886, or fails to provide any other required information. A material advisor is required to provide a reportable transaction number to all taxpayers and material advisors for whom the material advisor acts as a material advisor.

ATSU 398 MS F385
FRANCHISE TAX BOARD
PO BOX 1673
SACRAMENTO CA 95812-9900
For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for tax shelters.

## Instructions for Form 540/540A - California Resident Income Tax Return <br> References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2005, and the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R\&TC).

## Before You Begin

Complete your federal income tax return (Form 1040, Form 1040A, or Form 1040EZ) before you begin your California Form 540/540A. Use information from your federal income tax return to complete your Form 540/540A. Complete and mail Form 540/540A by April 15, 2010. If unable to mail your tax return by the due date, see page 2.

You may qualify for the federal earned income credit. See page 2 for more information. No comparable state credit exists.

Note: The lines on Form 540/540A have been renumbered with gaps in the line number sequence. For example, lines 20 through 30 do not appear on Form 540/540A, so the line number that follows line 19 on Form 540/540A is line 31.

## Filling in Your Tax Return

- Use black or blue ballpoint pen on the tax return you send to the Franchise Tax Board (FTB).
- Enter your social security number(s) (SSN) or individual taxpayer identification number(s) (ITIN) at the top of Form 540/540A, Side 1
- Print numbers and CAPITAL LETTERS between the combed lines. Be sure to line up dollar amounts.
- Round cents to the nearest whole dollar. For example, round $\$ 50.50$ up to $\$ 51$ or round $\$ 25.49$ down to $\$ 25$.
- If you do not have an entry for a line, leave it blank unless the instructions for a line specifically tell you to enter -0-. Do not enter a dash, or the word "NONE."


## Name(s) and Address

Print your first name, middle initial, last name, and address in the spaces provided at the top of Form 540/540A.

## Private Mail Box

Include the Private Mail Box (PMB) in the address field. Write "PMB" first, then the box number. Example: 111 Main Street PMB 123.

## Foreign Address

Enter the information in the following order: City, Country, Province/Region, and Postal Code. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code.
Do not abbreviate the country name.
Principal Business Activity (PBA) Code (Form 540 only)
For federal Schedule C (Form 1040) business filers, enter the numeric principal business activity code from federal Schedule C (Form 1040), line B.

## Prior Name

If you or your spouse/RDP filed your 2008 tax return under a different last name, write the last name only from the 2008 tax return.

## Social Security Number (SSN) or Individual Taxpayer Identification Number (ITIN)

Enter your SSN in the spaces provided. To protect your privacy, your SSN is not printed on the tax booklet with your name and address. If filing a joint tax return, enter the SSNs in the same order as the names.

If you do not have an SSN because you are a nonresident or resident alien for federal tax purposes, and the IRS issued you an ITIN, enter the ITIN in the space for the SSN. An ITIN is a tax processing number issued by the IRS to foreign nationals and others who have a federal tax filing requirement and do not qualify for an SSN. It is a nine-digit number that always starts with the number 9

## Filing Status

## Line 1 through Line 5 - Filing Status

Fill in only one of the circles for line 1 through line 5 . Enter the required additional information if you filled in the circle on line 3 or line 5 . For filing status requirements, see page 3 .
Use the same filing status for California that you used for your federal income tax return.
Exception: If you file a joint tax return for federal, you may file separately for California if either spouse was:

- An active member of the United States armed forces or any auxiliary military branch during 2009.
- A nonresident for the entire year and had no income from California sources during 2009.
Caution - Community Property States: If the spouse earning the California source income is domiciled in a community property state, community income will be split equally between the spouses. Both spouses will have California source income and they will not qualify for the nonresident spouse exception.
If you had no federal filing requirement, use the same filing status for California you would have used to file a federal income tax return.
Same-sex married individuals or registered domestic partners (RDPs) who file single for federal must file married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately for California.
If you filed a joint tax return and either you or your spouse/RDP was a nonresident for 2009, you must file the Long or Short Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return.


## Exemptions

## Line 6 - Can be Claimed as Dependent



601
Fill in the circle on line 6 if someone else can claim you or your spouse/RDP as a dependent on his or her tax return, even if he or she chooses not to.

## Line 7 - Personal Exemptions

Did you fill in the circle on line 6?
No Follow the instructions on Form 540/540A, line 7.
Yes Ignore the instructions on Form 540/540A, line 7. Instead, enter in the box on line 7 the amount shown below for your filing status:

- Single or married/RDP filing separately, enter -0-.
- Head of household, enter -0-
- Married/RDP filing jointly and both you and your spouse/RDP can be claimed as dependents, enter -0-
- Married/RDP filing jointly and only one spouse/RDP can be claimed as a dependent, enter 1 .
Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on his or her tax return.


## Line 8 - Blind Exemptions

The first year you claim this exemption credit, attach a doctor's statement to the back of Form 540/540A indicating you or your spouse/RDP are visually impaired. Visually impaired means not capable of seeing better than 20/200 while wearing glasses or contact lenses, or if your field of vision is not more than 20 degrees.
Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on their tax return.

## Line 9 - Senior Exemptions

If you were 65 years of age or older by December 31, 2009,* you should claim an additional exemption credit on line 9 . If you are married or an RDP, each spouse/RDP 65 years of age or older should claim an additional credit. You may contribute all or part of this credit to the California Seniors Special Fund. See page 22 for information about this fund.
*If your 65th birthday is on January 1, 2010, you are considered to be age 65 on December 31, 2009.
Do not claim this credit if someone else can claim you as a dependent on their tax return.

## Line 10 - Dependent Exemptions

To claim an exemption credit for each of your dependents, write each dependent's name and relationship to you in the space provided. If you are claiming more than three dependents, attach a separate schedule. Count the number of dependents listed and enter the total in the box on line 10. Multiply the number you entered by the pre-printed dollar amount and enter the result.

## Line 11 - Exemption Amount

Add line 7 through line 10 and enter the total dollar amount of all exemptions for personal, blind, senior, and dependent.

## Taxable Income

Refer to your completed federal income tax return to complete this section.

## Line 12 - State Wages



Enter the total amount of your state wages from all states from each of your Form(s) W-2, Wage and Tax Statement. This amount appears on Form W-2, box 16.

If you received wages and do not have a Form W-2, see "Attachments to your tax return" on page 17.

## Line 13 - Federal Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) from Form 1040, line 37; 1040A, line 21; or 1040EZ, line 4

Same-sex married couples (SSMCs) or RDPs who file a California tax return as married/RDP filing jointly and have no SSMC adjustments or RDP adjustments between federal and California, combine their individual AGIs from their federal tax returns filed with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Enter the combined AGI on Form 540/540A, line 13.
SSMC adjustments and RDP adjustments include but are not limited to the following:

- Transfer of property between spouses/RDPs
- Capital loss
- Transactions between spouses/RDPs
- Sale of residence
- Dependent care assistance
- Investment interest
- Qualified residence interest acquisition loan \& equity loan
- Expense depreciation property limits
- Individual Retirement Account
- Interest education Ioan
- Rental real estate passive loss
- Rollover of publicly traded securities gain into specialized small business investment companies
Same-sex married individuals filing as married/RDP filing separately, former spouses of a same-sex marriage filing separately, and SSMCs with SSMC adjustments will use the California SSMC Adjustment Worksheet in FTB Pub. 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Married Couples, or complete a federal pro forma Form 1040. Transfer the amount from the California SSMC Adjustments Worksheet, line 37, column D, or federal pro forma Form 1040, line 37, to Form 540/540A, line 13.
RDPs filing as married/RDP filing separately, former RDPs filing separately, and RDPs with RDP adjustments will use the California RDP Adjustments Worksheet in FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners, or complete a federal pro forma Form 1040. Transfer the amount from the California RDP Adjustments Worksheet, line 37, column D, or federal pro forma Form 1040, line 37, to Form 540/540A, line 13.


## Line 14 (Form 540) - California Adjustments -

 Subtractions [from Schedule CA (540), line 37, column B] If there are no differences between your federal and California income or deductions, do not file a Schedule CA (540), California Adjustments - Residents.If there are differences between your federal and California income or deductions, complete Schedule CA (540). Follow the instructions for Schedule CA (540) beginning on page 43. Enter on line 14 the amount from Schedule CA (540), line 37, column B. If a negative amount, see Schedule CA (540), line 37 instructions, page 48.

## Line 14a (Form 540A) - State Income Tax Refund

Enter the amount of any state income tax refund shown on your federal Form 1040, line 10. If you filed federal Forms 1040A or 1040EZ, enter -0-.

## Line 14b (Form 540A) - Unemployment Compensation

Enter the total of any unemployment compensation and/or Paid Family Leave Insurance benefits reported on federal Form(s) 1099-G, Certain Government Payments, and shown on your federal return. These types of income are not taxed by California and should be included on line 14b and in the total for line 14 g .

## Line 14c (Form 540A) - Social Security Benefits (and Tier 1 or Tier 2 Railroad Retirement Benefits)

- Enter the amount of U.S. social security benefits or equivalent tier 1 railroad retirement benefits reported on federal Form 1040A, line 14b or Form 1040, line 20b.
- Enter the amount of tier 1 (non-social security equivalent) and tier 2 railroad retirement benefits included in the amount on federal Form 1040A, line 12b or Form 1040, line 16b.

Do not include any other pension amounts on this line. If you filed Form 1040EZ, enter -0-.

## Line 14d (Form 540A) - California Nontaxable Interest or Dividend Income

California does not tax interest earned from:

- United States savings bonds.
- United States Treasury bills, notes, and bonds.
- Bonds or obligations of United States territories, and government agency obligations specifically exempted by federal law.
Enter only the amount of interest that you received from these sources and that you included in the amount reported on your federal Form 1040A, line 8a; Form 1040, line 8a; or Form 1040EZ, line 2.
Interest from municipal or state bonds from a state other than California:
This interest is taxed by California. You may not use Form 540A. Use Form 540, e-file, or CalFile.
Interest from Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) Bonds, Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae) Bonds, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) securities: This interest is taxed by California. Do not enter it on line 14d.
Exempt-interest dividends from mutual funds: Certain mutual funds are qualified to pay "exempt-interest dividends" if at least 50\% of their assets consist of tax-exempt government obligations. The portion of the dividends that are tax-exempt will be shown on your annual statement from the mutual fund. If the amount of California tax-exempt interest is more than the amount of federal tax-exempt interest, enter the difference on line 14d. If the amount of California tax-exempt interest is less than the amount of federal tax-exempt interest, you may not use Form 540A. Use Form 540, e-file, or CalFile.


## Line 14e (Form 540A) - California Individual Retirement Account (IRA) Distributions

Differences may exist between the taxable amounts of federal and California IRA distributions, pensions, and annuities. Enter any differences on line 14e and line 14 f .
You cannot use Form 540A if you have Roth IRA conversions or distributions. Use Form 540, e-file, or CalFile.
The method of taxing IRA distributions is generally the same for California and federal purposes. However, there may be significant differences in the taxable amount depending on when you made your contributions.
The maximum IRA contribution allowed as a deduction for California was less than the maximum amount allowed for federal for years 1975 and 1982 through 1986. If you made contributions during these years, report the difference between the deduction you took for federal and the deduction you took for California on this line. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1005, Pension and Annuity Guidelines. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.
Report the difference between your California and your federal taxable IRA distributions on line 14e. Attach Form 1099-R to your Form 540A if tax was withheld.

## Line 14 f (Form 540A) - Non-taxable Pensions and Annuities

Generally, you will not make any adjustments on this line. You should not make an adjustment solely because the pension was earned in another state. Federal and State tax laws require California residents to pay state income tax on all taxable pensions, regardless of where they were earned. However, California law treats railroad retirement benefits differently. If you received tier 2 railroad retirement benefits, tier 1 (non-social security equivalent) (included in the amount on federal Form 1040A, line 12b or Form 1040, line 16b), or partially taxable distributions from a pension plan, you may need to make the adjustment described on this page.
If you received a federal Form RRB-1099-R, Annuities or Pensions by the Railroad Retirement Board, for railroad retirement benefits and included all or part of these benefits in federal AGI on line 13, enter the taxable benefit amount on line 14 f .
If you began receiving a retirement annuity between July 1, 1986, and January 1, 1987, and you elected to use the three-year recovery rule for California, make an adjustment because your federal taxable amount is less than your California taxable amount. Figure the difference between the gross distribution shown on your Form 1099-R, box 1 and the taxable amount shown in box 2a. Enter the difference in parentheses on line 14f. For example: "(12,325)."

If you received a lump-sum distribution from a profit sharing or retirement plan and choose the 10 -year averaging method you may pay less tax on the distribution. To use this method file Form 540. See the instructions for Form 540 and get Schedule G-1, Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions (not in this booklet), for more information. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.
California law now conforms to certain provisions of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) related to pension plans and deferred compensation, as those provisions apply for federal purposes including amendments to the IRC that may be enacted in the future.

## Line 14 g (Form 540A) - Total California Income Adjustments

Combine line 14a through line 14f. If the result is less than zero, enter the amount in parentheses. For example, "( 13,325 )."

## Line 15 (Form 540) - Subtotal

Subtract the amount on line 14 from the amount on line 13. Enter the result on line 15. If the amount on line 13 is less than zero, combine the amounts on line 13 and line 14 and enter the result in parentheses. For example: " $(12,325)$."

## Line 16 (Form 540) - California Adjustments - Additions [from Schedule CA (540), line 37, column C]

If there are differences between your federal and California income or deductions, complete Schedule CA (540). Follow the instructions for Schedule CA (540) beginning on page 43. Enter on line 16 the amount from Schedule CA (540), line 37, column C. If a negative amount, see Schedule CA (540), line 37 instructions, page 48.

## Line 18 - California Itemized Deductions or California Standard Deduction

Decide whether to itemize your charitable contributions, medical expenses, interest paid, taxes, etc., or take the standard deduction. Your California income tax will be less if you take the larger of:

- Your California itemized deductions.
- Your California standard deduction.

California itemized deductions may be limited based on federal AGI. To compute limitations, use Schedule CA (540). RDPs use your recalculated federal AGI to figure your itemized deductions.
On federal tax returns, individual taxpayers who claim the standard deduction are allowed an additional deduction for certain state or local real estate taxes paid, new motor vehicle taxes, and disaster losses. For California, deductions for certain state or local real estate taxes paid and disaster losses are only allowed for those individual taxpayers who itemized their deductions. California does not allow deductions for new motor vehicle taxes.
If married or an RDP and filing separate tax returns, you and your spouse/ RDP must either both itemize your deductions or both take the standard deduction.
Form 540 - If someone else can claim you as a dependent, you may claim the greater of the standard deduction or your itemized deductions. To figure your standard deduction, use the Form 540 - California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents on this page.
Form 540A - If someone else can claim you as a dependent, you may claim the greater of the standard deduction or your itemized deductions. To figure your standard deduction, use the Form 540A - California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents on this page.
Form 540 - Itemized deductions. Figure your California itemized deductions by completing Schedule CA (540), Part II, line 38 through line 44. Enter the result on Form 540, line 18.
If you did not itemize deductions on your federal income tax return but will itemize deductions for your Form 540 , first complete a sample federal Schedule A (Form 1040), Itemized Deductions. Then complete Schedule CA (540), Part II, line 38 through line 44. Attach both the federal Schedule A (Form 1040) and California Schedule CA (540) to the back of your tax return.
Form 540A - Itemized deductions. Figure your California itemized deductions by completing the Form 540A - California Itemized Deductions Worksheet on the next page. Enter the result on Form 540A, line 18.
If you did not itemize deductions on your federal income tax return but will itemize deductions for your Form 540A, first complete a federal Schedule A (Form 1040), Itemized Deductions. Then complete the Form 540A California Itemized Deductions Worksheet on the next page. Do not attach federal Schedule A (Form 1040) to your Form 540A.

Standard deduction. Find your standard deduction on the California Standard Deduction Chart for Most People on this page. If you filled in the circle on Form 540/540A, line 6, use the California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents on this page.

| California Standard Deduction Chart for Most People Do not use this chart if your parent, or someone else, can claim you (or your spouse/RDP) as a dependent on his or her tax return. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Your Filing Status | Enter On Line 18 |
| 1-Single | \$3,637 |
| 2 - Married/RDP filing jointly | \$7,274 |
| 3 - Married/RDP filing separately | \$3,637 |
| 4 - Head of household | \$7,274 |
| 5 - Qualifying widow(er) | \$7,274 |
| The California standard deduction dard deduction amounts. | n the federal stan- |



Form 540A - If you filled in the circle on Form 540A, line 6, enter your wages, salaries, and tips on the Form 540A -- California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents, line 1 on this page. If you have earned income other than wages, then file Form 540 and use the standard deduction worksheet for that form.

Form 540A - California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents Use this worksheet only if someone else can claim you (or your spouse/RDP) as a dependent on his or her tax return. Use whole dollars only.

1. Enter your total wages, salaries, and tips from
all your Form(s) W-2, box 1. (You may also
refer to federal Form 1040EZ, line 1;
Form 1040A, line 7; or Form 1040, line 7) .......
2. 
3. Add line 1 and line 2 .
4. Minimum standard deduction . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4
5. Enter the larger of line 3 or line 4 here . . . . . . . . . 5
6. Enter the amount shown for your filing status:

- Single or married/RDP filing separately, enter \$3,637
- Married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) enter \$7,274

7. Standard deduction. Enter the smaller of
line 5 or line 6 here and on Form 540A, line 18... 7

## Form 540A - California Itemized Deductions Worksheet Use whole dollars only.

1. Federal itemized deductions: Add the amounts
on federal Schedule A (Form 1040),
lines $4,9,15,19,20,27$, and 28.
1
2. Add the following amounts from federal

Schedule A (Form 1040) and enter on line 2

- Line 5, state and local
income tax or general sales tax:
- State Disability Insurance (SDI)
- Line 7, new motor vehicle tax:
- Line 8 , foreign income taxes: $\qquad$

3. Subtract line 2 from line 1 . This amount is your total California itemized deductions 2
4. Is the amount on Form 540A, line 13, more than the amount shown below for your filing status?
Single or married/RDP
filing separately .
\$160,739
Married/RDP filing jointly or
qualifying widow(er)
\$321,483
Head of household . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 241,113$
Yes Continue to line 5 of this worksheet
No Enter on Form 540A, line 18, the larger of:

- The amount on line 3; or,
- Your standard deduction* shown below:

Single or married/RDP
filing separately
Married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) . ..... \$7,274
Do not complete the rest of this worksheet.
5. Using California amounts, add the amounts on
federal Schedule A, (Form 1040) lines 4, 14, 20,
and any gambling losses included on line 28....... 5
6. Subtract line 5 from line $3 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. . . . . . . . . . . 6 6
If zero, skip line 7 through line 12, enter
the amount from line 3 on line 13 and continue to line 14.
7. Multiply line 6 by $80 \%$ (.80). ....................... . . 7
8. Amount from Form 540A, line 13 .................... . . 8
9. Enter the amount shown below for your
filing status . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 9
filing status ................................... $\$ 160,739$
Married/RDP filing jointly or
qualifying widow(er) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$321,483
Head of household . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$241,113
10. Subtract line 9 from line 8 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 10

If zero or less, skip line 11 and line 12,
enter the amount from line 3 on line 13 and continue to line 14.
11. Multiply line 10 by $6 \%$ (.06). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 11
12. Compare line 7 and line 11. Enter the smaller
amount here. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 12

Total itemized deductions. Subtract line 12
from line 3.
13
14. Enter on Form 540A, line 18, the larger of:

The amount on line 13; or,
Your standard deduction* shown below:
Single or married/RDP filing separately . . . . . \$3,637
Married/RDP filing jointly, head of
household, or qualifying widow(er) . . . . . . . \$7,274

## *Standard Deduction for Dependents

If someone else can claim you as a dependent use the standard deduction amount from line 7 of the "Form 540A - California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents" on the previous page instead of the standard deduction amount shown above.

## Line 19 (Form 540) - Taxable Income

Capital Construction Fund (CCF). If you claim a deduction on your federal Form 1040, line 43 for the contribution made to a capital construction fund set up under the Merchant Marine Act of 1936, reduce the amount you would otherwise enter on line 19 by the amount of the deduction. Next to line 19, enter "CCF" and the amount of the deduction. For details, see federal Publication 595, Capital Construction Fund for Commercial Fishermen.

## Tax

When figuring your tax, use the correct filing status and taxable income amount.

## Line 31 (Form 540A) - Tax

If your taxable income on line 19 is:

- $\$ 100,000$ or less, use the tax table beginning on page 57 . Use the correct column for your filing status.
- Over $\$ 100,000$, use the tax rate schedules on page 62 . Use the correct tax rate schedule for your filing status.


## Line 31 (Form 540) - Tax

To figure your tax, use one of the following methods and fill in the matching circle on line 31:

- Tax Table. If your taxable income on line 19 is $\$ 100,000$ or less, use the tax table beginning on page 57 . Use the correct filing status column in the tax table.
- Tax Rate Schedules. If your taxable income on line 19 is over $\$ 100,000$, use the tax rate schedule for your filing status on page 62.
- FTB 3800. Generally, use form FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Children Under Age 14 with Investment Income, to figure the tax on a separate Form 540 for your child who was under age 14 on January 1, 2010, and who had more than $\$ 1,900$ of investment income. Attach form FTB 3800 to the child's Form 540.
- FTB 3803. If, as a parent, you elect to report your child's interest and dividend income of $\$ 9,500$ or less (but not less than $\$ 950$ ) on your tax return, complete form FTB 3803, Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends. File a separate form FTB 3803 for each child whose income you elect to include on your Form 540. Add the amount of tax, if any, from each form FTB 3803, line 9, to the amount of your tax from the tax table or tax rate schedules and enter the result on Form 540, line 31. Attach form(s) FTB 3803 to your tax return.
To prevent possible delays in processing your tax return or refund, enter the correct tax amount on this line. To automatically figure your tax or to verify your tax calculation, use our online tax calculator. Go to fth.ca.gov and search for tax calculator.


CalFile or e-file and you won't have to do the math. Go to ftb.ca.gov.

## Line 32 - Exemption Credits

Exemption credits reduce your tax. If your federal adjusted gross income (AGI) on line 13 is more than the amount shown below for your filing status, your credits will be limited.
For purposes of computing limitations based upon AGI, SSMCs and RDPs recalculate their AGI using a federal pro forma, California SSMC Adjustments Worksheet (located in FTB Pub. 776), or California RDP Adjustments Worksheet (located in FTB Pub. 737). If your recalculated federal AGI is more than the amount shown below for your filing status, your credits will be limited.

Is Form 540/540A,
If your filing status is: line 13 more than:
Single or married/RDP filing separately . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$160,739
Married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$321,483
Head of household \$241,113
Yes Complete the AGI Limitation Worksheet on the next page.
No Follow the instructions on Form 540/540A, line 32.

| AGI Limitation Worksheet Use whole dollars only. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Enter the amount from Form 540/540A, line 13 |  |
| b Enter the amount for your filing status on line b: <br> - Single or married/RDP filing separately . . . . . \$160,739 <br> - Married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$321,483 <br> - Head of household. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$241,113 | b |
| c Subtract line b from line a |  |
| d Divide line c by $\$ 2,500$ ( $\$ 1,250$ if married/RDP filing separately). If the result is not a whole number, round it to the next higher whole number. |  |
| e Multiply line d by \$6 | e |
| f Add the numbers from the boxes on Form 540/540A, lines 7,8 , and 9 (not the dollar amounts) |  |
| g Multiply line e by line f |  |
| h Enter the total dollar amount for lines 7, 8, and 9. | h |
| i Subtract line g from line h. If zero or less, enter -0- |  |
| j Enter the number from the box on Form 540/540A, line 10 (not the dollar amount) |  |
| k Multiply line e by line j. | k |
| I Enter the dollar amount from Form 540/540A, line 10 |  |
| m Subtract line k from line l . If zero or less, enter -0-. |  |
| n Add line $i$ and line m. Enter the result here and on Form 540/540A, line 32. |  |

## Line 34 (Form 540) - Tax from Schedule G-1 and FTB 5870A

If you received a qualified lump-sum distribution in 2009 and you were born before January 2, 1936, get Schedule G-1, to figure your tax by special methods that may result in less tax.
If you received accumulation distributions from foreign trusts or from certain domestic trusts, get form FTB 5870A, Tax on Accumulation Distribution of Trusts, to figure the additional tax.
To get these forms, see "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.

## Special Credits and Nonrefundable Renter's Credit

Form 540A - Did you pay rent for at least six months in 2009 on your principal residence located in California?
Yes You may qualify to claim this credit which may reduce your tax. Complete the qualification record on page 50 .
No Go to line 47.
Form 540 - A variety of California tax credits are available to reduce your tax if you qualify. To figure and claim most special credits, you must complete a separate form or schedule and attach it to your Form 540. (Note: If your net business income is $\$ 500,000$ or more and you have business tax credits, complete Schedule P(540), Alternative Minimum Tax and Credit Limitations - Resident. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.)
The Credit Chart on page 21 describes the credits and provides the name, credit code, and number of the required form or schedule. Many credits are limited to a certain percentage or a certain dollar amount. In addition, the total amount you may claim for all credits is limited by tentative minimum tax (TMT). Answer the following questions before you claim credits on your tax return.

1. Do you qualify to claim the nonrefundable renter's credit? Complete the qualification record on page 50 .
Check $\square$ Yes or $\square$ No, then go to Question 2.
2. Are you claiming any other special credit listed on the Credit Chart on page 21?
No If you checked "Yes" for Question 1 and entered an amount on Form 540, line 46, go to line 47. If you checked "No" for Question 1, skip to the instructions for line 48.
Yes Figure your credit using the form, schedule, worksheet, or certificate identified on the Credit Chart. Then go to Box A to see if the total amount you may claim for all credits is limited by TMT. If you checked "Yes" for Question 1, verify you entered your nonrefundable renter's credit on line 46.

Box A -Did you complete federal Schedule C, D, E, or F and claim or receive any of the following (Note: If your business gross receipts are less than $\$ 1,000,000$ from all trades or businesses, you do not have to report alternative minimum tax (AMT). For more information, see line 61 instructions, on page 12.):

- Accelerated depreciation in excess of straight-line
- Intangible drilling costs
- Depletion
- Circulation expenditures
- Research and experimental expenditures
- Mining exploration/development costs
- Amortization of pollution control facilities
- Income/loss from tax shelter farm activities
- Income/loss from passive activities
- Income from long-term contracts using the percentage of completion method
- Pass-through AMT adjustment from an estate or trust reported on Schedule K-1 (541)
- Excluded gain on the sale of qualified small business stock

Yes Complete Schedule P (540). See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.
No Go to Box B.
Box B - Did you claim or receive any of the following:

- Investment interest expense 226
- Income from incentive stock options in excess of the amount reported on your tax return 225
- Income from installment sales of certain property

Yes Complete Schedule P (540). See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.
No Go to Box C.


## Line 41 and Line 42 (Form 540) - New Jobs Credit

Qualified employers who had a net increase of qualified employees during the current taxable year or qualified employers who first commenced business in California during the current taxable year may be eligible to claim this credit. Use form FTB 3527, New Jobs Credit, to determine the amount of the credit available. Enter on line 41 the amount of the credit generated from form FTB 3527, line 12.
Answer the following question to determine the amount of the credit you can claim. Are you required to complete Schedule $P(540)$ ?
Yes Enter on line 42 the amount of the New Jobs credit claimed from Schedule P (540), Part III.
No Use this worksheet to figure the credit.

1. Enter the amount from Form 540, line 35. . . . . . . . . . . 1
2. Enter the amount from form FTB 3527, line $14 \ldots \ldots$. . . . 2
3. Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 2 here and on Form 540, line $42^{*}$ and form FTB 3527, line 15 .3

* If you have other credits with limited carryovers, you may want to apply those credits first on line 43 through line 45 before claiming the New Jobs credit on line 42.
Important: Attach form FTB 3527 and Schedule P (540) to your Form 540.


## Line 43 through Line 45 (Form 540) - Additional Special Credits

A code number identifies each credit. To claim only one or two credits, enter the credit name, code number, and amount of the credit on line 43 and line 44.
To claim more than two credits, use Schedule P (540), Part III. See
Schedule P (540) instructions, "How to Claim Your Credits".

Do not claim the New Jobs credit on line 43, line 44, or line 45. Only use line 42 to claim the New Jobs credit.
Important: Attach Schedule $P(540)$ and any supporting schedules or statements to your Form 540.
Carryovers: If you claim a credit with carryover provisions and the amount of the credit available this year exceeds your tax, carry over any excess credit to future years until the credit is used (unless the carryover period is a fixed number of years). If you claim a credit carryover for an expired credit, use form FTB 3540, Credit Carryover Summary, to figure the amount of the credit. Otherwise, enter the amount of the credit on Schedule $P(540)$, Part III, and do not attach form FTB 3540.

## Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household - Code 170

You may not claim this credit if you used the married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) filing status.
Claim the credit if unmarried and not an RDP at the end of 2009 (or if married/or an RDP, you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for all of 2009 and you used the married/RDP filing separately filing status); and if you furnished more than one-half the household expenses for your home that also served as the main home of your child, step-child, or grandchild for at least 146 days but not more than 219 days of the taxable year. If the child is married or an RDP, you must be entitled to claim a dependent exemption credit for the child.
Also, the custody arrangement for the child must be part of a decree of dissolution or legal separation or part of a written agreement between the parents where the proceedings have been initiated, but a decree of dissolution or legal separation has not yet been issued.
Use the worksheet below to figure the Joint Custody Head of Household credit using whole dollars only.

1. Enter the amount from Form 540 , line $35 \ldots \ldots$. . . . . . 1 $\qquad$
2. Credit percentage - $30 \% \ldots \ldots \ldots$...................... 2 $\square$
3. Credit amount. Multiply line 1 by line 2.

Enter the result or \$387, whichever is less
3
If you qualify for the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household and the Credit for Dependent Parent, claim only one credit. Select the credit that allows the maximum benefit.

## Credit for Dependent Parent - Code 173

You may not claim the Credit for Dependent Parent if you used the single, head of household, qualifying widow(er), or married/RDP filing jointly filing status.
Claim this credit only if all of the following apply:

- You were married/or an RDP at the end of 2009 and you used the married/RDP filing separately filing status.
- Your spouse/RDP was not a member of your household during the last six months of the year.
- You furnished over one-half the household expenses for your dependent mother's or father's home, whether or not she or he lived in your home.
To figure the amount of this credit, use the worksheet above for the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household. If you qualify for the Credit for Joint Custody Head of Household and the Credit for Dependent Parent, claim only one. Select the credit that will allow the maximum benefit.


## Credit for Senior Head of Household — Code 163

You may claim this credit if you:

- Were 65 years of age or older on December 31, 2009.*
- Qualified as a head of household in 2007 or 2008 by providing a household for a qualifying individual who died during 2007 or 2008.
- Did not have AGI over $\$ 62,874$ for 2009.
* If your 65th birthday is on January 1, 2010, you are considered to be age 65 on December 31, 2009.
If you meet all the conditions listed above, you do not need to qualify to use the head of household filing status for 2009 in order to claim this credit.
Use this worksheet to figure this credit using whole dollars only.

1. Enter the amount from Form 540 , line 19 . .1
2. Credit percentage - $2 \%$............................... . 2
3. Credit amount. Multiply line 1 by line 2. Enter the result or $\$ 1,185$, whichever is less. . . 3

## Credit for Child Adoption Costs — Code 197

For the year in which an adoption decree or an order of adoption is entered (e.g., adoption is final), claim a credit for $50 \%$ of the cost of adopting a child who was both:

- A citizen or legal resident of the United States.
- In the custody of a California public agency or a California political subdivision.
Treat a prior unsuccessful attempt to adopt a child (even when the costs were incurred in a prior year) and a later successful adoption of a different child as one effort when computing the cost of adopting the child. Include the following costs if directly related to the adoption process:
- Fees for Department of Social Services or a licensed adoption agency.
- Medical expenses not reimbursed by insurance.
- Travel expenses for the adoptive family.


## Note:

- This credit does not apply when a child is adopted from another country or another state, or was not in the custody of a California public agency or a California political subdivision.
- Any deduction for the expenses used to claim this credit must be reduced by the amount of the child adoption costs credit claimed.
Use the worksheet below to figure this credit using whole dollars only. If more than one adoption qualifies for this credit, complete a separate worksheet for each adoption. The maximum credit is limited to $\$ 2,500$ per minor child.

1. Enter qualifying costs for the child .1
2. Credit percentage - $50 \%$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2 $\qquad$
3. Credit amount. Multiply line 1 by line 2.

Do not enter more than $\$ 2,500$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3
3
Your allowable credit is limited to $\$ 2,500$ for 2009. Carry over the excess credit to future years until the credit is used.

## Line 46 - Nonrefundable Renter's Credit

Did you pay rent for at least six months in 2009 on your principal residence located in California?
Yes You may qualify to claim this credit which may reduce your tax. Complete the qualification record on page 50 .
No Go to line 47.

## Line 48 (Form 540)

Subtract the amount on line 47 from the amount on line 40. Enter the result on line 48. If the amount on line 47 is more than the amount on line 40 , enter -0 -. If you owe interest on deferred tax from installment obligations, include the additional tax, if any, in the amount you enter on line 48. Write "IRC Section 453 interest" or "IRC Section 453A interest" and the amount on the dotted line to the left of the amount on line 48.

## Other Taxes

Attach the specific form or statement required for each item below.

## Line 61 (Form 540) - Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT)

If you claim certain types of deductions, exclusions, and credits, you may owe AMT if your total income is more than:

- $\$ 78,817$ married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widower(er)
- $\$ 59,114$ single or head of household
- \$39,407 married/RDP filing separately

A child under age 14 may owe AMT if the sum of the amount on line 19 (taxable income) and any preference items listed on Schedule $P(540)$ and included on the return is more than the sum of $\$ 5,500$ and the child's earned income.
AMT income does not include income, adjustments, and items of tax preference related to any trade or business of a qualified taxpayer who has gross receipts, less returns and allowances, during the taxable year of less than $\$ 1,000,000$ from all trades or businesses.
Get Schedule P (540) for more information. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.

## Line 62 - Mental Health Services Tax

If your taxable income is more than $\$ 1,000,000$, compute the Mental Health Services Tax on the next page using whole dollars only:

| A. Taxable income from Form 540/540A, line 19 <br> B. Less. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | \$(1,000,000) |
| C. Subtotal |  |
| D. Multiply line C by $1 \%$. | X 01 |
| E. Mental Health Services Tax - Enter this amount here and on Form 540/540A, line 62 . |  |

## Line 63 (Form 540) - Other Taxes and Credit Recapture

If you received an early distribution of a qualified retirement plan and were required to report additional tax on your federal tax return, you may also be required to report additional tax on your California tax return. Get form FTB 3805P, Additional Taxes on Qualified Plans (including IRAs) and Other Tax-Favored Accounts. If required to report additional tax, report it on line 63 and write "FTB 3805P" to the left of the amount.
California conforms to federal law for income received under IRC Section 409A on a nonqualified deferred compensation (NQDC) plan and discounted stock options and stock appreciation rights. Income received under IRC Section 409A is subject to an additional $20 \%$ tax plus interest. Include the additional tax, if any, on line 63. Write "NQDC" on the dotted line to the left of the amount.
If you used form(s)

- FTB 3501, Employer Child Care Program/Contribution Credit
- FTB 3805Z, Enterprise Zone Deduction and Credit Summary
- FTB 3807, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area Deduction and Credit Summary
- FTB 3808, Manufacturing Enhancement Area Credit Summary
- FTB 3809, Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary

Include the additional tax for credit recapture, if any, on line 63. Write the form number on the dotted line to the left of the amount on line 63.

## Payments

To avoid a delay in the processing of your tax return, enter the correct amounts on line 71 through line 78.

## Line 71 - California Income Tax Withheld

Enter the total California income tax withheld from your:

- Form(s) W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, box 17
- Form(s) W-2G, Certain Gambling Winnings, box 14
- Form(s) 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, box 16
- Form(s) 1099-R, Distributions from Pensions, Annuities, Retirement, or Profit Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. box 10
Do not include city, local, or county tax withheld or tax withheld by other states. Do not include withholding from Forms 592-B, Resident and Nonresident Withholding Tax Statement, or Form 593, Real Estate Withholding Tax Statement, on this line. For more details, see instructions for line 73 on this page.
Generally, tax should not be withheld on federal Form 1099-MISC. If you want to pre-pay tax on income reported on federal Form 1099-MISC, use Form 540-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals.


## Line 72-2009 CA Estimated Tax and Other Payments

Enter the total of any:

- California estimated tax payments you made using 2009 Form 540-ES or Web Pay
- Overpayment from your 2008 California income tax return that you applied to your 2009 estimated tax
- Payment you sent with form FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals
- California estimated tax payments made on your behalf by an estate, trust, or S corporation on Schedule K-1 (541) or Schedule K-1 (100S)


To view payments made or get your current account balance, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account.

If you and your spouse/RDP paid joint estimated taxes but are now filing separate income tax returns, either of you may claim the entire amount paid, or each may claim part of the joint estimated tax payments. If you want the estimated tax payments to be divided, notify the FTB before you file the tax returns so the payments can be applied to the proper account. The FTB will accept in writing, any divorce agreement (or court-ordered settlement) or a statement showing the allocation of the payments along with a notarized signature of both taxpayers.

Send statements to:
JOINT ESTIMATED CREDIT ALLOCATION MS F225
TAXPAYER SERVICES CENTER
FRANCHISE TAX BOARD
PO BOX 942840
SACRAMENTO, CA 94240-0040
If you or your spouse/RDP made separate estimated tax payments, but are now filing a joint income tax return, add the amounts you each paid. Attach a statement to the front of Form 540/540A explaining that payments were made under both SSNs.
You do not have to make estimated tax payments if you are a nonresident or new resident of California in 2010 and did not have a California tax liability in 2009.

## Line 73 (Form 540) - Real Estate and Other Withholding <br> Enter the total of California withholding from Form 593, Real Estate

 Withholding Tax Statement, and Form 592-B, Resident and Nonresident Withholding Tax Statement. Attach a copy of Form(s) 593 and 592-B to the lower front of Form 540, Side 1.Caution: Do not include withholding from federal Form(s) W-2, W-2G, or 1099 on this line.

## Line 74 - Excess California SDI (or VPDI) Withheld

You may claim a credit for excess State Disability Insurance (SDI) or Voluntary Plan Disability Insurance (VPDI) if you meet all of the following conditions:

- You had two or more California employers during 2009.
- You received more than $\$ 90,669$ in wages.
- The amounts of SDI (or VPDI) withheld appear on your Form(s) W-2. Be sure to attach your Form(s) W-2 to your Form 540/540A.
If SDI (or VPDI) was withheld from your wages by a single employer, at more than $1.1 \%$ of your gross wages, you may not claim excess SDI (or VPDI) on your Form 540/540A. Contact the employer for a refund.
To determine the amount to enter on line 74, complete the Excess SDI (or VPDI) Worksheet below. If married/RDP filing jointly, figure the amount of excess SDI (or VPDI) separately for each spouse/RDP.


## Excess SDI (or VPDI) Worksheet Use whole dollars only.

Follow the instructions below to figure the amount of income tax to enter on Form 540/540A, line 74. If you are married/RDP and file a joint return, you must figure the amount of excess SDI (or VPDI) separately for each spouse/RDP.

|  | Add amounts of SDI (or VPDI) withheld shown on your Forms W-2. <br> Enter the total here | You | $\begin{gathered} \text { Your } \\ \text { Spouse/ } \\ \text { RDP } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. | 2009 SDI (or VPDI) limit. | 2\$997.36 | \$997.36 |
|  | Excess SDI (or VPDI) withheld. Subtract line 2 from line 1. Enter the results here. Combine the amounts on line 3 and enter the total, in whole dollars only on Form 540/540A, line 74 |  |  |
|  | If zero or less, enter -0- on line 74. |  |  |

## Line 75 through Line 78 - Child and Dependent Care <br> Expenses Credit

Claim this credit if you paid someone to care for your qualifying child under the age of 13 , other dependent who is physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself, or spouse/RDP if physically or mentally incapable of caring for him or herself. The care must be provided in California. To claim this credit, your federal AGI must be $\$ 100,000$ or less and you must complete and attach form FTB 3506, Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit, included in this booklet.

## Line 75 and Line 76

Enter the qualifying person's SSN. Do not enter more than one qualifying person's SSN on line 75 or line 76 from form FTB 3506, Part III, line 2. If you have more than two qualifying persons, enter only the first two qualifying persons listed on form FTB 3506, Part III, line 2.

## Line 77

Enter the amount from form FTB 3506, Part III, line 8.

## Line 78

Enter the credit amount from form FTB 3506, Part III, line 12.

## Line 79 (Form 540)

For the Claim of Right credit, follow the reporting instructions in Schedule CA (540) under the Claim of Right.
Claim of Right: If you are claiming the tax credit on your California return, include the amount of the credit in the total for this line. Write in "IRC 1341" and the amount of the credit to the left of the amount column.
To determine if you are entitled to this deduction, refer to your prior year California 540/540A, 540NR Long Form, Schedule CA (540), or Schedule CA (540NR), column E, to verify the amount was included in your CA taxable income. If the amount repaid under a "Claim of Right" was not originally taxed by California, you are not entitled to claim the deduction.

## Overpaid Tax or Tax Due

If you received a refund for 2008, you may receive a federal Form 1099-G. The refund amount reported on your federal Form 1099-G will be different from the amount shown on your tax return if you claimed the Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit. This is because the credit is not part of the refund from withholding or estimated tax payments.
To avoid delay in processing of your tax return, enter the correct amounts on line 91 through line 94.

## Line 91 - Overpaid Tax

Form 540 - If the amount on line 79 is more than the amount on line 64, your payments and credits are more than your tax. Subtract the amount on line 64 from the amount on line 79. Enter the result on line 91.
Form 540A - If the amount on line 79 is more than the amount on line 70 , your payments and credits are more than your tax. Subtract the amount on line 70 from the amount on line 79. Enter the result on line 91.
$\checkmark$ Tip Choose e-file and Direct Deposit and get your refund faster.

## Line 92 - Amount You Want Applied to Your 2010 Estimated Tax

Apply all or part of the amount on line 91 to your estimated tax for 2010. Enter on line 92 the amount of line 91 that you want applied to your 2010 estimated tax.
An election to apply an overpayment to estimated tax is binding. Once the election is made, the overpayment cannot be applied to a deficiency after the due date of the return.

## Line 93 - Overpaid Tax Available This Year

If you entered an amount on line 92, subtract it from the amount on line 91. Enter the result on line 93. Choose to have this entire amount refunded to you, make contributions to the California Seniors Special Fund (see page 22), or make other voluntary contributions from this amount. If you make a contribution, skip line 94 and go to the Use Tax section of the tax return.

## Line 94 - Tax Due

Form 540 - If the amount on line 79 is less than the amount on line 64, subtract the amount on line 79 from the amount on line 64. Enter the result on line 94. Your tax is more than your payments and credits.
Form 540A - If the amount on line 79 is less than the amount on line 70 , subtract the amount on line 79 from the amount on line 70 . Enter the result on line 94. Your tax is more than your payments and credits.
There is a penalty for not paying enough tax during the year. You may have to pay a penalty if:

- The tax due on line 94 is $\$ 500$ or more ( $\$ 250$ or more if married/RDP filing separately).
- The amount of state income tax withheld on line 71 is less than $90 \%$ of the amount of your total tax on line 64.
If this applies to you, see instructions on line 113.
Increasing your withholding could eliminate the need to make a large payment with your tax return. To increase your withholding, complete EDD Form DE 4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate, and give it to your employer's appropriate payroll staff. Get this form from your employer or by
calling EDD at 888.745.3886. Download the DE 4 at www.edd.ca.gov or to use the online calculator, go to fth.ca.gov and search for de 4.
Form DE 4 specifically adjusts your California state withholding and is not the same as the federal Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate.


## Use Tax

## Line 95 - Use Tax. This is not a total line.

As explained on page 19, California use tax applies to purchases from out of state sellers (for example, purchases made by telephone, over the Internet, by mail, or in person). For questions on whether a purchase is taxable, go to State Board of Equalization's website at boe.ca.gov, or call their Taxpayer Information Section at 800.400.7115 or TTY/TDD 800.735.2929.
Note: The following businesses must continue to report purchases subject to use tax directly to the State Board of Equalization:

- Businesses that have a California seller's permit.
- Businesses that are not required to hold a California seller's permit, but receive at least $\$ 100,000$ in gross receipts.
If you are not required to report purchases subject to use tax directly to the State Board of Equalization, you may report use tax on your income tax return. To report use tax on your income tax return, complete the Use Tax Worksheet below.
If you owe use tax but you do not report it on your income tax return, you must report and pay the tax to the State Board of Equalization. For information on reporting use tax directly to the State Board of Equalization, go to their website at boe.ca.gov.
Failure to timely report and pay the use tax due may result in the assessment of penalties.
See page 19 for a general explanation of California use tax.


## Use Tax Worksheet <br> Use whole dollars only.

1. Enter purchases from out-of-state sellers made without payment of California sales/use tax. See worksheet instructions below.
. \$ .00
2. Enter the decimal equivalent of the applicable sales and use tax rate. See table on page 18
3. Multiply line 1 by the tax rate on line 2 . Enter result here $\qquad$
Enter any sales or use tax you paid to another state for $\qquad$ .00
purchases included on line 1. See worksheet instructions below. $\qquad$ \$ .00
4. Subtract line 4 from line 3 . This is the total use tax due. Enter the amount due on line 95. If the amount is less than zero, enter $-0-$.
\$

## Worksheet, Line 1, Purchases Subject to Use Tax

- Report items that would have been taxable in a California store. For example, you would include purchases of clothing, but not purchases of prescription medicine.
- Include handling charges.
- Do not include any other state's sales or use tax paid on the purchases.
- Enter only purchases made during the year that corresponds with the tax return you are filing.
- If you traveled to a foreign country and brought items back to California, generally the use tax is due on the purchase price of the goods you listed on your U.S. Customs Declaration less the $\$ 800$ per-person exemption. This $\$ 800$ exemption does not apply to goods sent or shipped to California by mail or other common carrier.
- If your filing status is "married/RDP filing separately," you may elect to report one-half of the use tax due or the entire amount on your income tax return. If you elect to report one-half, your spouse/RDP may report the remaining half on his or her income tax return or on the individual use tax return available from the State Board of Equalization.
Note: Report and pay any use tax you owe on the following purchases to the State Board of Equalization, not on your income tax return:
- Vehicles, vessels, and trailers that must be registered with the Department of Motor Vehicles.
- Mobile homes or commercial coaches that must be registered annually as required by the Health and Safety Code.
- Vessels documented with the U.S. Coast Guard.
- Aircraft.
- Leases of machinery, equipment, vehicles, and other tangible personal property.


## Worksheet, Line 2, Sales and Use Tax Rate

- Enter the decimal equivalent of the sales and use tax rate applicable to the place in California where the property is used, stored, or otherwise consumed. For example, the decimal equivalent of $8.25 \%$ is 0.0825 , and the decimal equivalent of $8.375 \%$ is 0.08375 .
- If you do not know the applicable rate, see the table on page 18 , "Sales and Use Tax Rates by County." If you have questions regarding the use tax rate in effect in your area, please go to the State Board of Equalization's website at boe.ca.gov or call their Taxpayer Information Section at 800.400.7115 or TTY/TDD 800.735.2929.


## Worksheet, Line 4, Credit for Tax Paid to Another State

- This is a credit for tax paid to other states. You cannot claim a credit greater than the amount of tax that would have been due if the purchase had been made in California. For example, if you paid $\$ 8.00$ sales tax to another state for a purchase, and would have paid $\$ 6.00$ in California, you can claim a credit of only $\$ 6.00$ for that purchase.


## Contributions

You can make voluntary contributions to the funds listed on Form 540, Side 3 or Form 540A, Side 2. See page 22 for a description of the funds.

## Amount You Owe

Add or subtract correctly to figure the amount you owe.

## Line 111 - Amount You Owe

If you have an amount on line 94, add the amount on line 94, line 95, and line 110, if any. Enter the result on line 111.
If you have an amount on line 93, subtract line 95 and line 110 from line 93. If the combined amount of line 95 and line 110 is more than line 93 , enter the difference on line 111.
To avoid a late filing penalty, file your Form 540/540A by the extended due date even if you cannot pay the amount you owe.
Mandatory Electronic Payments. You are required to remit all your payments electronically once you make an estimate or extension payment exceeding $\$ 20,000$ or you file an original return with a total tax liability over $\$ 80,000$ for any taxable year that begins on or after January 1, 2009. Once you meet this threshold, all subsequent payments regardless of amount, tax type, or taxable year must be remitted electronically. The first payment that would trigger the mandatory e-pay requirement does not have to be made electronically. Individuals that do not send the payment electronically will be subject to a one percent noncompliance penalty.
You can request a waiver from mandatory e-pay if one or more of the following is true:

- You have not made an estimated tax or extension payment in excess of $\$ 20,000$ during the current or previous taxable year.
- Your total tax liability reported for the previous taxable year did not exceed $\$ 80,000$.
- The amount you paid is not representative of your total tax liability. Electronic payments can be made using Web Pay on FTB's website, electronic funds withdrawal (EFW) as part of the e-file return, or your credit card. For more information or to obtain the waiver form, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for mandatory epay.


## Payment Options

- Electronic Funds Withdrawal - Instead of paying by check or money order, use this convenient option if you e-file. Simply provide your bank information, amount you want to pay, and the date you want the balance due to be withdrawn from your account. Your tax preparation software will offer this option.
- Web Pay - Pay the amount you owe using our secure online payment service. Go to fth.ca.gov and search for web pay.
- Credit Card - Use your Discover/Novus, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express card to pay your tax. If you pay by credit card, do not mail form FTB 3519 to us. Call 800.272 .9829 or go to the Official Payments Corp. website at officialpayments.com, and use the jurisdiction code 1555. Official Payments Corp. charges a convenience fee for using this service.
- Check or Money Order - Using blue or black ink, make your check or money order payable to the "Franchise Tax Board." Do not send cash. Write your SSN or ITIN and "2009 Form 540" or "2009 Form 540A" as applicable on the check or money order. Enclose, but do not staple, your payment with your tax return.

Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution. Do not combine your 2009 tax payment and any 2010 estimated tax payment in the same check. Prepare two separate checks and mail each in a separate envelope. If you e-filed your tax return, mail your check or money order with form FTB 3582, Payment Voucher for Individual e-filed Returns. Do not mail a copy of your e-filed tax return.
A penalty may be imposed if your check is returned by your bank for insufficient funds.
Paying by Credit Card - Whether you e-file or file by mail, use your Discover/Novus, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express card to pay your personal income taxes (tax return balance due, extension payment, estimated tax payment, or tax due with bill notice). There is a convenience fee for this service. This fee is paid directly to Official Payments Corp. based on the amount of your tax payment.

## Convenience Fee

- $2.49 \%$ of the tax amount charged (rounded to the nearest cent)
- Minimum fee: $\$ 1$


## Example:

Tax Payment =\$754.00 Convenience Fee $=\$ 18.77$

## When will my payments be effective?

## Your payment is effective on the date you charge it.

## What if I change my mind?

If you pay your tax liability by credit card and later reverse the credit card transaction, you may be subject to penalties, interest, and other fees imposed by the FTB for nonpayment or late payment of your tax liability.
How do I use my credit card to pay my income tax bill?
Once you have determined the type of payment and how much you owe, have the following ready:

- Your Discover/Novus, MasterCard, Visa, or American Express card
- Credit card number
- Expiration date
- Amount you are paying
- Your and your spouse's/RDP's SSN or ITIN
- First 4 letters of your and your spouse's/RDP's last name
- Taxable year
- Home phone number (including area code)
- ZIP Code for address where your monthly credit card bill is sent
- FTB Jurisdiction Code: 1555

Go to the Official Payments Corp. online payment center at
officialpayments.com or call 800.2PAY.TAX or 800.272 .9829 and follow the recorded instructions. Official Payments Corp. provides customer assistance Monday through Friday, 5:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. PST.
Payment Date:
Confirmation Number:
If you cannot pay the full amount or can only make a partial payment for the amount shown on Form 540, line 114 or Form 540A, line 111, see the information regarding Installment Payments on page 20.

## Interest and Penalties

If you file your tax return or pay your tax after the due date, you may owe interest and penalties on the tax due.
Do not reduce the amount on line 91 or increase the amount on line 94 by any penalty or interest amounts. Enter on Form 540, line 112 the amount of interest and penalties.

## Line 112 (Form 540) - Interest and Penalties

Interest. Interest will be charged on any late filing or late payment penalty from the original due date of the return to the date paid. In addition, if other penalties are not paid within 15 days, interest will be charged from the date of the billing notice until the date of payment. Interest compounds daily and the interest rate is adjusted twice a year. The FTB website has a chart of interest rates in effect since 1976. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for interest.
Late Filing of Return. If you do not file your tax return by October 15, 2010, you will incur a late filing penalty plus interest from the original due date of the tax return. The maximum total penalty is $25 \%$ of the tax not paid if the tax return is filed after October 15, 2010. The minimum penalty for filing a tax return more than 60 days late is $\$ 100$ or $100 \%$ of the balance due, whichever is less.

Late Payment of Tax. If you fail to pay your total tax liability by April 15, 2010, you will incur a late payment penalty plus interest. The penalty is $5 \%$ of the tax not paid when due plus $1 / 2 \%$ for each month, or part of a month, the tax remains unpaid. If you have paid at least $90 \%$ of the tax shown on the return by the original due date of the tax return, we will waive the penalty based on reasonable cause. However, the imposition of interest is mandatory. If, after April 15, 2010, you find that your estimate of tax due was too low, pay the additional tax as soon as possible to avoid or minimize further accumulation of penalties and interest.
Penalties. To avoid late payment penalties for use tax, you must report and pay the use tax with a timely filed income tax return, or California Individual Use Tax return.
Other Penalties. We may impose other penalties if a payment is returned for insufficient funds. We may also impose penalties for negligence, substantial understatement of tax, and fraud.

## Line 113 - Underpayment of Estimated Tax

You may be subject to an estimated tax penalty if any of the following is true:

- Your withholding and credits are less than $90 \%$ of your current tax year liability.
- Your withholding and credits are less than or $100 \%$ of your prior year tax liability ( $110 \%$ if AGI is more than $\$ 150,000$ or $\$ 75,000$ if married/RDP filing separately).
- You did not pay enough through withholding to keep the amount you owe with your tax return under $\$ 500$.
The FTB can figure the penalty for you when you file your tax return and send you a bill.
Is line 94 less than $\$ 500$ ( $\$ 250$ if married/RDP filing separately)?
Yes Stop. You are not subject to an estimated payment penalty.
No Continue. You may be subject to an estimate payment penalty.
Is line 94 less than $10 \%$ of the amount on line 48 ? Form 540 filers: this excludes the tax on lump-sum distributions on Form 540, line 34.
Yes Stop. You are not subject to an estimated payment penalty.
No You may be subject to an estimate payment penalty; get form FTB 5805, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries (or form FTB 5805F, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Farmers and Fishermen).
The underpayment of estimated tax penalty shall not apply to the extent the underpayment of an installment was created or increased by any provision of law that is chaptered during and operative for the taxable year of the underpayment. To request a waiver of the underpayment of estimated tax penalty, get form FTB 5805 or form FTB 5805F.
If you complete one of these forms, attach it to the back of your Form 540/ 540A. Enter the amount of the penalty on line 113 and fill in the correct circle on line 113. Complete and attach the form if you claim a waiver, use the annualized income installment method, or pay tax according to the schedule for farmers and fishermen, even if you do not owe a penalty.
See "Important Due Dates" on page 2, for more information on estimated tax payments and how to avoid the underpayment penalty.
See the instructions for Form 540, line 114 for information about figuring your payment, if any.


## Line 114 (Form 540) - Total Amount Due <br> \section*{Is there an amount on line 111?}

Yes Add line 111, line 112, and line 113. Enter the result on line 114. For payment options, see line 111 instructions.
No Go to line 115.
Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution.

## Refund or No Amount Due

## Line 115 (Form 540A) - Refund or No Amount Due

If you did not enter an amount on line 95 or line 110, enter the amount from line 93 on line 115. This is the amount that will be refunded to you. If it is less than \$1, attach a written statement to your Form 540A requesting the refund.
Subtract line 95 and line 110 from line 93. If the result is zero or more, enter the result on line 115. If the combined amount of line 95 and line 110 is more than line 93, enter the difference on line 111.

## Line 115 (Form 540) - Refund or No Amount Due

Did you report amounts on line 95 , line 110, line 112, or line 113 ?
No Enter the amount from line 93 on line 115. This is your refund amount. If it is less than $\$ 1$, attach a written statement to your Form 540 requesting the refund.
Yes Combine the amounts from line 95, line 110, line 112, or line 113. If the result is:

- More than line 93, subtract line 93 from the sum of line 95, line 110, line 112, and line 113 and enter the result on line 114. This is your total amount due. For payment options, see line 111 instructions.
- Less than line 93, subtract the sum of line 95, line 110, line 112 , and line 113 from line 93 and enter on line 115. This is your refund amount.
Want a fast refund? Get your refund in 10 days or less when you e-file your tax return.


## Direct Deposit (Refund Only)

## Line 116 and Line 117 - Direct Deposit of Refund

Direct deposit is fast, safe, and convenient. To have your refund directly deposited into your bank account, fill in the account information on Form 540/540A, line 116 and line 117 . Fill in the routing and account numbers and indicate the account type. Verify routing and account numbers with your financial institution. Do not attach a voided check or deposit slip. See the illustration below.
Individual taxpayers may request that his or her refund be electronically deposited into more than one checking or savings account. This allows more options for managing your refund. For example, you can request part of your refund go to your checking account to use now and the rest to your savings account to save for later.
The routing number must be nine digits. The first two digits must be 01 through 12 or 21 through 32 . On the sample check, the routing number is 250250025. The account number can be up to 17 characters and can include numbers and letters. Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. On the sample check, the account number is 202020.
Check the appropriate box for the type of account. Do not check more than one box for each line.
Enter the portion of your refund you want directly deposited into each account. Each deposit must be at least \$1. The total of line 116 and line 117 must equal the total amount of your refund on line 115. If line 116 and line 117 do not equal line 115 , the FTB will issue a paper check.
Caution: Check with your financial institution to make sure your deposit will be accepted and to get the correct routing and account numbers. The FTB is not responsible for a lost refund due to incorrect account information entered by you or your representative.
Some financial institutions will not allow a joint refund to be deposited to an individual account. If the direct deposit is rejected, the FTB will issue a paper check.


## Sign Your Tax Return

You must sign your tax return in the space provided on Form 540, Side 3 or Form 540A, Side 2. If you file a joint tax return, your spouse/RDP must sign the tax return also.

Joint Tax Return. If you file a joint tax return, both you and your spouse/RDP are generally responsible for the tax and any interest or penalties due on the tax return. This means that if one spouse/RDP does not pay the tax due, the other may be liable. See "Innocent Joint Filer Relief," on page 19.
Paid Preparer's Information. If you pay a person to prepare your Form 540/540A, that person signs and completes the area at the bottom of Form 540, Side 3 or Form 540A, Side 2 including an identification number (social security number, FEIN, or PTIN). A paid preparer must give you two copies of your tax return: one to file with the FTB, and one to keep for your records.
Third Party Designee. If you want to allow a friend, family member, or any other person you choose to discuss your 2009 tax return with the FTB, check the "Yes" box in the signature area of your tax return. Also print the designee's name and telephone number. If you want to allow the paid preparer who signed your tax return to discuss it with the FTB, enter "Preparer" in the space for the designee's name and print the preparer's telephone number.
If you check the "Yes" box you, and your spouse/RDP, if filing a joint tax return, are authorizing the FTB to call the designee to answer any questions that may arise during the processing of your tax return. You are also authorizing the designee to:

- Give the FTB any information that is missing from your tax return.
- Call the FTB for information about the processing of your tax return or the status of your refund or payments.
- Receive copies of notices or transcripts related to your return, upon request.
- Respond to certain FTB notices about math errors, offsets, and tax return preparation.
You are not authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the FTB. If you want to expand or change the designee's authorization, get form FTB 3520, Power of Attorney Declaration for the Franchise Tax Board.
The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2010 tax return. This is April 15, 2011, for most people. If you wish to revoke the authorization before it ends, notify us by telephone at 800.852 .5711 or by writing to Franchise Tax Board, PO Box 942840, Sacramento, CA 94240-0040, include your name, SSN, and the designee's name.
Power of Attorney. If another person prepared your tax return, he or she is not automatically granted access to your tax information in future dealings with us. At some point, you may wish to designate someone to act on your behalf in matters related or unrelated to this tax return (e.g., an audit examination). To protect your privacy, you must submit to us a legal document called a "Power of Attorney" (POA) authorizing another person to discuss or receive personal information about your income tax records.
For more information, get form FTB 1144, Power of Attorney Pamphlet, and form FTB 3520, Power of Attorney Declaration, available at fth.ca.gov. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 63.


## Filing Your Tax Return

## Attachments to your tax return.

Do I need to attach a copy of federal Form 1040?

## Form 540A Filers:

Do not attach a copy of your federal 1040 return to Form 540A.

## Form 540 Filers:

Other than Schedule A (Form 1040), Schedule B (Form 1040), Schedule L (Form 1040), or Schedule M (Form 1040), did you attach any federal forms or schedules to your federal Form 1040?
If No, do not attach a copy of your federal 1040 return to Form 540. If Yes, attach a copy of your federal 1040 return and all supporting federal forms and schedules to Form 540.
Exception: If you did not itemize deductions on your federal tax return but will itemize deductions on your California tax return, complete and attach a copy of the federal Schedule A (Form 1040) to Form 540.
Do not attach any documents to your tax return unless specifically instructed. This will help us reduce government processing and storage costs.

Federal Form(s) W-2, W-2G, and 1099, and CA Form(s) 592-B and 593. Attach all the Form(s) W-2 and W-2G you received to the front of your tax return. Also, attach any Forms(s) 1099, 592-B, and 593 showing California income tax withheld.
If you do not receive your Form(s) W-2 by January 31, 2010, contact your employer or go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account. Only your employer can issue or correct a Form W-2. If you cannot get a copy of your Form W-2, you must complete form FTB 3525, Substitute for Form W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, or Form 1099-R, Distributions From Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63 or go to ftb.ca.gov. If you forget to send your Form(s) W-2 or other withholding forms with your income tax return, do not send them separately, or with another copy of your return. Wait until the FTB requests them from you.

## Assembling Your Tax Return

Assemble your tax return in the order shown below.


## Mailing Your Tax Return

If your tax return shows a refund or no amount due, mail your tax return to the following address:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD
PO BOX 942840
SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0002
If your tax return has an amount due, mail your tax return to the following address:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD
PO BOX 942867
SACRAMENTO CA 94267-0001

## Sales and Use Tax Rates by County <br> (includes state, local, and district taxes) As of December 31, 2009

Note: All tax rates listed include the 1 percent statewide sales and use tax increase effective April 1, 2009. Tax rates were 1 percent less prior to April 1, 2009 unless otherwise noted. (For example, the tax rate in San Francisco effective April 1,2009 is $9.50 \%$. The tax rate prior to April 1,2009 was $8.50 \%$ )

| County Rate | County Rate |
| :---: | :---: |
| Alameda ............................ 9.75\% |  |
| Alpine.................................. 8.25\% | Placer..................................8.25\% |
| Amador ${ }^{2}$................................ $8.75 \%$ | Plumas................................. $8.25 \%$ |
| Butte ................................. 8.25\% | Riverside ............................8.75\% |
| Calaveras .............................. 8.25\% |  |
| Colusa' ${ }^{1}$............................... $8.25 \%$ | San Benito ${ }^{1}$.......................... $8.25 \%$ |
| Contra Costa ${ }^{1}$........................ $9.25 \%$ | San Bernardino ${ }^{1}$....................8.75\% |
| Del Norte............................... 8.25\% | San Diego ${ }^{1}$............................8.75\% |
| El Dorado ${ }^{1}$........................... $8.25 \%$ | San Francisco .....................9.50\% |
|  | San Joaquin ${ }^{1} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .8 .75 \% ~$ |
| Glenn ................................. 8.25\% | San Luis Obispo ${ }^{1}$...................8.25\% |
|  | San Mateo ..........................9.25\% |
| Imperial............................... 8.75\% | Santa Barbara ......................8.75\% |
| Inyo................................... 8.75\% | Santa Clara ${ }^{1} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .9 .25 \% ~$ |
|  |  |
| Kings.................................. 8.25\% | Shasta................................8.25\% |
| Lake ${ }^{1}$................................. $8.25 \%$ | Sierra ................................8.25\% |
| Lassen ................................ 8.25\% | Siskiyou ...............................8.25\% |
| Los Angeles ${ }^{1,3}$....................... $9.75 \%$ | Solano.............................. $8.375 \%$ |
| Madera .............................. 8.75\% |  |
| Marin ${ }^{14.4 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .00 \% ~}$ | Stanislaus ${ }^{1}$......................... $8.375 \%$ |
| Mariposa............................ 8.75\% | Sutter ................................8.25\% |
| Mendocin01 ${ }^{1}$......................... $8.25 \%$ | Tehama ..............................8.25\% |
| Merced'.............................. $8.25 \%$ | Trinity................................8.25\% |
| Modoc.................................. 8.25\% | Tulare ${ }^{1}$................................. $8.75 \%$ |
| Mono ${ }^{1}$............................... $8.25 \%$ | Tuolumne ${ }^{1}$...........................8.25\% |
|  | Ventura ${ }^{1}$............................... $8.25 \%$ |
| Napa ................................... 8.75\% | Yolo ${ }^{1}$....................................8.25\% |
|  | Yuba....................................8.25\% |

1. Many cities in California impose a district tax which results in a higher sales and use tax rate than in other parts of the county. If you are reporting an item that was purchased for use in one of these counties, please check the following city list to see if a higher rate applies to your city. The tax rates shown apply within the city limits of the listed community.
2. The tax rate in the county of Amador prior to April 1, 2009 was $7.25 \%$
3. The tax rate in the county of Los Angeles prior to April 1,2009 was $8.25 \%$. The tax rate in the county of Los Angeles between April 1, 2009 and June 30, 2009 was $9.25 \%$.
4. The tax rate in the counties of Marin and Sonoma prior to April 1, 2009 was 7.75\%.

| County | City | Citywide Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | .Williams | 8.75\% |
| Contra Costa. | . El Cerrito | 9.75\% |
| Contra Costa. | .Pinole | 9.75\% |
| Contra Costa. | . Richmond | 9.75\% |
| El Dorado | .Placerville. | 8.50\% |
| El Dorado | . So. Lake Tahoe | 8.75\% |
| Fresno | .Reedley. | 9.475\% |
| Fresno | Sanger | 9.725\% |
| Fresno | . Selma | 9.475\% |
| Humboldt | . Arcata (effective 4/1/09) ${ }^{1}$ | 9.00\% |
| Humboldt | .Eureka (effective 4/1/09) ${ }^{2}$ | 8.50\% |
| Humboldt | Trinidad (effective 4/1/09) ${ }^{3}$ | 9.00\% |
| Kern | . Arvin (effective 4/1/09) ${ }^{4}$ | 9.25\% |
| Kern | . Delano | 9.25\% |
| Lake | . Clearlake. | 8.75\% |
| Lake | . Lakeport | 8.75\% |
| Los Angeles . | .Avalon | 10.25\% |
| Los Angeles . | . El Monte (effective 7/1/09) ${ }^{5}$ | 10.25\% |
| Los Angeles . | . Inglewood. | 10.25\% |
| Los Angeles . | . Pico Rivera (effective 7/1/09) ${ }^{6}$ | 10.75\% |
| Los Angeles . | . South Gate | 10.75\% |
| Marin | . San Rafael | 9.50\% |
| Mendocino | .Fort Bragg | 8.75\% |
| Mendocino | . Point Arena | 8.75\% |
| Mendocino | .Ukiah | 8.75\% |
| Mendocino | Willits | 8.75\% |
| Merced | Los Banos | 8.75\% |
| Merced | .Merced | 8.75\% |
| Mono | Mammoth Lakes | 8.75\% |
| Monterey | . Del Rey Oaks | 9.25\% |
| Monterey | .Pacific Grove | 9.25\% |


| Monterey | . Salinas | 8.75\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monterey | . Sand City | 8.75\% |
| Monterey | . Seaside. | 9.25\% |
| Nevada | . Nevada City | 8.875\% |
| Nevada | . Truckee. | 8.875\% |
| Orange | .La Habra (effective 4/1/09) ${ }^{7}$ | 9.25\% |
| Orange | .Laguna Beach (effective 7/1/09) ${ }^{15}$. | 8.75\% |
| Sacramento | .Galt (effective 4/1/09) ${ }^{8}$ | 9.25\% |
| San Benito | . Hollister | 9.25\% |
| San Benito | . San Juan Bautista. | 9.00\% |
| San Bernardino. | . Montclair | 9.00\% |
| San Bernardino. | . San Bernardino | 9.00\% |
| San Diego. | . El Cajon (effective 4/1/09) ${ }^{9}$ | 9.75\% |
| San Diego. | .La Mesa (effective 4/1/09) ${ }^{10}$ | 9.50\% |
| San Diego. | .National City | 9.75\% |
| San Diego. | Vista. | 9.25\% |
| San Joaquin | . Manteca | 9.25\% |
| San Joaquin | . Stockton. | 9.00\% |
| San Luis Obispo | Arroyo Grande | 8.75\% |
| San Luis Obispo | Grover Beach | 8.75\% |
| San Luis Obispo | . Morro Bay | 8.75\% |
| San Luis Obispo | .Pismo Beach | 8.75\% |
| San Luis Obispo | . San Luis Obispo | 8.75\% |
| Santa Clara. | . Campbell (effective 4/1/09) ${ }^{11}$ | 9.50\% |
| Santa Cruz | . Capitola | 9.25\% |
| Santa Cruz | . Santa Cruz | 9.50\% |
| Santa Cruz | . Scotts Valley (effective 4/1/09) ${ }^{12}$ | 9.25\% |
| Santa Cruz | .Watsonville | 9.25\% |
| Sonoma | . Santa Rosa | 9.25\% |
| Sonoma | .Sebastopol | 9.25\% |
| Stanislaus. | . Ceres | 8.875\% |
| Tulare | . Dinuba | 9.50\% |
| Tulare | .Farmersville | 9.25\% |
| Tulare | . Porterville. | 9.25\% |
| Tulare | Tulare | 9.25\% |
| Tulare | Visalia. | 9.00\% |
| Tuolumne | . Sonora | 8.75\% |
| Ventura. | . $0 x$ nard (effective 4/1/09) ${ }^{13}$ | 8.75\% |
| Ventura. | . Port Hueneme (effective 4/1/09) ${ }^{14}$ | 8.75\% |
| Yolo | . Davis | 8.75\% |
| Yolo | West Sacramento | 8.75\% |
| Yolo | Woodland | 8.75\% |

1. The tax rate in Arcata prior to April 1, 2009 was $7.25 \%$
2. The tax rate in Eureka prior to April 1, 2009 was $7.25 \%$
3. The tax rate in Trinidad prior to April 1, 2009 was $7.25 \%$
4. The tax rate in Arvin prior to April 1, 2009 was $7.25 \%$
5. The tax rate in El Monte prior to April 1, 2009 was $8.25 \%$ The tax rate in El Monte between April 1, 2009 and June 30, 2009 was $9.75 \%$
6. The tax rate in Pico Rivera prior to April 1, 2009 was $8.25 \%$ The tax rate in Pico Rivera between April 1, 2009 and June 30, 2009 was $10.25 \%$
7. The tax rate in La Habra prior to April 1, 2009 was $7.75 \%$
8. The tax rate in Galt prior to April 1, 2009 was $7.75 \%$
9. The tax rate in El Cajon prior to April 1, 2009 was $8.25 \%$
10. The tax rate in La Mesa prior to April 1, 2009 was $7.75 \%$
11. The tax rate in Campbell prior to April 1,2009 was $8.25 \%$
12. The tax rate in Scotts Valley prior to April 1, 2009 was $8.50 \%$
13. The tax rate in Oxnard prior to April 1, 2009 was $7.25 \%$
14. The tax rate in Port Hueneme prior to April 1, 2009 was $7.25 \%$
15. The tax rate in Laguna Beach prior to April 1, 2009 was $8.25 \%$ The tax rate in Laguna Beach between April 1, 2009 and June 30, 2009 was $9.25 \%$

## Additional Information

## California Use Tax General Information

The use tax has been in effect in California since July 1, 1935. It applies to purchases from out-of-state sellers and is similar to the sales tax paid on purchases you make in California. If you have not already paid all use tax due to the State Board of Equalization, you must report and pay the use tax due on your state income tax return. See the information below and the instructions for line 95 of your income tax return.
In general, you should pay California use tax on purchases made from out-of-state (for example, by telephone, over the Internet, by mail, or in person) if:

- The seller does not collect California sales or use tax.
- You use, give away, store, or consume the item in this state.

Example: You live in California and purchase a dining table from a company in North Carolina. The company ships the table from North Carolina to your home for your use and does not charge California sales or use tax. You owe use tax on the purchase.
Complete the Use Tax Worksheet on page 14 to calculate the amount due.
Extensions to file. If you request an extension to file your income tax return, wait until you file your return to report your purchases subject to use tax and make your use tax payment.
Penalty. Failure to timely report and pay the use tax due may result in the assessment of penalties.

Changes in use tax reported. Do not file an Amended Income Tax Return (Form 540X) to revise the use tax previously reported. If you have changes to the amount of use tax previously reported on the original return contact the State Board of Equalization.
For assistance with your use tax questions, go to the State Board of Equalization's website at boe.ca.gov or call their Taxpayer Information Section at 800.400.7115 or TTY/TDD 800.735.2929. Income tax information is not available at this number.

## Collection Fees

The FTB is required to assess collection and filing enforcement cost recovery fees on delinquent accounts

## Deceased Taxpayers

A final return must be filed for a person who died in 2009 if a return normally would be required. The administrator or executor, if one is appointed, or beneficiary must file the return. Print "deceased" and the date of death next to the taxpayer's name at the top of the return.
If you are a surviving spouse/RDP and no administrator or executor has been appointed, file a joint return if you did not remarry or enter into another registered domestic partnership during 2009. Indicate next to your signature that you are the surviving spouse/RDP.
You may also file a joint return with an administrator or executor acting on behalf of the deceased taxpayer.
If you file a return and claim a refund due to a deceased taxpayer, you are certifying under penalty of perjury either that you are the legal representative of the deceased taxpayer's estate (in this case, attach certified copies of the letters of administration or letters testamentary) or that you are entitled to the refund as the deceased's surviving relative or sole beneficiary under the provisions of the California Probate Code. You must also attach a copy of federal Form 1310, Statement of Person Claiming Refund Due a Deceased Taxpayer, or a copy of the death certificate when you file a return and claim a refund due.

## Innocent Joint Filer Relief

If you file a joint tax return, both you and your spouse/RDP are generally responsible for paying the tax and any interest or penalties due on the tax return. However, you may qualify for relief of payment on all or part of the balance as an innocent joint filer. For more information, get FTB Pub. 705, Innocent Joint Filer - Relief From Paying California Income Taxes, at ftb.ca.gov or call 916.845.7072, Monday - Friday between 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. except holidays.

## Registered Domestic Partners

If you are an RDP and need more information on how to file your return, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

## Military Personnel

If you are a member of the military and need additional information on how to file your return, get FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.

## Requesting a Copy of Your Tax Return

The FTB keeps personal income tax returns for three and one-half years from the original due date. To get a copy of your return, write a letter or complete form FTB 3516, Request for Copy of Personal Income Tax or Fiduciary Return. In most cases, a \$20 fee is charged for each taxable year you request. However, no charge applies for victims of a designated California or federal disaster; or you request copies from a field office that assisted you in completing your return. See "Where To Get Tax Forms and Publications" on page 23 to download or order form FTB 3516.

## Mello-Roos

You cannot deduct Mello-Roos taxes if they are assessed to fund local benefits and improvements that tend to increase the value of your property. Mello-Roos taxes may appear on your annual county property tax bill with other deductible property taxes. You may only be able to deduct a portion of the total property tax shown on your bill.
For more information, you can:

- Contact your Mello-Roos District.
- Get federal Publication 17, Your Federal Income Taxes-Individuals, Chapter 22.


## Vehicle License Fees for Federal Schedule A

On your federal Schedule A (Form 1040), you may deduct the California motor vehicle license fee listed on your Vehicle Registration Billing Notice from the Department of Motor Vehicles. The other fees listed on your billing notice such as registration fee, weight fee, and county fees are not deductible.

## Voting Is Everybody's Business

You may register to vote if you meet these requirements:

- You are a United States citizen.
- You are a resident of California.
- You will be 18 years old by the date of the next election.
- You are not in prison or on parole for the conviction of a felony.

You need to re-register every time you move, change your name, or wish to change political parties. In order to vote in an election, you must be registered to vote at least 15 days before that election. If you need to get a Voter Registration Card, call the California Secretary of State's voter hotline at 800.345.VOTE or go to sos.ca.gov.

It's Your Right . . . Register and Vote

## If You File Electronically

If you e-file your return, make sure all the amounts entered on the paper copy of your California return are correct before you sign form FTB 8453, California e-file Return Authorization for Individuals, or form FTB 8879 , California e-file Signature Authorization for Individuals. If you are requesting direct deposit of a refund, make sure your account and routing information is correct. Your return can be transmitted to FTB by your preparer or electronic e-file service only after you sign form FTB 8453 or form FTB 8879. The preparer or electronic e-file service must provide you with:

- A copy of form FTB 8453 or FTB 8879.
- Any original Form(s) W-2, W-2G, 592-B, 593, 1099-G, and other Form(s) 1099 that you provided.
- A paper copy of your California tax return showing the data transmitted to the FTB.
You cannot retransmit an e-filed tax return once we've accepted the original. You can correct an error only by completing Form 540X, Amended Individual Income Tax Return, and mailing the paper copy to us. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 23.


## Frequently Asked Questions

## (Go to fth.ca.gov for more frequently asked questions.)

1. What if I can't file by April 15, 2010, and Ithink I owe tax?
You must pay $100 \%$ of the amount you owe by April 15, 2010, to avoid interest and penalties. If you cannot file because you have not received all your Form(s) W-2, estimate the amount of tax you owe by completing form FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals, on page 41. Mail it to the FTB with your payment by April 15, 2010, or pay online at ftb.ca.gov. Then, when you receive all your Form(s) W-2, complete and mail your return by October 15, 2010 (you must use Form 540A or Form 540).

## 2. I never received a Form W-2. What should I do?

If all of your Form(s) W-2 were not received by January 31, 2010, contact your employer. Only an employer issues or corrects a Form W-2. For more information, call 800.338 .0505 , select "Personal Income Tax," then "Frequently Asked Questions," and enter code $\mathbf{2 0 4}$ when instructed.
If you cannot get a copy of your Form(s) W-2, complete form FTB 3525, Substitute for Form W-2, Wage and Tax Statement, or Form 1099, Distributions from Pensions, Annuities, Retirement, or Profit Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 23. For online wage and withhold information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account.

## 3. How can I get help?

Throughout California more than 1,200 sites provide trained volunteers offering free help during the tax filing season to persons who need to file simple federal and state income tax returns. Many military bases also provide this service for members of the U.S. Armed Forces. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for vita to find a list of participating locations or call the FTB at 800.852 .5711 to find a location near you.
4. What do I do if I can't pay what I owe with my 2009 return?
Pay as much as possible when you file your return. If unable to pay your tax in full with your return, make a request for monthly payments. However, interest accrues and an underpayment penalty may be charged on the tax not paid by April 15, 2010, even if your request for monthly payments is approved. To make monthly payments, complete form FTB 3567, Installment Agreement Request, online or mail it to the address on the form. Do not mail it with your return.

The Installment Agreement Request might not be processed and approved until after your return is processed, and you may receive a bill before you receive approval of your request.
To order this form, go to ftb.ca.gov or by phone, call 800.338.0505, select "Personal Income Tax," then select "Forms and Publications," and enter code 949 when instructed.
For information on how to pay by credit card, go to ftb.ca.gov, or call 800.338.0505, select "Personal Income Tax," then select "Frequently Asked Questions," and enter code 610 when instructed.

## 5. How long will it take to get my refund?

If you e-file, you get the fastest possible refund. Your refund check is mailed within seven to ten calendar days (or if you request direct deposit, the refund posts to your checking or savings account within five to seven banking days) from the time the FTB receives your e-filed return. For more information about e-filing, go to fth.ca.gov or call 800.338.0505, select "Personal Income Tax," then select "Frequently Asked Questions," and enter code 112 when instructed.
If you do not e-file your return, you will receive your refund check within six to eight weeks after you file your return. If you request direct deposit, the refund posts to your account within six to eight weeks after you file your return.
6. I expected my refund by now. How can I check on the status?
Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for refund status. You will need your social security number (SSN) or individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) and the refund amount from your return.

You can also call our automated phone service. See page 63 for more information.
7. I discovered an error on my tax return. What should I do?

If you discover that you made an error on your California income tax return after you filed it (paper or e-filed), use Form 540X, Amended Individual Income Tax Return, to correct your return. Get Form 540X at fth.ca.gov or call 800.338.0505 and enter code 908. You cannot e-file an amended return.
8. The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) made changes to my federal return. What should Ido?
If your federal income tax return is examined and changed by the IRS and you owe additional tax, report these changes to the FTB within six months of the date of the final federal determination. If the changes the IRS made result in a refund due for California, claim a refund within two years of the date of the final federal determination. Either use Form 540X to correct the California income tax return you already filed, or send a copy of the federal changes to:

```
ATTN RAR/VOL MS F310
FRANCHISE TAX BOARD
PO BOX }199
RANCHO CORDOVA CA 95741-1998
```

or Fax the information to 916.843.2269.
If you have a question relating to the IRS audit adjustment call 916.845.4028.
For general tax information or questions, call 800.852 .5711 .
Regardless of which method you use to notify the FTB, you must include a copy of the final federal determination along with all data and schedules on which the federal adjustment was based. Get FTB Pub. 1008, Federal Tax Adjustments and Your Notification Responsibilities to California, for more information. See "Order Forms and Publications" on page 63.
File Form 540X only if the change affected your California tax liability.

## 9. How long should I keep my tax information?

Requests for information regarding your California income tax return usually occurs within the California statute of limitations period, which is usually the later of four years from the due date of the return or four years from the file date of the return. (Exception: An extended statute of limitations period applies for California or federal tax returns related or subject to a federal audit.)
Keep a copy of your return and the records that verify the income, deductions, adjustments, or credits reported on your return. Some records should be kept longer. For example, keep property records as long as needed to figure the basis of the property or records needed to verify carryover items (i.e., net operating losses) or records needed to track deferred gains on a 1031 exchange.
10. I will be moving after I file my return. How do I notify the FTB of my new address?
Notify the FTB of your new address by using form FTB3533, Change of Address. This form is available at fth.ca.gov or you may call 800.852.5711, select "Personal Income Tax," then select option 6 to report a change of address.
After filing your return, report a change of address to us for up to four years, especially if you leave the state and no longer have a requirement to file a California return.

## 11. Are all domestic partners required to file joint or separate returns under the new law?

No, only domestic partners who are registered with the California Secretary of State are required to file using the married/RDP filing jointly or married/ RDP filing separately filing status.

## CREDIT CHART

| Credit Name | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Child Adoption - Worksheet on page 12 | 197 | $50 \%$ of qualified costs in the year an adoption is ordered |
| Child and Dependent Care Expenses - FTB 3506 See the instructions on page 53 | None | Similar to the federal credit except that the California credit amount is based on a specified percentage of the federal credit and is refundable |
| Community Development Financial Institution Deposits - Certification Required | 209 | $20 \%$ of each qualified deposit made to a community development financial institution Obtain certification from: California Organized Investment Network (COIN), Department of Insurance, 300 Capitol Mall, Suite 1600, Sacramento CA 95814. Website: insurance.ca.gov. |
| Dependent Parent - See page 12 | 173 | Must use married/RDP filing separately status and have a dependent parent |
| Disabled Access for Eligible Small Business FTB 3548 | 205 | Similar to the federal credit but limited to $\$ 125$ based on $50 \%$ of qualified expenditures that do not exceed \$250 |
| Donated Agricultural Products Transportation FTB 3547 | 204 | $50 \%$ of the costs paid or incurred for the transportation of agricultural products donated to nonprofit charitable organizations |
| Employer Child Care Contribution - FTB 3501 | 190 | Employer: 30\% of contributions to a qualified plan |
| Employer Child Care Program - FTB 3501 | 189 | Employer: 30\% of cost for establishing a child care program or constructing a child care facility |
| Enhanced Oil Recovery - FTB 3546 | 203 | One third of the similar federal credit and limited to qualified enhanced oil recovery projects located within California. |
| Enterprise Zone Employee - FTB 3553 | 169 | $5 \%$ of wages from work in an enterprise zone |
| Enterprise Zone Hiring \& Sales or Use Tax - FTB $3805 Z$ | 176 | Business incentives for enterprise zone businesses |
| Environmental Tax - FTB 3511 | 218 | Five cents (\$.05) for each gallon of ultra low sulfur diesel fuel produced during the taxable year by a small refiner at any facility located in this state |
| Joint Custody Head of Household Worksheet on page 12 | 170 | $30 \%$ of tax up to $\$ 387$ for taxpayers who are single or married/RDP filing separately, who have a child and meet the support test |
| Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area <br> (LAMBRA) Hiring \& Sales or Use Tax - FTB 3807 | 198 | Business incentives for LAMBRAs |
| Low-Income Housing - FTB 3521 | 172 | Similar to the federal credit but limited to low-income housing in California |
| Manufacturing Enhancement Area (MEA) Hiring - FTB 3808 Hiring - FTB 3808 | 211 | Percentage of qualified wages paid to qualified disadvantaged individuals |
| Natural Heritage Preservation - FTB 3503 | 213 | $55 \%$ of the fair market value of any qualified contribution of property donated to the state, any local government, or any nonprofit organization designated by a local government |
| New Home - Pub. 3528 | 219 | The lesser of $5 \%$ of the purchase price of a qualified principal residence or $\$ 10,000$. The credit is taken equally over three years. |
| New Jobs - FTB 3527 | 220 | $\$ 3,000$ allowed for a qualified employer for each increase in qualified full-time employees hired in the current taxable year. |
| Nonrefundable Renter's - See page 50 | None | For California residents who paid rent for their principal residence for at least 6 months in 2009 and whose AGI does not exceed a certain limit |
| Other State Tax - Schedule S | 187 | Net income tax paid to another state or a U.S. possession on income also taxed by California |
| Prior Year Alternative Minimum Tax - FTB 3510 | 188 | Must have paid alternative minimum tax in a prior year and have no alternative minimum tax liability in 2009 |
| Prison Inmate Labor - FTB 3507 | 162 | 10\% of wages paid to prison inmates |
| Research - FTB 3523 | 183 | Similar to the federal credit but limited to costs for research activities in California |
| Senior Head of Household Worksheet on page 12 | 163 | $2 \%$ of taxable income up to $\$ 1,185$ for seniors who qualified for head of household in 2007 or 2008 and whose qualifying individual died during 2007 or 2008 |
| Targeted Tax Area (TTA) Hiring \& Sales or Use Tax - FTB 3809 | 210 | Business incentives for TTA business |

Repealed Credits: The expiration dates for these credits have passed. However, these credits had carryover provisions. You may claim these credits only if there is a carryover available from prior years. If you are not required to complete Schedule $P(540)$, Alternative Minimum Tax and Credit Limitations Residents, get form FTB 3540, Credit Carryover Summary, to figure your credit carryover to future years. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 23.
Agricultural Products ..... 175
Commercial Solar Electric System ..... 196
Commercial Solar Energy ..... 181
Employee Ridesharing ..... 194
Employer Ridesharing: Large employer ..... 191
Small employer ..... 192
Transit passes ..... 193
Energy Conservation. ..... 182
Farmworker Housing. .....  207
Joint Strike Fighter Wages ..... 215
Joint Strike Fighter Property Cost ..... 216
os Angeles Revitalization Zone (LARZ)
Hiring \& Sales or Use Tax ..... 159
Low-Emission Vehicles ..... 160
Manufacturers' Investment ..... 199
Orphan Drug ..... 185
Political Contributions. ..... 184
Recycling Equipment ..... 174
Residential Rental \& Farm Sales ..... 186
Rice Straw. ..... 206
Ridesharing ..... 171
Salmon \& Steelhead Trout Habitat ..... 200
Solar Energy ..... 180
Solar Pump. ..... 179
Solar or Wind Energy System ..... 217
Water Conservation ..... 178
Young Infant ..... 161

## Voluntary Contribution Fund Descriptions

Make voluntary contributions of $\$ 1$ or more in whole dollar amounts to the funds listed below. To contribute to the California Seniors Special Fund, use the instructions for code 400 below. The amount you contribute either reduces your overpaid tax or increases your tax due. You may contribute only to the funds listed and cannot change the amount you contribute after you file your return. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for voluntary contributions.

Code 400, California Seniors Special Fund - If you and/or your spouse/RDP are 65 years of age or older as of January 1, 2010, and claim the Senior Exemption Credit on line 9, you may make a combined total contribution of up to $\$ 196$ or $\$ 98$ per spouse/RDP. Contributions made to this fund will be distributed to the Area Agency on Aging Councils (TACC) to provide advice on and sponsorship of Senior Citizens issues. Any excess contributions not required by TACC will be distributed to senior citizen service organizations throughout California for meals, adult day care, and transportation.
Code 401, Alzheimer's Disease/Related Disorders Fund Contributions will provide grants to California scientists who study Alzheimer's disease and related disorders. This research includes basic science, diagnosis, treatment, prevention, behavioral problems, and caregiving. With one-half million Californians living with the disease and another 2 million providing care to a loved one with Alzheimer's, our state is in the early stages of a major public health crisis. Your contribution will ensure that Alzheimer's disease receives the attention, research, and resources it deserves.

Code 402, California Fund for Senior Citizens (CSL) - Contributions will provide support to the California Senior Legislature (CSL). The CSL is made up of volunteers who develop statewide senior related legislative proposals in areas of health, housing, transportation, and community services to be presented to the State Legislature. For more information go to 4csl.org.
Code 403, Rare and Endangered Species Preservation Program Contributions will be used to help protect and conserve California's many threatened and endangered species and the wild lands that they need to survive, for the enjoyment and benefit of you and future generations of Californians.
Code 404, State Children's Trust Fund for the Prevention of Child Abuse - Contributions will be used to fund programs for the prevention, intervention, and treatment of child abuse and neglect.
Code 405, California Breast Cancer Research Fund - Contributions will fund research toward preventing and curing breast cancer. Breast cancer is the most common cancer to strike women in California. It kills 4,000 California women each year. Contributions also fund research on prevention and better treatment, and keep doctors up-to-date on research progress. For more about the research your contributions support, go to cbcrp. org. Your contribution can help make breast cancer a disease of the past.

Code 406, California Firefighters' Memorial Fund - Contributions will be used for the repair and maintenance of the California Firefighters' Memorial on the grounds of the State Capitol, ceremonies to honor the memory of fallen firefighters and to assist surviving loved ones, and for an informational guide detailing survivor benefits to assist the spouses/ RDPs and children of fallen firefighters.

Code 407, Emergency Food For Families Fund - Contributions will be used to help local food banks feed California's hungry. Your contribution will fund the purchase of much-needed food for delivery to food banks, pantries, and soup kitchens throughout the state. The State Department of Social Services will monitor its distribution to ensure the food is given to those most in need.

## Code 408, California Peace Officer Memorial Foundation Fund -

 Contributions will be used to preserve the memory of California's fallen peace officers and assist the families they left behind. Since statehood, over 1,300 courageous California peace officers have made the ultimate sacrifice while protecting law-abiding citizens. The non-profit charitable organization, California Peace Officers' Memorial Foundation, has accepted the privilege and responsibility of maintaining a memorial for fallen officers on the State Capitol grounds. Each May, the Memorial Foundation conducts a dignified ceremony honoring fallen officers and their surviving families by offering moral support, crisis counseling, and financial support that includes academic scholarships for the children of those officers who have made the supreme sacrifice. On behalf of all of us and the law-abiding citizens of California, thank you for your participation.Code 409, California Military Family Relief Fund - Contributions will be used to provide financial aid grants to members of the California National Guard who are California residents, and have been called to active duty.
Code 410, California Sea Otter Fund - The California Coastal Conservancy and the Department of Fish and Game will each be allocated $50 \%$ of the contributions. The California Coastal Conservancy will use the contributions for research and programs related to the near-shore ecosystem, including sea otters. The Department of Fish and Game will use the contributions to establish a sea otter fund within the department's index coding system for increased investigation, prevention, and enforcement action.
Code 411, California Ovarian Cancer Research Fund - Contributions will be used to conduct research relating to the cause, cure, and prevention of ovarian cancer.
Code 412, Municipal Shelter Spay-Neuter Fund - Contributions will be used to provide low cost or free spay-neuter services and for administrative costs.
Code 413, California Cancer Research Fund - Contributions will be used to conduct research relating to the causes, detection, and prevention of cancer and to expand community-based education on cancer, and to provide prevention and awareness activities for communities that are disproportionately at risk or afflicted by cancer.
Code 414, ALS/Lou Gehrig's Disease Research Fund - Contributions will be used to conduct research relating to the cause, cure, and prevention of ALS.

## How To Get California Tax Information

## Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications

By Internet - You can download, view, and print California income tax forms and publications at fth.ca.gov or you may have these forms and publications mailed to you. Many of our most frequently used forms may be filed electronically, printed out for submission, and saved for record keeping.
By phone - To order 2007-2009 California tax forms and publications:

- Refer to the list on page 63 and find the code number for the form you want to order.
- Call 800.338.0505.
- Select "Personal Income Tax."
- Select "Forms and Publications."
- Enter the three-digit form code when you are instructed.

Allow two weeks to receive your order. If you live outside California, allow three weeks to receive your order.
In person - Many post offices and libraries provide free California tax booklets during the filing season.
Employees at libraries and post offices cannot provide tax information or assistance.
By mail - Write to:
TAX FORMS REQUEST UNIT
FRANCHISE TAX BOARD
PO BOX 307
RANCHO CORDOVA CA 95741-0307.

## Letters

If you write to us, be sure your letter includes your social security number or individual taxpayer identification number and your daytime and evening telephone numbers. Send your letter to:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD
PO BOX 942840
SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0040
We will respond to your letter within 10 weeks. In some cases, we may call you to respond to your inquiry, or ask you for additional information. Do not attach correspondence to your tax return unless the correspondence relates to an item on the return.

## Your Rights As A Taxpayer

The FTB's goals include making certain that your rights are protected so that you have the highest confidence in the integrity, efficiency, and fairness of our state tax system. FTB Pub. 4058, California Taxpayers' Bill of Rights, includes information on your rights as a California taxpayer, the Taxpayers' Rights Advocate Program, and how to request written advice from the FTB on whether a particular transaction is taxable. See "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications," on this page.

## Privacy Notice

Reasons for Information Requests - We ask for return information so that we can administer the tax law fairly and correctly.
Rights and Responsibility - You have the right to see our records that contain your personal information. To obtain information about your records, you may write to:

FRANCHISE TAX BOARD
DISCLOSURE OFFICER MS A181
PO BOX 1468
SACRAMENTO CA 95812-1468
or call: 800.852 .5711 within the United States, or 916.845 .6500 outside of the United States.
Your Responsibility - California Revenue and Taxation Code Sections 18501 and 18621 require you to file a return on the forms we prescribe if you meet certain requirements. It is mandatory that you furnish all requested information. You may be charged penalties and interest, and in certain cases, you may be criminally prosecuted if you do not provide the information we ask for, or you provide fraudulent information.
Information Disclosures - As provided by law, we may give your tax information to other tax officials to determine your tax liability or collect tax amounts you owe. If you owe the Franchise Tax Board money we may also give your information to employers, financial institutions, county recorders, or others who hold assets belonging to you.
For full text of Franchise Tax Board's Privacy Notice, get form FTB 1131.

## Need help with your return?

We provide free assistance to individuals with limited income and/or over the age of 60 who need help in completing simple federal and state income tax returns. For more information, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for vita.

$$
\begin{array}{c|cc}
\nabla \text { MyFTB } & \text { ACCOUNT } \quad \begin{array}{c}
\text { The window to your info } \\
\text { ftb.ca.gov }
\end{array}
\end{array}
$$

## The window to your information . . . MyFTB Account

MyFTB Account is a secure online service allowing you to:

- View estimated tax payments, recent payments made, and the total balance due on your account.
- Look up your California wage and withholding and FTB-issued 1099-G and 1099-INT records.
- Link to additional services offered by FTB:
- Make payments online
- Apply for an installment agreement
- Check your refund status
- Check your e-file return status
- Request a paper copy of your filed tax return
- Sign-up for estimated tax payment email reminders

Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account.

## Marketing page






$\qquad$
$\qquad$
40 Enter the amount from Side 1, line 35


|  |  | Code | Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | California Seniors Special Fund (see page 22). | - 400 | 00 |
|  | Alzheimer's Disease/Related Disorders Fund | - 401 | 00 |
|  | California Fund for Senior Citizens. | - 402 | 00 |
|  | Rare and Endangered Species Preservation Program | - 403 | 00 |
|  | State Children's Trust Fund for the Prevention of Child Abuse . | - 404 | 00 |
|  | California Breast Cancer Research Fund | - 405 | 00 |
|  | California Firefighters' Memorial Fund | - 406 | 00 |
|  | Emergency Food for Families Fund | - 407 | 00 |
|  | California Peace Officer Memorial Foundation Fund. | - 408 | 00 |
|  | California Military Family Relief Fund. | - 409 | 00 |
|  | California Sea Otter Fund . | - 410 | 00 |
|  | California Ovarian Cancer Research Fund | - 411 | 00 |
|  | Municipal Shelter Spay-Neuter Fund | - 412 | 00 |
|  | California Cancer Research Fund | - 413 | 00 |
|  | ALS/Lou Gehrig's Disease Research Fund | - 414 | 00 |
|  | 110 Add code 400 through code 414. This is your total contribution | - 110 | 00 |
|  | 111 AMOUNT YOU OWE. Add line 94, line 95, and line 110 (see page 15). Do not send cash. Mail to: FRANCHISE TAX BOARD, PO BOX 942867, SACRAMENTO CA 94267-0001 . . . Pay online - Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for web pay. |  | . 00 |



```
113 Underpayment of estimated tax. Fill in circle: OFTB 5805 attached OFTB 5805F attached ......... 113 0 0 0 0
114 Total amount due (see page 16). Enclose, but do not staple, any payment . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 114 ___ 00
115 REFUND OR NO AMOUNT DUE. Subtract line }95\mathrm{ and line }110\mathrm{ from line }93\mathrm{ (see page 16).
    Mail to: FRANCHISE TAX BOARD, PO BOX 942840, SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0002
        -11500
```

Fill in the information to authorize direct deposit of your refund into one or two accounts. Do not attach a voided check or a deposit slip (see page 16). Have you verified the routing and account numbers? Use whole dollars only.
All or the following amount of my refund (line 115) is authorized for direct deposit into the account shown below:
$\square$ Checking

The remaining amount of my refund (line 115) is authorized for direct deposit into the account shown below:


IMPORTANT: See the instructions to find out if you should attach a copy of your complete federal return.
Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return, including accompanying schedules and statements, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, it is true, correct, and complete.

| Your signature | Spouse's/RDP's signature <br> (if a joint return, both must sign) | Daytime phone number (optional) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Sign Here

It is unlawful to forge a spouse's/RDP's signature. Joint return? (see page 17)

X
X


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38 Federal itemized deductions. Add the amounts on federal Schedule A (Form 1040), lines 4, 9, 15, 19, 20, 27, and 28 . ..... 38
$\qquad$
39 Enter total of federal Schedule A (Form 1040), line 5 (State Disability Insurance, and state and local income tax, or General Sales Tax), line 7 (new motor vehicle tax), and line 8 (foreign income taxes only). See instructions 39 $\qquad$
40 Subtract line 39 from line 38 ..... 40
$\qquad$
41 Other adjustments including California lottery losses. See instructions. Specify $\qquad$ ......
41 $\qquad$
 $\qquad$
43 Is your federal AGI (Form 540, line 13) more than the amount shown below for your filing status?
Single or married/RDP filing separately . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 160,739$
Head of household . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 241,113$
Married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 321,483$
No. Transfer the amount on line 42 to line 43
Yes. Complete the Itemized Deductions Worksheet in the instructions for Schedule CA (540), line 43 .
43
44 Enter the larger of the amount on line 43 or your standard deduction listed below
Single or married/RDP filing separately . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$3,637
Married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) . . . . . . . $\$ 7,274$
Transfer the amount on line 44 to Form 540, line 18
44


## Instructions for California Schedule D (540)

## California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2005, and to the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R\&TC)

## General Information

In general, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 2005. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to fth.ca.gov and search for conformity. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, the instructions for California Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), and the Business Entity tax booklets.
The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpayers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R\&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpayers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.
For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California registered domestic partner (RDP), unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP they refer to both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

## Purpose

Use California Schedule D (540), California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment, only if there is a difference between your California and federal capital gains and losses.
Get FTB Pub. 1001, for more information about the following:

- Disposition of property inherited before 1987.
- Gain on the sale or disposition of a qualified assisted housing development to low-income residents or to specific entities maintaining housing for low-income residents.
- Capital loss carryback.
- Capital gain on Cash for Clunkers rebates under the federal Car Allowance Rebate System (CARS) program.
Exclusion of Gain on Qualified Small Business Stock. California law (R\&TC Section 18152.5) provides an exclusion (similar to the federal exclusion under IRC Section 1202) of $50 \%$ of the gain on the sale of qualifying small business stock originally issued after 8/10/93 that was held for more than five years. However, for California purposes, at least $80 \%$ of the issuing corporation's payroll must be attributable to employment located within California, and at least $80 \%$ of the value of the corporation's assets must be used by the corporation to actively conduct one or more qualified trades or businesses in California.
If you have gain on the sale of qualified small business stock that qualifies for the federal Section 1202 exclusion, go to the specific line instructions for line 1 b .
Installment Sales. If you sold property at a gain (other than publicly traded stocks or securities) and you will receive a payment in a tax year after the year of sale, you must report the sale on the installment method unless you elect not to do so. Get form FTB 3805E, Installment Sale Income. Also, use that form if you received a payment in 2009, for an installment sale made in an earlier year.
You may elect not to use the installment sale method for California by reporting the entire gain on Schedule D (540) (or Schedule D-1, Sale of Business Property, for business assets) in the year of the sale and filing your return on or before the due date.
At-Risk Rules and Passive Activity Limitations. If you dispose of (1) an asset used in an activity to which the at-risk rules apply, or (2) any part of your interest in an activity to which the at-risk rules apply, and the amounts in the activity for which you are not at risk, get and complete federal Form 6198, At-Risk Limitations, using California amounts to figure your California deductible loss under the at-risk rules. Once a loss becomes
allowable under the at-risk rules, it becomes subject to the passive activity rules. Get form FTB 3801, Passive Activity Loss Limitations.


## Specific Line Instructions

Line 1a - List each capital asset transaction.
Column (a) - Description of Property. Describe the asset you sold or exchanged.
Column (b) - Sales Price. Enter in this column either the gross sales price or the net sales price. If you received a Form 1099-B, Proceeds From Broker and Barter Exchange Transactions; Form 1099-S, Proceeds From Real Estate Transactions; or similar statement showing the gross sales price, enter that amount in column (b). However, if box 2 of Form 1099-B indicates that gross proceeds less commissions and option premiums were reported to the IRS, enter that net amount in column (b). If you entered the net amount in column (b), do not include the commissions and option premiums in column (c).
Column (c) - Cost or Other Basis. In general, the cost or other basis represents the cost of the property plus purchase commissions and improvements, minus depreciation, amortization, and depletion. Enter the cost or adjusted basis of the asset for California purposes. Use your records and California tax returns for years before 1987 to determine the California amount to enter in column (c). If you used an amount other than cost as the original basis, your federal basis may be different from your California basis. Other reasons for differences include:

- Depreciation Methods and Property Expensing - Before 1987, California law disallowed the use of accelerated cost recovery system (ACRS) and disallowed the use of an asset depreciation range $20 \%$ above or below the standard rate. Before 1999, California had different limits on the expensing of property under IRC Section 179. California law permits rapid write-off of certain property such as solar energy systems, pollution control devices, and property used in an Enterprise Zone, LAMBRA, Targeted Tax Area, or Los Angeles Revitalization Zone (LARZ).
- Inherited Property - The California basis of property inherited from a decedent is generally fair market value (FMV) at the time of death.
- S Corporation Stock - Prior to 1987, California law did not recognize Scorporations; therefore, your California basis in S corporation stock may differ from your federal basis. In general, your California basis will be cost-adjusted for income, loss, and distributions received after 1986, while your stock was California S corporation stock. Your federal basis will be cost-adjusted for income, loss, and distributions received during the time your stock qualified for federal S corporation treatment. Effective for taxable years beginning on or after 1/1/02, any corporation with a valid federal $S$ corporation election is considered an S corporation for California purposes. Existing law already requires federal C corporations to be treated as C corporations for California purposes.
- Special Credits - California law authorizes special tax credits not allowed under federal law or computed differently under federal law. In many instances if you claimed special credits related to capital assets, you must reduce your basis in the assets by the amount of credit.
Other adjustments may apply differently to the federal and California basis of your capital assets. Figure the original basis of your asset using the California law in effect when the asset was acquired, and adjust it according to provisions of California law in effect during the period of your ownership.
Line 1b - R\&TC Section 18152.5 Exclusion. If the gain qualifying for the IRC Section 1202 exclusion also qualifies for the California exclusion under R\&TC Section 18152.5: Enter in column (a)
"Section 18152.5 Exclusion." Complete column (b) and column (c) according to the instructions for line 1a. Enter in column (d) the amount of gain that qualifies for the California exclusion. En ter in column (e) the entire gain realized. If the gain qualifying for the IRC Section 1202 exclusion does not qualify for the California exclusion: Complete column (a), column (b), and column (c) according to the instructions for line 1a. Enter -0- in column (d) and enter the entire gain realized in column (e).

Line 2 - Net Gain or (Loss) Shown on California Schedule(s) K-1 (100S, 541, 565, and 568). Combine gain(s) and loss(es) from all California Schedule(s) K-1(100S, 541, 565, and 568), Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, Etc. See California Schedule K-1 (100S, 541, 565, and 568) instructions for more information on capital gains and losses. Enter the net loss on line 2, column (d), or the net gain on line 2, column (e).
Line 3 - Capital Gain Distributions. If you receive federal Form 2439, Notice to Shareholder of Undistributed Long-Term Capital Gains, from a mutual fund, do not include the undistributed capital gain dividends on Schedule D. If you receive federal Form 1099-DIV, Dividends and Distributions, enter the amount of distributed capital gain dividends.
Line 6-2008 California Capital Loss Carryover. If you were a resident of California for all prior years, enter your California capital loss carryover from 2008. However, if you were a nonresident of California during any taxable year that generated a portion of your 2008 capital loss carryover, recalculate your 2008 capital loss carryover as if you resided in California for all prior years. Get FTB Pub. 1100, Taxation of Nonresidents and Individuals Who Change Residency, for more information. Enter your California capital loss carryover amount from 2008 on line 6.
Line 8 - Net Gain or Loss. If the amount on line 4 is more than the amount on line 7, subtract line 7 from line 4. Enter the difference as a gain on line 8.
If the amount on line 7 is more than the amount on line 4, subtract line 4 from line 7 and enter the difference as a negative amount on line 8.
Use the worksheet on this page to figure your capital loss carryover to 2010.
Line 9 - If line 8 is a net capital loss, enter the smaller of the loss on line 8 or $\$ 3,000$ ( $\$ 1,500$ if you are married or an RDP filing a separate return).
Line 12a - Compare the amounts entered on line 10 and line 11 to figure the adjustment to enter on Schedule CA (540), line 13, column B.

## For example:

Loss on line 10 is less than loss on line 11.
Federal loss on line 10 is . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $(\$ 1,000)$
California loss on line 11 is . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $(\$ 2,000)$
Difference between line 10 and line 11 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$1,000
Gain on line 10 and loss on line 11.
Federal gain on line 10 is . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$3,000
California loss on line 11 is . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $(\$ 3,000)$
Difference between line 10 and line 11 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$6,000
Line 12b - Compare the amounts on line 10 and 11 to figure the adjustment to enter on Schedule CA (540), line 13, column C.

## For example:

Loss on line 10 is more than loss on line 11.
Federal loss on line 10 is
California loss on line 11 is . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $(\$ 1,000)$
Difference between line 11 and line 10 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$1,000
Loss on line 10 and gain on line 11.
Federal loss on line 10 is . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $(\$ 2,000)$
California gain on line 11 is . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$5,000
Difference between line 10 and line 11 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$7,000

## California Capital Loss Carryover Worksheet

1. Loss from Schedule $D(540)$, line 11, stated as a
positive number. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1
2. Amount from Form 540, line 17 ...................... . . 2
3. Amount from Form 540, line 18 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3
4. Subtract line 3 from line 2 . If less than zero, enter
as a negative amount. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4
5. Combine line 1 and line 4 . If less than zero,
enter $-0-\ldots$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5
6. Loss from Schedule D (540), line 8 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 6

7. Subtract line 7 from line 6 . This is your capital loss carryover to 2010
.8

## 2009

Part I Identify the Activity as Passive or Nonpassive. (See instructions.)
$1 \square$ This form is being completed for a passive activity.
$\square$ This form is being completed for a nonpassive activity.
Part II Election to Expense Certain Tangible Property (IRC Section 179).
2 Enter the amount from line 12 of the Tangible Property Expense Worksheet in the instructions
Business or activity to which form FTB 3885A relates


## Instructions for Form FTB 3885A

## Depreciation and Amortization Adjustments

References in these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2005, and to the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R\&TC).

## General Information

In general, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 2005. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to fth.ca.gov and search for conformity. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, the instructions for California Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), and the Business Entity tax booklets.
The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most useful to the greatest number of taxpayers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R\&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpayers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.
Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information on differences between California and federal law for the following items:

- Amortization of certain intangibles (IRC Section 197)
- Qualified Indian Reservation property
- Grapevines subject to Phylloxera or Pierce's disease
- Additional depreciation

For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California registered domestic partner (RDP), unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP they refer to both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

## Purpose

Use form FTB 3885A, Depreciation and Amortization Adjustments, only if there is a difference between the amount of depreciation and amortization allowed as a deduction using California law and the amount allowed using federal law. California law and federal law have not always allowed the same depreciation methods, special credits, or accelerated write-offs. As a result, the recovery periods or the basis on which the depreciation is figured for California may be different from the amounts used for federal purposes. You will probably have reportable differences if all or part of your assets were placed in service:

- Before $\mathbf{1 / 1 / 8 7}$. California disallowed depreciation under the federal accelerated cost recovery system (ACRS). Continue to figure California depreciation for those assets in the same manner as in prior years for those assets.
- On or after $1 / 1 / 87$. California provides special credits and accelerated write-offs that affect the California basis of qualifying assets. California
did not conform to all changes to federal law enacted in 1993; therefore, the California basis or recovery periods may be different for some assets.
- On or after $9 / 11 / 01$. If you claimed the $30 \%$ additional depreciation for federal purposes, California has not conformed to the federal Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002 which allows taxpayers to take an additional first year depreciation deduction and Alternative Minimum Tax depreciation adjustment for property placed in service after 9/10/01.
- California generally conforms to the federal 2003 increase (IRC Section 280F) for the limitation on luxury automobile depreciation. In addition, SUVs and minivans built on a truck chassis are included in the definition of trucks and vans when applying the 6,000 pound gross weight limit. However, California does not conform to the IRC Section 168(k) provisions ( $30 \%$ and $50 \%$ additional first year depreciation).
Differences may also occur for other less common reasons, and the instructions for Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) list them on the line for the type of income likely to be affected. Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information about figuring and reporting these adjustments.
If reporting a difference for assets related to a passive activity, get form FTB 3801, Passive Activity Loss Limitations, for more information about passive activities.
Do not use form FTB 3885A to report depreciation expense from federal Form2106, Employee Business Expenses. Instead, see the instructions for Schedule CA (540 or 540NR), line 41.


## Specific Line Instructions

Prepare and file a separate form FTB 3885A for each business or activity on your return that has a difference between California and federal depreciation or amortization. Enter the name of the business or activity in the space provided at the top of the form. If you need more space, attach additional sheets. However, complete Part II, Election to Expense Certain Tangible Property (IRC Section 179), only once.

## Part I Identify the Activity as Passive or Nonpassive

Line 1 - Check the box to identify the activity as passive or nonpassive. A passive activity is any activity involving the conduct of any trade or business in which you did not materially participate. Get form FTB 3801 for more information.
If the activity is passive, use this form as a worksheet to figure the depreciation adjustment to carry to form FTB 3801. Beginning in 1994, and for federal purposes only, rental real estate activities of persons in real property business are not automatically treated as passive activities. California did not conform to this provision.

## Part II Election To Expense Certain Tangible Property

If you qualify, you may elect to expense part of the cost of depreciable personal property used in your trade or business and certain other property described in federal Publication 946, How to Depreciate Property. To qualify, you must have purchased property, as defined in the IRC Section 179(d)(2), and placed it in service during 2009, or have a carryover of unused cost from 2008. If you elect this deduction, you must reduce your California depreciable basis by the IRC Section 179 expense.
Although federal law increased the IRC Section 179 expense to $\$ 250,000$, under California law, the maximum deduction allowed for 2009 is \$25,000.
Complete the worksheet in the next column to figure IRC Section 179 expense for California. Include all assets qualifying for the deduction because the limit applies to all qualifying assets as a group rather than to each asset individually. Refer to federal Form 4562, Depreciation and Amortization, for more information.


## Part III Depreciation

Line 3 - Complete column (a) through column (f) for each tangible asset or group of assets placed in service during the tax year. Use the California basis for assets on which you elected to take the Section 179 deduction.
It will be the difference between line 6, column (b) and line 6, column (c) of the Tangible Property Expense Worksheet in Part II.
Line 8a and Line 8b - Are you using this form as a worksheet in connection with form FTB 3801?

Yes Enter the amount from line 8a or line 8b on form FTB 3801, Side 2, California Passive Activity Worksheet, column (e).
No Include the amount from line 8a on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) in column B on line 12 for federal Schedule C, Profit or Loss From Business, activities; on line 17 for federal Schedule E, Supplemental Income and Loss, activities; and on line 18 for federal Schedule F, Profit or Loss From Farming, activities. Include the amount from line 8b on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) in column C on line 12 for federal Schedule C activities; on line 17 for federal Schedule E activities; and on line 18 for federal Schedule F activities.

## Part IV Amortization

Line 9 - Complete column (a) through column (f) for intangible assets placed in service during the tax year. Use the California basis and the California recovery period.
Line 14a and Line 14b - Are you using this form as a worksheet in connection with form FTB 3801?
Yes Enter the amount from line 14a or line 14b on form FTB 3801, Side 2, California Passive Activity Worksheet, column (e).
No Include the amount from line 14a on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) in column B on line 12 for federal Schedule C activities; on line 17 for federal Schedule E activities; and on line 18 for federal Schedule $F$ activities.
Include the amount from line 14b on Schedule CA (540 or 540NR) in column C on line 12 for federal Schedule $C$ activities; on line 17 for federal Schedule E activities; and on line 18 for federal Schedule F activities.

## Instructions for Form FTB 3519

Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals

## What's New

Mandatory Electronic Payments - You are required to remit all your payments electronically once you make an estimate or extension payment exceeding $\$ 20,000$ or you file an original return with a total tax liability over $\$ 80,000$ for any taxable year that begins on or after January 1, 2009. Once you meet this threshold, all subsequent payments regardless of amount, tax type, or taxable year must be remitted electronically. The first payment that would trigger the mandatory e-pay requirement does not have to be made electronically. Individuals who do not send the payment electronically may be subject to a one percent noncompliance penalty. Electronic payments can be made using Web Pay on the Franchise Tax Board's (FTB's) website, electronic funds withdrawal (EFW) as part of the e-file return, or your credit card. For more information or to obtain the waiver form, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for mandatory epay.

## General Information

Use form FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals, only if both of the following apply:

- You cannot file your 2009 return by April 15, 2010.

Note: Fiscal Year Filers, your return is due the 15th day of the 4th month
following the close of your fiscal year.

- You owe tax for 2009.

When you file your 2009 return, you can e-file or CalFile. Go to fth.ca.gov and search for e-file options. If you use form FTB 3519, you may not file Form 540 2EZ or Short Form 540NR.
Use the worksheet below to determine if you owe tax. If you do not owe tax, do not complete or mail form FTB 3519. However, file your return by October 15, 2010. If you owe tax, choose one of the following payment options:

- Web Pay: To make a payment online or to schedule a future payment (up to one year in advance), go to fth.ca.gov and search for web pay. Do not mail form FTB 3519 to the FTB.
- Credit Card: Use your major credit card. Call 800.272 .9829 or go to officialpayments.com, use code 1555. Official Payments Corp. charges a convenience fee for using this service. Do not mail form FTB 3519 to the FTB.
- Check or Money Order: Complete the payment form below using blue or black ink, and mail it with your check or money order to the "Franchise Tax Board." Make all checks or money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution.
- Installment Agreement: Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for installment agreement or get FTB 3567, Installment Agreement Request Booklet.


## Penalties and Interest

If you fail to pay your total tax liability by April 15, 2010, you will incur a late payment penalty plus interest. If you pay at least $90 \%$ of the tax shown on the return by the original due date of the return, we will waive the penalty based on reasonable cause. However, the imposition of interest is mandatory. If, after April 15, 2010, you find that your estimate of tax due was too low, pay the additional tax as soon as possible to avoid or minimize further accumulation of penalties and interest. Pay your additional tax with another form FTB 3519. If you do not file your tax return by October 15, 2010, you will incur a late filing penalty plus interest from the original due date of the return. For Fiscal Year Filers, your tax return is due the 15th day of the 10th month following the close of your fiscal year.

## Taxpayers Residing or Traveling Outside the USA

If you are residing or traveling outside the USA on April 15, 2010, the deadline to file your return and pay the tax is June 15, 2010. Interest will accrue from the original due date (April 15, 2010) until the date of payment. If you need additional time to file, you will be allowed a six-month extension without filing a request. To qualify for the extension, file your tax return by December 15, 2010. To avoid any late-payment penalties, pay your tax liability by June 15, 2010. When filing your tax return, attach a statement to the front indicating that you were "Outside the USA on April 15, 2010."

## TAX PAYMENT WORKSHEET KEEP FOR YOUR RECORDS



Save the stamp - pay online with Web Pay!
O-DETACH HERE $\qquad$ IF NO PAYMENT IS DUE, DO NOT MAIL THIS FORM $\qquad$ DETACH HERE $\qquad$
(Calendar year - File and Pay by April 15, 2010) (Fiscal year filers - see instructions)
TAXABLE YEAR CALIFORNIA FORM

## 2009 Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals



## 2010 Estimated Tax for Individuals

Fiscal year filers, enter year ending month: Year 2011
If joint payment, spouse's/RDP's first name
Address (number and street, PO Box, or PMB no.)

## 2010 Estimated Tax for Individuals

Fiscal year filers, enter year ending month:
Your first name
$\qquad$ DETACH HERE $\qquad$ IF NO PAYMENT IS DUE, DO NOT MAIL THIS FORM $\qquad$ DETACH HERE $\qquad$

Fiscal year filers, enter year ending month:

| Your first name |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| If joint payment, spouse's/RDP's first name | Initial |
| Address (number and street, PO Box, or PMB no.) |  |

Year 2011

Your SSN or ITINSpouse's/RDP's SSN or ITIN| Apt no./Ste. no. | Payment |
| :---: | :---: |State ZIP Code

City (If you have a foreign address, see instructions) $\qquad$

Do not combine this payment with payment of your tax due for 2009. Using blue or black ink, make your check or money order payable to the "Franchise Tax Board." Write your social security number or individual taxpayer identification number and "2010 Form 540 -ES" on it. Mail this form and your check or money order to: FRANCHISE TAX BOARD, PO BOX 942867, SACRAMENTO CA 94267-0031.
If no payment is due, do not mail this form.
See Section A of the instructions for an alternative to using this form.
$\qquad$

## 2010 Estimated Tax for Individuals

Fiscal year filers, enter year ending month:
Your first name

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## 2010 Instructions for Form 540-ES Estimated Tax For Individuals

## What's New

Same- Sex Married Couples - For information regarding estimate tax payments, get 2009 FTB Pub. 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Married Couples.
Installment Payments - Installments due for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1,2010 shall be thirty percent of the required annual payment for the 1st required installment, forty percent of the required annual payment for the 2nd required installment, no installment is due for the 3rd required installment, and thirty percent of the required annual payment for the 4th required installment.

## General Information

Taxpayers are required to remit their payments electronically if they make an estimate or extension payment exceeding $\$ 20,000$ for taxable year 2009, or the total tax liability shown on their original 2009 tax return exceeds $\$ 80,000$. Once you meet the threshold, all subsequent payments regardless of amount, tax type, or taxable year must be remitted electronically. Individuals that do not send the payment electronically will be subject to a one percent noncompliance penalty. Electronic payments can be made using Web Pay on Franchise Tax Board's (FTB's) website, electronic funds withdrawal (EFW) as part of the e-file return, or your credit card. For more information go to ftb.ca.gov and search for mandatory epay.

## A Purpose

Use Form 540-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals, and the 2010 Estimated Tax Worksheet, to determine if you owe estimated tax for 2010 and to figure the required amounts. Estimated tax is the tax you expect to owe in 2010 after subtracting the credits you plan to take and tax you expect to have withheld. If you need to make a payment for your 2009 tax liability or make a separate payment for any balance due on your 2009 tax return, use form FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals.
Certain taxpayers are limited in their use of the prior year's tax as a basis for figuring their estimated tax. See paragraph C below for more information. Check for estimated payments we've received at ftb.ca.gov and search for myftb account. Increasing your withholding could eliminate the need to make a large payment with your tax return. To increase your withholding, complete Employment Development Department (EDD) Form DE 4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate, and give it to your employer's appropriate payroll staff. You can get this form from your employer, or by calling EDD at 888.745.3886. You can download the Form DE 4 from EDD's website at www.edd.ca.gov or go to ftb.ca.gov and search for de 4. Form DE 4 specifically adjusts your California state withholding and is not the same as the federal Form W-4, Employee's Withholding Allowance Certificate.

## B Who Must Make Estimated Tax Payments

Generally, you must make estimated tax payments if you expect to owe at least $\$ 500$ ( $\$ 250$ if married/RDP filing separately) in tax for 2010 (after subtracting withholding and credits) and you expect your withholding and credits to be less than the smaller of:

1. $90 \%$ of the tax shown on your 2010 tax return.
2. The tax shown on your 2009 tax return including AMT.

Note:

- You do not have to make estimated tax payments if you are a nonresident or new resident of California in 2010 and did not have a California tax liability in 2009, see Section C for more information.
- If you are a military servicemember not domiciled in California, do not include your military pay in your computation of estimated tax payments. If you are the nonmilitary spouse of a servicemember you may or may not need to include your pay in your computation of estimated tax payments. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel.
If you and your spouse/RDP paid joint estimated tax payments, but are now filing separate income tax returns, either of you may claim all of the amount paid, or you may each claim part of the joint estimated payments. If you want the estimated tax payments to be divided, notify the FTB before you file the income tax returns so that the payments can be applied to the proper account. The FTB will accept in writing, any divorce agreement (or court ordered settlement) or a statement showing the allocation of the payments along with a notarized signature of both taxpayers. The statements should be sent to:

JOINT ESTIMATE CREDIT ALLOCATION MS F225, TAXPAYER SERVICES CENTER, FRANCHISE TAX BOARD, PO BOX 942840, SACRAMENTO CA 94240-0040

## C Limit on the Use of Prior Year's Tax

Individuals who are required to make estimated tax payments, and whose 2009 adjusted gross income is more than $\$ 150,000$ (or $\$ 75,000$ if married/RDP filing separately), must figure estimated tax based on the lesser of 90\% of their tax for 2010 or $110 \%$ of their tax for 2009 including AMT. This rule does not apply to farmers or fishermen.
Taxpayers with 2010 adjusted gross income equal to or greater than \$1,000,000 (or $\$ 500,000$ if married/RDP filing separately), must figure estimated tax based on their tax for 2010.

## D When to Make Your Estimated Tax Payments

For estimated tax purposes, the year is divided into four payment periods. Each period has a specific payment due date. The payment periods and due dates are:

For the payment period:
January 1 through March 31, 2010
April 1 through May 31, 2010
June 1 through August 31,2010
Sept. 1 through Dec. 31, 2010

File and Pay by:
April 15, 2010
June 15, 2010
September 15, 2010
January 18, 2011

Filing an Early Return In Place of the 4th Installment. If you file your 2010 tax return by January 31, 2011, and pay the entire balance due, you do not have to make your last estimated tax payment. In addition, you will not owe a penalty for the fourth installment.
Annualization Option. If you do not receive your taxable income evenly during the year, it may be to your advantage to annualize your income. This method allows you to match your estimated tax payments to the actual period when you earned the income. You may use the annualization schedule included with the 2009 form FTB 5805, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries.
Farmers and Fishermen. If you are a farmer or fisherman, and at least two-thirds of your 2009 and 2010 gross income is from farming or fishing, you may do either of the following:

- Pay all of your estimated tax by January $18,2011$.
- File your tax return for 2010 on or before March 3, 2011, and pay the total tax due. In this case, you need not make estimated tax payments for 2010. Use the 2009 form FTB 5805F, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Farmers and Fishermen, to determine if you paid the required estimated tax. If the estimated tax is underpaid, attach the completed form FTB 5805F to the back of your return.
Fiscal Year. If you file your return on a fiscal year basis, your due dates will be the 15th day of the 4th, 6th, and 9th months of your fiscal year and the 1st month of the following fiscal year. If the due date falls on a weekend, or legal holiday, use the next business day.
Mental Health Services Tax. If your taxable income or nonresident CA source taxable income is more than $\$ 1,000,000$, complete the worksheet below.

| A. Taxable income from Forms 540/540A, line 19, or Long Form 540NR, line 35. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| B. Less: | \$(1,000,000) |
| C. Subtotal |  |
| D. Multiply line C by $1 \%$ | X . 01 |
| E. Mental Health Services Tax - Enter this amou the 2010 CA Estimated Tax Worksheet, on the |  |

## E How to Use Form 540-ES Payment Form

Use the CA Estimated Tax Worksheet and your 2009 California income tax return as a guide for figuring your 2010 estimated tax. Be sure that the amount shown on line 21 of the CA Estimated Tax Worksheet has been reduced by any overpaid tax on your 2009 tax return which you chose to apply toward your 2010 estimated tax payment.

## Note:

- Form 540-ES is not an application for an installment agreement. If you have a financial hardship and cannot pay your taxes in full, you may request to make monthly installment payments. Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for installment agreement.
- If you filed Form 5402 2EZ for 2009, do not use the Form 540 2EZ instructions for figuring amounts on this worksheet. Instead, get the 2009 California 540 \& 540A Personal Income Tax Booklet.
There is a separate payment form for each due date. Please be sure you use the form with the correct due date shown in the top margin of the form. Complete Form 540-ES using black or blue ink:

1. Print your name, address, and social security number (SSN) or individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) in the space provided on Form 540-ES. If you have a foreign address, enter the information in the following order: City, Country, Province/Region, and Postal Code. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. Do not abbreviate the country name.
2. Complete the amount of payment line of the form by entering the amount of the payment that you are sending.
3. Paying your tax:

Web Pay - To make a payment online or to schedule a future payment (up to one year in advance), go to ftb.ca.gov and search for web pay. Do not mail Forms $540-\mathrm{ES}$ to us.
Credit card - Go to fth.ca.gov and search for pay by credit card or call 800.272 .9829 . You will be charged a fee for this service.

Do not mail the form if you pay by credit card.
Check or money order - Using blue or black ink, make your check or money order payable to the "Franchise Tax Board." Write your SSN or ITIN and "2010 Form $540-E S$ " on it and mail to the address on the form.
Make all checks and money orders payable in U.S. dollars and drawn against a U.S. financial institution.
4. Complete the Record of Estimated Tax Payments on the next page for your files.
5. Fiscal year filers: Enter the month of your fiscal year end (located directly below the form's title).

## F Failure to Make Estimated Tax Payments

If you do not make the required estimate payments, if you pay an installment after the date it is due, or if you underpay any installment, a penalty may be assessed on the portion of estimated tax that was underpaid from the due date of the installment to the date of payment or the due date of your tax return, whichever is earlier. Get the 2009 form FTB 5805 for more information.

|  | Residents: Enter your estimated 2010 California AGI. Nonresidents and part-year residents: Enter your estimated 2010 total AGI from all sources. Military servicemember/spouses, get Pub. 1032 Tax Information for Military Personnel | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | a If you plan to itemize deductions, enter the estimated total of your itemized deductions .......... 2a $\qquad$ <br> b If you do not plan to itemize deductions, enter the standard deduction for your filing status: <br> $\$ 3,637$ single or married/RDP filing separately <br> $\$ 7,274$ married/RDP filing jointly, head of household, or qualifying widow(er) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2b $\qquad$ <br> c Enter the amount from line 2 a or line 2 b , whichever applies | 2 c |
| 3 | Subtract line 2c from line 1 | 3 |
| 4 | Tax. Figure your tax on the amount on line 3 using the 2009 tax table for Forms 540/540A, or Long Form 540NR. Also include any tax from form FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Children with Investment Income, and form FTB 3803, Parents' Election to Report Child's Interest and Dividends | 4 |
| 5 | Residents: Skip to line 6a. Nonresidents and part-year residents: <br> a Enter your estimated California taxable income from Schedule CA (540NR), Part IV, line 49 <br> b Compute the CA Tax Rate: $\frac{\text { Tax on total taxable income from line } 4}{\text { Total taxable income from line } 3}$ <br> Total taxable income from line 3 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $5 a$ $5 b$ |
|  | c Multiply the amount on line 5a by the CA Tax Rate on line 5b | 5 C |
|  | a Residents: Enter the exemption credit amount from the 2009 instructions for Forms $540 / 540 \mathrm{~A} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. . . . . . . . . . . | $6 a$ 60 |
| 7 | Nonresidents: CA prorated exemption credits. Multiply the total exemption credit amount by line 6b | 7 |
| 8 | Residents: Subtract line 6a from line 4. Nonresidents or part-year residents: Subtract line 7 from line 5c | 8 |
| 9 | Tax on accumulation distribution of trusts. See instructions for form FTB 5870A, Tax on Accumulation Distribution of Trusts . . . . | 9 |
| 10 | Add line 8 and line 9 | 10 |
| 11 | Credits for joint custody head of household, dependent parent, senior head of household, and child and dependent care expenses. Nonresidents and part-year residents: For the child and dependent care expenses credit, use the amount from your 2009 Long Form 540NR, line 88. For the other credits listed on line 11, multiply the total 2009 credit amount by the ratio on line 6 b. | 11 |
| 12 | Subtract line 11 from line 10. | 12 |
| 13 | Other credits (such as other state tax credit). See the 2009 instructions for Forms 540/540A, or Long Form 540NR | 13 |
| 14 |  | 14 |
| 15 | Interest on deferred tax from installment obligations under IRC Sections 453 or 453A . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1 | 15 |
| 16 | Alternative Minimum Tax. See Schedule P (540 or 540NR) | 16 |
| 17 | Mental Health Services Tax Worksheet, line E (on page 1 of these instructions). | 17 |
| 18 | 2010 Estimated Tax. Add line 14 through line 17. Enter the result, but not less than zero | 18 |

182010 Estimated Tax. Add line 14 through line 17. Enter the result, but not less than zero .................................. 18
19 a Multiply line 18 by $90 \%$ (.90). Farmers and fishermen multiply line 18 by $662 / 3 \%$ (.6667)....... 19a
b Enter the sum of line 48, line 61, and line 62 from your 2009 Form 540; line 64 from Form 540A; or the sum of line 63 , line 71 , and line 72 from your Long Form 540NR..................... 19b

d Is the amount on line 19c more than $\$ 150,000$ ( $\$ 75,000$ if married/RDP filing separately)?
Yes. Go to line 19e. No. Enter the lesser of line 19a or line 19b. Skip line $19 e$ and 19 f and go to line $20 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$................ 19 d
e Multiply $110 \%$ (1.10) by the sum of line 48 , line 61 , and line 62 from your 2009 Form 540 ; line 64 from Form 540A; or the sum of line 63 , line 71 , and line 72 from your Long Form 540NR.

19e

Caution: Generally, if you do not prepay at least the amount on line 19d (or $19 f$ if no amount on line 19d), you may owe a penalty for not paying enough estimated tax. To avoid a penalty, make sure your estimated tax on line 18 is as accurate as possible. If you prefer, you may pay $100 \%$ of your 2010 estimated tax (line 18).
20 California income tax withheld and estimated to be withheld during 2010 (include withholding on pensions, annuities, etc.) ..... 20
21 Balance. Subtract line 20 from line 19d (or line 19 f if no amount on line 19 d ). If less than $\$ 500$ (or less than $\$ 250$,
if married/RDF filing separately), you do not have to make a payment at this time
21
22 Installment amount. Multiply the amount on line 21 by $30 \%$. Enter the results on the 1st and 4th installments of your Forms 540 -ES. Multiply the amount on line 21 by $40 \%$. Enter the result on the 2 nd installment of your Forms 540 -ES. There is not a required 3rd installment payment. If you will earn your income at an uneven rate during the year, see Annualization Option in the instructions under paragraph D.
Record of Estimated Tax Payments

| Payment form number | (a) Date | (b) Web Pay/Credit card and confirmation number | (c) Amount paid | (d) 2009 overpayment applied | (e) Total amount paid and credited add (c) and (d) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  | \$ |  |

Page 42 Form 540-ES Instructions 2009

## Instructions for Schedule CA (540)

References to these instructions are to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 1, 2005, and the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R\&TC).

## What's New

## Conformity

For updates regarding the following federal act, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for conformity.

- American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

Same-Sex Married Couples (SSMCs) - Married couples must file their California income tax returns using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. On May 26, 2009, the California Supreme Court ruled that the Proposition 8 constitutional amendment is valid and only marriage between a man and a woman is recognized in California. However, the court also held that same-sex couple marriages performed in California after 5:00 p.m. on June 16, 2008, and before November 5, 2008, are valid marriages for California purposes. For more information, get FTB Pub. 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Married Couples.
Charitable Contributions for 2010 Haiti Earthquake Disaster - A recently enacted federal law allows a 2009 charitable contribution deduction for cash contributions made after January 11, 2010, and before March 1, 2010, for the relief of victims in areas affected by the earthquake in Haiti on January 12, 2010. As of March 15, 2010, California law conforms to the federal law with regards to 2010 Haiti earthquake disaster contributions. If you filed your 2009 California tax return prior to March 15, 2010, and reported the charitable contribution for the 2010 Haiti disaster as a negative amount on line 41 on Schedule CA (540), use Form 540X, Amended Individual Tax Return, and report the negative amount as a positive amount on line 5, column B.

## General Information

In general, California law conforms to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as of January 2005. However, there are continuing differences between California and federal law. When California conforms to federal tax law changes, we do not always adopt all of the changes made at the federal level. For more information, go to fth.ca.gov and search for conformity. Additional information can be found in FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments, and the Business Entity tax booklets.
The instructions provided with California tax forms are a summary of California tax law and are only intended to aid taxpayers in preparing their state income tax returns. We include information that is most usefu to the greatest number of taxpayers in the limited space available. It is not possible to include all requirements of the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R\&TC) in the tax booklets. Taxpayers should not consider the tax booklets as authoritative law.

Net Operating Loss - For taxable years beginning in 2008 and 2009, California has suspended the net operating loss (NOL) carryover deduction. Taxpayers may continue to compute and carryover an NOL during the suspension period. However, taxpayers with net business income of less than $\$ 500,000$ or with disaster loss carryovers are not affected by the NOL suspension rules.
The carryover period for suspended losses is extended by:

- Two years for losses incurred in taxable years beginning before January 1, 2008.
- One year for losses incurred in taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2009.
Also, NOL carrybacks, NOL carryovers, and the number of taxable years to which the loss may be carried, are modified. For more information, see form FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations - Individuals, Estates, and Trusts.

Registered Domestic Partners (RDP) - RDPs under California law must file their California income tax returns using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. RDPs have the same legal benefits, protections, and responsibilities as married couples unless otherwise specified.

If you entered into a same sex legal union in another state, other than a marriage, and that union has been determined to be substantially equivalent to a California registered domestic partnership, you are required to file a California income tax return using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. For more information on what states have legal unions that are considered substantially equivalent, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for attorney general.
For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California registered domestic partner (RDP), unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP they refer to both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.
Same-Sex Married Couples and Registered Domestic Partners - SSMCs and RDPs will compute their limitations based on the combined federal adjusted gross income (AGI) of each spouse's or partner's individual tax return filed with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
For column A, line 7 through line 21, and line 23 through line 35 , combine your federal amounts from each spouse's or partner's individual federal tax return. For more information on SSMCs, get FTB Pub. 776, or RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737.
The combined federal AGI used to compute limitations is different from the recalculated federal AGI used on Form 540, line 13. In situations where SSMCs have no SSMC adjustments or RDPs have no RDP adjustments, these amounts may be the same.
Military Personnel - Servicemembers domiciled outside of California, and their spouses/RDPs, may exclude the servicemember's military compensation from gross income when computing the tax rate on nonmilitary income. Requirements for military servicemembers domiciled in California remain unchanged. Military servicemembers domiciled in California must include their military pay in total income. In addition, they must include their military pay as California source income when stationed in California. However, military pay is not California source income when a servicemember is permanently stationed outside of California. Beginning 2009, the federal Military Spouses Residency Relief Act may affect the California income tax filing requirements for spouses of military personnel. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel.
Round Cents to Dollars - Round cents to the nearest whole dollar. For example, round $\$ 50.50$ up to $\$ 51$ or round $\$ 25.49$ down to $\$ 25$. If you do not round, the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) will disregard the cents.

## Purpose

Use Schedule CA (540), California Adjustments - Residents, to make adjustments to your federal adjusted gross income and to your federal itemized deductions using California law.

## Specific Line Instructions

## Part I Income Adjustment Schedule

## Column A — Federal Amounts

Line 7 through Line 21
Enter on line 7 through line 21 the same amounts you entered on your federal Form 1040, line 7 through line 21; Form 1040A, line 7 through line 14b; or Form 1040EZ line 1, line 2, and line 3.

## Line 22 - Total

Combine the amounts on line 7 through line 21.
Line 23 through Line 30 and Line 32 through Line 35
Enter the same amounts entered on your federal Form 1040, line 23 through line 30 and line 32 through line 35 or Form 1040A, line 16 through line 19.

## Line 31a and Line 31b

Enter on line 31a the same amount entered on your federal Form 1040, line 31a. Enter on line 31b the social security number (SSN) or individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) and last name of the person to whom you paid alimony.

## Line 36

Add line 23 through line 31a and line 32 through line 35 . However, if you made any of the adjustments described in the instructions for federal Form 1040, line 36 or if you claimed the foreign housing deduction from federal Form 2555, Foreign Earned Income, or Form 2555-EZ, Foreign Earned Income Exclusion, enter the amount from Form 1040, line 36 on this line.

## Line 37 - Total

Subtract line 36 from line 22.

## Column B and Column C - Subtractions and Additions

Use these columns to enter subtractions and additions to the federal amounts in column A that are necessary because of differences between California and federal law. Enter all amounts as positive numbers unless instructed otherwise.
You may need one or more of the following FTB publications to complete column B and column C:

- 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments
- 1005, Pension and Annuity Guidelines
- 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status
- 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel
- 1100, Taxation of Nonresidents and Individuals Who Change Residency

To get forms and publications, go to ftb.ca.gov or see page 23 of your Form 540/540A Personal Income Tax Booklet.
Line 7 - Wages, Salaries, Tips, etc.
Generally, you will not make any adjustments on this line. If you did not receive any of the following types of income, make no entry on this line in either column B or column C.
Active duty military pay. Special rules apply to active duty military taxpayers. Get FTB Pub. 1032 for more information.
Sick pay received under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act and Railroad Retirement Act. California excludes this item from income. Enter in column B the amount of these benefits included in the amount in column A.
Ridesharing fringe benefit differences. Under federal law, qualified transportation benefits are excluded from gross income. Under the R\&TC, there are no monthly limits for the exclusion of these benefits and California's definitions are more expansive. Enter the amount of ridesharing benefits received and included in federal income on line 7, column B.

## Exclusion for compensation from exercising a California Qualified

 Stock Option (CQSO). To claim this exclusion:- Your earned income is $\$ 40,000$ or less from the corporation granting the CQSO.
- The market value of the options granted to you must be less than \$100,000.
- The total number of shares must be 1,000 or less.
- The corporation issuing the stock must designate that the stock issued is a CQSO at the time the option is granted.
If you included an amount qualifying for this exclusion in federal income, enter that amount in column B.
Compensation of merchant seamen, military servicemembers, rail, motor, and aircraft carriers. Exclude the following from gross income: compensation for the performance of duties of certain merchant seamen, rail carriers, motor carriers, aircraft carriers, and military servicemembers. Enter the amount included in federal income on line 7, column B. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1001.
Employer health savings account (HSA) contribution. Enter the amount of any employer HSA contribution from federal Form W-2, box 12, code W on line 7, column C.


## Line 8 - Taxable Interest

If you did not receive any of the kinds of income listed below, make no entry on this line in either column B or column C.
Enter in column B the interest you received from:

- U.S. savings bonds (except for interest from series EE U.S. savings bonds issued after 1989 that qualified for the Education Savings Bond Program exclusion).
- U.S. Treasury bills, notes, and bonds.
- Any other bonds or obligations of the United States and its territories.
- Interest from Ottoman Turkish Empire Settlement Payments.
- Interest income from children ages 14 through 18, and students under age 24. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1001.
- Interest income from children under age 14, included on the parent's or child's federal return and reported on the California return by the opposite taxpayer.
Certain mutual funds pay "exempt-interest dividends." If the mutual fund has at least $50 \%$ of its assets invested in tax-exempt U.S. obligations and/or in California or its municipal obligations, that amount of dividend is exempt from California tax. The proportion of dividends that are tax-exempt will be shown on your annual statement or statement issued with Form 1099-INT, Interest Income.
Enter in column C the interest you identified as tax-exempt interest on your federal Form 1040 (or Form 1040A), line 8b, and which you received from:
- The federally exempt interest dividends from other states, or their municipal obligations and/or from mutual funds that do not meet the 50\% rule above.
- Non-California state bonds.
- Non-California municipal bonds issued by a county, city, town, or other local government unit.
- Obligations of the District of Columbia issued after 12/27/73.
- Non-California bonds if the interest was passed through to you from S corporations, trusts, partnerships, or Limited Liability Companies (LLCs).
- Interest or other earnings earned from a Health Savings Account (HSA) are not treated as taxed deferred. Interest or earnings in a HSA are taxable in the year earned.
- Interest on any bond or other obligation issued by the Government of American Samoa.
- Interest income from children under age 14 , excluded on the parent's or child's federal return and reported on the California return.
Make no entries in either column B or column C for interest you earned on Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) Bonds,
Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae) Bonds, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporations (FHLMC) securities, or grants paid to low income individuals.
Get FTB Pub. 1001 if you received interest income from the following sources:
- Loans made in an enterprise zone (EZ) or the former Los Angeles Revitalization Zone (LARZ).
- Items listed above passed through to you from S corporations, trusts, estates, partnerships, or LLCs.


## Line 9 - Ordinary Dividends

Generally, no difference exists between the amount of dividends reported in column A and the amount reported using California law. However, California taxes dividends derived from other states and their municipal obligations.
Add dividends received from the following and enter in column B:

- Dividend income for children ages 14 through 18, and students under age 24. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1001.
- Dividend income from children under age 14, included on the parent's or child's federal return and reported on the California return by the opposite taxpayer.
Add dividends received from the following and enter in column C :
- Controlled foreign corporation (CFC) dividends in the year distributed.
- Regulated investment company (RIC) capital gains in the year distributed.
- Distributions of pre-1987 earnings from an S corporation.
- Dividend income from children under age 14, excluded on the parent's or child's federal return and reported on the California return.
Get FTB Pub. 1001 if you received dividends from:
- Non-cash patronage dividends from farmers' cooperatives or mutual associations.
- A CFC.
- Distributions of pre-1987 earnings from S corporations.
- Undistributed capital gains for RIC shareholders.


## Line 10 - Taxable Refunds, Credits, or Offsets of State and Local

 Income TaxesCalifornia does not tax the state income tax refund received in 2009. Enter in column B the amount of state tax refund entered in column A.

## Line 11 - Alimony Received

If you are a nonresident alien and received alimony not included in your federal income, enter the alimony on this line in column C. Otherwise, make no entry on this line.

## Line 12 - Business Income or (Loss)

Adjustments to federal business income or loss you reported in column A generally are necessary because of the difference between California and federal law relating to depreciation methods, special credits, and accelerated write-offs. As a result, the recovery period or basis used to figure California depreciation may be different from the amount used for federal purposes.
Adjustments are figured on form FTB 3885A, Depreciation and
Amortization Adjustments, and are most commonly necessary because of the following:

- Before January 1, 1987, California did not allow depreciation under the federal accelerated cost recovery system. Continue to figure California depreciation for those assets in the same manner as prior years.
- On or after January 1, 1987, California provides special credits and accelerated write-offs that affect the California basis of qualifying assets. Refer to the bulleted list below.
Use form FTB 3801, Passive Activity Loss Limitations, to figure the total adjustment for line 12 if you have:
- One or more passive activities that produce a loss.
- One or more passive activities that produce a loss and any nonpassive activity reported on federal Schedule C (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Business.
Use form FTB 3885A to figure the total adjustment for line 12 if you have:
- Only nonpassive activities which produce either gains or losses (or combination of gains and losses).
- Passive activities that produce gains.

Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information about:

## Income related to:

- Business, trade, or profession carried on within California that is an integral part of a unitary business carried on both within and outside California.
- Pro-rata share of income received from a CFC by a U.S. shareholder.
- Deferred income resulting from a federal election to defer the discharge of indebtedness income as described in IRC Section 108(i).


## Basis adjustments related to:

- Property acquired prior to becoming a California resident.
- Sales or use tax credit for property used in an EZ, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area (LAMBRA), Targeted Tax Area (TTA), or former LARZ.
- Reduced recovery periods for fruit-bearing grapevines replaced in a California vineyard on or after 1/1/92 as a result of phylloxera infestation; or on or after 1/1/97 as a result of Pierce's disease.
- Expenditures for tertiary injectants.
- Property placed in service on an Indian reservation after 1/1/94 and before 1/1/08.
- Amortization of pollution control facilities.
- Discharge of real property business indebtedness.
- Employer-paid child care program.
- Employer-paid child care plan.
- Vehicles used in an employer-sponsored ridesharing program.
- An enhanced oil recovery system.
- Joint Strike Fighter property costs.
- The cost of making a business accessible to disabled individuals.
- Property for which you received an energy conservation subsidy from a public utility on or after 1/1/95 and before 1/1/97.
- Research and experimental expenditures.

Business expense deductions related to:

- Wages paid in an EZ, LAMBRA, Manufacturing Enhancement Area (MEA), or TTA.
- Certain employer costs for employees who are also enrolled members of Indian tribes.
- Abandonment or tax recoupment fees for open-space easements and timberland preserves.
- Business located in an EZ, LAMBRA, or TTA.
- Research expense.
- Employer wage expense for the Work Opportunity Credit and Welfare-to-Work Credit.
- Pro-rata share of deductions received from a CFC by a U.S. shareholder.
- Interest paid on indebtedness in connection with company-owned life insurance policies.
- Premiums paid on life insurance policies, annuities, or endowment contracts issued after 6/8/97 where the owner of the business is directly or indirectly a policy beneficiary.
- Commercial Revitalization Deductions for Renewal Communities.


## Line 13 - Capital Gain or (Loss)

Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. California taxes long and short term capital gains as regular income. No special rate for long term capital gains exists. However, the California basis of the assets listed below may be different from the federal basis due to differences between California and federal laws. If there are differences, use Schedule D (540), California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment, to calculate the amount to enter on line 13.

- Gain on the sale of qualified small business stock which qualifies for the gain exclusion under IRC Section 1202.
- Basis amounts resulting from differences between California and federal law in prior years.
- Gain or loss on stock and bond transactions.
- Installment sale gain reported on form FTB 3805E, Installment Sale Income.
- Gain on the sale of personal residence where depreciation was allowable.
- Flow-through gain or loss from partnerships, fiduciaries, S corporations, or LLCs.
- Capital loss carryover from your 2008 California Schedule D (540).

Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information about:

- Disposition of S corporation stock acquired before 1987.
- Capital gain exclusion for sale of principal residence by a surviving spouse.
- Gain on sale or disposition of qualified assisted housing development to low-income residents or to specified entities maintaining housing for low-income residents.
- Undistributed capital gain for RIC shareholders.
- Gain or loss on the sale of property inherited before 1/1/87.
- Capital loss carrybacks.
- Capital gain distribution for children ages 14 through 18, and students under age 24.
- Capital gain on Cash for Clunkers rebates under the federal Car Allowance Rebate System (CARS) program.


## Line 14 - Other Gains or (Losses)

Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. However, the California basis of your other assets may differ from your federal basis due to differences between California and federal law. Therefore, you may have to adjust the amount of other gains or losses. Get Schedule D-1, Sales of Business Property.

## Line 15 - IRA Distributions

Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. However, there may be significant differences in the taxable amount of a distribution (including a distribution from conversion of a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA), depending on when you made your contributions to the IRA. Differences also occur if your California IRA deductions were different from your federal deductions because of differences between California and federal self-employment income.
If the taxable amount using California law is:

- Less than the amount taxable under federal law, enter the difference in column B.
- More than the amount taxable under federal law, enter the difference in column C.
Get FTB Pub. 1005 for more information and worksheets for figuring the adjustment to enter on line 15, if any.
If you have an IRA basis and were a nonresident in prior years, you may need to restate your California IRA basis. Get FTB Pub. 1100 for more information.
Coverdell Education Savings Account (ESA) formerly known as Education
(ED) IRA - If column A includes a taxable distribution from an ED IRA, you may owe additional tax on that amount. Get form FTB 3805P, Additional
Taxes on Qualified Plans (Including IRAs) and Other Tax-Favored Accounts. Report only the taxable amount of the distribution on line 21 f .


## Line 16 - Pensions and Annuities

Generally, no adjustments are made on this line. However, if you received Tier 2 railroad retirement benefits or partially taxable distributions from a pension plan, you may need to make the following adjustments.
If you received a federal Form RRB-1099-R, Annuities or Pensions by the Railroad Retirement Board, for railroad retirement benefits and included all or part of these benefits in taxable income in column $A$, enter the taxable benefit amount in column B.
If you began receiving a retirement annuity between 7/1/86 and 1/1/87 and elected to use the three-year rule for California purposes and the annuity rules for federal purposes, enter in column C the amount of the annuity payments you excluded for federal purposes.
You may have to pay an additional tax if you received a taxable distribution from a qualified retirement plan before reaching age $591 / 2$ and the distribution was not rolled over into another qualified plan. See Form 540, line 63 instructions; or form FTB 3805P.

## Line 17 - Rental Real Estate, Royalties, Partnerships, S Corporations,

## Trusts, etc.

Adjustments to federal income or loss you reported in column A generally are necessary because of the difference between California and federal law relating to depreciation methods, special credits, and accelerated write-offs. As a result, the recovery period or basis used to figure California depreciation may be different from the recovery period or amount used for federal. For more information, see the instructions for column B and column C, line 12.
California law does not conform to federal law for material participation in rental real estate activities. Beginning in 1994, and for federal purposes only, rental real estate activities conducted by persons in real property business are not automatically treated as passive activities. Get form FTB 3801 for more information.
Use form FTB 3801 to figure the total adjustment for line 17 if you have:

- One or more passive activities that produce a loss.
- One or more passive activities that produce a loss and any nonpassive activity reported on federal Schedule E.
Use form FTB 3885A to figure the total adjustment for line 17 if you have:
- Only nonpassive activities which produce either gains or losses (or combination of gains and losses).
- Passive activities that produce gains.

LLCs that are classified as partnerships for California purposes and limited liability partnerships (LLPs) are subject to the same rules as other partnerships. LLCs report distributive items to members on

Schedule K-1 (568), Member's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc. LLPs report to partners on Schedule K-1 (565), Partner's Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc.
Get FTB Pub. 1001 for more information about accumulation distributions to beneficiaries for which the trust was not required to pay California tax because the beneficiary's interest was contingent.

## Line 18 - Farm Income or (Loss)

Adjustments to federal income or loss you report in column A generally are necessary because of the difference between California and federal law relating to depreciation methods, special credits, and accelerated write-offs. As a result, the recovery period or basis you use to figure California depreciation may be different from the amount used for federal purposes, and you may need to make an adjustment to your farm income or loss. For more information, see the instructions for column B and column C, line 12.
Use form FTB 3801 to figure the total adjustment for line 18 if you have:

- One or more passive activities that produce a loss.
- One or more passive activities that produce a loss and any nonpassive activity reported on federal Schedule F (Form 1040), Profit or Loss From Farming.
Use form FTB 3885A to figure the total adjustment for line 18 if you have:
- Only nonpassive activities which produce either gains or losses (or combination of gains and losses).
- Passive activities that produce gains.


## Line 19 - Unemployment Compensation in Excess of \$2,400 per

 RecipientCalifornia excludes unemployment compensation from taxable income. Enter on line 19, column B the amount of unemployment compensation shown in column A.
Paid Family Leave Insurance (PFL) benefits, also known as Family Temporary Disability Insurance. Payments received from the PFL Program are reported on Form 1099-G, Certain Government Payments. Enter on line 19, column B the amount of PFL payments shown in column A. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1001.

## Line 20 - Social Security Benefits

California excludes U.S. social security benefits or equivalent Tier 1 railroad retirement benefits from taxable income. Enter in column B the amount of U.S. social security benefits or equivalent Tier 1 railroad retirement benefits shown in column A.

## Line 21 - Other Income

a. California Lottery Winnings. California excludes California lottery winnings from taxable income. Enter in column B the amount of California lottery winnings included in the federal amount on line 21 in column A.
Make no adjustment for lottery winnings from other states. They are taxable by California. California and federal laws allow gambling losses only to the extent of reported gambling income. If you reduced gambling income for California lottery income, you may need to reduce the losses included in the federal itemized deductions on line 38. Enter these losses on line 41 as a negative number.
b. Disaster Loss Carryover from Form FTB 3805V, Part III, Iine 6. If you have a California disaster loss carryover from your 2008 form FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Computation and NOL and Disaster Loss Limitations - Individuals, Estates, and Trusts, enter that amount as a positive number in column $B$.
c. Federal NOL from Form 1040, line 21. If the amount on line 21 in column A includes a federal NOL, enter the amount of the federal NOL as a positive number in column C. Get form FTB 3805V, to figure the allowable California NOL.
d. NOL Carryover from Form FTB 3805V, Part III, line 5. The allowable NOL carryover under California law is different from the allowable NOL carryover under federal law. If you have a California NOL carryover from your 2008 form FTB 3805V, enter it as a positive number in column B.
e. NOL from Form FTB 3805D, FTB 3805Z, FTB 3806, FTB 3807, or

FTB 3809. Enter in column B the total NOL figured on the following forms.

- FTB 3805D, Net Operating Loss (NOL) Carryover Computation and Limitation - Pierce's Disease
- FTB 3805Z, Enterprise Zone Deduction and Credit Summary, line 5b
- FTB 3806, Los Angeles Revitalization Zone Deduction and Credit Summary, line 3b
- FTB 3807, Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area Deduction and Credit Summary, line 5b
- FTB 3809, Targeted Tax Area Deduction and Credit Summary, line 4b
f. Other (describe).

Reward from a crime hotline. Enter in column B the amount of a reward authorized by a government agency received from a crime hotline established by a government agency or nonprofit organization and that is included in the amount on line 21 in column A.
You may not make this adjustment if you are an employee of the hotline or someone who sponsors rewards for the hotline.
Federal foreign earned income or housing exclusion. Enter in column C the amount deducted from federal income on Form 1040, line 21.
Beverage container recycling income. Enter in column B the amount of recycling income included in the amount on line 21 in column $A$.
Rebates or vouchers from a local water agency, energy agency, or energy supplier. California law allows an income exclusion for rebates or vouchers from a local water agency, energy agency, or energy supplier for the purchase and installation of water conservation appliances and devices. Enter in column B the amount of this type of income included in the amount on line 21 in column A.
Original issue discount (OID) for debt instruments issued in 1985 and
1986. In the year of sale or other disposition, you must recognize the difference between the amount reported on your federal return and the amount reported for California purposes. Issuers: Enter the difference between the federal deductible amount and the California deductible amount on line 21 f in column B. Holders: Enter the difference between the amount included in federal gross income and the amount included for California purposes on line 21 f in column C .
Foreign income of nonresident aliens. Adjust federal income to reflect worldwide income computed under California law. Enter losses from foreign sources in column B. Enter foreign source income in column C. Cost-share payments received by forest landowners. Enter in column B the cost-share payments received from the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection under the California Forest Improvement Act of 1978 or from the United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, under the Forest Stewardship Program and the Stewardship Incentives Program, pursuant to the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act.
Foreign income. If you excluded income exempted by U.S. tax treaties on your federal Form 1040 (unless specifically exempt for state purposes), enter the excluded amount in column C. If you claimed foreign earned income or housing cost exclusion on your federal Form 1040 (under IRC Section 911), see the instructions for line 21.
Compensation for false imprisonment. California excludes
compensation for false imprisonment from income. Enter the amount of compensation on line 21f, column B.
Coverdell ESA distributions. If you received a distribution from a Coverdell ESA, report only the taxable amount of the distribution on line 21 f .
Grants paid to low-income individuals. California excludes grants paid to low-income individuals to construct or retrofit buildings to make them more energy efficient. Federal has no similar exclusion. Enter on line 21f, column $B$ the amount of this type of income.
Health savings account (HSA) distributions for unqualified medical expense. Distributions from a HSA not used for qualified medical expenses, and included in federal income, are not taxable for California purposes. Enter the distribution not used for qualified medical expenses on line 21f, column B.

## California National Guard Surviving Spouse \& Children Relief Act of

2004. Death benefits received from the State of California by a surviving spouse/RDP or member-designated beneficiary of certain military
personnel killed in the performance of duty is excluded from gross income. Military personnel include the California National Guard, State Military Reserve, or the Naval Militia. If you reported a death benefit on line 21 , column $A$, enter the death benefit amount in column B.
Ottoman Turkish Empire settlement payments. If you received settlement payments as a person persecuted by the regime that was in control of the Ottoman Turkish Empire from 1915 until 1923 your gross income does not include those excludable settlement payments, or interest, received by you, your heirs, or your estate for payments received on or after January 1, 2005. If you reported settlement payments on line 21, column A, enter the amount of settlement payments in column B.
Mortgage forgiveness debt relief. If the amount of debt relief for federal purposes is more than the California limit, include the amount in excess of the California limit on line 21 f , column C .

## Line 22 - Total

Add line 7 through line 21 f in column $B$ and column $C$. Enter the totals on line 22.
Line 23 through Line 31a and Line 32 through Line 35 - California law is the same as federal law with the exception of the following:

- Line 23 (Educator Expenses) - Enter the amount from column A, line 23 to column B, line 23.
- Line 24 (Certain Business Expense of Reservists, Performing Artists, and Fee Basis Government Officials) - If claiming a depreciation deduction as an unreimbursed employee business expense on federal Form 2106, Employee Business Expenses, or Form 2106-EZ, Unreimbursed Employee Business Expenses, you may have an adjustment in column B or column C. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1001.
- Line 25 (Health Savings Account (HSA) Deduction) - Federal law allows a deduction for contributions to an HSA account. California does not conform to this provision. Transfer the amount from column A, line 25, to column B, line 25.
- Line 31a (Alimony Paid) - Enter the SSN or ITIN and last name of the person to whom you paid alimony.
If you are a nonresident alien and did not deduct alimony on your federal return, enter the amount you paid in column C .
- Line 32 (IRA Deduction) - If you are an active duty military servicemember domiciled outside of California, you may have an adjustment. See line 36.
California does not conform to the federal increase to the indexing of AGI requirements for IRAs. The phase-out for California remains at:
- Single or Head of Household . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$50,000 - \$ 60,000
- Married/RDP filing jointly or
qualifying Widow(er). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$80,000 - \$100,000
- Individual not active, spouse/RDP participant . . \$150,000-\$160,000

Federal amounts have increased to:

- Single or Head of Household . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$55,000 - \$ 65,000
- Married filing jointly/qualifying Widow(er). . . . . . \$89,000-\$109,000
- Individual not active, spouse participant ..... . \$166,000-\$176,000

Compute your federal IRA deduction following the federal instructions using the federal IRA worksheet. Compute your California IRA deduction using the federal IRA worksheet using California phase-out amounts instead of federal amounts. Enter as an adjustment in column B, the difference between the amount determined for the federal IRA deduction and the California IRA deduction.

- Line 33 (Student Loan Interest Deduction) - California conforms to federal law regarding student loan interest deduction except for a spouse/RDP of a non-California domiciled military taxpayer residing in a community property state. Use the Student Loan Interest Deduction Worksheet on the next page to compute the amount to enter on line 33. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032.

| Student Loan Interest Deduction Worksheet <br> 1 Enter the total amount from Schedule CA (540), line 33 , column A. If the amount on line 1 is zero, STOP. You are not allowed a deduction for California . . . . . 1 <br> 2 Enter the total interest you paid in 2009 <br> on qualified student loans but not more than $\$ 2,500$ here . . 2 <br> 3 From Form 1040, add line 33 <br> (student loan interest deduction) to <br> line 37 (AGI). Enter the result here . . . . . . 3 $\qquad$ <br> 4 Enter the total military income included in federal adjusted gross income (get FTB Pub. 1032) . . . . . . . . . . . . 4 $\qquad$ <br> 5 Subtract line 4 from line 3 . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5 $\qquad$ <br> 6 Enter the amount shown below for your filing status. <br> - Single, head of household, or $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { qualifying widow(er) - } \$ 60,000 \\ \text { Married/RDP filing jointly - } \$ 120,000\end{array}\right\} 6$ $\qquad$ <br> 7 Is the amount on line 5 more than the amount on line 6? <br> $\square$ No. Skip lines 7 and 8 , enter -0 - on line 9 , and go to line 10. Yes. Subtract line 6 from line 5 . . . . . . 7 $\qquad$ <br> 8 Divide line 7 by $\$ 15,000$ ( $\$ 30,000$ if married/RDP filing jointly). Enter the result as a decimal (rounded to at least three places). If the result is 1.000 or more, enter 1.000 . . 8 <br> 9 Multiply line 2 by line 8 . $\qquad$ $\qquad$ act line 9 <br> 10 Student loan interest deduction. Subtract line 9 from line 2. $\qquad$ <br> 11 Student loan interest adjustment. If line 1 is less than line 10, enter the difference here and on Schedule CA (540), line 33, column C.. |  |
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- Line 34 (Tuition and Fees Deduction) - California does not conform to the federal law regarding the tuition and fees deduction. Enter the amount from column A, line 34, to column B, line 34.
- Line 35 (Domestic Production Activities Deduction) - California does not conform to the federal law regarding the domestic production activities deduction. Enter the amount from column A, line 35, to column B, line 35.

Line 36 - Add line 23 through line 31a and line 32 through line 35 in column B and column C.

If you claimed the foreign housing deduction, include that amount in the total you enter in column B, line 36. Enter the amount and "Form 2555" or "Form 2555-EZ" on the dotted line next to line 36.
If you are active duty military and not domiciled in California and your IRA deduction was limited because of a federal AGI limitation, recalculate your deduction excluding your active duty military pay. If the recalculated amount is larger than the amount on line 32, column A, enter the difference between the two amounts in column C , line 36. Enter the amount and "MPA Adjustment" on the dotted line next to line 36 .

## Line 37 - Total

Subtract line 36 from line 22 in column B and column C.
Also, transfer the amount from:

- Line 37, column B to Form 540, line 14

If column $B$ is a negative number, transfer the amount as a positive number to line 16.

- Line 37, column C to Form 540, line 16

If column C is a negative number, transfer the amount as a positive number to line 14.

## Part II Adjustments to Federal Itemized Deductions

## Line 38 - Federal Itemized Deductions

Enter the total amount of itemized deductions from your federal Schedule A (Form 1040), Itemized Deductions, lines 4, 9, 15, 19, 20, 27, and 28.

Important: If you did not itemize deductions on your federal tax return but will itemize deductions on your California tax return, first complete federal Schedule A (Form 1040). Then complete Schedule CA (540), Part II, line 38 through line 44.
Line 39 - State, Local, and Foreign Income Taxes, General Sales Tax, and New Motor Vehicle Tax
Add the following amounts from federal Schedule A (Form 1040) and enter on line 39:

- Line 5, state and local income tax (including limited partnership tax and income or franchise tax paid by corporations), and State Disability Insurance (SDI), or state and local general sales tax.
- Line 7, new motor vehicle tax.
- Line 8 , foreign income taxes.


## Line 41 - Other Adjustments

Adoption-Related Expenses - If you deducted adoption-related expenses on your federal Schedule A (Form 1040) and are claiming the adoption cost credit for the same amounts on your Form 540, enter the amount of the adoption cost credit claimed as a negative number on line 41.
Mortgage Interest Credit - If you reduced your federal mortgage interest deduction by the amount of your mortgage interest credit (from federal Form 8396, Mortgage Interest Credit), increase your California itemized deductions by the same amount. Enter the amount of your federal mortgage interest credit as a positive number on line 41.
Nontaxable Income Expenses - If, on federal Schedule A (Form 1040), you claim expenses related to producing income taxed under federal law but not taxed by California, enter the amount as a negative number on line 41.
You may claim expenses related to producing income taxed by California law but not taxed under federal law by entering the amount as a positive number on line 41.
Employee Business Expense - If you completed federal Form 2106 or Form 2106-EZ, prepare a second set of forms reflecting your employee business expense using California amounts (i.e., following California law). Generally, California law conforms with federal law and no adjustment is needed. However, differences occur when:

- Assets (requiring depreciation) were placed in service before 1/1/87. Figure the depreciation based on California law.
- Federal employees were on temporary duty status. California does not conform to the federal provision that expanded temporary duties to include prosecution duties, in addition to investigative duties. Therefore, travel expenses paid or incurred in connection with temporary duty status (exceeding one year), involving the prosecution (or support of the prosecution) of a federal crime, should not be included in the California amount.
Compare federal Form 2106, line 10 or Form 2106-EZ, line 6 and the form completed using California amounts. If the federal amount is larger, enter the difference as a negative number on line 41. If the California amount is larger, enter the difference as a positive number on line 41.
Investment Interest Expense - Your California deduction for investment interest expense may be different from your federal deduction. Use form FTB 3526, Investment Interest Expense Deduction, to figure the amount to enter on line 41.
Gambling Losses - California lottery losses are not deductible for California. Enter the amount of California lottery losses shown on federal Schedule A (Form 1040) as a negative number on line 41.
Federal Estate Tax - Federal estate tax paid on income in respect of a decedent is not deductible for California. Enter the amount of federal estate tax shown on federal Schedule A (Form 1040) as a negative number on line 41.
Generation Skipping Transfer Tax - Tax paid on generation skipping transfers is not deductible under California law. Enter the amount of expenses shown on federal Schedule A (Form 1040) as a negative number on line 41.

State Legislator's Travel Expenses - Under California law, deductible travel expenses for state legislators include only those incurred while away from their place of residence overnight. Figure the difference between the amount allowed using federal law and the amount allowed using California law. Enter the difference as a negative number on line 41.
Qualified Charitable Contributions - Your California deduction may be different from your federal deduction. California limits the amount of your deduction to $50 \%$ of your federal adjusted gross income. Figure the difference between the amount allowed using federal law and the amount allowed using California law. Enter the difference as a negative number on line 41.
Charitable Contribution Carryover Deduction - If deducting a prior year charitable contribution carryover, and the California carryover is larger than the federal carryover, enter the additional amount as a positive number on line 41.
Health Savings Account (HSA) Distributions - If you received a taxfree HSA distribution for qualified medical expenses, enter the qualified expenses paid that exceed $7.5 \%$ of federal AGI as an adjustment to itemized deductions. To determine the amount of the itemized deduction adjustment:

- Calculate the medical expense deduction for California.
- Calculate the medical expense deduction for federal.
- Subtract the federal amount from the California amount. Enter the amount on line 41, as a positive amount.


## Carryover Deduction Appreciated Stock Contributed to a Private

Foundation prior to $1 / 1 / 02$ - If deducting a charitable contribution carryover of appreciated stock donated to a private operating foundation prior to $1 / 1 / 02$, and the fair market value allowed for federal purposes is larger than the basis allowed for California purposes, enter the difference as a negative number on line 41.
Interest on Loans from Utility Companies - Taxpayers are allowed a tax deduction for interest paid or incurred on a public utility company financed loan that is used to purchase and install energy efficient equipment or products, including zone-heating products for a qualified residence located in California. Federal law has no equivalent deduction. Enter the amount as a positive number on line 41.
Private Mortgage Insurance (PMI) - If you took the deduction on federal Schedule A (Form 1040), line 13, then subtract the same amount on line 41.
Claim of Right - If you had to repay an amount that you included in your income in an earlier year, because at the time you thought you had an unrestricted right to it, you may be able to deduct the amount repaid from your income for the year in which you repaid it. Or, if the amount you repaid is more than $\$ 3,000$, you may take a credit against your tax for the year in which you repaid it, whichever results in the least tax.
If the amount repaid was not taxed by California, then no deduction or credit is allowed.
If you claimed a credit for the repayment on your federal return and are deducting the repayment for California, enter the allowable deduction as a positive amount on Schedule CA (540), line 41. Deductions of $\$ 3,000$ or less are subject to the $2 \%$ federal AGI limit.
If you deducted the repayment on your federal return and are taking a credit for California, enter the amount of the federal deduction as a negative amount on Schedule CA (540), line 41. To help you determine whether to take a credit or deduction, see the Repayment section of federal Publication 525, Taxable and Nontaxable Income. Remember to use the California tax rate in your computations. If you choose to take the credit instead of the deduction for California, add the credit amount on line 79, the total payment line, of the Form 540. To the left of the total, write "IRC 1341" and the amount of the credit.
Certain Disaster Losses - Federal law allows an exception for casualty and theft losses within certain disaster areas. For federal, these losses are not subject to the $10 \%$ of federal AGI limitation. California does not conform. Figure the difference between the amount allowed using federal law and the amount allowed using California law. Enter the difference as a negative number on line 41.

Personal Casualty and Theft Losses - For 2009, federal law limits each personal casualty or theft loss to the excess of the loss over $\$ 500$. California does not conform to the amount of the limitation. California limits each personal casualty or theft loss to the excess of the loss over $\$ 100$. In addition, for both federal and California, the $10 \%$ of AGI limit continues to apply to the net loss. Figure the difference between the amount allowed using federal law and the amount allowed using California law. Enter the difference as a positive number on line 41.
Charitable Contributions for 2010 Haiti Earthquake Disaster - California conforms to the federal law which allows a 2009 charitable contribution deduction for cash contributions made after January 11, 2010, and before March 1, 2010, for the relief of victims in areas affected by the earthquake in Haiti on January 12, 2010. You may claim the deduction on your 2009 or 2010 California tax return, but not both.
To claim the deduction, you may choose one of the following three options:

- If you choose to claim the deduction in the same year for both federal and California, no California adjustment is required.
- If you choose to claim the deduction on your 2009 California tax return but choose to claim the deduction on your 2010 federal tax return, enter the deduction as a positive amount on line 41.
- If you choose to claim the deduction on your 2010 California tax return but claimed the deduction on your 2009 federal tax return, enter the deduction as a negative amount on line 41.


## Line 43 - California Itemized Deductions

Is the amount on Form 540, line 13 more than the amount shown below for your filing status?
Single or married/RDP filing separately . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$160,739
Head of household . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$241,113
Married/RDP filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) . . . . . . . . . . \$321,483
NO Transfer the amount from line 42 to line 43. Do not complete the worksheet.
YES Complete the Itemized Deductions Worksheet below.
Note:

- If married or an RDP and filing a separate return, you and your spouse/RDP must either both itemize your deductions or both take the standard deduction.
- Also, if someone else can claim you as a dependent, claim the greater of the standard deduction or your itemized deductions. See the instructions for "California Standard Deduction Worksheet for Dependents" on page 9 of the Form 540/540A Personal Income Tax Booklet to figure your standard deduction.



## Itemized Deductions Worksheet

1. Amount from Schedule CA (540), line 42 1
2. Using California amounts, add the amounts on federal Schedule A (Form 1040), line 4, line 14, and line 20
3. 1 . . . . . . . . . . . If zero, STOP. Enter the amount from line 1 on Schedule CA (540), line 43.
4. Multiply line 3 by $80 \%$ (.80). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4
5. Amount from Form 540, line 13. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5
6. Enter the amount shown above for your filing status . . . . . . 6

7
Note: If zero or less, STOP. Enter the amount from line 1 on Schedule CA (540), line 43.
8. Multiply line 7 by $6 \% ~(.06)$.

8
.9
0. Total itemized deductions. Subtract line 9 from line 1. Enter here and on Schedule CA (540), line 43 .10

## Nonrefundable Renter's Credit Qualification Record

$\checkmark$ Tip
e-file and skip this page! The software you use to e-file will help you find out if you qualify for this credit and will figure the correct amount of the credit automatically. Go to ftb.ca.gov to check your e-file options.

If you were a resident of California and paid rent on property in California, which was your principal residence, you may qualify for a credit that you can use to reduce your tax. Answer the questions below to see if you qualify. For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California Registered Domestic Partner (RDP), unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials (RDP) they refer to both a California Registered Domestic "Partner" and a California Registered Domestic "Partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737. Do not mail this record. Keep with your tax records.

9. Did your spouse/RDP claim the homeowner's property tax exemption anytime during 2009?

You do not qualify for this credit if you or your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption at any time during the year. However, if you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for the entire year and your spouse/RDP received a homeowner's property tax exemption for a separate residence, then you may claim this credit if you are otherwise qualified.
NO. Go to question 11.
YES. If both you and your spouse/RDP claimed the homeowner's property tax exemption, stop here, you do not qualify for this credit. Otherwise, go to question 10.

## 10. Did you and your spouse/RDP maintain separate residences for the entire year in 2009?

YES. Go to question 11.
NO. Stop here. You do not qualify for this credit.

## 11. If you are:

- Single, enter $\$ 60$ on Form 540/540A, line 46.
- Head of household or qualifying widow(er), enter $\$ 120$ on Form $540 / 540 \mathrm{~A}$, line 46.
- Married/RDP filing separately: if you and your spouse/RDP lived in the same rental property and both qualify for this credit, one spouse/RDP may claim the full amount of the credit (\$120), or each spouse/RDP may claim half the amount (\$60 each). If you and your spouse/RDP lived apart for the entire year and you qualify for this credit, you may claim half the amount of the credit (\$60). Enter your credit amount on Form 540/540A, line 46.
- Married/RDP filing jointly, enter $\$ 120$ on Form 540/540A, line 46. (Exception: If one spouse/RDP claimed the homeowner's tax exemption and you lived apart from your spouse/RDP for the entire year, enter $\$ 60$ on Form 540/540A, line 46.)
Fill in the street address(es) and landlord information below for the residence(s) you rented in California during 2009, which qualified you for this credit.

| Street Address | City, State, and ZIP Code | Dates Rented in 2009 (From | to |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |

Enter the name, address, and telephone number of your landlord(s) or the person(s) to whom you paid rent for the residence(s) listed above.
Name Street Address City, State, ZIP Code, and Telephone Number
a
b

## 2009

Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit
3506
Attach to your California Form 540, 540A, or Long Form 540NR.

| Name(s) as shown on return | SSN or ITIN |
| :--- | :--- |

Part I Unearned Income and Other Funds Received in 2009. See instructions.


Part II Persons or Organizations Who Provided the Care in California - You must complete this part. See instructions.
1 Enter the following information for each person or organization that provided care in California. Only care provided in California qualifies for the credit. If you need more space, attach a separate sheet.

|  | Provider | Provider |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a. Care provider's name | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
| b. Care provider's address (number, street, apt. no., city, state, and ZIP Code) | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
| c. Care provider's telephone number | $\bullet$ ( ) | - ( ) |
| d. Is provider a person or organization? | $\square$ Person $\square$ Organization | $\square$ Person $\square$ Organization |
| e. Identification number (SSN or FEIN) | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
| f. Address where care was provided (number, street, apt. no., city, state, and ZIP Code) PO Box not acceptable. |  |  |
| g. Amount paid for care provided | - | $\bullet$ |
| Did you receive dependent care benefits? $\mapsto \gg$No. Complete Part III below. <br> Yes. Complete Part IV on Side 2 before you complete Part III. |  |  |

## Part III Credit for Child and Dependent Care Expenses

2 Information about your qualifying person(s). See instructions.


## Part IV Dependent Care Benefits

13 Enter the total amount of dependent care benefits you received for 2009. This amount should be shown in box 10 of your Form(s) W-2. Do not include amounts that were reported to you as wages in box 1 of Form(s) W-2. If you were self-employed or a partner, include amounts you received under a dependent care assistance program from your sole proprietorship or partnership .
14 Enter the amount, if any, you carried over from 2008 and used in 2009 during the grace period
15 Enter the amount, if any, you forfeited or carried forward to 2010.
16 Combine line 13 through line 15

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| 14 |  | 00 |
| 15 | $($ | 00 |
| 16 |  | 00 |

17 Enter the total amount of qualified expenses incurred in 2009 for the care of the qualifying person(s). See instructions.
18 Enter the smaller of line 16 or line 17
19 Enter YOUR earned income
20 If married or an RDP filing a joint return, enter YOUR SPOUSE'S/RDP's earned income (if your spouse/RDP was a student or was disabled, see the instructions for line 5); if married or an RDP filing a separate return, see the instructions for the amount to enter; all others, enter the amount from line 19.
21 Enter the smallest of line 18 , line 19 , or line 20.
22 Enter $\$ 5,000$ ( $\$ 2,500$ if married or an RDP filing separately and you were required to enter your spouse's/RDP's earned income on line 20).

| 17 |  | 00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 18 |  | 00 |
| 19 |  | 00 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | 00 |
| 20 |  | 00 |
| 21 |  | 00 |
| 22 |  |  |

23 Enter the amount from line 13 that you received from your sole proprietorship or partnership. If you did not receive any amounts, enter -0-


24 Subtract line 23 from line 16
25 Enter the smaller of line 21 or line 22

| 24 | 00 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 25 |  |

26 Deductible benefits. Enter the smallest of line 21, line 22, or line 23.
27 Excluded benefits. Subtract line 26 from line 25. If zero or less, enter - 0 -
28 Taxable benefits. Subtract line 27 from line 24. If zero or less, enter -0-
29 Enter $\$ 3,000$ ( $\$ 6,000$ if two or more qualifying persons)
30 Add line 26 and line 27.
31 Subtract the amount on line 30 from the amount on line 29. If zero or less, stop. You do not qualify for the credit. Exception - If you paid 2008 expenses in 2009, see instructions for line 11

| 26 | 00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 27 | 00 |
| 28 | 00 |
| 29 | 00 |
| 30 | 00 |
| 31 | 00 |
| 32 | 00 |
| 33 | 00 |
| 34 | 00 |

32 Complete Side 1, Part III, line 2. Add the amounts in column (e) and enter the total here . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
33 Enter the amount from your federal Form 2441, Part III, line 34
34 Enter the smaller of line 31, line 32, or line 33. Also, enter this amount on Side 1, Part III, line 3 and complete line 4 through line 12

## Worksheet - Credit for 2008 Expenses Paid in 2009

1. Enter your 2008 qualified expenses paid in 2008. If you did not claim the credit for these expenses on your 2008 return, get and complete a 2008 form FTB 3506 for these expenses. You may need to amend your 2008 return. . . . . . . . . . . . . 1
2. Enter your 2008 qualified expenses paid in 2009 ................................................................................ . . . . . 2.
3. Add the amounts on line 1 and line 2 . .............................................................................................. . . . . 3.
4. Enter $\$ 3,000$ if care was for one qualifying person ( $\$ 6,000$ for two or more) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4 .
5. Enter any dependent care benefits received for 2008 and excluded from your income (from your 2008 form FTB 3506, Part IV, line 28)
6. 
7. Subtract amount on line 5 from amount on line 4 and enter the result . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 6.
8. Compare your and your spouse's/RDP's earned income for 2008 and enter the smaller amount. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 7 .
9. Compare the amounts on line 3 , line 6 , and line 7 and enter the smallest amount. . ....................................... 8 .
10. Enter the amount from your 2008 form FTB 3506, Side 1, Part III, line 6 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 9 .
11. Subtract amount on line 9 from amount on line 8 and enter the result. If zero or less, stop here. You cannot increase
your credit by any previous year's expenses ......................................................................... . . . . . . . . . .
12. Enter your 2008 federal adjusted gross income (AGI) (from your 2008 Form 540/540A, line13;
or Long Form 540 NR, line 13). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 11 .

13. Multiply line 10 by line $12 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 13.
14. 2008 California AGI decimal amount (from 2008 form FTB 3506, instructions for line 9) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 14.
15. Multiply line 13 by line 14. Enter the result here and on your 2009 form FTB 3506, Side 1, Part III, line $11 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$.

## Instructions for Form FTB 3506

Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit

## General Information

Attach the completed form FTB 3506, Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit, to your Form 540/540A, California Resident Income Tax Return, or Long Form 540NR, California Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return, if you claim the child and dependent care expenses credit.

## Registered Domestic Partners (RDP)

RDPs under California law must file their California income tax returns using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. RDPs have the same legal benefits, protections, and responsibilities as married couples unless otherwise specified.
If you entered into a same sex legal union in another state, other than a marriage, and that union has been determined to be substantially equivalent to a California registered domestic partnership, you are required to file a California income tax return using either the married/RDP filing jointly or married/RDP filing separately filing status. For more information on what states have legal unions that are considered substantially equivalent, go to ftb.ca.gov and search for attorney general.
For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a California registered domestic partner (RDP), unless otherwise specified. When we use the initials RDP, they refer to both a California registered domestic "partner" and a California registered domestic "partnership," as applicable. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

## Round Cents to Dollars

Round cents to the nearest whole dollar. For example, round $\$ 50.50$ up to $\$ 51$ or round $\$ 25.49$ down to $\$ 25$. If you do not round, the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) will disregard the cents.

## A Purpose

You may qualify to claim the 2009 credit for child and dependent care expenses, if you (and your spouse/RDP) paid someone in California to care for your child or other qualifying person while you worked or looked for employment. You must have earned income to do so. If you qualify to claim the credit, use form FTB 3506 to figure the amount of your credit.
If you received dependent care benefits for 2009 but do not qualify to claim the credit, you are not required to complete form FTB 3506. For additional definitions, requirements, and instructions, get federal Form 2441, Child and Dependent Care Expenses.

## B Differences in California and Federal Law

The differences between California and federal law are as follows:

- California allows this credit only for care provided in California.
- If you were a nonresident, you must have earned wages from working in California or earned self-employment income from California business activities.
- Federal adjusted gross income must be $\$ 100,000$ or less to qualify for the California credit.
- The California credit is a percentage of the federal credit as modified by California law.
- The California credit is refundable.
- Same-sex married couples (SSMCs) and RDPs may file a joint California return and claim this credit. For more information, get FTB Pub. 776, Tax Information for Same-Sex Married Couples, or FTB Pub. 737.


## C Qualifications

You may take the credit if all eight of the following apply.

1. If you are married or an RDP, you must file a joint return. For an exception, see Section E, Married Persons or RDPs Filing Separate Returns, on page 54.
2. Care must be provided in California for one or more qualifying persons. See Section D, Qualifying Person Defined, on this page.
3. You paid for care so you (and your spouse/RDP) could work or look for work. However, if you did not find a job and have no earned income, you do not qualify for the credit. If your spouse/RDP was a student or disabled, see the instructions for Part III, line 5, on page 56.
4. You (and your spouse/RDP) must have earned income (wages or selfemployment income) during the year. See the instructions for Part III, line 4, on page 55 for more information on earned income.
5. You and the qualifying person(s) live in the same home for more than half the year.
6. The person who provided care was not your spouse/RDP, the parent of your qualifying child, or a person for whom you can claim a dependent exemption. If your child provided the care, the child must have been age 19 or older by the end of 2009.
7. You report the required information about the care provider(s) in Part II, line 1, and the information about the qualifying person(s) in Part III, line 2.
8. Your federal adjusted gross income is $\$ 100,000$ or less.

## D Qualifying Person Defined

| Rules for Most People |
| :--- |
| A qualifying person is: |
| 1. A child under age 13 who meets the requirements to be your dependent |
| as a Qualifying Child. A child who turned 13 during the year qualifies |
| only for the part of the year when he or she was 12 years old. |
| 2. Your spouse/RDP who was physically or mentally incapable of self-care. |
| 3. Any person who was physically or mentally incapable of self-care and |
| either: |
| a. Was your dependent. |
| b. Would have been your dependent except that: |
| i. He or she received gross income of $\$ 3,650$ or more. |
| ii. He or she filed a joint return. |
| iii. You, or your spouse/RDP if filing a joint return, could be claimed |
| as a dependent on someone else's 2009 return. |

## Qualifying Child

A Qualifying Child is a child who meets all of the following tests:

- Relationship Test - The child must be your son, daughter, stepchild, adopted child, eligible foster child, brother, sister, half-brother, half-sister, stepbrother, stepsister, or a descendant of one of these. An adopted child includes a child who has been lawfully placed with you for legal adoption even if the adoption is not yet final. An eligible foster child must be placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by a court.
- Age Test - The child must be under 19 years of age or a full-time student under 24. (For the purposes of qualifying for the Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit, the child must be under 13.)
- Residency Test - The child must live with you for more than half the year.
- Support Test - The child must not have provided more than half of his or her own support.
- Joint Return Test - The child must not have filed a joint federal or state income tax return with his or her spouse/RDP.
- Citizenship Test - The child must be a citizen or national of the U.S. or a resident of the U.S., Canada, or Mexico.

| Qualifying Child of More Than One Person -- Tie-Breaker Rules |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| If... | Then the child will be treated as the qualifying <br> child of the... |
| Only one of the <br> persons is the child's <br> parent | Parent. |
| Both persons are the <br> child's parent | Parent with whom the child lived with for the longer <br> period of time. If the child lived with each parent <br> for the same amount of time then the child will be <br> treated as the qualifying child of the parent with the <br> highest adjusted gross income. |
| None of the persons <br> are the child's parent | Person with the highest adjusted gross income. |

## Divorced, RDP Terminated, Separated, or Never-Married Parents

For divorced, RDP terminated, separated, or never-married parents, special rules apply in determining if your child meets the requirements to be your qualifying person. When parents file separate returns, only one parent qualifies to claim a child as a qualifying person.

Even if both parents pay for child care for the same child, both parents cannot qualify for the credit. Some custody agreements designate which parent is entitled to the credit. However, the designated parent must meet all the qualifications in Section C, Qualifications, to claim the credit. To verify that your child meets the requirements to be your qualifying person, use the table below.

| RULES FOR DIVORCED, RDP TERMINATED, SEPARATED, OR NEVER-MARRIED PARENTS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IF | AND | THEN |
| ALL four of the following apply: <br> 1. Your child was under 13 and/or physically or mentally incapable of self-care when the care was provided. Children turning 13 during the year qualify only for the part of the year they were 12 years old. <br> 2. One of the following applies <br> a. You are divorced, legally separated, or have terminated a registered domestic partnership. <br> b. You are separated under a written separation agreement. <br> c. You and the other parent lived apart at all times during the last 6 months of the year. (This includes parents never married to each other.) <br> 3. One or both parents had | You were the custodial parent and you can claim the dependent exemption credit for the child. <br> You were the custodial parent and under the provisions of a decree of divorce, legal separation, termination of registered domestic partnership, or a written separation agreement, the noncustodial parent claimed the dependent exemption credit, or you signed a statement releasing the dependent exemption credit to the noncustodial parent. | The child is your qualifying person. <br> The child is your qualifying person. |
| custody of the child for more than half the year. <br> 4. One or both parents provided more than half the child's support for the year. | You are not the custodial parent. | The child is not your qualifying person. |
| One or more of the four statements above do not apply. |  | Use the "Rules for Most People" on page 1, Section D. |

Custodial Parent and Noncustodial Parent. The custodial parent is the parent with whom the child lived for the greater number of nights during the year. The other parent is the noncustodial parent. If the child lived with each parent for an equal number of nights during the year, the custodial parent is the parent with the higher adjusted gross income.
Parent Works at Night. If, due to a parent's night-time work schedule, a child lives for a greater number of days, but not nights, with the parent who works at night, that parent is treated as the custodial parent. On a school day, the child is treated as living at the primary residence registered with the school.

## E Married Persons or RDPs Filing Separate Returns

Generally, if you are married or an RDP, you must file a joint return to claim the credit. However, you can take the credit on your separate return if:

1. You meet all three requirements below:

- You lived apart from your spouse/RDP at all times during the last six months of 2009.
- The qualifying person(s) lived in your home more than half of 2009.
- You provided over half the cost of keeping up your home.

2. You meet all the other qualifications in Section C, Qualifications.

## F Nonresidents and Part-Year Residents

1. You must complete and attach Schedule CA (540NR), California Adjustments - Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents, to your tax return, Long Form 540NR. If Part I of Schedule CA (540NR) is not fully completed, we may disallow your credit.
2. Nonresidents must have earned income from California sources to qualify for the credit. A nonresident servicemember's military wages are
considered earned income from a California source for the purpose of qualifying for the credit.
3. Part-year residents must have earned income while a California resident or earned income from California sources while a nonresident to qualify for the credit.

## G Military Personnel

For the purposes of this credit, active duty pay is considered earned income from California sources, regardless of whether the servicemember is domiciled in California. Beginning 2009, the federal Military Spouses Residency Relief Act may affect the credit requirements for spouses of military servicemembers. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel.

## Specific Line Instructions

## Part I, Unearned Income and Other Funds Received in 2009

List the source and amount of any money you received in 2009 that is not included in your earned income (line 4 and line 5) but that was used to support your household. Include child support, property settlements, public assistance benefits, court awards, inheritances, insurance proceeds, pensions and annuities, social security payments, workers' compensation, unemployment compensation, interest, and dividends.

## Part II, Persons or Organizations Who Provided the Care in California

## Line 1

Complete line 1a through line 1 g for each person or organization that provided the care in California. Only care provided in California qualifies for the credit. Use federal Form W-10, Dependent Care Provider's Identification and Certification, or any other source listed in the instructions for federal Form W-10 to get the information from your care provider. If your provider does not give you the information, complete as much of the information as possible and explain that your provider did not give you the information you requested.
If you do not give correct and complete information, we may disallow your credit unless you can show you used due diligence in trying to get the required information.

## Lines 1a through Line 1c

Enter your California care provider's complete name (or business name), address, and telephone number (including the area code). If you do not give complete information, we may disallow your credit. We may contact your care provider to verify the information you provide.
If you were covered by your employer's dependent care plan and your employer furnished the care (either at your workplace or by hiring a care provider), enter your employer's name on line 1a. Next, enter "See W-2" on line 1b. Complete line 1c through line 1f. Then leave line 1 g blank. But, if your employer paid a third party (not hired by your employer) on your behalf to provide care, you must provide information on the third party on line 1a through line 1 g .

## Line 1d

For each care provider, check one box indicating whether the care provider is a person or organization.

## Line 1 e

| If your care provider is | Then enter on line 1e |
| :--- | :--- |
| An individual | The provider's social security <br> number (SSN) or Individual Taxpayer <br> Identification Number (ITIN). |
| Not an individual | The provider's federal employer <br> identification number (FEIN). |
| A tax-exempt organization | "Tax-exempt." |

## Line 1f

Enter the complete physical address where the care was provided. A post office box is not acceptable. If you do not provide correct or complete information, your credit may be disallowed. Only care provided in California qualifies for the credit.

## Line 1 g

Enter the total amount you actually paid in 2009 to your care provider for care provided in California. Also include amounts your employer paid to a third party on your behalf. It does not matter when the expenses were incurred. Do not reduce this amount by any reimbursement you received.
We may ask you to provide proof of payment. Cash payments without verifiable documentation may not be accepted.

## Part III, Credit for Child and Dependent Care Expenses

## Line 2

Complete column (a) through column (e) for each qualifying person for whom care was provided in California. If claiming more than three qualifying persons, attach a sheet of paper to your return with the required information and write "see attached." Write your name and SSN or ITIN on the sheet.

## Column (a)

Enter each qualifying person's name.

## Column (b)

Enter each qualifying person's SSN. Verify that the name and SSN match the qualifying person's social security card to avoid the reduction or disallowance of your credit. If the person was born in, and later died in, 2009, and does not have a SSN, enter "Deceased" in column (b) and attach a copy of the person's birth and death certificates.
Enter the SSNs of the first two qualifying persons on Form 540, line 75 and line 76; Form 540A, line 75 and line 76; or Long Form 540NR, line 85 and line 86.

## Column (c)

Enter the qualifying person's date of birth ( $\mathrm{mm} / \mathrm{dd} / \mathrm{yyyy}$ ) in the space provided or if the qualifying person is disabled (physically or mentally incapable of self-care), check the "Yes" box. Incomplete information could result in a delay or disallowance of your credit.

## Column (d)

If you shared custody of the qualifying person(s), enter the percentage of time you possessed physical custody during 2009. If you have $50 \%$ or less physical custody of your child, you do not qualify for the credit.

## Column (e)

Enter the qualified expenses you incurred and paid in 2009 for the qualifying person(s). Include only the qualified expenses for care provided in California. If the child turned 13 years old during the year, include only the qualified expenses for the part of the year the child was 12 years old.
Do not include in column (e) qualified expenses:

- You incurred in 2009 but did not pay until 2010. You may be able to use these expenses to increase your 2010 credit.
- You incurred in 2008 but did not pay until 2009. Instead, see instructions for line 11.
- You prepaid in 2009 for care to be provided in 2010. These expenses may only be used to figure your 2010 credit.
A qualified expense does not include the amount you paid for education (school tuition) or the amount you received through a subsidy program.
Qualified Expenses are amounts paid for the care of your qualifying person while you worked or looked for work.

Qualified expenses include: $\quad$ Qualified expenses do not include:

- The cost of care for the $\quad$ - Child support payments. qualifying person's well-being - Payments made to the parent of your qualifying child. and protection. If care was provided by a dependent care center, the center must meet all applicable state and local regulations.
- Cost of pre-school or similar program below the kindergarten level.
- Day camp, even if it specialized in a particular activity, such as soccer.
- Payments made to your spouse/ RDP.
- Payments made to your child who is under age 19 at the end of the year, even if he or she is not your dependent.
- Payments made to a dependent for whom you (or your spouse/ RDP) can claim a dependent exemption.
- Expenses paid by or reimbursed through a subsidy program.
- Cost for education (school tuition) at the kindergarten level and above.
- Overnight camp.


## Line 4

| Earned income includes: | Earned income does not include: |
| :---: | :---: |
| - Wages, salary, tips, and other taxable employee compensation, as well as, military compensation including compensation for service in a combat zone. <br> - Net earnings from self-employment. <br> - Strike benefits. <br> - Disability payments you report as wages. <br> - Active duty pay received by servicemembers of the armed forces is considered earned income regardless of whether the servicemember is domiciled in this state or elsewhere. | - Pensions or annuities <br> - Social security payments <br> - Workers' compensation <br> - Interest <br> - Dividends <br> - Capital gains <br> - Unemployment compensation <br> - Public assistance |


| Nonresidents and Part-Year <br> Residents Only: Earned income <br> from California sources includes: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Earned income does not include: |  |
| - Wages, salary, tips, and other | - Pensions or annuities |
| taxable employee compensation | - Social security payments |
| for working in California, as | - Workers' compensation |
| well as, military compensation | - Interest |
| including compensation for | - Dividends |
| service in a combat zone. | - Capital gains |
| - Net earnings from | - Unemployment compensation |
| selfemployment from California | - Public assistance |
| business activities. |  |
| - Strike benefits related to |  |
| California employment. |  |
| - Disability payments you report |  |
| as California wages. |  |
| - Active duty pay received by |  |
| servicemembers of the armed |  |
| forces is considered earned |  |
| income regardless of whether |  |
| the servicemember is domiciled |  |
| in this state or elsewhere. |  |

## Line 5

## Spouse/RDP Who Was a Student or Disabled

Your spouse/RDP was a student if he or she was enrolled as a full-time student at a school during any 5 months of 2009. A school does not include a night school or correspondence school.
Your spouse/RDP was disabled if he or she was not capable of self-care. Figure your spouse's/RDP's earned income on a monthly basis.
For each month your spouse/RDP was a full-time student or disabled, enter on line 5 the larger of the following:

- Your spouse's/RDP's actual earned income for that month.
- $\$ 250$ ( $\$ 500$, if you have 2 or more qualifying persons).

If, in the same month, both you and your spouse/RDP qualified as either full-time students or disabled, only one of you receive treatment as having earned income of $\$ 250$ (or $\$ 500$ ) in that month. For any month that your spouse/RDP was not a full-time student or disabled, use your spouse's/ RDP's actual earned income for that month.

## Line 7

Use the chart below to determine the decimal amount to enter on line 7. Your federal adjusted gross income (AGI) is on Form 540, line 13; Form 540A, line 13; or Long Form 540NR, line 13. For military personnel domiciled outside of California, use your federal AGI less your military pay to determine the decimal amount to enter on line 7.

| If your Federal AGI is: Over | But not over | The decimal amount on Line 7 is: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$0 | \$15,000. | . 35 |
| 15,000 | 17,000. | . 34 |
| 17,000 | 19,000. | . 33 |
| 19,000 | 21,000. | . 32 |
| 21,000 | 23,000. | . 31 |
| 23,000 | 25,000. | . 30 |
| 25,000 | 27,000. | . 29 |
| 27,000 | 29,000. | . 28 |
| 29,000 | 31,000. | . . 27 |
| 31,000 | 33,000. | . 26 |
| 33,000 | 35,000 | . 25 |
| 35,000 | 37,000 | . 24 |
| 37,000 | 39,000 | . 23 |
| 39,000 | 41,000 | . 22 |
| 41,000 | 43,000 | . 21 |
| 43,000 | No limit | . 20 |

## Line 9

Use the chart below to determine the decimal amount to enter on line 9. For military personnel domiciled outside of California, use your federal AGI less your military pay to determine the decimal amount to enter on line 9.

| If your federal AGI from Form 540, line 13; Form 540A, line 13; or Long Form 540NR, line 13 is: | The decimal amount to enter on Line 19 is: |
| :---: | :---: |
| \$40,000 or less | . 50 |
| Over \$40,000 but not over \$70,000 | . 43 |
| Over \$70,000 but not over \$100,000 | . 34 |
| Over \$100,000 . . . . . . . . . Stop. You do not qualify for this credit. |  |
| Line 11 |  |
| If you had qualified expenses for care th paid for in 2009, you may be able to inc the Worksheet on Side 2 of form FTB 35 this page. | vided in 2008 that you credit for 2009. Complete orksheet instructions on |

## Part IV, Dependent Care Benefits

## Line 13

Dependent care benefits are:

- Amounts an employer paid directly to you (or your spouse/RDP), or to your care provider for the care of your qualifying person(s), while you worked.
- A day-care facility provided by your employer.
- Generally deducted from your salary.
- Shown in box 10 of your 2009 Form(s) W-2.


## Line 14

Enter the amount from federal Form 2441, line 15.

## Line 15

If you had a flexible spending account, any amount included on line 13 that you did not receive because you did not incur the expense is considered forfeited. Do not include amounts you expect to receive at a future date.

## Line 17

Enter the total of all qualified expenses incurred in 2009. It does not matter when the expenses were paid.
A qualified expense does not include the amount you paid for education (school tuition) or the amount you received through a subsidy program.
Example: You received $\$ 2,000$ cash under your employer's dependent care plan for 2009. The $\$ 2,000$ is shown in box 10 of your Form W-2. You incurred $\$ 900$ of qualified expenses in 2009 for the care of your 3-year-old dependent child. Enter $\$ 900$ on line 17, but report the entire $\$ 2,000$ on line 13.
For all other lines, follow specific line instructions on the form. For additional information, get federal Form 2441 or federal Publication 503, Child and Dependent Care Expenses.

## Line 20

If you are married or an RDP filing a separate return and you meet the requirements of Section E, Married Persons Filing Separate Returns, item 1, then enter your earned income from line 19. On line 22, enter $\$ 5,000$. If you were married or an RDP and filed a separate return but did not meet the requirements of Section E, Married Persons Filing Separate Returns, item 1, then enter your spouse's/RDP's earned income. If your spouse/RDP was a student or disabled in 2009, see the instructions for line 5 . On line 22, enter \$2,500.

## Worksheet - Credit for 2008 Expenses Paid in 2009

You will need a copy of your 2008 California tax return to complete the worksheet.

## Line 12 and line 14

You need the 2008 form FTB 3506 instructions to complete the Credit for 2008 Expenses Paid in 2009 Worksheet, on Side 2. Forms are available at ftb.ca.gov or by calling 800.338.0505.

## Line 12

Enter the decimal amount from the chart in the line 7 instructions of the 2008 form FTB 3506 that corresponds to your 2008 federal adjusted gross income.

## Line 14

Enter the decimal amount from the chart in the line 9 instructions of the 2008 form FTB 3506 that corresponds to your 2008 California adjusted gross income.

## 2009 California Tax Table

To Find Your Tax:

- Read down the column labeled "If Your Taxable Income Is ..." to find the range that includes your taxable income from Form 540/540A, line 19.
- Read across the columns labeled "The Tax For Filing Status" until you find the tax that applies for your taxable income and filing status.

| Filing status: 1 or 3 (Single; Married/RDP Filing Separately) |  |  |  |  |  | 2 or 5 (Married/RDP Filing Jointly; Qualifying Widow(er)) |  |  |  |  |  | 4 (Head of Household) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| If Your Taxable Income Is ... |  | The Tax For Filing Status |  |  | If Your Taxable Income Is ... |  | The Tax For Filing Status |  |  | If Your Taxable Income Is ... |  | The Tax For Filing Status |  |  |
| At Least | But Not Over | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Or } 3 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Or } 5 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & \text { Is } \end{aligned}$ | At Least | But Not Over | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Or } 3 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Or } 5 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & \text { Is } \end{aligned}$ | At Least | But Not Over | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Or } 3 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Or } 5 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & \text { Is } \end{aligned}$ |
| \$1 | \$50 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 6,451 | 6,550 | 81 | 81 | 81 | 12,951 | 13,050 | 222 | 163 | 163 |
| 51 | 150 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6,551 | 6,650 | 83 | 83 | 83 | 13,051 | 13,150 | 224 | 164 | 164 |
| 151 | 250 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 6,651 | 6,750 | 84 | 84 | 84 | 13,151 | 13,250 | 226 | 165 | 165 |
| 251 | 350 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 6,751 | 6,850 | 85 | 85 | 85 | 13,251 | 13,350 | 229 | 166 | 166 |
| 351 | 450 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6,851 | 6,950 | 86 | 86 | 86 | 13,351 | 13,450 | 231 | 168 | 168 |
| 451 | 550 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6,951 | 7,050 | 88 | 88 | 88 | 13,451 | 13,550 | 233 | 169 | 169 |
| 551 | 650 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 7,051 | 7,150 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 13,551 | 13,650 | 235 | 170 | 170 |
| 651 | 750 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 7,151 | 7,250 | 91 | 90 | 90 | 13,651 | 13,750 | 238 | 171 | 171 |
| 751 | 850 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 7,251 | 7,350 | 94 | 91 | 91 | 13,751 | 13,850 | 240 | 173 | 173 |
| 851 | 950 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 7,351 | 7,450 | 96 | 93 | 93 | 13,851 | 13,950 | 242 | 174 | 174 |
| 951 | 1,050 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 7,451 | 7,550 | 98 | 94 | 94 | 13,951 | 14,050 | 244 | 175 | 175 |
| 1,051 | 1,150 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 7,551 | 7,650 | 100 | 95 | 95 | 14,051 | 14,150 | 247 | 176 | 176 |
| 1,151 | 1,250 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 7,651 | 7,750 | 103 | 96 | 96 | 14,151 | 14,250 | 249 | 178 | 178 |
| 1,251 | 1,350 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 7,751 | 7,850 | 105 | 98 | 98 | 14,251 | 14,350 | 251 | 181 | 180 |
| 1,351 | 1,450 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 7,851 | 7,950 | 107 | 99 | 99 | 14,351 | 14,450 | 253 | 183 | 183 |
| 1,451 | 1,550 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 7,951 | 8,050 | 109 | 100 | 100 | 14,451 | 14,550 | 256 | 185 | 185 |
| 1,551 | 1,650 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 8,051 | 8,150 | 112 | 101 | 101 | 14,551 | 14,650 | 258 | 187 | 187 |
| 1,651 | 1,750 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 8,151 | 8,250 | 114 | 103 | 103 | 14,651 | 14,750 | 260 | 190 | 189 |
| 1,751 | 1,850 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 8,251 | 8,350 | 116 | 104 | 104 | 14,751 | 14,850 | 262 | 192 | 192 |
| 1,851 | 1,950 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 8,351 | 8,450 | 118 | 105 | 105 | 14,851 | 14,950 | 265 | 194 | 194 |
| 1,951 | 2,050 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 8,451 | 8,550 | 121 | 106 | 106 | 14,951 | 15,050 | 267 | 196 | 196 |
| 2,051 | 2,150 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 8,551 | 8,650 | 123 | 108 | 108 | 15,051 | 15,150 | 269 | 199 | 198 |
| 2,151 | 2,250 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 8,651 | 8,750 | 125 | 109 | 109 | 15,151 | 15,250 | 271 | 201 | 201 |
| 2,251 | 2,350 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 8,751 | 8,850 | 127 | 110 | 110 | 15,251 | 15,350 | 274 | 203 | 203 |
| 2,351 | 2,450 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 8,851 | 8,950 | 130 | 111 | 111 | 15,351 | 15,450 | 276 | 205 | 205 |
| 2,451 | 2,550 | 31 | 31 | 31 | 8,951 | 9,050 | 132 | 113 | 113 | 15,451 | 15,550 | 278 | 208 | 207 |
| 2,551 | 2,650 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 9,051 | 9,150 | 134 | 114 | 114 | 15,551 | 15,650 | 280 | 210 | 210 |
| 2,651 | 2,750 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 9,151 | 9,250 | 136 | 115 | 115 | 15,651 | 15,750 | 283 | 212 | 212 |
| 2,751 | 2,850 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 9,251 | 9,350 | 139 | 116 | 116 | 15,751 | 15,850 | 285 | 214 | 214 |
| 2,851 | 2,950 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 9,351 | 9,450 | 141 | 118 | 118 | 15,851 | 15,950 | 287 | 217 | 216 |
| 2,951 | 3,050 | 38 | 38 | 38 | 9,451 | 9,550 | 143 | 119 | 119 | 15,951 | 16,050 | 289 | 219 | 219 |
| 3,051 | 3,150 | 39 | 39 | 39 | 9,551 | 9,650 | 145 | 120 | 120 | 16,051 | 16,150 | 292 | 221 | 221 |
| 3,151 | 3,250 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 9,651 | 9,750 | 148 | 121 | 121 | 16,151 | 16,250 | 294 | 223 | 223 |
| 3,251 | 3,350 | 41 | 41 | 41 | 9,751 | 9,850 | 150 | 123 | 123 | 16,251 | 16,350 | 296 | 226 | 225 |
| 3,351 | 3,450 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 9,851 | 9,950 | 152 | 124 | 124 | 16,351 | 16,450 | 298 | 228 | 228 |
| 3,451 | 3,550 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 9,951 | 10,050 | 154 | 125 | 125 | 16,451 | 16,550 | 301 | 230 | 230 |
| 3,551 | 3,650 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 10,051 | 10,150 | 157 | 126 | 126 | 16,551 | 16,650 | 303 | 232 | 232 |
| 3,651 | 3,750 | 46 | 46 | 46 | 10,151 | 10,250 | 159 | 128 | 128 | 16,651 | 16,750 | 305 | 235 | 234 |
| 3,751 | 3,850 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 10,251 | 10,350 | 161 | 129 | 129 | 16,751 | 16,850 | 309 | 237 | 237 |
| 3,851 | 3,950 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 10,351 | 10,450 | 163 | 130 | 130 | 16,851 | 16,950 | 313 | 239 | 239 |
| 3,951 | 4,050 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 10,451 | 10,550 | 166 | 131 | 131 | 16,951 | 17,050 | 317 | 241 | 241 |
| 4,051 | 4,150 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 10,551 | 10,650 | 168 | 133 | 133 | 17,051 | 17,150 | 321 | 244 | 243 |
| 4,151 | 4,250 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 10,651 | 10,750 | 170 | 134 | 134 | 17,151 | 17,250 | 326 | 246 | 246 |
| 4,251 | 4,350 | 54 | 54 | 54 | 10,751 | 10,850 | 172 | 135 | 135 | 17,251 | 17,350 | 330 | 248 | 248 |
| 4,351 | 4,450 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 10,851 | 10,950 | 175 | 136 | 136 | 17,351 | 17,450 | 334 | 250 | 250 |
| 4,451 | 4,550 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 10,951 | 11,050 | 177 | 138 | 138 | 17,451 | 17,550 | 338 | 253 | 252 |
| 4,551 | 4,650 | 58 | 58 | 58 | 11,051 | 11,150 | 179 | 139 | 139 | 17,551 | 17,650 | 343 | 255 | 255 |
| 4,651 | 4,750 | 59 | 59 | 59 | 11,151 | 11,250 | 181 | 140 | 140 | 17,651 | 17,750 | 347 | 257 | 257 |
| 4,751 | 4,850 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 11,251 | 11,350 | 184 | 141 | 141 | 17,751 | 17,850 | 351 | 259 | 259 |
| 4,851 | 4,950 | 61 | 61 | 61 | 11,351 | 11,450 | 186 | 143 | 143 | 17,851 | 17,950 | 355 | 262 | 261 |
| 4,951 | 5,050 | 63 | 63 | 63 | 11,451 | 11,550 | 188 | 144 | 144 | 17,951 | 18,050 | 360 | 264 | 264 |
| 5,051 | 5,150 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 11,551 | 11,650 | 190 | 145 | 145 | 18,051 | 18,150 | 364 | 266 | 266 |
| 5,151 | 5,250 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 11,651 | 11,750 | 193 | 146 | 146 | 18,151 | 18,250 | 368 | 268 | 268 |
| 5,251 | 5,350 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 11,751 | 11,850 | 195 | 148 | 148 | 18,251 | 18,350 | 372 | 271 | 270 |
| 5,351 | 5,450 | 68 | 68 | 68 | 11,851 | 11,950 | 197 | 149 | 149 | 18,351 | 18,450 | 377 | 273 | 273 |
| 5,451 | 5,550 | 69 | 69 | 69 | 11,951 | 12,050 | 199 | 150 | 150 | 18,451 | 18,550 | 381 | 275 | 275 |
| 5,551 | 5,650 | 70 | 70 | 70 | 12,051 | 12,150 | 202 | 151 | 151 | 18,551 | 18,650 | 385 | 277 | 277 |
| 5,651 | 5,750 | 71 | 71 | 71 | 12,151 | 12,250 | 204 | 153 | 153 | 18,651 | 18,750 | 389 | 280 | 279 |
| 5,751 | 5,850 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 12,251 | 12,350 | 206 | 154 | 154 | 18,751 | 18,850 | 394 | 282 | 282 |
| 5,851 | 5,950 | 74 | 74 | 74 | 12,351 | 12,450 | 208 | 155 | 155 | 18,851 | 18,950 | 398 | 284 | 284 |
| 5,951 | 6,050 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 12,451 | 12,550 | 211 | 156 | 156 | 18,951 | 19,050 | 402 | 286 | 286 |
| 6,051 | 6,150 | 76 | 76 | 76 | 12,551 | 12,650 | 213 | 158 | 158 | 19,051 | 19,150 | 406 | 289 | 288 |
| 6,151 | 6,250 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 12,651 | 12,750 | 215 | 159 | 159 | 19,151 | 19,250 | 411 | 291 | 291 |
| 6,251 | 6,350 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 12,751 | 12,850 | 217 | 160 | 160 | 19,251 | 19,350 | 415 | 293 | 293 |
| 6,351 | 6,450 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 12,851 | 12,950 | 220 | 161 | 161 | 19,351 | 19,450 | 419 | 295 | 295 |

2009 California Tax Table -continued
Filing status: 1 or 3 (Single; Married/RDP Filing Separately) 2 or 5 (Married/RDP Filing Jointly; Qualifying Widow(er)) 4 (Head of Household) If Your Taxable Income Is ..

## The Tax For

Filing Status $\quad$ Income Is ...
The Tax For Filing Status $\quad$ Income Is ... The Tax For

| At Least | But Not Over | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Or } 3 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Or } 5 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4 \\ & \text { Is } \end{aligned}$ | At Least | But Not Over | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Or } 3 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Or } 5 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & \text { Is } \end{aligned}$ | At Least | But Not Over | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Or } 3 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Or } 5 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19,451 | 19,550 | 423 | 298 | 297 | 26,451 | 26,550 | 722 | 455 | 455 | 33,451 | 33,550 | 1,160 | 613 | 613 |
| 19,551 | 19,650 | 428 | 300 | 300 | 26,551 | 26,650 | 729 | 457 | 457 | 33,551 | 33,650 | 1,166 | 617 | 617 |
| 19,651 | 19,750 | 432 | 302 | 302 | 26,651 | 26,750 | 735 | 460 | 459 | 33,651 | 33,750 | 1,172 | 621 | 621 |
| 19,751 | 19,850 | 436 | 304 | 304 | 26,751 | 26,850 | 741 | 462 | 462 | 33,751 | 33,850 | 1,179 | 626 | 626 |
| 19,851 | 19,950 | 440 | 307 | 306 | 26,851 | 26,950 | 747 | 464 | 464 | 33,851 | 33,950 | 1,185 | 630 | 630 |
| 19,951 | 20,050 | 445 | 309 | 309 | 26,951 | 27,050 | 754 | 466 | 466 | 33,951 | 34,050 | 1,191 | 634 | 634 |
| 20,051 | 20,150 | 449 | 311 | 311 | 27,051 | 27,150 | 760 | 469 | 468 | 34,051 | 34,150 | 1,197 | 638 | 638 |
| 20,151 | 20,250 | 453 | 313 | 313 | 27,151 | 27,250 | 766 | 471 | 471 | 34,151 | 34,250 | 1,204 | 643 | 643 |
| 20,251 | 20,350 | 457 | 316 | 315 | 27,251 | 27,350 | 772 | 473 | 473 | 34,251 | 34,350 | 1,210 | 647 | 647 |
| 20,351 | 20,450 | 462 | 318 | 318 | 27,351 | 27,450 | 779 | 475 | 475 | 34,351 | 34,450 | 1,216 | 651 | 651 |
| 20,451 | 20,550 | 466 | 320 | 320 | 27,451 | 27,550 | 785 | 478 | 477 | 34,451 | 34,550 | 1,222 | 655 | 655 |
| 20,551 | 20,650 | 470 | 322 | 322 | 27,551 | 27,650 | 791 | 480 | 480 | 34,551 | 34,650 | 1,229 | 660 | 660 |
| 20,651 | 20,750 | 474 | 325 | 324 | 27,651 | 27,750 | 797 | 482 | 482 | 34,651 | 34,750 | 1,235 | 664 | 664 |
| 20,751 | 20,850 | 479 | 327 | 327 | 27,751 | 27,850 | 804 | 484 | 484 | 34,751 | 34,850 | 1,241 | 668 | 668 |
| 20,851 | 20,950 | 483 | 329 | 329 | 27,851 | 27,950 | 810 | 487 | 486 | 34,851 | 34,950 | 1,247 | 672 | 672 |
| 20,951 | 21,050 | 487 | 331 | 331 | 27,951 | 28,050 | 816 | 489 | 489 | 34,951 | 35,050 | 1,254 | 677 | 677 |
| 21,051 | 21,150 | 491 | 334 | 333 | 28,051 | 28,150 | 822 | 491 | 491 | 35,051 | 35,150 | 1,260 | 681 | 681 |
| 21,151 | 21,250 | 496 | 336 | 336 | 28,151 | 28,250 | 829 | 493 | 493 | 35,151 | 35,250 | 1,266 | 685 | 685 |
| 21,251 | 21,350 | 500 | 338 | 338 | 28,251 | 28,350 | 835 | 496 | 495 | 35,251 | 35,350 | 1,272 | 689 | 689 |
| 21,351 | 21,450 | 504 | 340 | 340 | 28,351 | 28,450 | 841 | 498 | 498 | 35,351 | 35,450 | 1,279 | 694 | 694 |
| 21,451 | 21,550 | 508 | 343 | 342 | 28,451 | 28,550 | 847 | 500 | 500 | 35,451 | 35,550 | 1,285 | 698 | 698 |
| 21,551 | 21,650 | 513 | 345 | 345 | 28,551 | 28,650 | 854 | 502 | 502 | 35,551 | 35,650 | 1,291 | 702 | 702 |
| 21,651 | 21,750 | 517 | 347 | 347 | 28,651 | 28,750 | 860 | 505 | 504 | 35,651 | 35,750 | 1,297 | 706 | 706 |
| 21,751 | 21,850 | 521 | 349 | 349 | 28,751 | 28,850 | 866 | 507 | 507 | 35,751 | 35,850 | 1,304 | 711 | 711 |
| 21,851 | 21,950 | 525 | 352 | 351 | 28,851 | 28,950 | 872 | 509 | 509 | 35,851 | 35,950 | 1,310 | 715 | 715 |
| 21,951 | 22,050 | 530 | 354 | 354 | 28,951 | 29,050 | 879 | 511 | 511 | 35,951 | 36,050 | 1,316 | 719 | 719 |
| 22,051 | 22,150 | 534 | 356 | 356 | 29,051 | 29,150 | 885 | 514 | 513 | 36,051 | 36,150 | 1,322 | 723 | 723 |
| 22,151 | 22,250 | 538 | 358 | 358 | 29,151 | 29,250 | 891 | 516 | 516 | 36,151 | 36,250 | 1,329 | 728 | 728 |
| 22,251 | 22,350 | 542 | 361 | 360 | 29,251 | 29,350 | 897 | 518 | 518 | 36,251 | 36,350 | 1,335 | 732 | 732 |
| 22,351 | 22,450 | 547 | 363 | 363 | 29,351 | 29,450 | 904 | 520 | 520 | 36,351 | 36,450 | 1,341 | 736 | 736 |
| 22,451 | 22,550 | 551 | 365 | 365 | 29,451 | 29,550 | 910 | 523 | 522 | 36,451 | 36,550 | 1,347 | 740 | 740 |
| 22,551 | 22,650 | 555 | 367 | 367 | 29,551 | 29,650 | 916 | 525 | 525 | 36,551 | 36,650 | 1,354 | 745 | 745 |
| 22,651 | 22,750 | 559 | 370 | 369 | 29,651 | 29,750 | 922 | 527 | 527 | 36,651 | 36,750 | 1,360 | 749 | 749 |
| 22,751 | 22,850 | 564 | 372 | 372 | 29,751 | 29,850 | 929 | 529 | 529 | 36,751 | 36,850 | 1,369 | 753 | 753 |
| 22,851 | 22,950 | 568 | 374 | 374 | 29,851 | 29,950 | 935 | 532 | 531 | 36,851 | 36,950 | 1,377 | 757 | 757 |
| 22,951 | 23,050 | 572 | 376 | 376 | 29,951 | 30,050 | 941 | 534 | 534 | 36,951 | 37,050 | 1,385 | 762 | 762 |
| 23,051 | 23,150 | 576 | 379 | 378 | 30,051 | 30,150 | 947 | 536 | 536 | 37,051 | 37,150 | 1,393 | 766 | 766 |
| 23,151 | 23,250 | 581 | 381 | 381 | 30,151 | 30,250 | 954 | 538 | 538 | 37,151 | 37,250 | 1,402 | 770 | 770 |
| 23,251 | 23,350 | 585 | 383 | 383 | 30,251 | 30,350 | 960 | 541 | 540 | 37,251 | 37,350 | 1,410 | 774 | 774 |
| 23,351 | 23,450 | 589 | 385 | 385 | 30,351 | 30,450 | 966 | 543 | 543 | 37,351 | 37,450 | 1,418 | 779 | 779 |
| 23,451 | 23,550 | 593 | 388 | 387 | 30,451 | 30,550 | 972 | 545 | 545 | 37,451 | 37,550 | 1,426 | 783 | 783 |
| 23,551 | 23,650 | 598 | 390 | 390 | 30,551 | 30,650 | 979 | 547 | 547 | 37,551 | 37,650 | 1,435 | 787 | 787 |
| 23,651 | 23,750 | 602 | 392 | 392 | 30,651 | 30,750 | 985 | 550 | 549 | 37,651 | 37,750 | 1,443 | 791 | 791 |
| 23,751 | 23,850 | 606 | 394 | 394 | 30,751 | 30,850 | 991 | 552 | 552 | 37,751 | 37,850 | 1,451 | 796 | 796 |
| 23,851 | 23,950 | 610 | 397 | 396 | 30,851 | 30,950 | 997 | 554 | 554 | 37,851 | 37,950 | 1,459 | 800 | 800 |
| 23,951 | 24,050 | 615 | 399 | 399 | 30,951 | 31,050 | 1,004 | 556 | 556 | 37,951 | 38,050 | 1,468 | 804 | 804 |
| 24,051 | 24,150 | 619 | 401 | 401 | 31,051 | 31,150 | 1,010 | 559 | 558 | 38,051 | 38,150 | 1,476 | 808 | 808 |
| 24,151 | 24,250 | 623 | 403 | 403 | 31,151 | 31,250 | 1,016 | 561 | 561 | 38,151 | 38,250 | 1,484 | 813 | 813 |
| 24,251 | 24,350 | 627 | 406 | 405 | 31,251 | 31,350 | 1,022 | 563 | 563 | 38,251 | 38,350 | 1,492 | 817 | 817 |
| 24,351 | 24,450 | 632 | 408 | 408 | 31,351 | 31,450 | 1,029 | 565 | 565 | 38,351 | 38,450 | 1,501 | 821 | 821 |
| 24,451 | 24,550 | 636 | 410 | 410 | 31,451 | 31,550 | 1,035 | 568 | 567 | 38,451 | 38,550 | 1,509 | 825 | 825 |
| 24,551 | 24,650 | 640 | 412 | 412 | 31,551 | 31,650 | 1,041 | 570 | 570 | 38,551 | 38,650 | 1,517 | 830 | 830 |
| 24,651 | 24,750 | 644 | 415 | 414 | 31,651 | 31,750 | 1,047 | 572 | 572 | 38,651 | 38,750 | 1,525 | 834 | 834 |
| 24,751 | 24,850 | 649 | 417 | 417 | 31,751 | 31,850 | 1,054 | 574 | 574 | 38,751 | 38,850 | 1,534 | 838 | 838 |
| 24,851 | 24,950 | 653 | 419 | 419 | 31,851 | 31,950 | 1,060 | 577 | 576 | 38,851 | 38,950 | 1,542 | 842 | 842 |
| 24,951 | 25,050 | 657 | 421 | 421 | 31,951 | 32,050 | 1,066 | 579 | 579 | 38,951 | 39,050 | 1,550 | 847 | 847 |
| 25,051 | 25,150 | 661 | 424 | 423 | 32,051 | 32,150 | 1,072 | 581 | 581 | 39,051 | 39,150 | 1,558 | 851 | 851 |
| 25,151 | 25,250 | 666 | 426 | 426 | 32,151 | 32,250 | 1,079 | 583 | 583 | 39,151 | 39,250 | 1,567 | 855 | 855 |
| 25,251 | 25,350 | 670 | 428 | 428 | 32,251 | 32,350 | 1,085 | 586 | 585 | 39,251 | 39,350 | 1,575 | 859 | 859 |
| 25,351 | 25,450 | 674 | 430 | 430 | 32,351 | 32,450 | 1,091 | 588 | 588 | 39,351 | 39,450 | 1,583 | 864 | 864 |
| 25,451 | 25,550 | 678 | 433 | 432 | 32,451 | 32,550 | 1,097 | 590 | 590 | 39,451 | 39,550 | 1,591 | 868 | 868 |
| 25,551 | 25,650 | 683 | 435 | 435 | 32,551 | 32,650 | 1,104 | 592 | 592 | 39,551 | 39,650 | 1,600 | 872 | 872 |
| 25,651 | 25,750 | 687 | 437 | 437 | 32,651 | 32,750 | 1,110 | 595 | 594 | 39,651 | 39,750 | 1,608 | 876 | 876 |
| 25,751 | 25,850 | 691 | 439 | 439 | 32,751 | 32,850 | 1,116 | 597 | 597 | 39,751 | 39,850 | 1,616 | 881 | 881 |
| 25,851 | 25,950 | 695 | 442 | 441 | 32,851 | 32,950 | 1,122 | 599 | 599 | 39,851 | 39,950 | 1,624 | 885 | 885 |
| 25,951 | 26,050 | 700 | 444 | 444 | 32,951 | 33,050 | 1,129 | 601 | 601 | 39,951 | 40,050 | 1,633 | 889 | 889 |
| 26,051 | 26,150 | 704 | 446 | 446 | 33,051 | 33,150 | 1,135 | 604 | 603 | 40,051 | 40,150 | 1,641 | 893 | 893 |
| 26,151 | 26,250 | 708 | 448 | 448 | 33,151 | 33,250 | 1,141 | 606 | 606 | 40,151 | 40,250 | 1,649 | 898 | 898 |
| 26,251 | 26,350 | 712 | 451 | 450 | 33,251 | 33,350 | 1,147 | 608 | 608 | 40,251 | 40,350 | 1,657 | 902 | 902 |
| 26,351 | 26,450 | 717 | 453 | 453 | 33,351 | 33,450 | 1,154 | 610 | 610 | 40,351 | 40,450 | 1,666 | 906 | 906 |

Continued on next page.
Page 58 Personal Income Tax Booklet 2009

2009 California Tax Table - continued
Filing status: 1 or 3 (Single; Married/RDP Filing Separately) 2 or 5 (Married/RDP Filing Jointly; Qualifying Widow(er)) 4 (Head of Household) If Your Taxable Income Is..

## The Tax For

 Filing StatusIf Your Taxable | $\begin{array}{l}\text { If Your Taxable } \\ \text { Income Is ... }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { The Tax For } \\ \text { Filing Status }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | ---: |

If Your Taxable Income Is ..

| At Least | But Not Over | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Or } 3 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Or } 5 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & \text { Is } \end{aligned}$ | At Least | But Not Over | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Or } 3 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Or } 5 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & \text { Is } \end{aligned}$ | At Least | But Not Over | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Or } 3 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Or } 5 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4 \\ & \text { Is } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40,451 | 40,550 | 1,674 | 910 | 910 | 47,451 | 47,550 | 2,266 | 1,208 | 1,295 | 54,451 | 54,550 | 2,935 | 1,539 | 1,754 |
| 40,551 | 40,650 | 1,682 | 915 | 915 | 47,551 | 47,650 | 2,276 | 1,212 | 1,301 | 54,551 | 54,650 | 2,945 | 1,545 | 1,762 |
| 40,651 | 40,750 | 1,690 | 919 | 919 | 47,651 | 47,750 | 2,286 | 1,216 | 1,307 | 54,651 | 54,750 | 2,954 | 1,551 | 1,771 |
| 40,751 | 40,850 | 1,699 | 923 | 923 | 47,751 | 47,850 | 2,295 | 1,221 | 1,313 | 54,751 | 54,850 | 2,964 | 1,557 | 1,779 |
| 40,851 | 40,950 | 1,707 | 927 | 927 | 47,851 | 47,950 | 2,305 | 1,225 | 1,320 | 54,851 | 54,950 | 2,973 | 1,564 | 1,787 |
| 40,951 | 41,050 | 1,715 | 932 | 932 | 47,951 | 48,050 | 2,314 | 1,229 | 1,326 | 54,951 | 55,050 | 2,983 | 1,570 | 1,795 |
| 41,051 | 41,150 | 1,723 | 936 | 936 | 48,051 | 48,150 | 2,324 | 1,233 | 1,332 | 55,051 | 55,150 | 2,992 | 1,576 | 1,804 |
| 41,151 | 41,250 | 1,732 | 940 | 940 | 48,151 | 48,250 | 2,333 | 1,238 | 1,338 | 55,151 | 55,250 | 3,002 | 1,582 | 1,812 |
| 41,251 | 41,350 | 1,740 | 944 | 944 | 48,251 | 48,350 | 2,343 | 1,242 | 1,345 | 55,251 | 55,350 | 3,011 | 1,589 | 1,820 |
| 41,351 | 41,450 | 1,748 | 949 | 949 | 48,351 | 48,450 | 2,352 | 1,246 | 1,351 | 55,351 | 55,450 | 3,021 | 1,595 | 1,828 |
| 41,451 | 41,550 | 1,756 | 953 | 953 | 48,451 | 48,550 | 2,362 | 1,250 | 1,357 | 55,451 | 55,550 | 3,030 | 1,601 | 1,837 |
| 41,551 | 41,650 | 1,765 | 957 | 957 | 48,551 | 48,650 | 2,372 | 1,255 | 1,363 | 55,551 | 55,650 | 3,040 | 1,607 | 1,845 |
| 41,651 | 41,750 | 1,773 | 961 | 961 | 48,651 | 48,750 | 2,381 | 1,259 | 1,370 | 55,651 | 55,750 | 3,050 | 1,614 | 1,853 |
| 41,751 | 41,850 | 1,781 | 966 | 966 | 48,751 | 48,850 | 2,391 | 1,263 | 1,376 | 55,751 | 55,850 | 3,059 | 1,620 | 1,861 |
| 41,851 | 41,950 | 1,789 | 970 | 970 | 48,851 | 48,950 | 2,400 | 1,267 | 1,382 | 55,851 | 55,950 | 3,069 | 1,626 | 1,870 |
| 41,951 | 42,050 | 1,798 | 974 | 974 | 48,951 | 49,050 | 2,410 | 1,272 | 1,388 | 55,951 | 56,050 | 3,078 | 1,632 | 1,878 |
| 42,051 | 42,150 | 1,806 | 978 | 978 | 49,051 | 49,150 | 2,419 | 1,276 | 1,395 | 56,051 | 56,150 | 3,088 | 1,639 | 1,886 |
| 42,151 | 42,250 | 1,814 | 983 | 983 | 49,151 | 49,250 | 2,429 | 1,280 | 1,401 | 56,151 | 56,250 | 3,097 | 1,645 | 1,894 |
| 42,251 | 42,350 | 1,822 | 987 | 987 | 49,251 | 49,350 | 2,438 | 1,284 | 1,407 | 56,251 | 56,350 | 3,107 | 1,651 | 1,903 |
| 42,351 | 42,450 | 1,831 | 991 | 991 | 49,351 | 49,450 | 2,448 | 1,289 | 1,413 | 56,351 | 56,450 | 3,116 | 1,657 | 1,911 |
| 42,451 | 42,550 | 1,839 | 995 | 995 | 49,451 | 49,550 | 2,457 | 1,293 | 1,420 | 56,451 | 56,550 | 3,126 | 1,664 | 1,919 |
| 42,551 | 42,650 | 1,847 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 49,551 | 49,650 | 2,467 | 1,297 | 1,426 | 56,551 | 56,650 | 3,136 | 1,670 | 1,927 |
| 42,651 | 42,750 | 1,855 | 1,004 | 1,004 | 49,651 | 49,750 | 2,477 | 1,301 | 1,432 | 56,651 | 56,750 | 3,145 | 1,676 | 1,936 |
| 42,751 | 42,850 | 1,864 | 1,008 | 1,008 | 49,751 | 49,850 | 2,486 | 1,306 | 1,438 | 56,751 | 56,850 | 3,155 | 1,682 | 1,944 |
| 42,851 | 42,950 | 1,872 | 1,012 | 1,012 | 49,851 | 49,950 | 2,496 | 1,310 | 1,445 | 56,851 | 56,950 | 3,164 | 1,689 | 1,952 |
| 42,951 | 43,050 | 1,880 | 1,017 | 1,017 | 49,951 | 50,050 | 2,505 | 1,314 | 1,451 | 56,951 | 57,050 | 3,174 | 1,695 | 1,960 |
| 43,051 | 43,150 | 1,888 | 1,021 | 1,021 | 50,051 | 50,150 | 2,515 | 1,318 | 1,457 | 57,051 | 57,150 | 3,183 | 1,701 | 1,969 |
| 43,151 | 43,250 | 1,897 | 1,025 | 1,026 | 50,151 | 50,250 | 2,524 | 1,323 | 1,463 | 57,151 | 57,250 | 3,193 | 1,707 | 1,977 |
| 43,251 | 43,350 | 1,905 | 1,029 | 1,032 | 50,251 | 50,350 | 2,534 | 1,327 | 1,470 | 57,251 | 57,350 | 3,202 | 1,714 | 1,985 |
| 43,351 | 43,450 | 1,913 | 1,034 | 1,038 | 50,351 | 50,450 | 2,543 | 1,331 | 1,476 | 57,351 | 57,450 | 3,212 | 1,720 | 1,993 |
| 43,451 | 43,550 | 1,921 | 1,038 | 1,045 | 50,451 | 50,550 | 2,553 | 1,335 | 1,482 | 57,451 | 57,550 | 3,221 | 1,726 | 2,002 |
| 43,551 | 43,650 | 1,930 | 1,042 | 1,051 | 50,551 | 50,650 | 2,563 | 1,340 | 1,488 | 57,551 | 57,650 | 3,231 | 1,732 | 2,010 |
| 43,651 | 43,750 | 1,938 | 1,046 | 1,057 | 50,651 | 50,750 | 2,572 | 1,344 | 1,495 | 57,651 | 57,750 | 3,241 | 1,739 | 2,018 |
| 43,751 | 43,850 | 1,946 | 1,051 | 1,063 | 50,751 | 50,850 | 2,582 | 1,348 | 1,501 | 57,751 | 57,850 | 3,250 | 1,745 | 2,026 |
| 43,851 | 43,950 | 1,954 | 1,055 | 1,070 | 50,851 | 50,950 | 2,591 | 1,352 | 1,507 | 57,851 | 57,950 | 3,260 | 1,751 | 2,035 |
| 43,951 | 44,050 | 1,963 | 1,059 | 1,076 | 50,951 | 51,050 | 2,601 | 1,357 | 1,513 | 57,951 | 58,050 | 3,269 | 1,757 | 2,043 |
| 44,051 | 44,150 | 1,971 | 1,063 | 1,082 | 51,051 | 51,150 | 2,610 | 1,361 | 1,520 | 58,051 | 58,150 | 3,279 | 1,764 | 2,051 |
| 44,151 | 44,250 | 1,979 | 1,068 | 1,088 | 51,151 | 51,250 | 2,620 | 1,365 | 1,526 | 58,151 | 58,250 | 3,288 | 1,770 | 2,059 |
| 44,251 | 44,350 | 1,987 | 1,072 | 1,095 | 51,251 | 51,350 | 2,629 | 1,369 | 1,532 | 58,251 | 58,350 | 3,298 | 1,776 | 2,068 |
| 44,351 | 44,450 | 1,996 | 1,076 | 1,101 | 51,351 | 51,450 | 2,639 | 1,374 | 1,538 | 58,351 | 58,450 | 3,307 | 1,782 | 2,076 |
| 44,451 | 44,550 | 2,004 | 1,080 | 1,107 | 51,451 | 51,550 | 2,648 | 1,378 | 1,545 | 58,451 | 58,550 | 3,317 | 1,789 | 2,084 |
| 44,551 | 44,650 | 2,012 | 1,085 | 1,113 | 51,551 | 51,650 | 2,658 | 1,382 | 1,551 | 58,551 | 58,650 | 3,327 | 1,795 | 2,092 |
| 44,651 | 44,750 | 2,020 | 1,089 | 1,120 | 51,651 | 51,750 | 2,668 | 1,386 | 1,557 | 58,651 | 58,750 | 3,336 | 1,801 | 2,101 |
| 44,751 | 44,850 | 2,029 | 1,093 | 1,126 | 51,751 | 51,850 | 2,677 | 1,391 | 1,563 | 58,751 | 58,850 | 3,346 | 1,807 | 2,109 |
| 44,851 | 44,950 | 2,037 | 1,097 | 1,132 | 51,851 | 51,950 | 2,687 | 1,395 | 1,570 | 58,851 | 58,950 | 3,355 | 1,814 | 2,117 |
| 44,951 | 45,050 | 2,045 | 1,102 | 1,138 | 51,951 | 52,050 | 2,696 | 1,399 | 1,576 | 58,951 | 59,050 | 3,365 | 1,820 | 2,125 |
| 45,051 | 45,150 | 2,053 | 1,106 | 1,145 | 52,051 | 52,150 | 2,706 | 1,403 | 1,582 | 59,051 | 59,150 | 3,374 | 1,826 | 2,134 |
| 45,151 | 45,250 | 2,062 | 1,110 | 1,151 | 52,151 | 52,250 | 2,715 | 1,408 | 1,588 | 59,151 | 59,250 | 3,384 | 1,832 | 2,142 |
| 45,251 | 45,350 | 2,070 | 1,114 | 1,157 | 52,251 | 52,350 | 2,725 | 1,412 | 1,595 | 59,251 | 59,350 | 3,393 | 1,839 | 2,150 |
| 45,351 | 45,450 | 2,078 | 1,119 | 1,163 | 52,351 | 52,450 | 2,734 | 1,416 | 1,601 | 59,351 | 59,450 | 3,403 | 1,845 | 2,158 |
| 45,451 | 45,550 | 2,086 | 1,123 | 1,170 | 52,451 | 52,550 | 2,744 | 1,420 | 1,607 | 59,451 | 59,550 | 3,412 | 1,851 | 2,167 |
| 45,551 | 45,650 | 2,095 | 1,127 | 1,176 | 52,551 | 52,650 | 2,754 | 1,425 | 1,613 | 59,551 | 59,650 | 3,422 | 1,857 | 2,175 |
| 45,651 | 45,750 | 2,103 | 1,131 | 1,182 | 52,651 | 52,750 | 2,763 | 1,429 | 1,620 | 59,651 | 59,750 | 3,432 | 1,864 | 2,183 |
| 45,751 | 45,850 | 2,111 | 1,136 | 1,188 | 52,751 | 52,850 | 2,773 | 1,433 | 1,626 | 59,751 | 59,850 | 3,441 | 1,870 | 2,191 |
| 45,851 | 45,950 | 2,119 | 1,140 | 1,195 | 52,851 | 52,950 | 2,782 | 1,439 | 1,632 | 59,851 | 59,950 | 3,451 | 1,876 | 2,200 |
| 45,951 | 46,050 | 2,128 | 1,144 | 1,201 | 52,951 | 53,050 | 2,792 | 1,445 | 1,638 | 59,951 | 60,050 | 3,460 | 1,882 | 2,208 |
| 46,051 | 46,150 | 2,136 | 1,148 | 1,207 | 53,051 | 53,150 | 2,801 | 1,451 | 1,645 | 60,051 | 60,150 | 3,470 | 1,889 | 2,216 |
| 46,151 | 46,250 | 2,144 | 1,153 | 1,213 | 53,151 | 53,250 | 2,811 | 1,457 | 1,651 | 60,151 | 60,250 | 3,479 | 1,895 | 2,224 |
| 46,251 | 46,350 | 2,152 | 1,157 | 1,220 | 53,251 | 53,350 | 2,820 | 1,464 | 1,657 | 60,251 | 60,350 | 3,489 | 1,901 | 2,233 |
| 46,351 | 46,450 | 2,161 | 1,161 | 1,226 | 53,351 | 53,450 | 2,830 | 1,470 | 1,663 | 60,351 | 60,450 | 3,498 | 1,907 | 2,241 |
| 46,451 | 46,550 | 2,171 | 1,165 | 1,232 | 53,451 | 53,550 | 2,839 | 1,476 | 1,672 | 60,451 | 60,550 | 3,508 | 1,914 | 2,249 |
| 46,551 | 46,650 | 2,181 | 1,170 | 1,238 | 53,551 | 53,650 | 2,849 | 1,482 | 1,680 | 60,551 | 60,650 | 3,518 | 1,920 | 2,257 |
| 46,651 | 46,750 | 2,190 | 1,174 | 1,245 | 53,651 | 53,750 | 2,859 | 1,489 | 1,688 | 60,651 | 60,750 | 3,527 | 1,926 | 2,266 |
| 46,751 | 46,850 | 2,200 | 1,178 | 1,251 | 53,751 | 53,850 | 2,868 | 1,495 | 1,696 | 60,751 | 60,850 | 3,537 | 1,932 | 2,274 |
| 46,851 | 46,950 | 2,209 | 1,182 | 1,257 | 53,851 | 53,950 | 2,878 | 1,501 | 1,705 | 60,851 | 60,950 | 3,546 | 1,939 | 2,282 |
| 46,951 | 47,050 | 2,219 | 1,187 | 1,263 | 53,951 | 54,050 | 2,887 | 1,507 | 1,713 | 60,951 | 61,050 | 3,556 | 1,945 | 2,290 |
| 47,051 | 47,150 | 2,228 | 1,191 | 1,270 | 54,051 | 54,150 | 2,897 | 1,514 | 1,721 | 61,051 | 61,150 | 3,565 | 1,951 | 2,299 |
| 47,151 | 47,250 | 2,238 | 1,195 | 1,276 | 54,151 | 54,250 | 2,906 | 1,520 | 1,729 | 61,151 | 61,250 | 3,575 | 1,957 | 2,307 |
| 47,251 | 47,350 | 2,247 | 1,199 | 1,282 | 54,251 | 54,350 | 2,916 | 1,526 | 1,738 | 61,251 | 61,350 | 3,584 | 1,964 | 2,315 |
| 47,351 | 47,450 | 2,257 | 1,204 | 1,288 | 54,351 | 54,450 | 2,925 | 1,532 | 1,746 | 61,351 | 61,450 | 3,594 | 1,970 | 2,323 |

2009 California Tax Table -coninued
Filing status: 1 or 3 (Single; Married/RDP Filing Separately) 2 or 5 (Married/RDP Filing Jointly; Qualifying Widow(er)) 4 (Head of Household)


| At Least | But Not Over | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Or } 3 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Or } 5 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4 \\ & \text { Is } \end{aligned}$ | At Least | But Not Over | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Or } 3 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $2 \text { Or } 5$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4 \\ & \text { Is } \end{aligned}$ | At Least | But Not Over | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Or } 3 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Or } 5 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4 \\ & \text { Is } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 61,451 | 61,550 | 3,603 | 1,976 | 2,332 | 68,451 | 68,550 | 4,272 | 2,414 | 2,979 | 75,451 | 75,550 | 4,940 | 2,894 | 3,648 |
| 61,551 | 61,650 | 3,613 | 1,982 | 2,340 | 68,551 | 68,650 | 4,282 | 2,420 | 2,989 | 75,551 | 75,650 | 4,950 | 2,902 | 3,657 |
| 61,651 | 61,750 | 3,623 | 1,989 | 2,348 | 68,651 | 68,750 | 4,291 | 2,426 | 2,998 | 75,651 | 75,750 | 4,960 | 2,911 | 3,667 |
| 61,751 | 61,850 | 3,632 | 1,995 | 2,356 | 68,751 | 68,850 | 4,301 | 2,432 | 3,008 | 75,751 | 75,850 | 4,969 | 2,919 | 3,676 |
| 61,851 | 61,950 | 3,642 | 2,001 | 2,365 | 68,851 | 68,950 | 4,310 | 2,439 | 3,018 | 75,851 | 75,950 | 4,979 | 2,927 | 3,686 |
| 61,951 | 62,050 | 3,651 | 2,007 | 2,373 | 68,951 | 69,050 | 4,320 | 2,445 | 3,027 | 75,951 | 76,050 | 4,988 | 2,935 | 3,696 |
| 62,051 | 62,150 | 3,661 | 2,014 | 2,381 | 69,051 | 69,150 | 4,329 | 2,451 | 3,037 | 76,051 | 76,150 | 4,998 | 2,944 | 3,705 |
| 62,151 | 62,250 | 3,670 | 2,020 | 2,389 | 69,151 | 69,250 | 4,339 | 2,457 | 3,046 | 76,151 | 76,250 | 5,007 | 2,952 | 3,715 |
| 62,251 | 62,350 | 3,680 | 2,026 | 2,398 | 69,251 | 69,350 | 4,348 | 2,464 | 3,056 | 76,251 | 76,350 | 5,017 | 2,960 | 3,724 |
| 62,351 | 62,450 | 3,689 | 2,032 | 2,406 | 69,351 | 69,450 | 4,358 | 2,470 | 3,065 | 76,351 | 76,450 | 5,026 | 2,968 | 3,734 |
| 62,451 | 62,550 | 3,699 | 2,039 | 2,414 | 69,451 | 69,550 | 4,367 | 2,476 | 3,075 | 76,451 | 76,550 | 5,036 | 2,977 | 3,743 |
| 62,551 | 62,650 | 3,709 | 2,045 | 2,422 | 69,551 | 69,650 | 4,377 | 2,482 | 3,084 | 76,551 | 76,650 | 5,046 | 2,985 | 3,753 |
| 62,651 | 62,750 | 3,718 | 2,051 | 2,431 | 69,651 | 69,750 | 4,387 | 2,489 | 3,094 | 76,651 | 76,750 | 5,055 | 2,993 | 3,762 |
| 62,751 | 62,850 | 3,728 | 2,057 | 2,439 | 69,751 | 69,850 | 4,396 | 2,495 | 3,103 | 76,751 | 76,850 | 5,065 | 3,001 | 3,772 |
| 62,851 | 62,950 | 3,737 | 2,064 | 2,447 | 69,851 | 69,950 | 4,406 | 2,501 | 3,113 | 76,851 | 76,950 | 5,074 | 3,010 | 3,782 |
| 62,951 | 63,050 | 3,747 | 2,070 | 2,455 | 69,951 | 70,050 | 4,415 | 2,507 | 3,123 | 76,951 | 77,050 | 5,084 | 3,018 | 3,791 |
| 63,051 | 63,150 | 3,756 | 2,076 | 2,464 | 70,051 | 70,150 | 4,425 | 2,514 | 3,132 | 77,051 | 77,150 | 5,093 | 3,026 | 3,801 |
| 63,151 | 63,250 | 3,766 | 2,082 | 2,473 | 70,151 | 70,250 | 4,434 | 2,520 | 3,142 | 77,151 | 77,250 | 5,103 | 3,034 | 3,810 |
| 63,251 | 63,350 | 3,775 | 2,089 | 2,483 | 70,251 | 70,350 | 4,444 | 2,526 | 3,151 | 77,251 | 77,350 | 5,112 | 3,043 | 3,820 |
| 63,351 | 63,450 | 3,785 | 2,095 | 2,492 | 70,351 | 70,450 | 4,453 | 2,532 | 3,161 | 77,351 | 77,450 | 5,122 | 3,051 | 3,829 |
| 63,451 | 63,550 | 3,794 | 2,101 | 2,502 | 70,451 | 70,550 | 4,463 | 2,539 | 3,170 | 77,451 | 77,550 | 5,131 | 3,059 | 3,839 |
| 63,551 | 63,650 | 3,804 | 2,107 | 2,511 | 70,551 | 70,650 | 4,473 | 2,545 | 3,180 | 77,551 | 77,650 | 5,141 | 3,067 | 3,848 |
| 63,651 | 63,750 | 3,814 | 2,114 | 2,521 | 70,651 | 70,750 | 4,482 | 2,551 | 3,189 | 77,651 | 77,750 | 5,151 | 3,076 | 3,858 |
| 63,751 | 63,850 | 3,823 | 2,120 | 2,530 | 70,751 | 70,850 | 4,492 | 2,557 | 3,199 | 77,751 | 77,850 | 5,160 | 3,084 | 3,867 |
| 63,851 | 63,950 | 3,833 | 2,126 | 2,540 | 70,851 | 70,950 | 4,501 | 2,564 | 3,209 | 77,851 | 77,950 | 5,170 | 3,092 | 3,877 |
| 63,951 | 64,050 | 3,842 | 2,132 | 2,550 | 70,951 | 71,050 | 4,511 | 2,570 | 3,218 | 77,951 | 78,050 | 5,179 | 3,100 | 3,887 |
| 64,051 | 64,150 | 3,852 | 2,139 | 2,559 | 71,051 | 71,150 | 4,520 | 2,576 | 3,228 | 78,051 | 78,150 | 5,189 | 3,109 | 3,896 |
| 64,151 | 64,250 | 3,861 | 2,145 | 2,569 | 71,151 | 71,250 | 4,530 | 2,582 | 3,237 | 78,151 | 78,250 | 5,198 | 3,117 | 3,906 |
| 64,251 | 64,350 | 3,871 | 2,151 | 2,578 | 71,251 | 71,350 | 4,539 | 2,589 | 3,247 | 78,251 | 78,350 | 5,208 | 3,125 | 3,915 |
| 64,351 | 64,450 | 3,880 | 2,157 | 2,588 | 71,351 | 71,450 | 4,549 | 2,595 | 3,256 | 78,351 | 78,450 | 5,217 | 3,133 | 3,925 |
| 64,451 | 64,550 | 3,890 | 2,164 | 2,597 | 71,451 | 71,550 | 4,558 | 2,601 | 3,266 | 78,451 | 78,550 | 5,227 | 3,142 | 3,934 |
| 64,551 | 64,650 | 3,900 | 2,170 | 2,607 | 71,551 | 71,650 | 4,568 | 2,607 | 3,275 | 78,551 | 78,650 | 5,237 | 3,150 | 3,944 |
| 64,651 | 64,750 | 3,909 | 2,176 | 2,616 | 71,651 | 71,750 | 4,578 | 2,614 | 3,285 | 78,651 | 78,750 | 5,246 | 3,158 | 3,953 |
| 64,751 | 64,850 | 3,919 | 2,182 | 2,626 | 71,751 | 71,850 | 4,587 | 2,620 | 3,294 | 78,751 | 78,850 | 5,256 | 3,166 | 3,963 |
| 64,851 | 64,950 | 3,928 | 2,189 | 2,636 | 71,851 | 71,950 | 4,597 | 2,626 | 3,304 | 78,851 | 78,950 | 5,265 | 3,175 | 3,973 |
| 64,951 | 65,050 | 3,938 | 2,195 | 2,645 | 71,951 | 72,050 | 4,606 | 2,632 | 3,314 | 78,951 | 79,050 | 5,275 | 3,183 | 3,982 |
| 65,051 | 65,150 | 3,947 | 2,201 | 2,655 | 72,051 | 72,150 | 4,616 | 2,639 | 3,323 | 79,051 | 79,150 | 5,284 | 3,191 | 3,992 |
| 65,151 | 65,250 | 3,957 | 2,207 | 2,664 | 72,151 | 72,250 | 4,625 | 2,645 | 3,333 | 79,151 | 79,250 | 5,294 | 3,199 | 4,001 |
| 65,251 | 65,350 | 3,966 | 2,214 | 2,674 | 72,251 | 72,350 | 4,635 | 2,651 | 3,342 | 79,251 | 79,350 | 5,303 | 3,208 | 4,011 |
| 65,351 | 65,450 | 3,976 | 2,220 | 2,683 | 72,351 | 72,450 | 4,644 | 2,657 | 3,352 | 79,351 | 79,450 | 5,313 | 3,216 | 4,020 |
| 65,451 | 65,550 | 3,985 | 2,226 | 2,693 | 72,451 | 72,550 | 4,654 | 2,664 | 3,361 | 79,451 | 79,550 | 5,322 | 3,224 | 4,030 |
| 65,551 | 65,650 | 3,995 | 2,232 | 2,702 | 72,551 | 72,650 | 4,664 | 2,670 | 3,371 | 79,551 | 79,650 | 5,332 | 3,232 | 4,039 |
| 65,651 | 65,750 | 4,005 | 2,239 | 2,712 | 72,651 | 72,750 | 4,673 | 2,676 | 3,380 | 79,651 | 79,750 | 5,342 | 3,241 | 4,049 |
| 65,751 | 65,850 | 4,014 | 2,245 | 2,721 | 72,751 | 72,850 | 4,683 | 2,682 | 3,390 | 79,751 | 79,850 | 5,351 | 3,249 | 4,058 |
| 65,851 | 65,950 | 4,024 | 2,251 | 2,731 | 72,851 | 72,950 | 4,692 | 2,689 | 3,400 | 79,851 | 79,950 | 5,361 | 3,257 | 4,068 |
| 65,951 | 66,050 | 4,033 | 2,257 | 2,741 | 72,951 | 73,050 | 4,702 | 2,695 | 3,409 | 79,951 | 80,050 | 5,370 | 3,265 | 4,078 |
| 66,051 | 66,150 | 4,043 | 2,264 | 2,750 | 73,051 | 73,150 | 4,711 | 2,701 | 3,419 | 80,051 | 80,150 | 5,380 | 3,274 | 4,087 |
| 66,151 | 66,250 | 4,052 | 2,270 | 2,760 | 73,151 | 73,250 | 4,721 | 2,707 | 3,428 | 80,151 | 80,250 | 5,389 | 3,282 | 4,097 |
| 66,251 | 66,350 | 4,062 | 2,276 | 2,769 | 73,251 | 73,350 | 4,730 | 2,714 | 3,438 | 80,251 | 80,350 | 5,399 | 3,290 | 4,106 |
| 66,351 | 66,450 | 4,071 | 2,282 | 2,779 | 73,351 | 73,450 | 4,740 | 2,721 | 3,447 | 80,351 | 80,450 | 5,408 | 3,298 | 4,116 |
| 66,451 | 66,550 | 4,081 | 2,289 | 2,788 | 73,451 | 73,550 | 4,749 | 2,729 | 3,457 | 80,451 | 80,550 | 5,418 | 3,307 | 4,125 |
| 66,551 | 66,650 | 4,091 | 2,295 | 2,798 | 73,551 | 73,650 | 4,759 | 2,737 | 3,466 | 80,551 | 80,650 | 5,428 | 3,315 | 4,135 |
| 66,651 | 66,750 | 4,100 | 2,301 | 2,807 | 73,651 | 73,750 | 4,769 | 2,746 | 3,476 | 80,651 | 80,750 | 5,437 | 3,323 | 4,144 |
| 66,751 | 66,850 | 4,110 | 2,307 | 2,817 | 73,751 | 73,850 | 4,778 | 2,754 | 3,485 | 80,751 | 80,850 | 5,447 | 3,331 | 4,154 |
| 66,851 | 66,950 | 4,119 | 2,314 | 2,827 | 73,851 | 73,950 | 4,788 | 2,762 | 3,495 | 80,851 | 80,950 | 5,456 | 3,340 | 4,164 |
| 66,951 | 67,050 | 4,129 | 2,320 | 2,836 | 73,951 | 74,050 | 4,797 | 2,770 | 3,505 | 80,951 | 81,050 | 5,466 | 3,348 | 4,173 |
| 67,051 | 67,150 | 4,138 | 2,326 | 2,846 | 74,051 | 74,150 | 4,807 | 2,779 | 3,514 | 81,051 | 81,150 | 5,475 | 3,356 | 4,183 |
| 67,151 | 67,250 | 4,148 | 2,332 | 2,855 | 74,151 | 74,250 | 4,816 | 2,787 | 3,524 | 81,151 | 81,250 | 5,485 | 3,364 | 4,192 |
| 67,251 | 67,350 | 4,157 | 2,339 | 2,865 | 74,251 | 74,350 | 4,826 | 2,795 | 3,533 | 81,251 | 81,350 | 5,494 | 3,373 | 4,202 |
| 67,351 | 67,450 | 4,167 | 2,345 | 2,874 | 74,351 | 74,450 | 4,835 | 2,803 | 3,543 | 81,351 | 81,450 | 5,504 | 3,381 | 4,211 |
| 67,451 | 67,550 | 4,176 | 2,351 | 2,884 | 74,451 | 74,550 | 4,845 | 2,812 | 3,552 | 81,451 | 81,550 | 5,513 | 3,389 | 4,221 |
| 67,551 | 67,650 | 4,186 | 2,357 | 2,893 | 74,551 | 74,650 | 4,855 | 2,820 | 3,562 | 81,551 | 81,650 | 5,523 | 3,397 | 4,230 |
| 67,651 | 67,750 | 4,196 | 2,364 | 2,903 | 74,651 | 74,750 | 4,864 | 2,828 | 3,571 | 81,651 | 81,750 | 5,533 | 3,406 | 4,240 |
| 67,751 | 67,850 | 4,205 | 2,370 | 2,912 | 74,751 | 74,850 | 4,874 | 2,836 | 3,581 | 81,751 | 81,850 | 5,542 | 3,414 | 4,249 |
| 67,851 | 67,950 | 4,215 | 2,376 | 2,922 | 74,851 | 74,950 | 4,883 | 2,845 | 3,591 | 81,851 | 81,950 | 5,552 | 3,422 | 4,259 |
| 67,951 | 68,050 | 4,224 | 2,382 | 2,932 | 74,951 | 75,050 | 4,893 | 2,853 | 3,600 | 81,951 | 82,050 | 5,561 | 3,430 | 4,269 |
| 68,051 | 68,150 | 4,234 | 2,389 | 2,941 | 75,051 | 75,150 | 4,902 | 2,861 | 3,610 | 82,051 | 82,150 | 5,571 | 3,439 | 4,278 |
| 68,151 | 68,250 | 4,243 | 2,395 | 2,951 | 75,151 | 75,250 | 4,912 | 2,869 | 3,619 | 82,151 | 82,250 | 5,580 | 3,447 | 4,288 |
| 68,251 | 68,350 | 4,253 | 2,401 | 2,960 | 75,251 | 75,350 | 4,921 | 2,878 | 3,629 | 82,251 | 82,350 | 5,590 | 3,455 | 4,297 |
| 68,351 | 68,450 | 4,262 | 2,407 | 2,970 | 75,351 | 75,450 | 4,931 | 2,886 | 3,638 | 82,351 | 82,450 | 5,599 | 3,463 | 4,307 |

Continued on next page.
Page 60 Personal Income Tax Booklet 2009

2009 California Tax Table -conituved

| Filing status: 1 or 3 (Single; Married/RDP Filing Separately) |  |  |  |  |  | 2 or 5 (Married/RDP Filing Jointly; Qualifying Widow(er)) |  |  |  |  |  | 4 (Head of Household) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| If Your Taxable Income Is ... |  | The Tax For Filing Status |  |  | If Your Taxable Income Is ... |  | The Tax For Filing Status |  |  | If Your Taxable Income Is ... |  | The Tax For Filing Status |  |  |
| At Least | But Not Over | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Or } 3 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $2 \text { Or } 5$ Is | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4 \\ & \text { Is } \end{aligned}$ | At Least | But Not Over | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Or } 3 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Or } 5 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & \text { Is } \end{aligned}$ | At Least | But Not Over | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Or } 3 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Or } 5 \\ \text { Is } \end{gathered}$ | Is |
| $\begin{aligned} & 82,451 \\ & 82,51 \\ & 82,651 \\ & 82,751 \\ & 82,851 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 82,550 \\ & 82,650 \\ & 82,750 \\ & 82,850 \\ & 82,950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,609 \\ & 5,619 \\ & 5,628 \\ & 5,638 \\ & 5,647 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,472 \\ & 3,480 \\ & 3,488 \\ & 3,496 \\ & 3,505 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,316 \\ & 4,326 \\ & 4,335 \\ & 4,345 \\ & 4,355 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88,951 \\ & 89,051 \\ & 89,151 \\ & 89,251 \\ & 89,351 \end{aligned}$ | 89,050 89,150 89,250 89,350 89,450 | $\begin{aligned} & 6,230 \\ & 6,239 \\ & 6,249 \\ & 6,258 \\ & 6,268 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,008 \\ & 4,016 \\ & 4,024 \\ & 4,033 \\ & 4,041 \end{aligned}$ | 4,937 4,947 4,956 4,966 4,975 | $\begin{aligned} & 95,451 \\ & 95,551 \\ & 95,651 \\ & 95,751 \\ & 99,851 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95,550 \\ & 95,560 \\ & 95,750 \\ & 95,850 \\ & 95,950 \end{aligned}$ | 6,850 6,860 6,870 6,879 6,889 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,581 \\ & 4,590 \\ & 4,600 \\ & 4,609 \\ & 4,619 \end{aligned}$ | 5,558 5,567 5,577 5,586 5,596 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 82,951 \\ & 83,951 \\ & 83,151 \\ & 83,251 \\ & 83,351 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 83,050 \\ & 83,150 \\ & 83,250 \\ & 83,350 \\ & 83,450 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 5,657 5,666 5,676 5,685 5,695 | 3,513 3,521 3,529 3,538 3,546 | 4,364 4,374 4,383 4,393 4,402 | 89,451 89,551 89,651 89,751 89,851 | $\begin{aligned} & 89,550 \\ & 89,650 \\ & 89,750 \\ & 89,850 \\ & 89,950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,277 \\ & 6,287 \\ & 6,297 \\ & 6,306 \\ & 6,316 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,049 \\ & 4,057 \\ & 4,066 \\ & 4,074 \\ & 4,082 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 4,985 4,994 5,004 5,013 5,023 | 96,951 96,051 96,151 96,251 96,351 | $\begin{aligned} & 96,050 \\ & 96,150 \\ & 96,250 \\ & 96,350 \\ & 96,450 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 6,898 6,908 6,917 6,927 6,936 | 4,628 4,638 4,648 4,657 4,667 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,606 \\ & 5,615 \\ & 5,625 \\ & 5,634 \\ & 5,644 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 83,451 \\ & 83,51 \\ & 83,651 \\ & 83,751 \\ & 83,851 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 83,550 \\ & 83,650 \\ & 83,750 \\ & 83,850 \\ & 83,950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,704 \\ & 5,714 \\ & 5,724 \\ & 5,733 \\ & 5,743 \end{aligned}$ | 3,554 3,562 3,571 3,579 3,587 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,412 \\ & 4,421 \\ & 4,431 \\ & 4,440 \\ & 4,450 \end{aligned}$ | 89,951 90,051 90,151 90,251 90,351 | $\begin{aligned} & 90,050 \\ & 90,150 \\ & 90,250 \\ & 90,350 \\ & 90,450 \end{aligned}$ | 6,325 6,335 6,344 6,354 6,363 | 4,090 4,099 4,107 4,115 4,123 | 5,033 5,042 5,052 5,061 5,071 | 96,451 96,551 96,651 96,751 96,851 | $\begin{aligned} & 96,550 \\ & 96,650 \\ & 96,750 \\ & 96,850 \\ & 96,950 \end{aligned}$ | 6,946 6,956 6,965 6,975 6,984 | 4,676 4,686 4,695 4,705 4,714 | 5,653 5,663 5,672 5,682 5,692 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 83,951 \\ & 84,51 \\ & 84,51 \\ & 84,51 \\ & 84,551 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84,050 \\ & 84,150 \\ & 84,250 \\ & 84,350 \\ & 84,450 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,752 \\ & 5,762 \\ & 5,771 \\ & 5,781 \\ & 5,790 \end{aligned}$ | 3,595 3,604 3,612 3,620 3,628 | 4,460 4,469 4,479 4,488 4,498 | $\begin{aligned} & 90,451 \\ & 90,551 \\ & 90,651 \\ & 90,751 \\ & 90,851 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 90,550 \\ & 90,650 \\ & 90,750 \\ & 90,850 \\ & 90,950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,373 \\ & 6,383 \\ & 6,392 \\ & 6,402 \\ & 6,411 \end{aligned}$ | 4,132 4,140 4,148 4,156 4,165 | 5,080 5,090 5,099 5,109 5,119 | 96,951 97,051 97,151 97,251 97,351 | 97,050 97,150 97,250 97,350 97,450 | 6,994 7,003 7,013 7,022 7,032 | 4,724 4,733 4,743 4,753 4,762 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,701 \\ & 5,711 \\ & 5,720 \\ & 5,730 \\ & 5,739 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 84,451 \\ & 84,51 \\ & 84,651 \\ & 84,751 \\ & 84,851 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84,550 \\ & 84,650 \\ & 84,750 \\ & 84,850 \\ & 84,950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5,800 \\ & 5,810 \\ & 5,819 \\ & 5,829 \\ & 5,838 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,637 \\ & 3,645 \\ & 3,653 \\ & 3,661 \\ & 3,670 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,507 \\ & 4,517 \\ & 4,526 \\ & 4,536 \\ & 4,546 \end{aligned}$ | 90,951 91,051 91,151 91,251 91,351 | 91,050 91,150 91,250 91,350 91,450 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 6,421 \\ & 6,430 \\ & 6,440 \\ & 6,449 \\ & 6,459 \end{aligned}$ | 4,173 4,181 4,189 4,198 4,206 | 5,128 5,138 5,147 5,157 5,166 | 97,451 97,551 97,651 97,751 97,851 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 97,550 \\ & 97,650 \\ & 97,750 \\ & 97,850 \\ & 97,950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,041 \\ & 7,051 \\ & 7,061 \\ & 7,070 \\ & 7,080 \end{aligned}$ | 4,772 4,781 4,791 4,800 4,810 | 5,749 5,758 5,768 5,777 5,787 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 84,951 \\ & 85,951 \\ & 85,151 \\ & 85,51 \\ & 85,351 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85,050 \\ & 85,150 \\ & 85,250 \\ & 85,350 \\ & 85,450 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,848 \\ & 5,857 \\ & 5,867 \\ & 5,876 \\ & 5,886 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,678 \\ & 3,686 \\ & 3,694 \\ & 3,703 \\ & 3,711 \end{aligned}$ | 4,555 4,565 4,574 4,584 4,593 | $\begin{aligned} & 91,451 \\ & 91,551 \\ & 91,651 \\ & 91,751 \\ & 91,851 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 91,550 \\ & 91,550 \\ & 91,750 \\ & 91,850 \\ & 91,950 \end{aligned}$ | 6,468 6,478 6,488 6,497 6,507 | 4,214 4,222 4,231 4,239 4,247 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,176 \\ & 5,185 \\ & 5,195 \\ & 5,204 \\ & 5,214 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97,951 \\ & 988,051 \\ & 98,151 \\ & 98,251 \\ & 98,351 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98,050 \\ & 98,50 \\ & 98,250 \\ & 98,350 \\ & 98,450 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,089 \\ & 7,099 \\ & 7,108 \\ & 7,118 \\ & 7,127 \end{aligned}$ | 4,819 4,829 4,839 4,848 4,858 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,797 \\ & 5,806 \\ & 5,816 \\ & 5,825 \\ & 5,835 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 85,451 \\ & 85,51 \\ & 85,651 \\ & 85,751 \\ & 85,851 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85,550 \\ & 85,650 \\ & 85,750 \\ & 85,850 \\ & 85,950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,895 \\ & 5,905 \\ & 5,915 \\ & 5,924 \\ & 5,934 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,719 \\ & 3,727 \\ & 3,736 \\ & 3,744 \\ & 3,752 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,603 \\ & 4,612 \\ & 4,622 \\ & 4,631 \\ & 4,641 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 91,951 \\ & 92,051 \\ & 92,151 \\ & 99,251 \\ & 92,351 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 92,050 \\ & 92,150 \\ & 92,250 \\ & 92,350 \\ & 92,450 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,516 \\ & 6,526 \\ & 6,535 \\ & 6,545 \\ & 6,554 \end{aligned}$ | 4,255 4,264 4,272 4,280 4,288 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,224 \\ & 5,233 \\ & 5,243 \\ & 5,252 \\ & 5,262 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98,451 \\ & 98,51 \\ & 98,651 \\ & 98,751 \\ & 98,851 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98,550 \\ & 98,650 \\ & 98,750 \\ & 98,850 \\ & 98,950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,137 \\ & 7,147 \\ & 7,156 \\ & 7,166 \\ & 7,175 \end{aligned}$ | 4,867 4,877 4,886 4,896 4,905 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,844 \\ & 5,854 \\ & 5,863 \\ & 5,873 \\ & 5,883 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 85,951 \\ & 86,51 \\ & 86,151 \\ & 86,51 \\ & 86,351 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 86,050 \\ & 86,150 \\ & 86,250 \\ & 86,350 \\ & 86,450 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,943 \\ & 5,953 \\ & 5,962 \\ & 5,972 \\ & 5,981 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,760 \\ & 3,769 \\ & 3,777 \\ & 3,785 \\ & 3,793 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,651 \\ & 4,660 \\ & 4,670 \\ & 4,679 \\ & 4,689 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 92,451 \\ & 92,551 \\ & 92,651 \\ & 92,751 \\ & 92,851 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 92,550 \\ & 92,650 \\ & 92,750 \\ & 92,850 \\ & 92,950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,564 \\ & 6,574 \\ & 6,583 \\ & 6,593 \\ & 6,602 \end{aligned}$ | 4,297 4,305 4,313 4,323 4,332 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,271 \\ & 5,281 \\ & 5,290 \\ & 5,300 \\ & 5,310 \end{aligned}$ | 98,951 99,051 99,151 99,251 99,351 | $\begin{aligned} & 99,050 \\ & 99,5150 \\ & 99,250 \\ & 99,350 \\ & 99,450 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,185 \\ & 7,194 \\ & 7,204 \\ & 7,213 \\ & 7,223 \end{aligned}$ | 4,915 4,924 4,934 4,944 4,953 | 5,892 5,902 5,911 5,921 5,930 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 86,451 \\ & 86,51 \\ & 86,651 \\ & 86,751 \\ & 86,851 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 86,550 \\ & 86,650 \\ & 86,750 \\ & 86,850 \\ & 86,950 \end{aligned}$ | 5,991 6,001 6,010 6,020 6,029 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3,802 \\ & 3,810 \\ & 3,818 \\ & 3,826 \\ & 3,835 \end{aligned}$ | 4,698 4,708 4,717 4,727 4,737 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{9 2 , 9 5 1} \\ & 93,051 \\ & 93,151 \\ & 93,251 \\ & 93,351 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 93,050 \\ & 93,150 \\ & 93,250 \\ & 93,350 \\ & 93,450 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 6,612 \\ & 6,621 \\ & 6,631 \\ & 6,640 \\ & 6,650 \end{aligned}$ | 4,342 4,351 4,361 4,371 4,380 | 5,319 5,329 5,338 5,348 5,357 | $\begin{aligned} & 99,451 \\ & 99,551 \\ & 99,651 \\ & 99,751 \\ & 99,851 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 99,550 \\ & 99,650 \\ & 99,750 \\ & 99,850 \\ & 99,950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,232 \\ & 7,242 \\ & 7,252 \\ & 7,261 \\ & 7,271 \end{aligned}$ | 4,963 4,972 4,982 4,991 5,001 | 5,940 5,949 5,959 5,968 5,978 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 86,951 \\ & 87,951 \\ & 87,151 \\ & 87,251 \\ & 87,351 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 87,050 \\ & 87,150 \\ & 87,250 \\ & 87,350 \\ & 87,450 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,039 \\ & 6,048 \\ & 6,058 \\ & 6,067 \\ & 6,077 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,843 \\ & 3,851 \\ & 3,859 \\ & 3,868 \\ & 3,876 \end{aligned}$ | 4,746 4,756 4,765 4,775 4,784 | $\begin{aligned} & 93,451 \\ & 93,551 \\ & 93,651 \\ & 93,751 \\ & 93,851 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 93,550 \\ & 93,550 \\ & 93,750 \\ & 93,850 \\ & 93,950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,659 \\ & 6,669 \\ & 6,679 \\ & 6,688 \\ & 6,698 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,390 \\ & 4,399 \\ & 4,409 \\ & 4,418 \\ & 4,428 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,367 \\ & 5,376 \\ & 5,386 \\ & 5,395 \\ & 5,405 \end{aligned}$ | OVER $\$ 100,000$ YOU MUST COMPUTE YOUR TAX USING THE TAX RATE SCHEDULES |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 87,451 \\ & 87,551 \\ & 87,651 \\ & 87,751 \\ & 87,851 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 87,550 \\ & 87,650 \\ & 87,750 \\ & 87,850 \\ & 87,950 \end{aligned}$ | 6,086 6,096 6,106 6,115 6,125 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,884 \\ & 3,892 \\ & 3,901 \\ & 3,909 \\ & 3,917 \end{aligned}$ | 4,794 4,803 4,813 4,822 4,832 | 93,951 94,051 94,151 94,251 94,351 | $\begin{aligned} & 94,050 \\ & 94,150 \\ & 94,250 \\ & 94,350 \\ & 94,450 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,707 \\ & 6,717 \\ & 6,726 \\ & 6,736 \\ & 6,745 \end{aligned}$ | 4,437 4,447 4,457 4,466 4,476 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,415 \\ & 5,424 \\ & 5,434 \\ & 5,443 \\ & 5,453 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 87,951 \\ & 88,051 \\ & 88,151 \\ & 88,251 \\ & 88,351 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88,050 \\ & 88,150 \\ & 88,250 \\ & 88,350 \\ & 88,450 \end{aligned}$ | 6,134 6,144 6,153 6,163 6,172 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,925 \\ & 3,934 \\ & 3,942 \\ & 3,950 \\ & 3,958 \end{aligned}$ | 4,842 4,851 4,861 4,870 4,880 | $\begin{aligned} & 94,451 \\ & 94,551 \\ & 94,651 \\ & 94,751 \\ & 94,851 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 94,550 \\ & 94,650 \\ & 94,750 \\ & 94,850 \\ & 94,950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 6,755 \\ & 6,765 \\ & 6,774 \\ & 6,784 \\ & 6,793 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,485 \\ & 4,495 \\ & 4,504 \\ & 4,514 \\ & 4,523 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,462 \\ & 5,472 \\ & 5,481 \\ & 5,491 \\ & 5,501 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 88,451 \\ & 88,551 \\ & 88,651 \\ & 88,751 \\ & 88,851 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88,550 \\ & 88,650 \\ & 88,750 \\ & 88,850 \\ & 88,950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,182 \\ & 6,192 \\ & 6,201 \\ & 6,211 \\ & 6,220 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,967 \\ & 3,975 \\ & 3,983 \\ & 3,991 \\ & 4,000 \end{aligned}$ | 4,889 4,899 4,908 4,918 4,928 | 94,951 95,051 95,151 95,251 95,351 | $\begin{aligned} & 95,050 \\ & 95,150 \\ & 95,250 \\ & 95,350 \\ & 95,550 \end{aligned}$ | 6,803 6,812 6,822 6,831 6,841 | 4,533 4,542 4,552 4,562 4,571 | 5,510 5,520 5,529 5,539 5,548 |  |  |  |  |  |

Use only if your taxable income on Form 540/540A, line 19 is more than $\$ 100,000$. If $\$ 100,000$ or less, use the Tax Table.

Schedule X -
Use if your filing status is Single or Married/RDP Filing Separately

| If the amount on |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Form 540/540A, line 19 is over - <br> But not over - |  | Enter on Form 540/540A, line 31 |  |  | of the amount over - |  |
| \$ 0 | \$ 7,060 | \$ | 0.00 | + 1.25\% | \$ | 0.00 |
| 7,060 | 16,739 |  | 88.25 | + 2.25\% |  | 7,060 |
| 16,739 | 26,419 |  | 306.03 | + 4.25\% |  | 16,739 |
| 26,419 | 36,675 |  | 717.43 | + 6.25\% |  | 26,419 |
| 36,675 | 46,349 |  | 1,358.43 | + 8.25\% |  | 36,675 |
| 46,349 | AND OVER |  | 2,156.54 | + 9.55\% |  | 46,349 |

## Schedule Y -

Use if your filing status is Married/RDP Filing Jointly or Qualifying Widow(er) with Dependent Child

| $\$$ | 0 | $\$ 14,120$ | $\$$ | 0.00 | $+1.25 \%$ |
| ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 14,120 | 33,478 | 176.50 | $+2.25 \%$ | $\$$ | 0.00 |
| 33,478 | 52,838 | 612.06 | $+4.25 \%$ | 34,120 |  |
| 52,838 | 73,350 |  | $1,434.86$ | $+6.25 \%$ | 32,478 |
| 73,350 | 92,698 | $2,716.86$ | $+8.25 \%$ | 53,838 |  |
| 92,698 | AND OVER | $4,313.07$ | $+9.55 \%$ | 73,350 |  |

Schedule Z -
Use if your filing status is Head of Household

| \$ 0 | \$ 14,130 | \$ | 0.00 | + 1.25\% | \$ | 0.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14,130 | 33,479 |  | 176.63 | + 2.25\% |  | 14,130 |
| 33,479 | 43,157 |  | 611.98 | + 4.25\% |  | 33,479 |
| 43,157 | 53,412 |  | 1,023.30 | + 6.25\% |  | 43,157 |
| 53,412 | 63,089 |  | 1,664.24 | + 8.25\% |  | 53,412 |
| 63,089 | AND OVER |  | 2,462.59 | + 9.55\% |  | 63,089 |

## How to Figure Tax Using the 2009 California Tax Rate Schedules

Example: Chris and Pat Smith are filing a joint return using Form 540. Their taxable income on Form 540, line 19 is $\$ 125,000$.
Step 1: Using Schedule $Y$, they find the taxable income range that includes their taxable income of $\$ 125,000$. See the boxed range in the sample below.

## Schedule Y - <br> Use if your filing status is Married/RDP Filing Jointly or Qualifying Widow(er) with Dependent Child



|  |  | Example | Your Income |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Step 2: | They subtract the amount at the beginning of their range from their taxable income. | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 125,000 \\ -92,698 \\ \hline \$ 32,302 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$ } \\ & \hline- \\ & \hline \$ \end{aligned}$ |
| Step 3: | They multiply the result from Step 2 by the percentage for their range. | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 32,302 \\ \times .0955 \\ \hline \$ 3,084.84 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ \\ & \$ \end{aligned}$ |
| Step 4: | They round the amount from Step 3 to two decimals (if necessary) and add it to the tax amount for their income range. After rounding the result, they will enter $\$ 7,398$ on Form 540, line 31. For information on rounding, see "Filling in Your Tax Return" on page 7. | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 4,313.07 \\ +3,084.84 \\ \hline \$ 7,397.91 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ \\ & + \\ & \hline \$ \end{aligned}$ |

## Automated Phone Service

Use our automated phone service to get recorded answers to many of your questions about California Taxes and to order current year Personal Income Tax Forms and Publications. You can also:

- Get current year tax refund information.
- Get balance due and payment information.

Have paper and pencil ready to take notes.
Telephone: 800.338 .0505 from within the United States
916.845.6500 from outside the United States

## Answers To Tax Questions

Call our automated phone service, select "Personal Income Tax," then "Frequently Asked Questions," and enter the 3-digit code.

## Code Filing Assistance

100 Do I need to file a return?
111 Which form should I use?
112 How do I file electronically and get a fast refund?
201 How can I get an extension to file?
203 What is the nonrefundable renter's credit and how do I qualify?
204 I never received a Form W-2. What do I do?
205 I have no withholding taken out. What do I do?
206 Do I have to attach a copy of my federal return?
209 I lived in California for part of the year. Do I have to file a return?
210 I did not live in California. Do I have to file a return?
215 Who qualifies me to use the head of household filing status?
222 How much can I deduct for vehicle license fees?

## Penalties

403 What is the estimate penalty rate?

## Notices And Bills

503 How do I file a protest against a Notice of Proposed Assessment?
506 How can I get information about my Form 1099-G?

## Tax For Children

601 Can my child take a personal exemption credit when I claim her or him as a dependent on my return?

## Miscellaneous

611 What address do I send my payment to?
619 How do I report a change of address?

## Order Forms and Publications

If your current address is on file, you can order California tax forms for the current and previous two years. Call our automated phone service, select "Personal Income Tax,"then "Forms and Publications," and enter the 3-digit code.
Code California Tax Forms and Publications
900 California Resident Income Tax Booklet: Form 540, Resident Income Tax Return Form 540A, Resident Income Tax Return
965 Form 540 2EZ Tax Booklet

903 Schedule CA (540), California Adjustments - Residents, FTB 3885A, Depreciation and Amortization Adjustments, and Schedule D, California Capital Gain or Loss Adjustment
969 Large Print Resident Booklet
970 Resident Booklet on Audio CD
907 Form 540-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals
908 Form 540X, Amended Individual Income Tax Return
909 Schedule D-1, Sales of Business Property
910 Schedule G-1, Tax on Lump-Sum Distributions
911 Schedule P (540), Alternative Minimum Tax and Credit Limitations - Residents
913 Schedule S, Other State Tax Credit
914 California Nonresident Income Tax Booklet: Long and Short Form 540NR, Nonresident or Part-Year Resident Income Tax Return
917 Schedule CA (540NR), California Adjustments - Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents
918 Schedule P (540NR), Alternative Minimum Tax and Credit Limitations - Nonresidents or Part-Year Residents
932 FTB 3506, Child and Dependent Care Expenses Credit
937 FTB 3516, Request for Copy of Personal Income Tax or Fiduciary Return
921 FTB 3519, Payment for Automatic Extension for Individuals
972 FTB 3520, Power of Attorney form and FTB Pub. 1144, Power of Attorney Frequently Asked Questions
922 FTB 3525, Substitute for W-2 Wage and Tax Statement
923 FTB 3526, Investment Interest Expense Deduction
940 FTB 3540, Credit Carryover Summary
949 FTB 3567, Installment Agreement Request
924 FTB 3800, Tax Computation for Children with Investment Income
929 FTB 3801, Passive Activity Loss Limitations
925 FTB 3805E, Installment Sale Income
928 FTB 3805P, Additional Taxes from Qualified Retirement Plans
926 FTB 3805V, Net Operating Loss (NOL) - Individuals

927 FTB 5805, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Individuals and Fiduciaries
919 FTB Pub. 1001, Supplemental Guidelines to California Adjustments
920 FTB Pub. 1005, Pension and Annuity Guidelines
945 FTB Pub. 1006, California Tax Forms and Related Federal Forms
946 FTB Pub. 1008, Federal Tax Adjustments and Your Notification Responsibilities
941 FTB Pub. 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status
942 FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel
951 FTB Pub. 1051A, Guidelines for Married/ RDP Filing Separate Returns
934 FTB Pub. 1540, California Head of Household Filing Status
943 FTB Pub. 4058, California Taxpayers' Bill of Rights

## Current Year Refund Information

If you file by mail, wait at least 8 weeks after you file your tax return before you call to find out about your refund. You need your social security number, the numbers in your street address, box number, route number, or PMB number, and your ZIP Code to use this service.

## Balance Due and Payment Information

Wait at least 45 days from the date you mailed your payment before you call to verify receipt. You need your social security number, the numbers in your street address, box number, route number, or PMB number, and your ZIP Code to use this service.

## General Phone Service

Telephone assistance is available year-round from 8 a.m. until 5 p.m. Monday through Friday, except holidays. Hours are subject to change.
Telephone: $\quad 800.852 .5711$ from within the United States
916.845 .6500 from outside the United States
800.829.1040 for federal tax questions, call the IRS
TTY/TDD: $\quad 800.822 .6268$ for persons with hearing or speech impairments
Large-print forms and instructions - The
Resident Booklet is available in large print upon request and is also available on audio CD. See "Order Forms and Publications" on this page or "Where To Get Income Tax Forms and Publications" on page 23.

## Asistencia bilingüe en español

Asistencia telefónica está disponible todo el año durante las 8 a.m. y las 5 p.m. Iunes a viernes, excepto días festivos. Las horas están sujetas a cambios
Telefono: $\quad 800.852 .5711$ dentro de los Estados Unidos
916.845.6500 fuera de los Estados Unidos
800.829.1040 para preguntas sobre impuestos federales
Sitio web: ftb.ca.gov
TTY/TDD: $\quad 800.822 .6268$ personas con discapacidades auditivas y del habla

## ReadyReturn

If you are single and your income is only from wages, you may qualify for this free service. We provide you with a pre-filled 2009 tax return. To see if you qualify:

- Call 800.338 .0505 or
- Go to ftb.ca.gov and search for readyreturn.


## Marketing page

## 2009 Schedule CA (540) Updates

## Mortgage Forgiveness Debt Relief Extended

Federal law allows an exclusion of income from discharge of indebtedness from the disposition of your principal residence. Federal law limits the amount of qualified principal residence indebtedness to $\$ 2,000,000$ ( $\$ 1,000,000$ for married filing separate). See federal Publication 544, Sales and Other Disposition of Assets, and Publication 4681, Canceled Debts, Foreclosures, Repossessions, and Abandonments, for more information. California partially conforms to the federal provisions for discharges of indebtedness occurring on or after January 1, 2009. California law limits the amount of qualified principal residence indebtedness to $\$ 800,000$ ( $\$ 400,000$ for married/RDP filing separate) and debt relief to $\$ 500,000$ ( $\$ 250,000$ for married/RDP filing separate).

Taxpayers that qualify for Mortgage Forgiveness Debt Relief who have already filed their 2009 California income tax return should file Form 540X, Amended Individual Income Tax Return, to claim the amount of debt relief. To expedite processing, write "Mortgage Debt Relief" in red across the top of the amended tax return.

For taxpayers who are amending their 2009 California tax return:

- If the amount of debt relief for federal purposes is more than the California limit, complete a new Schedule CA (540), California Adjustments - Residents, and revise the amount originally reported on line 21f, column C, attributed to federal mortgage forgiveness debt relief, to the amount in excess of the California limit. Complete Form 540X following the instructions for that form and enter on line 2e, column B the difference from the original Schedule CA (540), line 21f, column C, less the amount from the revised Schedule CA (540), line 21f, column C.
- If the amount of debt relief for federal purposes is the same for California up to the specified limits, no adjustment is necessary on Schedule CA (540). On Form 540X, enter on line 2e, column B the amount originally entered on Schedule CA, line 21f, column C.

For taxpayers who are filing an original 2009 California tax return:

- If the amount of debt relief for federal purposes is more than the California limit, include the amount in excess of the California limit on Schedule CA (540), line 21f, column C.
- If the amount of debt relief for federal purposes is the same for California up to the specified limits, no adjustment is necessary on Schedule CA (540).

Taxpayers must include a copy of their federal return, including Form 982, Reduction of Tax Attributes Due to Discharge of Indebtedness (and Section 1082 Basis Adjustment), with their original California tax return.

## Hokie Spirit Memorial Fund Exclusion

California law conforms to federal law to exclude from income any amount received from the Hokie Spirit Memorial Fund for the events at Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University on April 16, 2007. If you filed your 2009 California tax return and reported income received from the Hokie Spirit Memorial Fund, amend your tax return using Form 540X, Amended Individual Tax Return, and report the income as a negative amount on line 2 e , column $B$.

For taxpayers who are filing an original 2009 California tax return, no adjustment is necessary on Schedule CA (540).

## Income Exclusion of Federal Energy Grants

Federal energy grants provided in lieu of federal energy credits are excluded from California gross income and alternative minimum taxable income. For taxpayers who are filing an original 2009 California tax return, no adjustment is necessary on Schedule CA (540).

